SERMOON,

A

PREACHED IN

CHRIST-CHURCH, DUBLIN;

On TUESDAY, November 5, 1765.

BEING THE

Anniverfary THANKSGIVING-DAY, for the happy Deliverance from the Powder-Plot, 1605.

Die Lunæ 11°, Novembris, 1765°.

T is Ordered by the Lords Spiritual and Temporal in Parliament Affembled, That the Thanks of this Houfe fhall be, and are hereby given to the Lord Bifhop of *Clonfert*, for his Sermon Preached before this Houfe, the 5th Inftant November, at Chrift Church; and His Lordfhip is hereby defired to Print and Publifh the fame: And that no Perfon do prefume to Print the faid Sermon, but fuch as his Lordfhip fhall appoint.

Hen. Baker Sterne, Cler' Parliamentor.

SERMON,

A

Preached before the

HOUSE of LORDS,

IN

CHRIST-CHURCH, DUBLIN;

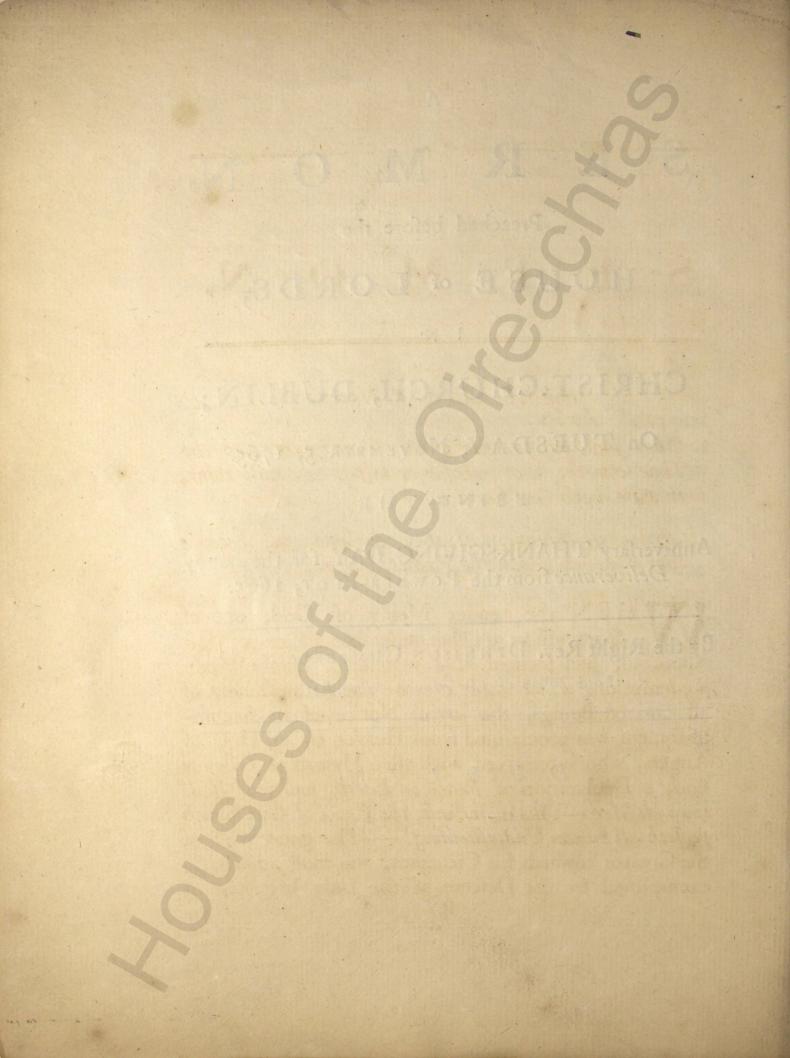
On TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 1765.

BEING THE

Anniverfary THANKSGIVING-DAY for the happy Deliverance from the POWDER-PLOT, 1605.

By the Right Rev. DENNISON CUMBERLAND, D.D. Lord Bishop of Clonfert and Kilmacduagh.

DUBLIN: Printed for SAMUEL PRICE, Bookfeller, in Dame-ftreet.



SERMON.

A

(5)

John 16. Ch. 2. 3. Verfes.

2. They shall put you out of the Synagogues, yea the Time cometh, that whosever killeth you will think, that he doeth God Service.

3. And these Things will they do unto you, because they have not known the Father, nor me.

WHEN the tender Mercy of God, out of Compafiion to the miferable Effate of loft Mankind, had formed that wonderful Plan of their Redemption, which muft ever be the Aftonifhment of all created Beings, the joyful Notice of its Accomplifhment was proclaimed from Heaven by an Hoft of Angels, who intermixed with their Hymns of Glory to God, a Declaration of Peace on Earth, and good Will towards Men.--This is, indeed, the Peace of God, which paffeth all human Understanding !----The good Will of the Creator towards his Creatures, was most amazingly exemplified by the Descent of the only begotten of B the

the Highest from the Throne of his Father, to take upon himfelf the Weakness of human Nature, and become a voluntary Sacrifice for the Sins of the World; But the great Work of Man's Salvation was not to be effected without destroying the Works of the Devil; and we have more than Tradition to affure us, that for this Purpose was the Son of God manifested .----So long as Pride and Covetousness, Envy and Revenge, with the other diabolical Paffions maintain an Empire in the Hearts of Men, they will be prompted to injure and oppress, destroy and prey upon each other: Nor can there be Room to hope, that Cruelty, Fraud, and Discord, will ever cease upon Earth, till Men have renounced the Wisdom, which is earthly, Senfual, and devilifb; to embrace that, which descendeth from above, and which is able to transform them into new Creatures.

To effect this glorious Defign, the Prince of Peace made a new Covenant with Mankind, and gave them a new Law; a Law of universal Love and Charity: He makes the Love of Men to each other, the fole Proof of their Love to God; reducing all the Duties of both Tables to this fingle Point, which he makes the indifpensable Qualification for every Blessing and Benefit, which we are to expect from Him. That we may not forget or mistake the Obligation, or Extent of this Law, He has placed a conftant Monitor, or infallible Interpreter of it in every Man's Breast. That we may not complain of the Conditions, which it prefcribes, our own Defires and Wifhes are made the Rule and Measure of our Obedience .---One

One brief and general Direction, given by our Divine Legiflator, difplays a Perfection, which human Laws, could never attain to, that of providing for every Cafe, and extending to all Circumftances, howfoever minute and complicated : All Things, whatfoever ye would, that Men fould do unto you, do ye even fo unto them; for this is the Law and the Prophets.---Behold the Sum and Subftance of all Righteoufnefs, Juftice, and Equity! the Religion of pure and uncorrupted Nature! at first engraven upon the Heart of Man by the Finger of God, but effaced by Sin; and what every Revelation of God's Will, fince the Fall of our first Parents, has tended to reftore and eftablifh!

Could this Law of Love and Charity be univerfally followed, we should want no other Guide to regulate our Conduct in this World; as the Kingdom of God would then have its visible and glorious Commencement upon Earth, preparatory to the final Completion of it in Heaven .--- But alas! Satan, the Enemy of Souls, who can transform bimself into an Angel of Light, will ever have his false Apostles --- Deceitful Workers---who labour incefantly to counteract the gracious Defigns of Heaven; and wreft the most evident Truths, to ferve the Purposes of Error and Destruction .--- The Doctrines of Christianity, which tend to make Men perfect, even as their Father which is in Heaven is perfect, were so opposite to the Maxims and Manners of a wicked World, dead in Trefpasses and Sins, that the Apostles and first Planters of the Gospel, are exhorted to put on the whole Armour

of

of God, that they might be able to stand against the Wiles of the Devil .--- They are given to understand, that they were appointed to wrestle not only against Flesh and Blood, but against Principalities, against Powers, against the Rulers of the Darkness of this World, against spiritual Wickedness in high Places .---A Darkness indeed! arising from the bottomless Pit, to extinguish every Ray both of rational and evangelical Light !--- A spiritual wickedness ! of all others the most abominable; as it corrupts the best Things, and makes Religion itself subservient to the vilest Purposes of Tyranny and Fraud. These are ever ready to give a Sanction to the Perfecution of Virtue and Innocence; and to justify the most horrid Cruelties, such as are shocking to human Nature, under the Confident, but plausible Pretence, of a Zeal for God, and for his Service. But we know that the Church of Chrift must ever be militant here on Earth; its Triumphs being referved to that glorious Time, when the last Enemy shall be destroyed .---- Of this, the great Captain of our Salvation warns his Followers in the Words of my Text, to the End, that they might be prepared to endure with Patience the Sufferings, which they were to undergo for his Sake, and for the Propagation of his Gospel .--- They shall put you out of the Synagogues; yea the Time cometh, that whofoever killeth you will think, that he doeth God Service .----And these Things they will do, because they have not known the Father nor me. Which last Declaration we may fafely interpret to fignify, they are Strangers to the Obligations both of natural and revealed Religion.

From

From these Words I shall endeavour to shew

First, the manifest Injustice and Absurdity of all Attempts to force the Minds of Men by bodily Severities, to a Compliance with the Doctrines or Opinions of others; as fuch Practices appear repugnant to the Law and Religion of Nature, and an Usurpation upon the common Rights of Mankind.

Secondly, that all Violence and Perfecution, exercifed on the Account, or under the Pretence of Religion, is totally inconfiftent with, and deftructive of the Spirit of Christianity, and stands in direct Oppofition to the plainest Precepts of the Gospel.----And shall then conclude with an Application to the particular Circumstances which we now Commemorate.

My first Proposition is, that all Attempts to force the Minds of Men by bodily Severities to a Compliance with the Doctrines or Opinions of others, are unjust and absurd; as they appear repugnant to the Religion of Nature, and an Usurpation upon the common Rights of Mankind.

Wherefoever Principles and Practices of this Kind prevail, through a Perfuation of their Lawfulnefs, they muft proceed from an Ignorance of God, the Father of all Beings, and of the Nature of Man, whom he has diftinguifhed from all other Creatures upon this Earth, by the Gift of Reafon. This Power or Faculty beftowed upon the Lord of the inferiour Creation, is always underftood to imply a Capacity of thinking and judging for himfelf. It may be called the Eye of the Mind, of which, if we fhould either be deprived by our own Act, or by Compulsion from C others,

others, we are, at the fame Time, degraded from the Dignity of human Nature; left without Guide or Conductor, and in fo much a worfe Condition than the Brute Beasts, which have no Understanding, as they have the Impressions of an unerring Instinct, to direct them for their own Prefervation, and to answer every End, for which they were created: Human Reafon is not only appointed to fet Bounds to our Appetites and Paffions, but it is the fole Judge of Truth and Falfehood, in all matters, which lie within the Sphere of its Comprehension; and we are to observe, that every Individual is to be guided by his own Reason; because the Force and Conviction of it are felt and known by himfelf only. Indeed all Attempts to exercife Dominion over the Minds and Confciences of Men by forcible Methods, must necessarily be as abfurd and fruitless, as they are cruel and unjust; for the Affent of the Mind to any Proposition, does by no Means depend upon the Will and Pleasure of him, to whom it is proposed; Many with that true, which they cannot believe to be fo; and what a Man does really believe in his Heart, he has it not in his Power to difbelieve, till fuperior Evidence or Demonstration shall convince him of his Error; and then the Conviction must be in his own Mind and Conficience; otherwife it is no Conviction at all.

It is not neceffary to enlarge farther upon this Point, than, to clear this Doctrine from Mifapprehenfion, or Abufe in its Confequences; to which End, I must observe, that this *freedom of Mind*, is not necefneceffarily, or in all Cafes, connected with freedom of Action. With Regard to all fuch Acts as affect that Community whereof we are Members, we are unqueftionably bound by fuch Laws, and fubject to fuch Reftraints, as are calculated for the public Benefit, and enforced by the Authority of lawful Magistrates.--Which will be very evident from that divine System of universal Peace, Love and Charity, which will fall under our Confideration in my next Head, wherein I am to shew

Secondly, that all Violence and Perfecution exercifed upon the Account, or under the Pretence of Religion, is totally inconfistent with, and destructive of the Spirit of Christianity, and stands in direct Oppofition to the plainest Precepts of the Gospel.

If my Kingdom were of this world, fays our bleffed Lord, then would my Servants fight : And his Apostle has plainly told us from whence wars and Contensions proceed. Yet alas! Whofoever views the present State of this World will be fadly convinced, that the fame fanguinary Maxims, or rather fuch as are more destructive, are now prevalent amongst those, who call themfelves the Servants of Chrift, but have cast off his Garb, and thrown away his Badge. The Saviour of Mankind, in establishing his Kingdom, did not feek to pluck the Mitre from the Head of a Jewish High Priest, nor to wrest the Scepter out of the Hand of a Roman Emperor, though a Heathen: As to the Rulers of Kingdoms, and all political Systems, he left them just as he found them; and shewed, in his own Example, a Submission to the eftablished

established Laws of his Country: He neither authorized nor permitted Force or Contention of any Kind, fave only a spiritual Warfare with the Powers of Darknefs, and with the Lufts and evil Affections of Men; in order ro refcue them from the Bondage of Sin and Satan, and to reftore them to the glorious Liberty of the Sons of God .--- The Contest who should be the greatest, which will ever be the Aim of carnal Minds, was not fuffered to be Matter of Debate amongst his Ministers. The Pride and Pomp of Life, which Men are so eager in the Pursuit of, were held by our bleffed Lord in fuch low Effimation, that the faving of one Soul was by him declared to be of greater Value, than the Gain of the whole World .--- This Son of Righteousness, arose with Healing in his wings, to drive back Discord and Rage to those infernal Regions from whence they originally fprung. His Errand upon Earth was to lay the Foundations of a Kingdom, of which it might be faid, that Mercy and Truth are met together, Righteousness and Peace have kissed each other. A new Commandment, fays our Saviour, I give unto you, that you love one another .--- And new indeed it was, being carried to fuch Perfection as the World never before knew; nor was the carnal Mind of Man able to form any Idea of it .--- As to the Measure and Degree of it; we are required to love one another, as He loved us, who laid down his Life for our Salvation, when we were his declared Enemies, and in open Rebellion against him. But it is clearly manifest by the Law of Christ, that no Diftinction is ever to be made, between Friend and Enemy

Enemy, as to the Exercise of Love and Charity; a Departure from which, no Provocation, or ill Treatment can ever warrant, or excuse. Our Lord's special Command is this, Love your Enemies, blefs them, that curse you, and pray for them, that despitefully use you and persecute you; and by fuch Display of a heavenly Mind, are the true Disciples and Followers of Christ at all Times to be known; By this shall all Men know, that ye are my Disciples, if ye have Love one to another .--- Who is there then amongst us, that may not have Caufe to tremble when he afks himfelf this Question? Do I always retain this Title, and am I constantly distinguished by the only infallible Mark of it?--- The Repetitions and Enforcements of this great Evangelical Duty, and the preffing Exhortations of our Lord, and his Apostles to the Practice of it, are as much too numerous to be quoted here, as they are univerfally known to all, who read the Scriptures, and to our Shame, as rarely practifed ----But the present Question under our particular Consideration is this; whether a Zeal for the Service of God, and the Advancement of true Religion, may in any Degree justify the inflicting of corporal Punishment and Severities upon fuch, as refuse to give their Affent to our System of Faith; and whether it may be lawful to use Violence and employ the Power of the Sword, for the Conversion of Infidels and Hereticks. ---Whatfoever the Disciples of Mahomet may have learn'd from their Alchoran; nothing was ever more contradictory to that New Testament of which the Apostles of Christ are the Ministers; our Saviour's D

Autho-

Authority and Example having clearly determined this Point: The Samaritans would neither receive his Doctrines, nor admit him under their Roofs ; yet, when his Disciples asked him, whether they might not call for Fire from Heaven to consume them, Jesus rebuked them, and faid, ye know not what Spirit ye are of, for the Son of Man is not come to destroy Men's Lives, but to fave them. And the Pretence of using Force for the Propagation of Religion is wholly taken away by that decifive and perpetual Canon of the Chriftian Church delivered by St. Paul to Timothy; The Servants of the Lord, (that is, the Ministers of the Gospel) must not strive, but be gentle unto all Men, apt to teach, patient, in Meekness instructing those, that oppose themselves, if God peradventure will give them Repentance to the Acknowledgment of the Truth.

(14)

Surely then we may afk, where is the Meeknefs of those Inftructors, who employ Fire and Faggot, the Knife and the Dagger to make Converts? Can Humility teach us to affaffinate or depose Princes? Can Gentleness and Patience establish Inquisitions, or make use of Racks and Tortures for the Conviction of those, that oppose themselves? Can Love and Charity dictate Perfecutions and Maffacres? or must we wade through Seas of Blood, to build a Temple to Mercy and Peace?---God forbid!--- He does indeed forbid it; and woe unto those, who harden their Hearts, and will not bear his Voice. It was this Spirit, which animated the Jews to kill the Son of God himself; and drew from his Mouth the following Question, with

with that dreadful Solution of it .--- Why do ye not understand my Speech? even because ye cannot bear my Words: Ye are of your Father the Devil, and the Lufts of your Father ye will do; he was a Murderer from the Beginning, and abode not in the Truth .-- But, -- that I may not appear to be wanting myfelf of that univerfal Benevolence and Charity to Mankind, which I mean to enforce; I shall forbear, as much as the Occafion of our present Affembly will admit of, the particular Instances of that diabolical Spirit, which, under the Pretence of Zeal for the Service of God, labours for the Destruction of Mankind: These would lay before us fuch Scenes, as are not only difgraceful to the Christian Profession, but shocking even to human Nature. Alas! we need not go fo far as the Valleys of *Piedmont*, or Bohemia, France or Spain for Proofs, into what infernal Beings Ignorance and Superstition are capable of transforming Men, who dare to affume the Name of Chriftians and Catholicks; this Nation, has the dreadful Evidences and Memorials of it, recorded in Characters of Blood.

But perhaps the Deliverance of our neighbouring Kingdom, which we now Commemorate, confidered in all its Circumftances, is the moft providential of all others; as the Blow intended to be given was the moft diabolical, that any Age, or Hiftory can produce.—Efpecially, if we confider, and reflect upon the Number, Rank and Dignity, of the intended Victims of this Day's Confpiracy; which tortures the Mind of Man to conceive that unutterable Defolation and Woe, which muft have overwhelmed a State, deprived

prived in an Instant of its Sovereign, its Princes, its Senators, Judges and Counfellors; the Guardians and Protectors of its Religion and Liberties, and whatfoever is facred, valuable, and dear to Mankind. Never was any Invention found out fo compendious for Murder, fo outragiously cruel, or so well concerted between the Fiercenefs of Man's Wrath, and the Malice and Cunning of the Devil: And fo deep was it laid, and fo prosperously carried on, that it was scarce capable of Discovery or Prevention; and yet from the obscurest Hint, and by the ftrangest Sagacity and Penetration, or rather by a heavenly Light darting into the Mind of Man, from the Father of Lights, the whole Complotment was detected in the very Crifis .-- And may we not now venture to ask, with what View, or under what Pretence this most horrid Plan was concerted? It was (fay the deluded and bigotted Inftruments) with a View to do God good Service, to root out Herefy, and establish the Catholic Faith. Oh pious and proper Methods for the Propagation of Faith! O true and genuine Vicar of Christ, the God of Mercy, and the Lord of Peace ! But these Things they will do, as our Saviour tells us in my Text, because they have not known his Father, nor him.

After this very fhort, but true Sketch of our first happy Deliverance on this Day, from the Hands of these blood-thirsty Men; it may not be improper to remind you of a Danger as great, and a Deliverance as extraordinary, in later Times, from the same Quarter; when the wicked Spirit of Popery no longer lurked and laid Plots in the Dark, but appeared in Triumph.

Triumph, armed with all the Splendor and Power of Royalty; by an unhappy Prince, perverted in his Youth and Education in that Belief, attempting to introduce once more amongst us that Yoke of Superstition, which had so long galled the Necks of our Fathers; and, without all Doubt, armed as he was with "the whole Power, he might have fucceeded too well, if it had not pleased God to preferve us, by as extraordinary Means, as he had done before; by fending to our Affistance a Prince, whose Courage, Wifdom, and Virtue, faved our Liberties and Religion. which were then on the very Brink of Ruin. Who also, to carry on the same great Design more effectually, provided, as far as human Prudence could, for their Security even after his Death, by fettling the Succeffion to the Crown on the illustrious House, which now happily reigns over us; Heirs of his Virtue as well as Sceptre; in whom Providence seems to promise a Continuance of the Bleffings, they have preferved to us, by granting them a numerous Issue, the Ornament of the Throne, and the Hope of these Nations. Have not we then of these Realms, a just Cause to rejoice on this candid and joyful Day; for the double Deliverance obtained in it, the one from the Confpiracy of Popery, and the other from its Tyranny; and to celebrate the Memory of that Hero, whom God made to be the glorious Inftrument of fo many Bleffings to us, and, I truft, to our Posterity.

Yet, let us not be too fanguine of that Happinefs, nor truft these Men too far; fince we may be affured, that the fame Antichristian Spirit, will ever produce E the the fame Effects; nor can we flatter ourfelves, that in thefe our Days it is either extinct, or much abated; The empoifoned Bowl, the Pistol, Sword and Dagger in *Europe*, and the Scalping Knife in *America*, have been often employed to answer the fame abominable Ends. So long as the World endures, Pride and Ignorance, Bigottry and Cruelty, Enthusias and Frenzy will be Concomitants, and by their Fruits, shall ye know them.

Where these prevail, sad Experience shews us, that no System of Peace or Order, no Government or Establishment, Ecclesiastical or Civil can be secure. Not even the joining in the same Creed or Communion will be of any Avail; nor can the anointed Head, or the revered Titles of most Christian, and most Faithful afford a Protection to the greatest Princes, whensoever Revenge, Avarice and Fraud, disguised under the Mask of Religion, think they can find their Account in Assaint and Murders. He alone, who ruleth the raging of the Sea, can fay to every Minister of Darkness, bitherto shalt thou go, but no farther.

For, do we not fee, that the very Powers themfelves, who, thro' a miftaken worldly Policy, were once the Abettors and Encouragers of this blind and furious Zeal, now find it neceffary for their own Security, to reprefs the Violence, and curb the Rage of it; by providing, that the *Wicked may be driven away in their Wickednefs*, and banifhed their Kingdoms? And tho' I neither mean, or wifh, by thefe Hints, to fee the fame Aufterities ufed in thefe Realms of Liberty; yet furely it may behove us (efpecially of this Kingdom) to be vigilant in obferving their lurking Places; and as far far as it is possible, to prevent their herding, and practifing the like amongst us.

But to conclude, and trespass no farther---

Let us of this Church give fignal Proofs, that we have not so learned Christ, and let us labour, that our Conversation may ever be as becometh his Gospel; always mindful of his capital Precept; that Love and Charity, and universal Benevolence may fill our Hearts, and appear in every Act, whereby we may do Good to the Souls and Bodies of our Brethren. And when, as the Ministers of Christ's Gospel, we are obliged to contend for the pure Faith, which was once delivered to the Saints, let it ever be with Meekness, having Compassion. one of another; not rendering Evil for Evil, or Railing for Railing, but contrariwise Blessing. Especially, let us shew the utmost Abhorrence of those Tenets, which tend to promote a vindictive and perfecuting Spirit, or justify bodily Severities, under a Pretence of promoting the Honour of God, and ferving the Caufe of Religion; which our Lord expressly tells us, are the Practice of those only, who know neither the Father, nor him.

To fum up the Whole,--As we know, that Righteoufnefs exalteth a Nation, but Sin is a Reproach to any People; Let our first Attention be to promote the Glory of God, by exerting ourfelves, each in our respective Station, for the Punishment of Wickedness and Vice, and the Maintainance of true Religion and Virtue; Let us ever be mindful, that not only our Well-being, but our very Being does greatly depend upon our Concord cord and Unity: Therefore, as all the effential Duties of our holy Profession, are so plainly set forth in the Word of God, that he who runs may read, let us befeech God to give us his Grace, that we may (as St. Paul exhorts us) follow Righteousness, Faith, Charity and Peace with them that call upon the Lord with a pure Heart :--Thus giving Proofs of the fincerest Love to God, and Man --- Of Loyalty to the best of Sovereign's-- Of Obedience to the Laws of our Country ----- Of Reverence and Submiffion to those, who are invested with the Authority of the due Execution of them .---We may then hope for the Favour and Protection of the Almighty, in continuing to us that happy Conftitution in Church and State, and those many invaluable Bleffings, for the Prefervation of which, his Providence has fo often, and fo fignally interpofed; And that we may so pass thro' Things temporal, that we lose not the Things eternal.

This may his infinite Mercy grant, through the Merits, and for the Sake of our bleffed Lord and Saviour Jefus Chrift! To whom, with the Father, and the Holy Ghoft, be all Honour, &c.