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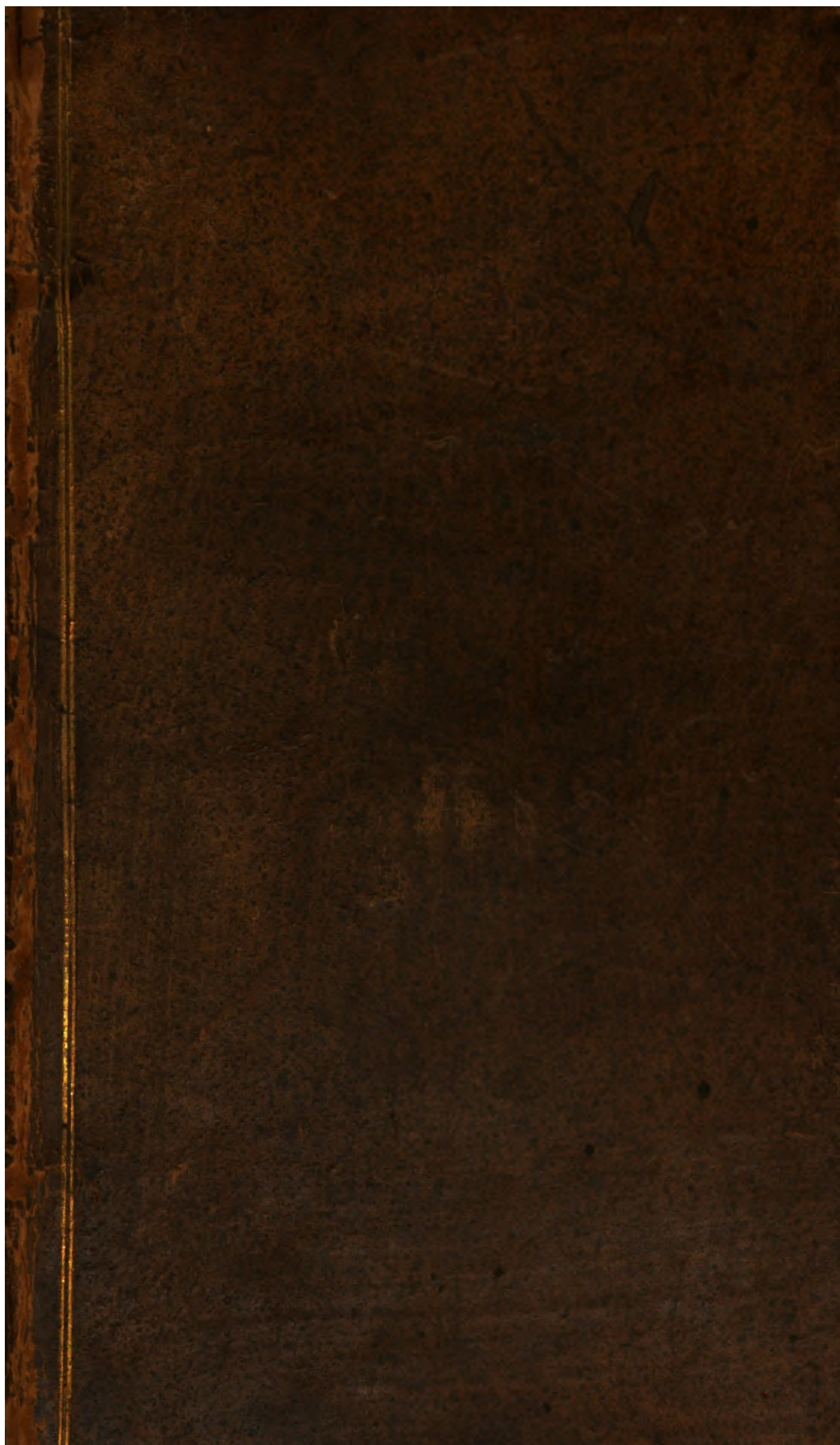
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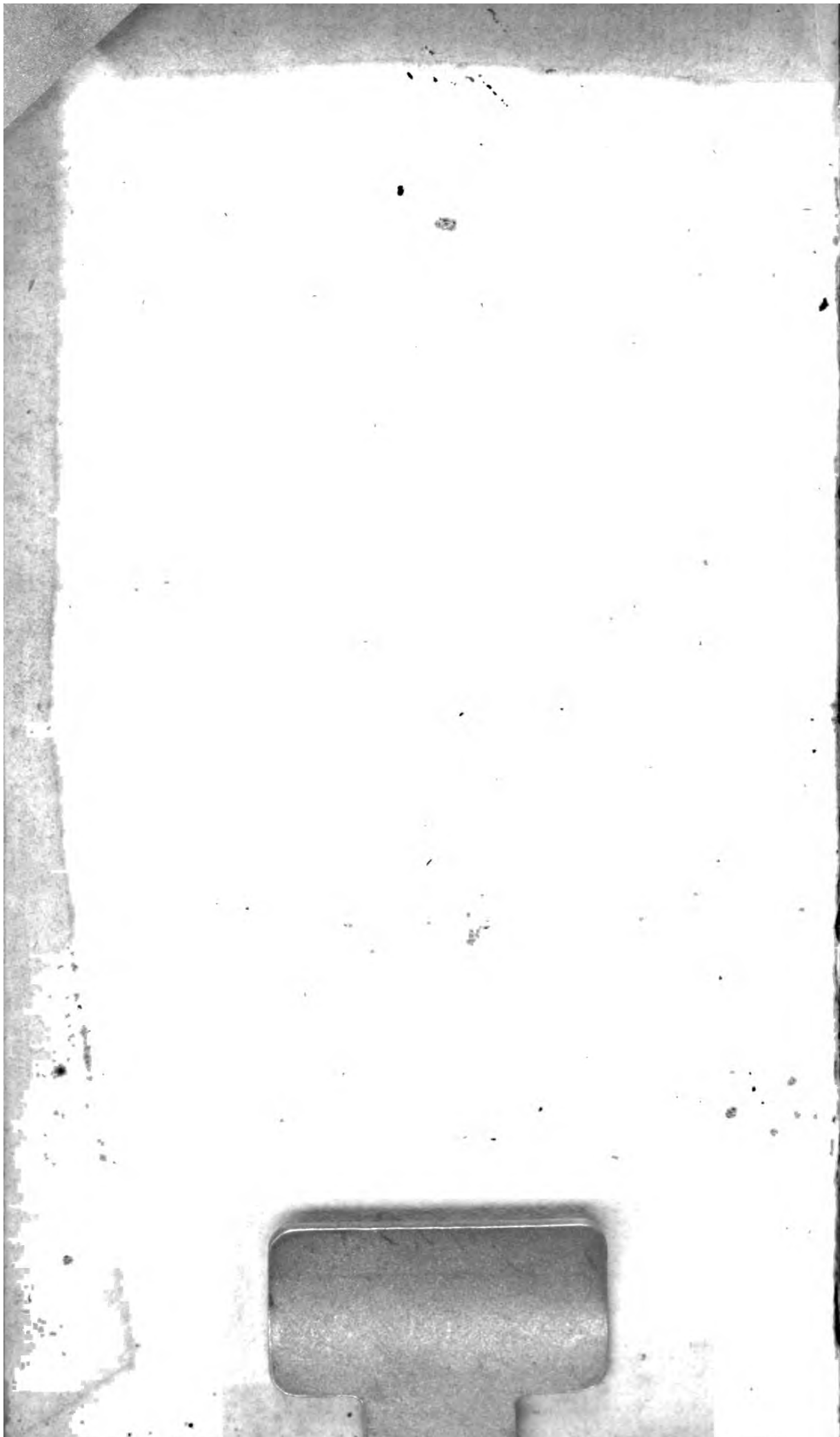
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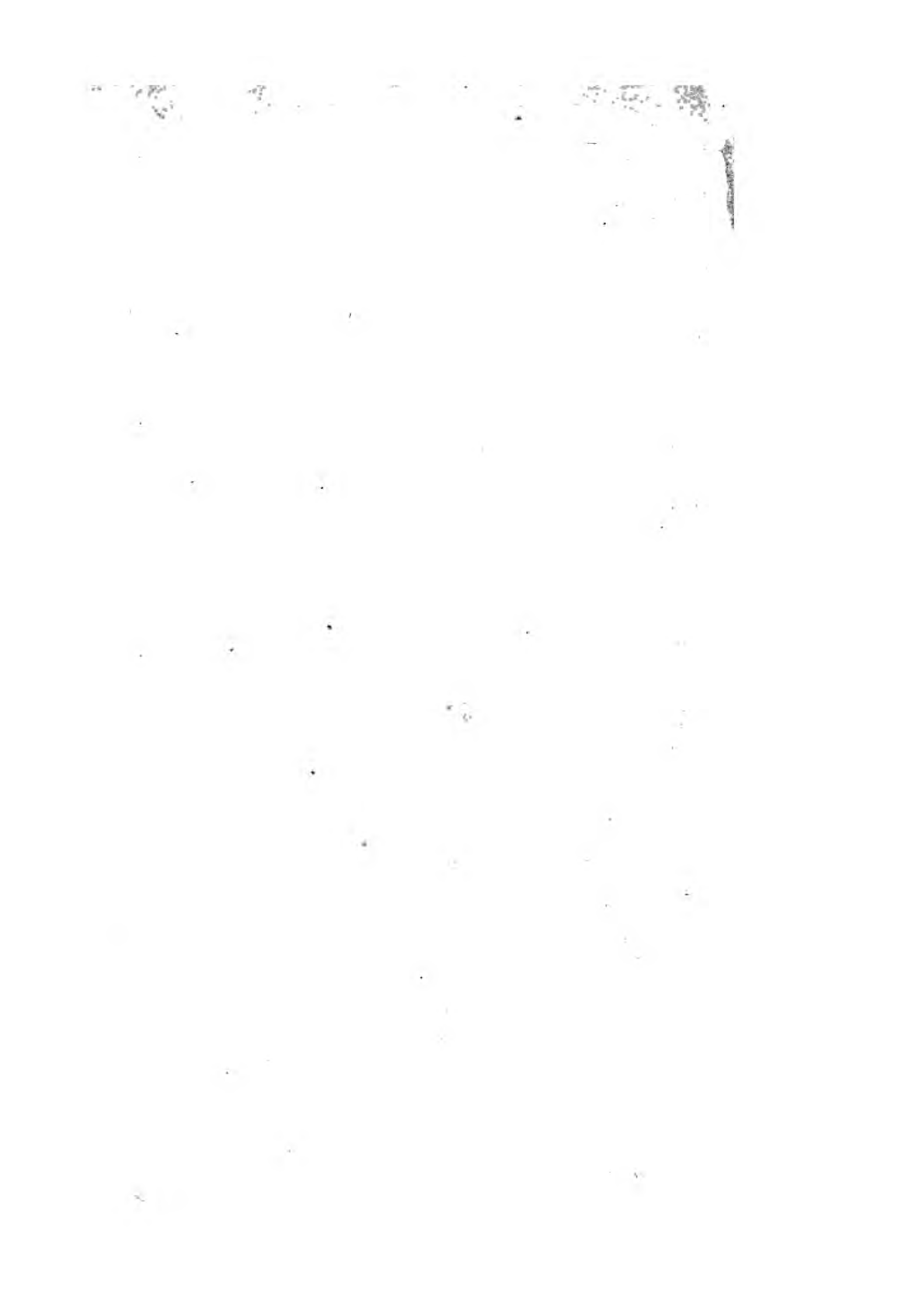
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Lupton

Johnson f. 849



P O E M S

O N

Several Occasions.

By Mr. J O H N G A R.

VOLUME *the* SECOND.



L O N D O N :

Printed for H. LINTOT, J. and R. TONSON
and S. DRAPER.

MDCCLII.

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EPISTLES.

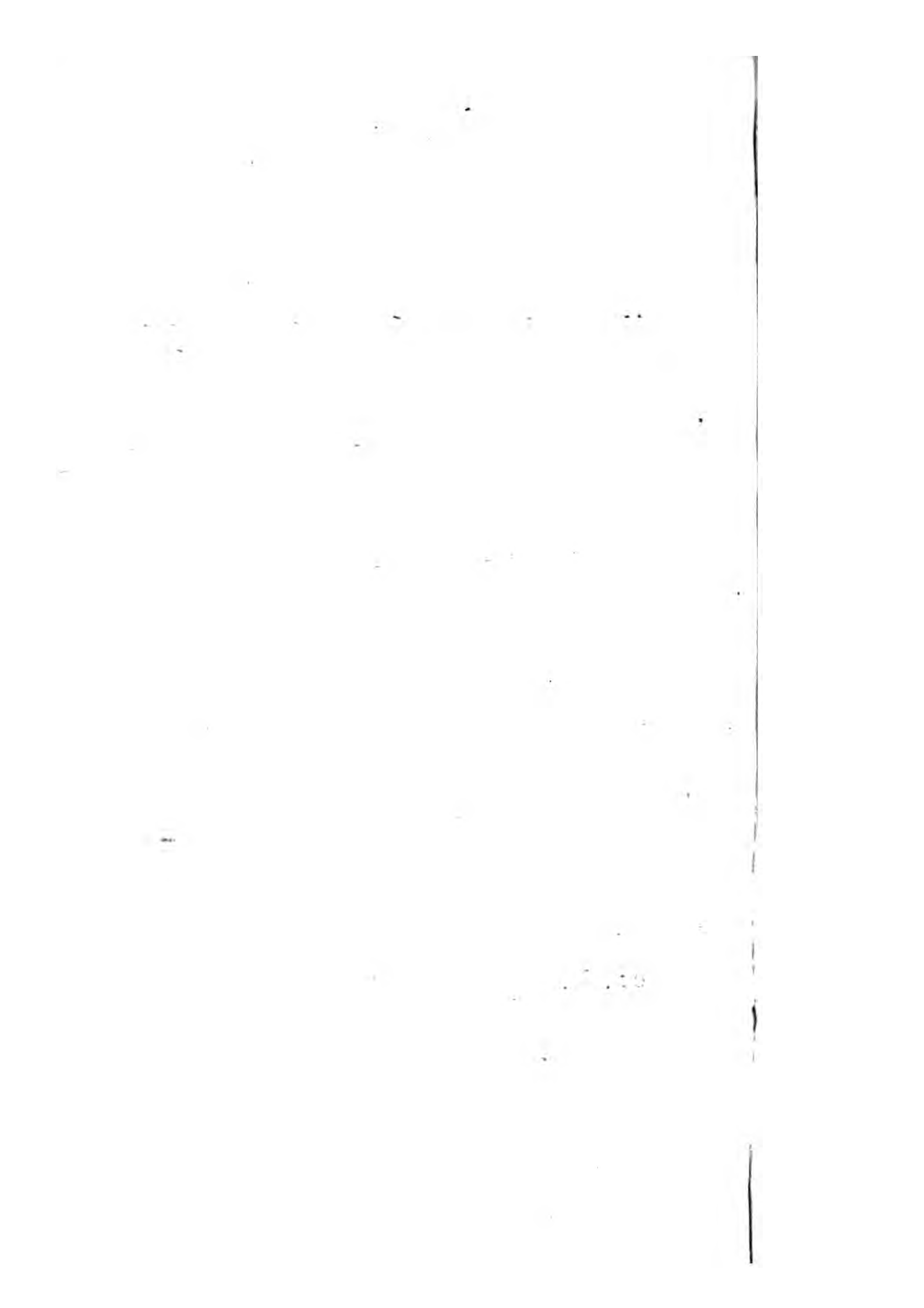
E P I S T L E S

O N

Several Occasions.

VOL. II.

B





E P I S T L E I.

T O A

L A D Y.

*Occasioned by the Arrival of HER ROYAL
HIGHNESS.*



ADAM, to all your censures I submit,
And frankly own I should long since
have writ :
You told me, silence would be thought a
crime,
And kindly strove to tease me into rhyme ,

No more let trifling themes your Muse employ,
 Nor lavish verse to paint a female toy :
 No more on plains with rural damsels sport,
 But sing the glories of the *British* court.

By your commands and inclination sway'd,
 I call'd th' unwilling Muses to my aid ;
 Resolv'd to write, the noble theme I chose,
 And to the Princess thus the Poem rose.

*Aid me, bright Phœbus ; aid, ye sacred Nine ;
 Exalt my Genius, and my verse refine.
 My strains with Carolina's name I grace,
 The lovely parent of our royal race.
 Breathe soft, ye winds, ye waves in silence sleep ;
 Let prosp'rous breezes wanton o'er the deep,
 Swell the white sails, and with the streamers play,
 To waft her gently o'er the watry way.*

Here I to *Neptune* form'd a pompous pray'r,
 To rein the winds, and guard the royal Fair ;
 Bid the blue *Tritons* sound their twisted shells,
 And call the *Nereids* from their pearly cells.

Thus

Thus my warm zeal had drawn the Muse along,
 Yet knew no method to conduct her song :
 I then resolv'd some model to pursue,
 Perus'd *French Criticks*, and began anew.
 Long open panegyrick drags at best,
 And praise is only praise when well address'd.

Straight *Horace* for some lucky Ode I sought,
 And all along I trac'd him thought by thought :
 This new performance to a friend I show'd ;
 For shame, says he, what, imitate an Ode !
 I'd rather ballads write, and *Grubstreet* lays,
 Than pillage *Cæsar* for my patron's praise :
 One common fate all imitators share,
 To save mince-pies, and cap the grocer's ware.
 Vex'd at the charge, I to the flames commit
 Rhymes, similies, Lords names, and ends of wit ;
 In blotted stanzas scraps of Odes expire,
 And fustian mounts in Pyramids of fire.

Ladies, to you I next inscrib'd my lay,
 And writ a letter in familiar way :
 For still impatient till the Princess came,
 You from description wish'd to know the dame.

Each day my pleasing labour larger grew,
 For still new graces open'd to my view.
 Twelve lines ran on to introduce the theme,
 And then I thus purfu'd the growing scheme.

*Beauty and wit were sure by nature join'd,
 And charms are emanations of the mind;
 The soul transpiercing thro' the shining frame,
 Forms all the graces of the Princely Dams:
 Benevolence her conversation guides,
 Smiles on her cheek, and in her eye resides.
 Such harmony upon her tongue is found,
 As softens English to Italian sound:
 Yet in those sounds such sentiments appear,
 As charm the Judgment, while they sooth the ear.*

*Religion's chearful flame her bosom warms,
 Calms all her hours, and brightens all her charms.
 Henceforth, ye Fair; at chapel mind your pray'rs,
 Nor catch your lovers eyes with artful airs;
 Restrain your looks, kneel more, and whisper less,
 Nor most devoutly criticize on dress.*

*From her form all your characters of life,
 The tender mother, and the faithful wife.*

*Oft have I seen her little infant train,
 The lovely promise of a future reign ;
 Observ'd with pleasure ev'ry dawning grace,
 And all the mother op'ning in their face,
 The son shall add new honours to the line,
 And early with paternal virtues shine ;
 When he the tale of Audenard repeats,
 His little heart with emulation beats ;
 With conquests yet to come his bosom glows,
 He dreams of triumphs and of vanquish'd foes.
 Each year with arts shall store his rip'ning brain,
 And from his Grandfire he shall learn to reign.*

Thus far I'd gone : Propitious rising gales
 Now bid the sailor hoist the swelling sails.
 Fair *Carolina* lands ; the cannons roar,
 White *Albion's* cliffs resound from shore to shore,
 Behold the bright original appear,
 All praise is faint when *Carolina's* near.
 Thus to the nation's joy, but Poet's cost,
 The Princess came, and my new plan was lost.

Since all my schemes were balk'd, my last resort,
 I left the Muses to frequent the Court ;

Penfive each night from room to room I walk'd,
 To one I bow'd, and with another talk'd ;
 Enquir'd what news, or fuch a Lady's name,
 And did the next day, and the next, the fame.
 Places, I found, were daily giv'n away,
 And yet no friendly Gazette mention'd *Gay*.
 I ask'd a friend what method to purfue ;
 He cry'd, I want a place as well as you.
 Another ask'd me, why I had not writ ;
 A Poet owes his fortune to his wit.
 Straight I reply'd, With what a courtly grace,
 Flows eafy verfe from him that has a place !
 Had *Virgil* ne'er at court improv'd his ftrains,
 He ftill had fung of flocks and homely fwains ;
 And had not *Horace* fweet preferment found,
 The *Roman* lyre had never learnt to found.

Once Ladies fair in homely guife I fung,
 And with their names wild woods and mountains rung.
 Oh, teach me now to ftrike a fofter ftrain !
 The Court refines the language of the plain.

You muft, cries one, the miniftry rehearfe,
 And with each Patriot's name prolong your verfe,

But

But sure this truth to Poets should be known,
That praising all alike, is praising none.

Another told me, if I wish'd success,
To some distinguish'd Lord I must address ;
One whose high virtues speak his noble blood,
One always zealous for his country's good ;
Where valour and strong eloquence unite,
In council cautious, resolute in fight ;
Whose gen'rous temper prompts him to defend,
And patronize the man that wants a friend.
You have, 'tis true, the noble Patron shown,
But I, alas ! am to *Argyle* unknown.

Still ev'ry one I met in this agreed,
That writing was my method to succeed ;
But now preferments so possess'd my brain,
That scarce I could produce a single strain :
Indeed I sometimes hammer'd out a line,
Without connection as without design.
One morn upon the Princess this I writ,
An Epigram that boasts more truth than wit.

*The pomp of titles easy faith might shake,
 She scorn'd an empire for religion's sake :
 For this, on earth, the British crown was gi'v'n,
 And an immortal crown decreed in heav'n.*

Again, while GEORGE's virtues rais'd my thought,
 The following lines prophetic fancy wrought.

*Methinks I see some Bard, whose heav'nly rage
 Shall rise in song, and warm a future age ;
 Look back through time, and, rapt in wonder, trace
 The glorious series of the Brunswick race.*

*From the first George these godlike kings descend,
 A line which only with the world shall end.
 The next a gen'rous Prince renown'd in arms,
 And bless'd, long bless'd in Carolina's charms ;
 From these the rest. 'Tis thus secure in peace,
 We plow the fields, and reap the year's increase ;
 Now Commerce, wealthy Goddess, rears her head,
 And bids Britannia's fleets their canvas spread ;
 Unnumber'd ships the peopled ocean hide,
 And wealth returns with each revolving tide.*

Here

E P I S T L E S.

11

Here paus'd the fullen Muse, in haste I dress'd,
And through the croud of needy courtiers press'd ;
Though unsuccessful, happy whilst I see,
Those eyes that glad a nation, shine on me,



E P I S T L E



E P I S T L E II.

To the Right Honourable the
Earl of *BURLINGTON*.

A Journey to EXETER.



W H I L E you, my Lord, bid stately piles
ascend,
Or in your *Chiswick* bow'rs enjoy your
friend ;

Where *Pope* unloads the boughs within his reach,
The purple vine, blue plum, and blushing peach ;

I jour-

I journey far—You knew fat Bards might tire,
And, mounted, sent me forth your trusty Squire.

'Twas on the day that city dames repair
To take their weekly dose of *Hide-Park* air ;
When forth we trot : no carts the road infest,
For still on *Sundays* country horses rest.
Thy gardens, *Kensington*, we leave unseen ;
Through *Hammersmith* jog on to *Turnham-green* :
That *Turnham-green*, which dainty pigeons fed,
But feeds no more : for * *Solomon* is dead.
Three dusty miles reach *Branford's* tedious town,
For dirty street, and white-leg'd chickens known :
Thence o'er wide shrubby heaths and furrow'd lanes,
We come, where *Thames* divides the meads of *Stanes*.
We ferry'd o'er ; for late the winter's flood
Shook her frail bridge, and tore her piles of wood.
Prepar'd for war, now *Bagshot-Heath* we cross,
Where broken gamesters oft' repair their loss.
At *Hartley-Row* the foaming bit we prest,
While the fat landlord welcom'd ev'ry guest.

* *A man lately famous for feeding pigeons at Turnham-green.*

Supper was ended, healths the glaffes crown'd,
 Our host extoll'd his wine at ev'ry round,
 Relates the Justices late meeting there,
 How many bottles drank, and what their cheer ;
 What Lords had been his guests in days of yore,
 And prais'd their wisdom much, their drinking more.

Let travellers the morning vigils keep ;
 The morning rose ; but we lay fast asleep.
 Twelve tedious miles we bore the sultry sun,
 And *Popham-Lane* was scarce in sight by one :
 The stragling village harbour'd thieves of old,
 'Twas here the stage-coach'd lass resign'd her gold ;
 That gold which had in *London* purchas'd gowns,
 And sent her home a *Belle* to country towns.
 But robbers haunt no more the neighbouring wood ;
 Here unown'd infants find their daily food ;
 For should the maiden mother nurse her son,
 'Twould spoil her match, when her good name is gone.
 Our jolly hostess nineteen children bore,
 Nor fail'd her breast to suckle nineteen more.
 Be just, ye Prudes, wipe off the long arrear ;
 Be virgins still in town, but mothers here.

Sutton

Sutton we pass, and leave her spacious down,
 And with the setting sun reach *Stockbridge* town.
 O'er our parch'd tongue the rich metheglin glides,
 And the red dainty trout our knife divides.
 Sad melancholy ev'ry visage wears ;
 What, no Election come in seven long years !
 Of all our race of Mayors, shall *Snorw* alone
 Be by Sir *Richard's* dedication known ?
 Our streets no more with tides of ale shall float,
 Nor coblers feast three years upon one vote.

Next morn, twelve miles led o'er th' unbounded plain,
 Where the clock'd shepherd guides his fleecy train.
 No leafy bow'rs a noonday shelter lend,
 Nor from the chilly dews at night defend :
 With wondrous art he counts the stragling flock,
 And by the sun informs you what's o'clock.
 How are our shepherds fall'n from ancient days !
 No *Amaryllis* chaunts alternate lays ;
 From her no list'ning echoes learn to sing,
 Nor with his reed the jocund valleys ring.

Here sheep the pasture hide, there harvests bend,
 See *Sarum's* steeple o'er yon hill ascend ;

Our

Our horses faintly trot, beneath the heat,
 And our keen stomachs know the hour to eat.
 Who can forsake thy walls, and not admire
 The proud Cathedral, and the lofty spire?
 What sempstresses has not prov'd thy scissars good?
 From hence first came th' intriguing ridinghood.
 Amid * three boarding-schools well-stock'd with misses,
 Shall three knights errant starve for want of kisses?

O'er the green turf the miles slide swift away,
 And *Blandford* ends the labours of the day,
 The morning rose; the supper reck'oning paid,
 And our due fees discharg'd to man and maid,
 The ready ostler near the stirrup stands,
 And as we mount, our half-pence load his hands.

Now the steep hill fair *Dorchester* o'erlooks,
 Border'd by meads, and wash'd by silver brooks.
 Here sleep my two companions eyes suppress'd,
 And propt in elbow chairs they snoring rest:
 I weary sit, and with my pencil trace
 Their painful postures, and their eyeless face;

* *There are three boarding-schools in this town.*

Then

Then dedicate each glafs to fome fair name,
 And on the fafh the diamond fcrawks my flame.
 Now o'er true *Roman* way our horfes found,
Grævius would kneel, and kifs the facred ground.
 On either fide low fertile valleys lye,
 The diftant profpects tire the trav'ling eye.
 Through *Bridport's* ftony lanes our rout we take,
 And the proud fteep defcend to *Morcombe's* lake.
 As herfes pafs'd, our landlord robb'd the pall,
 And with the mournful fcutcheon hung his hall.
 On unadulterate wine we here regale,
 And ftrip the lobster of his fcarlet mail.

We climb the hills when ftarry night arofe,
 And *Axminfter* affords a kind repofe.
 The maid fubdu'd by fees, her trunk unlocks,
 And gives the cleanly aid of dowlas fmocks.
 Mean time our fhirts her bufy fingers rub,
 While the fope lathers o'er the foaming tub.
 If womens geer fuch pleafing dreams incite,
 Lend us your fmocks, ye damfels, ev'ry night!
 We rife, our beards demand the barber's art:
 A female enters, and performs the part.

The

The weighty golden chain adorns her neck,
 And three gold rings her skilful hand bedeck :
 Smooth o'er our chin her easy fingers move,
 Soft as when *Venus* strok'd the beard of *Jove*.

Now from the steep, 'midst scatter'd farms and groves,
 Our eye through *Honiton's* fair valley roves.
 Behind us soon the busy town we leave,
 Where finest lace industrious lasses weave.
 Now swelling clouds roll'd on ; the rainy load
 Stream'd down our hats, and smok'd along the road ;
 When (O blest sight !) a friendly sign we spy'd,
 Our spurs are slacken'd from the horses side ;
 For sure a civil host the house commands,
 Upon whose sign this courteous Motto stands.
This is the ancient hand and eke the pen ;
Here is for horses hay, and meat for men.
 How rhyme would flourish, did each son of fame
 Know his own genius, and direct his flame !
 Then he, that could not Epic flights rehearse,
 Might sweetly mourn in Elegiac verse.
 But were his Muse for Elegy unfit,
 Perhaps a Distich might not strain his wit ;

If Epigram offend, his harmless lines
 Might in gold letters swing on ale-house signs.
 Then *Hobbinol* might propagate his bays,
 And *Tuttle-fields* record his simple lays;
 Where rhymes like these might lure the nurses eyes,
 While gaping infants squawl for farthing pies.
Treat here, ye shepherds blithe, your damsels sweet,
For pies and cheefecakes are for damsels meet.
 Then *Maurus* in his proper sphere might shine,
 And these proud numbers grace great *William's* sign.
 * *This is the man, this the Nassovian, whom*
I nam'd the brave deliverer to come.
 But now the driving gales suspend the rain,
 We mount our steeds, and *Devon's* city gain.
 Hail, happy native land! —but I forbear,
 What other Counties must with envy hear.

* *Prince Arthur, Book 5.*





E P I S T L E III.

To the Right Honourable

WILLIAM PULTENEY, Esq;



*P*ULT'NEY, methinks you blame my
breach of word;
What, cannot *Paris* one poor page afford?
Yes, I can sagely, when the times are past,
Laugh at those follies which I strove to taste,
And each amusement, which we shar'd, review,
Pleas'd with meer talking, since I talk to you.
But how shall I describe in humble prose,
Their Balls, Assemblies, Operas and Beaus?
In prose, you cry! Oh no, the Muse must aid,
And leave *Parnassus* for the *Tuilleries*'s shade;

Shall

Shall he (who late *Britannia's* city trod,
 And led the draggled Muse, with pattens shod,
 Through dirty lanes, and alley's doubtful ways)
 Refuse to write, when *Paris* asks his lays!

Well then, I'll try. Descend, ye beauteous Nine,
 In all the colours of the rainbow shine.
 Let sparkling stars your neck and ear adorn,
 Lay on the blushes of the crimson morn,
 So may ye balls and gay Assemblies grace,
 And at the Opera claim the foremost place.

Trav'lers should ever fit expression chuse,
 Nor with low phrase the lofty theme abuse.
 When they describe the state of eastern Lords,
 Pomp and magnificence should swell their words;
 And when they paint the serpent's scaly pride,
 Their lines should hiss, their numbers smoothly slide:
 But they, unmindful of Poetick rules,
 Describe alike Mockaws, and Great-Moguls.
Dampier would thus, without ill-meaning satire,
 Drefs forth in simple style the *Petit-maitre*.

*In Paris, there's a race of animals,
 (I've seen them at their Operas and Balls,)*

They

*They stand erect, they dance when-e'er they walk,
 Monkeys in action, perroquets in talk ;
 They're crown'd with feathers, like the cockatoo,
 And, like camelions, daily change their hue ;
 From patches justly plac'd they borrow graces,
 And with vermilion lacker o'er their faces,
 This custom, as we wisely discern,
 They, by frequenting Ladies toilettes, learn.
 Thus might the trav'ler easy truth impart.
 Into the subject let me nobly start!*

How happy lives the man, how sure to charm,
 Whose knot embroider'd flutters down his arm ?
 On him the Ladies cast the yielding glance,
 Sigh in his songs, and languish in his dance ;
 While wretched is the Wit, contemn'd, forlorn,
 Whose gummy hat no scarlet plumes adorn ;
 No broider'd flow'rs his worsted ankle grace,
 Nor cane emboss'd with gold directs his pace ;
 No Lady's favour on his sword is hung.
 What, though *Apollo* dictate from his tongue,
 His wit is spiritless and void of grace,
 Who wants th' assurance of brocade and lace.

While

While the gay fop genteelly talks of weather,
 The fair in raptures doat upon his feather;
 Like a Court Lady though he write and spell,
 His minuet step was fashion'd by * *Marcell*;
 He dresses, fences. What avails to know?
 For women chuse their men, like silks, for show:
 Is this the thing, you cry, that *Paris* boasts?
 Is this the thing renown'd among our Toasts?
 For such a flutt'ring fight we need not roam;
 Our own Assemblies shine with these at home.

Let us into the field of Beauty start;
 Beauty's a theme that ever warm'd the heart.
 Think not, ye Fair, that I the Sex accuse:
 How shall I spare you, prompted by the Muse?
 (The Muses all are *Prudes*) she rails, she frets,
 Amidst this sprightly nation of *Coquettes*;
 Yet let not us their loose coquett'ry blame;
 Women of ev'ry nation are the same.

You ask me, if *Parisian* dames, like ours,
 With rattling dice prophane the *Sunday's* hours;
 If they the gamester's pale-ey'd vigils keep,
 And stake their honour while their husbands sleep.

Yes,

* *A famous dancing-master.*

Yes, Sir, like *English* Toasts, the dames of *France*
 Will risque their income on a single chance.
Nannette last night at tricking *Pharaon* play'd,
 The cards the *Taillier's* sliding hand obey'd;
 To day her neck no brilliant circle wears,
 Nor the ray-darting pendant loads her ears.
 Why does old *Chloris* an Assembly hold?
Chloris each night divides the sharper's gold.
Corinna's cheek with frequent losses burns,
 And no bold *Trente la va* her fortune turns.
 Ah too rash virgin! where's thy virtue flown?
 She pawns her person for the sharper's loan.
 Yet who with justice can the fair upbraid,
 Whose debts of honour are so duly paid?

But let me not forget the *Toilette's* cares,
 Where art each morn the languid cheek repairs:
 This red's too pale, nor gives a distant grace;
Madame to-day puts on her Opera face;
 From this we scarce extract the milk-maid's bloom,
 Bring the deep dye that warms across the room:
 Now flames her cheek, so strong her charms prevail,
 That on her gown the silken rose looks pale!

Nor

Not but that *France* some native beauty boasts,
Clermont and *Charolois* might grace our Toasts.

When the sweet-breathing spring unfolds the buds,
 Love flies the dusty town for shady woods.

Then *Tottenham* fields with roving beauty swarm,
 And *Hampstead* Balls the city virgin warm,

Then *Chelsea's* meads o'erhear perfidious vows,
 And the prest grafs defrauds the grazing cows.

'Tis here the same ; but in a higher sphere,
 For ev'n Court Ladies sin in open air.

What Cit with a gallant would trust his spouse
 Beneath the tempting shade of *Greenwich* boughs ?

What Peer of *France* would let his Dutchess rove,
 Where *Boulogne's* closest woods invite to love ?

But here no wife can blast her husband's fame,
 Cuckold is grown an honourable name.

Stretch'd on the grafs the shepherd sighs his pain,
 And on the grafs what shepherd sighs in vain ?

On *Chloe's* lap here *Damon* lay'd along,
 Melts with the languish of her am'rous song ;

There *Iris* flies *Palæmon* through the glade,
 Nor tips by chance—'till in the thickest shade ;

Here *Celimene* defends her lips and breast,
 For kisses are by struggling closer prest ;
Alexis there with eager flame grows bold,
 Nor can the nymph his wanton fingers hold ;
 Be wise, *Alexis* ; what so near the road !
 Hark, a coach rolls, and husbands are abroad !
 Such were our pleasures in the days of yore,
 When am'rous *Charles Britannia's* scepter bore ;
 The nightly scene of joy the *Park* was made,
 And Love in couples peopled ev'ry shade.
 But since at Court the rural taste is lost,
 What mighty Sums have velvet couches cost !

Sometimes the *Tuilleries's* gawdy walk I love,
 Where I through crowds of rustling manteaus rove ;
 As here from side to side my eyes I cast,
 And gaz'd on all the glitt'ring train that past,
 Sudden a fop steps forth before the rest ;
 I knew the bold embroidery of his vest.
 He thus accosts me with familiar air,
Parbleu ! on a fait cet habit en Angleterre !
Quelle manche ! ce galon est grossièrement rangé,
Voila quelque chose de fort beau et degagé !

This

This said: On his red heel he turns, and then
 Hums a soft minuet, and proceeds agen.
*Well; now you've Paris seen, you'll frankly own
 Your boasted London seems a country town;
 Has Christianity yet reach'd your nation?
 Are churches built? Are Masquerades in fashion?
 Do daily Soups your dinners introduce?
 Are musick, snuff, and coaches yet in use?*
 Pardon me, Sir; we know the *Paris* mode,
 And gather *Politesse* from Courts abroad.
 Like you, our Courtiers keep a num'rous train
 To load their coach, and tradesmen dun in vain.
 Nor has religion left us in the lurch,
 And, as in *France*, our vulgar croud the Church;
 Our Ladies too support the Masquerade,
 The sex by nature love th' intriguing trade.
 Straight the vain fop in ign'rant rapture cries,
Paris the barb'rous world will civilize!
 Pray, Sir, point out among the passing band
 The present Beauties who the town command.
*See yonder dame; strict virtue chills her breast,
 Mark in her eye demure the Prude profess;
 That frozen bosom native fire must want,
 Which boasts of constancy to one Gallant!*

*This next the spoils of fifty lovers wears,
 Rich Dandin's brilliant favours grace her ears ;
 The necklace Florio's gen'rous flame bestow'd,
 Clitander's sparkling gems her finger load ;
 But now, her charms grown cheap by constant use,
 She fims for scarfs, clock'd stockings, knots, and shoes.
 This next, with sober gate and serious leer,
 Wearies her knees with morn and ev'ning prayer ;
 She scorns th' ignoble love of feeble pages,
 But with three Abbots in one night engages.
 This with the Cardinal her nights employs,
 Where holy sinews consecrate her joys.
 Why have I promis'd things beyond my power !
 Five assignations wait me at this hour,
 The sprightly Countess first my visit claims,
 To-morrow shall indulge inferior dames.
 Pardon me, Sir ; that thus I take my leave,
 Gay Florimella slyly twitch'd my sleeve.*

Adieu, Monsieur——The Opera hour draws near.
 Not see the Opera ! all the world is there ;
 Where on the stage th' embroider'd youth of *France*
 In bright array attract the female glance :

This

This languishes, this struts to show his mien,
And not a gold-clock'd stocking moves unseen.

But hark ! the full *Orchestra* strike the strings ;
The Hero struts, and the whole audience sings.

My jarring ear harsh grating murmurs wound,
Hoarse and confus'd, like *Babel's* mingled sound.
Hard chance had plac'd me near a noisy throat,
That in rough quavers bellow'd ev'ry note.
Pray Sir, says I, suspend a-while your song,
The Opera's drown'd ; your lungs are wond'rous strong ;
I wish to hear your *Roland's* ranting strain,
While he with rooted forests strows the plain.
Sudden he shrugs surprize, and answers quick,
Monsieur apparemment n'aime pas la musique.
Then turning round, he join'd th' ungrateful noise ;
And the loud Chorus thunder'd with his voice.

O soothe me with some soft *Italian* air,
Let harmony compose my tortur'd ear !
When *Anastasia's* voice commands the strain,
The melting warble thrills through ev'ry vein ;

Thought stands suspense, and silence pleas'd attends,
While in her notes the heav'nly Choir descends.

But you'll imagine I'm a *Frenchman* grown,
Pleas'd and content with nothing but my own,
So strongly with this prejudice possess'd,
He thinks *French* musick and *French* painting best.
Mention the force of learn'd *Corelli's* notes,
Some scraping fidler of their Ball he quotes ;
Talk of the spirit *Raphael's* pencil gives,
Yet warm with life whose speaking picture lives ;
Yes Sir, says he, in colour and design,
Rigaut and *Raphael* are extremely fine !

'Tis true his country's love transports his breast
With warmer zeal, than your old *Greeks* profess.
Ulysses lov'd his *Ithaca* of yore,
Yet that sage trav'ler left his native shore ;
What stronger vertue in the *Frenchman* shines !
He to dear *Paris* all his life confines.
I'm not so fond. There are, I must confess,
Things which might make me love my country less.
I should not think my *Britain* had such charms,
If lost to learning, if enslav'd by arms ;

France

France has her *Richlieus* and her *Colberts* known,
 And then, I grant it, *France* in science shone;
 We too, I own, without such aids may chance
 In ignorance and pride to rival *France*.

But let me not forget *Corneille*, *Racine*,
Boileau's strong sense and *Moliere's* hum'rous Scene.
 Let *Cambray's* name be sung above the rest,
 Whose maxims, *Pult'ney*, warm thy patriot breast;
 In *Mentor's* precepts wisdom strong and clear
 Dictates sublime, and distant nations hear.
 Hear all ye Princes, who the world controul,
 What cares, what terrors haunt the tyrant's soul;
 His constant train are anger, fear, distrust,
 To be a King, is to be good and just;
 His people he protects, their rights he saves,
 And scorns to rule a wretched race of slaves.

Happy, thrice happy shall the monarch reign,
 Where guardian laws despotic power restrain!
 There shall the plough-share break the stubborn land,
 And bending harvests tire the peasant's hand:
 There liberty her settled mansion boasts,
 There commerce plenty brings from foreign coasts.

O *Britain*, guard thy laws, thy rights defend,
So shall these blessings to thy sons descend!

You'll think 'tis time some other theme to chuse,
And not with Beaus and Fops fatigue the Muse!
Should I let Satyr loose on *English* ground,
There fools of various character abound;
But here my verse is to one race confin'd,
All *Frenchmen* are of *Petit-maitre* kind.





EPISTLE IV.

To the Right Honourable

PAUL METHUEN, Esq;



HAT, 'tis encouragement makes Science
spread,
Is rarely practis'd, though 'tis often said;
When learning droops and sickens in the
land,

What Patron's found to lend a saving hand?
True gen'rous Spirits prosp'rous vice detest,
And love to cherish vertue when distrest:

But ere our mighty Lords this scheme pursue,
Our mighty Lords must think and act like you.

Why must we climb the *Alpine* mountain's fides
To find the seat where Harmony resides ?
Why touch we not so soft the silver lute,
The chearful haut-boy, and the mellow flute ?
'Tis not th' *Italian* clime improves the sound,
But there the Patrons of her sons are found.

Why flourish'd verse in great *Augustus*' reign ?
He and *Mecænas* lov'd the Muse's strain.
But now that wight in poverty must mourn
Who was (O cruel stars !) a Poet born.
Yet there are ways for authors to be great ;
Write ranc'rous libels to reform the State :
Or if you choose more sure and ready ways,
Spatter a Minister with fulsome praise :
Lanch out with freedom, flatter him enough ;
Fear not, all men are dedication proof.
Be bolder yet, you must go farther still,
Dip deep in gall thy mercenary quill.
He who his pen in party quarrels draws,
Lifts an hir'd bravo to support the cause ;

He

He must indulge his Patron's hate and spleen,
 And stab the fame of those he ne'er has seen.
 Why then should authors mourn their desp'rate case?
 Be brave, do this, and then demand a place.
 Why art thou poor? exert the gifts to rise,
 And banish tim'rous vertue from thy eyes.

All this seems modern preface, where we're told
 That wit is prais'd, but hungry lives and cold:
 Against th' ungrateful age these authors roar,
 And fanfy learning starves because they're poor.
 Yet why should learning hope success at Court?
 Why should our Patriots vertue's cause support?
 Why to true merit should they have regard?
 They know that virtue is its own reward.
 Yet let not me of grievances complain,
 Who (though the meanest of the Muses train)
 Can boast subscriptions to my humble lays,
 And mingle profit with my little praise.

Ask Painting, why she loves *Hesperian* air.
 Go view, she cries, my glorious labours there;
 There in rich palaces I reign in state,
 And on the temples lofty domes create.

The Nobles view my works with knowing eyes,
They love the science, and the painter prize.

Why didst thou, *Kent*, forgo thy native land,
To emulate in picture *Raphael's* hand ?
Think'ft thou for this to raise thy name at home ?
Go back, adorn the palaces of *Rome* ;
There on the walls let thy just labours shine,
And *Raphael* live again in thy design.
Yet stay awhile ; call all thy genius forth,
For *Burlington* unbiass'd knows thy worth ;
His judgment in thy master-strokes can trace
Titian's strong fire and *Guido's* softer grace ;
But, oh consider, ere thy works appear,
Canst thou unhurt the tongue of envy hear ?
Censure will blame, her breath was ever spent
To blast the laurels of the Eminent.
While *Burlington's* proportion'd columns rise,
Does not he stand the gaze of envious eyes ?
Doors, windows are condemn'd by passing fools,
Who know not that they damn *Palladio's* rules.
If *Chandos* with a lib'ral hand bestow,
Censure imputes it all to pomp and show ;

When

When, if the motive right were understood,
His daily pleasure is in doing good.

Had *Pope* with groveling numbers fill'd his page,
Dennis had never kindled into rage.
'Tis the sublime that hurts the Critic's ease;
Write nonsense and he reads and sleeps in peace.
Were *Prior*, *Congreve*, *Swift* and *Pope* unknown,
Poor slander-felling *Curll* would be undone.
He who would free from malice pass his days,
Must live obscure, and never merit praise.
But let this tale to valiant virtue tell
The daily perils of deserving well.

A crow was strutting o'er the stubbled plain,
Just as a lark descending clos'd his strain.
The crow bespoke him thus with solemn grace,
Thou most accomplish'd of the feather'd race,
What force of lungs! how clear! how sweet you sing!
And no bird soars upon a stronger wing.
The lark, who scorn'd soft flatt'ry, thus replies,
True, I sing sweet, and on strong pinion rise;
Yet let me pass my life from envy free,
For what advantage are these gifts to me?

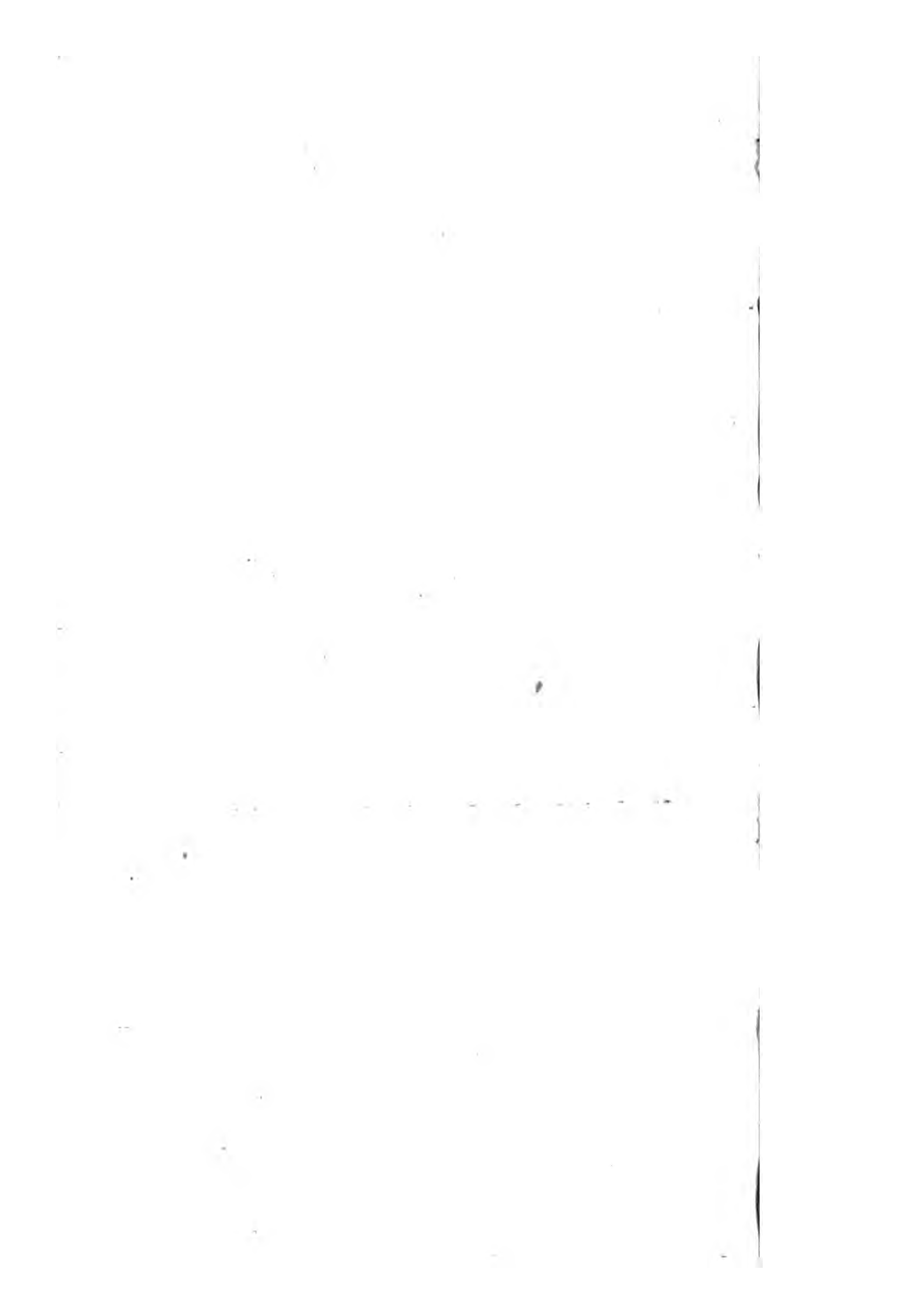
My

My song confines me to the wiry cage,
My flight provokes the falcon's fatal rage.
But as you pass I hear the fowlers say,
To shoot at crows is powder flung away.



T A L E S.

T A L E S.





T A L E S.

*An Answer to the Sompner's Prologue
of Chaucer.*

In imitation of Chaucer's style.



THE Sompner leudly hath his Prologue told,
And faine on the Freers his tale japing
and bold ;
How that in Hell they searchen near
and wide,
And ne one Freer in all thilke place espyde,
But ho! the devil turn'd his erse about,
And twenty thousand Freers wend in and out.

By

By which in *Jeoffrys* rhyming it appears,
The devil's belly is the hive of Freers.

Now listneth lordings ! forthwith ye shall hear,
What happened at a house in *Lancashire*.
A misere that had londs and tenement,
Who raketh from his vaillaines taxes and rént,
Owned a house which emptye long y-stood,
Full deeply fited in a derkning wood,
Murmring a shallow brook runneth along,
Mong the round stons it maken doleful song.

Now there spreaden a rumour that everich night
The rooms ihaunted been by many a sprite,
The miller avoucheth, and all thereabout,
That they full oft' hearen the hellish rout ;
Some faine they hear the jingling of chains,
And some hath yheard the pfautries straines,
At midnight some the headless horse imeet,
And some espien a corse in a white sheet,
And oother things, faye, elfin and else,
And shapes that fear createn to it selfe.

Now it so hapt, there was not ferre away,
Of gray Freers a fair and rich Abbaye,

Where

Where liven a Freer ycleped *Pere Thomas*,
Who daren alone in derke through church-yerds pafs.

This Freer would lye in thilke houle all night,
In hope he might espyen a dreadful sprite.
He taketh candle, beades, and holy watere,
And legends eke of Saintes, and bookes of prayere.
He entreth the room, and looketh round about,
And haspen the door to haspen the goblin out.
The candle hath he put close by the bed,
And in low tone his *ave marye* said.
With water now besprinkled hath the floore,
And maken crofs on key hole of the doore.
Ne was there not a moufe-hole in thilke place,
But he y-crossed hath by God his grace;
He crossed hath this, and eke he crossed that,
With *Benedicite* and God knows what.

Now he goeth to bed and lieth adown,
When the clock had just stricken the twelfth foun.
Bethinketh hem now what the cause had ibeen,
Why many sprites by mortals have been seen.
Hem remembreth how *Dan Plutarch* hath y-fed
That *Cæsar's* sprite came to *Brute* his bed ;

Of

Of chains that frighten erst *Artemidore*
 The tales of *Pline*, *Valere*, and many more.
 Hem thinketh that some murdere here been done,
 And he mought see some bloodye ghost anone,
 Or that some orphlines writings here be stor'd,
 Or pot of gold laine deep beneath a board :
 Or thinketh hem, if he mought see no sprite,
 The Abbay mought buy this house cheape outright.

As hem thus thinketh, anone asleep he lies,
 Up starten *Sathanas* with faucer eyes.
 He turneth the Freer upon his face downright,
 Displaying his nether cheeks ful broad and white.
 Then quoth *Dan Sathanas* as he thwack'd him fore,
 Thou didst forget to guard thy postern door.
 There is an hole which hath not crossed been :
 Farewel, from whence I came, I creepen in.

Now plain it is ytellen in my verse,
 If Devils in hell bear Freers in their erse,
 On earth the Devil in Freers doth y-dwell ;
 Were their no Freers, the Devil mought keep in Hell.

W O R K *for a* C O O P E R.

A T A L E.

A Man may lead a happy life,
 Without that needful thing a wife :
 This long have lusty Abbots known,
 Who ne'er knew spouses ——— of their own.

What though your house be clean and neat,
 With couches, chairs, and beds compleat ;
 Though you each day invite a friend,
 Though he should every dish commend,
 On *Bagshot-beath* your mutton fed,
 Your fowls at *Brandford* born and bred ;
 Though purest wine your cellars boast,
 Wine worthy of the fairest Toast ;
 Yet there are other things requir'd :
 Ring, and let's see the maid you hir'd ———
 Bless me ! those hands might hold a broom,
 Twirle round a mop, and wash a room,

A batchelor his maid should keep,
 Not for that servile use to sweep,
 Let her his humour understand,
 And turn to ev'ry thing her hand.
 Get you a lass that's young and tight,
 Whose arms are, like her apron, white;
 What though her shift be seldom seen?
 Let that though coarse be always clean;
 She might each morn your tea attend,
 And on your wrist your ruffle mend;
 Then if you break a roguish jest,
 Or squeeze her hand, or pat her breast,
 She cries, oh dear Sir, don't be naught!
 And blushes speak her last night's fault.
 To her your household cares confide,
 Let your key jingle at her side,
 A footman's blunders tease and fret ye,
 E'en while you chide you smile on *Betty*.
 Discharge him then, if he's too spruce,
 For *Betty's* for his master's use.

Will you your am'rous fancy balk,
 For fear some prudish neighbour talk?

But

But you'll object, that you're afraid
Of the pert freedoms of a maid ;
Besides your wiser heads will say,
That she who turns her hand this way,
From one vice to another drawn,
Will lodge your silver spoons in pawn.
Has not the homely wrinkled jade
More need to learn the pilf'ring trade ?
For love all *Betty's* wants supplies,
Laces her shoes, her manteau dyes,
All her stuff suits she flings away,
And wears thread fatten every day.

Who then a dirty drab would hire,
Brown as the hearth of kitchen fire ?
When all must own, were *Betty* put
To the black duties of the slut,
As well she scow'rs or scrubs a floor,
And still is good for something more.

Thus to avoid the greater vice,
I knew a Priest, of conscience nice,
To quell his lust for neighbour's spouse,
Keep fornication in his house.

But

But you're impatient all this time,
 Fret at my counsel, curse my rhyme,
 Be satisfy'd. I'll talk no more,
 For thus my tale begins—— Of yore
 There dwelt at *Blois* a Priest full fair,
 With rolling eye and crisped hair,
 His chin hung low, his brow was sleek,
 Plenty lay basking on his cheek,
 Whole days at cloyster grates he sat,
 Ogled, and talk'd of this and that
 So feelingly ; the Nuns lamented
 That double bars were e'er invented.
 If he the wanton wife confest
 With downcast eye, and heaving breast ;
 He strok'd her cheek to still her fear,
 And talk'd of *fins en Cavalier*.
 Each time enjoyn'd her penance mild,
 And fondled on her like his child.
 At ev'ry jovial gossip's feast
Pere Bernard was a welcome guest,
 Mirth suffer'd not the least restraint,
 He could at will shake off the faint :
 Nor frown'd he when they freely spoke,
 But shook his sides, and took the joke ;

Nor

Nor fail'd he to promote the jest,
And shar'd the sins which they confess.

Yet that he might not always roam,
He kept conveniencies at home.
His maid was in the bloom of beauty,
Well limb'd for ev'ry social duty ;
He meddled with no household cares,
To her consign'd his whole affairs ;
She of his Study kept the keys,
For he was studious ——— of his ease :
She had the power of all his locks,
Could rummage ev'ry chest and box,
Her honesty such credit gain'd,
Not e'en the cellar was restrain'd.

In troth it was a goodly show,
Lin'd with full hogheads all a-row ;
One vessel, from the rank remov'd,
Far dearer than the rest he lov'd.
Pour la bonne bouche 'twas set aside,
To all but choicest friends deny'd.
He now and then would send a quart,
To warm some wife's retentive heart,

Against confession's sullen hour :
 Wine has all secrets in its power.
 At common feasts it had been waste,
 Nor was it fit for layman's taste,
 If monk or friar were his guest,
 They drank it, for they know the best.
 Nay, he at length so fond was grown,
 He always drank it when —— alone.

Who shall recount his civil labours,
 In pious visits to his neighbours ?
 Whene'er weak husbands went astray,
 He guest their wives were in the way,
 'Twas then his charity was shown,
 He chose to see them when alone.

Now was he bent on cuckoldom :
 He knew friend *Dennis* was from home ;
 His wife (a poor neglected beauty,
 Defrauded of a husband's duty)
 Had often told him at confession,
 How hard she struggled 'gainst transgression.
 He now resolves, in heat of blood,
 To try how firm her virtue stood.

He

He knew that wine (to love best aid)
 Has oft' made bold the shamefac'd maid,
 Taught her to romp, and take more freedoms,
 Than nymphs train'd up at *Smith's* or *Needham's*.

A mighty bottle straight he chose,
 Such as might give two Friars their dose :
Nannette he call'd : the cellar door
 She strait unlocks, descends before,
 He follow'd close. But when he spys
 His fav'rite cask ; with lifted eyes
 And lifted hands aloud he crys.
 Heigh day ! my darling wine astoop !
 It must, alas ! have sprung a hoop ;
 That there's a leak is past all doubt,
 (Reply'd the maid) — I'll find it out.
 She sets the candle down in haste,
 Tucks her white apron round her waste,
 The hoghead's mouldy side ascends,
 She straddles wide, and downward bends ;
 So low she stoops to seek the flaw,
 Her coats rose high, her master saw —
 I see — he crys — (then claspt her fast)
 The leak through which my wine has past.

Then all in haste the maid descended,
And in a trice the leak was mended.
He found in *Nannette* all he wanted,
So *Dennis'* brows remain'd unplanted.

Ere since this time all lusty Friars
(Warm'd with predominant desires,
Whene'er the flesh with spirit quarrels)
Look on the sex as leaky barrels.
Beware of these, ye jealous spouses,
From such like coopers guard your houses;
For if they find not work at home,
For jobs through all the town they roam.





T H E
E Q U I V O C A T I O N .

A T A L E .

AN Abbot rich (whose taste was good
 Alike in science and in food)
 His Bishop had resolv'd to treat ;
 The Bishop came, the Bishop eat ;
 'Twas silence, till their stomachs fail'd ;
 And now at Hereticks they rail'd ;
 What Heresy (the Prelate said)
 Is in that Church where Priests may wed !
 Do not we take the Church for life ?
 But those divorce her for a wife,
 Like laymen keep her in their houses,
 And own the children of their spouses.
 Vile practices ! the Abbot cry'd,
 For pious use we're set aside !
 Shall we take wives ? marriage at best
 Is but carnality profest.

D 3

Now

Now as the Bishop took his glaſs,
 He ſpy'd our Abbot's buxom laſs
 Who croſs'd the room, he mark'd her eye
 That glow'd with Love; his pulse beat high.
 Fye, father, fye (the Prelate cries)
 A maid ſo young! for ſhame, be wife.
 Theſe indiscretions lend a handle
 To lewd lay tongues, to give us ſcandal;
 For your vows fake, this rule I give t'ye,
 Let all your maids be turn'd of fifty.

The Priest reply'd, I have not ſwerv'd,
 But your chaſte precept well obſerv'd;
 That laſs full twenty five has told,
 I've yet another who's as old;
 Into one ſum their ages caſt;
 So both my maids are fifty paſt.

The Prelate ſmil'd, but durſt not blame;
 For why? his Lordſhip did the ſame.

Let thoſe who reprimand their brothers,
 Firſt mend the faults they find in others.



A true STORY of an APPARITION.

Scepticks (whose strength of argument makes out
 That wisdom's deep inquiries end in doubt)
 Hold this assertion positive and clear,
 That sprites are pure delusions rais'd by fear.
 Not that fam'd ghost, which in presaging found
 Call'd *Brutus* to *Philippi's* fatal ground ;
 Nor can *Tiberius Gracchus'* goary shade
 These ever-doubting disputants persuade.
 Straight they with smiles reply ; those tales of old
 By visionary Priests were made and told :
 Oh might some ghost at dead of night appear,
 And make you own conviction by your fear !
 I know your sneers my easy faith accuse,
 Which with such idle legends scares the Muse :
 But think not that I tell those vulgar sprites,
 Which frighted boys relate on winter nights ;
 How cleanly milk-maids meet the fairy train,
 How headless horses drag the clinking chain,
 Night-roaming ghosts, by faucer eye-balls known,
 The common spectres of each country town.

No, I such fables can like you despise,
 And laugh to hear these nurse-invented lies.
 Yet has not oft the fraudulent guardian's fright
 Compell'd him to restore an orphan's right?
 And can we doubt that horrid ghosts ascend,
 Which on the conscious murd'ers steps attend?
 Hear then, and let attested truth prevail,
 From faithful lips I learnt the dreadful tale.

Where *Arden's* forest spreads its limits wide,
 Whose branching paths the doubtful road divide,
 A trav'ler took his solitary way;
 When low beneath the hills was sunk the day.
 And now the skies with gath'ring darkness lour,
 The branches ruffle with the threaten'd shower;
 With sudden blasts the forest murmurs loud,
 Indented lightnings cleave the fable cloud,
 Thunder on thunder breaks, the tempest roars,
 And heav'n discharges all its watry stores.
 The wand'ring trav'ler shelter seeks in vain,
 And shrinks and shivers with the beating rain;
 On his steed's neck the slacken'd bridle lay,
 Who chose with cautious step th' uncertain way;

And

And now he checks the rein, and halts to hear
 If any noise foretold a village near.
 At length from far a stream of light he sees
 Extend its level ray between the trees ;
 Thither he speeds, and as he nearer came
 Joyful he knew the lamp's domestick flame
 That trembled through the window ; cross the way
 Darts forth the barking cur, and stands at bay.

It was an ancient lonely house, that stood
 Upon the borders of the spacious wood ;
 Here towers and antique battlements arise,
 And there in heaps the moulder'd ruin lies ;
 Some Lord this mansion held in days of yore,
 To chase the wolf, and pierce the foaming boar :
 How chang'd, alas, from what it once had been !
 'Tis now degraded to a publick Inn.

Straight he dismounts, repeats his loud commands ;
 Swift at the gate the ready landlord stands ;
 With frequent cringe he bows, and begs excuse,
 His house was full, and ev'ry bed in use.
 What not a garret, and no straw to spare ?
 Why then the kitchin-fire and elbow-chair

Shall serve for once to nod away the night.
 The kitchen ever is the servant's right,
 Replies the host; there, all the fire around,
 The Count's tir'd footmen snore upon the ground.

The maid, who listen'd to this whole debate,
 With pity learnt the weary stranger's fate.
 Be brave, she cries, you still may be our guest,
 Our haunted room was ever held the best;
 If then your valour can the fright sustain
 Of rattling curtains and the clinking chain,
 If your courageous tongue have power to talk,
 When round your bed the horrid ghost shall walk;
 If you dare ask it, why it leaves its tomb,
 I'll see your Sheets well air'd, and show the room.
 Soon as the frighted maid her tale had told,
 The stranger enter'd, for his heart was bold.

The damsel led him through a spacious hall,
 Where Ivy hung the half-demolish'd wall;
 She frequent look'd behind, and chang'd her hue,
 While fancy tipst the candle's flame with blue.
 And now they gain'd the winding stairs ascent,
 And to the lonesome room of terrors went.

When

When all was ready swift retir'd the maid,
 The watch-lights burn, tuckt warm in bed was laid
 The hardy stranger, and attends the sprite
 Till his accustom'd walk at dead of night.

At first he hears the wind with hollow roar
 Shake the loose lock, and swing the creaking door;
 Nearer and nearer draws the dreadful sound
 Of rattling chains, that dragg'd upon the ground:
 When lo, the spectre came with horrid stride,
 Approach'd the bed, and drew the curtains wide;
 In human form the ghastful Phantom stood,
 Expos'd his mangled bosom dy'd with blood,
 Then silent pointing to his wounded breast,
 Thrice wav'd his hand. Beneath the frightened guest
 The bed-cords trembled, and with shudd'ring fear,
 Sweat chill'd his limbs, high rose his bristled hair;
 Then mutt'ring hasty pray'rs, he mann'd his heart,
 And cry'd aloud; Say, whence and who thou art.
 The stalking ghost with hollow voice replies,
 Three years are counted, since with mortal eyes
 I saw the sun, and vital air respir'd.
 Like thee benighted, and with travel tir'd,

.Withi^a

Within these walls I slept. O thirst of gain !
 See still the planks the bloody mark retain ;
 Stretch'd on this very bed, from sleep I start,
 And see the steel impending o'er my heart ;
 The barb'rous hostess held the lifted knife,
 The floor ran purple with my gushing life.
 My treasure now they seize, the golden spoil
 They bury deep beneath the grass-grown soil,
 Far in the common field. Be bold, arise,
 My steps shall lead thee to the secret prize ;
 There dig and find ; let that thy care reward :
 Call loud on justice, bid her not retard
 To punish murder ; lay my ghost at rest,
 So shall with peace secure thy nights be blest ;
 And when beneath these boards my bones are found,
 Decent inter them in some sacred ground.

Here ceas'd the ghost. The stranger springs from bed,
 And boldly follows where the Phantom led ;
 The half-worn stony stairs they now descend,
 Where passages obscure their arches bend
 Silent they walk ; and now through groves they pass,
 Now through wet meads their steps imprint the grass ;

At length amidst a spacious field they came :
There stops the spectre, and ascends in flame.
Amaz'd he stood, no bush, nor briar was found,
To teach his morning search to find the ground ;
What could he do ? the night was hideous dark,
Fear shook his joints, and nature dropt the mark ;
With that he starting wak'd, and rais'd his head,
But found the golden mark was left in bed.

What is the statesman's vast ambitious scheme,
But a short vision, and a golden dream ?
Power, wealth, and title elevate his hope ;
He wakes. But for a garter finds a rope.





The M A D - D O G.

A T A L E.

A Prude, at morn and ev'ning prayer,
 Had worn her velvet cushion bare ;
 Upward she taught her eyes to roll,
 As if she watch'd her soaring soul ;
 And when devotion warm'd the croud,
 None sung, or smote their breast so loud :
 Pale Penitence had mark'd her face
 With all the meagre signs of grace.
 Her mass-book was compleatly lin'd
 With painted Saints of various kind :
 But when in ev'ry page she view'd
 Fine Ladies who the flesh subdu'd ;
 As quick her beads she counted o'er,
 She cry'd — such wonders are no more !

She

She chose not to delay confession,
To bear at once a year's transgression,
But ev'ry week set all things even,
And balanc'd her accounts with heav'n.

Behold her now in humble guise,
Upon her knees with downcast eyes
Before the Priest : she thus begins,
And sobbing, blubbers forth her sins.

Who could that tempting man resist ?
My virtue languish'd, as he kiss'd ;
I strove, — till I could strive no longer ?
How can the weak subdue the stronger ?

The Father ask'd her where and when ?
How many ? and what sort of men ?
By what degrees her blood was heated ?
How oft' the frailty was repeated ?
Thus have I seen a pregnant wench
All flush'd with guilt before the bench.
The Judges (wak'd by wanton thought)
Dive to the bottom of her fault,

They

They leer, they simper at her shame,
And make her call all things by name.

And now to sentence he proceeds,
Prescribes how oft' to tell her beads ;
Shows her what Saints could do her good,
Doubles her fasts to cool her blood.
Eas'd of her sins, and light as air,
Away she trips ; perhaps to prayer.
'Twas no such thing. Why then this haste ?
The clock has struck, the hour is past,
And on the spur of inclination,
She scorn'd to bilk her assignation.

Whate'er she did, next week she came,
And piously confess the same ;
The Priest, who female frailties pity'd,
First chid her, then her sins remitted.

But did she now her crime bemoan
In penitential sheets alone ?
And was no bold, no beastly fellow
The nightly partner of her pillow ?

No,

No, none ; for next time in the grove,
A bank was conscious of her love.

Confession day was come about,
And now again it all must out,
She seems to wipe her twinkling eyes,
What now, my child, the father cries.
Again, says she ! —— with threatning looks,
He thus the prostrate dame rebukes.

Madam, I grant there's something in it,
That virtue has th' unguarded minute ;
But pray now tell me what are whores,
But women of unguarded hours ?
Then you must sure have lost all shame,
What ev'ry day, and still the same,
And no fault else ! 'tis strange to find
A woman to one sin confin'd !
Pride is this day her darling passion,
The next day slander is in fashion ;
Gaming succeeds ; if fortune crosses,
Then virtue's mortgag'd for her losses ;
By use her fav'rite vice she loaths,
And loves new follies like new cloaths :

But

But you, beyond all thought, unchaste,
 Have all sin center'd near your waste !
 Whence is this appetite so strong ?
 Say, Madam, did your mother long ?
 Or is it lux'ry and high diet
 That won't let virtue sleep in quiet ?
 She tells him now with meekest voice,
 That she had never err'd by choice,
 Nor was there known a virgin chaster,
 Till ruin'd by a sad disaster.

That she a fav'rite lap-dog had,
 Which, (as she stroak'd and kifs'd) grew mad ;
 And on her lip a wound indenting,
 First set her youthful blood fermenting.

The Priest reply'd with zealous fury,
 You should have sought the means to cure ye.
 Doctors by various ways we find,
 Treat these distempers of the mind.

Let gaudy ribbands be deny'd
 To her, who raves with scornful pride ;

And

And if religion crack her notions,
Lock up her volumes of devotions ;
But if for man her rage prevail,
Bar her the sight of creatures male.
Or else to cure such venom'd bites,
And set the shatter'd thoughts arights ;
They send you to the ocean's shore,
And plunge the Patient o'er and o'er.

The dame reply'd ; alas ! in vain
My kindred forc'd me to the main ;
Naked and in the face of day :
Look not, ye fishermen, this way !
What virgin had not done as I did ?
My modest hand, by nature guided,
Debarr'd at once from human eyes
The seat where female honour lies,
And though thrice dipt from top to toe,
I still secur'd the post below,
And guarded it with grasp so fast
Not one drop through my fingers past ;
Thus owe I to my bashful care
That all the rage is settled there.

Weigh

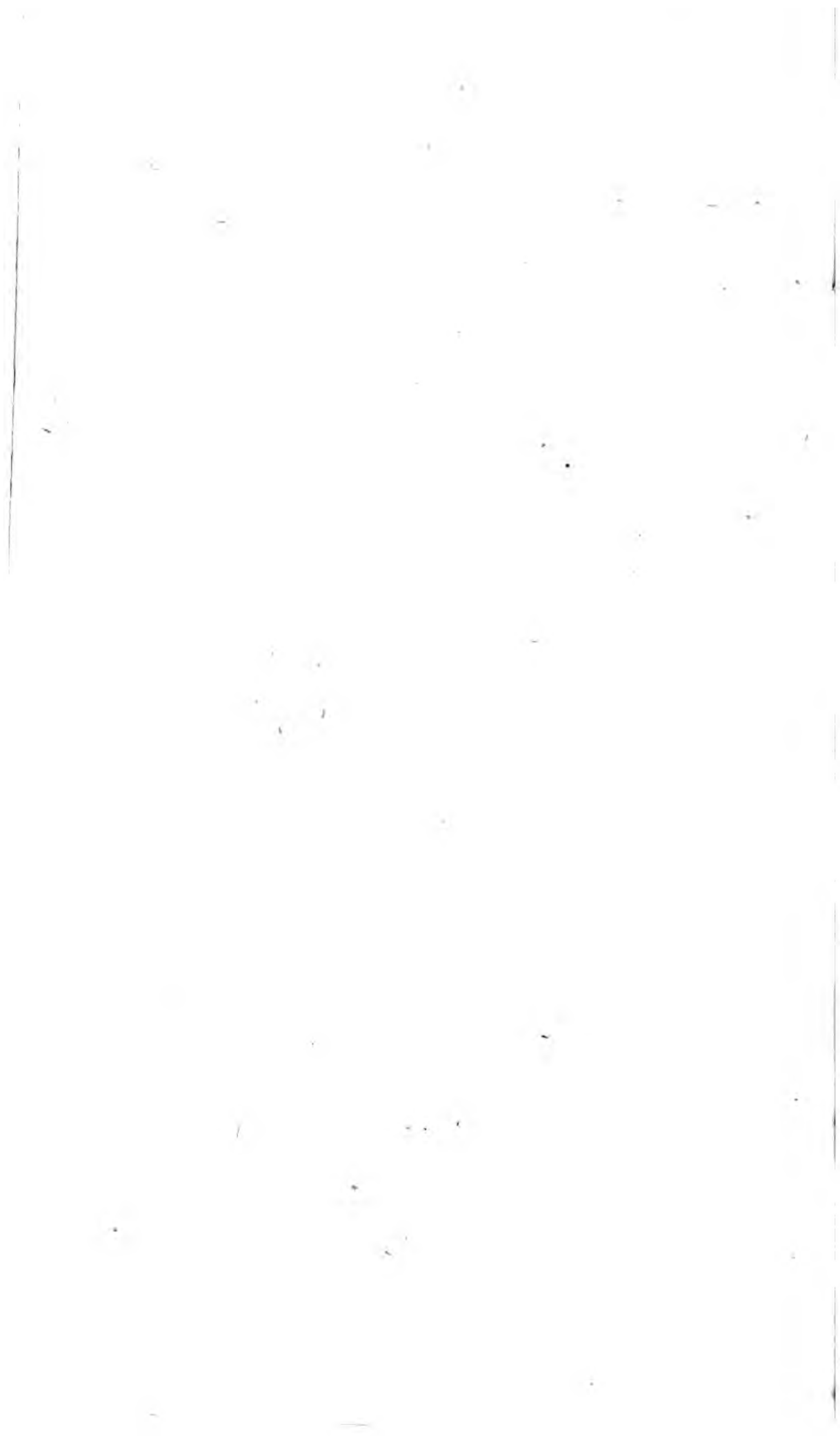
Weigh well the projects of mankind ;
 Then tell me, Reader canst thou find
 The man from madness wholly free ?
 They all are mad — save you and me.
 Do not the statesmen, fop and wit,
 By daily follies prove they're bit ?
 And when the briny cure they try'd,
 Some part still kept above the tide ?

Some men (when drench'd beneath the wave)
 High o'er their heads their fingers save :
 Those hands by mean extortion thrive,
 Or in the pocket lightly dive ;
 Or more expert in pilf'ring vice,
 They burn and itch to cog the dice.

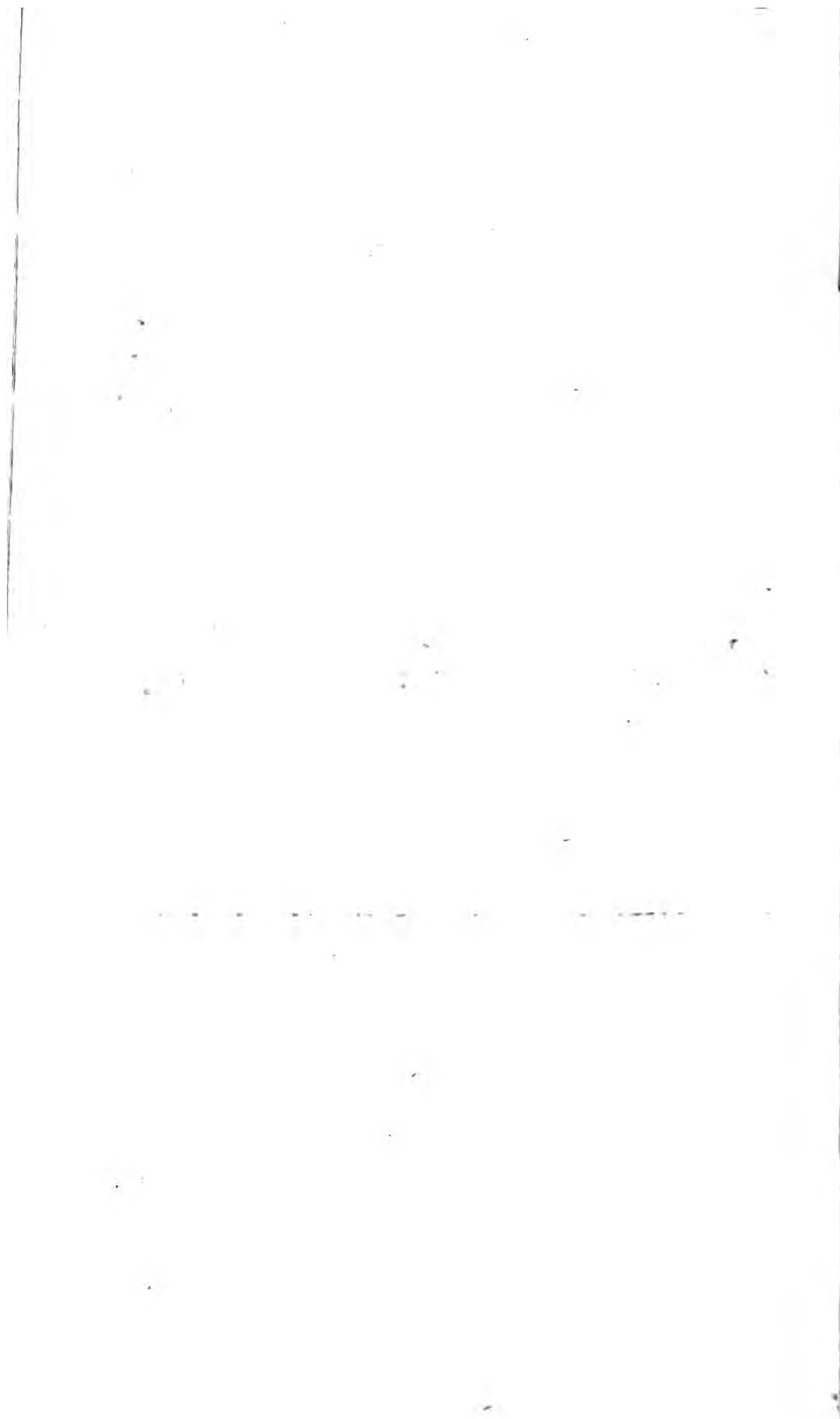
Plunge in a courtier ; straight his fears
 Direct his hands to stop his ears.
 And now truth seems a grating noise,
 He loves the slanderer's whisp'ring voice ;
 He hangs on flatt'ry with delight,
 And thinks all fulsome praise is right.

All women dread a watry death :
They shut their lips to hold their breath,
And though you duck them ne'er so long,
Not one salt drop e'er wets their tongue ;
'Tis hence they scandal have at will,
And that this member ne'er lies still.





E C L O G U E S.





THE
BIRTH of the *SQUIRE*,
An ECLOGUE.

In Imitation of the POLLIO of VIRGIL.



THE sylvan Muses, loftier strains recite,
Not all in shades, and humble cott's delight.
Hark! the bells ring; along the distant
grounds

The driving gales convey the swelling sounds;
Th' attentive swain, forgetful of his work,
With gaping wonder, leans upon his fork.
What sudden news alarms the waking morn?
To the glad Squire a hopeful heir is born.

VOL. II.

E

Mourn,

Mourn, mourn, ye stags, and all the beasts of chase,
 This hour destruction brings on all your race :
 See the pleas'd tenants duteous off'rings bear,
 Turkeys and geese, and grocers sweetest ware ;
 With the new health the pond'rous tankard flows,
 And old *Otober* reddens ev'ry nose.

Beagles and spaniels round his cradle stand,
 Kifs his moist lip and gently lick his hand ;
 He joys to hear the shrill horn's echoing sounds,
 And learns to list the names of all the hounds.
 With frothy ale to make his cup o'erflow,
 Barley shall in paternal acres grow ;
 The bee shall sip the fragrant dew from flow'rs,
 To give metheglin for his morning hours ;
 For him the clustring hop shall climb the poles,
 And his own orchard sparkle in his bowles.

His Sire's exploits he now with wonder hears,
 The monstrous tales indulge his greedy ears ;
 How when youth strung his nerves and warm'd his veins,
 He rode the mighty *Nimrod* of the plains :
 He leads the staring infant through the hall,
 Points out the horny spoils that grace the wall ;

Tells

Tells, how this stag thro' three whole Countys fled,
 What rivers swam, where bay'd, and where he bled.
 Now he the wonders of the fox repeats,
 Describes the desp'rate chafe, and all his cheats ;
 How in one day beneath his furious speed,
 He tir'd seven courfers of the fleetest breed ;
 How high the pale he leapt, how wide the ditch,
 When the hound tore the haunches of the * witch !
 These stories which descend from son to son,
 The forward boy shall one day make his own.

Ah, too fond mother, think the time draws nigh,
 That calls the darling from thy tender eye ;
 How shall his spirit brook the rigid rules,
 And the long tyranny of grammar schools ?
 Let younger brothers o'er dull authors plod,
 Lash'd into *Latin* by the tingling rod ;
 No, let him never feel that smart disgrace :
 Why should he wiser prove than all his race ?

When rip'ning youth with down o'er shades his chin,
 And ev'ry female eye incites to fin ;

* *The most common accident to Sportsmen ; to hunt a
 witch in the shape of a hare.*

The milk-maid (thoughtless of her future shame)
 With smacking lip shall raise his guilty flame ;
 The dairy, barn, the hay-loft and the grove
 Shall oft' be conscious of their stolen love.
 But think, *Priscilla*, on that dreadful time,
 When pangs and watry qualms shall own thy crime ;
 How wilt thou tremble when thy nipple's prest,
 To see the white drops bathe thy swelling breast !
 Nine moons shall publicly divulge thy shame,
 And the young Squire forestall a father's name.

When twice twelve times the reaper's sweeping hand
 With levell'd harvests has bestrown the land,
 On fam'd *St. Hubert's* feast, his winding horn
 Shall cheer the joyful hound and wake the morn !
 This memorable day his eager speed
 Shall urge with bloody heel the rising steed.
 O check the foamy bit, nor tempt thy fate,
 Think on the murders of a five-bar gate !
 Yet prodigal of life, the leap he tries,
 Low in the dust his groveling honour lies,
 Headlong he falls, and on the rugged stone
 Distorts his neck, and cracks the collar-bone ;

O vent'rous youth, thy thirst of game allay,
Mayst thou survive the perils of this day !
He shall survive ; and in late years be sent
To snore away debates in *Parliament*.

The time shall come, when his more solid sense
With nod important shall the laws dispense ;
A Justice with grave Justices shall fit,
He praise their wisdom, they admire his wit.
No greyhound shall attend the tenant's pace,
No rusty gun the farmer's chimney grace ;
Salmons shall leave their covers void of fear,
Nor dread the thievish net or triple spear ;
Poachers shall tremble at his awful name,
Whom vengeance now o'ertakes for murder'd game.

Assist me, *Bacchus*, and ye drunken Pow'rs,
To sing his friendships and his midnight hours !

Why dost thou glory in thy strength of beer,
Firm cork'd, and mellow'd till the twentieth year ;
Brew'd or when *Phæbus* warms the fleecy sign,
Or when his languid rays in *Scorpio* shine.

Think on the mischiefs which from hence have sprung !
 It arms with curses dire the wrathful tongue ;
 Foul scandal to the lying lip affords,
 And prompts the mem'ry with injurious words.
 O where is wisdom, when by this o'erpower'd ?
 The state is censur'd, and the maid deflower'd !
 And wilt thou still, O Squire, brew ale so strong ?
 Hear then the dictates of prophetic song.

Methinks I see him in his hall appear,
 Where the long table floats in clammy beer,
 Midst mugs and glasses shatter'd o'er the floor,
 Dead-drunk his servile crew supinely snore ;
 Triumphant, o'er the prostrate brutes he stands,
 The mighty bumper trembles in his hands ;
 Boldly he drinks, and like his glorious Sires,
 In copious gulps of potent ale expires.





THE
TOILETTE,
A Town ECLOGUE.

LYDIA.



OW twenty springs had cloath'd the
Park with green,
Since *Lydia* knew the blossom of fifteen ;
No lovers now her morning hours molest,
And catch her at her Toilette half undrest ;
The thund'ring knocker wakes the street no more,
No chairs, no coaches croud her silent door ;
Her midnights once at cards and *Hazard* fled,
Which now, alas ! she dreams away in bed.

Around her wait Shocks, monkeys and mockaws,
To fill the place of Fops, and perjur'd Beaus ;
In these she views the mimickry of man,
And smiles when grinning *Pug* gallants her fan ;
When *Poll* repeats, the sounds deceive her ear,
For sounds like his, once told her *Damon's* care.
With these alone her tedious mornings pass ;
Or at the dumb devotion of her glass,
She smooths her brow, and frizles forth her hairs,
And fancys youthful dress gives youthful airs :
With crimson wool she fixes every grace,
That not a blush can discompose her face.
Reclin'd upon her arm she pensive fate,
And curs'd th' inconstancy of youth too late.

O Youth ! O spring of life ! for ever lost !
No more my name shall reign the fav'rite Toast,
On glass no more the di'mond grave my name,
And rhymes misspell'd record a lover's flame :
Nor shall side-boxes watch my restless eyes,
And as they catch the glance in rows arise
With humble bows ; nor white-glov'd Beaus encroach
In crouds behind, to guard me to my coach.

Ah hapless nymph ! such conquests are no more,
For *Chloe's* now what *Lydia* was before !

'Tis true, this *Chloe* boasts the peach's bloom,
But does her nearer whisper breathe perfume ?
I own her taper shape is form'd to please ;
Yet if you saw her unconfin'd by stays !
She doubly to fifteen may make pretence,
Alike we read it in her face and sense.
Her reputation ! but that never yet
Could check the freedoms of a young Coquet.
Why will ye then, vain Fops, her eyes believe ?
Her eyes can, like your perjur'd tongues, deceive.

What shall I do ? how spend the hateful day ?
At chapel shall I wear the morn away ?
Who there frequents at these unmodish hours,
But antient matrons with their frizled tow'rs,
And gay religious maids ? my prefence there
Amid that sober train would own despair ;
Nor am I yet so old ; nor is my glance
As yet fixt wholly to devotion's trance.

Straight then I'll dress, and take my wonted range
 Through ev'ry *Indian* shop, through all the *Change* ;
 Where the tall jar erects his costly pride,
 With antick shapes in *China's* azure dy'd ;
 There careless lies the rich brocade unroll'd,
 Here shines a cabinet with burnish'd gold ;
 But then remembrance will my grief renew,
 'Twas there the raffling dice false *Damon* threw ;
 The raffling dice to him decide the prize,
 'Twas there he first convers'd with *Chloe's* eyes ;
 Hence sprung th' ill-fated cause of all my smart,
 To me the toy he gave, to her his heart.
 But soon thy perj'ry in the gift was found,
 The shiver'd *China* dropt upon the ground ;
 Sure omen that thy vows would faithless prove ;
 Frail was thy present, frailer is thy love.

O happy *Pall*, in wiry prison pent ;
 Thou ne'er hast known what love or rivals meant,
 And *Pug* with pleasure can his fetters bear,
 Who ne'er believ'd the vows that lovers swear !
 How am I curst ! (unhappy and forlorn)
 With perjury, with love, and rival's scorn !

Falfe

False are the loose Coquet's inveigling airs,
 False is the pompous grief of youthful heirs,
 False is the cringing courtier's plighted word,
 False are the dice when gamesters stamp the board,
 False is the sprightly widow's publick tear ;
 Yet these to *Damon's* oaths are all sincere.

Fly from perfidious man, the sex disdain ;
 Let servile *Chloe* wear the nuptial chain.
Damon is practis'd in the modish life,
 Can hate, and yet be civil to a wife.
 He games ; he swears ; he drinks ; he fights ; he roves ;
 Yet *Chloe* can believe he fondly loves.
 Mistress and wife can well supply his need,
 A miss for pleasure, and a wife for breed.
 But *Chloe's* air is unconfin'd and gay,
 And can perhaps an injur'd bed repay ;
 Perhaps her patient temper can behold
 The rival of her love adorn'd with gold,
 Powder'd with di'monds ; free from thought and care,
 A husband's fullen humours she can bear.

Why are these sobs ; and why these streaming eyes ?
 Is love the cause ? no, I the sex despise ;

I hate

I hate, I loath his base perfidious name ;
Yet if he should but feign a rival flame ?
But *Cbloë* boasts and triumphs in my pains,
To her he's faithful, 'tis to me he feigns.

Thus love-sick *Lydia* rav'd. Her maid appears ;
A band-box in her steady hand she bears.
How well this ribband's gloss becomes your face,
She cries, in raptures ! then, so sweet a lace !
How charmingly you look ! so bright ! so fair !
'Tis to your eyes the head dress owes its air.
Straight *Lydia* smil'd ; the comb adjusts her locks,
And at the Play-house *Harry* keeps her box.



T H E



THE
TEA-TABLE,
A Town ECLOGUE.

DORIS and MELANTHE.



*S*AINT James's noon-day bell for pray'r
had toll'd,
And coaches to the Patron's *Lévée* roll'd,
When *Doris* rose. And now through all
the room

From flow'ry Tea exhales a fragrant fume.
Cup after cup they sipt, and talk'd by fits,
For *Doris* here, and there *Melanthe* fits.
Doris was young, a laughter-loving dame,
Nice of her own alike and others fame;

Melanthe's.

Melantbe's tongue could well a tale advance,
 And sooner gave than funk a circumstance:
 Lock'd in her mem'ry secrets never dy'd;
Doris begun, *Melantbe* thus reply'd.

D O R I S.

Sylvia the vain fantastick Fop admires,
 The Rake's loose gallantry her bosom fires;
Sylvia like that is vain, like this she roves,
 In liking them she but her self approves.

M E L A N T H E.

Laura rails on at men, the sex reviles,
 Their vice condemns, or at their folly smiles.
 Why should her tongue in just resentment fail,
 Since men at her with equal freedom rail?

D O R I S.

Last *Masquerade* was *Sylvia* nymph-like seen,
 Her hand a crook sustain'd, her dress was green;
 An am'rous shepherd led her through the croud,
 The nymph was innocent, the shepherd vow'd;
 But nymphs their innocence with shepherds trust;
 So both withdrew, as nymph and shepherd must.

M E L A N T H E.

Name but the licence of the modern stage,
Laura takes fire, and kindles into rage;

The

The whining Tragic love she scarce can bear,
 But nauseous Comedy ne'er shock'd her ear ;
 Yet in the gall'ry mobb'd, she sits secure,
 And laughs at jests that turn the Box demure.

D O R I S.

Trust not, ye Ladies, to your beauty's pow'r,
 For beauty withers like a shrivell'd flow'r ;
 Yet those fair flow'rs that *Sylvia's* temples bind,
 Fade not with sudden blights or winter's wind ;
 Like those her face defies the rolling years,
 For art her roses and her charms repairs.

M E L A N T H E.

Laura despises ev'ry outward grace,
 The wanton sparkling eye, the blooming face ;
 The beauties of the soul are all her pride,
 For other beauties nature has deny'd ;
 If affectation show a beauteous mind,
 Lives there a man to *Laura's* merits blind ?

D O R I S.

Sylvia be sure defies the town's reproach,
 Whose *Deshabille* is foil'd in hackney coach ;
 What though the fash was clos'd, must we conclude,
 That she was yielding, when her Fop was rude ?

M E L A N-

M E L A N T H E.

Laura learnt caution at too dear a cost.
 What Fair could e'er retrieve her honour lost?
 Secret she loves; and who the nymph can blame,
 Who durst not own a footman's vulgar flame?

D O R I S.

Though *Laura's* homely taste descends so low;
 Her footman well may vie with *Sylvia's* Beau.

M E L A N T H E.

Yet why should *Laura* think it a disgrace,
 When proud *Miranda's* groom wears *Flander's* lace?

D O R I S.

What, though for musick *Cynthio* boasts an ear?
Robin perhaps can hum an *Opera* air.
Cynthio can bow, takes snuff, and dances well,
Robin talks common sense, can write and spell;
Sylvia's vain fancy drefs and show admires,
 But 'tis the man alone whom *Laura* fires.

M E L A N T H E.

Plato's wife morals *Laura's* soul improve:
 And this no doubt must be *Platonic* love!
 Her soul to gen'rous acts was still inclin'd;
 What shows more virtue than an humble mind?

D O R I S.

D O R I S.

What though young *Sylvia* love the Park's cool shade,
 And wander in the dusk the secret glade?
 Masqu'd and alone (by chance) she met her spark,
 That innocence is weak which shuns the dark.

M E L A N T H E.

But *Laura* for her flame has no pretence;
 Her footman is a footman too in sense.
 All prudes I hate, and those are rightly curst
 With scandal's double load, who censure first.

D O R I S.

And what if *Cynthia Sylvia's* garter ty'd!
 Who such a foot and such a leg would hide;
 When crook-kneed *Phyllis* can expose to view
 Her gold-clock'd stocking, and her tawdry shoe?

M E L A N T H E.

If pure Devotion center in the face,
 If cens'ring others show intrinsick grace,
 If guilt to publick freedoms be confin'd,
Prudes (all must own) are of the holy kind!

D O R I S.

Sylvia disdains reserve, and flies constraint:
 She neither is, nor would be thought a Saint,

M E L A N-

M E L A N T H E.

Love is a trivial passion, *Laura* cries,
 May I be blest with friendship's stricter tyes ;
 To such a breast all secrets we commend ;
 Sure the whole *Drawing-room* is *Laura's* friend.

D O R I S.

At marriage *Sylvia* rails ; who men would trust ?
 Yet husbands jealousies are sometimes just.
 Her favours *Sylvia* shares among mankind,
 Such gen'rous love should never be confined.

As thus alternate chat employ'd their tongue,
 With thund'ring raps the brasen knocker rung.
Laura with *Sylvia* came ; the nymphs arise :
 This unexpected visit, *Doris* cries,
 Is doubly kind ! *Melanthe* *Laura* led,
 Since I was last so blest, my dear, she said,
 Sure 'tis an age ! they fate ; the hour was set ;
 And all again that night at *Ombre* met.



THE
FUNERAL,
A Town ECLOGUE.
SABINA. LUCY.



WICE had the moon perform'd her
monthly race,
Since first the veil o'ercaft *Sabina's* face.
Then dy'd the tender partner of her bed.
And lives *Sabina* when *Fidelio's* dead ?
Fidelio's dead, and yet *Sabina* lives.
But see the tribute of her tears she gives ;
Their absent Lord her rooms in sable mourn,
And all the day the glimmering tapers burn ;
Stretch'd on the couch of state she pensive lies,
While oft the snowy Cambric wipes her eyes.

Now

Now enter'd *Lucy*, trusty *Lucy* knew,
 To roll a sleeve, or bear a *Billet-doux* ;
 Her ready tongue, in secret service try'd,
 With equal fluency spoke truth or ly'd,
 She well could flush, or humble a gallant,
 And serve at once as maid and confidant ;
 A letter from her faithful stays she took :
Sabina snatch'd it with an angry look,
 And thus in hasty words her grief confess'd,
 While *Lucy* strove to sooth her troubled breast.

S A B I N A.

What, still *Myrtillo's* hand ! his flame I scorn,
 Give back his passion with the seal untorn.
 To break our soft repose has man a right,
 And are we doom'd to read whate'er they write ?
 Not all the sex my firm resolves shall move,
 My life's a life of sorrow, not of love.
 May *Lydia's* wrinkles all my forehead trace,
 And *Celia's* paleness sicken o'er my face,
 May Fops of mine, as *Flavia's* favours, boast,
 And Coquets triumph in my honour lost ;
 May cards employ my nights, and never more
 May these curst eyes behold a Matadore !

Break

Break *China*, perish *Shock*, die *Perroquet*!

When I *Fidelio*'s dearer love forget.

Fidelio's judgment scorn'd the foppish train,

His air was easy, and his dress was plain,

His words sincere, respect his presence drew,

And on his lips sweet conversation grew.

Where's wit, where's beauty, where is virtue fled?

Alas! they're now no more; *Fidelio*'s dead!

L U C Y.

Yet when he liv'd, he wanted ev'ry grace;

That easy air was then an awkward pace:

Have not your sighs in whispers often said,

His dress was slovenly, his speech ill-bred?

Have not I heard you, with a secret tear,

Call that sweet converse fullen and severe?

Think not I come to take *Myrtillo*'s part,

Let *Chloe*, *Daphne*, *Doris* share his heart.

Let *Chloe*'s love in ev'ry ear express

His graceful person and genteel address.

All well may judge, what shaft has *Daphne* hit,

Who suffers silence to admire his wit.

His equipage and liv'ries *Doris* move,

But *Chloe*, *Daphne*, *Doris* fondly love.

Sooner

Sooner shall Cits in fashions guide the Court,
 And Beaus upon the busy *Change* resort;
 Sooner the nation shall from snuff be freed,
 And fops apartments smoke with *India's* weed,
 Sooner I'd with and sigh through nunn'ry grates,
 Than recommend the flame *Sabina* hates.

S A B I N A

Because some widows are in haste subdu'd;
 Shall ev'ry fop upon our tears intrude?
 Can I forget my lov'd *Fidelio's* tongue,
 Soft as the warbling of *Italian* song?
 Did not his rosy lips breathe forth perfume,
 Fragrant as steams from *Tea's* imperial bloom?

L U C Y.

Yet once you thought that tongue a greater curse
 Than squawles of children for an absent nurse.
 Have you not fancy'd in his frequent kifs
 Th' ungrateful leavings of a filthy *Mifs*?

S A B I N A.

Love, I thy pow'r defy; no second flame,
 Shall ever raze my dear *Fidelio's* name.
Fannia without a tear might lose her Lord,
 Who ne'er enjoy'd his presence but at board.

And

And why should sorrow fit on *Lesbia's* face ?
 Are there such comforts in a sot's embrace ?
 No friend, no lover is to *Lesbia* dead,
 For *Lesbia* long had known a sep'rate bed.
 Gush forth, ye tears ; waste, waste, ye sighs, my breast ;
 My days, my nights were by *Fidelio* blest !

L U C Y.

You cannot sure forget how oft you said
 His teasing fondness jealousy betray'd !
 When at the Play the neighb'ring box he took,
 You thought you read suspicion in his look ;
 When cards and counters flew around the board,
 Have you not wish'd the absence of your Lord ?
 His company was then a poor pretence,
 To check the freedoms of a wife's expence.

S A B I N A.

But why should I *Myrtillo's* passion blame,
 Since Love's a fierce involuntary flame ?

L U C Y.

Could he the fallies of his heart withstand,
 Why should he not to *Chloe* give his hand ?
 For *Chloe's* handsom, yet he flights her flame ;
 Last night she fainted at *Sabina's* name.

Why

Why, *Daphne*, dost thou blast *Sabina's* charms ?
Sabina keeps no lover from thy arms.

At *Crimp Myrtyllo* play'd, in kind regards
Doris dealt love ; he only dealt the cards ;
Doris was touch'd with spleen ; her fan she rent,
 Flew from the table, and to tears gave vent.

Why, *Doris*, dost thou curse *Sabina's* eyes ?
 To her *Myrtyllo* is a vulgar prize.

S A B I N A.

Yet say, I lov'd ; how loud would censure rail,
 So soon to quit the duties of the veil !
 No, sooner Plays and Op'ras I'd forswear,
 And change these *China* jars for *Tunbridge* ware ;
 Or trust my mother as a Confidant,
 Or fix a friendship with my maiden aunt,
 Than till ——— to-morrow throw my weeds away.
 Yet let me see him, if he comes to day !





THE
E S P O U S A L,
A Sober ECLOGUE,
Between two of the People called Quakers.

C A L E B. T A B I T H A.



U N D E R T H E shadow of a beaver hat,
Meek *Caleb* at a silent meeting sat;
His eye-balls oft' forgot the holy trance,
While *Tabitha* demure, return'd the
glance.

The meeting ended, *Caleb* silence broke,
And *Tabitha* her inward yearnings spoke.

C A L E B.

Beloved, see how all things follow love,
Lamb fondleth lamb, and dove disports with dove;

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Yet

Yet fondled lambs their innocence secure,
 And none can call the turtle's bill impure ;
 O fairest of our sisters, let me be
 The billing dove, and fondling lamb to thee.

T A B I T H A.

But, *Caleb*, know that birds of gentle mind
 Elect a mate among the sober kind,
 Not the mockaws, all deck'd in scarlet pride,
 Entice their mild and modest hearts aside ;
 But thou, vain man, beguil'd by Popish shows,
 Doatest on ribbands, flounces, furbelows.
 If thy false heart be fond of tawdry dyes,
 Go, wed the painted arch in summer skies ;
 Such love will like the rainbow's hue decay,
 Strong at the first, but passeth soon away.

C A L E B.

Name not the frailties of my youthful days,
 When vice mis-led me through the harlot's ways ;
 When I with wanton look thy sex beheld,
 And nature with each wanton look rebell'd ;
 Then parti-colour'd pride my heart might move
 With lace ; the net to catch unhallow'd love.
 All such-like love is fading as the flower,
 Springs in a day, and withereth in an hour :

But

But now I feel the spoufal love within,
And spoufal love no fister holds a fin.

T A B I T H A.

I know thou longest for the flaunting maid,
Thy falshood own, and say I am betray'd ;
The tongue of man is blister'd o'er with lies,
But truth is ever read in woman's eyes :
O that my lip obey'd a tongue like thine !
Or that thine eye bewray'd a love like mine !

C A L E B.

How bitter are thy words ! forbear to teaze,
I too might blame — but love delights to please.
Why should I tell thee, that when last the sun
Painted the downy peach of *Newington*,
Josiah led thee through the garden's walk,
And mingled melting kisses with his talk ?
Ah Jealousy ! turn, turn thine eyes aside,
How can I see that watch adorn thy side ?
For verily no gift the sisters take
For lust of gain, but for the giver's sake.

T A B I T H A.

I own, *Josiah* gave the golden toy,
Which did the righteous hand of *Quare* employ ;

When *Caleb* hath assign'd some happy day,
 I look on this and chide the hours delay :
 And when *Josiah* would his love pursue,
 On this I look and shun his wanton view.
 Man but in vain with trinkets tries to move,
 The only present love demands is love.

C A L E B.

Ah *Tabitha*, to hear these words of thine
 My pulse beats high, as if inflam'd with wine !
 When to the brethren first with fervent zeal
 Thy spirit mov'd thy yearnings to reveal,
 How did I joy thy trembling lip to see
 Red as the cherry from the *Kentish* tree ;
 When Extasy had warm'd thy look so meek,
 Gardens of roses blushed on thy cheek.
 With what sweet transport didst thou roll thine eyes,
 How did thy words provoke the brethren's sighs !
 Words that with holy sighs might others move,
 But, *Tabitha*, my sighs were sighs of love.

T A B I T H A.

Is *Tabitha* beyond her wishes blest ?
 Does no proud worldly dame divide thy breast ?
 Then hear me, *Caleb*, witness what I speak,
 This solemn promise death alone can break ;

Soone

Sooner I would bedeck my brow with lace,
 And with immodest fav'rites shade my face,
 Sooner like *Babylon's* lewd whore be drest
 In flaring di'monds and a scarlet vest,
 Or make a curt'fy in Cathedral pew,
 Than prove inconstant, while my *Caleb's* true.

C A L E B.

When I prove false, and *Tabitha* forsake,
 Teachers shall dance a jig at country wake ;
 Brethren unbeaver'd then shall bow their head,
 And with prophane mince-pies our babes be fed.

T A B I T H A.

If that *Josiah* were with passion fir'd,
 Warm as the zeal of youth when first inspir'd ;
 In steady love though he might persevere,
 Unchanging as the decent garb we wear,
 And thou wert fickle as the wind that blows,
 Light as the feather on the head of Beaus ;
 Yet I for thee would all the sex resign,
 Sisters, take all the rest — be *Caleb* mine.

C A L E B.

Though I had all that sinful love affords,
 And all the concubines of all the Lords,

F 3



Whose

Whose couches creak with whoredom's sinful shame,
 Whose velvet chairs are with adult'ry lame ;
 Ev'n in the harlot's hall, I would not sip
 The dew of lewdness from her lying lip ;
 I'd shun her paths, upon thy mouth to dwell,
 More sweet than powder which the merchants sell ;
 O solace me with kisses pure like thine !
 Enjoy, ye Lords, the wanton concubine,
 The spring now calls us forth ; come, sister, come,
 To see the primrose and the daisy bloom,
 Let ceremony bind the worldly pair,
 Sisters esteem the brethrens word sincere.

T A B I T H A.

Espoufals are but forms. O lead me hence,
 For secret love can never give offence.

Then hand in hand the loving mates withdraw.
True love is nature unrestrain'd by law.
 This tenet all the holy sect allows ;
 So *Tabitha* took earnest of a spouse.

MISCELLANIES.

F 4



To my ingenious and worthy Friend

W-----*L*----- Esq;

*Author of that celebrated treatise in folio,
called the LAND-TAX BILL.*



WHEN Poets print their works, the scrib-
bling crew

Stick the Bard o'er with Bays, like Christ-
mas pew :

Can meagre Poetry such fame deserve ?
Can Poetry ; that only writes to starve ?
And shall no laurel decks that famous head,
In which the Senate's annual law is bred ?
That hoary head, which greater glory fires,
By nobler *ways* and *means* true fame acquires.

O had I *Virgil's* force to sing the man,
 Whose learned lines can millions raise *per ann.*
 Great *L*— his praise should swell the trump of fame,
 And *Rapes* and *Wapentakes* resound his name.

If the blind Poet gain'd a long renown
 By singing ev'ry *Grecian* chief and town ;
 Sure *L* — his prose much greater fame requires,
 Which sweetly counts five thousand Knights and Squires,
 Their feats, their cities, parishes and shires. }

Thy copious Preamble so smoothly runs,
 Taxes no more appear like legal duns,
 Lords, Knights, and Squires th' Assessors power obey,
 We read with pleasure, though with pain we pay.

Ah why did *C* — thy works defame !
 That author's long harangue betrays his name :
 After his speeches can his pen succeed ?
 Though forc'd to hear, we're not oblig'd to read.

Under what science shall thy works be read ?
 All know thou wert not Poet born and bred ;

Or

Or dost thou boast th' Historian's lasting pen,
Whose annals are the *Acts* of worthy men ?
No. Satyr is thy talent ; and each lash
Makes the rich Miser tremble o'er his cash ;
What on the Drunkard can be more severe,
Than direful taxes on his ale and beer ?

Ev'n *Button's* Wits are nought compar'd to thee,
Who ne'er were known or prais'd but o'er his Tea,
While Thou through *Britain's* distant isle shalt spread,
In ev'ry *Hundred* and *Division* read.
Criticks in *Classicks* oft' interpolate,
But ev'ry word of thine is fix'd as Fate,
Some works come forth at noon, but die at night
In blazing fringes round a tallow light,
Some may perhaps to a whole week extend,
Like *S* —— (when unassisted by a friend)
But thou shalt live a year in spite of fate ;
And where's your author boasts a longer date ?
Poets of old had such a wondrous power,
That with their verses they could raise a tower ;
But in thy Prose a greater force is found ;
What Poet ever rais'd ten thousand pound ?

Cadmus, by sowing dragons teeth, we read,
Rais'd a vast army from the pois'nous feed.
Thy labours, *L* ———, can greater wonders do,
Thou raifest armies, and canst pay them too.
Truce with thy dreaded pen ; thy Annals cease ;
Why need we armies when the land's in peace ?
Soldiers are perfect devils in their way,
When once they're rais'd, they're curf'd hard to lay.



PAN-



PANTHEA.

An ELEGY.

Long had *Panthea* felt Love's secret smart,
 And hope and fear alternate rul'd her heart ;
 Consenting glances had her flame confest,
 (In woman's eyes her very soul's exprest)
 Perjur'd *Alexis* saw the blushing maid,
 He saw, he swore, he conquer'd and betray'd :
 Another love now calls him from her arms,
 His fickle heart another beauty warms ;
 Those oaths oft whisper'd in *Panthea's* ears,
 He now again to *Galatea* swears.
 Beneath a beech th' abandon'd virgin laid,
 In grateful solitude enjoys the shade ;
 There with faint voice she breath'd these moving strains,
 While sighing Zephyrs shar'd her am'rous pains,

Pale

Pale settled sorrow hangs upon my brow,
 Dead are my charms; *Alexis* breaks his vow!
 Think, think, dear shepherd, on the days you knew,
 When I was happy when my swain was true;
 Think how thy looks and tongue are form'd to move,
 And think yet more—that all my fault was love.
 Ah, could you view me in this wretched state!
 You might not love me, but you could not hate.
 Could you behold me in this conscious shade,
 Where first thy vows, where first my love was paid,
 Worn out with watching, fullen with despair,
 And see each eye swell with a gushing tear?
 Could you behold me on this mossy bed,
 From my pale cheek the lively crimson fled,
 Which in my softer hours you oft have sworn,
 With rosy beauty far out-blush'd the morn;
 Could you untouch'd this wretched object bear,
 And would not lost *Panthea* claim a tear?
 You could not sure—tears from your eyes would steal,
 And unawares thy tender soul reveal.
 Ah no!—thy soul with cruelty is fraught,
 No tenderness disturbs thy savage thought,
 Sooner shall tigers spare the trembling lambs,
 And wolves with pity hear their bleating dams;

Sooner

Sooner shall vultures from their quarry fly,
Than false *Alexis* for *Panthea* fight.
Thy bosom ne'er a tender thought confess;
Sure stubborn flint has arm'd thy cruel breast;
But hardest flints are worn by frequent rains,
And the soft drops dissolve their solid veins;
While thy relentless heart more hard appears,
And is not soften'd by a flood of tears.

Ah, what is love! *Panthea's* joys are gone,
Her liberty, her peace, her reason flown!
And when I view me in the watry glass,
I find *Panthea* now, not what she was.
As northern winds the new blown roses blast,
And on the ground their fading ruins cast;
As sudden blights corrupt the ripen'd grain,
And of its verdure spoil the mournful plain;
So hapless love on blooming features preys,
So hapless love destroys our peaceful days.

Come, gentle sleep, relieve these weary'd eyes,
All sorrow in thy soft embraces dies:
There, spite of all thy perjur'd vows, I find
Faithless *Alexis* languishingly kind;

Some-

Sometimes he leads me by the mazy stream,
 And pleasingly deludes me in my dream ;
 Sometimes he guides me to the secret grove,
 Where all our looks, and all our talk is love.
 Oh, could I thus consume each tedious day,
 And in sweet slumbers dream my life away ;
 But sleep, which now no more relieves these eyes,
 To my sad soul the dear deceit denies.

Why does the sun dart forth his chearful rays ?
 Why do the woods resound with warbling lays ?
 Why does the rose her grateful fragrance yield,
 And yellow cowslips paint the smiling field ?
 Why do the streams with murm'ring musick flow,
 And why do groves their friendly shade bestow ?
 Let sable clouds the chearful sun deface,
 Let mournful silence seize the feather'd race ;
 No more, ye roses, grateful fragrance yield,
 Droop, droop, ye cowslips, in the blasted field ;
 No more, ye streams, with murm'ring musick flow,
 And let not groves a friendly shade bestow :
 With sympathizing grief let nature mourn,
 And never know the youthful spring's return ;

And

And shall I never more *Alexis* see?
Then what is spring, or grove or stream to me?

Why sport the skipping lambs on yonder plain?
Why do the birds their tuneful voices strain?
Why frisk those heifers in the cooling grove?
Their happier life is ignorant of love.

Oh! lead me to some melancholy cave,
To lull my sorrows in a living grave,
From the dark rock where dashing waters fall,
And creeping ivy hangs the craggy wall,
Where I may waste in tears my hours away,
And never know the seasons or the day.
Die, die, *Panthea*—fly this hateful grove,
For what is life without the Swain I love?





ARAMINTA.

An ELEGY.

NOW *Phæbus* rose; and with his early beams
 Wak'd slumb'ring *Delia* from her pleasing dreams;
 Her wishes by her fancy were supply'd,
 And in her sleep the nuptial knot was ty'd.
 With secret joy she saw the morning ray
 Chequer the floor, and through the curtains play;
 The happy morn that shall her bliss compleat,
 And all her rivals envious hopes defeat.
 In haste she rose; forgetful of her pray'rs,
 Flew to the glass, and practis'd o'er her airs:
 Her new-set jewels round her robe are plac'd,
 Some in a brilliant buckle bind her waist;
 Some round her neck a circling light display,
 Some in her hair diffuse a trembling ray;
 The silver knot o'erlooks the *Mechlen* lace,
 And adds becoming beauties to her face:

Brocaded

Brocaded flow'rs o'er the gay manteau shine,
And the rich stays her taper shape confine :
Thus all her dress exerts a graceful pride,
And sporting Loves surround th' expecting bride,
For *Daphnis* now attends the blushing maid,
Before the Priest their solemn vows are paid ;
This day which ends at once all *Delia's* cares,
Shall swell a thousand eyes with secret tears.
Cease, *Araminta*, 'tis in vain to grieve,
Canst thou from *Hymen's* bonds the youth retrieve ?
Disdain his perj'ries, and no longer mourn :
Recall my love, and find a sure return.

But still the wretched maid no comfort knows,
And with Resentment cherishes her woes ;
Alone she pines, and in these mournful strains,
Of *Daphnis's* vows, and her own fate complains.

Was it for this I sparkled at the *Play*,
And loiter'd in the *Ring* whole hours away ?
When if thy chariot in the circle shone,
Our mutual passion by our looks was known :
Through the gay croud my watchful glances flew,
Where-e'er I pass thy grateful eyes pursue.

*Ah faithless youth! too well you saw my pain;
For eyes the language of the soul explain.*

Think, *Daphnis*, think that scarce five days are fled,
Since (O false tongue!) those treach'rous things you said;
How did you praise my shape and graceful air!
And woman thinks all compliments sincere.
Didst not thou then in rapture speak thy flame,
And in soft sighs breathe *Araminta's* name?
Didst thou not then with oaths thy passion prove,
And with an awful trembling, say——I love?

*Ah faithless youth! too well you saw my pain;
For eyes the language of the soul explain.*

How could'st thou thus, ungrateful youth, deceive?
How could I thus, unguarded maid, believe?
Sure thou canst well recall that fatal night,
When subtle love first enter'd at my sight:
When in the dance I was thy partner chose,
Gods! what a rapture in my bosom rose!
My trembling hand my sudden joy confess'd,
My glowing cheeks a wounded heart express'd;

My

My looks spoke love ; while you with answ'ring eyes,
 In killing glances made as kind replies.
 Think, *Daphnis*, think, what tender things you said,
 Think what confusion all my soul betray'd ;
 You call'd my graceful presence *Cynthia's* air,
 And when I sung, the *Syrens* charm'd your ear ;
 My flame blown up by flatt'ry stronger grew,
 A gale of love in ev'ry whisper flew.

*Ab faithless youth ! too well you saw my pain ;
 For eyes the language of the soul explain.*

Whene'er I dress'd, my maid, who knew my flame,
 Cherish'd my passion with thy lovely name ;
 Thy picture in her talk so lively grew,
 That thy dear image rose before my view ;
 She dwelt whole hours upon thy shape and mien,
 And wounded *Delia's* fame to footh my spleen :
 When she beheld me at the name grow pale,
 Straight to thy charms she chang'd her artful tale ;
 And when thy matchless charms were quite run o'er,
 I bid her tell the pleasing tale once more.
 Oh, *Daphnis* ! from thy *Araminta* fled !
 Oh, to my love for ever, ever dead !

Like

Like death, his nuptials all my hope remove,
And ever part me from the man I love.

*Ab faithless youth! too well you saw my pain;
For eyes the language of the soul explain.*

O might I by my cruel fate be thrown,
In some retreat far from this hateful town!
Vain drefs and glaring equipage, adieu!
Let happier nymphs those empty shows purfue,
Me, let some melancholy fhade furround,
Where not the print of human ftep is found,
In the gay dance my feet no more fhall move,
But bear me faintly through the lonely grove;
No more thefe hands fhall oe'r the fpinnet bound,
And from the fleeping ftrings call forth the found;
Mufick adieu, farewell *Italian* airs!
The croaking raven now fhall footh my carés.
On fome old ruine loft in thought I reft,
And think how *Araminta* once was bleft;
There o'er and o'er thy letters I perufe,
And all my grief in one kind fentence lofe,
Some tender line by chance my woe beguiles,
And on my cheek a fhort-liv'd pleafure fmiles;

Why

Why is this dawn of joy? flow tears again;
 Vain are these oaths, and all these vows are vain;
Daphnis, alas! the *Gordian* knot has ty'd,
 No force nor cunning can the band divide.

*Ah faithless youth! since eyes the soul explain,
 Why knew I not that artful tongue could feign?*



A N

ELEGY *on* a LAP-DOG.

SHOCK's fate I mourn; poor *Shock* is now no more,
 Ye Muses mourn, ye chamber-maids deplore.
 Unhappy *Shock*! yet more unhappy Fair,
 Doom'd to survive thy joy and only care!
 Thy wretch'd fingers now no more shall deck,
 And tye the fav'rite ribband round his neck;
 No more thy hand shall smooth his glossy hair,
 And comb the wavings of his pendent ear.
 Yet cease thy flowing grief, forsaken maid;
 All mortal pleasures in a moment fade:

Our

Our surest hope is in an hour destroy'd,
 And love, best gift of heav'n, not long enjoy'd.

Methinks I see her frantick with despair,
 Her streaming eyes, wrung hands, and flowing hair ;
 Her *Mechlen* pinnners rent the floor bestrow,
 And her torn fan gives real signs of woe.
 Hence Superstition that tormenting guest,
 That haunts with fanfy'd fears the coward breast ;
 No dread events upon this fate attend,
 Stream eyes no more, no more thy tresses rend.
 Tho' certain omens oft forewarn a state,
 And dying lions show the monarch's fate ;
 Why should such fears bid *Celia's* sorrow rise ?
 For when a Lap-Dog falls no lover dies.

Cease, *Celia*, cease ; restrain thy flowing tears,
 Some warmer passion will dispel thy cares.
 In man you'll find a more substantial blifs,
 More grateful toying, and a sweeter kifs.

He's dead, Oh lay him gently in the ground !
 And may his tomb be by this verse renown'd.
Here Shock, the pride of all his kind is laid ;
Who fawn'd like man, but ne'er like man betray'd.



T O A

Young Lady, with some LAMPREYS.

WITH lovers 'twas of old the fashion
 By presents to convey their passion :
 No matter what the gift they sent,
 The Lady saw that love was meant.
 Fair *Atalanta*, as a favour,
 Took the boar's head her Hero gave her ;
 Nor could the bristly thing affront her,
 'Twas a fit present from a hunter,
 When Squires send woodcocks to the dame,
 It serves to show their absent flame :
 Some by a snip of woven hair,
 In posied lockets bribe the fair ;
 How many mercenary matches,
 Have sprung from Di'mond-rings and watches !
 But hold—a ring, a watch, a locket,
 Would drain at once a Poet's pocket ;
 He should send songs that cost him nought,
 Nor ev'n be prodigal of thought.

Why then send Lampreys? fy, for shame!
 'Twill set a virgin's blood on flame.
 This to fifteen a proper gift!
 It might lend sixty-five a lift.

I know your maiden Aunt will scold,
 And think my present somewhat bold.
 I see her lift her hands and eyes.

' What eat it, Niece; eat *Spanish* flies!
 ' Lampreys a most immodest diet:
 ' You'll neither wake nor sleep in quiet.
 ' Should I to-night eat Sago cream,
 ' 'Twould make me blush to tell my dream;
 ' If I eat Lobster, 'tis so warming,
 ' That ev'ry man I see looks charming;
 ' Wherefore had not the filthy fellow?
 ' Laid *Rocheſter* upon your pillow?
 ' I vow and swear, I think the present
 ' Had been as modest and as decent.

' Who has her virtue in her power?
 ' Each day has its unguarded hour;

Always

‘ Always in danger of undoing ;
 ‘ A prawn, a shrimp may prove our ruin !

‘ The shepherdes, who lives on fallad,
 ‘ To cool her youth, controuls her palate ;
 ‘ Sould *Dian's* Maids turn liqu’rish livers,
 ‘ And of huge lampreys rob the rivers,
 ‘ Then all beside each glade and Visto
 ‘ You’d see Nymphs lying like *Calisto*.

‘ The man who meant to heat your blood,
 ‘ Needs not himself such vicious food —

In this, I own, your Aunt is clear,
 I sent you what I well might spare :
 For when I see you, (without joking)
 Your eyes, lips, breasts are so provoking,
 They set my heart more cock-a-hoop,
 Than could whole seas of cray-fish soupe.



PROLOGUE,

Design'd for the Pastoral Tragedy of DIONE.

THERE was a time (Oh were those days renew'd!)
 Ere tyrant laws had woman's will subdu'd;
 Then nature rul'd, and love devoid of art,
 Spoke the consenting language of the heart.
 Love uncontroul'd! insipid poor delight!
 'Tis the restraint that whets our appetite.
 Behold the beasts who range the forests free,
 Behold the birds who fly from tree to tree;
 In their amours see nature's power appear!
 And do they love? Yes — One month in the year.
 Were these the pleasures of the golden reign?
 And did free nature thus instruct the swain?
 I envy not, ye nymphs, your am'rous bowers:
 Such harmless swains! I'm ev'n content with ours.
 But yet there's something in these sylvan scenes
 That tells our fancy what the lover means;
 Name but the mossy bank, and moon-like grove,
 Is there a heart that does not beat with love?

To-

To-night we treat you with such country fare,
 Then for your lovers sake our author spare.
 He draws no *Hemskirk* boors, or home-bred clowns,
 But the soft shepherds of *Arcadia's* downs.

When *Paris* on the three his judgment pass'd ;
 I hope, you'll own the shepherd show'd his taste :
 And *Jove*, all know, was a good judge of beauty,
 Who made the nymph *Calisto* break her duty :
 Then was the country nymph no awkward thing.
 See what strange revolutions time can bring !

Yet still methinks our author's fate I dread,
 Were it not safer beaten paths to tread
 Of Tragedy ; than o'er wide heaths to stray,
 And seeking strange adventures lose his way ?
 No trumpet's clangor makes his Heroine start,
 And tears the soldier from her bleeding heart ;
 He, foolish bard ! nor pomp or show regards.
 Without the witness of a hundred guards
 His Lovers sigh their vows. — if sleep should take ye,
 He has no battle, no loud drum to wake ye.
 What, no such shifts ? there's danger in't, 'tis true ;
 Yet spare him, as he gives you something new.



*Sweet WILLIAM's Farewell
to Black-ey'd SUSAN.*

A BALLAD.

I.

ALL in the *Downs* the fleet was moor'd,
The streamers waving in the wind,
When black-ey'd *Susan* came aboard,
Oh! where shall I my true love find!
Tell, me, ye jovial sailors, tell me true,
If my sweet *William* fails among the crew.

II.

William, who high upon the yard,
Rock'd with the billows to and fro,
Soon as her well-known voice he heard,
He sigh'd and cast his eyes below :
The cord slides swiftly through his glowing hands,
And (quick as lightning) on the deck he stands.

III.

So the sweet lark, high-pois'd in air,
Shuts close his pinions to his breast,

(If,

(If, chance, his mate's shrill call he hear)

And drops at once into her nest.

The noblest Captain in the *British* fleet,

Might envy *William's* lip those kisses sweet.

IV.

O *Susan*, *Susan*, lovely dear,

My vows shall ever true remain ;

Let me kiss off that falling tear,

We only part to meet again.

Change, as ye list, ye winds ; my heart shall be

The faithful compass that still points to thee.

V.

Believe not what the landmen say,

Who tempt with doubts thy constant mind :

They'll tell thee, sailors, when away,

In ev'ry port a mistress find.

Yes, yes, believe them when they tell thee so,

For thou art present wherefoe'er I go.

VI.

If to far *India's* coast we sail,

Thy eyes are seen in di'monds bright,

Thy breath is *Africk's* spicy gale,

Thy skin is ivory so white.

Thus ev'ry beauteous object that I view,
Wakes in my soul some charm of lovely *Sus.*

VII.

Though battle call me from thy arms,
Let not my pretty *Susan* mourn ;
Though cannons roar, yet safe from harms,
William shall to his Dear return.
Love turns aside the balls that round me fly,
Lest precious tears should drop from *Susan's* eye.

VIII.

The boatwain gave the dreadful word,
The fails their swelling bosom spread,
No longer must she stay aboard :
They kiss'd, she sigh'd, he hung his head ;
Her leas'ning boat, unwilling rows to land :
Adieu, she cries ! and wav'd her lily hand.





THE
LADY'S LAMENTATION.

A BALLAD.

I.

PHYLLIDA, that lov'd to dream
In the grove, or by the stream ;
Sigh'd on velvet pillow.
What, alas ! should fill her head
But a fountain or a mead,
Water and a willow ?

II.

Love in cities never dwells,
He delights in rural cells
Which sweet wood-bine covers.
What are your *Assemblies* then ?
There, 'tis true, we see more men ?
But much fewer lovers.

III.

Oh, how chang'd the prospect grows !
Flocks and herds to Fops and Beaus,
Coxcombs without number !

Moon and stars that shone so bright,
 To the torch and waxen light,
 And whole nights at *Ombre*.

IV.

Pleasant as it is, to hear
 Scandal tickling in our ear,
 Ev'n of our own mothers ;
 In the chit-chat of the day,
 To us is pay'd, when we're away,
 What we lent to others.

V.

Though the fav'rite *Toast* I reign ;
 Wine, they say, that prompts the vain,
 Heightens defamation.
 Must I live 'twixt spight and fear,
 Ev'ry day grow handsomer,
 And lose my reputation ;

VI.

Thus the fair to sighs gave way,
 Her empty purse beside her lay.
 Nymph, ah cease thy sorrow.
 Though curst fortune frown to-night ;
 This odious town can give delight
 If you win to-morrow.

D A M O N



DAMON *and* CUPID.

A SONG.

I.

THE fun was now withdrawn,
The shepherds home were sped ;
The moon wide o'er the lawn
Her silver mantle spread ;
When *Damon* staid behind,
And santer'd in the grove.
Will ne'er a nymph be kind,
And give me love for love ?

II.

Oh ! those were golden hours,
When Love devoid of cares,
In all *Arcadia's* bow'rs
Lodg'd swains and nymphs by pairs !
But now from wood and plain
Flies ev'ry sprightly lass,

No joys for me remain,
 In shades, or on the grafs.

III.

The winged boy draws near,
 And thus the fwain reproves,
 While beauty revel'd here,
 My game lay in the groves ;
 At Court I never fail
 To scatter round my arrows,
 Men fall as thick as hail ;
 And maidens love like sparrows.

IV.

Then, fwain, if me you need,
 Straight lay your sheep-hook down ;
 Throw by your oaten reed,
 And hafte away to town.
 So well I'm known at Court,
 None ask where *Cupid* dwells ;
 But readily refort
 To B——n's or L——ll's.



DAPHNIS *and* CHLOE.

A S O N G.

I.

D *Aphnis* stood pensive in the shade,
 With arms across, and head reclin'd ;
 Pale looks accus'd the cruel maïd,
 And sighs reliev'd his love-sick mind :
 His tuneful pipe all broken lay,
 Looks, sighs, and actions seem'd to say,
 My *Chloe* is unkind.

II.

Why ring the woods with warbling throats ?
 Ye larks, ye linnets, cease your strains ;
 I faintly hear in your sweet notes,
 My *Chloe's* voice that wakes my pains :
 Yet why should you your song forbear ?
 Your mates delight your song to hear,
 But *Chloe* mine disdains.

III.

As thus he melancholy stood,
 Dejected as the lonely dove,
 Sweet sounds broke gently through the wood.

I feel the sound : my heart strings move.
 'Twas not the nightingale that sung ;
 No. 'Tis my *Chloe's* sweeter tongue.
 Hark, hark, what says my love !

IV.

How foolish is the nymph (she cries)
 Who trifles with her lover's pain !
 Nature still speaks in woman's eyes,
 Our artful lips were made to feign.
 O *Daphnis, Daphnis*, 'twas my pride,
 'Twas not my heart thy love deny'd.
 Come back, dear youth, again.

V.

As t'other day my hand he seiz'd,
 My blood with thrilling motion flew :
 Sudden I put on looks displeas'd,
 And hasty from his hold withdrew.
 'Twas fear alone, thou simple swain.
 Then hadst thou prest my hand again,
 My heart had yielded too !

'Tis

'Tis true thy tuneful reed I blam'd,
 That swell'd thy lip and rosy cheek ;
 Think not thy skill in song defam'd,
 That lip should other pleasures seek :
 Much, much thy musick I approve ;
 Yet break thy pipe, for more I love,
 Much more to hear thee speak.

VI.

My heart forbodes that I'm betray'd,
Daphnis I fear is ever gone ;
 Last night with *Delia's* dog he play'd,
 Love by such trifles first comes on.
 Now, now, dear shepherd, come away,
 My tongue would now my heart obey.
 Ah *Chloe*, thou art won !

VII.

The youth step'd forth with hasty pace,
 And found where wishing *Chloe* lay ;
 Shame sudden lighten'd in her face,
 Confus'd, she knew not what to say.
 At last in broken words, she cry'd ;
 To-morrow you in vain had try'd,
 But I am lost to-day !



A
CONTEMPLATION
ON
NIGHT.

Whether amid the gloom of night I stray,
Or my glad eyes enjoy revolving day,
Still Nature's various face informs my sense,
Of an all-wise, all-pow'ful Providence.

When the gay sun first breaks the shades of night,
And strikes the distant eastern hills with light,
Colour returns, the plains their liv'ry wear,
And a bright verdure clothes the smiling year;
The blooming flow'rs with opening beauties glow,
And grazing flocks their milky fleeces show,

The

The barren cliffs with chalky fronts arise,
 And a pure azure arches o'er the skies.
 But when the gloomy reign of night returns,
 Stript of her fading pride all nature mourns :
 The trees no more their wonted verdure boast,
 But weep in dewy tears their beauty lost ;
 No distant landships draw our curious eyes,
 Wrapt in night's robe the whole creation lies.
 Yet still, ev'n now, while darkness clothes the land,
 We view the traces of th' almighty hand ;
 Millions of stars in heav'n's wide vault appear,
 And with new glories hang the boundless sphere :
 The silver Moon her western couch forfakes,
 And o'er the skies her nightly circle makes,
 Her solid globe beats back the sunny rays,
 And to the world her borrow'd light repays.

Whether those stars that twinkling lustre send,
 Are suns, and rolling worlds those suns attend,
 Man may conjecture, and new schemes declare,
 Yet all his systems but conjectures are ;
 But this we know, that heav'n's eternal King,
 Who bid this universe from nothing spring,

Can at his *Word* bid num'rous worlds appear,
 And rising worlds th' all-pow'rful *Word* shall hear.

When to the western main the sun descends,
 To other lands a rising day he lends,
 The spreading dawn another shepherd spies,
 The wakeful flocks from their warm folds arise,
 Refresh'd; the peasant seeks his early toil,
 And bids the plow correct the fallow soil,
 While we in sleep's embraces waste the night,
 The climes oppos'd enjoy meridian light ;
 And when those lands the busy sun forsakes,
 With us again the rosy morning wakes ;
 In lazy sleep the night rolls swift away,
 And neither clime laments his absent ray.

When the pure soul is from the body flown,
 No more shall night's alternate reign be known :
 The sun no more shall rolling light bestow,
 But from th' Almighty streams of glory flow.
 Oh, may some nobler thought my soul employ
 Than empty, transient, sublunary joy !
 The stars shall drop, the sun shall lose his flame,
 But thou, O God, for ever shine the same.



A
T H O U G H T
O N
E T E R N I T Y.

ERE the foundations of the world were laid,
Ere kindling light th' Almighty word obey'd,
Thou wert ; and when the subterraneous flame
Shall burst its prison, and devour this frame,
From angry heav'n when the keen lightning flies,
When fervent heat dissolves the melting skies,
Thou still shalt be ; still, as thou wert before,
And know no change, when time shall be no more.
O endless thought ! divine eternity !
Th' immortal soul shares but a part of thee ;

For

For thou wert present when our life began,
When the warm duft shot up in breathing man.

Ah! what is life? with ills incompass'd round,
Amidst our hopes, Fate strikes the sudden wound:
To-day the statesman of new honour dreams,
To-morrow death destroys his airy Schemes;
Is mouldy treasure in thy chest confin'd;
Think all that treasure thou must leave behind;
Thy heir with smiles shall view thy blazon'd herse,
And all thy hoards with lavish hand disperse.
Should certain fate th' impending blow delay,
Thy mirth will ficken, and thy bloom decay;
Then feeble age will all thy nerves disarm,
No more thy blood its narrow channels warm.
Who then would wish to stretch this narrow span,
To suffer life beyond the date of man?

The virtuous soul pursues a nobler aim,
And life regards but as a fleeting dream:
She longs to wake, and wishes to get free,
To lanch from earth into eternity.
For while the boundless theme extends our thought,
Ten thousand thousand rolling years are nought.

My



My own EPITAPH.

LIFE is a jest ; and all things show it,
I thought so once ; but now I know it.



DIONE.

1. The first part of the document discusses the importance of maintaining accurate records of all transactions. It emphasizes that this is crucial for ensuring the integrity of the financial statements and for providing a clear audit trail.

2. The second part of the document outlines the specific procedures that should be followed when recording transactions. It details the steps from identifying the transaction to posting it to the appropriate ledger account.

3. The third part of the document discusses the importance of reconciling the accounts regularly. It explains how this process helps to identify and correct any errors or discrepancies in the records.



4. The final part of the document provides a summary of the key points discussed and offers some concluding remarks on the importance of diligent record-keeping.





D I O N E,

A

Pastoral Tragedy.

*Sunt numina amanti,
Sævit et injustâ lege relicta Venus.*

Tibull. Eleg. 5. Lib. 1.

Dramatis Personæ.

M E N.

Evander under the name of *Lycidas*.

Cleantes.

Shepherds.

W O M E N.

Dione under the name of *Alexis*.

Partenia.

Laura.

SCENE, *ARCADIA*.



ACT I. SCENE I.

*A Plain, at the foot of a steep craggy
mountain.*

DIONE. LAURA.

LAURA.



HY dost thou fly me? stay, unhappy fair,
Seek not these horrid caverns of despair;
To trace thy steps the midnight air I bore,
Trode the brown defart, and unshelter'd

moor:

Three times the lark has sung his matin lay,
And rose on dewy wing to meet the day,
Since first I found thee, stretch'd in pensive mood,
Where laurels border *Ladon's* silver flood.

VOL. II

H

DIONE

D I O N E.

O let my soul with grateful thanks o'erflow !
 'Tis to thy hand my daily life I owe.
 Like the weak lamb you rais'd me from the plain,
 Too faint to bear bleak winds and beating rain ;
 Each day I share thy bowl and clean repast,
 Each night thy roof defends the chilly blast.
 But vain is all thy friendship, vain thy care :
 Forget a wretch abandon'd to despair.

L A U R A.

Despair will fly thee, when thou shalt impart
 The fatal secret that torments thy heart ;
 Disclose thy sorrows to my faithful ear,
 Instruct these eyes to give thee tear for tear.
 Love, love's the cause ; our forests speak thy flame,
 The rocks have learnt to sigh *Ewander's* name.
 If faltering shame thy bashful tongue restrain,
 If thou hast look'd, and blush'd, and sigh'd in vain ;
 Say, in what grove thy lovely shepherd strays,
 Tell me what mountains warble with his lays ;
 Thither I'll speed me, and with moving art
 Draw soft confessions from his melting heart.

D I O N E

D I O N E.

Thy gen'rous care has touch'd my secret woe.
 Love bids these scalding tears incessant flow,
 Ill-fated love! O, say, ye sylvan maids,
 Who range wide forests and sequester'd shades,
 Say where *Evander* bled, point out the ground
 That yet is purple with the savage wound.
 Yonder he lies; I hear the bird of prey;
 High o'er those cliffs the raven wings his way;
 Hark how he croaks! he scents the murder near.
 O may no greedy beak his visage tear!
 Shield him, ye *Cupids*; strip the *Paphian* grove,
 And strow unfading myrtle o'er my love!
 Down, heaving heart.

L A U R A.

—————The mournful tale disclose.

D I O N E.

Let not my tears intrude on thy repose.
 Yet if thy friendship still the cause request;
 I'll speak; though sorrow rend my lab'ring breast.

H 2

Know

Know then, fair shepherdes ; no honest swain
 Taught me the duties of the peaceful plain ;
 Unus'd to sweet content, no flocks I keep,
 Nor browsing goats that overhang the steep.
 Born where *Orchomenos*' proud turrets shine,
 I trace my birth from long illustrious line,
 Why was I train'd amidst *Arcadia*'s Court ?
 Love ever revels in that gay resort ;
 Whene'er *Evander* past, my smitten heart
 Heav'd frequent sighs, and felt unusual smart.
 Ah ! hadst thou seen with what sweet grace he mov'd !
 Yet why that wish ? for *Laura* then had lov'd.

L A U R A.

Distrust me not ; thy secret wrongs impart.

D I O N E.

Forgive the sallies of a breaking heart,
Evander's sighs his mutual flame confess,
 The growing passion labour'd in his breast ;
 To me he came ; my heart with rapture sprung,
 To see the blushes, when his falt'ring tongue
 First said, I love. My eyes consent reveal,
 And plighted vows our faithful passion seal.

Where's

Where's now the lovely youth ? he's lost, he's slain,
And the pale corse lies breathless on the plain !

L A U R A.

Are thus the hopes of constant lovers paid ?
If thus — ye Powers, from love defend the maid !

D I O N E.

Now have twelve mornings warm'd the purple east,
Since my dear hunter rous'd the tusky beaft ;
Swift flew the foaming monster through the wood,
Swift as the wind, his eager steps pursu'd :
'Twas then the savage turn'd ; then fell the youth,
And his dear blood distain'd the barb'rous tooth.

L A U R A.

Was there none near ? no ready succour found ?
Nor healing herb to stanch the spouting wound ?

D I O N E.

In vain through pathless wood the hunters crost,
And fought with anxious eye their master lost ;
In vain their frequent hollows echo'd shrill,
And his lov'd name was sent from hill to hill ;

Evander hears you not. He's lost, he's slain,
And the pale corse lies breathless on the plain.

L A U R A.

Has yet no clown (who, wandring from the way,
Beats ev'ry bush to raise the lamb astray)
Observ'd the fatal spot?

D I O N E.

————— O, if ye pass
Where purple murder dies the wither'd grass,
With pious finger gently close his eyes,
And let his grave with decent verdure rise. [Weeps.]

L A U R A.

Behold the turtle who has lost her mate :
Awhile with drooping wings she mourns his fate,
Sullen, awhile she seeks the darkest grove,
And cooing meditates the murder'd dove ;
But time the rueful image wears away,
Again she's cheer'd, again she seeks the day.
Spare then thy beauty, and no longer pine.

D I O N E.

Yet sure some turtle's love has equall'd mine,

Who

Who, when the hawk has snatch'd her mate away,
Hath never known the glad return of day.

When my fond father saw my faded eye ;
And on my livid cheek the roses dye ;
When catching sighs my wasted bosom mov'd,
My looks, my sighs confirm'd him that I lov'd.
He knew not that *Evander* was my flame,
Evander dead ! my passion still the same !
He came, he threatned ; with paternal sway
Cleanthes nam'd, and fix'd the nuptial day :
O cruel kindness ! too severely prest !
I scorn his honours, and his wealth detest.

L A U R A.

How vain is force ! Love ne'er can be compell'd.

D I O N E.

Though bound by duty, yet my heart rebell'd.
One night, when sleep had hush'd all busy spies,
And the pale moon had journey'd half the skies ;
Softly I rose and dress'd ; with silent tread,
Unbarr'd the gates ; and to these mountains fled.
Here let me sooth the melancholy hours !
Close me, ye woods, within your twilight bow'rs !

Where my calm soul may settled sorrow know,
And no *Cleanthes* interrupt my woe

[*Melancholy musick is heard at a distance.*]

With importuning love———On yonder plain
Advances slow a melancholy train ;
Black Cypress boughs their drooping heads adorn.

L A U R A.

Alas ! *Menalcas* to his grave is born.
Behold the victim of *Parthenia's* pride !
He saw, he sigh'd, he lov'd, was scorn'd and dy'd.

D I O N E.

Where dwells this beauteous tyrant of the plains ?
Where may I see her ?

L A U R A.

————— Ask the fighting swains.
They best can speak the conquests of her eyes,
Whoever sees her, loves ; who loves her, dies.

D I O N E.

Perhaps untimely fate her flame hath crost,
And she, like me, hath her *Ewander* lost.

How

How my soul pities her!

L A U R A.

————— If pity move
 Your generous bosom, pity those who love.
 There late arriv'd among our sylvan race
 A stranger shepherd, who with lonely pace
 Visits those mountain pines at dawn of day,
 Where oft' *Parthenia* takes her early way,
 To rouse the chase; mad with his am'rous pain,
 He stops and raves; then fullen walks again.
Parthenia's name is born by passing gales,
 And talking hills repeat it to the dales.
 Come, let us from this vale of sorrow go,
 Nor let the mournful scene prolong thy woe.

[*Exeunt.*]



H. 5.

SCENE.



* S C E N E H.

Shepherds and Shepherdesses (crown'd with garlands of Cypress and Yew) bearing the body of Menalcas.

I S H E P H E R D.

Here gently rest the corse — With faltering breath
Thus spake *Menalcas* on the verge of death.

- ‘ Belov’d *Palemon*, hear a dying friend ;
- ‘ See where yon hills with craggy brows ascend,
- ‘ Low in the valley where the mountain grows,
- ‘ There first I saw her, there began my woes.
- ‘ When I am cold, may there this clay be laid ;
- ‘ There often strays the dear the cruel maid,
- ‘ There as she walks, perhaps you’ll hear her say,
- ‘ (While a kind gushing tear shall force its way)
- ‘ How could my stubborn heart relentless prove ?
- ‘ Ah poor *Menalcas* — all thy fault was love !

* *This and the following Scene are form’d upon the novel of Marcella in Don Quixote.*

2 S H E P-

2 S H E P H E R D.

When pitying lions o'er a carcase groan,
 And hungry tigers bleeding kids bemoan ;
 When the lean wolf laments the mangled sheep ;
 Then shall *Parthenia* o'er *Menalcas* weep.

1 S H E P H E R D.

When famish'd panthers seek their morning food,
 And monsters roar along the desert wood ;
 When hissing vipers rustle through the brake,
 Or in the path-way rears the speckled snake ;
 The wary swain th' approaching peril spies,
 And through some distant road securely flies.
 Fly then, ye swains, from beauty's surer wound ;
 Such was the fate our poor *Menalcas* found !

2 S H E P H E R D.

What shepherd does not mourn *Menalcas* slain ?
 Kill'd by a barb'rous woman's proud disdain !
 Whoe'er attempts to bend her scornful mind,
 Cries to the deserts, and pursues the wind.

1 S H E -

1 S H E P H E R D.

With ev'ry grace *Menalcas* was endow'd,
 His merits dazled all the sylvan croud.
 If you would know his pipe's melodious sound,
 Ask all the echoes of these hills around,
 For they have learnt his strains ; who shall rehearse
 The strength, the cadence of his tuneful verse ?
 Go, read those lofty poplars ; there you'll find
 Some tender sonnet grow on ev'ry rind.

2 S H E P H E R D.

Yet what avails his skill ? *Parthenia* flies.
 Can merit hope success in woman's eyes ?

1 S H E P H E R D.

Why was *Parthenia* form'd of softest mold ;
 Why does her heart such savage nature hold ?
 O ye kind gods ! or all her charms efface,
 Or tame her heart ——— so spare the shepherd race.

2 S H E P H E R D.

As fade the flowers which on the grave I cast ;
 So may *Parthenia's* transient beauty waste !

1 S H E P-

1 S H E P H E R D.

What woman ever counts the fleeting years,
 Or sees the wrinkle which her forehead wears ?
 Thinking her feature never shall decay,
 This swain she scorns, from that she turns away.
 But know, as when the rose her bud unfolds,
 Awhile each breast the short-liv'd fragrance holds :
 When the dry stalk lets drop her shrivell'd pride,
 The lovely ruin's ever thrown aside.
 So shall *Parthenia* be.

2 S H E P H E R D.

————— See, she appears,
 To boast her spoils, and triumph in our tears.



S C E N E III.

Parthenia appears from the mountain.

P A R T H E N I A. S H E P H E R D S.

1 S H E P H E R D.

Why this way dost thou turn thy baneful eyes,
 Pernicious Basilisk ? Lo ! there he lies,

There

There lies the youth thy curfed beauty flew ;
 See, at thy prefence, how he bleeds anew !
 Look down, enjoy thy murder.

P A R T H E N I A.

————— Spare my fame ;
 I come to clear a virgin's injur'd name.
 If I'm a Bafilisk, the danger fly,
 Shun the fwift glances of my venom'd eye :
 If I'm a murd'rer, why approach ye near,
 And to the dagger lay your bofom bare ?

THE SHEPHERD.

What heart is proof againft that face divine ?
 Love is not in our power.

P A R T H E N I A.

————— Is love in mine ?
 If e'er I trifled with a shepherd's pain,
 Or with falfe hope his paffion ftrove to gain ;
 Then might you juftly curfe my favage mind,
 Then might you rank me with the ferpent kind :

But

But I ne'er trifled with a shepherd's pain,
 Nor with false hopes his passion strove to gain ;
 'Tis to his rash pursuit he owes his fate,
 I was not cruel ; he was obstinate.

I S H E P H E R D.

Hear this, ye fighting shepherds, and despair.
 Unhappy *Lycidas*, thy hour is near ;
 Since the same barb'rous hand hath sign'd thy doom,
 We'll lay thee in our lov'd *Menalcas*' tomb.

P A R T H E N I A.

Why will intruding man my peace destroy ?
 Let me content, and solitude enjoy ;
 Free was I born, my freedom to maintain,
 Early I fought the unambitious plain.
 Most women's weak resolves like reeds will ply,
 Shake with each breath, and bend with ev'ry sigh ;
 Mine, like an oak, whose firm roots deep descend,
 No breath of love can shake, no sigh can bend.
 If ye unhappy *Lycidas* would save ;
 Go seek him, lead him to *Menalcas*' grave ;
 Forbid his eyes with flowing grief to rain,
 Like him *Menalcas* wept, but wept in vain ;

Bid

Bid him his heart consuming groans give o'er:
 Tell him, I heard such piercing groans before,
 And heard unmov'd. O *Lycidas*, be wise,
 Prevent thy fate.—Lo! there *Menalcas* lies.

I S H E P H E R D.

Now all the melancholy rites are paid,
 And o'er his grave the weeping marble laid;
 Let's seek our charge; the flocks dispersing wide,
 Whiten with moving fleece the mountain's side.
 Trust not, ye swains, the lightning of her eye,
 Lest ye, like him, should love, despair, and dye.

[*Exeunt* Shepherds, &c. *Parthenia* remains in a melancholy posture looking on the grave of *Menalcas*.

Enter *Lycidas*.



SCENE.



S C E N E IV.

LYCIDAS. PARTHENIA.

LYCIDAS.

When shall my steps have rest ? through all the wood,
 And by the winding banks of *Lalou's* flood
 I fought my love. O say, ye skipping fawns,
 (Who range entangled shades and daisy'd lawns)
 If ye have seen her ! say ye warbling race,
 (Who measure on swift wing th' aerial space,
 And view below hills, dales, and distant shores)
 Where shall I find her whom my soul adores !



S C E N E V.

LYCIDAS. PARTHENIA. DIONE.

LAURA.

[Dione and Laura at a distance.]

LYCIDAS.

What do I see ? no. Fancy mocks my eyes,
 And bids the dear deluding vision rise.

'Tis

'Tis she. My springing heart her presence feels.

See, prostrate *Lycidas* before thee kneels.

[*Kneeling to Parthenia.*

Why will *Parthenia* turn her face away ?

P A R T H E N I A.

Who calls *Parthenia* ? hah !

[*She starts from her melancholy ; and seeing Lycidas,
flies into the wood.*

L Y C I D A S.

————— Stay, virgin, stay.

O wing my feet, kind Loves. See, see, she bounds,
Fleet as the mountain roe, when prest by hounds.

[*He pursues her. Dione faints in the arms of Laura.*

L A U R A.

What means this trembling ? all her colour flies,
And life is quite unstrung. Ah ! lift thy eyes,
And answer me ; speak, speak, 'tis *Laura* calls.
Speech has forsook her lips.—She faints, she falls.
Fan her, ye Zephyrs, with your balmy breath,
And bring her quickly from the shades of death :

Blow,

Blow, ye cool gales. See, see, the forest shakes
 With coming winds! she breathes, she moves, she wakes.

D I O N E.

Ah false *Evander*!

L A U R A.

—Calm thy sobbing breast.
 Say, what new sorrow has thy heart oppress.

D I O N E.

Didst thou not hear his sighs and suppliant tone?
 Didst thou not hear the pitying mountain groan?
 Didst thou not see him bend his suppliant knee?
 Thus in my happy days he knelt to me,
 And pour'd forth all his soul! see how he strains,
 And lessens to the fight o'er yonder plains
 To keep the fair in view! run, virgin, run,
 Hear not his vows; I heard, and was undone!

L A U R A.

Let not imaginary terrors fright.
 Some dark delusion swims before thy sight.
 I saw *Parthenia* from the mountain's brow,
 And *Lycidas* with prostrate duty bow;

Swift

Swift as on falcon's wing, I saw her fly,
 And heard the cavern to his groans reply.
 Why stream thy tears for sorrows not thy own ?

D I O N E.

Oh ! Where are honour, faith, and justice flown ?
 Perjur'd *Ewander* !

L A U R A.

————— Death has laid him low.
 Touch not the mournful string that wakes thy woe.

D I O N E.

That am'rous swain, whom *Lycidas* you name,
 (Whose faithless bosom feels another flame)
 Is my once kind *Ewander*—yes—'twas he,
 He lives—but lives, alas ! no more for me.

L A U R A.

Let not thy frantic words confess despair.

D I O N E.

What, know I not his voice, his mien, his air ?

Yes,

Yes, I that treach'rous voice with joy believ'd,
 That voice, that mien, that air my soul deceiv'd.
 If my dear shepherd love the lawns and glades,
 With him I'll range the lawns and seek the shades,
 With him through solitary deserts rove.
 But could he leave me for another love?
 O base ingratitude!

L A U R A.

————— Suspend thy grief,
 And let my friendly counsel bring relief
 To thy desponding soul. *Partbenia's* ear
 Is barr'd for ever to the lover's prayer;
Ewander courts disdain, he follows scorn,
 And in the passing winds his vows are born.
 Soon will he find that all in vain he strove
 To tame her bosom; then his former love
 Shall wake his soul, then will he sighing blame
 His heart inconstant and his perjur'd flame:
 Then shall he at *Dione's* feet implore,
 Lament his broken faith, and change no more.

D I O N E.

Perhaps this cruel nymph well knows to feign
 Forbidding speech, coy looks, and cold disdain,

To raise his passion. Such are female arts,
To hold in safer snares inconstant hearts !

L A U R A.

Parthenia's breast is steel'd with real scorn.

D I O N E.

And dost thou think *Evander* will return ?

L A U R A.

Forgo thy sex, lay all thy robes aside,
Strip off these ornaments of female pride ;
The shepherd's vest must hide thy graceful air,
With the bold manly step a swain appear ;
Then with *Evander* may'st thou rove unknown,
Then let thy tender eloquence be shown ;
Then the new fury of his heart controul,
And with *Dione's* sufferings touch his soul.

D I O N E.

Sweet as refreshing dews, or summer showers
To the long parching thirst of drooping flowers ;
Grateful as fanning gales to fainting swains,
And soft as trickling balm to bleeding pains,

Such

Such are thy words. The sex shall be resign'd,
 No more shall braided gold these tresses bind ;
 The shepherd's garb the woman shall disguise.
 If he has lost all love, may friendship's eyes
 Unty me to his heart !

L A U R A.

Go, prosp'rous maid,
 May smiling love thy faithful wishes aid.
 Be now *Alexis* call'd. With thee I'll rove,
 And watch thy wand'rer through the mazy grove ;
 Let me be honour'd with a sister's name ;
 For thee, I feel a more than sister's flame.

D I O N E.

Perhaps my shepherd has outstript her haste.
 Think'st thou, when out of sight, she flew so fast ?
 One sudden glance might turn her savage mind ;
 May she like *Daphne* fly, nor look behind,
 Maintain her scorn, his eager flame despise,
 Nor view *Evander* with *Dione's* eyes !

A C T



A C T II. S C E N E I.

Lycidas lying on the grave of Menalcas.

LYCIDAS.



WHEN shall these scalding fountains cease
to flow?

How long will life sustain this load of woe?

Why glows the morn? roll back, thou
source of light,

And feed my sorrows with eternal night.

Come, fable Death! give, give the welcome stroke;

The raven calls thee from yon blasted oak.

What pious care my ghastful lid shall close?

What decent hand my frozen limbs compose?

O happy shepherd, free from anxious pains,

Who now art wandring in the fighting plains

Of blest *Elysium*; where in myrtle groves

Enamour'd ghosts bemoan their former loves.

Open,

Open, thou silent grave; for lo? I come
 To meet *Menalcas* in the fragrant gloom;
 There shall my bosom burn with friendship's flame,
 The same our passion, and our fate the same;
 There, like two nightingales on neigh'ring boughs,
 Alternate strains shall mourn our frustrate vows.
 But if cold Death should close *Parthenia's* eye,
 And should her beauteous form come gliding by;
 Friendship would soon in jealous fear be lost,
 And kindling hate pursue thy rival ghost.



S C E N E II.

LYCIDAS. DIONE in a shepherd's habit.

LYCIDAS.

Hah! who comes here? turn hence, be timely wife;
 Trust not thy safety to *Parthenia's* eyes.
 As from the bearing falcon flies the dove,
 So, wing'd with fear, *Parthenia* flies from love.

D I O N E.

If in these vales the fatal beauty stray,
 From the cold marble rise ; let's haste away,
 Why lie you panting, like the smitten deer ?
 Trust not the dangers which you bid me fear.

L Y C I D A S.

Bid the lur'd lark, whom tangling nets surprise,
 On soaring pinion rove the spacious skies ;
 Bid the cag'd linnet range the leafy grove ;
 Then bid my captive heart get loose from love.
 The snares of death are o're me. Hence ; beware ;
 Lest you should see her, and like me despair.

D I O N E.

No. Let her come ; and seek this vale's recess,
 In all the beauteous negligence of dress ;
 Though *Cupid* send a shaft in ev'ry glance,
 Though all the Graces in her step advance,
 My heart can stand it all. Be firm, my breast ;
 Th' ensnaring oath, the broken vow detest :
 That flame, which other charms have pow'r to move,
 O give it not the sacred name of love!

'Tis

'Tis perjury, fraud, and meditated lies.
 Love's feated in the foul, and never dies.
 What then avail her charms? my constant heart
 Shall gaze secure, and mock a second dart.

L Y C I D A S.

But you perhaps a happier fate have found,
 And the same hand that gave, now heals the wound;
 Or art thou left abandon'd and forlorn,
 A wretch, like me, the sport of pride and scorn?

D I O N E.

O tell me, shepherd, hath thy faithless maid
 False to her vow thy flatter'd hope betray'd?
 Did her smooth speech engage thee to believe?
 Did she protest and swear, and then deceive?
 Such are the pangs I feel!

L Y C I D A S.

The haughty fair
 Contemns my sufferings, and disdains to hear:
 Let meaner Beauties learned in female snares
 Entice the swain with half-consenting airs;

Such vulgar arts ne'er aid her conqu'ring eyes,
 And yet, where-e'er she turns, a lover sighs.
 Vain is the steady constancy you boast;
 All other love at sight of her is lost.

D I O N E.

True constancy no time no power can move.
 He that hath known to change, ne'er knew to love.
 Though the dear author of my hapless flame
 Pursue another; still my heart's the same.
 Am I for ever left? (excuse these tears)
 May your kind friendship soften all my cares!

L Y C I D A S.

What comfort can a wretch, like me, bestow?

D I O N E.

He best can pity who hath felt the woe.

L Y C I D A S.

Since different objects have our souls possess'd,
 No rival fears our friendship shall molest.

D I O N E.

Come let us leave the shade of these brown hills,
 And drive our flocks beside the streaming rills,

Should

Should the fair tyrant to these vales return,
 How would thy breast with double fury burn !
 Go hence, and seek thy peace.



S C E N E III.

LYCIDAS. DIONE. LAURA.

LAURA.

————— Fly, fly this place ;
 Beware of love ; the proudest of her race
 This way approaches : from among the pines,
 Where from the steep the winding path declines,
 I saw the nymph descend.

LYCIDAS.

————— She comes, she comes ;
 From her the passing Zephyrs steal perfumes,
 As from the violet's bank ; with odours sweet
 Breathes every gale ; spring blooms beneath her feet,

Yes, 'tis my fairest; here she's wont to rove;

L A U R A.

Say, by what signs I might have known thy Love?

L Y C I D A S.

My Love is fairer than the snowy breast
Of the tall swan, whose proudly-swelling chest
Divides the wave; her tresses loose behind,
Play on her neck, and wanton in the wind;
The rising blushes, which her cheek o'er-spread,
Are op'ning roses in the lily's bed.
Know'st thou *Parthenia*?

L A U R A.

~~Wretched is the slave~~
Who serves such pride! behold *Menakas*' grave!
Yet if *Alexis* and this fighting swain
Wish to behold the Tyrant of the plain,
Let us behind these myrtle's twining arms
Retire unseen; from thence survey her charms,
Wild as the chaunting thrush upon the spray,
At man's approach she swiftly flies away,

Like

Like the young hare, I've seen the panting maid
Stop, listen, run ; of ev'ry wind afraid.

LYCIDAS.

And wilt thou never from thy vows depart ?
Shepherd, beware—now fortify thy heart. [To Dione.
[Lycidas, Dione, and Laura retire behind the boughs.



SCENE IV.

PARTHENIA. LYCIDAS. DIONE.
LAURA.

PARTHENIA.

This melancholy scene demands a groan.
Hah ! what inscription marks the weeping stone ?
O pow'r of beauty ! here Menalcas lies.
Gaze not, ye shepherds, on Parthenia's eyes.
Why did heav'n form me with such polish'd care ?
Why cast my features in a mold so fair ?
If blooming beauty was a blessing meant,
Why are my fighting hours deny'd content ?

The downy peach, that glows with funny dyes,
 Feeds the black snail, and lures voracious flies;
 The juicy pear invites the feather'd kind,
 And pecking finches scoop the golden rind;
 But beauty suffers more pernicious wrongs,
 Blasted by envy, and censorious tongues.

How happy lives the nymph, whose comely face
 And pleasing glances boast sufficient grace
 To wound the swain she loves! no jealous fears,
 Shall vex her nuptial state with nightly tears,
 Nor am'rous youths, to push their foul pretence,
 Infest her days with dull impertinence.

But why talk I of love; my guarded heart
 Disowns his pow'r, and turns aside the dart.
 Hark! from his hollow tomb *Menalcas* cries,
Gaze not, ye shepherds, on Parthenia's eyes.
 Come, *Lycidas*, the mournful lay peruse,
 Lest thou, like him, *Parthenia's* eyes accuse.

[She stands in a melancholy posture looking on the tomb.]

L Y C I D A S.

Call'd she not *Lycidas*?—I come, my fair;
 See gen'rous pity melts into a tear,

And

And her heart softens. Now's the tender hour,
 Assist me, Love, exert thy sov'reign power
 To tame the scornful maid.

D I O N E.

————— Rash swain, be wise:
 'Tis not from thee or him, from love she flies.
 Leave her, forget her. [They hold Lycidas.]

L A U R A.

————— Why this furious haste?

L Y C I D A S.

Unhand me; loose me.

D I O N E.

————— Sister, hold him fast.
 To follow her, is, to prolong despair.
 Shepherd, you must not go.

L Y C I D A S.

————— Bold youth, forbear.
 Hear me, *Parthenia*.

P A R T H E N I A.

————— From behind the shade
 Methought a voice some list'ning spy betray'd.
 Yes, I'm observ'd.

[*She runs out.*]

L Y C I D A S.

————— Stay, nymph; thy flight suspend:
 She hears me not—when will my sorrows end!
 As over-spent with toil, my heaving breast
 Beats quick. 'Tis death alone can give me rest.

[*He remains in a fixt melancholy.*]



S C E N E V.

L Y C I D A S. D I O N E. L A U R A.

L A U R A.

Recall thy scatter'd sense, bid reason wake,
 Subdue thy passion.

L Y C I D A S.

————— Shall I never speak?

She's

She's gone, she's gone.—Kind shepherd, let me rest
 My troubled head upon thy friendly breast.
 The forest seems to move, — O cursed fate!
 I doom'd to love, and she condemn'd to hate!
 Tell me, *Alexis*, art thou still the same?
 Did not her brighter eyes put out the flame
 Of thy first love? did not thy flutt'ring heart,
 Whene'er she rais'd her look, confess the dart?

D I O N E.

I own the nymph is fairest of her race,
 Yet I unmov'd can on this beauty gaze,
 Mindful of former promise; all that's dear,
 My thoughts, my dreams; my ev'ry wish is there.
 Since then our hopes are lost; let friendship's tie
 Calm our distress, and slighted love supply;
 Let us together drive our fleecy store,
 And of ungrateful woman think no more.

L Y C I D A S.

'Tis death alone can raze her from my breast.

L A U R A.

Why shines thy love so far above the rest?

Nature,

Nature, 'tis true, in ev'ry outward grace,
 Her nicest hand employ'd ; her lovely face
 With beauteous feature stamp'd ; with rosy dyes
 Warm'd her fair cheek ; with lightning arm'd her eyes :
 But if thou search the secrets of her mind,
 Where shall thy cheated soul a virtue find ?
 Sure hell with cruelty her breast supply'd.
 How did she glory when *Menalcas* dy'd !
 Pride in her bosom reigns ; she's false, she's vain ;
 She first entices, then insults the swain ;
 Shall female cunning lead thy heart astray ?
 Shepherd, be free ; and scorn for scorn repay.

L Y C I D A S.

How woman talks of woman !

D I O N E.

————— Hence depart ;
 Let a long absence cure thy love-sick heart.
 To some far grove retire, her sight disclaim,
 Nor with her charms awake the dying flame.
 Let not an hour thy happy flight suspend ;
 But go not, *Lycidas*, without thy friend.

Together

Together let us seek the cheerful plains,
 And lead the dance among the sportive swains,
 Devoid of care.

L A U R A.

————— Or else the groves disdain,
 Nor with the sylvan walk indulge thy pain.
 Haste to the town ; there (I have oft' been told)
 The courtly nymph her tresses binds with gold,
 To captivate the youths ; the youths appear
 In fine array ; in ringlets waves their hair
 Rich with ambrosial scents, the fair to move,
 And all the business of the day is love.
 There from the gawdy train select a dame,
 Her willing glance shall catch an equal flame.

L Y C I D A S.

Name not the Court.—The thought my soul confounds,
 And with *Dione's* wrongs my bosom wounds.
 Heav'n justly vindicates the faithful maid ;
 And now are all my broken vows repaid.
 Perhaps she now laments my fancy'd death
 With tears unfeign'd ; and thinks my gasping breath

Sigh'd

Sigh'd forth her name. O guilt, no more upbraid !

Yes. I fond innocence and truth betray'd. [*Aside.*

[*Dione and Laura apart.*

D I O N E.

Hark ; how reflection wakes his conscious heart.

From my pale lids the trickling sorrows start ;

How shall my breast the swelling sighs confine !

L A U R A.

O smooth thy brow, conceal our just design :

Be yet a while unknown. If grief arise,

And force a passage through thy gushing eyes,

Quickly retire, thy sorrows to compose ;

Or with a look serene disguise thy woes.

[*Dione is going out. Laura walks at a distance.*

L Y C I D A S.

Canst thou, *Alexis*, leave me thus distressed ?

Where's now the boasted friendship of thy breast ?

Hast thou not oft' survey'd the dappled deer

In social herds o'er-spread the pastures fair,

When op'ning hounds the warmer scent pursue,

And force the destin'd victim from the crew,

Off'

Of't he returns, and fain would join the band,
 While all their horns the panting wretch withstand?
 Such is thy friendship; thus might I confide.

D I O N E.

Why wilt thou censure what thou ne'er hast try'd?
 Sooner shall swallows leave their callow brood,
 Who with their plaintive chirpings cry for food;
 Sooner shall hens expose their infant care,
 When the spread kite sails wheeling in the air,
 Than I forsake thee when by danger prest;
 Wrong not by jealous fears a faithful breast.

L Y C I D A S.

If thy fair-spoken tongue thy bosom shows,
 There let the secrets of my soul repose.

D I O N E.

Far be suspicion; in my truth confide,
 O let my heart thy load of cares divide!

L Y C I D A S.

Know then, *Alexis*, that in vain I strove
 To break her chain, and free my soul from love;

On the lim'd twig thus finches beat their wings,
 Still more entangled in the clammy strings.
 The flow'rac'd days have witness'd my despair,
 Upon my weary couch sits wakeful care ;
 Down my flush'd cheek the flowing sorrows run,
 As dews descend to weep the absent sun.
 O lost *Parthenia* !

D I O N E.

————— These wild thoughts suspend ;
 And in thy kind commands instruct thy friend.

L Y C I D A S.

Whene'er my faltering tongue would urge my cause,
 Deaf is her ear, and sullen she withdraws.
 Go then, *Alexis*, seek the scornful maid,
 In tender eloquence my suff'rings plead ;
 Of slighted passion you the pangs have known ;
 O judge my secret anguish by your own !

D I O N E.

Had I the skill inconstant hearts to move,
 My longing soul had never lost my Love.

My

My feeble tongue, in these soft arts untry'd,
 Can ill support the thunder of her pride ;
 When she shall bid me to thy bower repair,
 How shall my trembling lips her threats declare !
 How shall I tell thee, that she could behold,
 With brow serene, thy corse all pale and cold
 Beat on the dashing billow ? shouldst thou go
 Where the tall hill o'er-hangs the rocks below,
 Near thee thy tyrant could unpitying stand,
 Nor call thee back, nor stretch a saving hand.
 Wilt thou then still persist to tempt thy fate,
 To feed her pride and gratify her hate ?

L Y C I D A S.

Know, unexperienc'd youth, that woman's mind
 Oft' shifts her passions, like th' inconstant wind ;
 Sudden she rages, like the troubled main,
 Now sinks the storm, and all is calm again.
 Watch the kind moment, then my wrongs impart,
 And the soft tale shall glide into her heart.

D I O N E.

No. Let her wander in the lonely grove,
 And never hear the tender voice of love.

Let

Let her awhile, neglected by the swain,
 Pass by, nor sighs molest the cheerful plain ;
 Thus shall the fury of her pride be laid ;
 Thus humble into love the haughty maid.

L Y C I D A S.

Vain are attempts my passion to controul.
 Is this the balm to cure my fainting soul ?

D I O N E.

Deep then among the green-wood shades I'll rove,
 And seek with weary'd pace thy wander'd Love ;
 Prostrate I'll fall, and with incessant prayers
 Hang on her knees, and bath her feet with tears ;
 If sighs of pity can her ear incline,
 (O *Lycidas*, my life is wrapt in thine !) [Aside,
 I'll charge her from thy voice to hear the tale,
 Thy voice more sweet than notes along the vale
 Breath'd from the warbling pipe : the moving strain
 Shall stay her flight, and conquer her disdain.
 Yet if she hear ; should love the message speed,
 Then dies all hope ;—then must *Dione* bleed. [Aside.

L Y C I

LYCIDAS.

Haste then, dear faithful swain. Beneath those yews
 Whose sable arms the brownest shade diffuse,
 Where all around, to shun the fervent sky,
 The panting flocks in ferny thickets lie ;
 There with impatience shall I wait my friend,
 O'er the wide prospect frequent glances send
 To spy thy wish'd return. As thou shalt find
 A tender welcome, may thy Love be kind !

[*Ex. Lycidas.*]



S C E N E VI.

D I O N E. L A U R A.

D I O N E.

Methinks I'm now surrounded by despair,
 And all my with'ring hopes are lost in air.
 Thus the young linnet on the rocking bough
 Hears through long woods autumnal tempests blow,
 With hollow blasts the clashing branches bend,
 And yellow show'rs of rustling leaves descend :

She

She fees the friendly shelter from her fly,
 Nor dare her little pinions trust the fky ;
 But on the naked fpray in wintry air,
 All shiv'ring, hopelefs, mourns the dying year.
 What have I promis'd ? rash, unthinking maid !
 By thy own tongue thy wifhes are betray'd !

[*Laura advances,*

L A U R A.

Why wak'ft thou thus disturb'd with frantick air ?
 Why roll thy eyes with madnefs and despair ?

D I O N E.

[*mufing,*

How wilt thou bear to fee her pride give way ?
 When thus the yielding nymph fhall bid thee fay,
 ' Let not the shepherd feek the filent grave,
 ' Say, that I bid him live. — if hope can fave.

L A U R A.

Hath he difcern'd thee through the fwain's difguife,
 And now alike thy love and friendship flies ?

D I O N E.

Yes. Firm and faithful to the promife made,
 I'll range each funny hill, each lawn and glade.

L A U R A.

L A U R A.

'Tis *Laura* speaks. O calm your troubled mind.

D I O N E.

Where shall my search this envy'd Beauty find?
I'll go, my faithless shepherd's cause to plead,
And with my tears accuse the rival maid.
Yet, should her soften'd heart to love incline!

L A U R A.

If those are all thy fears; *Evander's* thine.

D I O N E.

Why should we both in sorrow waste our days?
If love unfeign'd my constant bosom sways,
His happiness alone is all I prize,
And that is center'd in *Parthenia's* eyes.
Haste then, with earnest zeal her love implore,
To bless his hours;—when thou shalt breathe no more.

A C T



ACT III. SCENE I.

Dione lying on the ground by the side of a Fountain.

DIONE.



HERE let me rest, and in the liquid glass
View with impartial look my fading face.
Why are *Parthenia's* striking beauties
priz'd?

And why *Dione's* weaker glance despis'd?
Nature in various molds has beauty cast,
And form'd the feature for each different taste:
This sighs for golden locks and azure eyes;
That, for the gloss of sable tresses, dyes.
Let all mankind these locks, these eyes detest,
So I were lovely in *Evander's* breast!
When o'er the garden's knot we cast our view,
While summer paints the ground with various hue;

Some

Some praise the gaudy tulip's streaky red,
 And some the silver lily's bending head ;
 Some the junquil in shining yellow drest,
 And some the fring'd carnation's varied vest ;
 Some love the sober vi'let's purple dyes.
 Thus beauty fares in diff'rent lovers eyes.
 But bright *Parthenia* like the rose appears,
 She in all eyes superior lustre bears.



S C E N E II.

D I O N E. L A U R A.

L A U R A.

Why thus beneath the silver willow laid,
 Weeps fair *Dione* in the pensive shade ?
 Hast thou yet found the over-arching bower,
 Which guards *Parthenia* from the sultry hour ?

D I O N E.

With weary step in paths unknown I stray'd,
 And sought in vain the solitary maid.

L A U R A.

L A U R A.

Seest thou the waving tops of yonder woods,
Whose aged arms imbrown the cooling floods?
The cooling floods o'er breaking pebbles flow,
And wash the soil from the big roots below;
From the tall rock the dashing waters bound.
Hark, o'er the fields the rushing billows sound!
There, lost in thought, and leaning on her crook,
Stood the sad nymph, nor rais'd her pensive look;
With settled eye the bubbling waves survey'd,
And watch'd the whirling eddys, as they play'd.

D I O N E.

Thither to know my certain doom I speed,
For by this sentence life or death's decreed.

[Exit.]



SCENE



S C E N E III.

LAURA. CLEANTHES.

LAURA.

But see! some hasty stranger bends this way;
 His broider'd vest reflects the funny ray:
 Now through the thinner boughs I mark his mien,
 Now veil'd, in thicker shades he moves unseen.
 Hither he turns; I hear a mutt'ring sound;
 Behind this rev'rend oak with ivy bound
 Quick I'll retire; with busy thought possess'd,
 His tongue betrays the secrets of his breast.

[She hides herself.]

CLEANTHES.

The skilful hunter with experienc'd care
 Traces the doubles of the circling hare;
 The subtle fox, (who breathes the weary hound
 O'er hills and plains) in distant brakes is found;
 With ease we track swift hinds and skipping roes,
 But who th' inconstant ways of woman knows?

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They

They say, she wanders with the sylvan train,
 And courts the native freedoms of the plain;
 Shepherds explain their wish without offence,
 Nor blush the nymphs;—for Love is innocence.
 O lead me where the rural youth retreat,
 Where the slope hills the warbling voice repeat.
 Perhaps on daisy'd turf reclines the maid,
 And near her side some rival clown is laid,
 Yet, yet I love her.—O lost nymph return,
 Let not thy fire with tears incessant mourn;
 Return, lost nymph; bid Sorrow cease to flow,
 And let *Dione* glad the house of woe.

L A U R A.

Call'd he not lost *Dione*? hence I'll start,
 Cross his flow steps, and sift his op'ning heart. [*Afide.*

C L E A N T H E S.

Tell me, fair nymph, direct my wandring way;
 Where, in close bowers, to shun the sultry ray,
 Repose the swains; whose flocks with bleating fill
 The bord'ring forest and the thymy hill.
 But if thou frequent join those sylvan bands,
 Thy self can answer what my soul demands.

L A U R A.

L A U R A.

Seven years I trod these fields, these bowers and glades,
 And by the less'ning and the length'ning shades
 Have mark'd the hours ; what time my flock to lead
 To sunny mountains, or the watry mead :
 Train'd in the labours of the sylvan crew,
 Their sports, retreats, their cares and loves I knew.

C L E A N T H E S.

Instruct me then, if late among your race,
 A stranger nymph is found, of noble grace,
 In rural arts unskill'd, no charge she tends :
 Nor when the morn and ev'ning dew descends
 Milks the big-udder'd ewe. Her mien and dress
 The polish'd manners of the Court confess.

L A U R A.

Each day arrive the neighb'ring nymphs and swains
 To share the pastime of our jovial plains ;
 How can I there thy roving beauty trace,
 Where not one nymph is bred of vulgar race ?

CLEANTHES.

If yet she breathe, what tortures must she find !
 The curse of disobedience tears her mind.
 If e'er your breast with filial duty burn'd,
 If e'er you sorrow'd when a parent mourn'd ;
 Tell her, I charge you, with incessant groans
 Her drooping fire his absent child bemoans.

LAURA.

Unhappy Man !

CLEANTHES.

————— With storms of passion tost,
 When first he learnt his vagrant child was lost,
 On the cold floor his trembling limbs he flung,
 And with thick blows his hollow bosom rung ;
 Then up he started, and with fixt surprise,
 Upon her picture threw his frantick eyes,
 While thus he cry'd. ' In her my life was bound,
 ' Warm in each feature is her mother found !
 ' Perhaps despair has been her fatal guide,
 ' And now she floats upon the weeping tide ;

- ' Or on the willow hung, with head reclin'd,
- ' All pale and cold she wavers in the wind.
- ' Did I not force her hence by harsh commands ?
- ' Did not her soul abhor the nuptial bands ?

L A U R A.

Teach not, ye fires, your daughters to rebel,
By counsel rein their wills, but ne'er compel.

C L E A N T H E S.

Ye duteous daughters, trust these tender guides ;
Nor think a parent's breast the tyrant hides.

L A U R A.

From either lid the scalding sorrows roll ;
The moving tale runs thrilling to my soul.

C L E A N T H E S.

Perhaps she wanders in the lonely woods,
Or on the fedy borders of the floods ;
Thou know'ft each cottage, forest, hill and vale,
And pebbled brook that winds along the dale.
Search each sequester'd dell to find the fair ;
And just reward shall gratify thy care.

L A U R A.

O ye kind boughs protect the virgin's flight,
And guard *Dione* from his prying sight! [Aside.

C L E A N T H E S.

Mean while I'll seek the shepherd's cool abodes,
Point me, fair nymph, along these doubtful roads.

L A U R A.

See'st thou yon' mountain rear his shaggy brow?
In the green valley graze the flocks below:
There ev'ry gale with warbling music floats,
Shade answers shade, and breathes alternate notes.

[Exit Cleanthes.

He's gone; and to the distant vales is sent,
Nor shall his force *Dione's* love prevent.
But see, she comes again with hasty pace,
And conscious pleasure dimples on her face.

S C E N E



S C E N E IV.

*L A U R A. D I O N E.**D I O N E.*

I found her laid beside the crystal brook,
 Nor rais'd she from the stream her settled look,
 Till near her side I stood ; her head she rears,
 Starts sudden, and her shrieks confess her fears.

L A U R A.

Did not thy words her thoughtful soul surprise,
 And kindle sparkling anger in her eyes ?

D I O N E.

Thus she reply'd, with rage and scorn possess'd.
 ' Will importuning love ne'er give me rest ?
 ' Why am I thus in desarts wild pursu'd,
 ' Like guilty consciences when stain'd with blood ?
 ' Sure boding ravens, from the blasted oak,
 ' Shall learn the name of *Lycidas* to croak,
 ' To sound it in my ears : As swains pass by,
 ' With look askance, they shake their heads and cry,

' Lo! this is she for whom the shepherd dy'd!
 ' Soon *Lycidas*, a victim to her pride,
 ' Shall seek the grave; and in the glimm'ring glade,
 ' With look all pale, shall glide the restless shade
 ' Of the poor swain; while we with haggard eye
 ' And bristled hair the fleeting phantom fly.
 Still let their curses innocence upbraid:
 Heav'n never will forsake the virtuous maid.

L A U R A.

Didst thou persist to touch her haughty breast!

D I O N E.

She still the more disdain'd, the more I prest.

L A U R A.

When you were gone, these walks a stranger croft,
 He turn'd through ev'ry path, and wander'd lost;
 To me he came; with courteous speech demands
 Beneath what bowers repos'd the shepherd bands;
 Then further asks me, if among that race
 A shepherdess was found of courtly grace;
 With profer'd bribes my faithful tongue essays;
 But for no bribe the faithful tongue betrays.

In



In me *Dione's* safe. Far hence he speeds,
Where other hills resound with other reeds.

D I O N E.

Should he come back ; Suspicion's jealous eyes
Might trace my feature through the swain's disguise.
Now ev'ry noise and whistling wind I dread,
And in each sound approaches human tread.

L A U R A.

He said, he left your house involv'd in cares,
Sighs swell'd each breast, each eye o'erflow'd with tears ;
For his lost child thy pensive father mourns,
And sunk in sorrow to the dust returns.
Go back, obedient daughter ; hence depart,
And still the sighs that tear his anxious heart.
Soon shall *Evander*, wearied with disdain,
Forego these fields, and seek the town again.

D I O N E.

Think, *Laura*, what thy hasty thoughts persuade.
If I return, to Love a victim made,
My wrathful Sire will force his harsh command,
And with *Cleantes* join my trembling hand.

K 5.

L A U R A.

L A U R A.

'Trust a fond father ; raise him from despair.

D I O N E.

I fly not him ; I fly a life of care.
 On the high nuptials of the Court look round ;
 Where shall, alas, one happy pair be found !
 There marriage is for servile int'rest fought :
 Is love for wealth or power or title bought ?
 'Tis hence domestick jars their peace destroy,
 And loose adult'ry steals the shameful joy.
 But search we wide o'er all the blisful plains,
 Where love alone, devoid of int'rest, reigns.
 What concord in each happy pair appears !
 How fondness strengthens with the rolling years !
 Superior power ne'er thwarts their soft delights,
 Nor jealous accusations wake their nights.

L A U R A.

May all those blessings on *Dione* fall.

D I O N E.

Grant me, *Evander*, and I share them all.

Shall

Shall a fond Parent give perpetual strife,
 And doom his child to be a wretch for life ?
 Though he bequeath'd me all these woods and plains,
 And all the flocks the ruffet down contains ;
 With all the golden harvests of the year,
 Far as where yonder purple mountains rear ;
 Can these the broils of nuptial life prevent ?
 Can these, without *Ewander*, give content ?
 But see, he comes.

L A U R A.

————— I'll to the vales repair,
 Where wanders by the stream my fleecy care.
 May'st thou the rage of this new flame controul,
 And wake *Dione* in his tender Soul ! [*Ex.* Laura.]



SCENE



S C E N E V.

D I O N E. L Y C I D A S.

L Y C I D A S.

Say, my *Alexis*, can thy words impart
 Kind rays of hope to cheer a doubtful heart ?
 How didst thou first my pangs of love disclose ?
 Did her disdainful brow confirm my woes ?
 Or did soft pity in her bosom rise,
 Heave on her breast, and languish in her eyes ?

D I O N E.

How shall my tongue the falt'ring tale explain !
 My heart drops blood to give the shepherd pain.

L Y C I D A S.

Pronounce her utmost scorn ; I come prepar'd
 To meet my doom. Say, is my death declar'd ?

D I O N E.

Why should thy fate depend on Woman's will ?
 Forget this tyrant, and be happy still.

L Y C I D.

LYCIDAS.

Didst thou beseech her not to speed her flight,
 Nor shun with wrathful glance my hated sight ?
 Will she consent my sighing plaint to hear,
 Nor let my piercing crys be lost in air ?

D I O N E.

Can mariners appease the tossing storm,
 When foaming waves the yawning deep deform ?
 When o'er the sable cloud the thunder flies,
 Say, who shall calm the terror of the skies ?
 Who shall the lion's famish'd roar assuage ;
 And can we still proud woman's stronger rage ?
 Soon as my faithful tongue pronounc'd thy name,
 Sudden her glances shot resentful flame :
 Be dumb, she cries, this whining love give o'er,
 And vex me with the teasing theme no more.

LYCIDAS.

'Tis pride alone that keeps alive her scorn,
 On the mean swain in humble cottage born,
 Can Poverty that haughty heart obtain
 Where avarice and strong ambition reign ;

If

If Poverty pass by in tatter'd coat,
 Curs vex his heels and stretch their barking throat ;
 If chance he mingle in the female croud,
 Pride tosses high her head, Scorn laughs aloud ;
 Each nymph turns from him to her gay gallant,
 And wonders at the impudence of Want.
 'Tis vanity that rules all woman kind,
 Love is the weakest passion of their mind.

D I O N E.

Though one is by those servile views possess'd,
 O *Lycidas*, condemn not all the rest.

L Y C I D A S.

Though I were bent beneath a load of years,
 And seventy winters thin'd my hoary hairs ;
 Yet if my olive branches dropt with oil,
 And crooked shares were brighten'd in my foil,
 If lowing herds my fat'ning meads possess'd,
 And my white fleece the tawny mountain drest ;
 Then would she lure me with love-darting glance,
 Then with fond mercenary smiles advance.
 Though hell with ev'ry vice my soul had stain'd,
 And froward anger in my bosom reign'd,

Though

Though avarice my coffers cloath'd in rust,
 And my joints trembled with enfeebled lust ;
 Yet were my ancient name with titles great,
 How would she languish for the gaudy bait !
 If to her love all-tempting wealth pretend,
 What virtuous woman can her heart defend ?

D I O N E.

Conquests, thus meanly bought, men soon despise,
 And justly slight the mercenary prize.

L Y C I D A S.

I know these frailties in her breast reside,
 Direct her glance and ev'ry action guide,
 Still let *Alexis'* faithful friendship aid,
 Once more attempt to bend the stubborn maid,
 Tell her, no base-born swain provokes her scorn,
 No clown, beneath the sedge cottage born :
 Tell her, for her this sylvan dress I took,
 For her my name and pomp of Courts forsook ;
 My lofty roofs with golden sculpture shine,
 And my high birth descends from ancient line.

D I O N E.

D I O N E.

Love is a sacred voluntary fire,
 Gold never bought that pure, that chaste desire.
 Who thinks true love for lucre to possess,
 Shall grasp false flatt'ry and the feign'd cares ;
 Can we believe that mean, that servile wife,
 Who vilely sells her dear-bought love for life,
 Would not her virtue for an hour resign,
 If in her sight the profer'd treasure shine ?

L Y C I D A S.

Can reason (when by winds swift fires are born
 O'er waving harvests of autumnal corn)
 The driving fury of the flame reprove ?
 Who then shall reason with a heart in love ?

D I O N E.

Yet let me speak ; O may my words persuade
 The noble youth to quit this sylvan maid !
 Relinquish thy crook, no more to plains resort,
 Look round on all the beauties of the Court ;
 There shall thy merit find a worthy flame,
 Some nymph of equal wealth and equal name.

Think,

Think, if these offers should thy wish obtain,
 And should the rustick beauty stoop to gain ;
 Thy heart could ne'er prolong th' unequal fire,
 The sudden blaze would in one year expire ;
 Then thy rash folly thou too late shalt chide,
 To Poverty and base-born blood ally'd ;
 Her vulgar tongue shall animate the strife,
 And hourly discord vex thy future life.

L Y C I D A S.

Such is the force thy faithful words impart,
 That like the galling goad they pierce my heart.
 You think fair virtue in my breast resides,
 That honest truth my lips and actions guides,
 Deluded shepherd, could you view my soul,
 You'd see it with deceit and treach'ry foul ?
 I'm base, perfidious. Ere from Court I came,
 Love singled from the train a beauteous dame ;
 The tender maid my fervent vows believ'd,
 My fervent vows the tender maid deceiv'd,
 Why dost thou tremble ? — why thus heave thy sighs ?
 Why steal the silent sorrows from thy eyes ?

D I O N E.

D I O N E.

Sure the soft lamb hides rage within his breast,
 And cooing turtles are with hate possess'd ;
 When from so sweet a tongue flow fraud and lies,
 And those meek looks a perjur'd heart disguise.
 Ah ! who shall now on faithless man depend ?
 The treach'rous lover proves as false a friend.

L Y C I D A S.

When with *Dione's* love my bosom glow'd,
 Firm constancy and truth sincere I vow'd ;
 But since *Parthenia's* brighter charms were known,
 My love, my constancy and truth are flown.

D I O N E.

Are not thy hours with conscious anguish stung ?
 Swift vengeance must o'ertake the perjur'd tongue.
 The Gods the cause of injur'd love assert,
 And arm with stubborn pride *Parthenia's* heart.

L Y C I D A S.

Go, try her ; tempt her with my birth and state,
 Stronger ambition will subdue her hate.

D I O N E.

D I O N E.

O rather turn thy thoughts on that lost maid,
 Whose hourly sighs thy faithless oath upbraid !
 Think you behold her at the dead of night,
 Plac'd by the glimm'ring taper's paly light,
 With all your letters spread before her view,
 While trickling tears the tender lines bedew ;
 Sobbing she reads the perj'rys over and o'er,
 And her long nights know peaceful sleep no more.

L Y C I D A S.

Let me forget her.

D I O N E.

O false youth, relent ;
 Think should *Parthenia* to thy hopes consent ;
 When *Hymen* join your hands, and musick's voice
 Makes the glad echoes of thy domes rejoice,
 Then shall *Dione* force the crouded hall,
 Kneel at thy feet and loud for justice call ;
 Could you behold her weltring on the ground,
 The purple dagger reeking from the wound ?

Could

Could you unmov'd this dreadful fight survey ?
Such fatal scenes shall stain thy bridal day.

LYCIDAS.

The horrid thought sinks deep into my soul,
And down my cheek unwilling sorrows roll.

DIONE.

From this new flame you may as yet recede,
Or have you doom'd that guiltless maid shall bleed ?

LYCIDAS.

Name her no more. — Haste, seek the Sylvan Fair.

DIONE.

Should the rich profer tempt her list'ning ear,
Bid all your peace adieu. O barb'rous youth,
Can you forgo your honour, love and truth ?
Yet should *Parthenia* wealth and title slight,
Would justice then restore *Dione's* right ?
Would you then dry her ever-falling tears ;
And bless with honest love your future years ?

LYCIDAS.

LYCIDAS.

I'll in yon' shade thy wish'd return attend ;
Come quickly come, and cheer thy fighting friend.

[Exit Lycidas.

D I O N E.

Should her proud soul resist the tempting bait,
Should she contemn his profer'd wealth and state,
Then I once more his perjur'd heart may move,
And in his bosom wake the dying love.
As the pale wretch involv'd in doubts and fears,
All trembling in the judgment-hall appears ;
So shall I stand before *Parthenia's* eyes,
For as she dooms, *Dione* lives or dies.



A C T



ACT IV. SCENE I.

LYCIDAS. PARTHENIA asleep in a bower.

LYCIDAS.



AY no rude wind the rustlin branches
move ;
Breathe soft, ye silent gales, nor wake
my Love.

Ye shepherds, piping homeward on the way,
Let not the distant echoes learn your lay ;
Strain not, ye nightingales, your warbling throat,
May no loud shake prolong the shriller note,
Lest she awake ; O sleep, secure her eyes,
That I may gaze ; for if she wake, she flies.
While easy dreams compose her peaceful soul,
What anxious cares within my bosom roll !

If

If tir'd with sighs beneath the beech I lye,
And languid slumber close my weeping eye,
Her lovely vision rises to my view,
Swift flies the nymph, and swift would I pursue ;
I strive to call, my tongue has lost its found ;
Like rooted oaks, my feet benumb'd are bound ;
Struggling I wake. Again my sorrows flow,
And not one flatt'ring dream deludes my woe.
What innocence ! how meek is ev'ry grace !
How sweet the smile that dimples on her face,
Calm as the sleeping seas ! but should my sighs
Too rudely breathe, what angry storms would rise !
Though the fair rose with beauteous blush is crown'd,
Beneath her fragrant leaves the thorn is found ;
The peach, that with inviting crimson blooms,
Deep at the heart the cank'ring worm consumes ;
'Tis thus, alas ! those lovely features hide
Disdain and anger and resentful pride.



SCENE



S C E N E II.

LYCIDAS. DIONE. PARTHENIA.

LYCIDAS.

Hath profer'd greatness yet o'ercome her hate ?
 And does she languish for the glitt'ring bait ?
 Against the swain she might her pride support.
 Can she subdue her sex, and scorn a Court ?
 Perhaps in dreams the shining vision charms,
 And the rich bracelet sparkles on her arms ;
 In fancy'd heaps the golden treasure glows :
Parthenia, wake, all this thy swain bestows.

DIONE.

Sleeps she in these close bowers ?

LYCIDAS.

————— Lo ! there she lies.

DIONE.

O may no startling sound unseal her eyes.

And

And drive her hence away. 'Till now, in vain
 I trod the winding wood and weary plain.
 Hence, *Lycidas* ; beyond those shades repose,
 While I thy fortune and thy birth disclose.

LYCIDAS.

May I *Parthenia* to thy friendship owe !

DIONE.

O rather think on lost *Dione's* woe !
 Must she thy broken faith for ever mourn,
 And will that juster passion ne'er return ?

LYCIDAS.

Upbraid me not ; but go. Her slumbers chase ;
 And in her view the bright temptation place.

[*Exit Lycidas.*]





S C E N E III.

D I O N E. P A R T H E N I A.

D I O N E.

Now flames the western sky with golden beams,
 And the ray kindles on the quiv'ring streams ;
 Long flights of crows, high-croaking from their food,
 Now seek the nightly covert of the wood ;
 The tender grass with dewy crystal bends,
 And gath'ring vapour from the heath ascends.
 Shake off this downy rest ; wake, gentle maid,
 Trust not thy charms beneath the noxious shade.
Parthenia, rise.

P A R T H E N I A.

————— What voice alarms my ear ?
 Away. Approach not. Hay ! *Alexis* there !
 Let us together to the vales descend,
 And to the folds our bleating charge attend ;
 But let me hear no more that shepherd's name,
 Vex not my quiet with his hateful flame.

D I O N E.

D I O N E.

Can I behold him gasping on the ground,
 And seek no healing herb to staunch the wound ?
 For thee continual sighs consume his heart,
 'Tis you alone can cure the bleeding smart.
 Once more I come the moving cause to plead,
 If still his suff'rings cannot intercede,
 Yet let my friendship do his passion right,
 And show thy lover in his native light.

P A R T H E N I A.

Why in dark myst'ry are thy words involv'd ?
 If *Lycidas* you mean ; know, I'm resolv'd.

D I O N E.

Let not thy kindling rage my words restrain.
 Know then ; *Parthenia* flights no vulgar swain.
 For thee he bears the scrip and sylvan crook,
 For thee the glories of a Court forsook.
 May not thy heart the wealthy flame decline !
 His honours, his possessions, all are thine.

P A R T H E N I A.

If he's a Courtier, O ye Nymphs, beware ;
 Those who most promise are the least sincere.
 The quick-ey'd hawk shoots headlong from above,
 And in his pounces bears the trembling dove ;
 The pilf'ring wolf o'er-leaps the fold's defence,
 But the false Courtier preys on innocence.
 If he's a Courtier, O ye Nymphs, beware ;
 Those who most promise are the least sincere.

D I O N E.

Alas ! thou ne'er hast prov'd the sweets of State,
 Nor known that female pleasure, to be great.
 'Tis for the town ripe clusters load the poles,
 And all our Autumn crowns the Courtier's bowles ;
 For him our woods the red-ey'd pheasant breed,
 And annual coveys in our harvest feed ;
 For him with fruit the bending branch is stor'd,
 Plenty pours all her blessings on his board,
 If (when the market to the city calls)
 We chance to pass besides his palace walls,
 Does not his hall with musick's voice resound,
 And the floor tremble with the dancer's bound ?

Such are the pleasures *Lycidas* shall give,
When thy relenting bosom bids him live.

P A R T H E N I A.

See yon gay goldfinch hop from spray to spray,
Who sings a farewell to the parting day ;
At large he flies o'er hill and dale and down :
Is not each bush, each spreading tree his own ?
And canst thou think he'll quit his native brier,
For the bright cage o'er-arch'd with golden wire ?
What then are honours, pomp and gold to me ?
Are those a price to purchase liberty !

D I O N E.

Think, when the *Hymeneal* torch shall blaze,
And on the solemn rites the virgins gaze ;
When thy fair locks with glitt'ring gems are grac'd,
And the bright zone shall sparkle round thy waste,
How will their hearts with envious sorrow pine,
When *Lycidas* shall join his hand to thine !

P A R T H E N I A.

And yet, *Alexis*, all that pomp and show
Are oft' the varnish of internal woe.

When the chaste lamb is from her sisters led,
 And interwoven garlands paint her head;
 The gazing flock, all envious of her pride,
 Behold her skipping by the Priestess' side;
 Each hopes the flow'ry wreath with longing eyes;
 While she, alas! is led to sacrifice!
 Thus walks the bride in all her state array'd,
 The gaze and envy of each thoughtless maid.

D I O N E.

As yet her tongue resists the tempting snare,
 And guards my panting bosom from despair.
 Can thy strong soul this noble flame forego?
 Must such a lover waste his life in woe?

[*Aside.*]

P A R T H E N I A.

Tell him, his gifts I scorn; not all his art,
 Not all his flattery shall seduce my heart.
 Courtiers, I know, are disciplin'd to cheat,
 Their infant lips are taught to lisp deceit;
 To prey on easy nymphs they range the shade,
 And vainly boast of innocence betray'd;
 Chaste hearts, unlearn'd in falshood, they assail,
 And think our ear will drink the grateful tale:

No.

No. *Lycidas* shall ne'er my peace destroy,
I'll guard my virtue, and content enjoy.

D I O N E.

So strong a passion in my bosom burns,
Whene'er his soul is griev'd, *Alexis* mourns!
Canst thou this importuning ardor blame?
Would not thy tongue for friendship urge the same?

P A R T H E N I A.

Yes, blooming swain. You show an honest mind;
I see it, with the purest flame refin'd.
Who shall compare love's mean and gross desire
To the chaste zeal of friendship's sacred fire?
By whining love our weakness is confess'd;
But stronger friendship shows a virtuous breast.
In Folly's heart the short-liv'd blaze may glow,
Wisdom alone can purer friendship know.
Love is a sudden blaze which soon decays,
Friendship is like the sun's eternal rays;
Not daily benefits exhaust the flame,
It still is giving, and still burns the same.
And could *Alexis* from his soul remove
All the low images of grosser love;

Such mild, such gentle looks thy heart declare,
Fain would my breast thy faithful friendship share.

D I O N E.

How dare you in the diff'rent sex confide?
And seek a friendship which you ne'er have try'd?

P A R T H E N I A.

Yes, I to thee could give up all my heart.
From thy chaste eye no wanton glances dart;
Thy modest lips convey no thought impure,
With thee may strictest virtue walk secure.

D I O N E.

Yet can I safely on the nymph depend,
Whose unrelenting scorn can kill my friend?

P A R T H E N I A.

Accuse me not, who act a gen'rous part;
Had I, like city maids, a fraudulent heart,
Then had his proffers taught my soul to feign,
Then had I vilely stoopt to sordid gain,
Then had I sigh'd for honours, pomp and gold,
And for unhappy chains my freedom sold.

If

If you would save him, bid him leave the plain,
 And to his native city turn again;
 There, shall his passion find a ready cure,
 There, not one dame resists the glitt'ring lure.

D I O N E.

All this I frequent urg'd, but urg'd in vain.
 Alas! thou only canst assuage his pain!



S C E N E IV.

D I O N E. P A R T H E N I A. L Y C I D A S.
 [listening.]

L Y C I D A S.

Why stays *Alexis*? can my bosom bear
 Thus long alternate storms of hope and fear?
 Yonder they walk; no frowns her brow disguise,
 But love consenting sparkles in her eyes;
 Here will I listen, here, impatient wait.
 Spare me, *Parthenia*, and resign thy hate. [Aside.]

L. 5.

P. A. R.

P A R T H E N I A.

When *Lycidas* shall to the Court repair,
 Still let *Alexis* love his fleecy care ;
 Still let him choose cool grots and sylvan bowers,
 And let *Parthenia* share his peaceful hours.

L Y C I D A S.

What do I hear ? my friendship is betray'd !
 The treach'rous rival has seduc'd the maid. [*Aside.*

P A R T H E N I A.

With thee, where bearded goats descend the steep,
 Or where, like winter's snow, the nibbling sheep
 Clothe the slope hills : I'll pass the cheerful day,
 And from thy reed my voice shall catch the lay.
 But see, still Ev'ning spreads her dusky wings,
 The flocks, slow-moving from the misty springs,
 Now seek their fold. Come, shepherd, let's away,
 To close the latest labours of the day.

[*Exeunt hand in hand.*

S C E N E



S C E N E V.

LYCIDAS.

My troubled heart what dire difasters rend?
A scornful mistress, and a treach'rous friend!
Would ye be couzen'd, more than woman can;
Unlock your bosom to perfidious man.
One faithful woman have these eyes beheld,
And against her this perjur'd heart rebell'd:
But search as far as earth's wide bounds extend,
Where shall the wretched find one faithful friend?



S C E N E VI.

*LYCIDAS. DIONE.**LYCIDAS.*

Why starts the swain? why turn his eyes away,
As if amidst his path the viper lay?

Dion

Did I not to thy charge my heart confide ?
 Did I not trust thee near *Parthenia's* side,
 As here she slept ?

D I O N E.

————— She straight my call obey'd,
 And downy slumber left the lovely maid ?
 As in the morn awakes the folded rose,
 And all around her breathing colour throws ;
 So wak'd *Parthenia*,

L Y C I D A S.

————— Could thy guarded heart,
 When her full beauty glow'd, put by the dart ?
 Yet on *Alexis* let my soul depend.
 'Tis most ungen'rous to suspect a friend ;
 And thou, I hope, hast well that name profest.

D I O N E.

O could thy piercing eye discern my breast !
 Couldst thou the secrets of my bosom see,
 There ev'ry thought is fill'd with cares for thee !

L Y C I D A S.

LYCIDAS.

Is there, against hypocrify, defence,
Who clothes her words and looks with innocence!

[*Aside.*

Say, shepherd, when you profer'd wealth and state,
Did not her scorn and suppled pride abate?

DIONE.

As sparkling di'monds to the feather'd train,
Who scrape the winnow'd chaff in search of grain;
Such to the shepherdes the Court appears:
Content she seeks, and spurns those glitt'ring cares.

LYCIDAS.

'Tis not in woman grandeur to despise,
'Tis not from Courts, from me alone she flies,
Did not my passion suffer like disgrace,
While she believ'd me born of sylvan race?
Dost thou not think, this proudest of her kind
Has to some rival swain her heart resign'd?

DIONE.

No rival shepherd her disdain can move;
Her frozen bosom is averse to love.

LYC

LYCIDAS.

Say, art thou sure, that this ungrateful fair
Scorns all alike, bids all alike despair?

DIONE.

How can I know the secrets of her heart?

LYCIDAS.

Answer sincere, nor from the question start.
Say, in her glance was never love confest,
And is no swain distinguish'd from the rest?

DIONE.

O *Lycidas*, bid all thy troubles cease;
Let not a thought on her disturb thy peace.
May justice bid thy former passion wake;
Think how *Dione* suffers for thy sake:
Let not a broken oath thy honour stain,
Recall thy vows, and seek the town again.

LYCIDAS.

What means *Alexis*? where's thy friendship flown?
Why am I banish'd to the hateful town?

Haft

Hath some new shepherd warm'd *Parthenia's* breast?
 And does my love his am'rous hours molest?
 Is it for this thou bid'st me quit the plain?
 Yes, yes, thou fondly lov'st this rival swain.
 When first my cheated soul thy friendship woo'd,
 To my warm heart I took the vip'rous brood.
 O false *Alexis*!

D I O N E.

Why am I accus'd?
 Thy jealous mind is by weak fears abus'd.

L Y C I D A S.

Was not thy bosom fraught with false design?
 Didst thou not plead his cause, and give up mine?
 Let not thy tongue evasive answer seek;
 The conscious crimson rises on thy cheek:
 Thy coward conscience, by thy guilt dismay'd,
 Shakes in each joint, and owns that I'm betray'd.

D I O N E.

How my poor heart is wrong'd! O spare thy friend!

L Y C I D A S.

Seek not detected falsehood to defend.

D I O N E.

D I O N E.

Beware ; lest blind fuspicion rashly blame.

L Y C I D A S.

Own thy self then the rival of my flame.

If this be she for whom *Alexis* pin'd,

She now no more is to thy vows unkind,

Behind the thicket's twisted verdure laid,

I witness'd ev'ry tender thing she said ;

I saw bright pleasure kindle in her eyes,

Love warm'd each feature at thy soft replies.

D I O N E.

Yet hear me speak.

L Y C I D A S.

————— In vain is all defence.

Did not thy treach'rous hand conduct her hence ?

Haste, from my sight, Rage burns in ev'ry vein ;

Never approach my just revenge again.

D I O N E.

O search my heart ; there injur'd truth thou'l't find.

L Y C I-

LYCIDAS.

Talk not of Truth ; long since she left mankind.
 So smooth a tongue ! and yet so false a heart !
 Sure Courts first taught thee fawning friendship's art !
 No. Thou art false by nature.

D I O N E.

Let me clear
 This heavy charge, and prove my trust sincere.

LYCIDAS.

Boast then her favours ; say, what happy hour
 Next calls to meet her in th'appointed bower ;
 Say when and where you met.

D I O N E.

Be rage suppress.
 In stabbing mine, you wound *Parthenia's* breast,
 She said, she still defy'd Love's keenest dart ;
 Yet purer friendship might divide her heart,
 Friendship's sincerer bands she wish'd to prove.

LYCL

L Y C I D A S.

A woman's friendship ever ends in love,
 Think not these foolish tales my faith command ;
 Did not I see thee press her snowy hand ?
 O may her passion like thy Friendship last !
 May she betray thee ere the day be past !
 Hence then. Away. Thou'rt hateful to my fight,
 And thus I spurn the fawning hypocrite. [Ex. Lycid.]



S C E N E VII.

D I O N E.

Was ever grief like mine ! O wretched maid !
 My friendship wrong'd ! my constant love betray'd !
 Misfortune haunts my steps were-e'er I go,
 And all my days are over-cast with woe.
 Long have I strove th' increasing load to bear,
 Now faints my soul, and sinks into despair.
 O lead me to the hanging mountain's cell,
 In whose brown cliffs the fowls of darkness dwell :

Where

Where waters, trickling down the rifted wall,
 Shall lull my sorrows with the tinkling fall.
 There, seek thy grave. How canst thou bear the light,
 When banish'd ever from *Evander's* sight!



S C E N E VIII.

D I O N E. L A U R A.

L A U R A.

Why hangs a cloud of grief upon thy brows?
 Does the proud nymph accept *Evander's* vows?

D I O N E.

Can I bear life with these new pangs oppress!
 Again he tears me from his faithless breast:
 A perjur'd Lover first he sought these plains,
 And now my friendship like my love disdains.
 As I new offers to *Parthenia* made,
 Conceal'd he stood behind the woodbine shade.
 He says, my treach'rous tongue his heart betray'd,
 That my false speeches have misled the maid;

With

With groundless fear he thus his soul deceives ;
 What frenzy dictates, jealousy believes.

L A U R A.

Resign thy crook, put off this manly vest,
 And let the wrong'd *Dione* stand confest ;
 When he shall learn what sorrows thou hast born,
 And find that naught relents *Parthenia's* scorn,
 Sure he will pity thee.

D I O N E.

————— No, *Laura*, no.
 Should I, alas ! the sylvan dress forego,
 Then might he think that I her pride foment,
 That injur'd love instructs me to resent ;
 Our secret enterprize might fatal prove :
 Man flies the plague of persecuting love.

L A U R A.

Avoid *Parthenia* ; lest his rage grow warm,
 And jealousy resolve some fatal harm.

D I O N E.

O *Laura*, if thou chance the youth to find,
 Tell him what torments vex my anxious mind ;

Should

Should I once more his awful presence seek,
 The silent tears would bath my glowing cheek ;
 By rising sighs my falt'ring voice be stay'd,
 And trembling fear too soon confess the maid.
 Haste, *Laura*, then ; his vengeful soul assuage,
 Tell him I'm guiltless ; cool his blinded rage ;
 Tell him, that truth sincere my friendship brought.
 Let him not cherish one suspicious thought.
 Then to convince him, his distrust was vain,
 I'll never, never see that nymph again.
 This way he went.

L A U R A.

————— See, at the call of night,
 The star of ev'ning sheds his silver light
 High o'er yon western hill : the cooling gales
 Fresh odours breathe along the winding dales ;
 Far from their home as yet our shepherds stray,
 To close with chearful walk the sultry day.
 Methinks from far I hear the piping swain ;
 Hark, in the breeze now swells, now sinks the strain ;
 Thither Ill seek him.

D I O N E.

D I O N E.

————— While this length of glade
Shall lead me pensive through the sable shade ;
Where on the branches murmur rushing winds,
Grateful as falling floods to love-sick minds.
O may this path to Death's dark vale descend !
There only can the wretched hope a friend.

[Exeunt severally.]



A C T



ACT V. SCENE I.

A Wood.

DIONE. CLEANTHES, (*who lies wounded
in a distant part of the stage.*)

DIONE.



HE Moon serene now climbs th'aerial way;
See, at her sight ten thousand stars decay:
With trembling gleam she tips the silent
grove,

While all beneath the chequer'd shadows move.
Turn back thy silver axles, downward roll,
Darkness best fits the horrors of my soul.
Rise, rise, ye clouds; the face of heav'n deform,
Veil the bright Goddess in a sable storm:
O look not down upon a wretched maid!
Let thy bright torch the happy lover aid,

And

And light his wand'ring footsteps to the bower,
 Where the kind nymph attends th' appointed hour.
 Yet thou hast seen unhappy love, like mine ;
 Did not thy lamp in Heav'n's blue forehead shine,
 When *Thisbe* fought her Love along the glade ?
 Didst thou not then behold the gleaming blade,
 And gild the fatal point that stabb'd her breast ?
 Soon I, like her, shall seek the realms of rest.
 Let groves of mournful yew a wretch surround !
 O sooth my ear with melancholy sound !
 The village curs now stretch their yelling throat,
 And dogs from distant cots return the note ;
 The rav'nous wolf along the valley prowls,
 And with his famish'd cries the mountain howls,
 But hark ! what sudden noise advances near ?
 Repeated groans alarm my frightened ear !

C L E A N T H E S.

Shepherd, approach ; ah ! fly not through the glade,
 A wretch all dy'd with wounds invokes thy aid.

D I O N E.

Say then, unhappy stranger, how you bled ?
 Collect thy spirits, raise thy drooping head.

[*Cleanthes raises himself on his arm.*]

O horrid fight ! *Cleantes* gasping lies ;
 And death's black shadows float before his eyes.
 Unknown in this disguise, I'll check my woe,
 And learn what bloody hand has struck the blow. [*Aside.*
 Say, youth, ere Fate thy feeble voice confounds,
 What led thee hither ? whence these purple wounds ?

C L E A N T H E S.

Stay, fleeting life ; may strength a while prevail,
 Left my clos'd lips confine th' imperfect tale.
 Ere the streak'd East grew warm with amber ray,
 I from the city took my doubtful way,
 Far o'er the plains I sought a beauteous maid,
 Who from the Court in these wide forests stray'd,
 Wanders unknown ; as I, with weary pain,
 Try'd ev'ry path, and op'ning glade in vain ;
 A band of thieves, forth rushing from the wood,
 Unsheath'd their daggers warm with daily blood ;
 Deep in my breast the barb'rous steel is dy'd,
 And purple hands the golden prey divide.
 Hence are these mangling wounds. Say, gentle swain,
 If thou hast known among the sylvan train
 The vagrant nymph I seek ?

D I O N E.

What mov'd thy care,
Thus, in these pathless wilds to search the fair ?

C L E A N T H E S.

I charge you, O ye daughters of the grove,
Ye *Naiads*, who the mossy fountains love,
Ye happy swains, who range the pastures wide,
Ye tender nymphs, who feed your flocks beside ;
If my last gasping breath can pity move,
If e'er ye knew the pangs of flighted love,
Show her I charge you, where *Cleanthes* dy'd,
The grass yet reeking with the sanguine tide.
A father's power to me the virgin gave,
But she disdain'd to live a nuptial slave ;
So fled her native home.

D I O N E.

'Tis then from thee
Springs the foul source of all her misery.
Could'st thou, thy selfish appetite to please,
Condemn to endless woes another's peace ?

C L E.

CLEANTHES.

O spare me ; nor my hapless love upbraid,
 While on my heart Death's frozen hand is laid !
 Go seek her, guide her where *Cleantes* bled ;
 When she surveys her lover pale and dead,
 Tell her, that since she fled my hateful fight,
 Without remorse I fought the realms of night.
 Methinks I see her view these poor remains,
 And on her cheek indecent gladness reigns !
 Full in her presence cold *Cleantes* lies,
 And not one tear stands trembling in her eyes !
 O let a sigh my hapless fate deplore !
Cleantes now controuls thy love no more.

D I O N E.

How shall my lids confine these rising woes ? [*Aside.*

CLEANTHES.

O might I see her, ere Death's finger close
 These eyes for ever ! might her soften'd breast
 Forgive my love with too much ardor prest !
 Then I with peace could yield my latest breath.

D I O N E.

Shall I not calm the fable hour of death,
 And show my self before him! — Hah! he dies.
 See from his trembling lip the spirit flies! . [Aside.
 Stay yet a-while. *Dione* stands confest.
 He knows me not. He faints, he finks to rest.

C L E A N T H E S.

Tell her, since all my hopes in her were lost,
 That death was welcome ——— [Dies.

D I O N E.

What sudden gusts of grief my bosom rend?
 A parent's curses o'er my head impend
 For disobedient vows; O wretched maid,
 Those very vows *Evander* hath betray'd.
 See, at thy feet *Cleantes* bath'd in blood!
 For love of thee he trod this lonely wood;
 Thou art the cruel authress of his fate!
 He falls by thine, thou by *Evander's* hate.
 When shall my soul know rest? *Cleantes* slain,
 No longer sighs and weeps for thy disdain.

Thou

Thou still art curst with love. Bleed, virgin, bleed.
 How shall a wretch from anxious life be freed !
 My troubled brain with sudden frenzy burns,
 And shatter'd thought now this now that way turns.
 What do I see thus glitt'ring on the plains ?
 Hah ! the dread sword yet warm with crimson stains !

[Takes up the dagger.]



S C E N E II.

D I O N E. P A R T H E N I A.

P A R T H E N I A.

Sweet is the walk when night has cool'd the hour.
 This path directs me to my sylvan bower. [Aside.]

D I O N E.

Why is my soul with sudden fear dismay'd ?
 Why drops my trembling hand the pointed blade ?
 O string my arm with force ! [Aside.]

P A R T H E N I A.

————— Methought a noise
 Broke through the silent air, like human voice. [Aside.]

M. 3.

D I O N E.

D I O N E.

One well-aim'd blow shall all my pangs remove,
Grasp firm the fatal steel, and cease to love. [Aside.]

P A R T H E N I A.

Sure 'twas *Alexis*, Hah! a sword display'd!
The streaming lustre darts a-crofs the shade. [Aside.]

D I O N E.

May Heav'n new vigour to my soul impart,
And guide the desp'rate weapon to my heart! [Aside.]

P A R T H E N I A.

May I the meditated death arrest! [*Holds Dione's hand.*]
Strike not rash shepherd; spare thy guiltless breast.
O give me strength to stay the threaten'd harm,
And wrench the dagger from his lifted arm!

D I O N E.

What cruel hand with holds the welcome blow?
In giving life, you but prolong my woe.
O may not thus th'expected stroke impend!
Unloose thy grasp, and let swift Death descend.

But

But if yon murder thy red hands hath dy'd ;
Here. Pierce me deep ; let forth the vital tide.

[Dione quits the dagger.]

P A R T H E N I A.

Wait not thy fate ; but this way turn thy eyes ;
My virgin hand no purple murder dies.
Turn then, *Alexis* ; and *Parthenia* know,
'Tis she protects thee from the fatal blow.

D I O N E.

Must the night-watches by my sighs be told ?
And must these eyes another morn behold
Through dazling floods of tears ? ungen'rous maid,
The friendly stroke is by thy hand delay'd ;
Call it not mercy to prolong my breath ;
'Tis but to torture me with lingring death.

P A R T H E N I A.

What moves thy hand to act this bloody part ?
Whence are these gnawing pangs that tear thy heart ?
Is that thy friend who lies before thee slain ?
Is it his wound that reeks upon the plain ?
Is't *Lycidas* ?

M 4

D I O N E.

D I O N E.

_____ No. I the stranger found,
 Ere chilly death his frozen tongue had bound.
 He said ; as at the rosy dawn of day,
 He from the city took his vagrant way,
 A murd'ring band pour'd on him from the wood,
 First seiz'd his gold, then bath'd their swords in blood.

P A R T H E N I A.

You, whose ambition labours to be great,
 Think on the perils which on riches wait.
 Safe are the shepherd's paths ; when sober Even
 Streaks with pale light the bending arch of heaven,
 From danger free, through deserts wild he hies,
 The rising smoke far o'er the mountain spies,
 Which marks his distant cottage ; on he fares,
 For him no murd'ers lay their nightly snares ;
 They pass him by, they turn their steps away ;
 Safe Poverty was ne'er the villain's prey.
 At home he lies secure in easy sleep,
 No bars his ivy-mantled cottage keep ;
 No thieves in dreams the fancy'd dagger hold,
 And drag him to detect the buried gold ;

Nor

Nor starts he from his couch aghast and pale,
When the door murmurs with the hollow gale.
Whilst he, whose iron coffers rust with wealth,
Harbours beneath his roof Deceit and Stealth ;
Treach'ry with lurking pace frequents his walks,
And close behind him horrid murder stalks.
'Tis tempting lucre makes the villain bold,
There lies a bleeding sacrifice to gold.

D I O N E.

To live is but to wake to daily cares,
And journey through a tedious vale of tears.
Had you not rush'd between, my life had flown ;
And I, like him, no more had sorrow known.

P A R T H E N I A.

When anguish in the gloomy bosom dwells,
The counsel of a friend the cloud dispels,
Give thy breast vent, the secret grief impart,
And say what woe lies heavy at thy heart.
To save thy life kind Heav'n has succour sent,
The Gods by me thy threaten'd fate prevent.

D I O N E.

No. To prevent it, is beyond thy power ;
 Thou only canst defer the welcome hour.
 When you the lifted dagger turn'd aside,
 Only one road to death thy force deny'd ;
 Still fate is in my reach. From mountains high,
 Deep in whose shadow craggy ruins lie,
 Can I not headlong fling this weight of woe,
 And dash out life against the flints below ?
 Are there not streams, and lakes and rivers wide,
 Where my last breath may bubble on the tide ?
 No. Life shall never flatter me again,
 Nor shall to morrow bring new sighs and pain.

P A R T H E N I A.

Can I this burden of thy soul relieve,
 And calm thy grief ?

D I O N E.

————— If thou wilt comfort give ;
 Pledge me thy word, and to that word be just ;
 When poor *Alexis* shall be laid in dust,

That

That pride no longer shall command thy mind,
 That thou wilt spare the friend I leave behind.
 I know his virtue worthy of thy breast.
 Long in thy love may *Lycidas* be blest!

P A R T H E N I A.

That swain (who would my liberty controul
 To please some short-liv'd transport of his soul)
 Shows, while his importuning flame he moves,
 That 'tis not me, himself alone he loves.
 O live, nor leave him by misfortunes prest;
 'Tis shameful to desert a friend distrest.

D I O N E.

Alas! a wretch like me no loss would prove,
 Would kind *Parthenia* listen to his love.

P A R T H E N I A.

Why hides thy bosom this mysterious grief?
 Ease thy o'erburden'd heart, and hope relief.

D I O N E.

What profits it to touch thy tender breast,
 With wrongs, like mine, which ne'er can be redrest?

Let

Let in my heart the fatal secret dye,
Nor call up sorrow in another's eye!



S C E N E III.

D I O N E. P A R T H E N I A. L Y C I D A S.

L Y C I D A S.

If *Laura* right direct the darksome ways,
Along these paths the pensive shepherd strays. [*Aside.*]

D I O N E.

Let not a tear for me roll down thy cheek.
O would my throbbing sighs my heart-strings break!
Why was my breast the lifted Stroke deny'd?
Must then again the deathful deed be try'd?
Yes. 'Tis resolv'd. [*Snatches the dagger from Parthenia.*]

P A R T H E N I A.

— Ah, hold; forbear, forbear!

L Y C I D A S.

Methought Distress with shrieks alarm'd my ear.

P A R-

P A R T H E N I A.

Strike not. Ye Gods, defend him from the wound.

L Y C I D A S.

Yes. 'Tis *Parthenia's* voice. I know the sound.
 Some sylvan ravisher would force the maid,
 And *Laura* sent me to her virtue's aid.
 Die, villain, die; and seek the shades below.

[*Lycidas snatches the dagger from Dione
 and stabs her.*]

D I O N E.

Whoe'er thou art, I bless thee for the blow.

L Y C I D A S.

Since Heav'n ordain'd this arm thy life should guard,
 O hear my vows! be love the just reward.

P A R T H E N I A.

Rather let vengeance, with her swiftest speed
 O'ertake thy flight, and recompense the deed!
 Why stays the thunder in the upper sky?
 Gather, ye clouds; ye forked lightnings, fly;

On thee may all the wrath of Heav'n descend,
 Whose barb'rous hand hath slain a faithful friend.
 Behold *Alexis*!

LYCIDAS.

————— Would that treach'rous boy
 Have forc'd thy virtue to his brutal joy?
 What rous'd his passion to this bold advance?
 Did e'er thy eyes confes one willing glance?
 I know, the faithless youth his trust betray'd;
 And well the dagger hath my wrongs repay'd.

D I O N E. [*raising herself on her arm.*]

Breaks not *Evander's* voice along the glade?
 Hah! is it he who holds the reeking blade!
 There needed not or poison, sword or dart;
 Thy faithless vows, alas! had broke my heart. [*Aside.*]

P A R T H E N I A.

O tremble shepherd, for thy rash offence,
 The sword is dy'd with murder'd innocence!
 His gentle soul no brutal passion seiz'd,
 Nor at my bosom was the dagger rais'd;

Self.

Self-murder was his aim ; the youth I found
Whelm'd in despair, and stay'd the falling wound.

D I O N E.

Into what mischiefs is the lover led,
Who calls down vengeance on his perjur'd head !
O may he ne'er bewail this desp'rate deed,
And may, unknown, unwept, *Dione* bleed ! [Aside.]

L Y C I D A S.

What horrors on the guilty mind attend !
His conscience had reveng'd an injur'd friend,
Hadst thou not held the stroke. In death he fought
To lose the heart-consuming pain of thought.
Did not the smooth-tongu'd boy perfidious prove,
Plead his own passion, and betray my love ?

D I O N E.

O let him ne'er this bleeding victim know ;
Lest his rash transport, to revenge the blow,
Should in his dearer heart the dagger stain !
That wound would pierce my soul with double pain.

[Aside.]

P A R.

P A R T H E N I A.

How did his faithful lips (now pale and cold)
With moving eloquence thy griefs unfold !

L Y C I D A S.

Was he thus faithful ? thus, to friendship true ?
Then I'm a wretch. All peace of mind, adieu !
If ebbing life yet beat within thy vein,
Alexis, speak ; unclofe those lids again.

[Flings himself on the ground near Dione.]

See at thy feet the barb'rous villain kneel ?
'Tis *Lycidas* who grasps the bloody steel,
Thy once lov'd friend. — Yet ere I cease to live,
Canst thou a wretched penitent forgive ?

D I O N E.

When low beneath the sable mold I rest,
May a sincerer friendship share thy breast ?
Why are those heaving groans ? (ah ! cease to weep !)
May my lost name in dark oblivion sleep ;
Let this sad tale no speaking stone declare,
From future eyes to draw a pitying tear.

Let

Let o'er my grave the lev'ling plough-share pass,
 Mark not the spot; forget that e'er I was.
 Then may'st thou with *Parthenia's* love be blest,
 And not one thought on me thy joys molest!
 My swimming eyes are overpower'd with light,
 And darkning shadows fleet before my sight,
 Mayst thou be happy? ah! my soul is free. [Dies.]

LYCIDAS.

O cruel shepherdes for love of thee [To *Parthenia*,
 This fatal deed was done.

SCENE *the Last.*

LYCIDAS. PARTHENIA. LAURA.

LAURA.

Alexis slain!

LYCIDAS.

Yes. 'Twas I did it. See this crimson stain!

My

My hands with blood of innocence are dy'd.
 O may the Moon her silver beauty hide
 In rolling clouds! my soul abhors the light;
 Shade, shade the murd'rer in eternal night!

L A U R A.

No rival shepherd is before thee laid;
 There bled the chafest, the sincerest maid
 That ever sigh'd for love. On her pale face,
 Cannot thy weeping eyes the feature trace
 Of thy once dear *Dione*? with wan care
 Sunk are those eyes, and livid with despair!

L Y C I D A S.

Dione!

L A U R A.

————— There pure constancy lies dead!

L Y C I D A S.

May Heav'n shower vengeance on this perjurd head!
 As the dry branch that withers on the ground,
 So, blasted be the hand that gave the wound!

OF;

Off ; hold me not. This heart deserves the stroke ;
'Tis black with treach'ry. Yes : the Vows are broke

[Stabs himself.

Which I so often swore. Vain world, adieu !

Though I was false in life, in death I'm true. [Dies.

L A U R A.

To morrow shall the funeral rites be paid,
And these Love victims in one grave be laid.

P A R T H E N I A.

There shall the yew her fable branches spread,
And mournful cypress rear her fringed head.

L A U R A.

From thence shall thyme and myrtle send perfume,
And laurel ever-green o'ershade the tomb.

P A R T H E N I A.

Come, *Laura* ; let us leave this horrid wood,
Where streams the purple grass with lovers blood ;
Come to my bower. And as we forrowing go,
Let poor *Dione's* story feed my woe

With

With heart-relieving tears. —————

L A U R A. [*Pointing to Dione.*]

————— Unhappy maid,
Hadst thou a Parent's just command obey'd,
Thou yet hadst liv'd. ——— But who shall Love advise?
Love scorns command, and breaks all other ties.
Henceforth, ye swains, be true to vows profest;
For certain vengeance strikes the perjur'd breast.

F I N I S.





