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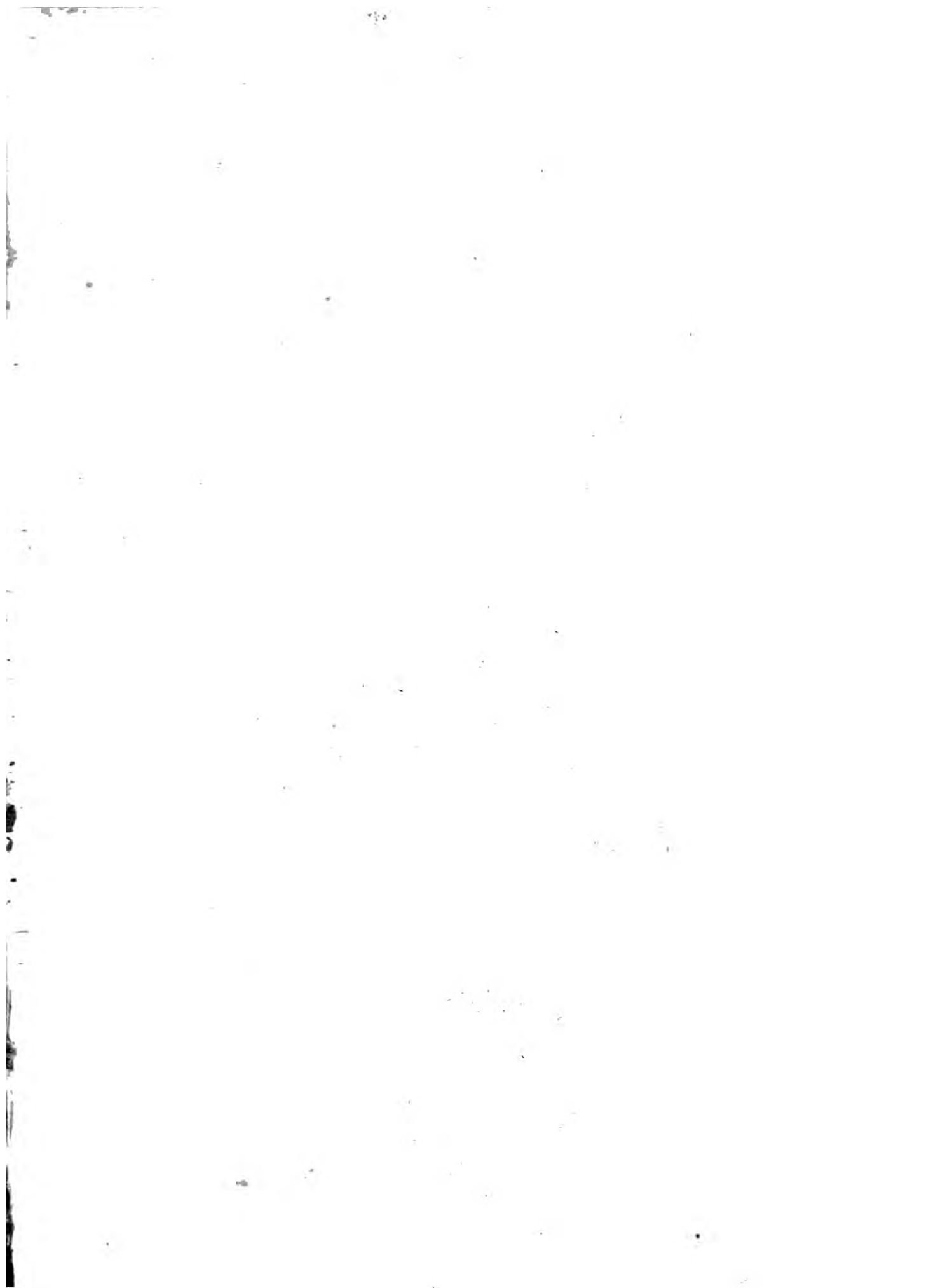


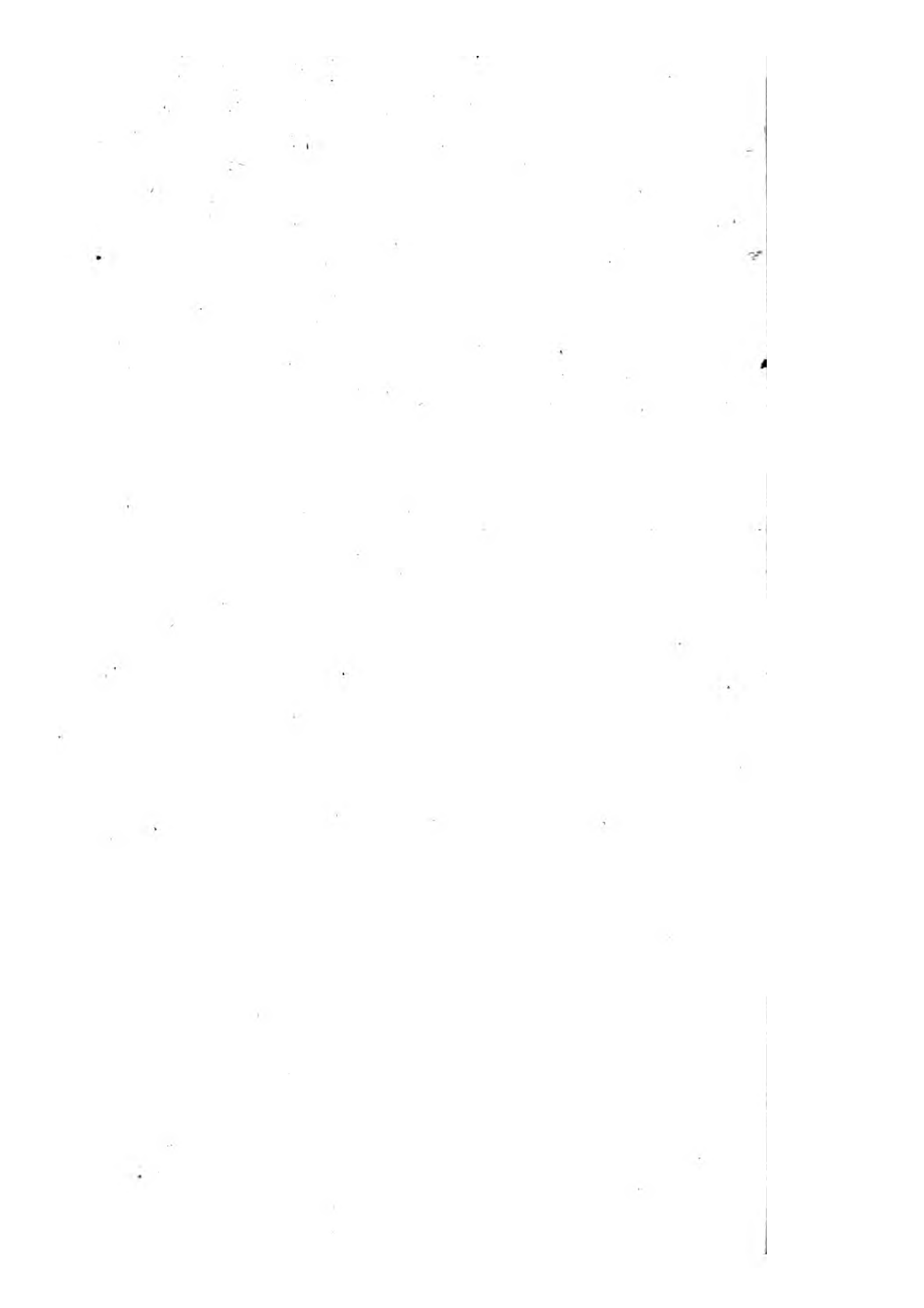
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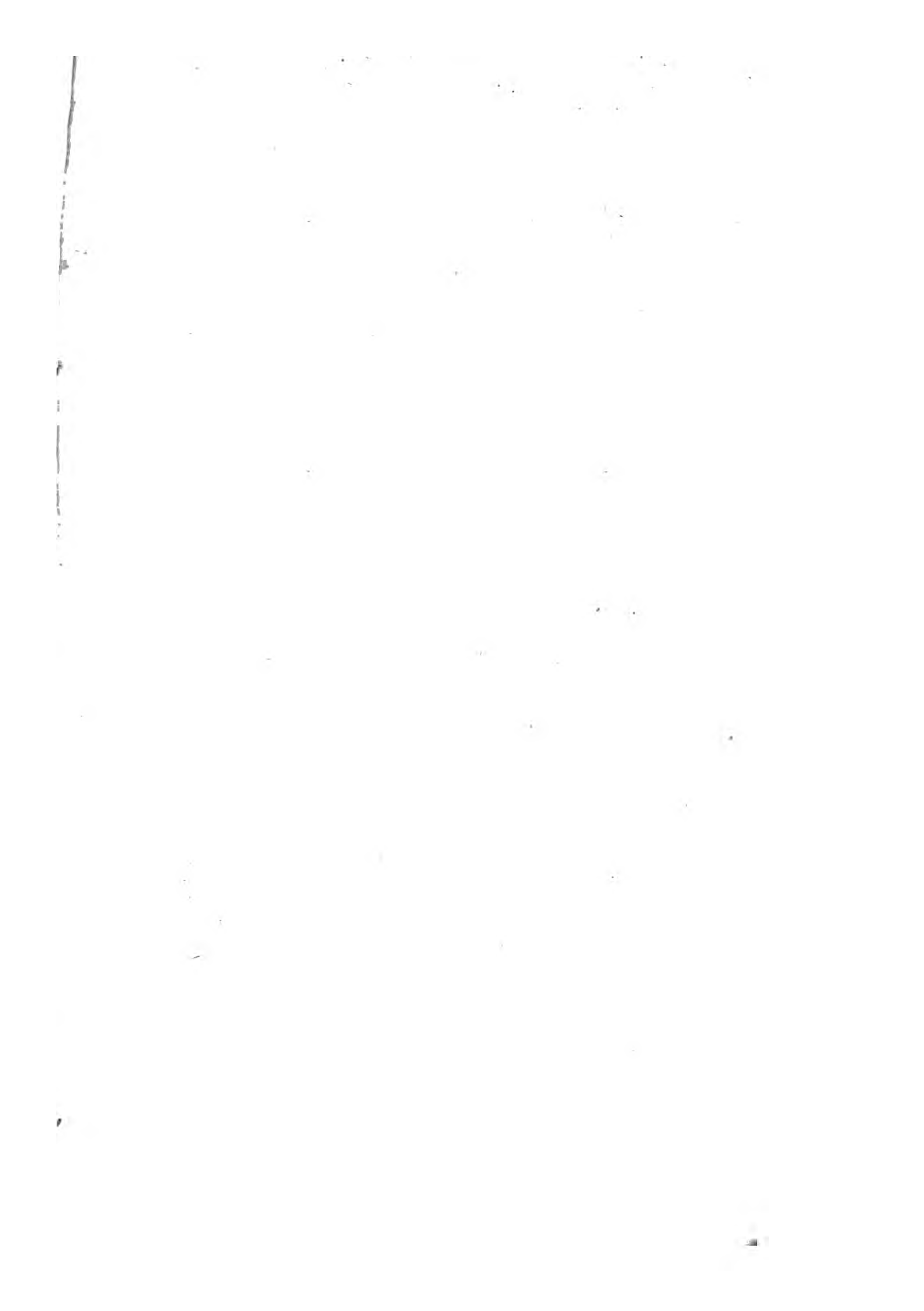
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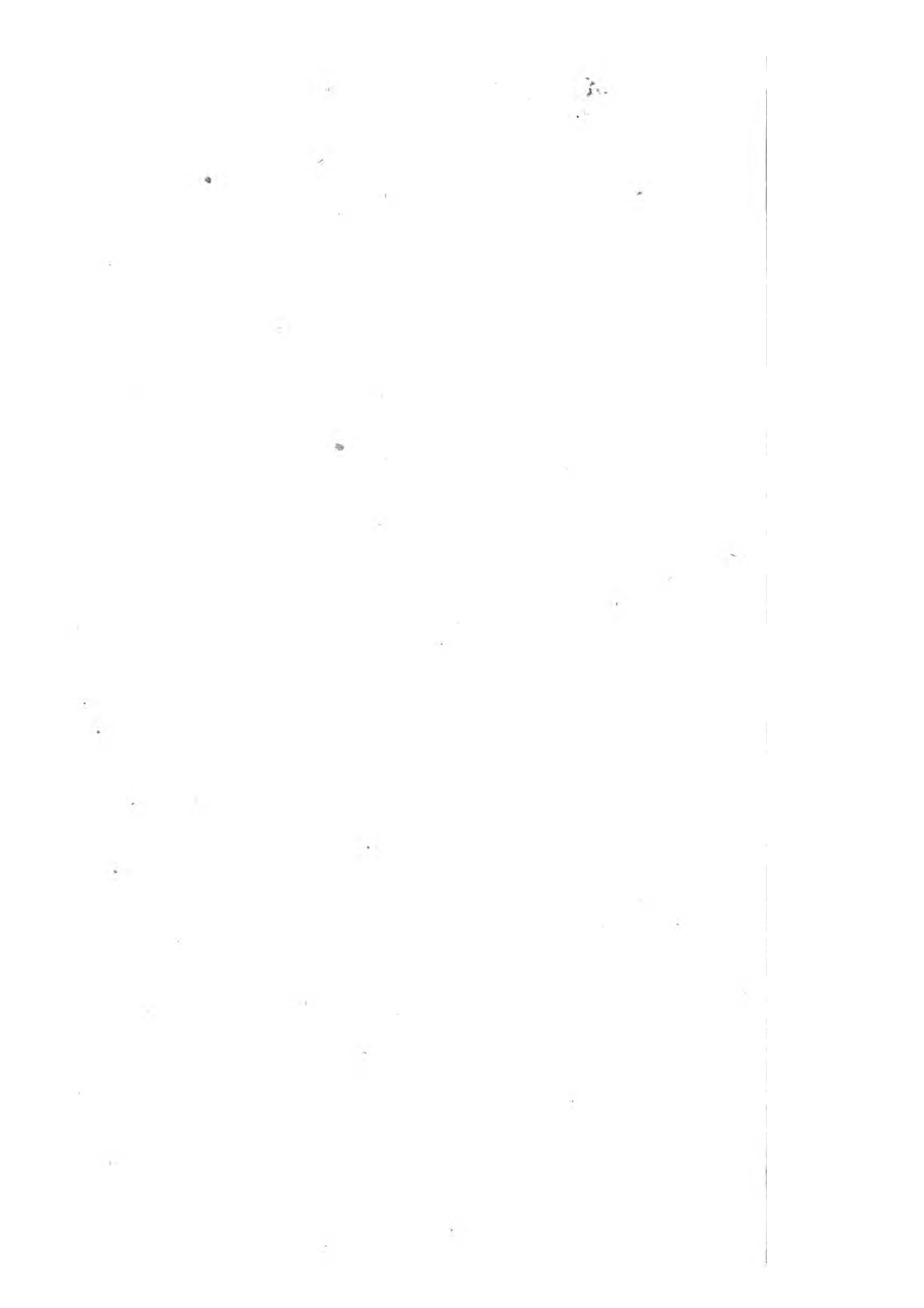
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JOANNIS LELANDI

ANTIQUARI

DE REBUS BRITANNICIS

COLLECTANEA.

C V M

THOMÆ HEARNII Præfatione Notis et
Indice ad Editionem primam.

EDITIO ALTERA.

VOL. IV.

Accedunt DE REBUS ANGLICANIS OPUSCVLA
VARIA è diversis Codd. MSS. descripta et nunc
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L O N D I N I :

APUD BENJ. WHITE, IN FLEET STREET.

M D C C L X X I V .

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Vol. 1, 1964

ANDREW DAVENPORT

JOANNIS LELANDI
ANTIQUARIII
De Rebus BRITANNICIS
COLLECTANEORUM
TOMUS TERTIUS.

Tom. III.

A

JOANNIS LELANDI

ANTIQUARIUM

De Rebus BRITANNICIS

COLLECTANEA.

☞ Numeri, quos in margine collocavimus, Autographi paginas denotant.

Pag. 1.

Ex Dictionario Britannico.

A	VAL, pomum.	Boubance.
	Avalon, pomarium.	Boutec, calathus.
	Avel, ventus.	Bram, bombus, Gal. pēt.
	Avona, fluvius.	Bran, corvus.
	Baelec, presbyter.	Bras, grandis.
Bagat, turba hominum.		Brein, putridus.
Bara, panis.		Btēn, furfur.
Barat, fraus.		Bro, patria.
Barater, fraudulentus.		Broch, taxus.
Barn, judicare.		Broēnnēn, juncus.
Barner, judex.		Brout, cuspis.
Bel, pila.		Buan, alipes.
Berū, acervus.		Buanec, iratus.
Benny, cantus.		Bualier, fenestra.
Berzut, miraculum.		Buch, bos.
Bes, digitus.		Buguel, infans.
Befon, annulus.		Cachet, caco.
Beth, mundus.		Calch, virga virilis.
Bez, sepulchrum, bustum.		Callouch, emissarius.
Bihan, exiguus.		Calon, cor.
Blas, gustus.		Cals, multus.
Bleut, farina.		Calvez, carpentarius.
Blont, flavus.		Camhet, passus.
Bom, fulcus.		Cān, plenilunium.
Boet, cibus.		Cannat, nuntius.

Car,

Car, amicus.	Cret, fide-juffor.
Cares, amica.	Creizēn, cicatrix.
Carer, amator.	Cres, avarus.
Caru, cervus.	Crezni, avaricia.
Cafec, jumentum.	Crib, peſten.
Caffat, odire.	Criz, crudus.
Cauel, camelus.	Croc, uncus.
Cauel, cunæ, arum.	Crou, ſtabula.
Caut, pulmentum.	Cuff, blandus.
Cezu, ſinapium.	Crom, proclivis.
Chede, ecce.	Curun, alias ſcudurun, tonitru.
Chilpat, victo.	Cuſaff, abdere.
Choanēn, mica.	Dale, tardo.
Chom, moror.	Dall, cæcus.
Chot, alias boch, maxilla.	Danuez, materies.
Chouc, collum.	Dazloniff, lachrimor.
Clafq, queror.	Darñ, pars.
Cleiz, ſiniſtra.	Deang, decima.
Cleyz, creta.	Dediaff, dedicare.
Clezeffe, enſis.	Dehou, dexter.
Clugar, perdix.	Delyaff, frondeo.
Coat, ſylva, nemus.	Delyēn, frons.
Coar, cera,	Deltaff, humectō.
Coff, venter, alvus.	Den, homo.
Coezaff.	Derchel, tenere.
Colen caru, hinnulus.	Deruen, quercus.
Colier, torquis.	Deuff, gener.
Coll, perdere.	Dezroumat, ſtrena.
Comps, loquj.	Diachiff, inconditus.
Compzer cazr, difertus.	Dianc, devio.
Connar, rabies.	Diarchenaff, diſcalcio.
Contaff, computare.	Dipennaff, decollare.
Cog, gallus.	Dirb, fella equina.
Cornart, gerro.	Dicoulmaff, denodare.
Choroł, chorea.	Dizul, dies dominica.
Corſēn, arundo.	Dinou, fundo.
Coſcor, familia.	Diougan, polliceri.
Conhēn, bubo.	Dir, calybs.
Cóz, vetus.	Diſcuiz, feſſus.
Cozni, ſeneſtus.	Diſliu, diſcolor.
Crag, ſputum.	Diuez, impudens.
Creff, fortis.	Dizemz, agamos.
Creis, medius.	Dluz, turtur.
Crenaff, tremere.	Doan, tædium.
Crēn, rotundus.	Doen, porto.
Cres, veſtis.	Donaff, privo.

Pag. 2.

JOANNIS LELANDI

¶ Dogan, curruca.	Gad, lepus.
Donet, venio.	Get, fimbriaa.
Dorgen, anfa.	Glan an dour, ripa.
Dor, ostium.	Glas, viridis.
Dorn, manus.	Glau, pluvia.
¶ Douar, terra.	Glin, genu.
Doulcil, clepsydra.	Glan, lana.
Douger, bajulus.	Glouen, carbo.
Dour, aqua.	Goac, mollis.
Douryar, fulica.	Goaff, lancea.
Dourgui, luter, vas.	Goalen, virga.
Drailou, farmentum.	Goarac, arcus.
Drem, vultus.	Goas, fervus.
Dren, spina.	Goaz, auca.
Drouc, malus.	Goat, fanguis.
Duder, nigredo.	Goel, festum.
Ebeul, pullus.	Goelet, fundus.
Ebil, cavilla.	Goez, ferus, silvestris.
Eff, cœlum.	Goff, faber ferrarius.
Eff, ipse, a, um.	Goulo, vacuus.
Effu, rectus.	Golo, tego.
Eheuc, falmo.	Gor, ulcus.
Ehuedez, alauda.	Gou, mendacium.
Ehunan, solus.	Gouaff, hyemps.
Eil, secundus.	Gouel, fabrica.
Eintaff, viduus.	Gouhin, vagina.
El, angelus.	Gouris, cinctura.
Elas, jecur.	Goz, talpa.
Elphezen, zizania.	Groach, vetula.
Eneff, anima.	Grocc, baculus.
Enefen mor, infula.	Gruy, futura.
Eoul, voluntas.	Guele, lectus.
Er, aquila.	Gueler, pheretrum.
Erch, nix.	Guelouen, sanguifuga.
Eren, vincio.	Guenet, Vanes, Venetus.
Eth, bladum.	Guen, blanc, albus.
Eur, importunitas.	Guent, odor.
Ezeff, bipennis.	Guenneuedic, felix.
Ezn, ales.	Guer, verbum.
Ezomec, pauper, egens.	Guern, alnus.
Fouloudec, caseus.	Guerzit, fufus.
Fri, nafus.	Gues, scropha.
Fur, saige, doctus.	Guet, excubiæ.
Gaffr.	Guezen, arbor.
Garu, asper.	Guimelet, terebellum.
Gast, ganea.	Guiniz, far.

Guipat, fertum.	Maes, champ, arvum.
Guir, jus.	Maezur, nutrio.
Hal, faliva.	Mam, mater.
Haff, æstas.	Manec, cirotheca.
Hanu, nomen.	Map, filius.
Hanter, dimidius.	March, equus.
Hanter torret, femiruptus.	Marchaucy, stabulum.
Hat, semen.	Marz Bran, corvus.
Heaul, fol.	Maru, mors.
Hegarar, benignus.	Mat, bonus.
Henaff, primogenitus.	Men, lapis.
Heiz, ordeum.	Mēn, capreolus.
Hent, via.	Ment, quantitas.
Hep abec, fans cause.	Mesclēn, concha.
Hynon, fudus.	Meuel, famulus.
Hyr, longus.	Meuliff, laudo.
Hivis, camisia.	Meur, grandis.
Houch, porcus.	Melezour, speculum.
Huēs, fudor.	Mezu, ebrius.
Hun, somnus.	Mez, pudentia.
Knech, mons.	Milguin, manica.
Lacat, pono.	Milliguet, maledicus.
Lazc, laqueus.	Mirer, custos.
Lagat, oculus.	Mis, mensis.
Lam saltus, saltator.	Moal, calvus.
Lāmpr, glissant, lubricus.	Moan, exilis, gracilis.
Lazaff, interficio.	Moe, coma.
Leanes, monialis.	Moez, vox.
Ledan, amplus.	Monet, vado.
Leiff, prandium.	Morhouch, delphin.
Lem, acutus.	Morzet, crus.
Lēn, stagnum.	Mouchet, capus, milvus.
Les, curia.	Mozreb, matertera.
Lefmam, noverca.	Muy, magis.
Lefmap, privignus.	Nac, non.
Lezr, corium.	Nach, nego.
Liu, color.	
Log, tugurium.	g
Logodēn, muș.	Nadoez, aguil, acus.
Lofg, ardor.	Naff, fames.
Lofst, cauda.	Nedelec, natale.
Louarn, vulpes.	Negum, nullus.
Louēn, pediculus.	Nepden, nemo.
Louzr, caliga.	Neptra, nihil.
Lue, vitulus.	Nes, propinquior.
Ludu, cinis.	Nigal, volo, as.
	Niuer, numerus.

Oar, super.	Tat, pater.
Oaz, zelotypia.	Taul, ictus.
Oguet, traha.	Techet, fugio.
Oll, totus.	Teil, fimus.
Orz, Malleus.	Teurel, jacio.
Ozech, vir.	Ten, spissus, creber.
Pau, pes.	Teut, lingua.
Pedu, quorsum.	Ti, casa.
Pemdez, quotidie.	Tiec, œconomus.
Pencel, tapetum.	Tizoc, eunuchus,
Perac, quamobrem.	Tnou, vallis.
Petguez, quotiens.	Toc, pileus.
Porz, portus vel porta.	Tom, calidus.
Prenaff, emo.	Toucec, bufo.
Prēn, lignum.	Toull, foramen.
Pret, tempus.	Tra, res.
Pry, argilla.	Traez, littus.
Priet, maritus.	Tramail, rez a pecher.
Put, amarus.	Treuat, messis.
Quae, sepes.	Treugēn, truncus.
Quaez, miser.	Troat, pes.
Querch, avena.	Trouch, sciffura.
Quic, caro.	Uhel, altus.
Rac, quia.	Vy, ovum.
Raz, calx.	Unguez, femel.
Sae, tunica.	Ufet, fessus.
Scaff, agilis.	Uuel, humilis.
Scoaz, armus.	Yach, fanus,
Silien, anguilla.	Yalch, bursa.
Sizun, septimana.	Yar, gallina.
Soez, stupor.	Yel, lolium.
Squent.	Yen, frigidus.
Talm, funda.	Youal, appellor.
Taluout, profum, valeo.	Youanc, juvenis.
Tam morfeau.	Yudal, ploro.
Tan, rokus, focus.	

Pag. 4.

Pag. 5.

Faverſham.

Rabanus super Matthæum.
 Enchiridion Xysti.
 Præfectinus super libros Sententiarum.
 Giraldi Cambrensis Topographia.
 Julius Solinus.
 Chronicon Gulielmi Meldunensis.
 Epistola Othonis monachi de inventione corporis S. Mil-
 burgæ.] *Miracula quæ autore deo.*

E veteri

E veteri quodam codice monasterii S. Augustini Cant.

Anno D. 1179. S. Nerarius, socius beati Augustini, inventus est juxta castellum Belcariæ, quod distat octo milliariis à

^b
civitate Arelas Tam

S. Florentius jacet in cœmiterio S. Mariæ in Thanet, cujus tumba crescit signis.

S. Imarus jacet in ecclesia S. Joannis Baptistæ in Thanet, monachus Reculvensis ecclesiæ.

S. Brinstanus, archidiaconus S. Ælphegi, in hac ecclesia jacet in porticu aquilonari.

Monasterium S. Augustini.

Thomæ Bradwardeni, archiepiscopi Cant : libri tres de causa dei contra Pelagium.] *Magnorum & multorum petitionibus.* Ley. opus plane eruditum, & magni ingenii.

^w
Conton Franciscanus super libros Sententiarum.] *Sicut dicit beatus Ambrosius.*

Mythologicôn libri quatuor Joannis Saresbiriensis.

^{Necham}
Alexander de S. Albano de naturis rerum.] *Forma decens.*
Eufracii, metropolitani Niceæ, commentarii in Ethica Arist : Philippus super Job. liber venerandæ antiquitatis.

Grammatica Euticis.

Grammatica Smaragdi.

Dogmata Albini ad Carolum.] *Impleat vestrum domini dilectio pectus.*

Carmen, ut videbatur ejusdem, de vitiis & virtutibus.] *Aurea jure decem transmisi poma sorori.*

Oratio Dominica carmine.

Symbolum apostolorum carmine.

Canticum Aug. & Ambr. i. e. Te

deum, carmine.

Aldhelmus de virginitate, prosa & carmine.

Enigmata Aldhelmi.

Carmen de 7. scientiis, forsitan etiam Albino autore.

Enigmata Tautunii.

Matthæi Vindocinensis Tobias carmine.

Duo commentarii super Psalterium, ignotis, sed vetustis autoribus.

Isidorus de natura rerum.

Hincmari, Remorum archiepiscopi, de ordinibus.

Terentius.

Beda de arte metrica.

Opusculum Felicis.

Stephanus Cantuar. de poenitentia Magdalenæ.] *Miserator & misericors dominus.* Sermones

Sermones Ælmeri, prioris Cantuariæ, in ecclesia Christi.]
Quoniam dies dominici ad
 Ejusdem de exercitiis spiritualis vitæ libri quinque.] *Redemptor no*
 Liber epistolarum ejusdem.] *Copiosus aliquid*

 Gulielmi

Pag. 6.

Ex libro Godselini, primum monachi apud S. Bertinum in provincia Morinorum, deinde Doroberniæ Cantiorum, quem scripsit de vita S. Augustini.

Ley:

Basilica S. Martini, olim à Romanis (vel potius à Britannis) condita, in qua Bertha, filia Dagoberti, Franciæ regis, & uxor Ethelberti, regis Cantiorum, ante adventum S. Augustini, cum Lethardo Christum adoravit.

Leyland.
 Pars inferior basilicæ. Hoc ex recentiori opere est.

Extat adhuc, condita ex longissimis & latissimis lateribus more Britannico, ut facile est videre in ruinis Verolamiensibus.

Basilica S. Pancratii nunc est, ubi olim Ethelbertus idolum

Ley:

suum coluit. Opus exiguum, structum tamen de more veterum Britannorum.

Habet Cantia insulam prægrandem & celeberrimam Thanatum, capacem amplitudine sexcentarum familiarum, januam & sinum pandit transmarinis, tellus uberrima & opulenta, atque camera Cantia accommoda. Vantsinu fluvius, tria stadia latus, hanc à continenti discriminat, & insulam facit. Is utrunque caput in mare protendens duobus tantum ostiis transvadatur.

Hæc insula primum accepit Augustinum cum fociis.

Vestigium pedis S. Mildrudæ impressum manet in faxo maximo.

Leyland.

Vide num natura sic luserit in lapide.

Ley:

Donatio Augustini pro libertate ecclesiæ S. Petri & Pauli Doroberniæ scripta majusculis literis Romanis.

Sigillum est rotundum ex plumbo, facies una habet effigiem Salvatoris cum hac inscriptione ^a, altera vero figuram ecclesiæ Christi cum hac inscriptione, "Sigillum Augustini episcopi."

Donatio Ethelberti, & Eadbaldi ejus filii, antiqua & veneranda plane vetustatis monumenta, extant adhuc in archivis monachorum Augustinensium, quas ego vidi, legi, atque adeo contrectavi.

Crux, quam Augustinus in Angliam veniens suis manibus portabat, extat ibidem, cum hac inscriptione, "Crux Augustini."

^a Sic.

Est & altera crux ex marmore porphiritico, paucis laminulis argenteis ornata; & sunt qui hanc etiam fuisse Augustini crucem commemorant.

Pfalterium Hieronymi vetustissimum, & majusculis literis Romanis scriptum, quo more constans fama est veteres Romanos scripsisse.

Reges sepulti apud S. Augustinum

Ethelberktus & Bertha, uxor ejus, in porticu S. Martini.
Eadbaldus & Emma, uxor ejus, sepulti in porticu S. Catarinæ.
Lotharius & ejus filia Mildruda.

Mulus.

Withredus.

Prope facellum S. Pancratii in S. cœmiterio reperta fuit urna, in qua cor reconditum.

Totus ille locus ab utraque porta monasterii S. Augustini usque ad fossam, quæ adjacet muro civitatis, area veteris cœmiterii erat, quo in loco nunc est bene magnus ædificiorum numerus. Non longo abhinc tempore ibidem inventa fuit urna, in qua, ut ex inscriptione apparuit, a reconditum fuit corpus.

æpius-
cule ibidem
ta ossa &
in hortis.

Archiepiscopi & episcopi ibidem sepulti.

Pag. 7.

London.

Augustinus, Laurentius, Mellitus, Justus, Honorius, Deusdedit, Theodorus, Jambertus, Brichtualdus, Nothelmus, Tatwinus, Elmerus episcopus Sireburnensis, Adrianus abbas.

Constanter etiam affirmant, Albinum, collegam Bedæ, fuisse abbatem apud S. Augustinum, ibidemque in cryptis se-

Ley:

pultum esse. Verisimilius est, sepultum fuisse apud cœnobium Turonense in Gallia, ubi dubio procul senex abbas erat, quanquam & antea Augustiniani cœnobii abbas.

Inscriptio lapidis positi in claustro Augustinensium.

In honore Sancti Stephani protomartyris, S. Laurentii, & Sancti Vincentii.

Altera in limine infirmitorii.

In honore S. Mariæ matris Christi, & Sanctæ Mildrydæ, omniumque Innocentium.

Ex libello incerti auctoris.

Wineboldus S. Willebrordi frater, Waldeburga soror ejusdem.

Ex veteri Chronico.

Alii dicunt, Britanniam nominatam ex Britone quodam, qui descenderat ex Japhet, filio Noe.

Corineia ex Corineo, Bruti socio, sic dicta.

^a Et reconditum fuit corpus cujusdam archidiaconi in MS, Galeano, contra fidem Autographi.

Apud S. Gregorium.

Vita Columbani, autore Jona abbate, viro magnæ eloquentiæ.

Cænobium Christicolarum.

Baldewinus de sectis hæreticorum.] *Mysterium fidei.*

Baldewinus super libros regum.

Epistolæ Baldewini.

Baldewinus de orthodoxis fidei dogmatibus.] *Doctrina sanctorum consiliorum.*

Ley: Fuit hic 2^{us}. archiepiscopus à Thoma Beket,
Elredus Rivallensis de oneribus Isaac] *Audiens te, pater beatiss.*

Opera Joannis Walensis.

Super Exodum. Super Leviticum. Super Numeros. Super Deuteronomium. Super Josue. Super Judam. Ruth. Ecclesiasten. Cantica cantic: Isaiam.

Summa confessorum Joannis Walensis.] *Quoniam dubiorum.*

Epistola Bedæ ad Vectium de æquinoctio.

Hilarius de synodo.

Beda de ponderibus.] *Ponderum ac mensurarum.*

Isidorus super Genesim, Exodum, & Leviticum.

Moralia Stephani, archiepiscopi Cant: super omnes prophetas in tribus voluminibus.

Stephanus super quinque libros Moses.

Pag. 8. Liber distinctionum Nigelli super novum & vetus testamentum.] *Quatuor sunt regulæ scripturæ.*

Ejusdem liber de abusione rerum ecclesiasticarum ad Gulielmum Longcampe, Eliensem episcopum, & cancellarium Angliæ.] *Syncere & sine simulatione.*

Excerptiones Nigelli de Warnerio Gregoriano super moralia Job.] *Sublimitas supernarum potestatum.*

Ley: Fuit hic præcentor Cantuar: & floruit temporibus S. Thomæ.
Job, Solomon, Esaias, Hieremias, Græce.

Psalterium Græce.

Richaleonis liber ad Felicem abbatem, in quo librum Alcuini ad Guidonem comitem de virtutibus ex prosa in carmen, sed leoninum, vertit.

Baldewinus super libros regum.

Baldewini epistolæ.

Irenæus contra omnes hæreses. Simon Mepeham, archiepiscopus Cant: monachis dono dedit.

Ex veteri Chronico apud Wigmorem.

Labienus à Britannis occisus in Cheston woode prope Rosam.

Ex tabella.

Odo, archi: Cant: prius episcopus Wintoniensis, præcessit Dunstano,

Balduinus

Balduinus secundus archi: à Thoma martyre, prius epif- Monachus
Fordensis.
copus Wigornienfis.

Stephanus 2^{us}. archi: à Balduino.

Robertus Kilwerby frater de ordine Prædicatorum à Ste-
phano.

Joannes Peccham de ordine Minorum fuceffit Kilwerbyo.

Robertus Winchelfey, archid. Effexiæ, huic fuceffit.

Simon Mepham 3^{us}. à Winchelfeo, prius canonicus Ci-
ceftrienfis.

Thomas Bradwarden Cant: archi: prius confeffor regis.

Gulielmus Wittelefey, doctor utriufque juris, archi: Cant:
ex epifcopo Rofenfi.

Inſcriptio in plumbo.

Hic requieſcit Thomas, Dorobernenfis archiepiſcopus, Bri-
tanniæ primas, & apoſtoliciæ ſedis legatus, qui pro juſtitia &
jure eccleſiæ interfectus eſt 4^o. Calendas Januarii.

Sepulchrum Elphegi martyris habens 4^{or}. annulos ferreos,
delatum ex eccleſia Paulina Londin: Cantuariam.

*Inſcriptio reperta in lamina plumbea, cum Gulielmus Waramus,
archi: Cant: aperiret ſarcophagum S. Dunſtani.*

Hic requieſcit Dunſtanus, Dorobernenfis archiepiſcopus.

*Dovarenſe cœnobium. Monachi pro canonicis ſecularibus,
qui olim eccleſiam in caſtro, deinde in foro, habebant,
inducti per archiepiſcopum Cant:*

Apuleius de deo Platonis.

Hiſtoriola de antiquitate Dovarenſis oppidi.

*Domus dei, alias Maiſun deu, ex fundatione Henrici. Pag. 9.
Ex tabula penſili.*

Julius cum Britannis ſuper Barhondune pugnavit.

Julius inchoavit caſtellum de Dover.

Arviragus communivit caſtellum de Dover contra Romanos.

☞ Obturatus eſt portus Rutupinus, qui modo Dover dici- Obſtructio
Rutupini
portus.
Leyland.
tur, anno domini 72^o.

Forſan hoc nomine, quia portus commodiſſimus erat Ro-
manis, ex Gallia in Britanniam trajicientibus.

Dunstable.

Cœnobium canonicorum regularium ex dotatione Henric regis, qui sepultus est Radinge.

Cawdwel prope Bedeford cœnobium canonicorum ex fundatione Bellimontis.

Castrum Bedefordæ (ut incolæ somniant) & villa nomen sumpsit à quodam Buda, vel Beda, regulo.

Castellum Bedefordense obsessum & dirutum multorum opinione tempore Henrici 3ⁱ. fervente bello Baronico.

Offa rex (ut publica fama fert) sepultus in ripa Usæ fluminis prope Bedefordam.

Newham canonici.

Ubi nunc est ecclesia S. Pauli Bedefordæ, olim erant canonici seculares, quorum cum unus laneonem interfecisset, omnes necessitate coacti sunt mutare sedem. Petierunt igitur locum non procul ab Bedeforda, qui nunc Newham dicitur à novitate ædificiorum, & ex canonicis secularibus tandem regulares sunt facti.

Rogerus Saresbiriensis super Psalterium.] *Nos debemus esse viri non effeminati.*

Pag. 10.

Sartis, alias Wardon.

Gilberti, abbatis Westmonast: omeliæ 47^m. super cantica cantic:] *Varii sunt adfectus amantium.*

Gaufridus Clarevallensis super cantica.] *Plurima quidem audivimus.*

Odo abbas super libros Moses.] *Operis subditi materia lex.*
Moralitates Nicolai Stanford super Genesim.] *Ley. Doctiss. liber.*

Lincolniensis de veneno, id est, de septem peccatis mortalibus.] *Ratio potissima veneni.*

Thomas Walensis super Exodum.] *Signa legem in discipulis.*

Idem super Leviticum.] *Masculum immaculati offeret.*

Idem super Numer.] *Recensiti sunt filii.*

Idem super Deuter:] *Vide terram.*

Idem super Josue.] *Surge, & transi Jordanem.*

Idem super Judic:] *Post mortem Josue.*

Idem super Ruth.] *Nota quod Ruth.*

Idem super Esaiam.] *Beatus qui custodit verba propheta.*

Lisbonense consilium habitum tempore Philippi regis & Gulielmi Normanni.

Quæstiones Albini super Genesim ad Sigulphum presbyterum.] *Quomodo convenit.*

Ricardi monachi Cantuar: liber, cui titulus, "Unde malum", tractans de quibusdam quæstionibus, quæ naturalem & moralem philosophiam spectant, carmine elegiaco scriptus, cujus

cujus prologus sic incipit,] *Janua clausa diu.* Liber vero sic,] *Pluribus in dubium venit.*

Godefridi, prioris S. Suithuni Wintoniensis, disticha moralia.] *Discendi, Damiane, modum.*

Ejusdem Tetraſtica moralia.] *Miramur Rupilum.*

Ejusdem Hexaſtica moralia.

Ejusdem Octoſtica moralia.

Ei

Sanctus Neotus. Oppidum antea dictum Arnulphesbury.

Sanctus Neotus, monachus Glessoburgensis, translatus à Neotesstoke, in Cornubia olim monasterio, nunc vero parochiali ecclesia, ad Arnulphesbiry in provincia Huntingdunensi, in quo oppido palatium erat Elfridi comitis, quod postea verſum est in ufum cœnobii, in quo fuerunt ad multos annos monachi nigri, donec Anſelmus, archi: Cant: introduxit Gallos monachos albos.

Barrius, Neoti ſervus, ibidem ſepultus.

Monasterium S. Neoti à Danis ſpoliatum & incensum, quod

reparavit Domina Roſa tempore Henrici primi. ^{Ley:} Quo tempore forſan ab Anſelmo primum ex Gallia in Angliam monachi albi evocati, qui alius professionis ſunt quam Barnardini.

Ex libro de vita S. Neoti.

Pag. 11.

Neotus, filius Adulphi, regis Cantiorum, & frater Aluredi regis, qui achademiã Oxoniẽſem fundavit inſtigante fratre.

Anatholia.

Mefembria.

Neoteſcẽſes in Cornubia à Neoto ſic dicti, nunc lingua vulgari Newſtoke.

Locus Ethelingaia, quod apud nos regalis inſula exprimitur.

non erat frater, ſed nepos.

S. Neotus Aluredo fratri apparuit, promittens illi victoriam de Danis.

Sunt tamen (ſi recte memini) qui hoc divo Cuthberto ^{Ley:} tribuant.

Vidi tunicam interiorem S. Neoti ex panno villoſo more ^{Ley:} Hybernico.

Pecten S. Neoti ex officulo duos digitos lato, inſertis piſcium denticulis inſtar maxillæ lupi fluviatilis.

Gumiceſter, vulgo Godmanceſter.

Gumiceſter olim opp: magni nominis, ut apparet ex fundamentis & numiſmatibus erutis. Eruuntur etiam & oſſa, ſed majora quam habeant hujus ætatis homines. Uſa tantum dividit hoc opp: ab Huntingduno. Unde conjectura eſt, Huntingdunum antiquitus partem fuiſſe Gumiceſtriæ, vel, hac fatifcente

cente præ. fenio, Huntingdunum principia sumpsisse. De Guma (nisi fallor) ille mentionem facit, qui scripsit vitam S. Machuti, quem ait Gunīcastrīæ fuisse episcopum, & patrem ejus ibidem fuisse comitem; nisi quis velit per Gunīcastrīam Guincastrīam intelligere. At quamvis impressus libellus de vita S. Machuti Gunīcastrīæ legat, ego tamen vidi libellum manu scriptum, qui habebat Gumicastrīæ, quæ lectio mihi videtur esse verior. Emi ibidem à quodam sacrficulo numismata, inter quæ unum erat C. Antii prælonga cæsarie, qualem Romani habebant ante notos tonfores.

Ex libello qui est Ebor: apud monachos Marianos de vita S. Machuti episcopi.

Machutus factus fuit episcopus Guminæ civitatis, ubi pater ejus comes fuit. Leyland. Quisquis vitam scripsit, elegantissime scripsit. Sunt qui Guincastrīæ fuisse episcopum scribunt, quod verosimilius est. Nuper didici natum fuisse in Guenta, parte Suthwalliæ, autoritate Bili levitæ.

Venandunum, vulgo Huntingdune.

In hoc cœnobio ostendunt poculum Stephani regis ex Turcheso lapide, rem ingentis pretii.

Huntingdune, i. e. mons venatorum, oppidum aliquot ab hinc seculis quindecim parochialibus ecclesiis insigne, quarum tantum quatuor nunc supersunt, reliquæ vetustate & incuria collapsæ sunt, extantibus tamen etiamnum in aliquot locis murorum vestigiis & cimiteriis.

Cœnobium canonicorum, quod nunc paululum quiddam distat ab oppido, erat eo loco, ubi nunc ecclesia S. Mariæ est, quod per Eustachium, Huntingdunensem comitem, translatum est in locum paulo remotiorem, propter oppidi strepitum. David Brucius, Scotus, comes Huntingdunensis, sepultus in hoc cœnobio. Est & ibidem sepulchrum elegantis operis cujusdam (ut illi putant) comitis Huntingdunensis, in quo eques insculpitur cum insignibus venatoriis. Habent & oppidani in sigillo publico venatorem cum suis armis. Habent numisma vetustissimum, non procul ab opp: erutum, cum imagine canis leporarii, sed inscriptio præ vetustate oblitterata est.

Pag. 12.

Barnewel cœnobium [com: Cantabr:]

Canonici, qui nunc sunt Barnwelliæ, cœnobiolum habuerunt per annos paucos tempore Gulielmi Rufi prope castellum Grantabrigense eo in loco, ubi nunc est ecclesia D. Egidii, extantque adhuc veteris cœnobioli aliquot vestigia. Tempore vero Henrici primi translati sunt canonici bernwelliam per Peverellum, comitem Grantabrigensem.

In

In Bibliotheca Bernwellensi.

Chronica Hugonis de S. Victore.] *Fili sapientia thesaurus est.*
Epistolæ Symmachi.

Necham

Prometicus Alexandri Nequam carmine prosa intermixta.]
Sponte sua genius pater.

Helias Rubius Tripelaunensis contra inanem nobilitatem.
Epistolæ variæ Cassiodori.

Chronicon à Nino ad Cæsarem, & à Cæsare ad Ludovicum,
Caroli Magni filium.] *Affyrriorum igitur rex.*

Chronicon, cujus prologus sic incipit,] *Annum ab ea die
qua Petrus.*

*Granta, vulgo Cambrige, à Granta, fluvio præterlabente,
sic dicta, crevitque (ut ego arbitror) ex ruinis Grantæ-
castræ, urbis olim nobilissima.*

In bibliotheca publica majori.

Collectiones Wallensis.] *Cum collectionis hujus.*

Hildebrandus super evangelia, qui postea Gregorius septimus
dictus fuit.

Nicolaus Trivet super Genesim.

Distinctiones theologicæ Gulielmi, Lincolnensis ecclesiæ
cancellarii.] *Arcus dicitur Christus.*

Expositio Nicolai Trivet super libros Boëtii de consolatione.]
Explicatio librorum Boëtii &c.

Boëtius de consolatione, Anglice.

In bibliotheca Augustinensium.

Hockam super Porphyrium.] *Quoniam omne operans.*

Joannes, Capgrave fortan, Augustinensis frater, & doctor
theol: super Genesim, justum volumen ad Humfredum ducem
Glocestriæ.] *Arduum namque & supra vires.* Leyland. Erat
hic non infeliciter eruditus.

Corona Joannis Capgravi (duo justa volumina) fratris Au-
gustinensis de Lino Norvolgiæ, super libros regum.] *Quod in
regnorum libros.*

Summa Guliermi Ockam de Logica ad Adamum.] *Omnes
Logicæ tractatores.*

Idem de invisibilibus.

Idem de quantitate corporis Christi.

Idem de prædestinatione sanctorum.

Radulphi monachi & elemosynarii Westmonasteriensis
omeliæ viginti ad Laurentium, abbatem ejusdem loci.] *Nun-
quid capies Leviathan hamo.*

In bibliotheca Dominicanorum.

Fyzaker super 4^{or}. libros sententiarum, duo justa volumina.]
O altitudo divitiarum.

Barptolemæus Anglicus Franciscanus de proprietatibus rerum.

Biblia in lingua vernacula.

Commentarii Nicolai Triveti super Valerium de non ducenda uxore.] *Mulier si primatum habeat.*



In bibliotheca Franciscanorum.

Epistolæ Roberti Grostest numero 127. ex quibus apparet illum fuisse archidiaconum Leycestrensem.] *Novit sanctitas.*

Epistola fratris Gulielmi Notingham de obedientia.

Epistola Lincolnensis, instar libelluli, ad Adamum Rufum, quod deus prima forma, & forma omnium.

Duo sermones Lincolnensis habitati coram Papa.

Ambrosius Aulbertus.

In collegio Jesu.

Encomium calvitei, autore Synesio, interprete vero Freæ. Præfixa fuit operi Omniboni Leonicensi epistola in laudem Freæ. Ibidem etiam comparuit Freæ epistola, qua opusculum suum Joanni, comiti Wigornia, dedicat. Leonicensi epistola in impresso exemplari deest. Freæ vero epistola à Beato Rhenano inserta est, quæ tamen admodum mutila est & detruncata.

Expostulatio Freæ in Joannem, Wigornia comitem, quod hædum permetteret vitem arrodere, heroico carmine scripta.

Epitaphium Francisci Petrarchæ, autore Freæ, quod rogatus à quodam nobili Italo scripsit. Nam antea Petrarchæ sepulchrum inscriptum erat rudi & barbaro carmine.

E codice, ubi hæc erant, excisi fuerunt 4. aut. 5, ut colligebam, quaterniones, in quibus verisimile est aliquid à Freæ

Gunthorp
was Dene of
Welles, and
Lord Privy
Seale.

scriptum delituisse. Hujus codicis possessor olim fuit Gulielmus Joannes Gunthorp, qui in Italia cum Freæ bonis studuerat literis, & postea factus decanus Wellensis, multos libros in Italia manu scriptos collegio Jesu dono dedit.

Paulus Vergerius de ingenuis moribus.

Francisci Petrarchi liber de laudibus heremi. } furto sublato.

Franciscus Barbarus de re uxoria.

Doctör Stubbes, qui scripsit bene fundatum, præses erat collegii de Jesu.

Pag. 14:

In bibliotheca pub. minori, quam Cuthebertus Tunstallus insigni numero Græcorum voluminum auxit.

Lincolnensis de doctrina cordis.

Compendium de dictis & factis memorabilibus incerto auctore.] *Sapientiam antiquorum.*

Andronici Calysti Byzantii interpretatio in libro: Arist: de generat: & corrupt:

Summa

Summa philosophiæ, autore Grosstest.

Barptolemæus Facius de felicitate vitæ. furto sublatum.

In bibliotheca collegii D. Benedicti.

Sermones dominicales autore Waterton.

Omeliæ dominicales 53. editæ à quodam Priore S. Barptolemæi London.

Stephanus archiepiscopus Cant: super Pentateucum.

Boëtii libellus sive epistola de hebdomadibus.

Idem de duabus naturis & una persona Christi and Joannem diaconum.

Joannes Damascenus de incomprehensibilitate dei.

Idem de amatoribus mundi & dei.

Boëtii libellus de unitate & uno.

Anselmus de sacrificio Azimi & fermenti.

Tres tractatus, sive libelli, Joannis Wyclif de rebus sophisticis & dialecticis.

In bibliotheca colleg: S. Trinitatis.

Sermones fratris Gulielmi Badonensis. Opus non omnino ineruditum.

In biblioth: aula Regiæ.

Liber variarum Cassiodori.

Historia Helinandi à creatione mundi ad tempora Henrici & Othonis imperatorum, complectens 44. libros.

In bibliotheca aula Valence S. Mariæ, alias Penbroke.

Burleus de potentiis animæ.

Vitæ Benedicti & Ceolfredi abbatum, autore Beda.

Vita Bedæ, incerto autore.

Liber Procli, qui dicitur Elementatio theologica.

Idem de mixtione elementorum.

Burle super libros Posteriorum, Physicorum, de generat: & corrupt: de anima, de cælo, & mundo, Ethicorum.

Burle de vita & moribus philosophorum.

In bibliotheca collegii Reginei.

Pag. 15.

Mithologicon Joannis Saresburiensis.] *In humanis rebus.*

Eutethicus ejusdem, editus carmine Hexametro & Pentametro. Dedicavit autem librum Thomæ Beket, tum Angl: cancel: postea Cantiorum archiepiscopo.] *Dogmata discutiens.*

Burleus super libros Ethicorum.

Tractatus Jo: Peccham de Sphæra.] *Corporum mundanorum.*

Theorica Lincoln: de latitudinibus planetarum.

Tractatus ejusdem de Sphæra.

Alfraganus de motibus cælestium corporum.

Geometria Euclidis cum commentariis Azelardi.

Lotharius cardinalis de miseria humanæ conditionis.

Armandus de transcendentibus, de prædicamentis, & intentionibus secundis.

Bocchatus de insigni obedientia & fide uxoria.

Declamatio Collutii Pierii Florentini.

Certamen paupertatis & fortunæ.

Liber pœnarum Benedicti de Pileo carmine scriptus.

Ejusdem ecloga in honorem Sigismundi imperatoris.

Frater Rogerus de S. Ivone contra Joannem de veteri castro, ubi agit contra hæreticos & Lolhardos.

Musica fratris Walteri, monachi Sueshamiæ.

Petrarcha de ignorantia sui & aliorum.

Compendium legis Christi, & canonis sacri super 4. librum sententiarum, autore Joanne Bachone Carmel:] *Cum ex scripturis sacris.* Hujus operis alias est de lege Christi evangelica, & de lege ecclesiæ canonica.

Expositio Magistri Henrici de Esseburn, fratris Prædicatoris, in proverbialia Solomonis, secundum quod legit in conventu fratrum suorum apud Cestriam.] *Sicut dicit ecclesiasticus.*

Inem super Ecclesiasten, qui liber est tanquam 30. cap. ad-
bur
junctum proverbialibus Solomonis. Fuit hic Effedunus plane bene doctus, ut illa ferebant tempora. Liber autem dono datus erat collegio Regineo 1474.

Defensorium Gulielmi Wodeford contra Armachanum.

Scutum inexpugnabile ad defensorium fidei catholicæ de sacramento eucharistiæ, editum atque publice determinatum à Reverendo Mag: fratre Joanne de Tiffington de ordine Minorum in universitate Oxon: 1381.] *Semel confessus est filius dei.*

Quotlibeta Fizaker.

Innocentius 3. super 7. Psalmos pœnitentiales.

pag. 16. Rabanus super Apocalypsin.

Libri 19. per dialogos de quæstionibus Armenorum, autore Armachano.

Robertus Prior de Bridlington in epistolas Pauli.

Doctor Nicolaus Radeclif, monachus S. Albani, ac archidiaconus ejusdem loci, de viatico salutari animæ immortalis, sive de sacramento eucharistiæ, justum volumen per dialogum, in quo interlocutores Petrus & Nicolaus.] *Cum tortuosus & callidus ille serpens.*

Dokking super Lucam.

Apologia Pecchami contra impugnantes paupertatem vel mendicitatem fratrum.] *Perfectus omnis erit.*

Epistola fratris Bonaventuræ de ordine Minorum ad fratrem Rogerum Bachon. Index tamen sic habuit: Pro Bonaventura Peccham.

Hærefes à Pecchamo damnatæ.

Duæ epistolæ Pecchami ad Oxonienses.

Impugnatio fratrum Minorum per Prædicatores.

Albinus super ecclesiasten ad Oniam & Candidum, cum
32. carminibus ejusdem Albini in calce operis.

Gulielmus Parvus in Cantica Canticorum. In cujus libri
fine hæc quæ sequuntur adscripta erant: " Gulielmus natus
" fuit in Bridlingtona, qui canonicus factus in Novoburgo
" ad petitionem Rogeri abbatis de Belland explanationem in
" Cantica Cantic: intra unum annum scripsit & edidit."

Sermones Armachani.

Sermones Lincolnienfis, quos quidem in margine dicta ap-
pellari scripsit, quod breviusculi essent. Revera ex his quæ-
dam sermones sunt, quædam non. Numero autem sunt 147.

Sermo Aviti, archiepiscopi Viennensis, in Rogationibus
post Pascha, in quo tractat de origine, & earundem institutione.

Sermones cujusdam Roffensis.

Sermones Repyngton.

Sermones Wiberti.

Rodbertus Canutus de connubio Jacob ad Laurentium
monachum.

Pag. 17.

In bibliotheca collegii de Clare.

Alington super 6. principia.

Alington super Prædicamenta.

Opuscula fratris Joannis Somer de conventu Franciscano-
rum apud Bridgwater. Vixit circa tempora Henrici 4 & 5ⁱ.

Alkindius de judiciis astrorum.

Tabulæ magistri Simonis Bredon de rebus astronomicis.

Tabulæ Ludovici de Cairlion, doctoris medicinæ, de eis-
dem rebus, Londini scriptæ 1482.

Liber Messahalâ in revolutione annorum mundi.

Tractatus Dorochii de occultis.

Flores Haly de electione horarum.

Stephanus Messala in floribus de judiciis.

Rogeri Bachoni libellus de erroribus medicorum.] *Vulgus
medicorum.*

Alkindus de radiis.] *Omnes homines.* In margine hujus fit
mentio libri Baconis de cælo & mundo.

Libri quinque de Mineralibus, autore Alberto Mag.

Quadripartitum Richardi Walingford, abbatis S. Albani, de

^{menfuratis}
sinibus dem̄tis.] *Quia canones non perfecte tradunt notitiam
sinus, &c.*

Commentum Simonis Bredon super aliquas demonstrati-

Ptolemæi

ones Almagesti.] *Nunc superest ostendere.*

Introductorium Alcabitii cum commento Joannis de Saxo. furto sublatum.

Gebar in speculativa astronomia.

Tabula Manduith de corda recta & umbra.

Tabula latitudinis quinque planetarum, autore Simone Bredon.

Tabulæ compendiosæ pro instrumento, Albion. Leland. Intelligit horologium S. Albani.

Tractatus Richardi Walingford de compositione & conclusionibus instrumenti, Albion.

Theorica planetarum in frone adscriptus Herfordensi, in fine Lincolniensi, alias Grostest.

Sequitur ibidem & alia Theorica. forsan illa Lincolniensem agnoscit autorem.

Chronicon Radulphi de Diceto usque ad annum D. 1231.

Chronicon Freculphi.

Chronicon Henrici Huntingdunensis.

Chronicon Alredi, abbatis Rievallensis.

Chronicon Galfredi Monemutensis.

Philobiblon, autore Angravyle.

Friston a
iii. myles
byneth the Bo-
ston toward
the se.
Pag. 18.

Rogerus, prior Fristoniæ, ad Henricum, abbatem Croy-landiæ, de vita Thomæ Cantuar:

In bibliotheca collegii de Gunvyle.

Synonima Ciceronis ad Vecturium. Leland. Longe abest opusculum à majestate Ciceronis.

Fabulæ 50^a. à Caio Fabio Fulgentio Gordiano philosophice expositæ.

Enigmata Symposii.

Armachanus super libros Sententiarum.

Summa Dumbleton cum conclusionibus moralis philosophiæ.

Methodius de expulsis è paradiso protoparentibus. Hic titulus in indice tantum comparuit.

Tractatus qui dicitur Repressiva, autore Richardo medico.

Philippus
Aubyn Ox-
on. scripsit
canones ta-
bularum fu-
arum, secu-
tus Alphon-
sum.

Odyngton de motibus planetarum & Almanak reversionis eorum. Quidam annotavit in margine: "Fuit monachus, " ut putatur, de Eovesham." Lelandus. Est autem libellulus velut Theorica Almanak Profacii Judæi.

Tabula motus octavæ Sphæræ, autore Profacio Judæo.

De inventione annorum Arabum, secundum magis. Campanum.

Tabula æquationis domorum, cum canone præcedente, per magis. Joannem Wate.

Calendarium magistri Walteri Elveden, focii aulæ de Gunvyle, cum tribus cyclis 19^{libus}.

Æqua-

Æquatorium magistri Joannis de Lineriis.

Calendarium Lincolniensis.

Computus ecclesiasticus Lincolniensis.

{ Idem de Iride.
De utilitate artium.
De coloribus.
De cometis. | } libelli.
De natura intellectus. }

Stanton in canonibus tabularum Arfachelis.

Aphorismi Joannis Damasceni cum commento Isidori.

Historia Freculphi.

In bibliotheca collegii D. Petri.

Pag. 19.

^e
Alchimia Eleazi.

Alphidius de creatione metallorum.

Expositiones magistri Rogeri de Horeford de rebus metallicis.

Plinius secundus junior de re medica.

Avicenna de anima. Liber alchimicus.

Documenta Rogeri Bachon de rebus alchimicis, furto sublati.

Libellus de coloribus ^a fiendis per artem.

Libellus de sculpturis lapidum.

Epistola alchimica Rosini ad Anchesium.

Epigrammata Martialis, codex vetustiss:

Abbreviatio historiarum, autore monacho Floriacensi.

Maximiani poetæ libellus, falso adscriptus Cornelio Gallo.

Compendium totius medicinæ, alias Practica Gilberti Anglici.

Volumen magistri Richardi de re medica.

Rabbi Moses contra venenum.

Idem contra passionem asmatis.

Gulielmus Holm Franciscanus de simplicibus medicinis. justum volumen. Fuit deflorator medicorum. Vixit anno D. 1415.

Philippus de Greves, cancellarius Paris: super evangelia.

Thomas Waleys Prædicator de modo prædicandi ad Theobaldum de Urfinis, archiepiscopum Panormitanum.] *Cum prædicationis officium.*

Sermones Odonis.

Distinctiones Joannis Lathbyri de ordine Minorum. justum volumen.] *Abstinendum est à carnalibus delitiis.*

Boëtius de hebdomadibus.

Logica Damasceni.

Anselmus de Grammatico.

Orationes Anselmi, alias preces.

Origenes super Cantica.

a Sic;

Sermones

Sermones Gisleberti monachi super Cantica.

Ringsted super parabolas Solomonis.] *In absconditis parabolis conversabitur.*

Egidius de vegetabilibus & plantis.

Quæstiones Alexandri Halys de anima.

Liber communium naturalium Rogeri Bacon continens 4. libros.] *Postquam tradidi grammaticam.*

Primus est de communibus ad omnia naturalia.

Secundus de cœlestibus, scilicet de cœlo & mundo.

Tertius de elementis & mixtis inanimatis.

Quartus de vegetabilibus & animalibus.

Pag. 207 Bacon de operibus non occultis.] *Superius quidem dictum est.*
Perspectiva Rogeri Bacon continens novem distinctiones.]

Propositis radicibus sapientia.

Bacon de spetiebus & legibus multiplicationum.

Bacon de forma in speculo resultante.] *Queritur de forma in speculo.* Lelandus. Confusus erat ordo codicis, in quo hæc opuscula una cum libris communium naturalium scripta erant; usque adeo ut hi libelli nobis visi fuerint partes quatuor librorum, in quibus tractat de communibus naturalibus.

Jordanus de ponderibus.

Euclides de ponderibus.

Theodosius de Sphæris.

Adjuncti sunt Theodosio duo libelli, unus de visu, alter de speculis, sed sine autoris nomine, nisi quis putet, Theodosium utriusque autorem fuisse.

^a Archimenes de mensura circulorum, vel de Isoperimetris.

++

Idem de curvis superficiebus.

De figuris Cata & apodiatis, autore Marchallo.

Gualterus Burle, doctor Theologiæ, super libros Ethicorum & Politicorum ad Richardum Dunelmensem episcopum. Leland. Vide num hic fuerit Richardus Angravyle, episcopus Dunelm.

Eustachii, metropolitani Niceæ, enarrationes in morales libros Aristotelis ad Nicomachum.

Perspectiva fratris Jo: Peccham. justum volumen.] *Perspectiva cum sit una de scientiis doctrinalibus.*

Tabulæ æquationum planetarum, autore Simone Bredon.

Astronomia calculatoria.

Astronomia judiciaria.

Perspectiva Alacen.

Traктatus de ascensu nubium.

Aristoteles de inundatione Nili, vel fluviorum.

Idem de proprietatibus elementorum.

Idem de morte & vita.

^a Sic, cum signo.

Idem

Idem de respiratione & inspiratione.

Idem de divisione philosophiæ.

Idem de coloribus.

Procli Platonici elementatio theologica, Laitnitate donata Viterbii à quodam fratre G. de Morbetta Prædicatore 1268.

Gulielmus, monachus Ramesiensis, scripsit libros 4. de temporibus & naturis, deslorans Isidorum & Bedam, vel potius in eorum libros commentaria scribens. De hoc Gulielmo eruditus sic annotavit in margine libri: "Unde in quadam
" tabula in ecclesia metropolitana Salvatoris Cantaur: quam
" fecerat quidam doctor Theologiæ, monachus ejusdem loci,
" nomine Gulielmus Gyllingham, de viris illustribus, videlicet
" de sanctis & egregiis doctoribus, qui hactenus fuerunt in
" ordine monachorum, inter ceteros nigrorum monachorum
" doctores novissime de prædicto Gulielmo sic loquitur: *Gulielmus, Ramesiensis monachus, scripsit super Bedam de temporibus libros 4.*" Hactenus ille. Ego certe conjecturam facio, hos esse commentarios, quos nuper legi in antiquo exemplari, quod Talbotus ad me misit. Continebat enim præter alia de temporibus & de naturis rerum. Sed commentarii & circuli rerum astronomicarum ad miraculum docti picti præferabant Brightferti, monachi Ramesiensis, nomen. Potuit tamen Gulielmus hominis prænomen fuisse.

Pag. 217

Talbotus
adfirmat,
Brightfer-
tum mona-
chum fuisse
Thorneien-
sem.

forfan Alyeredi

Tractatus de motu cordis.

Hermes Trimegistus de legibus astrorum.

Practica astrolabii per eundem.

Ptolemæus de cometis & aliis prodigiis.

Abraham de luminaribus.

Lincolniensis de impressionibus aëris.

Introductorium magistri R. Herfordensis in artem judicariam astrorum ex dono R. Marchal, qui multos libros dedit collegio D. Petri.

Gulielmus Whittelesey, utriusque juris professor, ac collegii S. Petri magister, postea archiepiscopus Cantuariensis.

Versus in laudem Bedæ.

Anglia te celebrat, te totus personat orbis &c.

Magister Thomas Deynham multos libros dono dedit bibliothecæ collegii D. Petri.

Gulielmus Gray, episcopus Elyensis, multos libros eidem bibliothecæ dono dedit. Leland. Vide num hic sit Graius, de quo Lucius Carbo Ferrariensis mentionem facit in funebri oratione pro Guarino.

Mr. Joannes Warkworth, præses collegii S. Petri, multos libros eidem bibliothecæ dedit.

Sophismata

Sophismata M. Gulielmi de Hetusbyri. justum volumen.
Logica Rogeri Bacon.] *Introductio est aperta & brevis demonstratio.*

Questiones magistri Richardi Killington de generat: & corr:

Albertus de origine animæ.

De sensu & sensato.

De juventute.

De spiritu & respiratione.

Glanville

Frater Barptolemæus de Glaunvyle Anglicus de ordine Minorum scripsit justum volumen de proprietatibus rerum.

Burle super 6. principia & prædicamenta.

Alchindus de impressiõibus.

Thebith de motu octavæ Sphæræ.

uar

Pag. 22.
Scripsit etiam Arithmeticam, ut Grenus adfirmat.

Geometria Bradwardini.] *Geometria affecutiva est Arithmetica.*

Euclides de speculis.

Alchindus de umbris & aspectibus.

Tractatus proportionum Bradwardini.] *Omnem motum successivum.*

Galenus de spermate.

Constantinus de coitu.

Campanus de computo.

Algorismus magistri Joannis de Sacro Bosco.] *Omnia, quæ à primæva rerum origine processerunt.*

Canones super tabulam æquacionis domorum, autore Joanne Gualtero, quondam a socio collegii Wincestræ Oxoniæ.] *Volenti operari per tabulam.* Leland. Libellulus est, nisi idem sit autor tabularum.

Hugo Balsam quondam monachus & Prior Elyensis, deinde episcopus Elyensis, fundator fuit collegii S. Petri Cantabrigiæ. Obiit 17. Cal. Julii anno D. 1286.

Simon de Monte acuto electus in episcopum Elyensem 41. annis post ejus mortem scripsit statuta collegii S. Petri.

Hugo Balsam quosdam presbyteros veteris hospitii ubi nunc collegium D. Joannis, relictiis laïcis omnibus, & divisione prædiorum facta, in novum D. Petri collegium transtulit.

Fratres de Sacco, alias de Pœnitentia.

Collegiani, facta ex antiquiori ædium structura justa conjectura, putant antiquitus collegium quorundam fratrum fuisse ubi nunc collegium S. Petri.

Apud Grenum.

Algorismus Joannis Killingworth.

Diversæ tabulæ eclipsium, & tabula æquationis dierum secundum M^m. Jo: de Lineriis.

a Socii MS.

Tractatus.

ANTIQUARIII COLLECTANEA.

Traſtatus Mⁱ. Jo: de Aſhinden de conjunctione Martis & Saturni in Cancro & de conjunctione Saturni & Jovis in Scorpione cum permutatione triplicitatis.

Opus Mⁱ. Joannis Holbroke in reductione tabularum Alphoſi ad annos Chriſti, meſes, dies & horas.

Item ſecundum opus ejuſdem in compoſitione novarum tabularum, mediorum motuum, & æquationis dierum.

fuit Picardus.

Canones M. Joannis de Lyneriis completi.

Arithmetica M. Simonis Bredun.

Tabulæ directionum Humfredi ducis Glouceſtriæ.

Copia de quantitate, autore frater Somor.

Rogerus Bachon ſuper librum Avicennæ de anima. Supple, metallorum liber alchimicus.

Teoforde.

Pag. 239

Teoford: opp: ante bella Danica poſitum erat in Sudovolia cis fluvium, apparentibus etiam num: ruinis & eccleſiarum veſtigiis. Incenſum vero fuit ab "Hubba" & Inguar in odium D. Edmundi regis, cujus regia id temporis ibi erat, ubi nunc moles caſtelli eſt. Erat & Teofordiæ propter loci celebritatem ſedes epiſcopalis ubi nunc cis flu: D. Mariæ eccleſia eſt, cujus ſuperior pars admodum antiquam refert ſtructuram. Erant in hac eccleſia canonici, quos vocant, ſeculares. Sed Herebertus Normannus ſedem epiſcopalem à Teoforda Nordovicum tranſtulit, & Bigotus tempore Henrici primi monachos in eccleſiam Marianam Teofordiæ induxit, quos poſt octennium ædificato inſigni cœnobio trans fluvium evocavit ubi hodie Chriſto ſerviunt. Ab illo decrevit opp: cis fluvium, & trans flu: cœperunt ſtrenue ædificare.

Hic fuit Bigotus, cujus hereditas ad Moubraios, tandemque ad Houardos pervenit.

Extant adhuc in Mariano cimiterio aliquot ſepulchra, ſed humilia, qualia certe ſancta illa poſcebant tempora.

Erat etiam cœnobium canonicorum Teofordiæ, nunc demolitum.

Fluvius, qui Teofordiam præterlabitur, duobus fontibus, ſeu brachiis, accreſcit, uno ex Nordovolia, altero ex Sudovolia, tandem uno alveo, donec paludes Elienſium intret, ubi ſe dividit rurfus in duo brachia, quorum hoc Elienſes petit, illud prope Linum in mare evolvitur.

In bibliotheca.

Beda de tabernaculo.

Gilbertus ſuper Pfalterium.] *Chriſtus integer.*

Beda de ſitu terræ ſanctæ.

a Adjeci.

Tom. III.

D

Ex

JOANNIS LELANDI

Ex libro Abbonis monachi de vita S. Edmundi.

Caput in silvam, cui vocabulum est Higeledune, recedentes asportaverunt. Leyland. Hunc locum nunc corrupte appellant Hogeston, ubi per multos annos Edmundi corpus requievit, donec ad Bedericheworth transferebatur.

Vita Edmundi confessoris, arch: Cantuar: à Roberto de Abingdune, ejus fratre, composita.] *Beatus Edmundus.*

^y
Geppovicum. Ypswic.

Pag. 24.

Eye.

Eye Saxonice infulam significat, unde & Eye op. nomen accepit, quod esset quasi tota circumdata aquis, quibus quamvis in praesentia non usque adeo abundet, loca tamen vicina uliginosa sunt, & hyeme plerumque obducta aquis, manifestum inditium stagnantis olim paludis. Veniebant antiqui-

tus & naviculæ onerariæ ad oppidum de portu Chromarico, vel ex sinu aliquo Chromariæ vicino. Hoc satis vel ex hoc liquet, quod cum monachi Eyenses fossas purgent, inveniunt rudentes majusculas pice oblitas, clavos nauticos, & cetera id genus arma navalia. Nunc vero naviculæ non perveniunt cis Burstane, qui locus ab Eya duodecim distat miliaribus.

Eya olim nobile castellum habebat paludibus adjacens, cujus nunc tantum specula & murorum in aliquot locis ruinae extant. Hoc castellum vi Gulielmi Normanni (ut oppidani prædicant) dirutum fuit, quod ejus violentum imperium non admiserit.

Mallet, comes Suthfolk, Dominus de Eye.

Monachi Eyenses olim habebant cœnobiolum apud Dunwic: opp: maritimum, antiquitus Dunmoc dictum, & civitatis nomine insigne, in quo Felix, Orientalium Anglorum episcopus, sedem habuit. Sed postquam sedes alio traducta fuit, veterem occupabant monachi. Nunc vero cœnobiolum (ut plura ibidem alia) à mare devoratum est. Eyenses ad huc servant evangeliorum librum reliquias exhausti cœnobioli, & à vulgo ruber liber de Eya vocatur, per quem apud vulgus solenne est jurare. Monachi constanter adfirmant, librum fuisse

fuisse Felicis, & certe verisimile est. Nam præterquam quod sit scriptus litteris majusculis Longobardicis, refert vetustatem mire venerandam,

Historia
Fulcherii,
episcopi
Carnoten-
sis.

Quod autem Dunmoc olim civitatis nomine insignitum fuerit, inscriptio veterum numismatum indicat.

Ex charta Topographica Angliæ.

Edre.	}	Fluvii ultra murum in Tuedam devolvuntur,
Temot.		
Jed.	}	flu: trans murum.
Dea.		
Nith.		
Anand.		
Eske.	}	flu: in Humbrum defluunt.
Yore.		
Skel.		
Nid.		
Warfe.		
Aire.		
Swale.		
Rie.		
Owfe.		
Derwen.		
Hulle.	}	flu: citra murum inter Candidam casam & Wyrkinton in mare devolvuntur.
Eden.		
Louthre.		
Amote.		
Petrel.	}	
Caldew.		

Evern

Everus flu: Sabrinam petit.

Month prope Carnarvam in mare præcipitatur.

Wely flu: prope Westbiry per portum de Poole mare influit.

Yeo flu: defluit per Ilchester, & per Brigewater mare petit.

Arturus natus apud Padistow in Cornubia.

Wimundesbam, ex fundatione Gulielmi de Albeni, cujus filius duxit relictam Henrici primi.

Pag. 25

Cassiodorus de anima,

Computus Rogeri, abbatis S. Albani, viri in Mathesi peritissimi, cujus opus est Horologium insigne quidem illud in cœnobio Albanensi.] *Affiduis petitionibus.*

In bibliotheca Christicolarum Nordovici.

Flores historiarum.

Martinus historicus.

Commentarii Nicolai Triveti super libros Augustini de civitate dei.] *Cum Romani.*

JOANNIS LELANDI

Giraldi Cambrensis vaticinalis historia de 3^a. Hiberniæ expugnatione ad Richardum comitem Pictavensem, cujus prologus sic incipit,] *A multis requisitus. Liber vero sic,] Derivitus itaque, Murchardi filius.*

Pantheon Godefridi Viterbiensis.

Omeliæ Radulphi Actonis.] *Hiis verbis fratres.*

Computus Roberti Lincolnienfis.] *Capitulum primum.*

Vita S. Gulielmi Nordovicenfis à Thoma, monacho Monumetensi, ad Gulielmum, episcopum Nordovicensem, scripta. Prologus carmine scriptus est.] *Martyres egregii.* Cetera scribuntur soluta oratione.

Ex historia de Meriadoco scripta per R.

Arglud fylva in Wallia.

Sylva Fleudentana ibidem.

Snowdune mons munitus circa tempora Arturi à Griphino, fratre Carodoci.

Apud Prædicatores.

Distinctiones theologicæ, autore Gulielmo Lincolnienfi cancellario.] *Arcus dicitur Christus.*

Cosby super Apocalypsim.] *Quod vides scribe.*

Fyzaker super primum nocturnum Pfalterii usque ad, "Deus deus meus respice."] *Iste liber docet.*

Apud Franciscanos.

Bacon de locis. liber est Geographicus.] *Quoniam infinitum est.*

Apud Carmel:

Corrogationes Promethei.

Quæstiones naturales Adelardi per dialogos, ipso & nepote interlocutoribus.

Euclides de oculo. } uterque libellus sublatus.
Idem de visibus. }

Damascenus de vera fide.

Suetonius de Cæsaribus.

Alredi Rievallensis historiola.

Ricardus medicus de signis.

Alredus de motu cordis.

Geometria Wiberti pseudoapostolici.

Liber Nicolai de Linnea de judiciis, tabulis, & aliis astronomiæ tractatibus.

Rhetorica Aristotelis.

Aristoteles de coloribus.

Terentius. vetus codex.

Albritius de origine deorum. furto sublatus.

Apuleius de deo Socratis.

Cænobium

Cænobium S. Benedicti apud Fennicolas, ex donatione Canuti regis, qui pro heremitis monachos induxit. Pag. 26.

Alexander Nequam de utensilibus.] *Cum rerum notitiam.*

R. Lincolnienſis doctiſſimi commentarii ſuper libros Dionyſii de Hierarchia.] *Non invenio in exemplari Græco.* Ley. Hinc apparet, Lincolnienſem Græcæ fuiſſe eruditum.

Summa, alias ſpeculum ſacerdotum Richardi de Leyceſtria.] *Qui bene præſunt.*

Chronicon de Alexandro Mag:

Henricus Huntingdunenſis de herbarum virtute carmine.

Walsingham.

Sacellum D. Mariæ inchoatum tempore Edwardi Confefſoris. Deinde tempore Gulielmi Nothi inducti ſunt canonici.

In bibliotheca.

Gervafius ſuper Pfalterium.

Joannes Capgravus, frater Auguſtinenſis, de Lino ſuper libros regum ad Joannem, epiſcopum Aſſavenſem.] *Quod in regnorum libris.* Floruit circa tempora Henrici ſexti.

Caſtelaker ex fundatione comitum de Waren.

Boëtii Grammatica.

Scholia Paſchaſii ſuper librum generationis.

M. Fabii Quintiliani ſolutiones.

Gelibertus Altifiodorenſis ſuper Hieremiam.

Beda ſuper parabolas.

Beda ſuper actus apoſtolorum.

Beda de ſitu orbis.

Linne.

Croyland.

Ex tabula quadam deſcripta.

[Lin.]
Pag. 27:

S. Guthlacus heremita Croylandiæ infulam à demonibus liberavit, tandemque ibidem obiit, & ſepultus eſt.

S. Cyſſa, ex pagano factus Chriſtianus, ſucceſſit Guthlaco. Etheldrutha, Offæ regis filia, & uxor Ethelberthi regis & martyris, poſtea monialis ibidem ſepulta.

Beccelinus, S. Gudlaci diſcipulus, ibidem ſepultus.

Ethelbaldus, rex Merciorum, poſt Gudlaci anachoritæ tempora

tempora Croylandiam adduxit monachos, & ecclesiam novam fabricavit, quæ postea per Hinguarum & Hubbam penitus spoliata & destructa fuit,

Ecclesia vero, quæ nunc extat, opus fuit Ingulphi Normanni, ejusdem monasterii abbatis.

In bibliotheca.

Rogerus Dymmoc adversus Wiclefum.

Waleys super Psalterium.

Robertus Tumbley super Cantica Cant:

Fulcherii historia.

Turpini historia.

Historia de Ricardo rege carmine scripta.

Hæc Linde-
sey and Low
Lindeseey.

Provincia Lindensis ab Anglis in treis partes divisa, nempe Lindesiam, Kesteneſey, & Hollandiam. Hollandia rursus dividitur in superiorem & inferiorem. Superioris Hollandiæ Kirton, secundum quosdam Botolphodunum, alias Boston, primum oppidum est. Inferioris Hollandiæ caput est Croylandia. Hæc pars inferior continet undecim villas.

Basle dyke
Water.

Welanda flu. oritur ultra Stawnford, per quod etiam præterlabitur. Inde Depingam alluit, & Croylandiam petens apud pontem ipsum, qui in medio oppido assurgit, in duo brachia se dividit, quorum alterum Spaldingum petit, & vo-

Non vocatur
Newdrene nisi
præterlapso
Spaldingo.

Novodrena
catur Newdrene, tandemque apud Fosdike Stow opp: in
Wyfbecke
mare devolvitur. Alterum vero Visibecam petit, & à multis vocatur Sowthe. Ex Sowtha rursus duobus supra Croylandiam miliaribus procurrit brachium, & Thorneiam alluit, vo-

Hic nota quod Writhelak tantum fossa est, quæ ducit à Nene ad Southey, in usus Thorneiensis monasterii facta.

¶ Certo non novi num hoc brachium ab Welanda, Sowtha, vel Vagolacu erumpat.

caturque Wrythelake, ubi in se recipit brachium Neenæ fluminis, quod prope Petroburgum excurrit ad Thorneiam recta defluens, ubi una cum Vagolacu cursum continuat, donec uterque apud Murrho op. 6°. a Visibeca miliario in Sowtha flu. se abscondat. Olim etiam è Sowtha & aliud evagabatur brachium, vocatum Shepeshey, ab ovibus vicinis alendis forsan sic dictum. Nam Shepehey significat ovium insulam, & apud Hoplude op. 14°. à Lino miliario in mare se exonerabat. Sed hujus brachii cursus solitus jam cessavit, & hinc fiunt multæ inundationes non sine gravi Fennicolarum damno, quia os obstructum est per quod solebat in mare defluere.

Pag. 28.

Thorney, fundatore Edgato, ante cujus tempora erat anachorita sedes.

Eglogæ aliquot Marci exquæstoris, qui floruit tempore Justiniani. Ifagoge

Ifagoge Porphirii Viſtorino interprete.

Waleys ſuper quinque libros Moſes.

Necham, qualis eſſe debeat vita monachorum, carmine.]

Quid deceat monachum. Leyland. Legi tamen hunc libellum cum titulo Anſelmi. Sed veriſimilius eſt, Neccham ſcripſiſſe. Erat enim doctior Anſelmo carmine.

Joannes Cornubiensis de virtute crucis in ſacramento altaris.

Peterburg.

Peterborg antea dicebatur Medehamſtede. Hic Peada, Wulferus, & Etheldredus, fratres, conſummaverunt nobile monaſterium in honorem S. Petri, poſtea à Danis incenſum, & tandem ab Edgardo rege poſt centum fere annos reparatum. Oſtendunt monachi Oſwaldi brachium, rem ſane admirabilem.

Neena flu: oritur 4°. ſupra Northampton miliario in agro, qui vocatur Neenemere. Hæc autem oppida alluit: Northampton, Owndele, Peterburgh, prope quod dividitur in tria brachia, quorum unum Thorneiam, aliud Wiſbeche, 3^m. Rameſiam petit. Deinde paludes & ſtagna lata faciens, redit ad alveum, & prope Lindum in mare devolvitur.

In Bibliotheca.

Girardus Cameracensis ſuper Pfalterium.

Paſſio Sanctorum Wolfadi, & Rufini, filiorum regis Wolpheri.

Tropologia ſuper duodecim prophetas, collecta inter prælectiones magiſtri Stephani Langeton per R. de Lincolnia.

Rabanus in libros Machabeorum ad Ludovicum regem.

Libellus eccleſiaſticorum dogmatum Gennadii.

D

Robertus de Tumbelæia ſuper Cantica.] *Os ſponſi inſpiratio Chriſti.*

A

Solutiones Ernulphi, epiſcopi Roſenſis, ad quaſdam quaſtion-
nes Lamberti, abbatis S. Bertini.] *Venerabili ac gremio charitatis.* Gallus erat.

Beda ſuper Pentateuchum.

Beda ſuper Apocalypſim.

Bedæ in Samuelem allegorica expoſitio.

Vita S. Eufſtachii carmine heroico.

Liber epiſtolarum Gulielmi de Sempringham.

Vita Giſleni epiſcopi Græci.

Vita Felicis eleganti carmine ſcripta.

Freculphi Hiſtoria.

Burne, cœnobium canonicorum.

Pag. 29.

Burne nomen capit à fluvio ejuſdem nominis præterlabente. Oritur autem hic fluvi-
us non procul ab op: & fontem ha-
bet mire torrentem, deſluitque per Pinchebeke, deinde Sur-
fletum

JOANNIS LELANDI

fletum petit, postremo vero Novodrenæ, Welandæ brachio,
se sociat.

† Gatebrige water.

† Historiola de Britannia.

Sempringham.

Spaulding.

Fundavit D. Lucia circa tempora Gulielmi Nothi cœno-
bium de Spawlding.

Adalberti Diaconi liber ad Hermannum presbyterum.

Exorcismus sive baptisterium Alexandri Neccham.] *Huic
operi talis præponitur titulus.*

*Suinyfbed, cœnobium Barnardinorum, à Latimerio tem-
poribus Stephani regis inchoatum.*

Betolphodunum, alias Boston.

Rivesby, cœnobium Barnard:

Conditum tempore Stephani regis.

Vita Modwennæ, virginis Hybernicæ, autore Galfredo, ab-
bate Burtoniæ.] *Diu desideraveram.*

Robertus, Burlingdunensis canonicus, super 12^m. prophe-
tas.] *Teste beato Hieronymo.*

Kyrkstede, fundatum tempore regis Stephani.

Topholme, canonici albi.

Fulcherii historia.

Historiolæ de Britannia fragmentum.

Bardeneienses monachi primum fundatorem non noverunt.

Ita enim erat cœnobium vi Danica deturbatum.

Ex veteri chronico, Anglice scripto.

Corpus S. Oswaldi primum Bardeneiæ sepultum, ubi erant id temporis trecenti monachi, quorum abbas Lindeſeiæ dominus fuit. Poſtea cœnobium vel ad ſolum proſtratam eſt ab Inguaro & Hubba Danis, reparatum vero poſt multos annos à Giſliberto de Gaunt, Guſielmi Nothi avunculo.

Beda ſuper actus apoſtolorum.

Vita Oswaldi carmine.] *In nova fert animus.*

Iſidorus ſuper vetus teſtamentum.

Anſelmus ſuper epiſtolas Pauli.

Pompeius ſuper Donatum.

Lindum.

Ex tabula appenſa columnæ eccleſiæ cathedræ:

Anno Domini DCLII. S. Botolphus abbas monaſterium conſtruxit prope orientalem partem Lincolnæ in Ycanno. Leyland. Deſtructum fuit hoc cœnobium à Danis, poſteaſque leviter reparatum, ut nunc ſit monaſteriolum duorum aut trium monachorum Marianorum Eboraci.

Remigiſ episcopalem ſedem à Dorkeſter Lindum tranſtulit, & nobilem illam baſilicam Lindenſem, quæ nunc extat, condidit.

Inveniuntur frequenter ab aratoribus, ultra ſuperiorem partem urbis, numiſmata vetuſtiſſima; unde inditium eſt, ampliorem olim in ea parte fuiſſe civitatem, & conjectura eſt recentiores ad urbis partes inferiores, aquæ gratia, deſcendiſſe. Qui enim inferiora loca habitant Eya circumdantur. Eſt autem Eya flu. Withamo fluvio nomen præripiens.

Withamus, ſic dictus ab Witham op:

⁴
oritur octavo ſupra Grantham miliario tenui fonte, & cum Granthamum alluit, nec latus, nec profundus alvei eſt. Sed multis auctus rivulis antequam Lindum perveniat celebris eſt, navicularum piſcatoriarum patiens, ſed prope Lindum nomine mutato Eya vocatur. Eoque in loco, ubi nomen mutat, brachium expandit, quod urbis inferiora loca circumvagatur, excuſſoque uno aut duo-

Sunt qui adfirmant, Lindim oriri apud Witham, aut non longe ab eo pago. Witham autem 4. paſſuum millibus diſtat à Grantamo in ipſa pene via quæ ducit à Londino Grantamum.

Sunt qui Lindim flu: Ree Ang: appellant. Sed illud generale magnorum apud Anglos fluminum nomen.

corpori
bus miliaribus parenti ſe ſociat. Hinc forte Eya flu: dictus, quod urbis inferiorem partem infulam faciat. Nec me interim fallit, quosdam eſſe, qui Eiam pro ſimplici aquæ vocabulo accipiant.

Ley:

Landford brige opp.

Vide num rectius Axholm
legi possit, quo nomine est &
insula quædam.

Anholm flu. oritur
. defluit per Lanfordbrige,
tandemque in Humbrum devolvitur.

[Linc.]
Pag. 31.

Thorton cœnobium canonicorum ex fundatione Gu-
liehni le Grosse, comitis Albemaria.

Robertus presbyter super Cantica.

Sententiæ Albini de prima & 2^a. seculi ætate.] *Moses per*
revelationem dei.

Radulphus Lugdunensis super Apocalypsim.

[Ebor.] Petrus de Vineis pro Frederico contra Pontificem Romanum.

Hulla, proprio nomine Regium, Regiodunum, vel Regia.

Hulla flu. qui vi Humbri fluminis æstum patitur, oritur
ex tribus fontibus, quorum maximus est prope Drifeldam
pagum, qui à Regioduno abest sexdecim miliaribus. Secun-
dus apud Estburnam oritur. Tertius autem apud Emmes-
welam. Ii tres non procul à Drifelda in unum alveum coe-
unt, cursumque sociant ad Regiam, postremoque in Hum-
brum se exonerant.

Et quoniam fons Hullæ flu: in memoriam vocavit pagum
Drifeldensem, operæ pretium videtur & de Parva Drifelda
loqui. Habet enim ecclesiolam, sed celebrem monumento
cujusdam a Saxoni regis cum inscriptione Latina. Adjacet &
Drifeldæ ager cognomento Danicus, multis interfectorum
tumulis spectabilis. Famaque vulgaris est, belli alea regem
in illo occubisse agro, sæviante per illa tempora tyrannide
Danica.

[Ebor.]

Beverlake.

Beverolacenses in sigillo publico pro insigni habente ani-
mal, quod vulgo Bever vocatur.

Utuntur Beverolacenses brachio, ex Hulla flumine derivato,
quo merces commode importent & exportent. Habent etiam
ad voluptatem tenuem rivulum, ex Westwodde defluentem.

S. Joannes, episcopus Eboracensis, in oppido suo Bevero-
laco cœnobium monachorum instituit, in quo sepultus est,
una cum S. Brithuno ejus diacono, quem ibidem constituerat
reliqiosorum abbatem.

S. Winwaldus ibidem sepultus.

Monasterium Beverolacense olim à Danis destructum, quo
tempore erant & monachi & velatæ virgines in eodem
cœnobio.

Pag. 32.

Mewse.

a Sic.

Wotton

*Watton.**Bridlington.*

Gualterus de Gaunt filius Gilbrichti de Gaunt, erexit cœnobium canonicorum Bridlingodunensium.

In bibliotheca.

Anselmus de conceptu virginali.

Fulgentius de Trinitate ad Donatum.

Alexander Neccham super Ecclesiasten.

Achardi liber de Trinitate.

Commentum Tebith, filii Chori, super Almagestum Ptolemæi.

Robertus, cognomento Scriba, 4^{us}. Prior Bridlingodunensis cœnobii, floruit circa tempora Stephani, & Henrici secundi, sepultusque est in claustro ante fores capituli, cum hoc epitaphio: "Robertus Scriba, quartus Prior." Fuit autem vir magnæ in studiis diligentia, & hæc, quorum nomina sequuntur, scripsit volumina:

Super Genesim.

Super Exodum.

Super Leviticum.

Super librum Numeri.

Super Deuteronomium.

Super duodecim Prophetas.

Super Psalterium.

Dialogus ejusdem:

Super Matthæum.

Super Joannem.

Super epistolas Pauli.

Super Apocalypsim.

Liber ejusdem de corpore & sanguine domini.

Liber ejusdem de ecclesia catholica.

Pag. 32

Malton.

Extant hic veteris castelli ruinæ.

Darwent flu: oritur prope Scardeburg, deinde Maltonam & Kirkeham alluens in Ufa se abscondit.

Tres fluvii in Doruentionem se exonerant, Ria, Ricollis, & Sinnington Water, quartus etiam, secundum quosdam, Coft, vel (si recte memini) Doue nomine.

Ria oritur in Blakemore amnis per se non minor Doruentione, defluitque (nisi fallor) per Riavallense monasterium,

& per Helmesleam opp. Postremo uno à Maltona miliario Doruentionis sinum intrat.

Ricollis oritur in Blakemore amnis longe minor Ria, & tribus supra Maltonam miliaribus in Riam defluit.

Sininga.

Doue.

Choratum

Kyrkeham cœnobium canonicorum ex fundatione

Gualteri Espec.

Decreta Anselmi.

Gulielmus Meldun de regibus.

Historiola de virtute Gualteri Espec, autore Alredo, abbate Riævallenfi.

Eboracum à Gulielmo Notho deletum.

Ubi nunc est cœnobium S. Mariæ tempore Gulielmi Nothi locus ejiciendis fordibus destinatus, & in quo solebant de fontibus supplicium fumere. Datus hic locus erat tribus aut 4^{or}. monachis de Wytby ab ipso Gulielmo rege, cum potestate ædificandi cœnobiolum. Auxit hanc pietatem patris Gulielmus Rufus, cœpitque ibidem ædificare augustius aliquid. Tandem vero abbas Warwike, homo nobili sanguine natus, magnificentissimum, quod nunc non extat, templum magno animo incepit, & post viginti duos annos majori consummavit.

Constans fama est, aliquot villas esse uno ab Eboraco miliario, ubi antè tempora Gulielmi Nothi termini erant suburbanarum ædium.

Ufa fluvius.

Fossa amnis piger, instar stagnantis aquæ collectæ ex pluvia & terræ uligine, originem habet ultra castellum Huttenicum, terminatque fines Calaterii nemoris, tandem serpens prope castellum Eboracense in alveum Usæ flu:

Pag. 34.

In bibliotheca S. Petri, quam Flaccus Albinus, alias Alcuinus, subinde miris laudibus extollit, propter insignem copiam librorum, tum Latinorum cum Græcorum, jam fere bonorum librorum nihil est. Exhaustit enim hos thesauros
(ut

(ut pleraque alia) & Danica immanitas, & Gulielmi Notbi violentia.

Rogerus de Waltham, canonicus Londinensis, de nobilibus dictis & factis.] *Sapientiam antiquorum.*

Commentarii Weteley super Boëtium de disciplina scholarium.

In bibliotheca Mariana.

Albertus Musacus Patavinus super Tragœdias Senecæ.

Trivet super Tragœdias Senecæ.

Hilassii carmen de Hercule, quod vulgo ascribunt Verg:] *Oppressit Nemea.*

Hormannus de compositione astrolabii.

Vita S. Joannis, archiepiscopi Eboracensis, per Folchardum, monachum S. Trinitatis Cantuariæ, ad Aldredum, archi: Ebor:

Ex vita S. Machuti.

Machutus factus fuit episcopus Guminæ civitatis, ubi pater ejus comes fuit.

Hampole super Pfalterium.

Idem super lectiones mortuorum.

Idem super Trenos.

Idem super aliquot loca Canticorum.

Idem super orationem dominicam & Symbolum.

Idem de emendatione peccatoris.

Idem de amore.

Idem super Judica me deus.

Idem super Apocalypsim.

Ricardus Hampole heremita obiit anno domini 1349°. in festo Sancti Michaëlis.

Historia Radulphi de Diceto, decani S. Pauli Londin:

Lincolniensis de corde.] *Præparate corda vestra domino.*

Giraldus Cambrensis in libro de Topographia Hybernæ Cirencestre civitas passerum. scribit, Cirecester, post incensam urbem stratagemate per passeres facta, civitatem passerum fuisse appellatam.

Trivet super libros Augustini de civitate dei.] *Gloriosa dicta sunt.*

Lincolniensis super libros Posteriorum.] *Scire autem opinamur.*

Neuburg, cœnobium fundatum per Moubreium.

Pag. 35.

Gulielmus cog. Parvus canonicus Novoburgensis super Cantica.] *Crebra mihi jussione.* Leyland. Dedicavit opus Rogero, 2°. abbati Bellandiæ, qui vixit anno Domini M.CXLI°. unde facile est cognoscere quo tempore floruerit Gulielmus Parvus.

Gulielmi Parvi historia Neoburgi nusquam comparet; extat tamen in Wellensi bibliotheca.

Bellandiæ

Bellandiæ cœnobium à Rogero Moubreio erectum.

Robertus
forſan Prior
Brillen-
dunc.

Rodbertus ſuper Leviticum.

Balduinus, monachus Fordenſis, & poſtea archi: Cantuar:
de commendatione fidei, & de ſacramento altaris.

Croi

Omeliæ Gileberti, abbatis Hoylandiæ.

Enchiridion ſuper Apocalypſim.

Rievallis, fundatore Gualtero de Eſpec.

Centum ſententiæ Walteri Danielis, diaconi Alredi, abbatis
2ⁱ. Rievalleniſis, qui floruit circa tempora Stephani, & Hen-
rici 2ⁱ. poſtea in numerum Sanctorum relatus.

Ejuſdem omeliæ centum.] *Adventus domini ſanctum tempus.*

Epistolæ ejusdem, juſtum volumen.] *Mandaſti mihi.*

Expoſitio ejusdem ſuper Miſſus eſt angelus Gabriel.

Idem de virginitate beatæ Mariæ.] *Crebris me Gualterum
provocas.*

Idem de honeſta virginitatis formula.] *In prima hujus ope-
ris particula.*

Idem de onere jumentorum auſtri duos libros ſcripſit.]
Animadvertens mi Gualter.

Ejuſdem libri quinque de vera amicitia.] *Quaſi in bivio.*

Ejuſdem de conceptione beatæ Mariæ libri duo contra
quendam Nicolaum.] *Contra Nicolai monachi.*

Alredi, ſecundi abbatis Rievalleniſis, liber de ſpiritu-
ali amicitia.] *Cum adhuc puer eſſem.*

Omeliæ aliquot ejusdem.] *Dicite puſillanimes.*

Idem de ſpeculo charitatis.] *Vere ſanctorum vera & diſ-
creta humilitas virtus.*

Ejuſdem libri duo de vita S. Edwardi confessoris ad . . .
. abbatem Weſtmonaſterii.] *Multis veterum
ſtudio fuiſſe didicimus.*

Ejuſdem libri duo de vita Davidis, regis Scotiæ.] *Quoniam
de optimis moribus religioſi regis Davidis.*

Vita Niniani epiſcopi eodem autore.] *Multis virorum
ſapientum.*

Idem de miraculis Haguſtaldeniſis eccleſiæ.] *Præſentis diei
veneranda feſtivitas.*

Pag: 36: Ejuſdem liber epistoliarum.] *In quieto littore.*

Omeliæ ejusdem, juſtum volumen.] *Petis à me fili.*

Cassiodorus ſuper Cantica.

Cassiodorus ſuper Hieremiam.

Omeliæ quadraginta Roberti Krikeladenſis, prioris S. Fre-
deſwidæ Oxoniæ.] *Pontifex & papa Gregorius.*

Fizaker ſuper Deus illuminatio.

Epistolæ Ennodii.

Streneshalc, Sinus Phari, Prestby, Whytby.

Helias, Evesham monachus, de vita S. Thomæ Cantuar: ad Henricum, abbatem Croylandiæ.

Benedictus abbas de Burgo aliquid scripsit de vita S. Thomæ.

Ex vita S. Bega, velata virginis.

Bega nata in Hybernia.

versus Carlel in extre-

Bega primum humile monasteriolum construxit in Caup-
mis Angl: finibus.

landia, ubi nunc sunt aliquot monachi Mariani urbis Ebor: & vulgo vocatur Saynct Beges.

¹ Deinde ad septentrionalem partem Wiræ fluminis monasterium construxit.

¹ Greveson.

Est humilis ecclesia inter ostia Tini & Wedræ D. Hildæ dicata, atque longius distat à Vedra quam à Tina. Sita est autem in quadam prominentia, quam vulgus Sowter vocat. Forfan hic olim fuit Begæ monasteriolum.

Tertio Herutey, qui locus Latinæ sonat cervi insula, commigravit, cœnobiumque virginum ibi condidit, pauloque post Hildæ, sacræ virgini, cessit, quæ post victoriam Oswi regis accepit Eanfledam virginem, ejus filiam, voto promissam cum annuo agrorum censu.

Unde postea animos sumpsit ædificandi monasterium in Streneshalc, & posito ibidem cœnobia, monachos induxit, & sacras virgines, quibus ipsa abbas præfuit.

Bega autem, relicta insula de ¹ Herutey, contulit se Calcariam, quæ à Saxonibus vocatur ² Helcacester, & novum sibi monasterium condidit. Leyland. Ubi sit Calcaria civitas hætenus à nemine potui discere. Tamen, si Antonini Itinerarium recte scriptum est, dubio procul est in provincia Eboracensi.

¹ Vulgo jam Herpoole appellatur in ore Tefæ fluminis.

² Hele prior: non longe à Tadcaster, in quo nomine antiqui nominis vestigia. Saxonice Helecaester dicebatur, Latine Calcaria.

Bega tandem à Calcaria peregre proficiscens obiit apud Hacanos monasterium velatarum virginum. Leyland. Hacanos est tertio à Scardoburgo miliario.

Ex vita S. Hildæ.

Monasterium S. Hildæ apud Streneshalc penitus destructum fuit ab Inguaro & Hubba, Titusque abbas Glesconiam cum reliquis S. Hildæ aufugit.

Restitutum fuit monasterium de Streneshalc tempore Henrici primi per Gulielmum Perse.

Mira res est videre serpentes apud Streneshalc in orbibus gi. Pag. 37: ratos, & inclementia cœli, vel, ut monachi ferunt, precibus D. Hildæ, in lapides concretos.

Locus,

Locus ubi nunc cœnobium est, videtur mihi esse arx inexpugnabilis.

Pictura vitrea, quæ est in claustro de Streneshalc, monstrat, Scotos, qui prope fines Anglorum habitabant, fuisse vel ad Gulielmi Nothi tempora antropophagos, & hanc immanitatem à Gulielmianis gladio fuisse punitam.

Eska flu: oritur in Eskedale, defluit per Danbeium nemus, & tandem apud Streneshalc in mare se exonerat.

Leyland.

Pro Wiske forsan vulgus Eske corrupte pronuntiat. Hoc si verum est, Isca rectius quam Escha Latine dicitur.

Fro Stoke-
ley to
Rudeby iii.
myles.

Levinus flu: mire sinuosus oritur 4°. aut 5°. à Stokleo op:

4or. à Giseburna miliaribus.

Stokley abest

apud Coldeyngleby

miliario. inde per pagum Rudebenssem defluens per Yarne op:

a ferme a myle from Yarne.

in Thesim se exonerat.

Ex chronico incerti autoris apud Wytby.

Scothi quasi Scythæ dicti.

Pictavia à Pictis dicta.

Deus flu: originem ducit ex Pimbelmer lacu.

Et de mare loquens, quod Vectam à Britannia determinat, sic scribit: " In quo bini æstus oceani quotidie compugnantes sibi occurrunt ultra os fluminis Homoleæ, quod per terras Vitarum, quæ ad regiones Gewiseorum pertinent, præfatum pelagus intrat."

Mona mater Cambriæ dicta propter fertilitatem.

Quatuor viæ Mulmutinæ.

Fossa.

Watlynstreat.

Exmigestret.

Rekenildstrete.

Snotingham, quod forat speluncarum mansio.

Videtur quod flu: olim Cluid dictus, nunc is sit, quem Sulwath vocant.

Ecclesia Lindisfarnensis fuit in insula, que nunc vocatur Haly Iland.

Bareokeshyre provincia nomen sumpsit à nuda quercu in saltu Windeforensi, ad quem solebant provinciales convenire.

Wileshyre, quæ quondam dicebatur provincia Severiana.

Northumbria olim continebat totam terram, quæ est inter Humbrum & Tuedam fluvios.

Fossa S. Edmundi.

Regnum Deiorum à Humbro ad Tinam.

Regnum Berniciorum à Tina ad mareoticum, ubi oppidum S. Joannis est.

Giseburn.

Alexander Necham de rebus creatis in spetie.

Quolibeta Harkeley.

Quolibeta Winchelsey.

Quolibeta Shirburni.

Gualterus de Hemingburgh, canonicus Giseburnensis, scripsit chronicon, sed à suis desideratur. Leyland. Extat in bibliotheca Wellensi.

Dunholme. Clerici expulsi per monachos observantes reliquias D. Guthberti circa tempora Gulielmi.

Commentarii Nicolai Triveti super Metamorphosin Ovidii.

Kilwardebi super iii. libros Sententiarum.

Ricardi Cantabrigiensis omeliæ.] *Qui bene præsunt præbyteri.*

Hiponostichon Laurentii, Prioris Dunehomensis, de veteri & novo Testamento, continens novem libros carmine scriptos.] *Principium rerum.*

Leyland.

Ejusdem consolatio de morte amici profa & carmine scripta.] *Sæpe & supra modum.*

D. Bellous significat mihi, Joannem Shirovodum scripsisse opusculum de laudibus Angliæ carmine.

Ejusdem oratiunculæ pro Laurentio, pro naufragis, pro juvenibus compeditis, Invectiva in Malgerium pro Milone. Leyland. In carmine se probat mediocrem poetam, in oratione vehementiorem quam facundiosem rhetorem.

Fuit hic Laurentius postea prior, aut abbas Vifimonafteriensis in suburbio Londini.

Historia Pipini regis.

Lindisfarne inf: alias dicta sacra insula, habuit olim nobile cœnobium, ubi etiam erat sedes episcopalis, in qua floruit sanctus Cuthbertus. Sed vi Scotica primo spoliatum, deinde à Danis prorsus deletum. Monachi vero & provinciales. miserunt tantarum calamitatum, reliquias S. Cuthberti Castrum detulerunt, quod media via positum est inter Dunholmum & Novum castellum, ibique, tanquam in episcopali sede, requievit centum & tredecim annis. Postea orta per bellum ibidem nova calamitate, translatae sunt Cuthberti reliquiae Riponam, ubi cum ad tempus requievissent, cœperunt monachi cogitare, temporibus jam ferenis, de reportandis Cuthberti reliquiis Castrum. Sed cum monachi, comitantibus multis provincialibus, sanctum feretrum Dunholmum usque perduxissent, feretrum adeo immobile fuit, ut nulla prorsus vi inde amoveri potuerit. Provinciales, rei novitatem admirantes, posuerunt ibidem reliquias in porticu, quæ nunc Alba porticus appellatur. Hic mansere donec magna & nova basilica consummata fuit. Tandem vero propter princeps altare cum magna celebritate positæ sunt.

Pag. 39.

Were flu: quod Akelandam & Dunholmum præterlabitur,

à Ptolemæo Vedra, à Beda autem nunc Wyre, nunc Murus dicitur. Oritur vero in Wereldale, & apud Wermuth in mare se exonerat.

Newcastel.

Vicus, qui adjacet Novocastello cis pontem Tinenfem, vulgo vocatur Getehed, & est locus quem Beda in historia appellat capræ caput.

Novum castellum nomen sumpsit à castello ibidem per Robertum, Gulielmi Nothi filium, facto. Nam ante vocabatur Monkcester, id est, castrum vel civitas monachorum.

Tine flu: in Tinedale oritur, & apud Tinemuth in mare erumpit.

Gyrwi quarto à Novocastro miliario.

Famosum hoc monasterium, cujus Beda alumnus erat, semel atque iterum à Danis, intrantibus Tinam, ita depopulatum fuit, ut locis aliquot vestigia tantum antiqui operis & structuræ appareant. Monachi, qui jam tantum tres cœnobiolum inhabitant, monstrant Bedæ oratorium & arulam, in cujus medio pro gemma ostentant fragmentulum serpentina aut viridis marmoris.

Inscriptio ibidem reperta in quadrato saxo majusculis litteris Romanis sculpta.

Dedicatio Basilicæ S. Pauli VIII. Calendas Maii anno xv°. Ecfredi regis, Ceolfridi abbatis ejusdem Q. M. ecclesiæ deo autore conditoris anno IIII.

Murus Picticus, Vallum pratorianum, Vallum Hadrianicum, Vallum Severianum.

Walsend, pagulus infrequens à fine muri Pictici sic dictus, 3°. à Tinemuta miliario, à quo Walkera oppidulum ad miliare unum aut eo amplius distat, ubi etiam nunc sunt vestigia muri. Sunt & prope Dentonam oppidum partes muri nec humiles nec infirmi.

D. Hyliard

Frater vel consanguineus D. Roberti Ridlei habitat in turri muri Pictici.

Cornage genus stipendii dati cornicibus qui murum observabant.

Ruge dragon

Afferuit, castella aliquot & turres vel hoc nostro seculo ex valli reliquiis reparata fuisse. Unde probabilis conjectura, ante aliquot secula magnam muri partem integram fuisse, donec in usus vicinorum ædificiorum demoliebatur.

Tinemuthe.

Chronicon autore monacho Albanensi, sed incerto nomine.

Ofwinus rex & martyr sepultus Tinemutæ.

Edredus, rex Deirorum, ibidem sepultus.

Henri-

Henricus, heremita Coketenſis inſulæ, ibidem ſepultus.

Malcolinus, Scotorum rex, apud Alnovicum occiſus à Moubreio comite, ſepultus eſt ibidem in capitulo.

Edwinus, rex Northumbrorum, facellum erexit Tinemutæ ^{Rofella} ex ligno, in quo Roſella, ejus filia, poſtea velum ſacrum accepit. ^{Eaduini} ^{regis filia.}

S. Ofwaldus monaſteriolum de Tinemuthe ex ligneo lapideum fecit.

Monaſterium de Tinemuthe bis deſtructum, ſemel per Angarum & Hubonem, iterumque per Danos tempore Ethelſtani regis.

Dani Tinemutha utebantur pro propugnaculo atque adeo receptaculo cum tranſfretarent ex Dania & Norwegia in Angliam.

Coqueda

In Cocheta inſula cœnobiolum eſt monachorum Tinemuthenſium. . . .

E regione Tinemuthæ fuit urbs vaſtata à Danis Urfa nomine, ubi natus erat Ofwinus rex. ^{Caire Urſe.}

Locus, ubi nunc cœnobiolum Tinemuthenſe eſt, antiquitus

Pen

à Saxonibus dicebatur Benebalcrag. Leland. Penbalcrage rectius, i. e. caput valli in rupe. Nam circa hunc locum finis erat valli Severiani.

Ex vita S. Ofwini.

Eadwine, id eſt, beatus vir.

Oſric, i. e. fortitudo regni.

Oſwine, i. e. fortitudo amici, vel latitudo charitatis.

Walleſend villa 3. à Tinemuthe milliaribus, ubi finis eſt muri Piſtici, diſtat ab Walkera villa ſeſquimiliario. pagus nunc paucarum ædium.

Cœnobiolum S. Agathæ, canonici Præmonſtr:

Suala flu: oritur in Coterhil extrema parte Wencedalliæ, deſcendit per Richemundiam, per Topclif caſtel, per Moyton pagum, & S. Agatham, & pontem Cateractenſem, tandem-

Urum

que non procul in Uſam ſe exonerat.

Jorevallis, Barnardini.

Ure flu: oritur etiam in Coterhil, & per Jorevallenſe, ſive Urevallenſe, cœnobiolum, cui nomen dat, deſluit, per Maſham, Novum forum, per citeriorem partem de Ripon, per Borowbrig, per Nunmunkton, per Cawood caſtel, & apud Armyn pagum, ubi eſt villa urbana abbatis Mariani, nomen perdit, quaſi in Aire deſlueret, cum tamen veriſimilius eſſet, ut Aere in Urum, alias Uſam, deſlueret.

Eden, tertius flu: in Coterhil oritur, & per Lugubaliam in mare deſluit.

à Ptolemæo Vedra, à Beda autem nunc Wyre, nunc Murus dicitur. Oritur vero in Weresdale, & apud Wermuth in mare se exonerat.

Newcaſtel.

Vicus, qui adjacet Novocaſtello cis pontem Tinenſem, vulgo vocatur Getehed, & eſt locus quem Beda in hiſtoria appellat capræ caput.

Novum caſtellum nomen ſumpſit à caſtello ibidem per Robertum, Gulielmi Nothi filium, facto. Nam ante vocabatur Monkceſter, id eſt, caſtrum vel civitas monachorum.

Tine flu: in Tinedale oritur, & apud Tinemuth in mare erumpit.

Gyrwi quarto à Novocaſtro miliario.

Famofum hoc monaſterium, cujus Beda alumnus erat, ſemel atque iterum à Danis, intrantibus Tinam, ita depopulatum fuit, ut locis aliquot veſtigia tantum antiqui operis & ſtructuræ appareant. Monachi, qui jam tantum tres cœnobiolum inhabitant, monſtrant Bedæ oratorium & arulam, in cujus medio pro gemma oſtentant fragmentulum ſerpentini aut viridis marmoris.

Inſcriptio ibidem reperta in quadrato ſaxo majuſculis litteris Romanis ſculpta.

Dedicatio Baſilicæ S. Pauli VIII. Calendas Maii anno xv°. Ecfridi regis, Ceolfridi abbatis ejuſdem Q. M. eccleſiæ deo autore conditoris anno IIII.

Murus Piſticus, Vallum prætorianum, Vallum Hadrianicum, Vallum Severianum.

Walfend, pagulus infrequens à fine muri Piſtici ſic dictus, 3°. à Tinemuta miliario, à quo Walkera oppidulum ad miliare unum aut eo amplius diſtat, ubi etiam nunc ſunt veſtigia muri. Sunt & prope Dentonam oppidum partes muri nec humiles nec infirmi.

D. Hyliard

Frater vel confanguineus D. Roberti Ridlei habitat in turri muri Piſtici.

Cornage genus ſtipendii dati cornicibus qui murum obſervabant.

Ruge dragon

Afferuit, caſtella aliquot & turres vel hoc noſtro ſeculo ex valii reliquiis reparata fuiſſe. Unde probabilis conjectura, ante aliquot ſecula magnam muri partem integram fuiſſe, donec in uſus vicinorum ædificiorum demoliebatur.

Tinemuthe.

Chronicon autore monacho Albanenſi, ſed incerto nomine.

Oſwinus rex & martyr ſepultus Tinemutæ.

Edredus, rex Deirorum, ibidem ſepultus.

Henri-

Henricus, heremita Coketensis insulæ, ibidem sepultus.

Malcolinus, Scotorum rex, apud Alnovicum occisus à Moubreio comite, sepultus est ibidem in capitulo.

Edwinus, rex Northumbrorum, sacellum erexit Tinemutæ ^{Rosella} ex ligno, in quo Rosella, ejus filia, postea velum sacrum accepit. ^{Eaduini regis filia.}

S. Ofwaldus monasteriolum de Tinemuthe ex ligneo lapideum fecit.

Monasterium de Tinemuthe bis destructum, semel per Angarum & Hubonem, iterumque per Danos tempore Ethelstani regis.

Dani Tinemutha utebantur pro propugnaculo atque adeo receptaculo cum transfretarent ex Dania & Norwegia in Angliam.

^{Coqueda}

In Cocheta insula cœnobiolum est monachorum Tinemutensium. . . .

E regione Tinemuthæ fuit urbs vastata à Danis ^{Urfa no-} mine, ubi natus erat Ofwinus rex. ^{Caire Urse.}

Locus, ubi nunc cœnobiolum Tinemuthense est, antiquitus

^{Pen}

à Saxonibus dicebatur Benebalcrag. Leland. Penbalcrag rectius, i. e. caput valli in rupe. Nam circa hunc locum finis erat valli Severiani.

Ex vita S. Ofwini.

Eadwine, id est, beatus vir.

Ofric, i. e. fortitudo regni.

Ofwine, i. e. fortitudo amici, vel latitudo charitatis.

Wallefend villa 3. à Tinemuthe milliaribus, ubi finis est muri Pictici, distat ab Wallekera villa sesquimiliario. pagus nunc paucarum ædium.

Cœnobiolum S. Agathæ, canonici Pramonstr:

Suala flu: oritur in Coterhil extrema parte Wencedalliæ, descendit per Richemundiam, per Topclif castel, per Moyton pagum, & S. Agatham, & pontem Cateractensem, tandem-

^{Urum}

que non procul in Usam se exonerat.

Jorevallis, Barnardini.

Ure flu: oritur etiam in Coterhil, & per Jorevallenfem, sive Urevallenfem, cœnobiolum, cui nomen dat, defluit, per Masham, Novum forum, per citeriorem partem de Ripon, per Borowbrig, per Nunmunkton, per Cawood castel, & apud Armyn pagum, ubi est villa urbana abbatis Mariani, nomen perdit, quasi in Aire deflueret, cum tamen verisimilius esset, ut Aere in Urum, alias Usam, deflueret.

Eden, tertius flu: in Coterhil oritur, & per Lugubaliam in mare defluit.

Omeliæ Roberti Gryme, monachi de Bardeney, super evangelia Dominicalia.] *Reverenter sedens ad mensam.* Leyland. Scripsit stylo scholastico.

Pag. 41.
Leyl:
Fit mentio
cujusdam
Nennii
in vita S.
Finnani.

Nennii libellus de origine Britannia.] *Ego Nennius, Si. Elboldi discipulus.* Leyland. Scribit confuse, & sine judicio, fordidis etiam verbis, non dubitans fabulas subinde interferere plus quam aniles.

Ex Chronico Jorevallenfi. autore incerto.

Perduxit autem opus usque ad tempora Richardi primi.

Dunmoe, Felixstow postea dictum.

Eglefdune, sive Halefdune, nunc Hoxton in provincia Norwicensi.

Lothebocus ex regia stirpe Danorum tempestate appulit, in Angliam, ubi à quodam leporario interfectus, causa fuit, quod ^{fient} ut ejus filii Angarus & Hubo devastarent Angliam, & Edmundum regem interficerent.

Anno domini 569. urbs Alclud olim tam famosa, quæ ad occidentalem extremitatem famosi muri sita fuit, per Danos funditus est deleta.

Hubbelow tumulus in Devonja, ubi Hubo interfectus sepultus fuit.

Ethelinghey, i. e. insula nobilium.

Grekelade, ubi olim schola Græcorum, Kyrkelade dicitur.

Latinelade, ubi olim schola Latinorum, quæ modo vocatur Letthelade juxta Oxonium.

Haraldi regis corpus secundo sepultum apud S. Clementem Londini.

Malcolinus, rex Scotorum, sepultus Tinemuthæ tempore Gulielmi primi.

Laner fluviolus tribus à Kirkeby miliaribus oritur, & prope Ripon cum Skella se miscer, deinde uno alveo Urum petunt.

Skella vero fluviolus oritur duobus passuum millibus à Fonticulorum cœnobio prope Ripon alluens in Urum delabatur.

Fonticuli.

Locus, ubi nunc cœnobium Fonticulorum, antiquitus Skellegylle dicebatur.

Stephanus Cantuar: super libros Macchabeorum.] *Residuum erucarum comedit locusta.*

Flosculi moralium Gulielmi, abbatis de Bukfest.

Lincolniensis de templo dei.

Alexander Hayles super 2^m. Sententiarum.] *Completis tractatibus.*

Pag. 42.

Omeliæ Ricardi Fastolphi, 2ⁱ. abbatis de Fontibus.] *Ecce venit rex.* Floruit temporibus Divi Barnardi, peregreque profectus Clarevalli mortuus est & sepultus. Ser.

Sermones Nicolai de Hakevilla ordinis Franciscani.

Lincolniensis de anima.] *Multi circa animam erraverunt.*

Stephanus de Edon, canonicus de Wartria prope castellum de Crage in provincia Eboracensi, scripsit Chronicon temporum regis Edwardi de Cairnervan, sed indocto & barbaro filo.

Christal, Barnardini.

Dropingwelle prope Gnareborough, omnium incolarum testimonio, folia quercina & lignicula, in puteum cadentia, lapide circumdat, ita tamen ut formam semper acceptæ rei fervet.

Nid flu: oritur in Niderdale, & est aqua feculenta propter foli nigritiem super quod delabitur. Fluit autem per Gnare & Ripeley, deinde per Nid, cui oppido nomen dat, & Ribeston, tandem Sualam inter Topclyfe & Borowbrige celeri curfu petit.

Warfa flu: in Warledale oritur, fluit per Skipton, Otley, Warfe Harwood, Wetherby, Tadcaster, & passibus non multis supra Cawood in Usam devolvitur. cummith not neere Skipton be iiii. mile.

Aere flu: oritur prope Orton in Craven in ipsis finibus Longcastrensis provinciæ; fluit vero per Kithale, Byngley, Calverley, Kirkestal cœnobium, Ledes, Pontem fractum, Ferebrig, tandem profluit in Armin flu: duobus m. à Rauclyf op.

Armin flu: oritur	the abbat of Yorkes menne,
. defluit ad extremum in	is the name of a lordship of
Usam 2 ^{bus} . à Rauclyf passuum millibus.	theyr Master, and not of a ry-
Calder flu: oritur	ver. For they sey that beyond
. delabiturque per Wake-	that Ure, or Use, lyseth his
feld, & prope Castelford Aere flu: petit.	name, and Ayre continuith
Cover flu: oritur in Coverdale, cur-	his name.

sumque continuat per Eston, & Coram, cœnobium Barnardinorum, cui forsan flu: nomen indidit, tandem non longe à castello de Mideham in Uri flu: sinu se abscondit.

Selleby.

Kirkeby op. quod recentes vocant Pontem fractum.

Pag. 43.

Oppidum de Kyrkeby olim adjacebat ponti, quem incolæ, quia jam præ senio ruinas agebat, vulgari lingua Brokenbrige vocabant. Distat hic pons nostris temporibus ad quingentos passus ab oppido. Sed jam ita usu inolevit, ut ex Brokenbrige

brige invalente lingua Gallica per Nortmannos in Anglia Pont frete vocetur.

Thomas, Lunensis comes, tempore E. 2. pro sancto habitus, sepultus apud Pontem fractum. Prope oppidum in colle, ubi securi percussus fuit, erecta est ampla ecclesia, non consummata tamen.

Valentius super Sentent:

Omeliæ Roberti Gentyll:

Omeliæ Gulielmi Dampport.

Albertus de natura locorum.

Dancafter.

Dun, sive Done, flu: oritur
fuit vero per Dancastrum op: nobile, & apud Turnebridge fessum se abscondit in alveo Aere fluminis.

Tunstallus
natus in
provincia
Richemontia.

Tunstallus, episcopus Dunelmensis, in hac opinione est, ut putet, Dancastrum antiquitus Duana castra dictum, quod secunda legio illic hyemaverat. Ego tamen videor mihi videre, nomen oppido inditum à Duno fluviò. Tunstallus vidit saxum repertum apud canonicos Barptolomeanos Londini, dum quærerent nova fundamenta. Inscriptum vero fuit literis Ro. sed præ vetustate pene corruptis & obliteratedis.

Worslope, canonici.

Wellebeke, Pramonstr.

Newstede, canonici albi.

Linton.

Line flu: oritur prope Newstede, defluitque per Linton cœnobium, cui nomen dedit; deinde Snotinghamum alluens, uno fere ab eodem miliari Treantam petit.

Melton Moubray.

Eye flu: non longe ab Okam exoritur, perfuit Staplefordam Melton, ubi autem Kirkebi pervenit, Wreke vocatur; postremo Brokesbi alluit, & apud Cosinton Soræ se comitem jungit.

Leyceter.

Alexander de S. Albano de naturis rerum.] *Forma decens,*
Leyland. Scripsit filo florido.

Speculum Giraldi, archidiaconi S. Davidis.

Pœnitentia.

Pœnitentiale Roberti, archidiaconi de Totenes, & canonici de Plymton.

Quæstiones Hugonis, abbatis de Radinge, instar dialogi.] Pag. 44:
De multis interrogas.

Epistolæ Ennodii.

Chronicon.

Launde.

Plinius Secundus de re medica.

Chronicon Ifidori.

Cleopatra de genitura.

Salterey.

Henrici, archidiaconi Huntingdunensis, justum volumen de lege domini ad monachos Burgenfes.] *Lex domini immaculata.*

Laurentii Dunelmensis epistola ad Hathewifam.] *Tria sunt præcipue.*

Ramesey.

Somnium

Ramesey (ut quidam volunt) ab ariete sic dictum, quem vulgariter appellamus Ramme.

Comes Ailwinus fundator monasterii Ramesiensis.

Inscriptio Sepulchralis Aliwini.

Hic requiescit Ailwinus, inclyti regis Edgari cognatus, totius Angliæ Aldermannus, & hujus sacri cœnobii miraculose fundator.

Epistola Roberti Lincolniensis contra appropriationes beneficiorum.] *Dominus noster Jesus Christus.*

Dumbleton super totam philosophiam naturalem.] *Plurimorum scribentium gratia.*

Armacanus de potestate spiritali.

Wallensis de pœnitentia.

Idem de 4^{or.} virtutibus cardinalibus.

Idem de cognitione veræ vitæ.

Idem de visitatione infirmorum.

Summa de casibus magistri Joannis de Cantia.

Practica Gilberti Anglici.

Itinerarium Antonini.

Pag. 45, 46. vacant.

Londini in bibliotheca Paulina.

Pag. 47:

Gulielmi Meldunensis libri quatuor de regibus Anglorum.

Ejusdem libri 3. de Novella historia, id est, de Henrico 2^o.

Postillæ Simonis de Hernton super Job.

Strabus

Strabus Gallus super Deuteronomion.

Tractatus magistri Joannis de Basingstoke de ordine evangeliorum per annum. Fuit hic archidiaconus Legecestrensis, & olim studuerat Athenis, ut titulus libri indicabat. De quo etiam (si recte memini) Parrisius, monachus S. Albani, scribit. Liber vero Joannis sic incipit: *Omnia tempus habent.*

Gulielmi cujusdam deflorationes de vita & moribus philosophorum ad Gutlacum.] *Amico suo Gutlaco.*

Postillæ magistri Radulphi de Diceto, olim Decani S. Pauli Londini, super Ecclesiasticum & librum Sapientiæ. Fuit doctor Theologiæ, ut non satis mihi constat num etiam Anglus fuerit.

Gorham super omnes epistolas Pauli.

Ejusdem sermones & distinctiones.

Ejusdem postillæ super Lucam & Joannem.

Sermones Repington.

Armacanus de quæstionibus Armenorum.

Waleys ad omne genus hominum, alias Communiloquium.

Linwoode super provincialia decreta.

Moralitates Triveti super 15. libros Ovidii.

Ualden contra versutias Uuicliui.

Septuaginta duæ quæstiones Uuifordi de sacramento Eucharistiæ.

Alington de adoratione imaginum.] *Omnis plantatio &c.*

Articuli Widford contra Uuiclivum in quatuor operibus, vel libris.

Absolutio Thomæ Winterton contra Joannem Wiclive] *Sicut testante apostolo.*

Quæstiones de potestate conficiendi eucharistiam.

In bibliotheca Petrina Londini.

Divisiones thematum fratris Nicolai Gorham.

Cowton super Sententias.

Summa Faventini super Decreta.

Holcot super 12. prophetas.

In bibliotheca Petrina Westmonasterii.

Tabula Gulielmi Sudbiry, monachi Westmon: super Lyram.

Meditationes Roberti Grostest.

Sermones ejusdem.

Sermones Radulphi Eleemosynarii, Prioris de Hurteley, cœnobioli prope Henleam super Tamesim, quod cella est monachorum Westmon. Leyland. Liber justum volumen est, inchoatum quidem motore Laurentio, abbate Westmon: sed absolutum illo mortuo, & Gualtero dedicatum, qui Laurentio successit. Repperi etiam in indice bibliothecæ Westmon: hunc Radulphum postea abbatem fuisse Westmon: Sunt etiam in eadem bibliotheca Omeliæ nomine Radulphi, abbatis Westmon:

ANTIQUARIII COLLECTANEA.

Westmon: Sermonum vero liber sic incipit: *Ecce fratres dilectissimi.*

Tractatus Joannis Bromyard, applicans jura canonica & civilia ad materiam moralem.

Additiones Roberti Gostest in libros Damasceni de orthodoxa fide, quos sciolus quidam male è Græco transtulerat, id quod Robertus beneficio correcti exemplaris Græci fecit.

Tabula Gul: Sudbury, monachi Westmon: super libros Sancti Thomæ de Aquino.

Prophetiæ Joannis, canonici de Bridlington.

Tractatus Joannis Colton, archiepiscopi Armacani, pro sedatione scismatis.

Determinatio Thomæ Palmer de ord: Prædicatorum in materia Scismatis.

Determinatio Nicolai Fakenham de ordine Minorum.

Determinatio Akon Præd: de materia Scismatis.

Determinatio Nicolai Rischton de scismate.

Avinioni

Armacani sermones 89. partim coram pontifice Ro, partim etiam in Anglia dicti.] *Cum jejunas, unge caput.*

Armacani liber contra fratres mendicantes, continens in se 16. libellos.

Westmonasterii.

Distichon ex epitaphio Galfredi Chauceri.

Galfredus Chaucer, vates & fama poësis

Maternæ, hac sacra sum tumulatus humo.

Joannes Gower sepultus est apud canonicos Marianos in ripa Tamesis, in cujus effigiei capite corona est ex hedera rosis distincta, in collo catena, equestris ordinis inditium. Sub capite tres libri, instar pulvinariorum, cum his inscriptionibus: "Speculum meditantis: Vox clamantis: Confessio amantis." Vixit tempore Ricardi 2. & Henrici quarti, cui libros suos dedicavit. Tempore Joannis cœnobium Sæ. Mariæ conflagravit, quod post multos annos cura & industria, partim etiam sumptibus suis restauravit. Nam ante illius tempora quamvis canonici veteres sedes retinebant, squallebat tamen semirutata ecclesia.

Uxor Goueri ibidem sepulta.

In bibliotheca Franciscanorum Londini.

Vita S. Æduuardi martyris, ignoto autore.

Historia Ivonis Carnotensis.] *Assyriorum igitur rex.*

Sigeberti monachi historia.

Chronica Martini.

Tom. III.

G

Alexander

Necham

Alexander de S. Albano de naturis rerum.
Lincolniensis super libros Dionysii de Hierarchia.

fratris

Floriloquium Joannis Uualensis.

Nicolaus Trivet super libros Augustini de civitate dei.

Sermones festivos Holkoti.] *Erunt signa in sole.*

Collectiones Uuallensis super Matthæum.] *Tria insimulantur.*

Collectiones ejusdem super Leviticum.] *Immolabit vitulum.*

Sermones festivos fratris Thomæ Uuinchelse.] *Omnis qui audit.*

Alexander de S. Albano, cog. Necham, super Cantica Cantic: five in opus epithalamicum.] *Humilitas vera.*

Holcot super librum Sapientiæ.

Notingham super unum ex quatuor.] *Da mihi intellectum.*

Lathbiri super librum Trenorum.

Uualeis super Psalterium.] *Beatus qui custodit.*

Adam Uuodham Franciscanus super Cantica Cantic: vir scholasticus.

Costesey super Psalmos usque ad Psalmum, Nonne deo. 168.

a

Postoralia fratris Joannis Uuallensis, doctoris Parisiensis.

Postillæ Alexandri de Hales super Job.] *Dicitur in Psalmo.*

Expositio Uuallensis super Valerium ad Rufinum de non ducenda uxore.] *Loqui prohibeor.*

Opera reverendi inceptoris Ockam Franciscani.

Expositio super Porphyrium.

Super Prædicamenta.

Super libr: Periermenias.

Super libros Elenchorum.

Defensorium Logices.

Tractatus ejusdem, qui vocatur, Dominus potest facere omne quod fieri a vult, non includit contradictionem.

++

Tractatus ejusdem de decem generibus.

Opinio Uuicliivi de Universalibus.

Winchelsei super Logicam stilo scholastico.

Rhetorica, Aristotelis Latine.

Uuiford de sacramento altaris.] *Ratione solemnitatis.*

Liber Rogeri Bacon Franciscani de retardatione accidentium senectutis & senii, b è conservatione quinque sensuum.] *Cogito & cogitavi.*

Antidotarium ejusdem.

Hic liber erat excisus, cum alio ejusdem autoris, ex cujus

a Sic, cum signo, ut legatur, vult, non includens contradictionem. b Sic.

erati tituli vestigiis suspicor, fuisse de Universalibus.

Cowton super Sententias.] *Sic dicit beatus Ambrosius.*

Pag. 50.

Bradwardin de causa dei.

Quolibeta Joannis Okam inceptoris.

Idem de sacramento altaris.

Idem super Sententias.

Ware super libros Sententiarum.

Peccham super Sententias.

Quæstiones Peccham de vanitate mundialium.

Itinerarium ejusdem, non infusus liber.] *Confitebor tibi domine.*

Suttoni quæstio de unitate formæ.

Ockami quæstio de pluralitate formæ.

Quæstiones Pechami de sacramento altaris.

Holcoti lectura super Sententias.

Fizaker super libros Sententiarum.

[*duxit.*

Ricardus de media villa super Sententias.] *Abcondita pro-*

In bibliotheca Prædicatorum Londini.

Trivet super Psalterium.] *Inter celebres Veteris Testamenti translationes.*

Postillæ Nicolai Gorham, fratris Præd: super Lucam.]

Disciplina medici.

Kilwardby super epistolas Pauli ad Romanos & Corinthos.

Fizaker super Psalterium.

Lectura Waleys super duos nocturnos Psalterii. [*te.*

Idem super epistolam ad Hebræos.] *Beatus homo qui sperat in*

Lincolniensis super duos libros Posteriorum.

Wiford contra Trialogum Uuicliui.

Wiclivus de paupertate Christi contra ecclesiasticos.

Alueredus de motu cordis.

Aldruidus de quintis essentiis.

Groftest de Comitibus.

[*bus.*

Alueredi commentum super libros Aristotelis de vegetabili-

Alexander Aphrodiseus de tempore.

Athelardi problemata. Leilandus. Omnes excisi è forulis, & furto sublati.

Guimundus

Lanfrancus

Rabanus

} de sanguine domini.

Trivet super Boëtium de consolatione Philosophorum.] *Explanationes librorum.*

Giraldus Cambrensis de principe, ejus institutione, & virtutibus.] *In apibus rex unus.*

Antidotarium Joannis Damasceni.

Trivet super Tragœdias Senecæ.] *Rudis Adolescentia &c.*

Joachimi expositio in Apocalypsin.
Sexti Julii Frontini Strategemata.
Epistolæ Cassiodori furto sublatæ.

Pag. 51.

In bibliotheca Carmelitarum.

Longville super 12. prophetas.] *Mirum videtur quibusdam.*
Concordia Evangelistarum, autore Clemonte, Priore Lan-
tonensi.] *Quæris à me &c.*

Anselmus super Joannem.

Notingham super omnes epistolas Pauli.] *Bonam visita-
tionem, &c.*

Rabanus super Matthæum.

Gilebertus Porretanus super Pfalterium.

Waleys super Pfalterium.

Rabanus super Genesim, super libros Macchabeorum, &
actus Apostolorum.

Liber variarum Cassiodori.

Methodius de initio & fine seculi.

Beda in parabolas Solomonis.

Joannes Damascenus de philocofmis.

Logica Damasceni. Item sententiæ Damasceni. sede 6.
lævi à tergo.

Gregorius Nicænus de formatione hominis. sede 7. læ:
lat. à tergo.

Exhortationes Cæsarii.

Quæstiones Rabbi Moses.

Tancredus de ædificio Sapientiæ.

Epistolæ Dionysii Arcopagitæ 10.

Epistolæ Cypriani.

Hilarius de Synodis.

Hilarius contra Constantium Aug:

Bedæ epistola ad Uuithredum de Vernali Æquinoc̄tio.

Epistola Dionysii Exigui de termino Paschali ad Petronium
episcopum.

Ejusdem epistola de eadem re ad Bonifacium, primicerium
Notariorum, & Bono Secūdicerio.

Computus Hilperici ad Asprum. Leyl. In meo exemplari
deest præfatio.

Epistola Victoris ad Theophilum Cæsariensem de circulo
Paschali.

Computus Garlandi.

Gregorius Nicænus de formatione hominis.

Exhortationes Cæsarii.

Enchiridion Xisti.

Amalarius de officiis eadem sede.

Quidam annotavit in margine veteris libri, **Wiclivum in**
libro suo de sermone domini in monte, & de apostasia,
sumpsisse

fumpfisse errorem suum de Eucharistia ex libro cujusdam monachi, quem Wiclivus Ambrosium, aut Ambrosii discipulum nominat. Leyland. Forfan intellexit Ambrosium Ausbertum.

Alexander Necham super correctiones Bibliæ.

Idem super Ecclesiasten.] *Forma decens.*

Collectiones Wallensis super Matthæum.

Trivetus de perfectione justitiæ.] *Insinuavit mihi nuper.*

Joannes Bacanthorp de perfectione justitiæ.] *Utrum Christus.*

Opera Thomæ Ualdeni in tribus maximis voluminibus ad Martinum quintum.

Lectura Thomæ Brome Carmelitæ Oxoniensis academiæ. Floruit anno 1358.

Castellum amoris Roberti Grosstest, Gallice.] *Ki bien pense.*

Ivori, provincialis Carmelitarum, expositio in Apocalypsin.] *Legimus in ecclesiastica historia.*

Triologum

Uydeford Franciscanus contra Catalogum Uicliivi in 18. Pag. 52: articulis ad archiepiscopum Cantuar:

Determinatio Ricardi Fizradulphi, archiepiscopi Armacani, contra fratres mendicantes, in qua primum ponit epistolam Joannes Papæ, deinde sic incipit:] *Sed quia ista constitutio &c.* Leyland. In fine libri additum erat, à quodam bono scilicet fratre, Armacanum malitiosum fuisse hæreticum, & citatum à fratribus Avinioni coram Innocentio sexto comparuisse, fenemque ibidem obiisse & sepultum fuisse.

Rogerus de Conwey Franciscanus contra determinationem Armacani de fratribus.] *Confessio & pulchritudo.*

Beston Carmelita de virtutibus & vitiis oppositis.

Waleys super fabulas Ovidii.

Bacanthorp Carmel: super libros Ethicorum.

Lincolniensis super 8. libros Physicorum, super libros de celo & mundo.

Idem super libr: de generatione, & libros Meteororum.

Idem de potentiis animæ.

Idem super Prædicamenta.

Tractatus ejusdem de Spæra.

Computus ejusdem.

Quæstiones ejusdem super libros Ethicorum.

Practica Geometriæ, eodem autore.

Ockham super 8. libros Physicorum.

Yponostichon Laurentii Dunelmensis.

Guido de omnibus hæresibus.

Giraldi Cambrensis liber de Walliæ topographia, sede 3^a. lat: dex: à tergo.

Ranulphi Hageduni, Castrensis monachi, historia.

Chronica Martini.

Lincolniensis

Lincolniensis de cessatione legalium.

Solini vetustissimum exemplar.

Julii Frontini liber Strategematon.

Macrobius.

Dudonis de Nortmannis historia.

Armacanus, alias Fizrafe, de paupertate Christi ad Innocentium, qui Clementi 6^o. successit.

Armacani de quaestionibus Armenorum libri 19. per dialogos.] *Quia ex literali scientia.*

Berningham, doctor Carmel: super Sententias.

Ware super Sententias.

Walsingham super Sententias.

Richardus Hampoole de incendio amoris.

De excellentia contemplationis.

Carmen Rithmicum nomine Meli.

De emendatione vitæ.

Carmen Rithmicum nomine Philomela.

Speculum S. Edmundi, archiepiscopi Cantuar:

Pag. 53. *In bibliotheca Augustinianorum Londini, quam Lous episcopus à fundamentis construxit & libris ornavit.*

Lincolniensis de oculo morali.] *Si diligenter voluerimus.*

Historia Gul. Malmesbiriensis.

Epistolæ Ennodii.

Omeliæ Mauriti.

Omeliæ Odonis.

Lincolniensis de resurrectione.

Tonitruum Lincoln: contra curiam Ro:

Recollecciones Lincoln: in tractatus pœnitentiæ.

Wiclif de legibus, & de veneno, in cubiculo bibliothecarii.

Peccham de mysterio minorum.

Deflorator quidam Matthæi Parisiensis historici.

Adam Muremutensis, canonici S. Pauli Londini, historiola.

Joannes Tuneys scripsit libros aliquot de re grammatica, quorum multa exemplaria impressa ibidem extant. Fuit Augustinianus & provincialis per aliquot annos sui ordinis. Obiit autem circiter primos Henrici 8ⁱ. Joannis Baleus, si recte memini, significavit mihi, se vidisse epistolam, Græce scriptam ab hoc Tuneio.

Pag. 54. *Ex catalogo libelli de nominibus sociorum collegii Gualteri Merton, canonici Sarum, & postea Rosensis episcopi.*

Socii tempore Edwardi primi.

Richardus Walingford, postea abbas S. Albani.

Bakon. Leland. Alius erat à Rog: Bacon Francif. qui obiit ante inchoatum collegium.

Burley doctor in Theologia & profundus philosophus.

Joannes Gattifden doctor in medicinis, qui fecit Rosam medicinæ. Henr:

Henr: Gower, episcopus Menevensis. [Obiit 1347. 22. E. 3.]

Galfridus Kilminton, Dr. Theologiæ, plura scripsit.

Joannes Wendon, postea abbas in monasterio de Ofeney.
Lelandus.

Hæc nomina mihi videntur parum congruere temporibus Edwardi 1.

Socii tempore Edwardi 2.

Bradwardine, Dr. profundus, nominabatur per papam.

Chelton fundavit cistam C. marcharum in universitate canonicus Wellensis.

Dumbleton nobilis philosophus fuit, & summam fatis subtilem fecit in philosophia naturali.

Dn̄s Dr. subtilis ordinis Minorum.

Greene, postea Prior in monasterio Wigornia.

Mandut, bonus astronomus, qui tabulas in astronomia composuit & medicina.

Gilbertus Peccham, archiepiscopus Cantuar: Dr. Theologiæ. Sanctus fuit in vita, & plurima miracula fecit post mortem.

Robertus Winchelsey Dr. fuit Theologiæ, & archiepiscopus Cantuar:

Simon Islep, archiepiscopus Cantuar. & Dr. Theologiæ.

Socii tempore Edwardi 3.

Affchinden profundus astronomus fuit, & summam nobiliff: in eadem scientia composuit: & medicus.

Billingham tabulam quandam philosophiæ & Logiciæ laboriosissime composuit, quam ad librariam dedit communem.

Berton, Dr. in Theologia, & cancellarius Oxon. qui excommunicavit Wiclif.

Simon Bredon plures libros collegio dedit, & postquam in 7. liberalibus scientiis fuerat expeditus, doctor in medicinis effectus est Oxon: & Trifolium in medicina composuit.

Mepham Dr. in Theologia, & archiepiscopus Cantuar:

Organ nobilis philosophus fuit.

Gul. Reede istam librariam fieri fecit, & libris instaurari. Dedit & centum libras pro cista communi constituenda. Episcopus fuit Cicestrensis, & nobilis astronomus, qui & tabulas astronomicas compilavit. Fuit etiam Dr. Theologiæ.

Wikford, Dr. utriusque juris, & archiepiscopus Dublin: Pag. 29.

Suinished, subtilis logicus & philosophus, & subtiliff: libros in philosophia fecit.

Radulphus Stroode nobilis poëta fuit, & versificavit librum elegiacum, vocatum phantasma Radulphi.

Wiclif, Dr. in Theologia, nec erat socius istius domus, nec annum probationis habuit plenarie in eadem.

Williot, Dr. in Theologia, & cancellarius Exoniensis, fecit exhibitionem puerorum in aula Portionistarum.

Socii tempore Richardi 2.

Brit nobilis astronomus fuit, qui fecit Theoricam omnium planetarum.

J. Chilmarke nobilis philosophus fuit, & tractatum de accidentiis elementorum subtilissime compilavit.

Colnet regius medicus fuit.

Kempe episcopus London: & postea Cantuar:

Rudborne turrim supra portam collegii ædificavit, custos collegii fuit, & capellanus Henrici 4. postea episcopus Menevensis.

Wymildon famosiss: prædicator in toto regno Angliæ.

Socii tempore Henrici 4.

Thomas Dunkam medicus comitis Marchiæ.

Joan: Elys doctor in medicinis.

Mr. Nicolaus Punt determinavit contra opiniones Wiclif contra Richardum episcopum Lincoln: fundatorem collegii Lincoln:

Socii tempore Henrici 5.

Henricus Seuer, Dr. Theologiæ, eleemosinarius regis, & custos collegii, reparavit, auxit, & consummavit opera collegii.

Joannes Snetisham, Dr. in Theologia.

Socii tempore Henrici 6.

Chedworth episcopus Lincoln:

Killingworth astronomus multas tabulas composuit.

Billefdon nobilis medicus.

Hart astronomus.

Curtoyse astronomus & medicus.

Thomas Bloxham, Dr. medic.

Marshaul, Dr. Theolog: episcopus Land:

Joannes Mertok medicus.

Socii tempore Edwardi 4ⁱ.

Joannes Stacy insignis astronomus.

Lelandus.

Joannes Stacy prodicionis accusatus fuit, & suspensus apud Tyburne.

Cui in astronomia eo tempore æqualis, aut potius excellentior, fuit capellanus hujus domus nomine Blake:

Lelandus.

Blake obiit Stanfordiæ.

Richardus Fizjames episcopus Rofensis, deinde Cicestrensis, postremo London:

Thomas Kent astronomus.

Socii tempore Henrici 7ⁱ.

Joannes Chaumbre, Dr. medicinæ, ^a decanus S. Stephani.

Philippus Denseus astronomus & medicus.

^a Decani MS.

Joannes

Joannes Blisse astronomus & medicus.

Gul: Lorimer medicus.

Georgius Owen medicus.

Gualterus Bokeler.

Lelandus.

Tempore Edwardi 4. Thomas Thorleby, Dr. medicinæ & insignis astronomus, diverfabatur Oxon. in cœnobio de Ose-ney, ut à Thoma Gryneo didici.

Radingiæ apud Franciscanos.

Pag. 56.

Beda de naturis bestiarum.

Alexander Necham super Marcianum Capellam.

Alexandri Necham Mythologicon.

Joannis Waleys commentarii super Mythologicon Fulgentii.

Abbingdune.

Abbingdune, i. e. oppidum abbatis, ante conditum ibidem cœnobium Seukesham vocabatur.

Cissa primus fundator Abbandunensis monasterii, quod postea auxit privilegiis, & aliquot villulis. Dani tamen cœnobium destruxerunt. Edgarus tandem reparavit.

Ubi nunc templum est Abbanduni D. Helenæ sacrum, tempore Inæ regis erant velatæ virgines.

Andresey insula adjacet Abboduno.

In bibliotheca Abbodunensi.

Berengaudius super Apocalypsin.] *Solomon inspiratus divino spiritu.*

Meditationes Goduini, Cantoris Salesbiriæ, ad Ramildam reclusam.] *Hæc sunt prima documenta novæ legis.*

Carmen Josephi Britanni, sed imperfectum, de bello Antiocheno, quod Christiani contra Saracenos gesserunt a tempore Richardi primi, Anglorum regis.] *Christicolæ acies.*

In bibliotheca Canonorum de Osney.

Vita S. Hieronymi per Thomam Gascoyne, sacræ Theologiæ professorem, scripta Latine & eleganter.

Vita S. Frediswidæ.

Vita Odonis, natione Daci, archiepiscopi Cantuar:

Vita S. Wenefridæ per Robertum, Priorem Salapiensis monaster: ad Guarinum, Priorem Wigorniensem.] *In occidua parte.*

Lincolniensis de cessatione legalium.] *Fuerunt plurimi.*

Chronicon Ivonis.

Imago Salvatoris, quæ est apud Waltham, inventa fuit in monte, qui vocatur Lothegaresbrich, tempore Canuti, cog. fortis.

TOM. III.

a Sic.

H

Oxonie

In libro Balei de Baccalauris Carmel: ordinis, erat mentio de Thoma Gascoyne, baccalaurio Oxon: sed is ait, Carmelitam hominem fuisse non magnæ eruditionis.

Oxonæ in bibliotheca publica.

Chilwardbe super 8. partes orationis.] *Quoniam studium Gram:*

Epistolæ Hereberti, Secretarii Thomæ martyris.

Bacon de cœlo & mundo, cujus primi quaterniones excisi.

Summa philosophiæ Roberti Lincolnienfis.] *Philosophantes*

¶ *famosi.* Leyland. In quo libro tractat de formis, de luce, de coloribus, de iride, de cometis, de utilitate liberalium artium.

Compendium Scientiarum, eodem autore. Sed liber excisus.

Panegyrica oratio Porphyrii and Constantinum, furto sublata.

Pag. 57. Eulogium historiarum Angliæ.

Hampole super Pfalterium.

Whethamsted

Granarium, ingens volumen, Joannes de loco frumenti, abbatis S. Albani, ad Humfredum, ducem Glocestriæ, de viris illustribus.

Ex Granario ejusdem.

Gualterus, abbas Morganensis, scripsit librum de avibus & animalibus carmine.] *Dicitur accipiter.*

Humfredus filius, frater & patruus regum, dux Glocestriæ comes Penbrochiæ, & summus Angliæ cubicularius.

Gualterus Gallicus scripsit gesta Alexandri Magni carmine.] *Gesta ducis Macedum.*

Alicubi etiam adscribit sibi nomen Pocitenentis in Anglia. Prorex.

Gualterus Anglicus scripsit librum de arte dictandi ad Innocentium 3. Pontif. Ro.

Joannes Havillensis, qui Architrenium scripsit, composuit libellum de arte dictandi.

Radulphus est (si recte memini) ibidem, qui vitam scripsit S. Albani carmine plane docto & eleganti.

Apuleius de asino aureo, sublatus.

Humfredus multoties scripsit in frontispiciis librorum suorum, Moun bien mondain.

Flavius de re militari, excisus.

Claudianus poëta.

Tragœdiæ Senecæ.

Humfredus, dux Glocestriæ, multos codices, pulcherrime pictos, ab abbatibus dono accepit.

Commentarii Joannis de Serauala, episcopi Firmani, ordinis Minorum, Latine scripti, super opera Dantis Aligerii, ad Nicolaum Bubwice, Bathon: & Wellensem episcopum, & D. Robertum Halam,

episcopum Sarisbur: Commentarii editi sunt tempore Constantiensis consilii.

Metamorphosis Ovidii Gallice.

Cato Cenforius, sublatus.

Opera Ciceronis.

Epistolæ Nicolai de Clamenge, cantoris Baiocensis, ad Carolum 6. Franc: regem.

Duodecim libr: epistolarum Petri Candidi, sublati.

Aphorismi Damasceni.

Concordantiæ librorum Senecæ.

Cary super libros Posteriorum.

Epistola Lincoln; de formis ad magistrum Adamum.

Idem de luce, de coloribus, de utilitate artium liberalium,
de iride, de cometis.

Compendium scientiarum ejusdem.

Joannes canonicus ordinis Minorum super libr: Physicorum.

Tabula Byllingham, justum volumen.

Algazel de Logicalibus.

Gundefalvius de anima.

Commentarii Reyneri de S. Trudo in libr: Boëtii de consolatione Philosophiæ.

a Autosichus de sphaera mota.

Esculeus de ascensionibus.

Jordanus de triangulis.

Apud Carmelitas Oxonii.

Traçtatus venenosus Gulielmi de S. Amando contra fratres Mendicantes.

Uidsford contra 18. conclusiones Wiclivi.

Ejusdem tres determinationes.

Lavingham doctor super 8. libros Physicorum.] *Ne sit taediosum legentibus.*

{ Quolibeta Walsingham Carmel:

{ Quæstiones ordinariæ ejusdem.

{ Robertus Walsingham doctor super Sententias.

Greystone doctor, monachus Dunelmensis super Sententias.

Candidi Arriani libellus ad Victorinum.

Bacanthorp super libros Augustini de civitate dei.] *Intentio Augustini.*

Uualensis Moniloquium.

Hyrenæi, episcopi Lugdunensis, libri quinque contra omnes hæreses.

Doctrinale antiquitatum ecclesiæ Thomæ Uualden, duo magna volumina.

Apud Prædicatores.

Pag. 58.

Scutum, Bedæ liber falso adscriptus.

Frater Rowel super libros Sententiarum.

Judocus

Thomas Joys cardinalis titulo S. Sabinæ sepultus in choro.

Ricardus Fyzaker sepultus juxta occidentalem murum ecclesiæ.

In bibliotheca collegii de Mereton.

Rabanus super actus apostolorum.

Tabulæ astronomicæ Joannis Killingworth.] *Multum conferre discitur.* Leyland. Hic videtur fuisse vir magni ingenii.

Rogerus Bacon de septem experimentis, furto sublatas.

a L. Autolychus.

H 2

Li-

Oxonia in bibliotheca publica.

Chilwardbe super 8. partes orationis.] *Quoniam studium Gram:*
Epistolæ Hereberti, Secretarii Thomæ martyris.

Bacon de cœlo & mundo, cujus primi quaterniones excisi.
Summa philosophiæ Roberti Lincolnienfis.] *Philosophantes*

¶ *famosi.* Leyland. In quo libro tractat de formis, de luce, de coloribus, de iride, de cometis, de utilitate liberalium artium.

Compendium Scientiarum, eodem autore. Sed liber excisus.
Panegyrica oratio Porphyrii and Constantinum, furto sublata.

Pag. 57. Eulogium historiarum Angliæ.

Hampole super Psalterium.

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Ex Granario ejusdem.

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Gualterus Gallicus scripsit gesta Alexandri Magni carmine.] *Gesta ducis Macedum.*

Alicubi etiam adscribit sibi
nomen Pocitenentis in Anglia.
Prorex.

Gualterus Anglicus scripsit librum de arte dictandi ad Innocentium 3. Pontif. Ro.

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Metamorphosis Ovidii Gallice.

Cato Censorius, sublatus.

Opera Ciceronis.

Epistolæ Nicolai de Clamenge, cantoris Baiocensis, ad Carolum 6. Franc: regem.

Duodecim libr: epistolarum Petri Candidi, sublati.

Aphorismi Damasceni.

Concordantiæ librorum Senecæ.

Cary super libros Posteriorum.

Epistola Lincoln; de formis ad magistrum Adamum.

Idem de luce, de coloribus, de utilitate artium liberalium, de iride, de cometis.

Compendium scientiarum ejusdem.

Joannes canonicus ordinis Minorum super libr: Physicorum.

Tabula Byllingham, justum volumen.

Algazel de Logicalibus.

Gundefalvius de anima.

Commentarii Reyneri de S. Trudo in libr: Boëtii de consolatione Philosophiæ.

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Rabanus super actus apostolorum.

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^a L. Autolychus.

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Oxonia in bibliotheca publica.

Chilwardbe super 8. partes orationis.] *Quoniam studium Gram:*
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summus Angliæ cubicularius.

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Flavius de re militari, excisus.

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Tragœdiæ Senecæ.

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multos codices, pulcherrime
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cepit.

Commentarii Joannis de Serauala, epif-
copi Firmani, ordinis Minorum, Latine
scripti, super opera Dantis Aligerii, ad
Nicolaum Bubwice, Bathoniensem & Wellen-
sem episcopum, & D. Robertum, Halam.

episcopum Sarisbur: Commentarii editi sunt tempore Con-
stantiensis consilii.

Metamorphosis Ovidii Gallice.

Cato Censorius, sublatus.

Opera Ciceronis.

Epistolæ Nicolai de Clamenge, cano-
nicum 6. Franc: regem.

Duodecim libr: epistolarum D.

Aphorismi D.

Concordantiæ

Cary super libros Pöthoronum.
 Epistole Lincoln. de formis adit.
 Item de luce, de coloribus, de
 de iride, de cometis.
 Compendium scientiarum ejusdem.
 Jaimes canonicus ordinis Minorum.
 Tabula Byllingham, justum voluer.
 Algazel de Logicalibus.
 Gaudesalvius de anima.
 Commentarii Reyneri de S. Tind.
 satione Philosophia.
 * Autosichius de sphaera mota.
 Ercanus de ascensionibus.
 Jordanus de triangulis.

Apud Carniolienses

Tractatus venerabilis Gaudem.
 Medicantes.
 Ulfard contra ill. occidit.
 Epistola tres determinationes.
 Lavingham doctor super B. J. J. J.
 doctus Legationis.
 { Quodam Wallingham Carnel:
 { Quodam ordinant ejusdem.
 Robertus Wallingham doctor super
 Grewate doctor, monachus Dunelm.
 Causa Arria sicilis ad Victoria.
 Beantorp super libro Angulianis.

Archiepiscopus.
 Causa Monachorum.
 Ercanus, episcopus Lugdunensis.
 beatus.
 Doctrinale antiquitatum
 magna volumina.

Apud Praedictos

Scutum, Beate Mar.
 Francus Rowel super
 J. J. J.
 Thomas Jopcar.
 Ricardus Fyler.

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 waytys, decanus de
 & Mr. collegii Bal-
 , opt. libros biblio-
 dedit.
 orationis.
 em, ut arbitror, autore.
 significatione.
 significatione, & elegancia
 alo.
 Novem

Joachimi expositio in Apocalypsin.

Sexti Julii Frontini Strategemata.

Epistolæ Cassiodori furto sublatæ.

Pag. 51.

In bibliotheca Carmelitarum.

Longville super 12. prophetas.] *Mirum videtur quibusdam.*

Concordia Evangelistarum, autore Clemonte, Priore Lan-
tonensi.] *Quæris à me &c.*

Anselmus super Joannem.

Notingham super omnes epistolas Pauli.] *Bonam visita-
tionem, &c.*

Rabanus super Matthæum.

Gilebertus Porretanus super Pfalterium.

Waleys super Pfalterium.

Rabanus super Genesim, super libros Macchabeorum, &
actus Apostolorum.

Liber variarum Cassiodori.

Methodius de initio & fine seculi.

Beda in parabolas Solomonis.

Joannes Damascenus de philocofmis.

Logica Damasceni. Item sententiæ Damasceni. sede 6.
lævi à tergo.

Gregorius Nicænus de formatione hominis. sede 7. læ:
lat. à tergo.

Exhortationes Cæsarii.

Quæstiones Rabbi Moses.

Tancredus de ædificio Sapientiæ.

Epistolæ Dionysii Areopagitæ 10.

Epistolæ Cypriani.

Hilarius de Synodis.

Hilarius contra Constantium Aug:

Beda epistola ad Uuithredum de Vernali Æquinoc̄tio.

Epistola Dionysii Exigui de termino Paschali ad Petronium
episcopum.

Ejusdem epistola de eadem re ad Bonifacium, primicerium
Notariorum, & Bono Secūdicerio.

Computus Hilperici ad Asprum. Leyl. In meo exemplari
deest præfatio.

Epistola Victoris ad Theophilum Cæsariensem de circulo
Paschali.

Computus Garlandi.

Gregorius Nicænus de formatione hominis.

Exhortationes Cæsarii.

Enchiridion Xifti.

Amalarius de officiis eadem sede.

Quidam annotavit in margine veteris libri, Wiclivum in
libro suo de sermone domini in monte, & de apostasia,
sumpsisse

fumpfisse errorem suum de Eucharistia ex libro cujusdam monachi, quem Wiclivus Ambrosium, aut Ambrosii discipulum nominat. Leyland. Forfan intellexit Ambrosium Ausbertum.

Alexander Necham super correctiones Bibliæ.

Idem super Ecclesiasten.] *Forma decens.*

Collectiones Wallensis super Matthæum.

Trivetus de perfectione justitiæ.] *Insinuavit mihi nuper.*

Joannes Bacanthorp de perfectione justitiæ.] *Utrum Christus.*

Opera Thomæ Ualdeni in tribus maximis voluminibus ad Martinum quintum.

Lectura Thomæ Brome Carmelitæ Oxoniensis academiae. Floruit anno 1358.

Castellum amoris Roberti Grostest, Gallice.] *Ki bien pense.*

Ivori, provincialis Carmelitarum, expositio in Apocalypsin.] *Legimus in ecclesiastica historia.*

Triologum

Uydeford Franciscanus contra Catalogum Uuicliivi in 18. Pag. 52: articulis ad archiepiscopum Cantuar:

Determinatio Ricardi Fizradulphi, archiepiscopi Armacani, contra fratres mendicantes, in qua primum ponit epistolam Joannes Papæ, deinde sic incipit:] *Sed quia ista constitutio &c.* Leyland. In fine libri additum erat, à quodam bono scilicet fratre, Armacanum malitiosum fuisse hæreticum, & citatum à fratribus Avinioni coram Innocentio sexto comparuisse, senemque ibidem obiisse & sepultum fuisse.

Rogerus de Conwey Franciscanus contra determinationem Armacani de fratribus.] *Confessio & pulchritudo.*

Beston Carmelita de virtutibus & vitiis oppositis.

Waleys super fabulas Ovidii.

Bacanthorp Carmel: super libros Ethicorum.

Lincolniensis super 8. libros Physicorum, super libros de coelo & mundo.

Idem super libr: de generatione, & libros Meteororum.

Idem de potentiis animæ.

Idem super Prædicamenta.

Traëtatus ejusdem de Spæra.

Computus ejusdem.

Quæstiones ejusdem super libros Ethicorum.

Præctica Geometriæ, eodem autore.

Ockham super 8. libros Physicorum.

Yponostichon Laurentii Dunelmensis.

Guido de omnibus hæresibus.

Giraldi Cambrensis liber de Walliæ topographia, sede 3^a.

lat: dex: à tergo.

Ranulphi Higeduni, Castrensis monachi, historia.

Chronica Martini.

Lincolniensis

Lincolniensis de cessatione legalium.

Solini vetustissimum exemplar.

Julii Frontini liber Strategematon.

Macrobius.

Dudonis de Nortmannis historia.

Armacanus, alias Fizrafe, de paupertate Christi ad Innocentium, qui Clementi 6^o. successit.

Armacani de quaestionibus Armenorum libri 19. per dialogos.] *Quia ex literali scientia.*

Berningham, doctor Carmel: super Sententias.

Ware super Sententias.

Walsingham super Sententias.

Richardus Hampoole de incendio amoris.

De excellentia contemplationis.

Carmen Rithmicum nomine Meli.

De emendatione vitæ.

Carmen Rithmicum nomine Philomela.

Speculum S. Edmundi, archiepiscopi Cantuar:

Pag. 53. *In bibliotheca Augustinianorum Londini, quam Lous episcopus à fundamentis construxit & libris ornavit.*

Lincolniensis de oculo morali.] *Si diligenter voluerimus.*

Historia Gul. Malmesbiriensis.

Epistolæ Ennodii.

Omeliæ Mauritii.

Omeliæ Odonis.

Lincolniensis de resurrectione.

Tonitruum Lincoln: contra curiam Ro:

Recollecciones Lincoln: in tractatus pœnitentiæ.

Wiclif de legibus, & de veneno, in cubiculo bibliothecarii.

Peccham de mysterio minorum.

Deflorator quidam Matthæi Parisiensis historici.

Adam Muremutensis, canonici S. Pauli Londini, historiola.

Joannes Tuneys scripsit libros aliquot de re grammatica, quorum multa exemplaria impressa ibidem extant. Fuit Augustinianus & provincialis per aliquot annos sui ordinis. Obiit autem circiter primos Henrici 8ⁱ. Joannis Baleus, si recte memini, significavit mihi, se vidisse epistolam, Græce scriptam ab hoc Tuneio.

Pag. 54. *Ex catalogo libelli de nominibus sociorum collegii Gualteri Merton, canonici Sarum, & postea Rosensis episcopi. Socii tempore Edwardi primi.*

Richardus Walingford, postea abbas S. Albani.

Bakon. Leland. Alius erat à Rog: Bacon Francif. qui obiit ante inchoatum collegium.

Burley doctor in Theologia & profundus philosophus.

Joannes Gattifden doctor in medicinis, qui fecit Rosam medicinæ.

Henr:

Henr: Gower, episcopus Menevensis. [Obiit 1347. 22. E. 3.]

Galfridus Kilminton, Dr. Theologiæ, plura scripsit.

Joannes Wendon, postea abbas in monasterio de Ofeney.

Lelandus.

Hæc nomina mihi videntur parum congruere temporibus Edwardi 1.

Socii tempore Edwardi 2.

Bradwardine, Dr. profundus, nominabatur per papam.

Chelton fundavit cistam C. marcharum in universitate canonicus Wellensis.

Dumbleton nobilis philosophus fuit, & summam fati subtilem fecit in philosophia naturali.

Dn̄s Dr. subtilis ordinis Minorum.

Greene, postea Prior in monasterio Wigornia.

Mandut, bonus astronomus, qui tabulas in astronomia composuit & medicina.

Gilbertus Peccham, archiepiscopus Cantuar: Dr. Theologiæ. Sanctus fuit in vita, & plurima miracula fecit post mortem.

Robertus Winchelsey Dr. fuit Theologiæ, & archiepiscopus Cantuar:

Simon Islep, archiepiscopus Cantuar. & Dr. Theologiæ.

Socii tempore Edwardi 3.

Affchinden profundus astronomus fuit, & summam nobiliss: in eadem scientia composuit: & medicus.

Billingham tabulam quandam philosophiæ & Logiciæ laboriosissime composuit, quam ad librariam dedit communem.

Berton, Dr. in Theologia, & cancellarius Oxon. qui excommunicavit Wiclif.

Simon Bredon plures libros collegio dedit, & postquam in 7. liberalibus scientiis fuerat expeditus, doctor in medicinis effectus est Oxon: & Trifolium in medicina composuit.

Mepham Dr. in Theologia, & archiepiscopus Cantuar:

Organ nobilis philosophus fuit.

Gul. Reede istam librariam fieri fecit, & libris instaurari. Dedit & centum libras pro cista communi constituenda. Episcopus fuit Cicestrensis, & nobilis astronomus, qui & tabulas astronomicas compilavit. Fuit etiam Dr. Theologiæ.

Wikford, Dr. utriusque juris, & archiepiscopus Dublin: Pag. 29.

Suinished, subtilis logicus & philosophus, & subtiliss: libros in philosophia fecit.

Radulphus Stroode nobilis poëta fuit, & versificavit librum elegiacum, vocatum phantasma Radulphi.

Wiclif, Dr. in Theologia, nec erat socius istius domus, nec annum probationis habuit plenarie in eadem.

Williot, Dr. in Theologia, & cancellarius Exoniensis, fecit exhibitionem puerorum in aula Portionistarum.

Socii tempore Richardi 2.

Brit nobilis astronomus fuit, qui fecit Theoricam omnium planetarum.

J. Chilmarke nobilis philosophus fuit, & tractatum de accidentiis elementorum subtilissime compilavit.

Colnet regius medicus fuit.

Kempe episcopus London: & postea Cantuar:

Rudborne turrim supra portam collegii ædificavit, custos collegii fuit, & capellanus Henrici 4. postea episcopus Menevensis.

Wymildon famosiss: prædicator in toto regno Angliæ.

Socii tempore Henrici 4.

Thomas Dunkam medicus comitis Marchiæ.

Joan: Elys doctor in medicina.

Mr. Nicolaus Punt determinavit contra opiniones Wiclif contra Richardum episcopum Lincoln: fundatorem collegii, Lincoln:

Socii tempore Henrici 5.

Henricus Seuer, Dr. Theologiæ, eleemosinarius regis, & custos collegii, reparavit, auxit, & consummavit opera collegii.

Joannes Snetisham, Dr. in Theologia.

Socii tempore Henrici 6.

Chedworth episcopus Lincoln:

Killingworth astronomus multas tabulas composuit.

Billeston nobilis medicus.

Hart astronomus.

Curtoyse astronomus & medicus.

Thomas Bloxham, Dr. medic.

Marshaul, Dr. Theolog: episcopus Land:

Joannes Mertok medicus.

Socii tempore Edwardi 4ⁱ.

Joannes Stacy insignis astronomus,

Lelandus.

Joannes Stacy proditionis accusatus fuit, & suspensus apud Tyburne.

Cui in astronomia eo tempore æqualis, aut potius excellentior, fuit capellanus hujus domus nomine Blake.

Lelandus.

Blake obiit Stanfordiæ.

Richardus Fizjames episcopus Rofensis, deinde Cicestrensis, postremo London:

Thomas Kent astronomus.

Socii tempore Henrici 7ⁱ.

Joannes Chaumbre, Dr. medicinæ, ^a decanus S. Stephani.

Philippus Densfus astronomus & medicus.

^a Decani MS.

Joannes

Joannes Blisse astronomus & medicus.

Gul: Lorimer medicus.

Georgius Owen medicus.

Gualterus Bokeler.

Lelandus.

Tempore Edwardi 4. Thomas Thorleby, Dr. medicinæ & insignis astronomus, diversabatur Oxon. in cœnobio de Oseney, ut à Thoma Gryneo didici.

Radingiæ apud Franciscanos.

Pag. 56.

Beda de naturis bestiarum.

Alexander Necham super Marcianum Capellam.

Alexandri Necham Mythologicon.

Joannis Waleys commentarii super Mythologicon Fulgentii.

Abbingdune.

Abbingdune, i. e. oppidum abbatis, ante conditum ibidem cœnobium Seuketham vocabatur.

Cissa primus fundator Abbandunensis monasterii, quod postea auxit privilegiis, & aliquot villulis. Dani tamen cœnobium destruxerunt. Edgarus tandem reparavit.

Ubi nunc templum est Abbanduni D. Helenæ sacrum, tempore Inæ regis erant velatæ virgines.

Andresey insula adjacet Abboduno.

In bibliotheca Abbodunensi.

Berengaudius super Apocalypsin.] *Solomon inspiratus divino spiritu.*

Meditationes Goduini, Cantoris Salesbiriæ, ad Ramildam reclusam.] *Hæc sunt prima documenta novæ legis.*

Carmen Josephi Britanni, sed imperfectum, de bello Antiocheno, quod Christiani contra Saracenos gesserunt a tempore Richardi primi, Anglorum regis.] *Christicolas acies.*

In bibliotheca Canonorum de Osney.

Vita S. Hieronymi per Thomam Gascoyne, sacre Theologiæ professorem, scripta Latine & eleganter.

Vita S. Frediswidæ.

Vita Odonis, natione Daci, archiepiscopi Cantuar:

Vita S. Wenefridæ per Robertum, Priorem Salapiensis monaster: ad Guarinum, Priorem Wigornensem.] *In occidua parte.*

Lincolniensis de cessatione legalium.] *Fuerunt plurimi.*

Chronicon Ivonis.

Imago Salvatoris, quæ est apud Waltham, inventa fuit in monte, qui vocatur Lothegaresbrich, tempore Canuti, cog. fortis.

TOM. III.

a Sic.

H

Oxonie

In libro Balei de Baccalauris Carmel: ordinis, erat mentio de Thoma Gascoyne, baccalaurio Oxon: sed is ait, Carmelitam hominem fuisse non magnæ eruditionis.

JOANNIS LELANDI

Strabus Gallus super Deuteronomion.

Traſtatus magiſtri Joannis de Baſingſtoke de ordine evangeliorum per annum. Fuit hic archidiaconus Legeceſtrenſis, & olim ſtuduerat Athenis, ut titulus libri indicabat. De quo etiam (ſi recte memini) Parrifius, monachus S. Albani, ſcribit. Liber vero Joannis ſic incipit: *Omnia tempus habent.*

Gulielmi cujuſdam deſolationes de vita & moribus philoſophorum ad Gutlacum.] *Amico ſuo Gutlaco.*

Poſtillæ magiſtri Radulphi de Diceto, olim Decani S. Pauli Londini, ſuper Eccleſiaſticum & librum Sapientiæ. Fuit doctor Theologiæ, ut non ſatis mihi conſtat num etiam Anglus fuerit.

Gorham ſuper omnes epiſtolas Pauli.

Ejuſdem ſermones & diſtinctiones.

Ejuſdem poſtillæ ſuper Lucam & Joannem.

Sermones Repington.

Armacanus de quæſtionibus Armenorum.

Waleys ad omne genus hominum, alias Communiloquium.

Linwoode ſuper provincialia decreta.

Moralitates Triveti ſuper 15. libros Ovidii.

Uualden contra verſutias Uuiclivi.

Septuaginta duæ quæſtiones Uuifordi de ſacramento Eucharistiæ.

Alington de adoratione imaginum.] *Omnis plantatio &c.*

Articuli Widford contra Uuiclivum in quatuor operibus, vel libris.

Absolutio Thomæ Winterton contra Joannem Wiclive] *Sicut teſtante apoſtolo.*

Quæſtiones de poteſtate conſciendi eucharistiã.

In bibliotheca Petrina Londini.

Divisiones thematum fratris Nicolai Gorham.

Cowton ſuper Sententias.

Summa Faventini ſuper Decreta.

Holcot ſuper 12. prophetas.

In bibliotheca Petrina Weſtmonaſterii.

Tabula Gulielmi Sudbiry, monachi Weſtmon: ſuper Lyram.

Meditationes Roberti Groſteſt.

Sermones ejusdem.

Sermones Radulphi Eleemoſynarii, Prioris de Hurteley, cœnobioli prope Henleam ſuper Tameſim, quod cella eſt monachorum Weſtmon. Leyland. Liber juſtum volumen eſt,

Pag. 48. inchoatum quidem motore Laurentio, abbate Weſtmon: ſed abſolutum illo mortuo, & Gualtero dedicatum, qui Laurentio ſucceſſit. Repperi etiam in indice bibliothecæ Weſtmon: hunc Radulphum poſtea abbatem fuiſſe Weſtmon: Sunt etiam in eadem bibliotheca Omeliæ nomine Radulphi, abbatis

Weſtmon;

ANTIQUARIJ COLLECTANEA.

Westmon: Sermonum vero liber sic incipit: *Ecce fratres dilectissimi.*

Tractatus Joannis Bromyard, applicans jura canonica & civilia ad materiam moralem.

Additiones Roberti Gostest in libros Damasceni de orthodoxa fide, quos sciolus quidam male è Græco transtulerat, id quod Robertus beneficio correcti exemplaris Græci fecit.

Tabula Gul: Sudbury, monachi Westmon: super libros Sancti Thomæ de Aquino.

Prophetiæ Joannis, canonici de Bridlington.

Tractatus Joannis Colton, archiepiscopi Armacani, pro sedatione scismatis.

Determinatio Thomæ Palmer de ord: Prædicatorum in materia Scismatis.

Determinatio Nicolai Fakenham de ordine Minorum.

Determinatio Akon Præd: de materia Scismatis.

Determinatio Nicolai Rischton de scismate.

Avinioni

Armacani sermones 89. partim coram pontifice Ro, partim etiam in Anglia dicti.] *Cum jejunas, unge caput.*

Armacani liber contra fratres mendicantes, continens in se 16. libellos.

Westmonasterii.

Distichon ex epitaphio Galfredi Chauceri.

Galfredus Chaucer, vates & fama poësis

Maternæ, hac sacra sum tumulatus humo.

Joannes Gower sepultus est apud canonicos Marianos in ripa Tamesis, in cujus effigiei capite corona est ex hedera rosis distincta, in collo catena, equestris ordinis inditium. Sub capite tres libri, instar pulvinariorum, cum his inscriptionibus: "Speculum meditantis: Vox clamantis: Confessio amantis." Vixit tempore Ricardi 2. & Henrici quarti, cui libros suos dedicavit. Tempore Joannis cœnobium Sæ. Mariæ conflagravit, quod post multos annos cura & industria, partim etiam sumptibus suis restauravit. Nam ante illius tempora quamvis canonici veteres sedes retinebant, squallebat tamen semirutata ecclesia.

Uxor Goueri ibidem sepulta.

In bibliotheca Franciscanorum Londini.

Vita S. Æduardi martyris, ignoto autore.

Historia Ivonis Carnotensis.] *Affyrriorum igitur rex.*

Sigeberti monachi historia.

Chronica Martini.

Tom. III.

G

Alexander

Necham

Alexander de S. Albano de naturis rerum.
Lincolniensis super libros Dionysii de Hierarchia.

fratris

Floriloquium Joannis Uualensis.

Nicolaus Trivet super libros Augustini de civitate dei.

Sermones festivos Holkoti.] *Erunt signa in sole.*

Collectiones Uuallensis super Matthæum.] *Tria insinuantur.*

Collectiones ejusdem super Leviticum.] *Immolabit vitulum.*

Sermones festivos fratris Thomæ Uuinchelse.] *Omnis qui audit.*

Alexander de S. Albano, cog. Necham, super Cantica Cantic: five in opus epithalamicum.] *Humilitas vera.*

Holcot super librum Sapientiæ.

Notingham super unum ex quatuor.] *Da mihi intellectum.*

Lathbiri super librum Trenorum.

Uualeis super Psalterium.] *Beatus qui custodit.*

Adam Uuodham Franciscanus super Cantica Cantic: vir scholasticus.

Costesey super Psalmos usque ad Psalmum, Nonne deo. 168.

a

Postoralia fratris Joannis Uuallensis, doctoris Parisiensis.

Postillæ Alexandri de Hales super Job.] *Dicitur in Psalmo.*

Expositio Uuallensis super Valerium ad Rufinum de non ducenda uxore.] *Loqui prohibeor.*

Opera reverendi inceptoris Ockam Franciscani.

Expositio super Porphyrium.

Super Prædicamenta.

Super libr: Periermenias.

Super libros Elenchorum.

Defensorium Logices.

Tractatus ejusdem, qui vocatur, Dominus potest facere omne quod fieri a vult, non includit contradictionem.

++

Tractatus ejusdem de decem generibus.

Opinio Uuicliivi de Universalibus.

Winchelsei super Logicam stilo scholastico.

Rhetorica, Aristotelis Latine.

Uuiford de sacramento altaris.] *Ratione solennitatis.*

Liber Rogeri Bacon Franciscani de retardatione accidentium senectutis & senii, b è conservatione quinque sensuum.] *Cogito & cogitavi.*

Antidotarium ejusdem.

Hic liber erat excisus, cum alio ejusdem autoris, ex cujus

a Sic, cum signo, ut legatur, vult, non includens contradictionem.

b Sic.

erati tituli vestigiis suspicor, fuisse de Universalibus.

Cowton super Sententias.] *Sic dicit beatus Ambrosius.*

Pag. 50:

Bradwardein de causa dei.

Quolibeta Joannis Okam inceptoris.

Idem de sacramento altaris.

Idem super Sententias.

Ware super libros Sententiarum.

Peccham super Sententias.

Quaestiones Peccham de vanitate mundialium.

Itinerarium ejusdem, non infulsus liber.] *Confitebor tibi domine.*

Suttoni quaestio de unitate formæ.

Ockami quaestio de pluralitate formæ.

Quaestiones Pechami de sacramento altaris.

Holcoti lectura super Sententias.

Fizaker super libros Sententiarum.

[*duxit.*

Ricardus de media villa super Sententias.] *Abcondita pro-*

In bibliotheca Prædicatorum Londini.

Trivet super Psalterium] *Inter celebres Veteris Testamenti translationes.*

Postillæ Nicolai Gorham, fratris Præd: super Lucam.] *Disciplina medici.*

Kilwardby super epistolas Pauli ad Romanos & Corinthos.

Fizaker super Psalterium.

Lectura Waleys super duos nocturnos Psalterii. [*te.*

Idem super epistolam ad Hebræos.] *Beatus homo qui sperat in*

Lincolniensis super duos libros Posteriorum.

Wiford contra Trialogum Uuicivi.

Wiclivus de paupertate Christi contra ecclesiasticos.

Alueredus de motu cordis.

Aldruidus de quintis essentiis.

Grotest de Comitibus.

[*bus.*

Alueredi commentum super libros Aristotelis de vegetabili-

Alexander Aphrodiseus de tempore.

Athelardi problemata. Leilandus. Omnes excisi è forulis, & furto sublati.

Guimundus

Lanfrancus

Rabanus

} de sanguine domini.

Trivet super Boëtium de consolatione Philosoph:] *Explanationes librorum.*

Giraldus Cambrensis de principe, ejus institutione, & virtutibus.] *In apibus rex unus.*

Antidotarium Joannis Damasceni.

Trivet super Tragœdias Senecæ.] *Rudis Adolescentiæ &c.*

Joachimi expositio in Apocalypsin.
Sexti Julii Frontini Strategemata.
Epistolæ Cassiodori furto sublatæ.

Pag. 51.

In bibliotheca Carmelitarum.

Longville super 12. prophetas.] *Mirum videtur quibusdam.*
Concordia Evangelistarum, autore Clemente, Priore Lan-
tonensi.] *Quæris à me &c.*

Anselmus super Joannem.

Notingham super omnes epistolas Pauli.] *Bonam visita-
tionem, &c.*

Rabanus super Matthæum.

Gilebertus Porretanus super Psalterium.

Waleys super Psalterium.

Rabanus super Genesim, super libros Macchabeorum, &
actus Apostolorum.

Liber variarum Cassiodori.

Methodius de initio & fine seculi.

Beda in parabolæ Solomonis.

Joannes Damascenus de philocofmis.

Logica Damasceni. Item sententiæ Damasceni. sede 6.
lævi à tergo.

Gregorius Nicænus de formatione hominis. sede 7. læ:
lat. à tergo.

Exhortationes Cæsarii.

Quæstiones Rabbi Moses.

Tancredus de ædificio Sapientiæ.

Epistolæ Dionysii Areopagitæ 10.

Epistolæ Cypriani.

Hilarius de Synodis.

Hilarius contra Constantium Aug:

Bedæ epistola ad Uuithredum de Vernali Æquinoc̄tio.

Epistola Dionysii Exigui de termino Paschali ad Petronium
episcopum.

Ejusdem epistola de eadem re ad Bonifacium, primicerium
Notariorum, & Bono Secūdicerio.

Computus Hilperici ad Asprum. Leyl. In meo exemplari
deest præfatio.

Epistola Victoris ad Theophilum Cæsariensem de circulo
Paschali.

Computus Garlandi.

Gregorius Nicænus de formatione hominis.

Exhortationes Cæsarii.

{ Enchiridion Xisti.

{ Amalarius de officiis eadem sede.

¶ Quidam annotavit in margine veteris libri, Wiclivum in
libro suo de sermone domini in monte, & de apostasia,
sumpsisse

fumpfisse errorem suum de Eucharistia ex libro cujusdam monachi, quem Wiclivus Ambrosium, aut Ambrosii discipulum nominat. Leyland. Forfan intellexit Ambrosium Aufbertum.

Alexander Necham super correctiones Bibliæ.

Idem super Ecclesiasten.] *Forma decens.*

Collectiones Wallensis super Matthæum.

Trivetus de perfectione justitiæ.] *Insinuavit mihi nuper.*

Joannes Bacanthorp de perfectione justitiæ.] *Utrum Christus.*

Opera Thomæ Ualdeni in tribus maximis voluminibus ad Martinum quintum.

Lectura Thomæ Brome Carmelitæ Oxoniensis academiæ. Floruit anno 1358.

Castellum amoris Roberti Grosstest, Gallice.] *Ki bien pense.*

Ivori, provincialis Carmelitarum, expositio in Apocalypsin.] *Legimus in ecclesiastica historia.*

Triologum

Uydeford Franciscanus contra Catalogum Uuicliivi in 18. Pag. 52: articulis ad archiepiscopum Cantuar:

Determinatio Ricardi Fizradulphi, archiepiscopi Armacani, contra fratres mendicantes, in qua primum ponit epistolam Joannes Papæ, deinde sic incipit:] *Sed quia ista constitutio &c.* Leyland. In fine libri additum erat, à quodam bono scilicet fratre, Armacanum malitiosum fuisse hæreticum, & citatum à fratribus Avinioni coram Innocentio sexto comparuisse, senemque ibidem obiisse & sepultum fuisse.

Rogerus de Conwey Franciscanus contra determinationem Armacani de fratribus.] *Confessio & pulchritudo.*

Beston Carmelita de virtutibus & vitiis oppositis.

Waleys super fabulas Ovidii.

Baconthorp Carmel: super libros Ethicorum.

Lincolniensis super 8. libros Physicorum, super libros de celo & mundo.

Idem super libr: de generatione, & libros Meteororum.

Idem de potentiis animæ.

Idem super Prædicamenta.

Tractatus ejusdem de Spæra.

Computus ejusdem.

Quæstiones ejusdem super libros Ethicorum.

Practica Geometriæ, eodem autore.

Ockham super 8. libros Physicorum.

Yponostichon Laurentii Dunelmensis.

Guido de omnibus hæresibus.

Giraldi Cambrensis liber de Walliæ topographia, fede 3^a. lat: dex: à tergo.

Ranulphi Higeduni, Castrensis monachi, historia.

Chronica Martini.

Lincolniensis

Lincolniensis de cessatione legalium.

Solini vetustissimum exemplar.

Julii Frontini liber Strategematon.

Macrobius.

Dudonis de Nortmannis historia.

Armacanus, alias Fizrafe, de paupertate Christi ad Innocentium, qui Clementi 6^o. successit.

Armacani de quaestionibus Armenorum libri 19. per dialogos.] *Quia ex literali scientia.*

Berningham, doctor Carmel: super Sententias.

Ware super Sententias.

Walsingham super Sententias.

Richardus Hampoole de incendio amoris.

De excellentia contemplationis.

Carmen Rithmicum nomine Meli.

De emendatione vitæ.

Carmen Rithmicum nomine Philomela.

Speculum S. Edmundi, archiepiscopi Cantuar:

Pag. 53. *In bibliotheca Augustinianorum Londini, quam Lous episcopus à fundamentis construxit & libris ornavit.*

Lincolniensis de oculo morali.] *Si diligenter voluerimus.*

Historia Gul. Malmesbiriensis.

Epistolæ Ennodii.

Omeliæ Mauritii.

Omeliæ Odonis.

Lincolniensis de resurrectione.

Tonitruum Lincoln: contra curiam Ro:

Recollecciones Lincoln: in tractatus pœnitentiæ.

Wiclif de legibus, & de veneno, in cubiculo bibliothecarii.

Peccham de mysterio minorum.

Deflorator quidam Matthæi Parisiensis historici.

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Joannes Tuneys scripsit libros aliquot de re grammatica, quorum multa exemplaria impressa ibidem extant. Fuit Augustinianus & provincialis per aliquot annos sui ordinis. Obiit autem circiter primos Henrici 8ⁱ. Joannis Baleus, si recte memini, significavit mihi, se vidisse epistolam, Græce scriptam ab hoc Tuneio.

Pag. 54. *Ex catalogo libelli de nominibus sociorum collegii Gualteri Merton, canonici Sarum, & postea Rosensis episcopi.*

Socii tempore Edwardi primi.

Richardus Walingford, postea abbas S. Albani.

Bakon. Leland. Alius erat à Rog: Bacon Francif. qui obiit ante inchoatum collegium.

Burley doctor in Theologia & profundus philosophus.

Joannes Gattifden doctor in medicinis, qui fecit Rosam medicinæ.

Henr:

Henr: Gower, episcopus Menevensis. [Obiit 1347. 22. E. 3.]

Galfridus Kilminton, Dr. Theologiæ, plura scripsit.

Joannes Wendon, postea abbas in monasterio de Ofeney.

Lelandus.

Hæc nomina mihi videntur parum congruere temporibus Edwardi 1.

Socii tempore Edwardi 2.

Bradwardine, Dr. profundus, nominabatur per papam.

Chelton fundavit cistam C. marcharum in universitate canonicus Wellensis.

Dumbleton nobilis philosophus fuit, & summam fatis subtilem fecit in philosophia naturali.

Dn̄s Dr. subtilis ordinis Minorum.

Greene, postea Prior in monasterio Wigornia.

Mandut, bonus astronomus, qui tabulas in astronomia composuit & medicina.

Gilbertus Peccham, archiepiscopus Cantuar: Dr. Theologiæ. Sanctus fuit in vita, & plurima miracula fecit post mortem.

Robertus Winchelsey Dr. fuit Theologiæ, & archiepiscopus Cantuar:

Simon Islep, archiepiscopus Cantuar. & Dr. Theologiæ.

Socii tempore Edwardi 3.

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Berton, Dr. in Theologia, & cancellarius Oxon. qui excommunicavit Wiclif.

Simon Bredon plures libros collegio dedit, & postquam in 7. liberalibus scientiis fuerat expeditus, doctor in medicinis effectus est Oxon: & Trifolium in medicina composuit.

Mepham Dr. in Theologia, & archiepiscopus Cantuar:

Organ nobilis philosophus fuit.

Gul. Reede istam librariam fieri fecit, & libris instaurari. Dedit & centum libras pro cista communi constituenda. Episcopus fuit Cicestrensis, & nobilis astronomus, qui & tabulas astronomicas compilavit. Fuit etiam Dr. Theologiæ.

Wikford, Dr. utriusque juris, & archiepiscopus Dublin: Pag. 29.

Suinifhed, subtilis logicus & philosophus, & subtiliff: libros in philosophia fecit.

Radulphus Stroode nobilis poëta fuit, & versificavit librum elegiacum, vocatum phantasma Radulphi.

Wiclif, Dr. in Theologia, nec erat socius istius domus, nec annum probationis habuit plenarie in eadem.

Williot, Dr. in Theologia, & cancellarius Exoniensis, fecit exhibitionem puerorum in aula Portionistarum.

Socii tempore Richardi 2.

Brit nobilis astronomus fuit, qui fecit Theoricam omnium planetarum.

J. Chilmarke nobilis philosophus fuit, & tractatum de accidentiis elementorum subtilissime compilavit.

Colnet regius medicus fuit.

Kempe episcopus London: & postea Cantuar:

Rudborne turrim supra portam collegii ædificavit, custos collegii fuit, & capellanus Henrici 4. postea episcopus Menevensis.

Wymildon famosiss: prædicator in toto regno Angliæ.

Socii tempore Henrici 4.

Thomas Dunkam medicus comitis Marchiæ.

Joan: Elys doctor in medicina.

Mr. Nicolaus Punt determinavit contra opiniones Wiclif contra Richardum episcopum Lincoln: fundatorem collegii, Lincoln:

Socii tempore Henrici 5.

Henricus Seuer, Dr. Theologiæ, eleemosinarius regis, & custos collegii, reparavit, auxit, & consummavit opera collegii.

Joannes Snetisham, Dr. in Theologia.

Socii tempore Henrici 6.

Chedworth episcopus Lincoln:

Killingworth astronomus multas tabulas composuit.

Billeston nobilis medicus.

Hart astronomus.

Curtoyse astronomus & medicus.

Thomas Bloxham, Dr. medic.

Marthaul, Dr. Theolog: episcopus Land:

Joannes Mertok medicus.

Socii tempore Edwardi 4ⁱ.

Joannes Stacy insignis astronomus,

Lelandus.

Joannes Stacy prodicionis accusatus fuit, & suspensus apud Tyburne.

Cui in astronomia eo tempore æqualis, aut potius excellentior, fuit capellanus hujus domus nomine Blake.

Lelandus,

Blake obiit Stanfordiæ.

Richardus Fizjames episcopus Rofensis, deinde Cicestrensis, postremo London:

Thomas Kent astronomus.

Socii tempore Henrici 7ⁱ.

Joannes Chaumbre, Dr. medicinæ, ^a decanus S. Stephani.

Philippus Densens astronomus & medicus.

^a Decani MS.

Joannes

Joannes Blisse astronomus & medicus.

Gul: Lorimer medicus.

Georgius Owen medicus.

Gualterus Bokeler.

Lelandus.

Tempore Edwardi 4. Thomas Thorleby, Dr. medicinæ & insignis astronomus, diversabatur Oxon. in cœnobio de Ose-
ney, ut à Thoma Gryneo didici.

Radingiæ apud Franciscanos.

Pag. 56.

Beda de naturis bestiarum.

Alexander Necham super Marcianum Capellam.

Alexandri Necham Mythologicon.

Joannis Waleys commentarii super Mythologicon Fulgentii.

Abbingdune.

Abbingdune, i. e. oppidum abbatis, ante conditum ibidem
cœnobium Seuketham vocabatur.

Cissa primus fundator Abbandunensis monasterii, quod
postea auxit privilegiis, & aliquot villulis. Dani tamen cœ-
nobium destruxerunt. Edgarus tandem reparavit.

Ubi nunc templum est Abbanduni D. Helenæ sacrum, tem-
pore Inæ regis erant velatæ virgines.

Andrefey insula adjacet Abboduno.

In bibliotheca Abbodunensi.

Berengaudius super Apocalypsin.] *Solomon inspiratus di-
vino spiritu.*

Meditationes Goduini, Cantoris Salebsiriæ, ad Ramildam
reclusam.] *Hæc sunt prima documenta novæ legis.*

Carmen Josephi Britanni, sed imperfectum, de bello Anti-
ocheno, quod Christiani contra Saracenos gesserunt a tempore
Richardi primi, Anglorum regis.] *Christicolæ acies.*

In bibliotheca Canonorum de Osney.

Vita S. Hieronymi per Thomam
Gascoyne, sacre Theologiæ profeslo-
rem, scripta Latine & eleganter.

Vita S. Frediswidæ.

Vita Odonis, natione Daci, archie-
piscopi Cantuar:

Vita S. Wenefridæ per Robertum,
Priorem Salapiensis monaster: ad Guarinum, Priorem Wigor-
niensem.] *In occidua parte.*

Lincolniensis de cessatione legalium.] *Fuerunt plurimi.*

Chronicon Ivonis.

Imago Salvatoris, quæ est apud Waltham, inventa fuit in
monte, qui vocatur Lothegaresbrich, tempore Canuti, cog. fortis.

Tom. III.

a Sic.

H

Oxonie

In libro Balei de Baccalau-
reis Carmel: ordinis, erat men-
tio de Thoma Gascoyne, bac-
calaurio Oxon: sed is ait, Car-
melitam hominem fuisse non
magnæ eruditionis.

Oxonia in bibliotheca publica.

Chilwardbe super 8. partes orationis.] *Quoniam studium Gram:*
Epistolæ Hereberti, Secretarii Thomæ martyris.

Bacon de cœlo & mundo, cujus primi quaterniones excisi.
Summa philosophiæ Roberti Lincolnienfis.] *Philosophantes*

¶ *famosi.* Leyland. In quo libro tractat de formis, de luce, de coloribus, de iride, de cometis, de utilitate liberalium artium.

Compendium Scientiarum, eodem autore. Sed liber excisus.
Panegyrica oratio Porphyrii and Constantinum, furto sublata.

Pag. 57: Eulogium historiarum Angliæ.

Hampole super Pfalterium.

Whethamsted

Granarium, ingens volumen, Joannes de loco frumenti,
abbatis S. Albani, ad Humfredum, ducem Glocestriæ, de
viris illustribus.

Ex Granario ejusdem.

Gualterus, abbas Morganensis, scripsit librum de avibus &
animalibus carmine.] *Dicitur accipiter.*

Humfredus filius, frater &
patruus regum, dux Glocestriæ comes Penbrochiæ, &
summus Angliæ cubicularius.

Gualterus Gallicus scripsit gesta Alexandri Magni carmine.] *Gesta ducis Macedum.*

Alicubi etiam adscribit sibi
nomen Pocitenentis in Anglia.
Prorex.

Gualterus Anglicus scripsit librum de arte dictandi ad Innocentium 3. Pontif. Ro.

Joannes Havillensis, qui Architrenium
scripsit, composuit libellum de arte dictandi.

Radulphus est (si recte memini) ibidem, qui vitam scripsit
S. Albani carmine plane docto & eleganti.

Apuleius de asino aureo, sublatus.

Humfredus multoties scripsit in frontispiciis librorum suorum, Moun bien mondain.

Flavius de re militari, excisus.

Claudianus poëta.

Tragœdiæ Senecæ.

Humfredus, dux Glocestriæ, multos codices, pulcherrime pictos, ab abbatibus dono accepit.

Commentarii Joannis de Serauala, episcopi Firmani, ordinis Minorum, Latine scripti, super opera Dantis Aligerii, ad Nicolaum Bubwice, Bathon: & Wellensem episcopum, & D. Robertum Halam,

episcopum Sarisbur: Commentarii editi sunt tempore Constantiensis consilii.

Metamorphosis Ovidii Gallice.

Cato Cenforius, sublatus.

Opera Ciceronis.

Epistolæ Nicolai de Clamenge, cantoris Baiocensis, ad Carolum 6. Franc: regem.

Duodecim libr: epistolarum Petri Candidi, sublati.

Aphorismi Damasceni.

Concordantiæ librorum Senecæ.

Cary super libros Posteriorum.
 Epistola Lincoln; de formis ad magistrum Adamum.
 Idem de luce, de coloribus, de utilitate artium liberalium,
 de iride, de cometis.
 Compendium scientiarum ejusdem.
 Joannes canonicus ordinis Minorum super libr: Physicorum.
 Tabula Byllingham, justum volumen.
 Algazel de Logicalibus.
 Gundefalvius de anima.
 Commentarii Reyneri de S. Trudo in libr: Boëtii de con-
 solatione Philosophiæ.
 a Autosichus de sphaera mota.
 Esculeus de ascensionibus.
 Jordanus de triangulis.

Apud Carmelitas Oxonii.

Traçtatus venenosus Gulielmi de S. Amando contra fratres
 Mendicantes.
 Uidford contra 18. conclusiones Wiclivi.
 Ejusdem tres determinationes.
 Lavingham doctor super 8. libros Physicorum.] *Ne sit tæ-
 diofum legentibus.*
 { Quolibeta Walsingham Carmel:
 { Quæstiones ordinariæ ejusdem.
 { Robertus Walsingham doctor super Sententias.
 Greystone doctor, monachus Dunelmensis super Sententias.
 Candidi Arriani libellus ad Victorinum.
 Bacanthorp super libros Augustini de civitate dei.] *Intentio
 Augustini.*
 Uualensis Moniloquium.
 Hyrenæi, episcopi Lugdunensis, libri quinque contra omnes
 hæreses.
 Doctrinale antiquitatum ecclesiæ Thomæ Uualden, duo
 magna volumina.

Apud Prædicatores.

Pag. 58.

Scutum, Bedæ liber falso adscriptus.
 Frater Rowel super libros Sententiarum.
 Judocus
 Thomas Joys cardinalis titulo S. Sabinæ sepultus in choro.
 Ricardus Fyzaker sepultus juxta occidentalem murum ec-
 clesiæ.

In bibliotheca collegii de Mereton.

Rabanus super actus apostolorum.
 Tabulæ astronomicæ Joannis Killingworth.] *Multum con-
 ferre discitur.* Leyland. Hic videtur fuisse vir magni ingenii.
 Rogerus Bacon de septem experimentis, furto sublatus.

a L. Autolychus.

H 2

Li-

Libellus Rogeri Bacon de secretis.] *Interrogationi tuæ.*
 Epistola Rogeri Baconis instar libelli ad Clementem papam.] *Sanctissimo patri.*

Bacon de utilitate sciendi diversas linguas.] *Multæ præclara radices.*

Bacon de scientia perspectiva.] *Cupiens te & alios.*

Bacon de fluxu & refluxu maris Britannici.] *Visis effectibus.*

Bacon de utilitate astronomiæ.] *Post locorum descriptionem.*

Connotationes de locis ubi Sancti requiescunt in Anglia, incerto autore.

☞ Apud Franciscanos sunt telæ aranearum in bibliotheca, præterea tineæ & blattæ, amplius, quicquid alii jactent, nihil, si spectes eruditos libros. Nam ego, invitis fratribus omnibus, curiose bibliothecæ forulos omnes excussi.

In bibliotheca collegii Balliolensis.

Visus est
 mihi ista ex
 Plinio de-
 cerpsisse.

Joannis Freæ Londinensis liber de Cosmographia, in quo tractat etiam de naturis arborum, plantarum, spetierum quoque diversorum animalium. Leyland. Fuit hic Freas quondam focius collegii Baliolensis Oxonii, & postea Patavii doctor medicinæ factus. Liber sic incipit,] *Mundus, & hoc quod alio nomine cælum.*

Contuli hunc librum cum impresso exemplari, & fere conveniebant, ita tamen ut impressus codex quandoque haberet quæ in scripto codice desiderabantur. Quare jam fere in hac opinione sum, ut putem, Phraem non fuisse interpretem, sed Pogium.

Sex libri Diodori Siculi, à Freæ Latinitate donati. Præfatio sic incipit,] *Nullus ante hac quantumvis præclarus rerum scriptor.* Scriptus erat hic liber 1465. Adscriptum recentiori manu & barbariori in margine primæ paginæ, quod Paulus papa propter translationem sibi dedicatam Freæ episcopatu Bathoniæ donaverat, quod cum accepisset, supervixit mensem unum & obiit Romæ, nondum consecratus. Sunt ta-

men qui Diodorum Latine loquentem Poggio Florentino acceptum ferunt. Translatio sic incipit, *Magnas merito gratias.* Adscripta porro & hæc verba erant in margine rûdioribus literis: "Joannes Freas olim fuit rector S. Michaëlis in monte in villa Bristollia, sed obiit in Italia."

Freas etiam studebat juri civili.

Pag. 59. Homeri Batrachomyomachia per Carolum, ut arbitror, Arctinum traducta carmine.

Maphæi Vegii 4^{or}. libri de vellere aureo, carmine.] *Egregium canere Æsonidem.*

Ejusdem Astianax carmine.] *Musa refer quæ causa metum.*
 Orto-

Joannis Tortellii

Ortographia Joannis de Aricio, longe elegantiff: volumen.

Orationes Guarini.

Epistolæ ejusdem.

Commentarii Gasparini super epistolas Senecæ.

Sermones Laurentii abbatis.

Thomas Anglicus super libros August: de civitate dei.

Deuteronomion:

Docking super Lucam, super epistolas Pauli, & super Esaiam.

Holcot super 12. prophetas.

Capgrave super actus apostolorum ad Gulielmum, Elyensem episcopum.] *Hic incipit.*

Odo super Pfalterium.

Similitudinarius Gulielmi de montibus, canonici Lincolnensis.

Ockamus super Sententias.

Episcopi cujusdam Carleolensis de componendis epistolis libellus.

Philobiblon Richardi, Dunelmensis episcopi.

Petrus Hispanus de aquis.

Aristeas ad Philocratem de interpretatione LXXII. interpretum, Matthia Palmerio Pisano interprete.

Commentarii in Salustium, incerto autore.

Gasparinus de elocutione, doctus libellus.

Commentarii Historici in Lucanum. Historicus docuit Grammaticam Beneventi & Imolæ.

Timæus Locrensis de mundi fabrica interprete Gregorio Castellano ad Nicolaum quintum, pontif: Ro:

Crito Platonis. Acciochus Platonis. Plato de cultu deorum.

Epistolæ Bruti Græce scriptæ, & à quodam Mythridate collectæ, interprete Latino incerto.

Epistola Aboris ad Phalarim Latina facta.

Mr. Twaytys, decanus de Akeland, & Mr. collegii Balliolensis, opt. libros bibliothecæ dedit.

Epistola Pythagoræ ad Geronem.

Epistola Lysæ ad Hipparchum.

Epistola Hippocratis ad Democritum,

Epistola Diogenis.

Lucianus de venditione animarum.

Gasparinus Pergamensis de compositione orationis.

Exemplares epistolæ ejusdem.

Familiares epistolæ ejusdem.

De coloribus, de ortographia, eodem, ut arbitror, autore.

Festus Pompeius de vocabulorum significatione.

Mapphæus Vegius de verborum significatione, & elegantia juris consultorum.

Gul. Alvernensis de bono & malo.

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Homeri Batrachomyomachia per Carolum, ut arbitror, Aretinum traducta carmine.

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Mapphæus Vegius de verborum significatione, & elegantia juris consultorum.

Gul. Alvernensis de bono & malo.

- Novem libri epistolarum Leonardi Aretini.
- Fig. 60. Guarinus, vel, ut aliter inscribitur, Poggius de nobilitate.
Epistolæ Francisci Petrarchæ.
Victorinus in Rhetoricam Cicer:
Georgius Trapezontius super oratione Cicer: pro Q. Ligario.
Funcbris oratio Lysia pro his Atheniensibus, qui Corinthiis
adversum Lacedæmonios auxilium ferentes interiere, inter-
prete Francisco Philelpha ad Pailantem Strozam.
Dion Chrysostronus Prusensis quod ficta fuit Illi captivitas,
interprete Philelpho, ad Leonardum Aretinum.
Opera Ciceronis.
Commentarii super Rhetoricam Cicer. & super eundem de
amicitia & senectute.
Vicentinus super aliquot orationes Cicer:
ni
Commentarii Gaspari in omnes epistolas Senecæ.
Quintiliani institutiones oratoriæ.
Declamationes ejusdem.
Valerius Max: cum commentariis Dionysii de Burgo.
Quinque volumina fontis memorabilium Dominici de
Aricio.
- Richardus Bellus aut a Bel-
lus, archidiac. Eliensis, & so-
cious Balliolensis, dedit mul-
tos libros bibliothecæ.
- Prognosticon Juliani Pomerii.
Lectura Snetisham, doctoris Theo-
logiæ, fuit cancel: Oxon: circa annum
D. 1412.
Vincentius Beluacensis de institutione
puerorum.
- Petrus Candidus de dignitatibus Romanorum.
Rationarium vitæ Joannis de Ravenna.
Rogerus de Waltham, canonicus Londoniarum, de dictis
& factis memorabilibus antiquorum; quo libro videtur, ex-
emplis ex infinito pelago Græcorum & Latinorum autorum
petitis, velle rempub. & regem quam optime instituere. Me-
minit Joannis regis tanquam recentis exempli; attamen non
dum satis cognitum habeo quo tempore vixerit. Scripsit pro
tempore stylo & eleganti & erudito.
- Descriptio Italiæ, autore Blundo.
Libri S. Pauli, monachi Cassinensis, de gestis Romanorum.
Jordanis, episcopi Ravennatis, liber ad Vigilium de rebus
Romanis à Romulo ad tempora Justiniani. Scripsit alterum
de rebus Geticis ad Castalium.
Gulielmi Malmesbiriensis abbreviatio ex libris Haymonis,
monachi Floriacensis, de imperatoribus à Justiniano ad tem-
pora Caroli Mag.
- Oratio Guarini Veronensis in laudem rectorum.
Oratio Francisci Barbari.

- Opera Lectantii.
 Apologeticus Tertulliani de ignorantia Jesu Christi.
 Armacani de paupertate Salvatoris libri 7.
 Armacani de quaestionibus Armenorum libri 19.
 Distinctiones Joannis Bromyardi, fratris Prædic.
 Summa Simonis Langton de pœnitentia Magdalensæ, quæ
 alias dicitur, Meditatio pœnitentiæ. Hic libellus, si recte memini, à quibusdam Stephano Langton Cantuar: attribuitur.
 Acta consilii Basiliensis.
 Sacræ conciones in Basiliensi consilio pronuntiatae.
 Sermones Bertrandi super epistolas Pauli.
 Expositio Bedæ de nominibus urbium & locorum quæ in
 actibus apostolorum leguntur.
 Robertus, Prior S. Frediswidæ, de connubio Jacob ad Lau- Robertus
 rentium monachum. Canutus.
 Beda super parabolas Salomonis.
 Sermones S. Ephrem, abbatis, è Græco Pag. 61:
 translati per Ambrosium, monachum Antonijs Marius filius li-
 Florentinum, & Cosmo Medici dedi- brarius præter alios multa ex-
 cati. emplaria Florentiæ pro Gul.
 Sermones Joannis Scholastici mona- Grayo scripsit.
 chi, eodem interprete, ad Matthæum,
 abbatem suum.
 Opera Dionysii Areopagitæ, Ambrosio monacho interprete.
 Didimus de spiritu sancto, interprete Hieronymo.
 Sermo Petri Damieni de vitio linguæ.
 Petrus Damienus de spirituali certamine.
 Epitome Dindimi in philosophiam.
 Deploratio virginitatis male amissæ, autore Anshelmo.
 Joannes, abbas de Forda, super extremam partem Cantia, &
 sic complevit opus S. Bernardi.
 Wallensis de doctrina cordis.
 Symbolum fidei per Capgrave Angustinianum ad Gul. Eli-
 ensem episcopum.
 Balduinus, archiepiscopus Cantuar: de sacramento altaris.
 Hampole super duos primos versiculos Cantorum.
 Idem super hoc textu: "Oleum effusum nomen tuum."
 Idem in tractatum: "Judica me domine."
 Idem super hoc textu: "Adolescentulæ dilexerunt te nimis."
 Tractatus ejusdem qui incipit,] *Ne tardas.*
 Tractatus ejusdem qui incipit,] *Domine deus meus.*
 Tractatus ejusdem qui incipit,] *Parce mihi domine.*
 Augustinus de Ancona, frater Augusti: super epistolas ca-
 nonicas & Apocalypsin.
 Opera Joachimi abbatis super Hieremiam, de seminio Scrip-
 turarum, de prophetia ignota, de ultimis tribulationibus, ex-
 positio super Cyrillum, de provincialibus præfagiis, de Con-
 cordia, in Apocalypsin, in Psalterium. Ste-

Stephanus Cantuar: super Ecclesiasticum.

Rabanus super Paralipomena Hester & Judith.

Gorham super Matthæum & Lucam.

Moralitates Roberti Grostest super 4. Evangelia.

Joannes Capgrave, fr. Augusti: super actus Apostolorum ad
Gul: episcopum Eliensem.

Epistolæ Roberti Lincoln:

Odo super Pfalterium.

Lincolniensis de veritatibus.

Gerfon de pollutione nocturna.

Petrus de Auriola super 2. libr: Sentent:

Petrus de Candia super Sentent:

Gerardus de Senis super 1. Sentent:

Jacobus de Viterbio super 3. libr: Sentent:

Okam super Sententias.

Fizaker super Sentent:

Gregorius de Arimino super Sentent:

Bonaventura super Sentent.

Petrus Tarentasius super Sentent:

Summa Roberti Lincolniensis in totam philosophiam, cujus
primus tractatus est de primis philosophis à tempore Noe
usque ad Cyrum, regem Persarum.

Lincolniensis super 8. libros Physicorum. Est quiddam
compendiosum.

Andreas Antonius super Metaphys: Aristot:

Bukfeld super Metaphys: Aristot:

Burley super libros Ethicorum Aristotelis

Pag. 62.

Expositio fratris Bercaldi ordinis Prædic: super elementa-
tione Theologica Procli.

Libelluli
omnes.

Burley de formis, de sensibus, de divisione entis, de toto
& parte, de finito & infinito, de duobus principiis, de tri-
bus in toto universo per se agentibus, de qualitatibus, de
divisione potentiæ in activam & passivam, de * definitione
& modo definiendi, de relativis, de abstractis, de memo-
ria & reminiscencia, de longitudine & brevitate vitæ.

Libri 3. Alexandri ordinis Minorum de anima ad Philip-
pum de Melduno tanquam commentaria in libros Aristotelis
de anima.

Bacon de utilitate astronomiæ.] *Superius quidem dictum est
quod 1022. sunt stellæ fixæ, quarum quantitates possunt apprehendi
per instrumenta astronomiæ.*

Albertus de origine animæ.

De nominibus librorum astronomiæ qui stant cum fide &
non.

Bacon super libros Physicorum. Sic incipit,] *Postquam
tradidi*

* Sic.

tradidi Grammaticam secundum linguas diversas, prout valet sermo, necessaria sunt studio Latinorum & Logicalia. Cum his expediui, atque in secundo volumine tractavi partes Mathematicæ, nunc in 2. occurrunt naturalia: in 4. Metaphysica cum moralibus subjungentur.

Aphorismi Urfonis.

Ethica & Politica Aristotelis, interprete Leonardo Aretino ad Martinum 5.

Oeconomica Aristotelis, eodem interprete ad Cosmum.

Commentaria Eustachii, Metropolitanani Niceæ, in Ethica Aristot:

Epistolæ Platonis, interprete Leonardo Aretino.

Libri cœlestis Politicæ Platonis, interprete P.

Candido ad Humfredum ducem Glocestrensem.

Burleus super 8. libros Physicorum.

Quæstiones Mⁱ. Joannis Sharp de anima.

Whelpedale de aggregatis.

Idem de compositione continui ex non quantis.

Universalia ejusdem.

Prædicamenta Magi. Ro: Alington.

Sex principia Mylverley.

Canonicus super libros Physicorum.

Dedicus super libros Physic:

Avicenna de inventione scientiarum.

Burley super Porphyrium, super Prædicamenta, super 6. principia, super librum Perihermen. super libros Poster: super

libr: de sensu & sensato. Idem de universalibus, de potentia animæ, de somno & vigilia. Idem super libros Topicorum.

Idem super libros de generatione & corruptione.

Quæstiones Roberti Cary super libros Posteriorum, editæ anno D. 1325.

Ysagoge Aretini.

Commentarium rerum Græcarum ad Angelum nobilem equitem, autore Leonardo Aretino.

Lucianus de amicitia.

De contentione præsentis Alexandri, Hannibalis, & Scipionis coram Minoë, rege inferorum, Aurispa equite, ut arbitrator, interprete.

Triumphus Genuensium adversus regem Arragonum.

Leonardus Aretinus de origine urbis Mantuæ.

Tres orationes, nempe Ulyssis, Achillis, & Phœnicis, ex Homero per Aretinum desumptæ, non ad verbum, sed ad sensum. Genus dicendi in

Pag. 63.

Versus Jo: Lincoln: de seipso:

Stirpe parum clarus, magis
aptus, quam bene doctus;
Fraudis inexpertus, facto ser-
moneque verus.

Joannes Lincolnienſis mul-
tos libros bibl: dedit.

Basilii opusculum, interprete Aretino.

Tyrannus Xenophontis dialogus, eo-
dem interprete.

Oratiuncula Leonardi Aretini ad
Martinum S. pont: Ro:

Testimonia gentilium conferentia rel-
ligioni Christianæ, autore Rogero Ba-
con.] Quoniam occasione cujusdam ser-
monis.

Bucolica Boccata continentia 16. eglogas.

Boccatus de Certaldo de casibus illustrium virorum.

Boccatus de claris mulieribus.

Epistolæ Petri de Vineis.

Boccatus de genealogia deorum.

Victoris historia de persecutione Aphrycana.

Frigida Francisci lapis hic tegit ossa Petrarchæ.

Epitaph:
Francisci
Petrarchæ.

Suscipe virgo parens animam, fate virgine parce.

Fessaque jam terris cœli requiescat in arce.

Commentarii super utramque Rhetoricam Ciceronis.

Opera Ciceronis.

Commentaria 1ⁱ. belli Punici, autore Leonardo Aretino.

Tragœdiæ Senecæ.

Exempla Senecæ.

Penbikil super divisionem entis in Prædicamento.

Askox Oxon: super 1. & 2. libr: Sentent:

Brichemon super libr: dialectices Aristotelis.

Kilwardby de divisione Scientiarum.

Suinished quæstionista.

Disputationes contra tres articulos Hussitarum.

Summa Bromyardi, fratris prædicatoris, ingens volumen,
& diversum à distinctionibus ejusdem.

Defensorium ecclesiasticæ potestatis ad Urbanum 6.

Augustinus de Ancona de summa potestate ecclesiastica.

Petrus de palude de ecclesiastica potestate.

Q. Curtius de vita Alexandri Mag. furto sublatu.

Distinctiones Michaëlis Meldensis super Psalterium.

Tacuinus de conservatione fanitatis.

Oribasius de simplici medicina.

Barptolemæus Facius de vitæ felicitate.

Maphæus Vegius de felicitate & miseria.

Ejusdem libellus de injuriis veritati illatis.

Disputatio & judicium inter Stoicum & Epicureum.

Cintius interpres Plutarchi de vitio & virtute.

Apologia Socratis, Leonardo Aretino interprete.

Epistolæ

Epistolæ Sidonii Apollinaris.

Epistolæ Symmachi.

Undecim libri rerum senilium Petrarchi.

Collutius Pierius Salutatus de fato & fortuna.

Epistolæ Lini Collutii Salutati, quondam cancellarii Florent:

Collutii Pierii Salutati tractatus ad Antonium de Branffaldis, ut medici studeant eloquentiæ.

Idem an verecundia sit virtus an vitium ?

Epistolæ Lini Collutii Salutati de Stignano.

Epistolæ Leonardi Aretini.

Orationes ejusdem.

Gul. Warham focus fuit Novi colleg.

Ex indice cujusdam librarii.

Ternarium Odonis.

Petrus, Prior S. Trinitatis Londini, de reparatione lapsus, justum volumen.

Sarisburyæ apud Prædicatores.

Pag. 64.

Quolibeta Nicolai Triveti.

Leo papa de conflictu vitiorum & virtutum.

Historia Britannica mediocri carmine scripta à Bruto ad Caduualadrum, incerto autore, sed qui secutus est Galfredum Monemutensem.

Cernelium, [sive Cerne, com. Dorset.]

Pag 65.

Ex fundatione Ailmeri, comitis Cornubiæ, tempore Æd-gari regis. sepultus est Egneshami prope Oxonium.

Ex veteri Codice.

Athelbaldus & Ailbertus reges, filii Atulphi, sepulti Shireburniæ ab Alchstano episcopo, eorum propinquo.

Fons S. Augustini Cernelii.

Ante novam fundationem Cernelii tantum erat trium monachorum cœnobiolum, ubi nunc est parochialis ecclesia de Cernel.

Ex libello de vita S. Edwoldi, fratris S. Edmundi martyris.

Eaduualdus duxit vitam heremiticam in provincia Dorcentensi, prope fontem cog: argenteum.

Almarus, comes Cornubiæ, cum Dunstano transfulere reliquias Eadwoldi ad veterem ecclesiam Cerneliensem, ubi nunc parochialis ecclesia.

Canutus, spoliato monasterio Cerneliensi, contulit se ad Portum, Frommutham nomine, occidentalis Angliæ.

Inde navigantes ad Brunkefiam, hoc est, ad Brunci insulam. Bronchi. Bruchus.

Leyland.

Brunci insula ad duo milliaria distat à Pola, & oceano circumdatur. Nulla ædificia habet præter facellum.

Cainſham Canonici.

Gulielmus, Præcentor Meldunensis, de miraculis D. Mariæ.

Gulielmus Meld: de gestis pontificum Anglorum.

Osberti Cantuar: liber de vita S. Ælphégi.

Vita Aldhelmi, eodem, ut arbitror, autore.

Brightſlow apud Auguſtinianos canonicos.

Chronicon Ivonis.

Topica Ciceronis.

Pag. 66.

In bibliotheca cœnobii de Batayle.

Gloſæ Odonis, abbatis de Bello, super Pfalterium.

Clemens, Prior Lantonensis, de ſpiritualibus alis & pennis Cherubin.

Chronicon Jordanis, epiſcopi Ravennacensis, integrum. Præfiguntur hiftoriæ nomina autorum, quorum testimoniis uſus eſt. Et in fine operis recenset nomina barbararum gentium, id eſt, populorum Germaniæ.

Itinerarium Antonini mancum, in quo nihil de Britannia.

Mellitus quidam Aphricanus epiſcopus, de assumptione D. Virginis. Leylandus. In libello quædam ſunt, meo iudicio, mire fabuloſa.

Beda de diſtancia locorum ex actibus apoſtolorum 1 in indice comparuit.

Martinus epiſcopus de 4. virtutibus cardinalibus.

^a
Epiſtolæ Ivonis de corpore & ſanguine domini.

Gildas tantum in indice viſus eſt.

Expoſitiō Odonis abbatis ſuper cap^a. 1ⁱ. libri regum.

Sermo Stephani, archiepiſcopi Cantuar. de assumptione D. Mariæ.

Sermones Richardi de Melcheſham. juſtam volumen.

Sermones Stephani Cantuar:

Liber Chronicorum fratris Wilhelmi de la Lee.

Albini reſpotiones.

Albinus de proprietate ſermonum.

Topographiæ Walliæ & Hiberniæ, autore Sylveſtro Giraldo Cambrenſi.

Prophetia Hildegardis integra.

¶ Summa Michaëlis de Smaulfeld.

Lelandus.

Fuit Odo, alias Woode, vir in primis eruditus, & familiariffimus non modo Joanni Sarisbiriensī, verum etiam Thomæ Beketo, archiepiſcopo Cantuar: Ex Priori eccleſiæ Chriſti Cantuar: factus eſt abbas Bellensis monaſterii, ubi in parte inferiori eccleſiæ jacet in ſepulchro Lydi, ſive nigri marmoris, non parvo poſt obitum tempore à populo pro Sancto habitus.

Abbas Bellensis monasterii narravit mihi, vitam Odonis apud se extare scriptam.

Doctor Bourd of Pevynsey.

Michaël Tregory, è Corinia oriundus, studebat Theologiæ Oxonii. At cum Henricus, ejus appellationis quintus, Cadomi, urbe Normanniæ, achademiã institueret, accersivit Tregorium, ut novo simul & præflet & prælegeret gymnasio.

Pag. 67, 68, 69, 70. vacant.

Ex veteri codice Rosensis monaster:

Pag. 71.

[*Fundationes monasteriorum.*]

Anno domini CLXXXVI^o. subversum est templum Apollinis, quod erat apud Westmonasterium, quod tunc Thorney vocabatur, & tunc cœpit ædificari ecclesia Sancti Petri ante adventum Anglorum in Britanniam CCLXIII^o. ante adventum Sanctorum Augustini sociorumque ejus anno ccccxi^o. Eodem anno Britannia fidem Christi suscepit, prædicantibus illis verbum Fugatio & Damiano, missis à papa Eleutherio, regnante Lucio rege Britonum.

Ecclesia Christi Cantuariæ à Romanis fundata est, sed à beato Augustino dedicata.

Anno cccxiii^o. basilica in honore Sci. Albani construitur x. annis post passionem ejus.

An^o. domini D.XCVI^o. servus dei Augustinus missus est Britanniam à beato papa Gregorio, ut barbaræ genti verbum dei prædicaret, anno cXLVII^o. ex quo Horsus & Hengistus venerunt Britanniam, ut eam subjugarent.

Anno DCIII^o. gloriosus rex Ethelbertus Cantix ecclesiam Sancti Andreæ in civitate Rosensi construxit, eamque multis possessionibus & amplis dotavit, & in eadem beatus Augustinus Justum episcopum ordinavit.

Eodem anno in civitate London ad ecclesiam Sancti Pauli, quam idem rex Ethelbertus Cantuariæ construxerat, Mellitum episcopum August: destinavit.

Anno domini DCVIII^o. beatus Augustinus, Dorobernensis archiepiscopus primus, diem clausit extremum, & sepultus juxta ecclesiam apostolorum Petri & Pauli, quam idem rex Ethelbertus Cant: fundaverat, nec dum perfecta fuerat.

Anno DCXXVIII^o. ecclesia Eboracensis ab Eadwino rege fundata est, & Paulinus archiepiscopus primus in ea constituitur.

Anno Domini DCXXIX^o. Paulinus, primus archiepiscopus Eboracensis, fundavit ecclesiam in Lindisse, quæ modo Lincolnia vocatur, & in ea Honorium episcopum ordinavit.

Anno domini DCXXXIII^o beatus Felix fundavit ecclesiam de Dommoc, quæ modo Felixstow vocatur, & in ea sedit xviii. annis, illius provinciæ pontifex primus, Anno

Dorkecester.

Anno domini DCXXXV^o. beatus Birinus ecclesiam Dorkecestricæ fundavit, & in ea sedit episcopus primus.

Wyncester.

Anno domini DCXLIII^o. Kinewald, rex occidentalium Saxonum, sedem episcopalem in Wintonia fundavit, in qua Hedda pontifex primus ex Anglis fuit.

Peterborough.

Anno domini DCLXXIII^o. Sexulfus, qui erat constructor & abbas monasterii, quod dicebatur Medeneshamstede, modo Burgus Sancti Petri, non multo post factus est episcopus Lichefeldensis.

Cirtefey. Berkyng.

Anno DCLXXV^o. Erkenwaldus, Londōnepiscopus, duo monasteria fundavit, Chertefey monachorum, & Berckinges sanctimonialium.

Ecclesia Sancti Martini London.

Anno domini DCLXXVII^o. Britones in occidentali parte Londōn fundaverunt ecclesiam Sancti Martini in memoriam regis illorum Cadwallonis, qui viriliter Anglos debellaverat, ^a & in eadem pro eo obsequia æternaliter celebrarent divina.

Dover.

Anno domini DCXIII^o. Withredus, rex Cantia, in villa Doveriæ in honorem Sancti Martini fabricavit, & monachos instituit, & divitiis ^b effecit.

Anno domini DCCIII^o. Theodorus, archiepiscopus Cantua-

^eriensis, à Vitalliano papa missus Britanniam conjunctus regi Northanimbrorum Egfrido donante ei terram LX. familiarium, monasterium in honorem beati Petri ad ostium Weræ fluminis construxit. Sed & aliud monasterium ad honorem doctoris gentium Pauli in Girvium fundavit, & multipliciter curavit.

Pag. 72. Episcopatus Winton: in duo divisus. Selesfeye.

Anno domini DCCIII^o. episcopatus Wintoniensis in duo divisus, Winton: datus est Danieli, altera, id est, Sireburnensis, Aldelmo collata est.

Wigorn:

Anno domini DCCXI^o. Wilfridus, Haugustaldensis episcopus, persecutionem declinans, insula de Selesfeye per quinquennium latuit, & ibi monasterium fundavit in honorem beatæ Mariæ, donante ei terram rege Australium Saxonum Ethelwoldo, quod multo post tempore successores ejus tenuerunt.

Anno DCCXII^o. Egwinus, Wigornia præsul tertius, cum rege Merciorum Kinredo, & Orientalium rege Offa, Roma veniens, monasterium Wigorniese, quod construxerunt, à papa Constantino libertatis privilegio concessio, confirmavit.

Wymburne.

Anno domini DCCXX^o. Cuthburga, soror Inæ, regis Occidentalium Saxonum, apud Wymburne abbatiam construxit.

Institutio monachorum ad Sanctum Albanum.

Anno domini DCCXCIII^o. Offa, rex Merciorum potentissimus, angelica admonitus visione, & cœlestis lucis ad modum faculæ super sepulchrum gloriosi protomartyris Anglorum

a F. ut.

b F. affecit.

Albani ^a emissæ, de loco humili & populo incognito ^b sublata, in locellum, ex auro & argento & lapidibus pretiosis fabrefactum, pii martyris reposuit pignora, & ecclesiam in honorem ipsius, quæ barbarorum incurfu fuerat destructa, reparavit, & monachos, ut ad sancti corpus deservirent, instituit, & Romam pergens, à papa Adriano canonizationem martyris prædicti & monasterii confirmationem privilegiis specialibus impetravit. Fuerat namque locus ille tempore adventus Anglorum in ^c Britannia, sicut cetera loca Britanniae penitus destructa, & solo tenus complanata. Acta sunt hæc à passione beati Martyris anno D.VII^o. ab adventu Anglorum in Britanniam anno CCCXLIII^o. Indictione prima, Kal. Aug.

Anno domini DCCXCVIII^o. dedicata est ecclesia de Winchelescumbe, quam excellentissimus Merciorum rex Kenulfus paulo ante construxerat, & monachos instituerat. Et ipsa etiam dedicationis die, in præsentia tredecim episcoporum & x. ducum, regem Cantiae captivum Eabertum, cognomine Spreu, libertate donavit. Winchelescumbia.

Anno domini DCCCXVI^o. facta est secunda vastatio maxima in civitate & ecclesia beati Andreae Rosens. Secunda vastatio Rosensis ecclesiae.

Anno DCCCLXVIII^o. Alkwinus, Wigorniae episcopus, construxit ecclesiam de Kemesey, & ad dedicationem perduxit. Kemesey.

Anno domini DCCCLXXI^o. obiit gloriosus rex & martyr Eadmundus anno ætatis suæ XXXIX^o. regni vero sui XVI^o. XII^o. Kalen. Decembr. Indictione tertia. Quo etiam tempore constructa est in eodem loco pauperrimo opere ecclesiola, ubi corpus sanctissimi martyris per multa tempora requievit. Ecclesiola Sancti Eadmundi.

Anno domini DCCCLXXXVIII^o. rex Alfredus Westsaxoniae, totius Angliæ primus monarcha, fundavit duo cœnobia, unum monachorum vocatum Etheling, alterum sanctimonialium vocatum Shaftesbiri. Etheling. Shaftesbiri.

Anno domini DCCCXCVI^o. rex Alfredus Wynton novum monasterium fundavit, in quo ipse postea traditur sepultus. Novum Monasterium Wynton.

Anno domini DCCCXXXIX^o. rex Ethelstantus profratris sui Eadwini, quem pravo usus consilio in mari fecerat submergi, duo cœnobia, s. ^d Midelstones & Michelneiese, construi præcepit, & ea prædiis multis & possessionibus ampliavit. Midelstones. Mychelneeye.

Anno DCCCLVIII^o. rex Eadgarus apud Westmonast: ad duodecim monachos construxit cœnobium, ubi quondam ecclesia ^e beatio Petro fabricata fuerat. Pag. 73: Monachi apud Westmo: instituantur.

^a Emissio MS. ^b Sublatum MS. ^c F. Britanniam. ^d Sic, cum puncto sub s, & duobus punctis sub es. At in margine tria sub es ponuntur puncta. ^e Sic, cum puncto sub i.

- Anno domini DCCCCLXI^o. comes Ordgarus, pater Alfridæ, reginæ regis Eadgari, cœnobium apud Tavistoke construxit in Devonia, & illud religiosis monachis replevit.
- Tavistoke.** Anno domini DCCCCLXIII^o. rex Eadgarus, expulsis clericis, vetus monasterium Wintoniæ monachis replevit.
- Monachi ad vetus monast: Winton: restituantur.** Anno domini DCCCCLXIII^o. rex Eadgarus duo monasteria fundavit, unum Wintoniæ, & aliud in Mideltuna, & in ea monachos collocavit.
- Monachi Wigorn: expulsis clericis collocati.** Anno domini DCCCCLXIX^o. rex Eadgarus, clericis expulsis, monachos in ecclesia Wigornienfi collocavit.
- 1 Monachi Exoniæ congregati.** Anno domini DCCCCLXVIII^o. rex Eadgarus monachos in Exonia congregavit.
- 2 Glascon: 3 Eadmundi monasterium.** Anno DCCVIII^o. Ina, rex Occidentalium Saxonum, monasterium Glasconiense nobilissimum construxit.
- 3 Eadmundi monasterium.** Anno domini MXX^o. rex Cnuto, constructo regali monasterio cum competentibus officinis in loco, qui Bedericheworth nuncupatur, ubi rex & martyr Eadmundus incorrupto corpore diem beatæ resurrectionis expectat, & monachos in eo instituit. Cœnobium quoque illud beati regis & martyris Eadmundi tot prædiis & bonis aliis ampliavit, ut omnibus fere Angliæ monasteriis in rebus temporalibus merito præferatur.
- Anno domini MXXXIII^o. Herlewinus miles in fundo suo abbatiam Becci fecit, & abbas ibi primus fuit.
- Becci.** Anno domini MXLIX^o. rex Eadwardus tertius, qui sanctus dicitur, monasterium Sancti Petri Westmonast: reparavit, & possessionibus & libertatibus largifluis ampliavit.
- Monast: Sancti Petri Westmo: reparatum. Monast: Frediswidæ [Oxon.] Coventre.** Eodem etiam anno institutio canonicorum Sanctæ Frediswidæ.
- Anno domini MLI^o. comes Leofricus cum uxore sua Godiva monasterium de Coventre construxit, & monachis impositis, terris, redditibus, & aliis variis ornamentis magnifice dotaverunt.
- Dedicatio ecclesiæ Sancti Eadmundi.** Anno domini MXXXII^o. archiepiscopus Agelnothus Sancti Eadmundi in Bedericheworth monasterium honorifice constructum in veneratione dei genitricis Sanctique præfati xv. Kal. Novemb. dedicavit.
- Abbatia de Bello.** Anno M.LXVII^o. rex Willielmus, conquestor Angliæ, abbatiam de Bello construxit, & monachos instituit, ut pro occisis in bello ab ipsis in perpetuum hostiæ salutis deo redderentur.
- Norwicen:** Anno domini MXCIII^o. VI^o. Idus Aprilis episcopatus de Theodford translatus est in Norwicum, ibique monachorum congregationem, numero et religione percelebrem, instituit Herebertus, cognomento Losenge, omnia eis necessaria sumptu mercatus domestico. Qui Herebertus, ab abbate Ramefiæ empto præfulatu, factus est Theodfordensis episcopus. Sed postmodum

postmodum pœnitentia ductus Romam profectus est, & Simoniacum baculum & anulum papæ resignavit. Veruntamen sedis apostolicæ indulgentia propiciante restitutus est, & deinde sedem suam ad Norvicum transtulit, ut prædictum est. Præterea idem Herebertus monachos Cluniacenses instituit.

Anno domini M.XCVI^o. fundata est ecclesia Sancti Joannis Pag: 74: Coelcester.
Coelcestriæ ab Eudone dapifero.

Anno domini M.XCVIII^o. inceptum est à fratribus quærentibus oportunitatem mansionem. Vox igitur desuper audita in lingua illius patriæ, Cy este vous, hoc est, hic state, & ibi manserunt, & ecclesiam cum ædificiis construxerunt. Ordo Cisterciensis.

Anno domini M.CVI^o. constitutus est ordo canonicorum in ecclesia Sanctæ Mariæ de Sowthwerke. Suthwerk.

Eodem quoque anno Gundulfus, episcopus Rosensis, monasterium de Mallynges construxit, & in eodem sanctimonialia instituit. Mallynges.

Anno domini a M.CVII^o. Normannus prior fundavit ecclesiam Christi Londini in religione. Ecclesia Christi Londini.

Anno domini MCIX^o. abbatia Heliensis in sedem episcopalem commutatur per Henricum regem primum. Abbatia Heli in episcopatum commutatur.

Anno domini MCXIX^o. inceptit ordo templariorum. Templarii. Rading.

Anno domini MCXXI^o. rex Henricus primus monachos instituit apud Radinges, ut monasticum ordinem observarent sub regula Sancti Benedicti.

Circa annum domini MM.XCI^m. monachi apud Dunelmum positi sunt tempore regis Willielmi Junioris. Dunelmum: Waverle. Fowntaynis. Riwalles.

Anno MCXXXII^o. facta est abbatia de Waverle, & de Fontibus, & de Riwalles. Quarre: Stratford.

Anno domini MCXXXIII^o. constructæ sunt abbatiæ de Quarerya, & de Cumbermer, & de Stratford, ordinis Cisterciensis. Ecclesia Rosensis: cum civitate combusta. Warden. Sartis.

Anno domini M.CXXXVIII^o. ecclesia Rosensis combusta est cum omnibus officinis monachorum, & cum civitate Rosensi.

Eodem anno abbatiæ de Wardonia, alias de Sartis incipiuntur.

Anno MCXLI^o. abbatia de Roggishale incipitur. Roggishale

Anno domini MCXLIII^o. abbatia de Boxleia construitur à Willielmo de Ypre. Boxleia.

Anno domini MCXLVI^o. facta est abbatia de Saltreia. Saltreia.

Anno domini MCXLVII^o. rex Stephanus construxit abbatiam de Faveresham, & possessionibus dotavit. Leyland. Forte pro anno domini MXLVII^o. legendum anno MCXLVII^o. Faveresham.

Hoc anno ordo Præmonstratensis venit ad Alnewic, ubi primus abbas Baldewinus. Alnewic.

Bellus locus.
Ordo fratrum Minorum.
Hospitale Sancti Joannis in Oxonia.
Hayles.

Anno domini MCCIIII^o. abbatia Belli loci fundatur à rege Joanne.

Anno domini MCCVII^o. ordo fratrum Minorum incepit.

Anno MCCXXXIII^o. Henricus rex tertius nobile hospitale, quod domus Sancti Joannis dicitur, in Oxonia fundavit propriis sumptibus.

Anno domini MCCXLVI^o. comes Ricardus abbatiam quandam ordinis Cisterciensium, quod Hayles vocatur, non procul à Winchelcumbe competenter fundavit.

Pag. 75.
Malmesbiri.

Cœnobium de Malmesbiri initium sumpsit à quodam Meildulfo, natione (ut aiunt) Scoto, eruditione philosopho, professione monacho, adeo angustis sumptibus elaboratum, ut inhabitantes ægre quotidianum victum expedirent; sed postmodum per beatum Aldelmu & Sanctum Leutharium episcopum tempore Kenwalki, regis Westsaxonum, magnifice auctum, & possessionibus amplissimis ditatum est, circa annum domini DCXLVIII^o.

Templum dei in

Eodem tempore idem rex Kenewalkus primus antecessorum suorum templum deo per id seculi pulcherrimum construxit.

Glasconia.

Anno domini DCXXVII^o. Ina, rex Occidentalium Saxonum, abbatiam Glasconia construxit jamdudum destructam, & multis possessionibus ditatam privilegiorum suorum munimine roboravit.

Bathonia.

Monasterium Bathoniense fundavit rex Offa. Sed Eadgarus rex, sicut pleraque alia, more suo magnifice auxerat, delectatus loci amœnitate, & quod ibi coronam regni susceperat.

Ambresbiri.
Warwell.

Anno domini DCCCCLXXIX^o. Ethelfrida, interfecitrix Sancti Eadwardi martyris, causa pœnitentiæ duo cœnobîa fundavit feminarum, videlicet Ambresbiri & Warwelle.

Abendon.
[Inæ.]

Abendon cœnobium fundavit Cissa, pater Hyne; sed Elfredi tempore regis, cum barbarica ubique discursaret petulantia, ædificia loci, ad solum complanata. At vero rex Ethelredus loci miseratus solitudinem, simulque avi animæ consulens, cuncta restituit ablata per manum Athelwoldi, quem ibidem posuerat, tantumque Athelwoldus institit cœptis, ut fere ad finem perduceret. Sed per Eadgarum regem ad episcopatum Wintoniensem vocatus est, antequam summam manum rebus imponeret. Complevit magistri nomen & molimina Ordgarus ab eo in abbatiam substitutus. Regnavit autem Ethelredus rex, prædicti loci restaurator, anno domini DCCCLXVII^o.

Institutio monachorum ad ecclesiam Rosfen:

Anno domini M.LXXXIII^o. Lanfrancus, archiepiscopus Cant. & Gundulfus, Rosfen. episcopus, restituerunt monachos in ecclesiam Sancti Andreae Roscestriae. Audierant enim hic quondam monachos fuisse. Unde ad antiqua statuta redeuntes,

antes, monachorum ordinem statuere sanxerunt. Tempore ergo brevi elapso ecclesia nova, veteri destructa incipitur. Offinarum ambitus convenienter disponitur. Opus omne intra paucos annos, Lanfranco pecunias subministrante multas, perficitur. Igitur perfectis omnibus, quidam tamen ex quinque clericis, qui hic inventi fuerant, ad religionis habitum confluentes, associatis multis aliis, ad sexagenarium numerum & amplius in brevi sub doctrina patris Gundulphi subcrevere monachi. Quem numerum Gilbertus de Glanvilla, istius loci episcopus, minuit, cujus memoria minuitur in recensione Rosensium pontificum, & in li^o. vitæ.

Ex fine libri i. Gulielmi à Maildulphi curia de reg. Pag. 76.

Dominabantur ergo reges Cantuaritarum proprie in Cantia, in qua sunt hii episcopatus, archiepiscopatus Cantuar. episcopatus Rosensis.

Reges Westfaxonum dominabantur in Wiltesire, Bercensi, & Dorsetensi pagis, quibus est episcopus unus, cujus est modo sedes Salesbiria; quondam erat Ramesbiria, vel Sireburna.

Et in Suthfexa, quæ aliquanto tempore proprium habuit regem; eratque sedes episcopalis ejus pagi antiquitus in Seleseo, quæ est insula circumflua ponto, ut Beda narrat. Ubi etiam beatus Wilfridus monasterium construxit. Nunc habitat episcopus apud Cicestram.

Et in pagis Suthhamtunensi & Suthreinsi, quibus est episcopus, qui habet sedem Wintonia.

Et in pago Sumersetensi, qui habebat olim apud Wellas episcopum, qui nunc est Bathonia.

Et in Domonia, quæ Devenesire dicitur, & in Cornubia, quæ nunc Cornu-Gallia dicitur. Erantque tunc duo episcopatus, unus in Cridintone, alter apud Sanctum Germanum. Nunc est unus, & est sedes ejus Exonia.

Porro reges Merciorum dominabantur pagis hiis; Glocestrensi, Wigornensi, Warwicensi. In hiis episcopus est unus, cujus sedes est Wigornia.

Et in Cestrensi, & in Derbeni, & Statfordensi. In his est episcopus, & habet partem Warwicensis & Srobesbiriensis pagi, & est sedes apud civitatem Legionum, vel Coventriam; quondam erat Lichefeld.

† Et in Herefordensi, habeturque ibi episcopus, habens dimidium pagum Shrobesbiria, & partem Warwicensis, ^a Glocestria, possidens sedem in Herefordo.

Et in Oxenefordensi, Bucchingensi, Hurchfordensi, Huntendunensi dimidia; Dimidia Bedefordensi, Northamtunensi,

^a L. & Glocestrensis.

Legecestrensi, Lincolienſi, quos regit epiſcopus qui modo habet ſedem Lincoliaë, quondam habebat apud Dorkeceſtram.

Et in Legeceſtrenſi, Snotingenſi, quorum Chriſtianitas ad archiepiſcopum Eboracenſem ſpectat. Habebaturque ibi olim proprius epiſcopus, cujus ſedes erat apud Legeceſtram.

Reges Orientalium Anglorum dominabantur in pago Gran- tebrigenſi, & eſt ibi epiſcopus cujus ſedes eſt apud Hely.

Et in Norfolke & Suthfolke, & eſt ibi epiſcopus, cujus ſedes eſt apud Northwich, quondam erat apud Helmam vel Theoford.

Pag. 77. Reges Orientalium Saxonum dominabantur in Eaſtſaxa, & dimidia Hurthfordenſi, ibi & habetur epiſcopus Londonienſis.

Reges Northanimbrorum dominabantur in omni regione quæ eſt ultra Humbram fluvium uſque ad Scotthiam, erantque archiepiſcopatus Eboracenſis, epiſcopus Hauguſtaldenſis, & Ripenſis, Lindiſfarnenſis, de Candida caſa. Hauguſtaldenſis & Ripenſis defecerunt, Lindiſfarnenſis tranſlatus eſt in Dun- helmum.

Et paulo poſt ſcribit :

Sed has omnes regnorum varietates Egbyrthus animi mag- nitudine compeſcuit, & ea uni conquadrans imperio ad uni- forme dominium, fervans unicuique proprias leges, ^a notavit.

Pag. 78, 79, 80. vacant.

Pag. 81. *Hæc quæ ſequuntur deſunt in hiſtoriæ calce, quam Beda ſcripſit.*

167. Et Orchadas quoque inſulas Romano adjecit imperio. An- no dominicæ incarnationis centeſimo ſexageſimo ſeptimo Eleutherius Romæ præſul factus, quindecim annis eccleſiam glorioſiſſime rexit, cui rex Britanniaë Lucius literas mittens, ut Chriſtianus efficeretur petiit, & impetravit. Anno ab in- carnatione domini centeſimo octogeſimo nono Severus im- perator factus decem & ſeptem annis regnavit, qui Britan- niam vallo à mari uſque ad mare præcinxit. Anno trecente- ſimo octogeſimo primo Maximus in Britannia creatus impe- rator in Galliam tranſiit, & Gratianum interfecit. Anno qua- dringenteſimo nono Roma à Gothis capta eſt, ex quo tem- pore Romani in Britannia regnare ceſſarunt. Anno quadrin- geſimo triceſimo Palladius ad Scottos, in Chriſtum cre- dentes, à Celeftino papa primus mittitur epiſcopus. Anno quadringenteſimo quadrageſimo nono Martianus cum Valen- tiniano imperium fulciens ſeptem annis tenuit, quorum tempore Angli à Britonibus accerſiti Britanniam adierunt. Anno quingenteſimo triceſimo octavo eclypſis facta eſt ſolis XIII. Calendas Martii ab hora prima uſque ad tertiam. An- no quingenteſimo quadrageſimo ſeptimo Ida regnare cœpit a

^a *Reſtius, vocavit, ut in Ed, Savil.*

quo regalis Northanumbrorum profapia originem tenet, & duodecim annis regnavit. Anno quingentesimo sexagesimo quinto Columba presbyter de Scotia venit Britanniam ad docendos Pictos, & in insula Hu monasterium fecit. Anno quingentesimo nonagesimo sexto Gregorius papa misit Britanniam Augustinum cum monachis qui verbum dei omni genti Anglorum annuntiarent. Anno quingentesimo nonagesimo septimo venere Britanniam præfati doctores, qui fuit annus plus minus annorum centum quinquaginta adventus Anglorum in Britanniam. Anno sexcentesimo primo misit papa Gregorius Britanniam pallium Augustino jam facto episcopo, & plures verbi ministros, in quibus & Paulinum. Anno sexcentesimo tertio pugnatum est ad Deganstane. Anno sexcentesimo quarto orientales Saxones fidem Christi percipiunt sub rege Saberto, antistite Mellito. Anno sexcentesimo quinto Gregorius papa obiit. Anno sexcentesimo sextodecimo Ethelbertus, rex Cantuariorum, defunctus est. Anno sexcentesimo vicesimo quinto Paulinus à Justo archiepiscopo ordinatur genti Northanumbrorum antistes. Anno sexcentesimo xxvi. Eanfleda, filia Eadwini regis, baptizata est cum duodecim in festo Penthecostes. Anno sexcentesimo vicesimo septimo Eadwinus rex baptizatus est cum sua gente in Pascha. Anno sexcentesimo xxxiii°. Eadwino rege perempto, Paulinus Cantiam rediit. Anno sexcentesimo quadragesimo Eadbaldus, rex Cantuariorum, obiit. Anno sexcentesimo quadragesimo secundo Oswaldus rex occisus est. Anno sexcentesimo xliiii. Paulinus quondam Eboraci, sed nunc Rosensis antistes migravit ad dominum.

Pag. 82, 83. vacant.

Epilogium de obitu Bedæ.

Dilectissimo in Christo lectori Cuthuino Cuthbertus condiscipulus in deo æternam salutem. Munusculum, quod misisti, multum libenter suscepi, multumque gratanter literarum tuarum devotæ eruditionis legi, in quibus, quod maxime desiderabam, missas videlicet & orationes sacrosanctas pro deo dilecto patre ac nostro magistro Beda à vobis diligenter celebrari repperi. Unde delectat magis pro ejus charitate (quantum fruor ingenio) paucis sermonibus dicere, quo ordine migravit è seculo, cum etiam hoc te desiderasse & poscere intellexi. Gravatus quidem est infirmitate maxime creberrimi anhelitus, sine dolore tamen, ante diem resurrectionis dominicæ, id est, fere duabus hebdomadibus; & sic postea lætus & gaudens, gratiasque agens omnipotenti deo omni die & nocte, immo horis omnibus usque ad diem ascensionis dominicæ, id est vii°. Cal. Junii, vitam ducebat, &

Pag. 84.

✠
Cuthwinus
discipulus
Bedæ.

nobis suis discipulis cotidie lectiones dabat, & quicquid reliquum erat diei in Psalmorum cantu occupabat. Totam vero noctem in lætitia & gratiarum actione pervigil ducebat, nisi tantum modicus somnus impediret. Evigilans autem, statim consueta repetivit, & expansis manibus, deo gratias agere non desivit. O vere beatus vir! Canebat sententiam beati Pauli apostoli, "Horrendum est incidere in manus dei viventis;" & multa alia de sancta scriptura, & in nostra quoque lingua, ut erat doctus in nostris carminibus, dixit. ^a For þam nedfere nemyr yeli yances snotera, yone hym yearf fytoqe hucgenne, ar his gaste godes oyye yuolys after cleaye heuon demed yeorye. Cantabat etiam Antiphonas, ob nostram consolationem, & sui, quarum una est: "O rex gloriæ, domine virtutum, qui triumphator hodie super omnes cœlos ascendisti, ne derelinquas nos orphanos, sed mitte promissum patris in nos, spiritum veritatis. Alleluya." Et cum venisset ad illud verbum, "ne derelinquas nos," prorupit in lachrimas, & multum fleuit, & post horam cœpit repetere quæ inchoaverat, & nos hæc audientes luximus cum illo. Altera vice legimus, altera ploravimus, immo semper cum fletu legimus. In tali lætitia quinquagesimales dies usque ad diem præfatum deduximus. Et ille multum gaudebat, & deo gratias agebat, quia sic meruisset infirmari. Referebat, & sæpe dicebat, "Flagellat deus omnem filium quem recipit," & multa alia de sancta scriptura, & sententiam Sancti Ambrosii, "Non sic vixi, ut me pudeat inter vos vivere; sed

Page 85. "nec mori timeo, quia bonum deum habemus." In istis autem diebus duo opuscula multum ^b memoriæ digna, (exceptis lectionibus, quas accepimus ab eo, & cantu Psalmorum) ^c facere studebat. Evangelium ^c vero Sancti Joannis in nostram linguam ad utilitatem ecclesiæ convertit; & ^d [de] libris notarum Isidori episcopi excerptiones quasdam, dicens, "Nolo ut pueri mei mendacium legant, & in hoc post obitum meum sine fructu laborent." Cum venisset autem tertia feria ante ascensionem domini, cœpit vehementius

^a Nam & tunc hoc Anglico carmine componens, multum compunctus aiebat: Forþam neodrene neniz pynþeð þancez snotera þonne tum þearf gy to ge huzzene ær hi heonen gange. hper hi dar e gode oððe yuelez, æpreþ deape heonen demed puþe. Quod ita Latine sonat, Ante necessarium exitum prudentior quam opus fuerit nemo existit, ad cogitandum; videlicet antequam hinc proficiscatur anima, quid boni vel mali egerit, qualiter post exitum judicanda fuerit. Cantabat etiam Antiphonas, secundum nostram consuetudinem & sui, &c. in codd. quibus usus est Sim. Dunelmensis, quem videtis lib. I. c. xv. ^b Memoria al. ^c Scilicet pro vero habent Codd. alii. ^d Ex aliis Codd. addidi.

ægrotare in anhelitu; & modicus tumor in pedibus apparuit. Totum autem illum diem docebat, & hilariter dictabat, & nonnunquam inter alia dixit: "Discite cum festinatione; nescio quam diu subsistam, & si post modicum tollat me factor meus." Nobis autem videbatur, quod suum exitum bene sciret, & sic noctem in gratiarum actione pervigil duxit. Et mane illucescente, id est, quarta feria, præcepit diligenter scribi quæ cœperamus. Et hoc facto usque ad tertiam horam, ^a à tertia hora ambulavimus" cum reliquiis Sanctorum, ut consuetudo illius poscebat diei. Et unus erat ex nobis cum illo, qui dixit illi: "Ad huc, dilectissime magister capitulum unum deest: & videtur tibi difficile esse plus te interrogare?" At ille inquit, "facile est. Accipe, inquit, unum calamum, & tempera, & festinanter scribe." Et ille hoc fecit. Ad nonam autem horam dixit mihi: "Quædam autem pretiosa in mea capsella habeo, id est, piperium, oraria, & incensa. Sed curre velociter, & presbyteros nostri monasterii adduc ad me, ut & ego munuscula, qualia deus donavit, illis distribuam. Divites autem in hoc seculo aurum, argentum, & alia quæque pretiosa dare student; ego autem cum multa charitate & gaudio fratribus meis dabo ^b quod de-

^{cit}derat. & hoc cum tremore feci. Et cum allocutus est unumquemque, monens & obsecrans pro eo missas & orationes diligenter facere. Et illi libenter sponponderunt. Lugebant autem & flebant omnes maxime, eo quod dixerat, "quia amplius faciem ejus in hoc seculo non essent visuri." Gaudebant autem quia dixit, "Tempus est ut revertar ad eum, qui me fecit, qui me creavit, qui me ex nihilo formavit. multum tempus vixi: bene mihi pius judex vitam meam prævidit. Jam tempus resolutionis meæ instat, quia cupio dissolvi, & esse cum Christo." Sic & alia multa locutus, in lætitia diem usque ad vesperem duxit. Et præfatus ^c puer dixit: "Adhuc una sententia, magister dilecte, non est descripta." "At, inquit, scribe cito." Post modicum dixit puer: "Modo sententia descripta est." At ille inquit, "Bene: veritatem dixisti, consummatum est. Accipe meum caput ^d in manus tuas, quia multum me delectat sedere ex adverso, sancto meo loco in quo orare solebam, ut & ego sedens patrem meum invocare possim." Et sic in pavimento suæ casualæ, decantans "Gloria patri, & filio, & spiritui sancto," cum spiritum sanctum ^d invocavit, suum è corpore exhalavit

Pag. 86.

^a Ambulavimus deinde *al* ^b Quod deus dederat. Et allocutus est unumquemque &c. facere: quod illi libenter se facturos sponponderunt &c. *al.* ^c Puer, nomine Wilberch, dixit *al.* ^d Nominasset, spiritum è corpore *al.*

ultimum,

ultimum, ac sic regna migravit ad cœlestia. Omnes autem qui audire, vel videre beati patris obitum, nunquam se vidisse ullum alium in magna devotione ac tranquillitate vitam sic finisse dicebant. Quia, sicut audisti, quousque anima in corpore fuit, "Gloria patri," & alia quædam cecinit spiritualia. Et expansis manibus deo vivo & vero gratias agere non cessabat. Scito autem, frater charissime, quod multa narrare possum de eo, sed brevitatem sermonis iueruditio linguæ facit.

Sunt & hæ
connotationes
Oxonii
in Martonia
bibliotheca.
Wetheling-
cestre.

Verlume
flu:

Tau flu:
Ubbanford.
Tueda flu:

Hul flu:

Warf flu:

[Lichfeild.]
Tama flu:

Oucel flu:
Pag. 87.

Treanta flu:

Seena flu:
vel rectius
Avona.
Sabrina flu:
Vaga flu:

Connotationes de Sanctis in Anglia requiescentibus.

Hæ sunt notationes de Sanctis, qui in Anglica patria requiescunt. Sanctus Albanus Martyr juxta locum, qui vocatur yedingacester, requiescit, quod est juxta amnem yerlume nominatum. Sanctusque Columguilla in loco, qui vocatur Dumcabeam, vel Duncathan, juxta amnem, qui vocatur Tau. Beatus vero Cuthbertus, in loco, qui vocatur Ubbanford, vel Dunholme, requiescit, juxta amnem, qui Tyode vocatur. Caputque Sancti Oswaldi, regis & martyris, simul cum corpore beati Cuthberti requiescit, brachiumque ejus dextrum in loco qui dicitur Bebbenberig, corpusque ejus reliquum in novo munasterio apud Gleacyester. Sanctus vero Joannes episcopus in loco, qui vocatur Beverlic, prope amnem Hul. Sanctusque Egbertus, & Sanctus Wilfridus episcopus, Sanctaque ythburga in monasterio, quod vocatur Ad Ripan, prope amnem nominatum Earp. Sanctusque Ceadda, & Sanctus Ceadde, & Sanctus Ceatta, in monasterio quod vocatur Lecetfeld, prope amnem Tame nominatum. Sanctus Hygebaldu apud Lindesige, in loco qui vocatur Certesege, vel Cetesige, juxta amnem Oucel nominatum. Et Sanctus Edeldredus rex in monasterio, quod vocatur Bardanai, juxta amnem ydma nominatum. Sanctaque Eadburh in monasterio, quod dicitur Ad Sudyellam, prope amnem, qui vocatur Treante. Beatus vero Guthlacus in monasterio, quod constructum est in mediis paludibus, in loco qui vocatur Cruiland, requiescit. Sanctus Ealmundus in monasterio, quod vocatur Norýerdig, juxta amnem de Orpetau. Sanctusque Botulphus in monasterio quod dicitur Medishamstede prope amnem, qui dicitur Nen. Beata vero Milburga in monasterio, quod dicitur yviltan, requiescit, prope amnem, qui Saffern nominatur. Adelbertus quoque in episcopatu, qui dicitur Hereford, prope amnem yege. Sanctusque Ceat in monasterio, quod vocatur Undola, prope amnem Nen. Sanctusque yihstanus in monasterio, quod Coyenduna nuncupatur, prope amnem Treante. Sanctaque Diania in loco, qui dicitur Ceorlinburh, prope amnem Yearnisc. Sanctaque Eadgyy

Eadgyy in loco, qui vocatur Yollesyyri, prope amnem Oucer. Sanctusque Rummyoldus in loco, qui vocatur Bukingeham, prope amnem Ufan. Et Adelredus in loco, qui dicitur At Ufa flu: Leomenster, prope amnem Lucge. Sanctusque Edelbertus in Lugia, vel monasterio, quod vocatur Bedanford, prope amnem Ufan. Laogus flu:

Beatus vero Eadmundus in loco, qui dicitur At Beadricesyu-
Ofitha
 rye, apud Orientales Anglos. Sanctaque Ofyda in loco, qui dicitur Cicc, prope mare, & in monasterio S. Petri. Sancta- Cic, Fanum
 que Adelburga in monasterio, quod dicitur Berchinge, prope S. Ofithæ.
 Tamese. Sanctusque episcopus Erkeyaldus in civitate Lun- Monasteri-
 donia. Sanctusque Neot presbyter in loco, qui dicitur Eanul- um Sancti
 uesberig, requiescit. Beatus confessor Ivo, Sanctique fratres Petri.
 Edelredus atque Adelbertus in monasterio, quod Ramesige dicitur, requiescunt. Sanctusque Florentius martyr, Sanctaque cives Yyada & Cineburga, alique plures in monasterio, quod dicitur Burch. Sanctusque Botulfus, & Sanctus Adulfus, Sanctusque Huna, & Sanctus Pancredus, & Sanctus Torthredus, & Sanctus Herefridus, Sanctusque Ciffa, & beatus Benedictus, Sanctaque Toua in loco, qui vocatur Thornege. Beatissimus vero apostolus Anglorum Augustinus, alique quam plures sui successores, in monasterio apostolorum Petri & Pauli, foris civitatem Doroberniam, quæ Cantuarebiria nuncupatur, requiescunt. Sanctus Dunstanus, & alii plures cum eo in eadem civitate, & in monasterio S. Salvatoris. Sanctus-

o
 que Paulinus in loco, qui dicitur Retecester. Beatus vero Be- i
 rinus Sanctusque Hedda, & Sanctus Swithunus, Sanctusque Justus martyr, & alii plures cum eis in monasterio, quod dicitur Ealdemenster, apud civitatem Wintoniam requiescunt. Sanctusque Judocus & Grimbaldus in monasterio Neumenstre, Sanctaque Eadburch in monasterio, quod dicitur Neumenster, in eadem civitate. Sanctus Oswaldus archiepiscopus re- Pag. 88.
 quiescit in loco, qui dicitur Yirecester, & alii plures cum eo. Sanctus Egwinus in loco, qui dicitur Evesham prope Afen. Avona flu:
 Sanctusque Kenelmus martyr in loco, qui dicitur Yinchelescumbe. Sanctusque Aldelmus & Joannes Sapiens in loco, qui dicitur Malmesbiri. Sanctusque Yyig & Sancta Eadgyda in loco, qui dicitur Wiltune. Sanctusque Eadwardus rex & Sancta Aelfgina in loco, qui dicitur Sceastesbiri. Beatus igitur Aidanus, Sanctusque Patritius, & alii plures cum illis requiescunt in loco, qui dicitur Glastingberi. Sanctus Cogarus in loco, qui dicitur Cungresbiri. Sanctaque Cydetulla virgo foras Exancester. Sanctusque Romanus episcopus in loco, qui dicitur Aeyestyalum, prope brachium maris, quod vocatur Hegesmunda. Sanctaque Cuthburh in loco, qui dicitur

Kniburnemunster. Sanctaque Frediswida in loco, qui dicitur Oxonia. Sanctus Cudmannus in loco, qui dicitur Ad

yn Suthfax

Brembreflu: Staninge, requiescit, prope amnem Brembre nominatum. Brembrebrige * circiter sex" pass: millibus ab Arundel. Sanctusque abbas Becca, & Eodor presbyter in loco, qui dicitur Cicitefigis, cum quibus sunt monachi nonaginta occisi à paganis. Sanctusque Brampalator episcopus in loco, qui dicitur Mildeltune. Sanctusque Meloris in loco, qui dicitur Ambreberige. Sanctaque Merwenna abbatissa in loco, qui dicitur Rumefige, prope amnem Terftau.

Terftau, a-
alias Testa,
flu.

Pag. 89. *Ex Radulpho de Diceto de origine Scotorum & Hiberniensium.*

Hybernia post Britanniam omnium insularum est optima, quæ quamvis Britannia divitiis cedat, latitudine, salubritate, serenitate præstat. Quæ sicut versus aquilonem brevior est, ita versus meridiem trans illius fines protenditur. Hæc autem proprie patria Scotorum est. Nam, sicut legitur, Aegyptiis in mari rubro submersis, illi, qui superfuerunt, expulerunt à se quendam nobilem Scythicum, qui degebat apud eos, ne dominium super eos invaderet. Expulsus ille cum familia sua, pervenerunt ad aras Philistinorum, & per lacum Salinarum, ^a & per montana Syriae, transierunt per Mauritaniam, & ad columnas Herculis navigaverunt ^b Tyrrenum mare, & pervenerunt ad Hispaniam, & ibi per annos habitaverunt multos, & progenies illorum multiplicata est nimis. Inde venerunt Hiberniam post annos mille duobus additis à transitu filiorum Israhel per mare rubrum, & inde pars eorum egressa, tertiam in Britannia Britannis & Pictis gentem addiderunt. Pars eorum quæ remansit in Hibernia Navarri vocantur, & adhuc eadem utuntur lingua.

Hiberus, Hibernia, Hiberniensis.

Scithia, Schyta, Schyiticus, Scoticus, Scotus, Scotia.

Ex libro de mirabilibus Britannia.

Cherdrehole, i. e. carcer Eoli.

Pag. 90. *Ex Chronicis Radulphi de Duceto decani S. Pauli Londinensis.*

Prosper Aquitanicus, Leonis papæ primi notarius, Chronica sua digessit ab initio mundi usque ad annum domini cccclix.

Idacius, Lenicæ civitatis Hispaniarum episcopus, Chronica sua perduxit à primo Theodosii magni consulatu inchoata usque ad annum domini ccccxc.

Victor, Tunnicensis urbis episcopus in Africa, historiam

* Voces istas postea delevit ipse Lelandus. ^a Et montem Syriae transierunt per Mauritaniam al. ^b Per Tyrren. al.

ab initio mundi scribit usque ad annum domini DLXVII.

Gildas Britonum gesta flebili sermone descripsit anno domini DLXXXIII. ^a alias M.LXXXIII. sub Mauricio imperatore."

Isidorus Hispalensis episcopus Chronica sua digessit ab initio mundi usque ad annum domini DCIX.

Hammonius Floriacensis Chronica sua scribit à tempore Nini regis usque ad annum DCCCXLIII.

Magister Hugo de S. Victore Chronica sua digessit ab initio mundi usque ad annum domini M.CXXIII.

Robertus, abbas S. Michaelis de Monte in Normannia, Chronica sua digessit usque ad annum domini M.CXLVII.

i. e. Batonia.

Edgarus coronatus fuit in civitate Achemancester.

Scribit passim Radulphus reges coronam accepisse in Kingestune.

Dani omnes jussu regis Egelredi occisi in die S. Bricii.

Gyldeford.

Gulielmus

His actis, rex Northumbriam profectus, civitatem Carleuile restauravit, quæ à Danis paganis ante ducentos annos diruta usque ad id tempus mansit deserta.

S. Albanus passus est sub Dioclesiano, quo tempore omnes sacri libri per Britanniam combusti sunt.

Clamorgacensis ecclesia in Gualia est.

Donatus presbyter scripsit Memoriale historiarum.

Gualterus de Constantiis, Oxenefordensis archidiaconus, electus in episcopum Lincolnensem, consecratus est Andegavis.

Hybernenses ab Hiberno flu: in Hispania sic dicti.

Nicolaus, natione Anglicus, ex patre presbytero summus pontifex fuit, vocatus Adrianus quartus.

Portus Hammonis.

Joannes, Theaurarius Eboracensis, consecratus à domino Papa Pictavensis episcopus.

Thomæ Cantuar: epistola ad regem.] *Desiderio desideravi* Pag. 91.
videre faciem vestram.

Thomæ epistola ad episcopum Lond.

Thomæ epistola ad suffraganeos suos.

Thomæ epistola ad decanum Lond.

Thomæ epistola ad Alexandrum papam.

Maria, soror Sancti Thomæ, facta abbas Berchingensis.

Castellum de Richemunt in Armorica.

Richemont.

Anno domini M.CLXXVI°. pons Londinensis inceptus à quodam capellano Petro de Colchirche.

Dum primo Mediolani mœnia ponerentur quid appa-

^a Hec etiam sunt à manu Lelandi, ex alio nimirum exemplari. Verum pro M.LXXXIII. reponendum, ut arbitror, D.LXXXIII.

ruerit, rursus vide. Nonne fus laniger? Unde dicitur Mediolanum quasi ex media parte laneum. In margine autem libri hi duo versus Sidonii inscripti erant:

¶
Portus Romanus.

*Rura paludicolæ tempnis populosa Ravennæ,
Et quæ lanigero de sue nomen habet.*

Geneologia Scotorum à Gulielmo rege captivo usq; ad Noe, Herebertus Anglus, natus in Midelfexia, transitum faciens in Siciliam, assensu regis Gulielmi creatus est in Calabria Consensanus episcopus, qui postea terræ motu absorptus est, Merewelle prope Wintoniam.

Epitaphium Henrici 2ⁱ.

Sufficit hic tumulus, cui non suffecerat orbis,
Res brevis est ampla, cui fuit ampla brevis.

Item aliud.

Rex Henricus eram, mihi plurima regna subegi,
Multiplicique modo duxque comesque fui.
Cui satis ad votum non essent omnia terræ
Climata, terra modo sufficit octo pedum.
Qui legis hæc, pensa vitæ discrimina, & in me
Humanæ speculum conditionis habe.
Quod potes instanter operare bonum, quia mundus
Transit, & incautos mors inopina rapit.

Carmen Galfridi.

Gallia fugisti bis, & hoc sub rege Philippo;
Nec sunt sub modio facta pudenda duo.
Vernolium sumit testem fuga prima, secunda
Vindocinum, noctem prima, secunda diem.
Nocte fugam primam rapuisti, mane secundam,
Prima metus vitio, vique secunda fuit.

¶ Pag. 92.

Abbreviatio de gestis Nortmannorum, sex libellulis scripta. Nomina episcoporum qui floruerunt in Anglia post adventum S. Augustini.

- ☞ Estanglorum episcopi, scilicet Norwicensis.
- ☞ { Postea Eastanglia in duas parochias dividitur.
- ☞ { Episcopi Helmanenses, Donwicensis episcopi.
- ☞ { Ridia, villa Devonæ, duodecim millibus passuum ab Exonia, ubi novem episcopi sedem habuerunt.
- ☞ Episcopus Malmesbiriæ.

Ex libro Radulphi de origine Britannorum.

- ☞ Severus à Pietis occisus.
- ☞ Maximus, patre Britannus, filius Johelini, avunculi Helenæ, matre vero & natione Romanus.
- ☞ Garnareia insula,

Ex

Ex libro de regibus Anglorum.

Monachi apud S. Paulum Londoniæ, tempore Sebbii regis
Eftfexiæ.

Haroldus, filius Cnutonis, reg. annis III. consecratus ab
Etheluardo, Dorober: archiepiscopo, apud Lond: Qui mo-
riens sepultus est apud Westminster, & post ejectus de sepul-
chro sepultus est apud S. Clementem.

Ecclesia de Assendune in Effexia a rege Canuto fundata est.
Prophetia Merlini Sylvestris.

Pag. 93, 94, 95. vacant.

Pag. 96: [^a In nomine Jesu. The contents of Mon, alias Anglicey.]

th pull pu- teus.	<p>1 Mair per se Maria, fed alias Vair pro Mair sonant.</p> <p>[Rent llan 1 vair y pull gwinggill cum annex:]</p>	<p>periculosus vortex prope Porth, a fery. porthaethwi in Meney.</p> <p>[Porthaethwy, menai, pull keris.]</p> <p>it is a this side Portatho, and [Porth cadnant, avon cad- ther was an old fery. nant,] a fresch broke.</p>
by the Meney.	<p>proprium nomen, at ful se. [llan dyfihog] is an islet con- teining an acre or ii. at the ebbe sicco pede aditur.</p>	<p>[aber pwillfannog, avon fan- nog,] broke.</p>
by Meney.	<p>Aidanus [Rent llan Edan cum annex:]</p>	<p>finis thon a wave. [porth bouery don.]</p>
a myle or ii, fro Meney.	<p>Daniel pro mab parvus. [llan ddeniel wab.] Erat, ut ferunt, discipulus Kibii, vel, ut quidam volunt, Bennoi.</p>	<p>[porth bouery don.]</p>
by Meney:	<p>proprium nomen. [a llan Edwen.]</p>	<p>[porth amyl,] lytle ryllé.</p>
not far fro Meney.	<p>[llan vair yn y comot,] i. e. quarta pars Cantaredi, i. e. centuriæ.</p>	<p>[porth amyl,] lytle ryllé.</p>
a myle fro Meney. more then a myle fro Meney.	<p>Caina pulchra. ¶ [Rent llan Kainwen cum annex:] [llan Caffo] discipulus Kibii.</p>	<p>1 A Præ- bend of Clun- noc vaur.</p> <p>[porth tal y voyl,] a fery of Meney to lond at Cairarvon,</p>

a Hæc omnia, que uncis inclusimus, usque ad pag. 107. pessime sunt scripta, non quidem ab ipso Lelando, sed ab alio quopiam, coque, ni faller, Cambro-Britanno. Reliqua vero, uncis non distincta, sunt ipsius Lelandi.

[Rent

a ii. myle fro Abre- meney.	^{Petrus} [Rent llan pedyr Rofur, alias nuburch.]	} { [Aber menai,] fro hens ys the mayn see.
adjacet ripz.	^{S. Dunwen} [Rent llanddwyn libera capella.]	} { [Aber y pwll,] yt is by [Aber Avon,] a broke. [Traeth malltraeth, porth bodèon.
almost by the ocean shoore.	[δ Rent aberfraw cum an- ^{Maria} nex: capell: mair o dindry- vol: ']	} { [Aber fraw, Avon fraw,] a broke. ' ii. myles fro the shore by North.
abowte a ii. myles fro the ocean.	[γ Rent llan kydwalader, cum annex: yt standeth by twene llan Cadwal, and the estuary of Mal traheth. ^{Mirianus.} β llan veirian] facello.	} { [llyn coran] the greatest lake yn the yfle, and Fraus cummyth owt of this poole.
yt standeth by the in- ner part of mal traeth.	oppidulum super Sabulum Ben- nbo sacrum. [α Rent Cref draeth, cum annex: ^{proprium nomen} llan kwyven,] just by the ocean.	} { [porth gwyven.] ^{G. Keveny.} [Avon kwyven,] a broke. ^{i. e. anguilla} [porth y llyfwen, Avon y llyfwen,] a rylle.
A myle fro the ynner part of mal traeth.	^{Christiolus Hoëli, ut ferunt, Armorici filius.} [Rent llan gristiolys, cum annex: A good way with in the isle ¶ llan kainwen] vehan.	} { ^{towne. white} [Towyn Trewen, avon trewen.]
A iii. fro the Shore almost by northwest.	^{vetus ecclesia.} [Rent heneglwns, cum annex: ^{mare. ferrum.} llan morhayarn.]	} { ^{lacus Bodwrog. the name of a} [llyn bodwine. Corfe vod- moore by Bodwine, wrog.]
	^{alias Pulan, proprium nomen.} [Rent llan beulan cum annex: ^{proprium nomen,} llan ihyllched, llan vair yn ^{echth} llanechymedd. llan vaylog. ^{S. Maylog,} the ende of the poole. ^{latine Sacel-} taley llyn,] capella. [bettws y ^{lum crucis, an otye place.} grog, ygheirckrog,] alias di- citur.	} { [porth traeth krugyll. llyn pybai] is the next poole yn bygnes to llyn Coran.

[Rent

<p>proprium nomen. unc [Rent llan wenvaun cum annex: Michael llan vihegel yn ytraethe. llan vair yn th daubwle.]</p>	<p>[Traeth klei- viog. Avon kle- viog.]</p>	<p>[pont trythwnt.] this is the br^{idge} that givith passage yn to the isle of the holy hedde. ¹ "a quasi" ac si diceret, inter duos puteos.</p>
<p>[Rent kaerkybi, cum annex: ^o bodwrog. Capel y turr. Trigarn. llan drygarn. ² bodedern. Brigida. llan fant fraid. guin keney, catulus. llan wyn gene.]</p>	<p>passage. [porth llan fant fraid. porth y turr, avon y turr.] a ryl cummyng owt of a moore, and the torre by the holy hed. this fresch broke cummeth yn to the haven of the holy hedde.</p>	<p>[Corfe y turr, mynydd y turr. porth kaer gybi, favon y castri. gaer.]</p>
<p>S. Macharius. [Rent llan vachraith, cum annex: proprium nomen. llan yghenhell. Bigail, vigil, communiter pastor. llan vigail.]</p>	<p>blewpoole. [Aber glaslyn. Alaunius. Aber alaw. avon alaw. ³ gorff y bol,] a moore. this is the next river of the isle to Geunus in bignes. ³ cummyth owt of this moore.</p>	<p>[porth kaer gybi, favon y castri. gaer.]</p>
<p>magna turba militum. [Rent llan vaithlu, cum annex: ^m llant vorog. Og,] an harow.]</p>	<p>white. [porthwen. avon porth- wen.] Porth Veline, a prety brooke.</p>	<p>[porthwen. avon porth- wen.] Porth Veline, a prety brooke.</p>
<p>tawny [Rent llan Ruthlad, cum annex: spedeful th facellum. llan Roydd Rys, bettws a swete servant. perwas, g llan flewyn, llan ddogwel.]</p>	<p>a propre name of a giant? [porth fwttan, avon futtan,] a litle rille. a poole [concava vallis.] [llyn bod Ronyn, porth caffnant,] Caffè, scapha.nant, vallis, ubi rivulus labitur.</p>	<p>[porth fwttan, avon futtan,] a litle rille. [llyn bod Ronyn, porth caffnant,] Caffè, scapha.nant, vallis, ubi rivulus labitur.</p>

Pag. 97.

a Abesse malim.

[Rent

JOANNIS LELANDI

[i.e. duorum, S. Marcelli & Marcelliani.]

[Rent llan yddaufant.
llan vair y kaernoy.
proprium nomen.
llan babo.]

insulæ the dayri poole. this isle
[ynys yrhavodlyn, porth-
is as a rokket harde by the shore.
havodlyn.]

a brooke. cathedra
[Avon-havodlyn, y gadair
gigantis Noe.
y kaernoy, porthy gadair.]

[Rent llan
Machutus
vechell.]

rupes oppidum Mofes
[y garn y kaer noy, Tref voyfen, moel
gaernoy.]

[* Rupes
navifraga
Kraig-Sy-
don.]

* Karyk Cyne, the daunger of the rokkes
yn the se strait against Cair Noe.

* a litle
rokky isle.

[Rent llan
Patricius.
padrig eccle-
sia appropriata
monasterio de
Coney.]

maxima insula Monæ adjacent.
[yns y moel Romaid] } main Gigail, r
this isle is not past ii. } the stone of
myles fro Cair Noe. } the shepard.

croked pole
[porth kamlyn, kamlyn, avon kamlyn.]
sumtyme a wild brooke.

[porth ogor. Avon ogor.]
insulula Patritii prope ogor.

[yns padric.]
[yns { lly gode.]
a mowfe.
lly goden.]

frequens hogge.
[Rent amylyhoych.
proprium nomen loci.
llan vair yn lan eiddog.
novem Sanctorum.
bettws y nawfaint.]
LLan LLiane, mona-
chorum plur.

many swine.
[porth amylyhwch, avon amylyhauch.
thre saynctes

a moore.
[Corse y-
a bely.
bal.] the
name of a
moore.

[Bodewryd, ecclesia
appropriata monasterio
de Penmon,]

bettws machwdo.
llan llibio.
bettws Rody geidio.]

Ælianus, falso Hilarius.
[Rent llan Elian cum annex:
Rosfaheth.
bettws Rosheirio.
wodde, proprium nomen.
bettws y coydane.]

nomen S.
[porth Elian, alias Saint
Hylarys bay.
Avon Elian.]

[Rent

<p>S. Theridacus. [Rent llan dyvrydog cum annex: Michael in villa vatum. th llan vihengel y trebardd.]</p>	}	<p>[porth dulas, aber dulas, traeth dulas. Duglessus, a brooke. a moore. Avon dulas, corse y nant.]</p>
<p>[Rent llan allgo cum annex: llan Eigrad. llan vihengel y tinfloy ap- alias [ymhenrhos] propriat: Prestolme.]</p>	}	<p>i. e. niger, cæruleus. the name of a rille. [ynys lligwy, porth lligwy, avolligwy. Moilure [moylydre, tumulus villæ. porth voelure, avon voelure.]</p>
<p>th [Rent llan ddyffnan, cum annex: magistri llan vayster, llan vair y pen- traeth, cum alia llan vair ymothafru.]</p>	}	<p>redde llong. a shippe. [ytrath coch, porthllongdu, avon nomine incognito.]</p>
<p>n [Rent llan vihengel y yskew- rog, cum annex: Finnanus llan Finian.]</p>	}	<p>a moore nomen proprium. water. great. [corse tygai, avon vawr, alias avon kefni.] Gevinus flu: maximus totius insulæ, and risith of iii lytle stremes, and at LLan geveney yt runneth yn one bot- tom; and so thorow corse Tygay, and so thorow a marsch a ii. mylis, and then yn to the fe, at a place cawled male traith.</p>

<p>forte Donatus. 13 [Rent llan ddona cum annex: llan faint y Katerin appropriat: Prestolme.]</p>	}	
<p>[Priorat: de Prestolme, alias de Penmor. Ynys Seiriol, porth Seiriol.]</p>	}	Pag. 98:
<p>[Rent llan gwrda cum annex: 1 llan iestyn.]</p>	}	1 [alias insula ecclesiastica.]

<p>Man bellus locus 2 locus. [Rent llan teg van cum annex: Miganus heremita. capell: myugan. capell: mair or daumares.]</p>	}	<p>vetus. [Traeth ar llevain.] 2 This is a 2. miles from Beumarisk, and is the paroch chirche. For in Bew- marisch is but a chapel of our lady. [The feri at Bumares. hed could the mowth of the byche. Penryn favyn ast.] Here metyth the fe of Penmone and Meney, and thes waters the wynd be- yng by rageth to gether.</p>
---	---	---

S. Saturnus, aut Saturninus.

[Rent llan Saturn.

Rent llan gradivel.]

I have here but 30. hedde parоче chirchis. Mr. Griffith rekenith 31. and to reken the chapelles with them he countith a 100. chirchis.

The hundredes of Mone.

[Menai. Malltrayth. LLivone. Talbollion. Torkelyn-Tindaythoy.]

There be very good mylle ftones of white, redde, blew an grene girthes, especially yn Tyndaythoy commote.

There is good commodite for fisching about al terre Mone, but there lakkith cunning and diligence.

Pag. 99, 100. vacant.

Pag. 101.

[Singhenith, id est, dimidia pars cantaredæ.

Ergen, Anglice Urchinfeld.

Kreyke yn yre, id est, niveus collis, ex yra, id est, nix.

Ban, id est, locus assignatus ^a, unde & montes excelsiores dicuntur banne.

Bancor, id est, chorus de fama excellens.

Mor haveren, id est, mare Sabrinum.

Tapha fluvius habet duo brachia, quorum alter major, alter minor Tapha appellatur, & currunt in unum in principio de Singhenith adjacentis regioni Brechenioc.

Habertawe vulgo nuncupatur Swinseia.

Barth idem est quod bardus, vel poëta.

Ele fluvius currens in mare apud Penharth.

Ddaw currens per pont vayn, habens originem spatio illius passuum duorum milium in loco vocato pant llywyth, id est, vallis ^b collorata, & transit in mare Sabrinum illinc ad tria millia passuum in loco vocato Haberdaw.

Eweney fluvius.

Ogmor fluvius.

Moithike, id est, Salopia.

Monmowth Cambirce Moynwefs,] i. e. Monovaga.

[Kayr uyske, alias Brynbyga.

Merthyne wylht, id est, merlinus silvestris vulgariter nuncupatus.

Eweny cellula sub monasterio Glocestriæ.

Lancarovan, id est, locus assignatus à cervis, distans spatio trium miliarium à Pont vayn.

Habertawe, id est, suonsey.

Haber doye glevyth, id est, os duorum gladiatorum.

^a A montibus forte adjiciend. ^b Sic.

Brevie, id est, mugire. unde & landdewe breve dicitur, & illic sanctus David contra hæreticus mugiebat.

Apud pont yr heske, qui est pons super Tapham, distans Pag. 102: a llan Taphe septem passibus milium, est alta rupis, ubi salmones saltu admirabili adverso flumine rupem conscendunt.

Peder, id est, Petrus. Patarne, id est, Patarnus.

Apud LLantoyt in orientali parte cimiterii fani Sancti Iltuti ferunt corpus Hoëli Da, id est, Hoëli boni, esse sepultum.

LLanllecnye, alias Lymster, id est, locus leonis.

Castrum de llan blethian distans à pontvayn quingentis passibus, ubi est porta quæ habet septem cataractas.

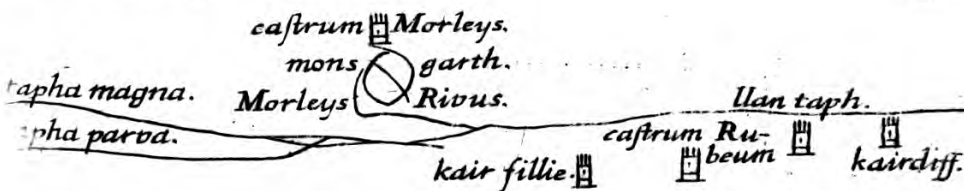
Castrum de Penllyyn distans à pontvayn mille passibus.

Colhiw quidam porticulus maris prope LLan Iltute, ubi transitur mare Sabrinum directe ad Duster & Minhed in Somersetsher.

Rivus de Remne originem habens in loco vocato Blayn Pag. 103: Remne, id est, caput Remne, Anglice the Poynt of Remne, & currit in mare Sabrinum tribus millibus passuum à Kayrdyff.



Rivus de Taffe Veghan, id est, Tapha parva, habens originem in monte quodam in Brencoc, & descendit in Taffe Vawre, id est, Tapha magna, habente originem in monte de Brencoc vocato, ut credo, the Banne Bēghhymoc, & locus ubi cadit in Tapha magna vocatur Haber du Taffe, id est, casus utriusque Taphæ, ^a alterius in alteram; qui locus est in partibus de Singhenith sub monte vocato the Garth, à parte occidentali ejusdem. In quo monte est castrum vetus, quod olim fuit celebre, quod vocatur castell Morleys, id est, castrum sonitus maris, quod ab orientali parte ejusdem castri currit quidam rivulus, vocatus more leys, id est, sonitus maris, propter ^b strepitum illum, quem facit in descensu suo per rupes, & currit in Tapha sub dicto monte de Garth in australi parte ejusdem.



Item est in dicto Singhenyth quoddam castrum, vulgariter nuncupatum Kair fillie, id est, castrum fillie, quod est castrum munitissimum, tum ex arte tum ex situ loci propter paludes

^a Altera MS. ^b Strepitum illud quod MS.

illi castro adhærentes, & [^a distat] à Tapha duobus millibus & quingentis passibus, & stat ab orientali parte fluminis, & distat à Kairdyff quatuor millibus passuum, & stat à Kayrdiff versus septentrionem. Est & aliud castrum in eadem plaga distans à Kairdyff duobus millibus passuum, quod vocatur Castell cogh, id est, castrum rubrum, quod stat in rupe rubea, distans a Tapha quingentis passibus. Item aliud castrum vocatum castrum de Llandaffe prope Tapham distans à Kayrdiff mille passibus. Deinde est castrum de Kayrdiff, quod est primum & principale totius Glamorgantiæ.

Pag. 104.

Item est & alius rivus, vulgariter nuncupatus Leye, habens originem in loco vulgariter nuncupato Kreykv Denas, id est, in monte de Denas, qui stat prope locum vulgariter nuncupatum Pen Rife, id est, caput Resi, ab australi parte ejusdem. Iste rivus currit in mare Sabrinum in loco vocato Fenarth, id est, caput urfi, & transit per valles pulcherrimas, penes quem sunt plura castra olim pulcra & ampla. Primum est castrum de LLantrissent, quod stat in orientali parte illius in monte vocato Kreyk Lantrissent, distans à dicto rivo ducentis passibus. Item inferius est castrum vocatum castell llan Peder, id est, castrum loci Petri, & stat in occidentali parte illius rivi, distans jact: lapidis ab eo rivo, & à Kairdiff quatuor millibus versus occidentalem plagam plus quam septentrionem. Est & aliud castrum, vocatum vulgariter castrum Sancti Georgii, & est prope dictum rivum ad jactum lapilli, & stat à parte occidentali ejusdem, & à Kairdiff III^{bus}. millibus passuum. Est & aliud, quod vulgariter nuncupatur castrum Sancti Fagani, prope dictum rivum, & stat à parte orientali ejusdem, & distat à Kair duobus millibus passuum.

Mons
de Dinas

Ley Angl: Ele.

castrum Lanpeder.

castrum Seynt
Georis.

castrum Lantrissent.

castrum Sci Fagani.

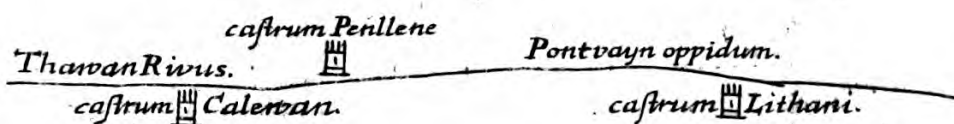
Item sunt alia nonnulla castra in illa regione, puta castrum de Dinas Powes, quod ab australi parte vertente in occidentem stat à Kairdiff, distans ab ead: quatuor millibus passuum. Est & aliud castrum de Wenvo magis tendens in occidentalem plagam, distans à Kairdiff quinque millibus passuum. Est & aliud, quod vocatur castrum de Funmoyn, magis vertens in australem plagam, distans à Kayrdiff vi. millibus passuum, & à mari Sabrino duobus millibus passuum.

Item est alius rivus, qui vulgariter nuncupatur Thawan, id est, Thaus, habens originem in loco vocato pant LLewyth,

^a Addidi.

distans

distans à pont vayn versus septentrionalem plagam duobus millibus & quingentis passibus, & currit per pont vayn in mare Sabrinum in loco vulgariter nuncupato Habor Thawan, id est, casus Thawi in aliud, & habet aliqua castra prope se sita. Est castrum de Talevan in orientali parte ejusdem, distans ab eodem mille quingentis passibus, & à pontvayn duobus millibus passuum. Item est aliud castrum quod vocatur castrum de Penlleyn, id est, caput lini, & stat in occidentali plaga ejusdem, & distat ab eodem ducentis passibus, & Pontvayn mille passibus, & stat ab occidentali plaga ejusdem. Item est oppidum, mœnibus & fossis circumdatum, cujus orientalis porta stat ad ripas rivi in occidentali plaga ejusdem Tini, & currit rivus per mœnia dicti Pontvayn, relinquendo oppidum ab occidentali & septentrionali plaga. Item est & aliud castrum, distans à Pontvayn ducentis passibus, quod vulgariter nuncupatur castell llanlythan, id est, castrum Lithani, & stat ab orientali plaga ejusdem rivi, distans ab illo jactu lapidis, & in illo castro est turris, sive porta, in qua sunt loca pro septem cathar & est munitissima structura, Pag. 105.



Item est aliud castrum, quod vulgariter nuncupatur castrum Sancti & stat in rupe prope Sabrinum mare, distans à Pontvayn quatuor millibus passuum ^a versus australem plagam tendentem ad occidentem.

Est etiam in illa regione quidam locus, vocatus vulgariter locus S^{cti}. Iltuti, cujus precibus, ut fertur, obtinuit à domino, ut nullum animal venenosum infra præcinctum illius parochiæ esset, nec ^b ut animal huc usque visum est aliquod vivum, mortuum tamen dicitur, illic. Illic est phanum Sancti Iltuti, quod est celeberrimum, ac in cimiterio in orientali plaga illius fani jacet corpus Hoëli boni olim principis Walliæ, & distat à pont vayn III^{bus}. millibus passuum, & à mare Sabrino mille passibus, & tanto spatio distat pont vayn ab Haberthaw, ubi rivus de Thawan cadit in mare Sabrinum, ac ibi est portus pro lembis ac carinis parvis.

Item est alius rivus qui vulgariter nuncupatur Wenny, habens originem in loco vocato ^r & c & currit

^r vulgariter nuncupato Gelle ule oke currens in Oggor vavre incipiente in loco vocato Bolgh y clauth.

Item prope rivum de Wenny est cellula, sive monasterium,

^a Vestræ MS. ^b Delend. forsan.

monacho.

monachorum ordinis Sci. Benedicti, quod stat ab orientali parte rivi, & distat à pont vayn tribus millibus passuum. Est etiam quoddam castrum, quod vocatur castrum de Coite, stans ab occidentali plaga illius rivi, & distat ab eodem duobus millibus passuum, & à pont vayn quinque millibus passuum. Est & alius rivus, vulgariter nuncupatus Oggure Veghan, habens originem in loco vocato Aylth y rett, & currens in mare Sabinum apud Haber Oggur, ubi est quoddam castrum vocatum castrum de Haber Oggur, & distat à pont vayn quinque millibus passuum, & stat in australi parte illius rivi.

Item est aliud castrum vocatum castrum de llan gonoyt, id est, loci gonoti, & distat à pont vayn x. millibus passuum versus occidentalem plagam, partim tendens in septentrionem, & distat à monasterio de Morgan duobus millibus passuum versus septentrionalem plagam. Item est alius rivus qui vocatur Havan. Item alius, qui vocatur] Kenfik.

Pag. 107.

Gower land.

The olde castel of Swineseye was buildid, or repairid, by the Normans, and destroyed by LLuelen prince of Wales that maryed King John's dowghter. And it stooode by the bishop of S. David's castel that now is there.

A iii. miles from Swinesey, communely cawllid in English Suawnsey, at the rode mowth of Tawe was a castel cawllid Estwiltlunarde, other wise Ostermuth, and of sum Mummels. there remain ruines of a castel destroyed by prince LLuelin.

Swansey is a market town and chief place of Gower lande.

Moubray was lorde of Swansey, and buildid the old castel, and be likelihod Ostermuth also for defence of the haven.

Almost in the middes of Gowerland a v. miles from Swansey is the castel of Guible that longid to the Delamers.

Penrife castel standith a iii. miles from Swansey in the forest of Penrife.

Lochor castel standith on the hither side of Lochor river in the lordship of Gower.

Pag. 108. vacat.

Ex vita Richarii.

Pag. 109.

Richarius in Britannia.

Sylva Chrysiacensis.

Ex vita Simonis & Judæ apostolorum.

Cranton, apostolorum discipulus, decem libris comprehendit acta Simonis & Judæ, quæ Aphricanus historicus in Latinam transtulit linguam.

Ex

Ex vita Quintini.

Summa flu.

Ex vita S. Martini.

Martinus conviva Maximi tyranni.

Postremo cum Maximus se non sponte sumpsisse imperium affirmaret, sed impositam sibi à militibus divino nutu regni necessitatem armis defendisse, Martinus prædixit mortem Maximo tyr.

Ex secundo dialogo Sulp. Severi.

Uxor Maximi tyr. impendio favebat Martino.

Maximus imperator rempub. gubernabat, vir omni vitæ merito prædicandus, si ei vel diadema non legitime tumultuante milite impositum repudiare, vel armis civilibus abstinere licuisset.

Ex 3º. dialogo.

Maximus imperator, alias sane bonus, depravatus consilio sacerdotum. ^a Intellegit Arrianos.

Abbreviatio Alcuini de virtutibus S. Martini, quæ sic incipit: *Postquam dominus noster Jesus Christus triumphator ad alta cælorum ascendit.*

Ex Gregorio Turon: de vita Martini.

Paulinus episcopus vitam S. Martini prosa & carmine scripsit.

Libri quatuor de vita S. Martini à Fortunato versibus scripti.

Methodius L. Nicolai vitam scripsit, quam Joannes

Barrensis ecclesiæ.

diaconus in Latinam linguam transtulit, & plurima addidit à Methodio intacta.

Ex vita Joannis, Andreae, & Thomæ, autore Mellitone episcopo.

Leucius scripsit vitam Joannis evang. Andreae, & Thomæ.

Vita S. Mauri, autore Fausto.

Vita Silvestri papæ ex Eusebio translata.

Epistola Helenæ ad Constantinum.

Dº. semper Aug. filio Constantino mater Helena semper Augusta.

Veritatem sapientis animus non recusat, nec fides recta aliquando patitur quamcunque jacturam. Principium
epistolæ.

Ex vita S. Wandragesili.

Pag. 110.

Et S. Anachorita & presbyter Condedus Britannia insula ortus.

Ex Memoriale historiarum Claudii presbyteri, ut arbitror, Galli.

Hic Brennus maximam postea Galliarum partem tenuit sibi subjectam, utpote Allobrogas & Senonenses.

Lelius Hanto, unde Hantonia.

Cæsaris sepulchrum nunc acus S. Petri dicitur.

^a Sic.

Godefridi

Godefridi Parmensis liber de descriptione urbis.

☞ Hoc tempore obiit Octavius, rex Brittonum, & regnavit Maximus gener ejus, filius Leonini, avunculi Constantini.

Gratianus

Grannus quidam ex ducibus Maximi cognita ejus morte Britanniam occupavit.

Heraclidis ad Laufum liber cui titulus paradifus.

Sollius Sidonius Apollinaris composuit hymnum: Pange
"lingua gloriosi praelium certaminis."

Alcuinus scripsit vitam Vedasti, Attrabatensis episcopi.

Machutus, qui & Maclovius, in Britannia claruit.

Fortunatus scripsit vitam S. Germani.

Campus nomine Hedfelde.

Otho Viennensis historicus.

Libri ab Alcuino scripti:

De Trinitate libri tres ad Carolum.

Item super Genesim liber unus.

Super Cantica Canticorum 1^{us}.

Super Ecclesiasten 1^{us}.

Septem libri super Joannem.

Super epistolam ad Hebraeos.

Ad Eulaliam virginem.

Liber dialogorum ad discipulos.

Liber Sententiarum.

Helinandus historicus.

Jonæ liber de cruce adoranda.

Franconis liber de quadratura circuli.

Pag. 111.

Fulcherius

Raymundus } scriptores historiæ Antiochenæ.

Gualterus

Baldricus, episcopus Dolensis, scripsit histor: Hierosolymitanam.

Ptolemæis civitas, nunc Acon.

Guibertus abbas S. Augustini de Bristow.

Endegardis sine præceptore didicit Latine scribere.

Nicolaus Alban Anglus, postea Adrianus papa dictus.

Jo: Sarisbiriensis vitam S. Thomæ scripsit.

Barbicania castellum in Gallia.

Anno D. M.CC.XVII. corpus inclyti regis Britanniae Arc-turi, quod vi^o. annis & amplius fuerat amissum. inventum est in ecclesia b^æ. Mariæ de Glastenbiry.

Gualterus, archiepiscopus Senonensis, scripsit historiam de Sancta cruce, quæ cantatur in ecclesiis.

Fulgerius scripsit carmen de virgine.] *Stirps Jesse.*

Pag. 112. vacat.

Ex

Ex li^o. veteri, quem mutuo sumpsi à Taliboto.

Pag. 113.

Carmina Abbonis monachi, natione Itali, numero septuaginta, dedicata vero D. Dunstano episcopo Anglo. Scripta erant majusculis literis Romanis, primis, mediis, & ultimis minio coloratis. Ita ut in unoquoque carmine eadem litera & principium, & medium, & finem obtineret. Mihi certe videbantur ejus rei speciem referre, quam nos vulgo computum manualement appellamus.

Ibidem libellulus cui titulus erat, Cœna Cypriani episcopi.

Ibidem.

mealc i. i. l. i. fn. o. c. a. l. cc. i. s. e. tt. i.
 Muulc xi. xi. l. xi. fn. mix. c. i. l. cc. xi. f. u. tt. xi.
 m. o. c. i. l. a. d. o. s.
 m. mix. c. xi. l. i. d. mix. f.

c ū v o b i s i p s i s m y s t e r i a v r ā
 C. xx. u. xiiii. b. ix. f. ixp. sixs. myst. u. r. ix. i. ūr. i.
 n o t a t i s n o n q u i c u
 n. xiiii. t. i. t. ix. f. xiiii. xiiii. xiii. xvi. xx. ix. m. xx.
 n que v i d e t l e g e t s i
 xiii. xvi. xx. ix. iiii. v. xix. xi. v. vñ. v. xix. xviii. ix.
 d o c t i o r e x t e t.
 iiii. xiiii. m. xix. ix. xiiii. xvii. v. xxi. xix. v. xix.
 ivx. mx. xx. m. xx. mx. mx. xix. xiiiixivñvx, m vx. v.
 ñvx. xix. xx. i. xix. iiiiñvñiiii vx. xix. xi. n. v. xixix.

Ibidem.

Doctiff. figura edita à Bryghtferdo, monacho Ramesiensis cœnobii, de concordia mensium & elementorum.

Ejusdem procemium & commentariolus in librum Bedæ de temporibus. In hoc commentario doctas excogitavit figuras.

Ibidem.

Calendarium, in quo festi dies per singulos menses carminibus notantur. Videtur (quamvis pro certo affirmare non auserim) hoc calendarium à Bryghtferdo fuisse scriptum. Ita enim illius commentario in librum Bedæ de natura rerum adhæret, sed sine authoris nomine. Quisquis scripsit non indocte scripsit.

Januar. **K**. Kalendæ Januar. secundum Senecam. **L**. Ianuarius secundum Senecam.

Nonæ Januar. **IX**. Nonæ. **VII**. Nonas. **III**. Nonis. **Z**. Idus Januar. **K**.

Febr. Februarius à Februo id est, Plutone, nuncupatus.

K. Februarius. **IV**. Kalendæ Febru. **V**. Nonæ Febru. **B**. Idus Febr.

Mart. **Z**. Martius. **IV**. Kalendæ Mart. **VII**. Nonæ Mart. **B**. Idus Mart.

April. **IIII**. Aprilis. **IV**. Kalendæ April. **VII**. Nonæ. **B**. Idus April.

Maius. **V**. Maius secundum Senecam. **IV**. Kalend. Maiæ. **III**. Idus Mai.

Junius. **IIII**. Junius. **IV**. Kalend. Jun. **VII**. Nonæ Jun. **B**. Idus Jun.

Jul. **L**. Julius secundum Senecam. **IV**. Kalend. Jul. **VII**. Nonæ Jul. **B**. Idus Jul.

Augustus. **IIII**. Augustus secundum Senecam. **III**. Kalend. Aug. **VII**. Nonæ Aug. **B**. Idus Aug.

Septemb. **III**. September secundum Senecam. **III**. Kalendæ Septemb. **VII**. Nonæ

Septemb. **B**. Idus Septemb.

October. **C**. October secundum Senecam. **VI**. Kalendæ secundum Senecam.

V. Nonæ Octob. **PO**. Idus Octob.

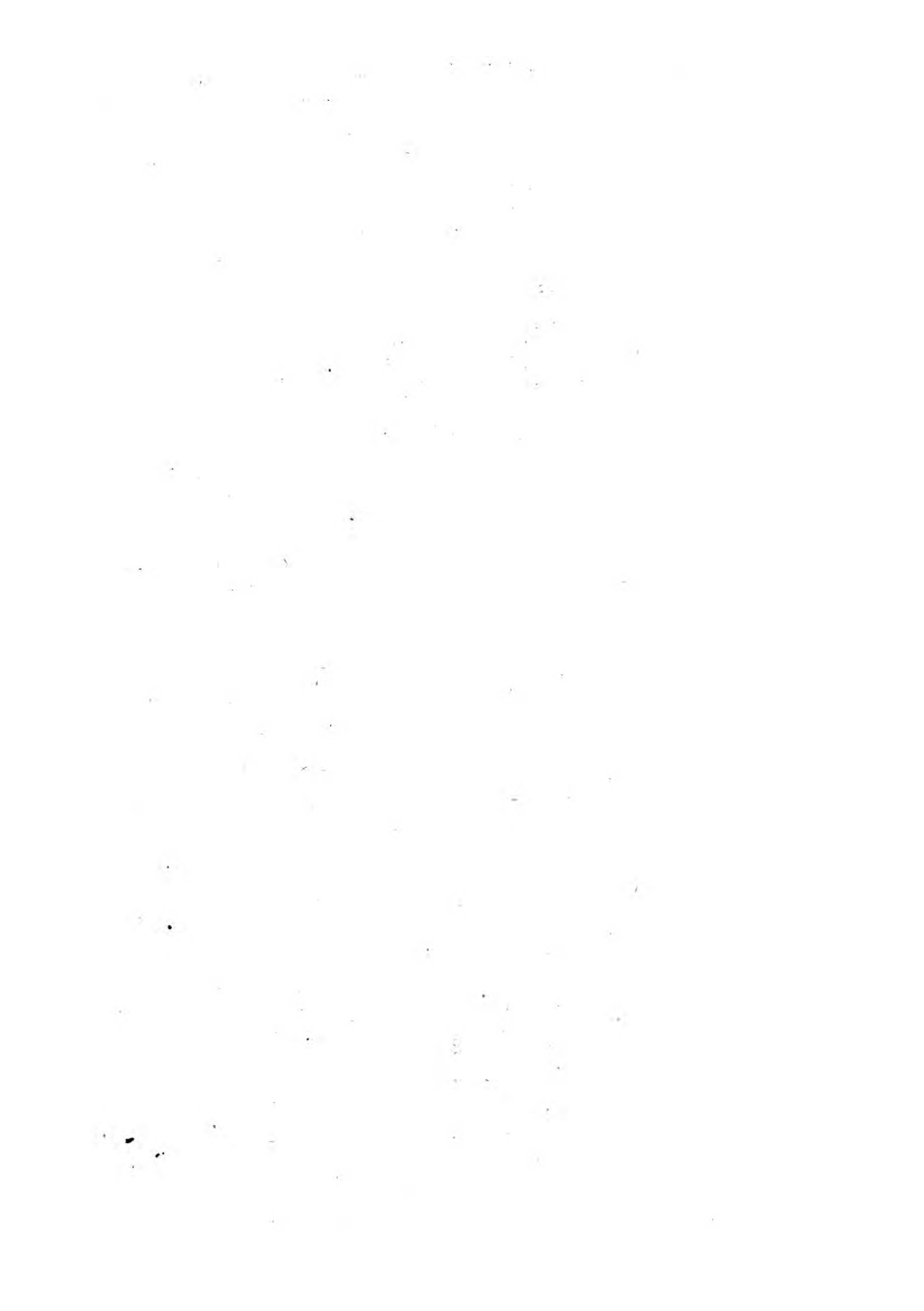
November. **IIII**. November secundum Senecam. **IIII**. Kalendæ Novemb.

VII. Nonæ Novemb. **B**. Idus Novemb.

December. **III**. December secundum Senecam. **VI**. Kalend. Decemb.

NO

Post hæc multa sequuntur de circulo Paschali, & de abaco,
Insuper de asse, & de ejus partibus.



Pag. 116.

Gersey et Garnesky.

Ecclesia Christi.

Vectis.

raforum ubi

*Illaria habet
impus. Unam
em ecclesiam.
nem et pecoris.
caret*

ctum.

116.

Liber parvus, quem Beda primum de temporibus scripsit, Pag. 1154
 continens capitula 28°.

Liber quem Beda secundo edidit de temporibus.

*Ibidem in li^o de temporibus c. 7°. hæc, quæ sequuntur,
 in margine scripta erant :*

<i>Nomina dierum se- cundum Hebræos.</i>	<i>Nomina dierum se- cundum Anglos.</i>	<i>Nomina dierum se- cundum Scottos.</i>
Prima sabbati.	Sunnandæg.	Dies Serol.
Secunda sabbati.	Monendæg.	Diu luna.
Tertia sabbati.	Tipefdæ.	Diu Mart.
Quarti sabbati.	Ɔodnesdeg.	Diu Jath.
Quinta sabbati.	Ɔunresdeg.	Diu Ethamorf.
Sexta sabbati.	Frigedeg.	Diu Triach.
	Saterdeg.	Diu Satur.

Chronicon Bedæ ab Adam incipiens & desinens in Theo-
 dosio & Leone imperatoribus.

Liber Heririci monachi de expositione compoti, non mul-
 tum dissimilis libro Bedæ de temporibus.

Dionysius de festo Paschali.

Tractatulus de jactu alearum.

Grammatica incerto autore.

*A pag. 116. usque ad pag. 153, (exclusive) sequuntur
 observationes aliquammultæ præstantissimæ ad Bri-
 tanniam nostram, præcipue vero ad agros Cornubien-
 sem, Cantianum, Herefordiensemque spectantes, inter
 quas etiam urbis Londniensis rudis conspicitur figura.
 Has tamen omnes ideo omittimus, quoniam jam an-
 tea edidimus ad pag. 91. septimi vol. Itinerarii Le-
 landi.*

*Ex libr: incerti autoris de vita S. Joannis archiepiscopi Ebor: Pag. 153.
 sive de antiquitate Beverlacensi, quem in 3. divisit partes.*

Ex 1. parte.

In Bernicia est Hexham, Richemont, Carlel, & Copland.

In Deira est Eboracum, & Beverlic, & multa alia loca
 nominatiff.

Antiquitus sola illa patria, quæ est introclusa mari orient.
 Deirwenta & Humbra Deira vocabatur, nunc vero Estridingia.

Deirwent, id est, Deiræ, vel Deiorum vadum, notorie
 vocatur.

Cava Deira respectu altioris inter mare & Humbriam, &
 quia extenditur instar nasi, additur ab incolis hæc syllaba
 nesse, & dicitur vulgariter Holdernes.



Coifi archiflamen ultimus paganici ritus Ebor:
 Godmundingham locus idolorum non longe ab Eboraco
 ad orient: plagam ultra flu: Dargwent.

Paulinus baptifavit in Trenta flu: juxta civitatem Tiowl-
 fingacefter.

S. Joannes, archiepifcopus Ebor: natus (ut vulgo credi-
 tur) in villa de Harpham.

Folchardus Cantuar: fcripfit vitam D. Joannis archiepif-
 copi Ebor:

S. Joannes primus doct̄or Theolog. in Oxonia.

Beda difcipulus divi Joannis.

D. Joannes difcipulus Theodori, archi: Cantuar:

Harneshal
 fuper Ti-
 nam.

S. Joannes fuit heremita apud Harneshalg, i. e. montem
 Aquilæ, fuper ripam Tine prope Hexam.

Alfridus rex fautor S. Joannis.

S. Joannes fuffecit Eatæ, epifcopo Haugufalden.

S. Joannes frequentabat oratorium S. Michaëlis prope
 Hexham.

Pag. 154.

S. Joannes factus archiepifcopus Ebor:

Herebaldus difcipulus S. Joannis comesque individuus.

Brithunus, poſtea abbas Beverlac: difcipulus S. Joannis.

S. Sigga, diaconus S. Joannis.

Wilfridus junior poſtea archi: Ebor: difcipulus S. Joannis.

Hereburgus abbatiffa de Wetandun.

Quenburgis monacha de Wetandun curata à D. Joanne.

Deirewald locus nemoroſus, id eſt, fylva Deirorum, poſtea
 Beverlac, quaſi locus, vel lacus, caſtorum dictus à caſtori-
 bus quibus Hulla aqua vicina abundabat.

S. Joannes reperit in Beverlic eccl: parochialem S. Joanni
 evangel: facram. Acquiſito hujus loci ſitu & dominio præ-
 dictam eccl: auctam in monaſterium convertit, & monachis
 assignavit.

Charnel-
 lum S. Mar-
 tini.

Preſbyterium, hoc eſt, chorum eccl: de novo ibi conſtruxit,
 habente priori eccl: S. Joann: locum in navi eccl: Fabricavit
 ad australem prædictæ eccl: oritorium S. Martini, ubi poſtea
 moniales collocavit. Aſſociavit monaſteriis iſtis ſeptem præ-
 byteros & totidem clericos in navi eccl: S. Joannis.

S. Joannes acquiſivit ſuis monaſteriis manerium de Ridinges.
 Ex tunc conſtruxit eccl: S. Nicolai in fundo domini ſui.

Pag. 155.

Puch comes quidam habens manerium apud australem
 Burton 2. paſſ. mil. à Beverlic.

Yolfrida, filia comitis Puch, monialis facta apud Beverlic,
 cujus matrem liberaverat S. Joannes ab ægritudine.

Puch dedit cum filia maner: de Walkington.

Yolfrida obiit 3. Id. Mart: anno D. 742. cujus oſſa ſepulta
 S. Beverlaci.

Addi,

Addi, comes de boreali Burton, dedit bor, Burton cum ejusdem eccl: advocatione eccl: de Beverlic tempore S. Joannis archiepiscopi.

Post hæc constructæ capellæ in Lekingfeld & Scorburch quæ fuerunt in parochia de Burton, quæ processu temporis factæ sunt eccl. parochiales.

Herebaldus, discipulus S. Joan: abbas de Tynmuth.

Osfredus rex ob amorem S. Joannis dedit Dalton eccl: Ebor: in qua villa eatenus fuerat manerium regis.

S. Joannes relicto episc: 4. annos transegit in Beverlac:

S. Joannes comparavit eccl: de Beverlic terras in Midleton, in Welwik, in Bilton, & Patrington.

Obiit Brithunus 1^s. abbas Beverlac: Idibus Maii anno D. 733. & sepultus juxta S. Joannem.

Winwaldus monachus ejusdem loci abbas 2. obiit anno D. 751.

Wulfeth 3. abbas Beverlac: obiit anno D. 773.

Ceterorum abbatum nomina ignota.

Anno 146. à deposit: S. Joannis destructum monaster: Beverlac: à Danis, cum libris & ornamentis omnibus.

Monaster: de Beverlac mansit triennio desolatum. Postea Pag. 156^g redierunt presbyteri & clerici ad Beverlac, & locum reparaverunt.

Ex 2. parte.

Beverlac: villa sita in hundreda de Suecolfros.

Athelstanus rex venit ad Beverlac, & victis Scottis novum ibidem collegium instituit canonicorum secularium.

Villa S. Joannis in Scotia sic nominata ab Athelstano ob amorem quem habuit erga eccl: S. Joannis Beverlac:

Adelstanus terras eccl: Beverlac: dedit in Brandesburton & Lokington.

Rex Athelstanus ^a suum jus de ^b Hēstrasfla, id est, de pabulo equorum, quod ei in Estriding singulis annis solvebatur. Traue car-
rucarum.

S. Joannis vexillum assumptum ab Athelstano quo tempore debellavit Scottos.

Athelstanus signum quærens quo jure dinosceret Scottos subjectos jure Anglis, gladio alte vulneravit saxum apud Dunbar.

Deira quæ clauditur uno latere flu: Darwent, ex altero Humbre flu: ex 3. latere ma: septentr: vel orient:

Charta ibidem Æthelstani regis de immunitate & libertate, denique asylo terrarum S. Joannis, Saxonice scripta.

Crux ultra vallem Molecroft, una metarum pacis & asyli S. Joannis.

^a Deest aliquid. ^b Horstrassa supra lin. in excerptis Galeanis.

Æthelstanus rex statuit, ut Beverlacus esset caput totius Estringiæ.

Athelstanus hæc privilegia confirmavit anno D. 938. & à deposit: S. Joannis 217.

Ab hoc tempore devenit villa Beverlaci esse amplior, & populi magnus fuit confluxus.

Pag. 157. His temporibus confluyente populo consensu canonicorum Beverlac: constructæ sunt 2. capellæ Ebor: una in honore B. Mariæ, alia in honore S. Thomæ apostoli, salvo jure matricis eccl:

Alfricus 17. archiepiscopus Ebor: transtulit ossa S. Joannis.

Annulus cum fragmentis libri evangeliorum inventus in sarcophago S. Joannis.

Facta est translatio anno à deposit: Joannis 316. anno D. 1037. 8. Cal. Novembr: tempore Edwardi ante quam reg: consec: fuisset dignit:

Hæc scriptura inventa postea in theca reliquiarum S. Joannis. "Anno D. 1188. mense Septembr: combusta fuit " eccl: S. Joannis in sequenti nocte post festum Mathei apo: " stoli." Translata sunt eodem tempore ossa S. Brithuni, ab: batis Beverlac.

Hic Alfridus, episcopus Ebor: ordinavit 3. officarios in eccl: Beverlac: Sacristam, Cancellarium, & Præcentorem; habitum cano: gestaturos.

Hic Alfridus acquisivit à quodam Fortio divite pecunia sua terram apud Midleton, Holme, & Fridaythorp.

Hic etiam Alfridus ab Edwardo rege impetravit, ut 3. feriæ annuæ essent Beverlac: Hic etiam consuetudinem fecerunt, ut vicini nobiliores ter in anno jejuni & discalciati reliquias S. Joannis intra & extra villam sequerentur. Hic etiam refect: & dormitorium deposuit abud Beverlac fabricari; sed morte præventus est.

Kinsius, archiepiscopus Ebor: turrim in eccl: excelsam fabricavit apud Beverlac:

Pag. 158. Aldredus, archi: Ebor: refector: & dormitorium in Bederna Ebor: perfecit.

Edwardus rex instantia Aldredi dedit eccl: Beverlac: dominium in Leven.

Hic primus septem canonicos fecit præbendarios.

Hic etiam præbendariis certa loca assign: & vicarios eis designavit.

Hic Aldredus veterem eccl: novo presbyterio decoravit.

Hic etiam addidit 8^m. præbendarium.

Hic à presbyterio ad turrim totam eccl: pictorio opere, quod cælum appellabat, exornavit.

Hic supra ostium chori pulpitem ære, "auro", argento, auro, mirabili opere Theutonico exornavit,

Ex 3. parte.

Alueredus historicus, sacrista & thesaur: Beverlac: scripsit historiam de rebus Anglicis.

Rex Gul: primus fixerat tentoria 7. mil. pass. ab Beverlaco.

Thurstinus, miles Gul. 1ⁱ. insequutus est veteranum in eccl: Beverlac: stricto gladio, & ibi miserr. morbo correptus est.

Gul: 1^s. dedit Siglesthorn eccl: Beverlac: & præcepit ne ejus exerc: eccl: Beverlac læderent.

Gul: 1^s. rex Marcharo comiti & Gamello filio Osberni.

Thomas senior, archi: Ebor: dedit Thomæ juniore, nepoti suo, propter discordiam canonic: novam dignitatem, i. e. præposituram de Beverlac: ita tamen, ut neque vocem in cap^o. neque stallum choro haberet.

Locus, qui Bederna antiquitus dicebatur, nunc est domus præpositi, & nova Bederna adjuncta est ejus domui, ubi nunc sunt vicarii præbendariorum, quibus præpositus stipendia persolvit. Pag. 159.

Ex libello adjuncto de præpositis Beverlac:

Thomas junior 1^s.

Thurstinus 2^s. postea archi: Ebor: Hic primus archi: Ebor: habuit præbendam in Beverlac: & hanc dignit: retinere ejus success: archi: Ebor:

Thomas Normannus 3.

Robertus 4.

Thomas Beket 5^s.

Robertus 6.

Galfridus 7. temporibus Henrici 2ⁱ,

Simon 8.

Fulco Bossset 9.

Joannes Chesul 10.

Gulielmus Ebor: 11. tempore Henr: 3ⁱ. inde episcopus Sarum.

Joannes Maunsel 12. Hic fuit thesaur: Ebor:

Alanus 13.

Morganus 14.

Petrus de Chester 15.

Haymo de Charto alienigena 16. Hic fuit præpositura pri-
vatus, & postea factus est episcopus Gibennensis.

Robertus de Alburwik 17.

Magister Walterus 18.

Gul. de Melton 19.

Nicol: Hugate 20.

Gul: Delamar 21. tempore Eduardi 3ⁱ.

Richardus de Ravenfer 22. qui præposituram melioravit.

a Delend.

Adam

Æthelstanus rex statuit, ut Beverlacus esset caput totius Eſtridingiæ.

Athelstanus hæc privilegia confirmavit anno D. 938. & à deposit: S. Joannis 217.

Ab hoc tempore devenit villa Beverlaci esse amplior, & populi magnus fuit confluxus.

Pag. 157. His temporibus conflente populo consensu canonicorum Beverlac: constructæ sunt 2. capellæ Ebor: una in honore B. Mariæ, alia in honore S. Thomæ apostoli, salvo jure matricis eccl:

Alfricus 17. archiepiscopus Ebor: transtulit ossa S. Joannis.

Annulus cum fragmentis libri evangeliorum inventus in sarcophago S. Joannis.

Facta est translatio anno à deposit: Joannis 316. anno D. 1037. 8. Cal. Novembr: tempore Edwardi ante quam reg: confec: fuisset dignit:

Hæc scriptura inventa postea in theca reliquiarum S. Joannis. "Anno D. 1188. mense Septembr: combusta fuit "eccl: S. Joannis in sequenti nocte post festum Mathei apostoli." Translata sunt eodem tempore ossa S. Brithuni, abbatis Beverlac.

Hic Alfridus, episcopus Ebor: ordinavit 3. officarios in eccl: Beverlac: Sacristam, Cancellarium, & Præcentorem; habitum cano: gestaturos.

Hic Alfridus acquisivit à quodam Fortio divite pecunia sua terram apud Midleton, Holme, & Fridaythorp.

Hic etiam Alfridus ab Edwardo rege impetravit, ut 3. feriæ annuæ essent Beverlac: Hic etiam consuetudinem fecerunt, ut vicini nobiliores ter in anno jejuni & discalciati reliquias S. Joannis intra & extra villam sequerentur. Hic etiam refect: & dormitorium deposuit abud Beverlac fabricari; sed morte præventus est.

Kinſius, archiepiscopus Ebor: turrim in eccl: excelsam fabricavit apud Beverlac:

Pag. 158. Aldredus, archi: Ebor: refector: & dormitorium in Bederna Ebor: perfecit.

Edwardus rex instantia Aldredi dedit eccl: Beverlac: dominium in Leven.

Hic primus septem canonicos fecit præbendarios.

Hic etiam præbendariis certa loca assign: & vicarios eis designavit.

Hic Aldredus veterem eccl: novo presbyterio decoravit.

Hic etiam addidit 8^m. præbendarium.

Hic à presbyterio ad turrim totam eccl: pictorio opere, quod cœlum appellabat, exornavit.

Hic supra ostium chori pulpitum ære, "auro", argento, auro, mirabili opere Theutonico exornavit,

Ex 3. parte.

Alueredus historicus, sacrista & thesaur: Beverlac: scripsit historiam de rebus Anglicis.

Rex Gul: primus fixerat tentoria 7. mil. pass. ab Beverlaco.

Thurstinus, miles Gul. 1ⁱ. insequutus est veteranum in eccl: Beverlac: stricto gladio, & ibi miserr. morbo correptus est.

Gul: 1^s. dedit Siglesthorn eccl: Beverlac: & præcepit ne ejus exerc: eccl: Beverlac læderent.

Gul: 1^s. rex Marcharo comiti & Gamello filio Osberni.

Thomas senior, archi: Ebor: dedit Thomæ juniore, nepoti suo, propter discordiam canonic: novam dignitatem, i. e. præposituram de Beverlac: ita tamen, ut neque vocem in cap^o. neque stallum choro haberet.

Locus, qui Bederna antiquitus dicebatur, nunc est domus præpositi, & nova Bederna adjuncta est ejus domui, ubi nunc sunt vicarii præbendariorum, quibus præpositus stipendia persolvit. Pag. 159.

Ex libello adjuncto de præpositis Beverlac:

Thomas junior 1^s.

Thurstinus 2^s. postea archi: Ebor: Hic primus archi: Ebor: habuit præbendam in Beverlac: & hanc dignit: retinere ejus success: archi: Ebor:

Thomas Normannus 3.

Robertus 4.

Thomas Beket 5^s.

Robertus 6.

Galfridus 7. temporibus Henrici 2ⁱ.

Simon 8.

Fulco Bossset 9.

Joannes Chesul 10.

Gulielmus Ebor: 11. tempore Henr: 3ⁱ. inde episcopus Sarum.

Joannes Maunsel 12. Hic fuit thesaur: Ebor:

Alanus 13.

Morganus 14.

Petrus de Chester 15.

Haymo de Charto alienigena 16. Hic fuit præpositura privatus, & postea factus est episcopus Gibennensis.

Robertus de Alburwik 17.

Magister Walterus 18.

Gul. de Melton 19.

Nicol: Hugate 20.

Gul: Delamar 21. tempore Eduardi 3ⁱ.

Richardus de Ravenfer 22. qui præposituram melioravit.

a Delend.

Adam

Pag. 160.

Adam Limbergh 23.

Mr. Joannes Thoresby 24.

Mr. Robertus Manfeld 25.

Gul. Kinwolmarfch 26. postea thesaur: Angl:

Robertus Neville 27. Hic ædificavit turrim in Bederna tempore Henr: 6ⁱ.

Robertus Rolleston 28.

Joannes Gerningham 29. fuit thesaur: Ebor:

Laurentius Bouth 30. postea episcopus Dunelmen: & archi: Ebor:

Mr. Joannes Bouth 31. postea Exon: episcopus.

Henr. Webber 32.

Petrus Tastar alienigena 33.

Gul: Potman 34.

Hugo Trotter 35.

Thomas Dalby 37.

Thomas Winter 38.

Pag. 161. nonnulla lingua vernacula continet; quæ quum sint pars Itinerarii auctoris nostri, non abs re visum est edere in appendice ad 7. vol. Itinerarii, quod videfis.

Pag. 162:

Ex vita D. Joannis, archiepiscopi Ebor: autore Folchardo Durovernenfi.

^a
Hereburgis abbatissa monasterii de Vetandune.

Joannes dedicavit ecclesiam villæ de australi Burton.

Herebaldus, qui & postea monachus Tynemutensis, servus Joannis episcopi.

Joannes venit ad synodum indictam ab Osredo rege.

Brithunus abbas Beverlacensis.

Puch comes villam habebat vicinam Beverlegæ.

Adda comes habitans prope Beverley.

Herebaldus clericus Joannis, postea abbas Tinemutensis.

Mansit Joannes in episcopatu annis 33.

Resignavit episcopatum Wilfrido suo.

Obiit in Beverlege No. Maii anno D. 721^o.

Abbas de Swina invitatus à Brithuno Beverlegam venit.

Wolverdus presbyter ^a in monaster: Brithuni.

Quæ sanctimonialis de Esck.

Ex libro Gulielmi, clerici Beverlacensis, ad Thomam præpositum de miraculis Joannis, Ebor: archiepiscopi.

Trustinus nobilis dux una cum Nortomannis Beverlacum venit, oppidum spoliaturus petiit.

^a Bis occurrunt.

Guli-

Gulielmus nothus, rex Angl: munificus erga Beverlacenses.
Robertus de Stutevilla, dominus castri de Cotingham.

Ex libro fratris Hugonis monachi de Kirkestal de fundatione Pag. 163.

Fontanensis monasterii ad Joannem abbatem de Fontibus.

Hic Joannes
fuit 10^s. ab-
bas Fon-
tium.

Scripsi itaque quæ ex ore senioris, scilicet Serlonis monachi, audi.

Serlo monachus Fontanensis tunc temporis annos natus plus minus centum.

Monachi à Barnardo Clarevallens: in Angliam missi jaciunt fundamenta monasterii, quod Rievallis nominatur.

Erant autem qui egressi sunt cum eo viri 13. Richardus

S. Mariæ

prior Monasterii, Richardus sacrista, Ranulphus, Thomas, Gamellus, Haymo, Robertus de Suella, Galfridus, Walterus, Gregorius, Gervasius, Radulphus, Alexander. Adjunxit se eis socium monachus quidam de Whitby nomine Robertus, abbas postea & fundator novi monasterii.

Transmi-
gratio mo-
nacherum à
cœnobio S.
Mariæ Ebor:
ad Fontes
anno D.
1132. pri-
die Notas
Octobr:

Thurstinus, archiepiscopus Ebor: in patrimonio beati Petri aspirante deo, habitationis sedem eis assignat locum à cunctis retro seculis inhabitatum, spinis confitum, & inter convexa montium & scopulos hinc inde prominentes, ferarum latebris quam humanis usibus aptior. Et nomen loci Skeldale, hoc est vallis rivuli ibidem defluentis. Adjecit vir beatus vicum unum cum agris, nomine Suttonam, & hoc initium foundationis matris nostræ, quæ nunc Fontes nominatur.

Suttona di-
stat versus
boream 3.
mil. pass:
à Fontibus.

Richardus, olim prior monaster: S. Mariæ Ebor: primus abbas Fontium.

Ulmus erat vallis in medio, sub qua ad tempusculum monachi habitabant.

Hæc ulmus
ad huc vi-
get.

Panem illis Thurstinus episcopus, potum vero præterfluens rivulus ministrabat.

Galfridus Clarevallensis monachus à Barnardo Fontes missus.

Ulmus illa, sub qua diu confederant, duplex eis beneficium præstabat, hospitium in hieme, pulmentum in æstate.

Eustachius, filius Joannis, dominus castri de Knaresburg, transmisit ad monachos Fontenses rhedam onustam panibus.

Bernardus Clarevallensis, motus paupertate Fontensium, decreverat dare illis grangiam, nomine Longum vadum.

[Long-
forde.]
Pag. 164.

Hugo, decanus Ebor: cum omnibus fortunis suis Fontes se contulit. Dives erat in libris scripturarum sanctarum, quos sic domino procurante, multis sibi sumptibus & studio comparaverat. Hic primus armarioium de Fontibus felici auspicio suscitavit.

Serlo, canonicus Ebor: cum omnibus fortunis suis Fontes se contulit.

Tosti canonicus cum omnibus fortunis suis Fontes se contulit.

Post dies aliquot miles quidem de vicinia Robertus de Sartis Raghenildem sibi desponsaverat cum terris quibusdam quæ eam jure hereditario contingebant. Hii ambo divino

Herleshow nunc intra par- cum monasterii.

Warchfale mil: & 500. pas. à monaster: versus occidentem.

Caiton 3. pass: mil. à monaster: versus austrum. Vestigia manerii Serlonis & facelli ad huc comparent.

Aldeburgh ex parte boreali Uri flu: prope Masseham.

Serlo monachus, quo dic- tante, Hugo hæc scripsit.

pariter inspirati consilio villam suam, quæ Herleshow dicebatur, cum agris adjacentibus, & forestam, quæ Warchfale nominatur, pari voto & consensu monaster: de Fontibus contulerunt. Sepulti sunt inibi sepultura justorum.

Serlo de Penbrok habens in vicinia nostra villam nomine Caiton ex dono regis, contulit illam monaster: de Fontibus. Villa hæc reducta est in grangiam.

Serlo obiit Fontibus, & ibidem sepultus est.

Postea abbas adeptus est grangiam de Aldeburg.

Circa idem tempus ego Serlo valefaciens seculo Fontes me contuli sanctæ conversat. habitum suscepturus. Deus

bone! quanta tunc apud Fontes vitæ perfectio! quanta virtutis æmulatio! quis fervor ordinis! quæ forma disciplinæ!

Anno quinto à fundatione matris nostræ vir nobilis Ranulphus de Merley Fontes nostros visurus accessit, & postea in patrimonio suo novum monasterium construit. Hic primus palmes quem vinea nostra expandit.

Newmin- ster juxta Morpeth.

Domus hæc de novo fundata fecunditatem matris suæ æmulata est. Concepit & peperit, 3. de se filias faciens, Pipewellam, Salleiam, & Rupem.

Pag. 165. Quidam nobilis, Hugo nomine, filius Eudonis, consulto abbate de Fontibus divisit cum domino hereditatem, & locum nomine Kirkestede divinis usibus consecravit.

Alexander, episcopus Lincoln: locum quendam, Haverholm nomine, abbati de Fontibus in usum construendi monaster: consignavit.

Robertus de Suella factus abbas de Kirkestede.

Gervasius factus abbas de Haverholm.

Displicuit fratribus de Haverholm locus habitationis suæ, & commutatione facta, locum alterum, quem Parcum Ludæ nominant, de manu episcopi receperunt.

De domo, quæ vocatur Kirkstede, missus est conventus monachorum in Norwegiam, & construxerunt abbatiam, quæ Houethia nominatur. Sed & illa concepit & peperit aliam in eisdem partibus.

Albericus,

Albericus, Hostiensis episcopus, legatus in Angl: à pont: Ro: missus, Romam secum tulit Richardum primum abbatem Fontensem, virum admodum literatum, ubi mortuus est.

E secunda parte libri Hugonis.

Richardus, quondam cœnobii Mariani sacrista, factus est 2^s. abbas Fontensis.

Richardus 2. abbas Fontanensis obiit Clarevalli.

jubente Bernardo

Henricus Murdach, ut apparet ex ejus epistola, fit 3^s. abbas Fontensis. Hic Henricus postea factus est archiepiscopus Ebor:

Hujus Henrici tempore adjectæ sunt monaster: Fontensi 3.

^{Cow}
grangiæ, Culton, Kilneseia, & Martona.

☞ Hugo de Bolebec, homo potens & magnarum rerum, consilio Henrici abbatis, viculum quendam, Woburniam nomine, monaster: construendo designavit anno D. 1145.

Alanus factus abbas de Woburn [com. Bedf:] & hic unus ex his erat, qui de cœnobio Ebor: egressi sunt.

Sigwardus, episcopus Bergensis in Norwegia, in Angliam veniens, invisit monaster: Fontense, & conventum monachorum cum Ranulpho abbate secum deferendum mag: precibus obtinuit, & eundem Lifæ novo monasterio donavit anno Dⁱ. 1145.

Erat hic Ranulphus ex fratribus monaster: Ebor:

Ranulphus abbas de Lifæ deposito magistratu reversus est Pag. 166.
Fontes.

Anno Dⁱ. 1147. nobilis vir Henricus de Laceio, consulto abbate Fontensi, construxit monasterium in territorio Ebor: in loco, qui Bernolfwic dicebatur. Inter fratres, qui huc missi sunt, ego Serlo, homo decrepitus & ætate confectus, missus sum. Nos locum acceptum montem S. Mariæ nominavimus. Postea ab hoc loco incommoditate cœli & grassatorum migravimus ad locum alterum, qui nunc Kirkestal nominatur.

Prior autem sedes redacta est in grangiam.

Alexander, frater uterinus Richardi, 2. abbatis de Fontibus, unus de fratribus Ebor: monaster: primus abbas Montis Mariæ.

Anno D. 1147. fundata est abbatiade Biham, quæ nunc Vallis dei nominatur. Fundator hujus monaster: fuit Gulielmus, comes Albæmarlæ.

Guarinus primus abbas Vallis dei.

Anno D. 1150. Gulielmus, comes Albæmarlæ, fundavit abbatiam de Melfa in territorio Ebor:

O 2

Cowton in
episcopatu
Dunelmensi
Kilneseia
in Craven.
Martona 3.
passi: mill: à
Ripona ver-
sus boream.

Bernolfwik,
alias Ber-
wik, in Hel-
met, 2. pass:
mil: versus
occidentem
ab Abre-
forth.

Adam

Melfa in
Holder-
nesse.

Adam primus abbas de Melfa. Hæc noviss: filiarum quam peperit mater nostra.

Hæc soboles matris nostræ octo genuit filias: sex neptes suscepit ex iis.

Lis maxima orta ex depositione Gul: archiepiscopi Ebor:

Milites, qui favebant Gulielmi partibus, armata manu Fontes veniunt, Henricum, abbatem Fontensem, tanquam dejectionis Gul: autorem disquirunt, sed non invento eo monasterium Fontense incendunt & diripiunt, relicto oratorio tantum semiustulato. Henricus, abbas Fontensis, electus in archiepiscopum Ebor: Claramvallem se contulit ad Barnardum. Deinde Eugenium, Pontificem Ro: Treveris convenit.

Mauritius, monachus Rievallensis, post Henricum fit abbas Fontium. Hic curam paulo post resignavit Thoraldo, monacho etiam Rievallensi, homini in scripturis sacris non mediocriter edocto, & in liberalibus studiis apprime erudito.

Thoraldus resignato officio Rievallem reversus est.

Erat tunc temporis in monaster: Clarevallensi præcentor quidam, Richardus nomine, abbas quondam Vallis claræ, natione Anglicus, de civitate Ebor: oriundus, vir vitæ probatæ & religionis consummatæ, familiaris admodum, provitæ merito, S. patri Bernardo, & Henrico, archiepiscopo Ebor: Hic Richardus opera Barnardi factus abbas Fontium.

Gulielmus, mortuo Henrico, factus est archiepiscopus Ebor: Gul: in gratiam rediit cum monachis Fontium.

Inde Eboracum discedens Gul: archiepiscopus, prima sessione sacris altaribus assistens inter offerendum sacro, ut dicitur, in calice veneno extinctus est.

Mortuo Richardo abbate, successit ei Robertus, abbas de Pipewelle. Præfuit Fontibus novem annis. Obiit Woburnæ, sepultus est Fontibus.

Gul: abbas Novi monaster: factus est abbas Fontium.

Fuerat hic primo canonicus de Gifeburne.

Præfuit Fontibus decem annis.

Huc usque dictavit Serlo senex.

Successit Radulphus, vir omni laude dignus, ex milite factus monachus

Sunwulphus conversus vir mag: sanctitatis apud Fontes.

Hugo, autor hujus operis, monachos factus sub hoc Radulpho cum esset abbas de Kirkestal: cui præfuit novem annis.

Gaufridus Hageh, frater germanus Radulphi, abbatis Fontium, dedit cum corpore suo ad sepulturam villam de Thorp, quam monachi amotis accolis redegerunt in grangiam.

Joannes de Eboraco factus abbas Fontium, mortuo Radulpho, aggressus est pro magnitudine animi opus magnum inchoare, novam scilicet fabricam ecclesiæ Fontensis, opus inusitatum

Thorp Underwood 6. mil: passuum in ripa Uri flui: supra Ebor:

inustitatum & admirandum; feliciter inchoatum, sed felicius consummatum.

Successit Joanni alter Joannes, qui inceptam fabricam pro- Pag. 168.
vexit. Hic postea factus est episcopus Eliensis.

Successit in abbatia Fontium Joannes de Cantia, qui novam basilicam consummavit, & altaria novem instituit. Addidit & novo operi pictum pavementum. Claustrum novum construxit, & infirmitorium. Porro xenodochium pauperum, sicut hactenus cernitur, venustissime fabricavit in introitu primæ areæ versus austrum.

Novem altaria in tranversa insula orientalissimæ partis ecclesiæ, ubi multæ columnæ ex nigro marmore albis maculis & magnis intersperso.

Erant & in capitulo Fontium & in refectorio magnæ columnæ ejusdem marmoris.

Præfuit Fontibus 28. annis.

Successit Joanni Stephanus de Efton, abbas Novi monasterii.

Ex libro de vita S. Wilfridi.

Pag. 169.

Terræ datæ S. Wilfrido à regibus juxta Ribel: flu: id est,

Hacmundernes, & in ^{dene} Geding, & in regione Dunutinga, &
in Aetlevum, in ceterisque locis.

Ecfridus rex ad huc juvenis cum Berneth quodam subregulo, ejus amico, Pictorum ingentem numerum parva manu stravit, & duo flu: cadaveribus interfectorum replevit.

Wilfridus adeptus est locum à regina S^a. *Æþildryþe* condendo monaster: Hagustaldun.

Berthwald, frater Ethelredi, regis Merciorum, Wilfridum exulem hospitio excepit.

Wilfridus misit Badwinum presbyterum & abbatem, magistrumque Alfridum nuntios ad Alfridum, regem Northumbr:

Berthwaldus, archiepiscopus Cantuar: synodum congregavit in partibus Aquilonis juxta flu: Nid ab oriente, ubi rex erat cum principibus, & abbatibus, & beata Elfreda.

Berectfridus princeps secundus à rege in synodo.

Synodus in campo nomine Eostrefeld.

Berectfridus una cum regio puero Alfridi obsessus in Bebbanberg, vovit, se satisfacturum Wilfrido, si hostes recederent, & regius puer aliquando paterno potiretur folio.

Wilfridus designavit Tatbertum comitem suum individuum præfectum (si ipse forte moreretur) Ripensi ecclesiæ.

Tibba & Eabba monitu Ceolredi, regis Merciorum, invitabant Wilfridum ut in partes Merciorum veniret.

Postremo ad monasterium ejus, quod in Undalum positum est, in quo olim Andreæ apostoli dedicavit ecclesiam, Wilfridus pervenit, ubi paulo post obiit.

Bacula abbas inter ceteros corpus Wilfridi syndone involvit.
Pag. 170. Vixit Wilfridus in episcopatu annos 46.

Tatbertus fit præfectus Ripensis ecclesiæ.

Wilfridi corpus perductum ad Ripensem ecclesiam.

Nobiles quidam exules combusserunt cœnobium in Undalum, ubi Wilfridus obiit, excepta una domo, in qua Wilfridus obiit. Illam nullis ^a fomentis adjectis comburere poterunt.

Monasterium de Undalum erat magna sepi spinea ^b circumdata: quæ etiam conflagravit, sed crux lignea ibi posita, ubi Wilfridi corpus ligneo balneo collatum fuit, à circumlambentibus flammis intacta permanfit.

Erat in Sacro vestiario Ripoduni liber Petri Blefensis de vita S. Wilfridi, dedicatus Galfredo archiepiscopo Ebor:

Ex libello de privilegiis ab Æthelstano rege Ripensi ecclesiæ concessis.

Athelstanus sanctuarium Riponensi ecclesiæ concessit, & terminos hinc inde ad unum miliare extra oppidum sanctuario designavit: quorum unus appellatus crux Athelstani.

Athelstanus dedit ecclesiæ Ripensi easdem libertates quas dedit ecclesiæ Beverlacensi.

Qui pacem sanctuarii intra ecclesiam Ripensem violaverit reus sit bonorum omnium & vitæ.

Ethelstanus venit cum omni exercitu ad ecclesiam S. Wilfridi in Ripon.

Voluerat Osbertus, vicecomes Ebor: vim tulisse libertati Ripensis ecclesiæ anno Dⁱ. 1106. sed Gerardus archiepiscopus rem regi detulit. Venerunt igitur à rege missi Robertus episcopus Lincoln: Radulphus Bassete, Galfridus Ridel, Radulphus Lemeschin, & Petrus de Valtoniis, qui causam ventilarent, & tandem jura Wilfridi libera esse statuerunt.

Pag. 171.

Lagman, id est, legislator.

Habeant omnes pacem in festo Petri & Pentecostes eundo & redeundo ad ecclesiam Ripensem.

Ex vita Wilfridi, autore Petro Blefensi, quod opus Galfrido, archiepiscopo Ebor: dedic:

Construxit ecclesiam in Ripis ad honorem Petri.

Magnates, qui aderant in consecratione, terras plurimas in dotem eccl: contulerunt, scilicet Rible, & Hafmundesham, & Marchesiæ, & in regione Duninga.

Idem quoque vir dei quatuor evangelia, & bibliothecam, pluresque libros novi ac vet: testamenti, cum tabulis, tectis

^a Rectius, fomitibus. ^b F. circumdatum: quæ etiam.

auro puriss: & pretiosis gemmis, mirabili artificio fabrefactis, ad honorem Dei, & sui nominis memoriam, præsentavit.

Pag. 172. vacat.

*Ex revelatione Elisabethæ virginis sacra Sconaugiani
monasterii diœcesis Trevirensis.*

Pag. 173.

Ante hæc tempora jacuerunt martyres sine honore sub pedibus hominum & jumentorum fecus muros urbis Coloniae. Accidit ut viri quidam ibidem manentes accederent ad locum martyrii, & aperirent multa monumenta sanctorum corporum, atque ea sublata inde transferrent ad loca religiosa, quæ erant in circuitu, sicut à Domino fuerat ordinatum.

Anno D. 1156. imperante Frederico, & Arnolde secundo Coloniensi ecclesiæ præsidenti, inter ceteras una pretiosa martyr ibidem inventa est, in cujus sepultura titulus talis legebatur: "Sancta Verena, virgo & martyr." Et hæc inde translata ad Sconaugianum monasterium.

Cæsarius martyr una translatus cum Verena Sconagiam.

Cæsarius miles filius materteræ Verenæ virginis.

Verena Cæsarium ad martyrium exhortata est.

In tempore eodem, quo prædicti duo martyres inventi sunt, inter sepulchra virginum multa corpora Sanctorum, episcoporum, atque aliorum magnorum virorum: erantque in monumentis singulorum repositi lapides, habentes titulos sibi inscriptos, ex quibus dinoscebatur, qui aut unde fuissent. Horum præcipuos ac maxime notabiles transmisit ad me ex prædicta urbe præfatus abbas.

Pantalus, episcopus Basiliensis, socium se adjunxit virginibus Romam proficiscentibus, qui & postea cum eis martyrium tulit.

Pater beatæ Urfulæ rex Britanniaë Scotiaë Maurus nomine.

S. Ciriacus, pontifex Ro: una cum virginibus Coloniae occisus. Hic Ciriacus postea Anterus dictus.

Cordula martyr.

Mauricius, episcopus Lavicanus, erat avunculus duarum virginum, Babilæ & Julianæ.

Claudius Spoletanus diaconus, & Focatus ejus frater secuti sunt virgines, & una passi sunt.

S. Foillanus Lucensis episcopus.

S. Simplicius Ravennatensis episcopus.

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Inscriptio.

Hic jacet in terris Etherius, qui vixit ann: 25.

Etherius rex sponfus Urfulæ reginæ.

Demetria mater Etherii, Agrippinus vero pater, Florentina soror ejusdem.

a Subintellige, reperta fuerunt,

Axpara

Axpara filia materteræ Etherii.

Etherius rex, qui erat manens in Britannia Anglica, admonitus fuit, ut Demetriadem matrem curaret sacro ^a regenerandam fonte, id quod fecit.

Etherius, relicta Britannia, profectus est obviam Urfulæ uxori, una cum Demetria, & Florentina parvula sorore sua.

Clemens episcopus comes Etherii.

Albina & Emerentia sorores filiæ Aureliani comitis.

Adrianus filius cujusdam reguli comes Albinae & Emerentianæ.

Inscriptio.

Sancta Gerasina, quæ duxit virgines sacras, regina Siciliæ.

Babila, Juliana, Aurea, & Victoria sorores ac comites Adriani, filiæ Gerasinæ

Quintianus tyrannus, Gerasinæ maritus, per Gerasinam ex lupo fit ovis.

Gerasina in Britannia orta, & erat soror S. Maurifii episcopi, & Dariæ matris S. Urfulæ.

Gerasina, relicto regno, filio, & duabus puellis cum 4. reliquis filiabus Britanniam petiit, ut Urfulam comitaretur, ^b aut potius ut se ducem itineri exhiberet.

Maximus & Africanus, duces Romani, videntes chorum virginum in justam ^c exactam multitudinem, ne in religione Christiana evincerent, Julium, ducem Hunnorum, per literas admonet, ut turbam gladiis è medio ^d tollerent; id quod & Coloniae factum est.

Caput Verenæ olim sepultum in Eluinstat.

De Urfulæ sepulchro.

Non est levatum corpus ejus unquam super terram, nisi in diebus istis, & vere illic est, ubi servatur ejus superscriptio.

Verba Urfulæ ad Elisabetham.

Ego sum Urfula, & hæc quæ mecum stat soror Verena est filia patris mei cujusdam principis magni.

Aquilinus 4. post Martinum præfuit Coloniensi ecclesiæ, quo tempore undecim cecidere millia virginum.

Pag: 175.

Foillanus & Simplicius episcopi Aquilinum Coloniensem certiore faciant de adventu Urfulæ & virginum.

Verba Urfulæ.

Tyrannus Hunnorum Julius admonuit, et, relicto Christo, sibi & suis jungeremur. Unde recusantes occidit. Ego autem ictu sagittæ in corde meo percussa sum.

Aquilinus sollicitè martyrum funera curavit; & corpora terræ tradidit. ^c

Paulo post venit Dematius, vir venerabilis, et tulit corpora

^a Regenerandum MS. ^b Ut MS. ^c Exactam MS. ^d Tolerent MS. quædam,

quædam, quæ in loco quodam ad huc supererant, & sepelivit ea cum honore magno.

Pag. 176. vacat.

Ex libro cujusdam monachi S. Albani de vita S. Oswini.

Ofricus, rex Deirorum, pater Oswini.

Oswinus propinquus Edwini, clariss: regis Northumbrorum.

Mortuo Edwino, rege Northanhumb: successerunt ei 2. reges, quorum unus filius patris sui Elfrici erat Ofricus nomine. Alter filius Ethelfridi, qui ante Edwinum regnaverat, dictus Enfridus. Hii Northanhumb: gentem, secundum quod antiquitus erat, in duas provincias dividentes, Ofricus, Oswini pater, regis Deiorum, & Enfridus Berniciorum, sibi gubernacula quasi successiones jure vendicarunt.

Oswinus adolescens, interfecto à Ceadwallo rege Ofrico, exulavit per 10. annos apud occiduos Saxones.

Cedwalla tyrannice uno anno Northumbr: reg: gubernavit.

Oswaldus, Enfridi frater, ex Accha, sorore regis jam dicti Edwini, progenitus, devicto Ceadwallæ exercitu apud Denisburnam, non solum fratris Enfridi successor fuit in reg: Berniciorum, sed quasi Edwino avunculo suo ab intestato succedens, per novam annos utramque in unam Northanhumb: redigens, summa cum æquitate rexit.

Interfecto Oswaldo à Penda rege apud Maserfelde, successit ei frater ejus nothus Oswi, juvenis 30. agens annum, regnumque per annos 28. laboriosissime rexit.

Oswinus, teste Beda, aspectu venustus, statura sublimis, affatu jucundus, moribus civilis, & manu largus.

Oswinus regno Deiorum 7. annis max: rerum omnium affluentia præfuit.

Aidanus pont: Lindisfar: familiariss: Oswino.

Divisio reg: Northumbr: causa odii inter Oswi & Oswinum.

S, Aidanus episcopus studebat conciliare animos Oswi & Oswini. Pag. 178.

Exactis in regno 7. annis quiete, duos postremos inquietos habuit. Nam Oswi omnibus modis agebat, ut, extincto Oswino, solus in Northanhumb: regnaret.

Oswinus cum exercitu occurrit Oswio in Wilfaresdune, sed postea volens declinare effusionem sanguinis, noctu, solo comitatus Tondhere, Tylsii filio, in Gethlingum secessit ad domum Hunwaldi ducis, cui prædictum vicum & multa alia prædia donaverat, atque ab hoc fidum sibi autumaverat.

Hunwaldus Oswinum prodidit Oswio.

Oswius clam noctu Ethelwinum, domus suæ procuratorem, ad Hunwaldi domum cum armata manu misit, qui eo veniens Oswinum interfecit.

TOM. III.

P

Tilsius,

Pag. 177.

Autor operis fuit alio-
quanto tem-
pore, ut ipse-
met testa-
tur, prior
de Wimun-
delham.

Tilsius, Tondheri pater, Oswinum, impotem juvenem, in domo sua nutrit & docuit.

Oswinus à latere perfossus lancea obiit anno reg: ejus nono, 13. Cal. Septembr: in loco, qui dicitur Cethlingum, anno D. 651°.

Tondhere, Tilsi filius, obtulit se pro Oswino percutiendum, & postea cum rege suo occisus est. Sic Lilla, regis Edwini miles, ficarii dolum prævidens, sese mucroni fideliter opposuit, a dominum suum liberans, viriliter occubuit.

Regina Eanfleda, propinqua Oswini, postulavit à regē Oswi, ut donaret ibi locum monaster: construendo. Quo concesso, constructum est in Gethlingo monasterium, cui præfuit Trumhere jure abbatis, vir nat: Angl: sed ordinatus & edoctus à Scottis, qui & propinquus erat regis occisi. Qui vero postea sub rege Wulphero in provint: Merc: Lindisfarnorum & mediterraneum Anglorum episcopus effectus est.

Pag. 179. Corpus Oswini ab eis, qui truncaverant, delatum est ad ostium Tinæ flu: ibique in oratorio S. Mariæ sepulturæ traditum. In quo loco virorum illustrium mag: multitudo congregata erat, qui sub ordine regulari divino cultui serviebant. Qui quidem in tantam excreverat honoris eminentiam, ut si quis per infra jacentem provint: in fata concessisset, ad eundem locum pro reverent: & honore religiosæ gentis tumulandus deferretur.

Hynguar & Hubba hoc monaster: destruxerunt. Monachi metu persecut: fugerunt ad quandam ecclesiolam in fundo suo, quam S. Cuthebertus dedicaverat. Quo comperto, Dani ipsam eccl: & omnes qui in ea erant, igni succenderunt, & omne loci nobilis ædificium in campi planitiem redegerunt.

S. Aidanus episcopus non plus quam duodecim dies post occisionem regis Oswini, quem amabat, superfuit, id est, prid: Cal: Septembr: de seculo sublatu.

Ex libello de translatione S. Oswini.

Ostium Tinæ flu: locus ab incolis regionis ob eminentis rupis securitatem ab hostibus celebrius frequentatus.

Jacuit pene neglectum corpus Oswini regis usque ad tempora Tostii comitis, & Egelwini episcopi.

Erat autem Tostius ducis Cantix Godwini filius comes Northanhumbr: Sywardo comiti succedens, non testamenti beneficio sed S. Edwardi regis dono.

Eadmundo

Oswinus martyr apparuit in somnis ædituo veteris eccl: S. Mariæ de Tinemuth.

Juditha, uxor Tostii comitis, persuasit Egelwino, ut quæreret Oswini corpus.

a F: dominumque suum.

Inventio

Inventio corporis S. Oswini martyris anno ab ejus passione
414. anno D. 1065. quinto Id. Martii.

Anno eodem quo corpus S. Oswini translatum est, Thof-
tius comes, Angl: reg: expulsus, apud Balduinum, Flandren-
sem comitem, cujus filiam sibi matrimonio copulaverat, exu-
lavit. Et sequenti anno Haroldi, regis Angl: & fratris sui,
gladio cum Norreganorum rege Haroldo in loco, qui tunc
Stanfordbrid, nunc vero Pons belli dicitur, occisus est.

Pag. 180.
} Stene-
forde.
} Pons
belli.

Thofstio comite præscripto, hereditas ejus ad fiscum devo-
luta est.

Gul: rex dedit comit: Northumbr: Rodberto de Mulbray,
viro stemmatum longa serie generoso, statura quidem pro-
cero, & militaris probitatis elegantia glorioso.

Rodbertus Mulbray cœpit Oswinum excolere, & eccl: in
qua ejus corpus requiescebat, quia infra ambitum ejus castri
de Tinemuth erat fundorum & prædiorum copia, donavit, &
monachos de S. Albani monaster: assumptos inibi collocavit.
Cujus tamen monaster: de Tinemuth initia, ut dicitur, comes
Thofstius jecerat à fundamentis.

[Tinmouth
monaster:
fundatum.]

Corpus Oswini translatum in novum monasterium de Tine-
muth anno D. 1110. 13. Cal. Septembr.

Insula Coquedi flu: ostiis præjacens distat 20. pass: mil. à
Tinemuth.

Novum castellum olim Monkecester dicebatur.

Rodbertus tribunus militum Gul: bastardi regis.

Nigellus de Albeneio unus ducum

Lelandus.

Gul. regis cum esset in partibus North-
umbr: Nigellus de Walle miles in eo-
dem comitatu propinquus & charus Ni-
gello Albeneio.

Nigellus duxit filiam & he-
redem Mulbreiorum, unde, re-
lictò Albeneii nomine, ille &
ejus progenies Molbreii dicti.

Leowricus puer regnante Stephano
piscator in monaster. S. Oswini inter piscandum Scardeburgæ
captus, quo tempore Ranulphus, comes Cestrensis, summo
mane superveniens, die quadam villam ipsam de Scardeburg
armata manu confregit, & rapinis vastavit, ac inter ceteros
captivos Leowricus Maltonam in vinculis ducitur &c. Ut
Leowricus ope S. Oswini liberatus sit à vinculis.

Ruelendus prior de Tinemuth.

Pag. 181.

Robertus de Gorham abbas S. Albani.

Faramannus infitor novi castelli.

Potentum de Northumbr: potentiss: Odinellus de Umfram-
villa ad castelli sui refartienda tecta indebitis exactionibus vi-
cinos suos compellebat, & a in ceteros colonos maxime S.
martyris Oswini. Ausum autem tanti sceleris fovebat impu-
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ejus

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Hynguar & Hubba hoc monaster: destruxerunt. Monachi metu persecut: fugerunt ad quandam ecclesiolam in fundo suo, quam S. Cuthbertus dedicaverat. Quo comperto, Dani ipsam eccl: & omnes qui in ea erant, igni succenderunt, & omne loci nobilis ædificium in campi planitiem redegerunt.

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^a An inter?

P 2

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Erat autem in Colebrigia civitate fatelles regius, qui nec deum timebat, nec S. martyrem Oswinum reverebatur. Hunc jussit Odinellus rusticorum de Wilum possessiones invadere. Erant enim coloni S. martyri Oswini de Tinemuth, & non longe distabant à castello, ut vel sic eos compelleret venire ad ædificationem castelli.

Gervasius, abbas Westmonaster: Stephani, regis Angl: filius.

Steneleia villa.

Boldune villa.

Villa de Edenesburc.

Pag. 182. vacat.

Pag. 183. Henricus comes de Lancaster & de Leycester senescallus

Angl:

Gul: de Brewoufe dominus honoris de Brembre & de Gower.

Aimer de Valaunce counte de Penbroke, dominus de Weins' & de Montinakes.

Ex registro Henrici Prioris a.

Secunda Combustio Cantuar: ecclesiæ anno D. 1174.

Initium ord: Prædicatorum anno D. 1200.

Intitium ord: Minorum anno D. 1210.

Transitus Dⁱ. Edwardi, filii Henr: 3. versus terram sanctam anno D. 1269.

Nativitas Gilberti, filii comitis Glovern: vii. Id. Maii anno D. 1291.

Obitus Gilberti, comitis Glovern: 8. Id: Julii anno D. 1295.

Obitus Petri Gaverston 13 Cal: Jul: anno D. 1312.

Obitus Gilberti, filii Gilberti, comitis Glovern: 8. Cal: Jul: anno D. 1314.

✠ Cassatio ordinis templariorum in concilio Viennensi prid: Non: Maii anno D. 1312.

Obitus Thomæ, comitis Lancastræ, 11. Cal: Apr: anno D. 1321.

Obitus Edmundi, comitis Arundel, 15 Cal: Decembr: anno D. 1326. Obitus Hugonis, filii Hugonis, Dispensar 8.

Cal: Decembr: eodem anno. Obitus Hug: Dispensar, comitis Wintoniæ, 8. Cal: Decembr: eodem anno.

Obitus R. de Mortuo Mari, comitis March: apud Westminster vigil: S. Andreae anno D. 1330.

Bellum navale apud Suyne in festo nativit: S. Joan: Bapt: anno D. 1340.

Bellum de Crescy 20°. Aug: anno D. 1346.

Pag. 184:

Obitus quorundum archiepiscoporum Cantuar:

Obitus Dⁱ. Roberti Winchelsey, archiepiscopi Cant: apud Oteford 5. Id. Maii anno D. 1313.

a Cant: subintelligendum.

Ob:

Ob: Walteri Reynold, archiepiscopi Cant: apud Mortelak
16. Cal. Decembr. anno D. 1327.

Ob: Simonis Mepham apud Maghefeld 12. mens. Octobr:
anno D. 1348.

Ob: J. de Offord Cantuar: eccl: electi, confirmati apud
Totenhaule 20. Maii anno 1349.

Ob: Thomæ Bradwardine 26. Aug. anno D. 1349.

Ob: Simonis Iselep 26. Apr. apud Maghefeld anno D. 1366.

Memorandum quod fratres Minores anno D. 1224. introi-
erunt Angl: & benigne à rege Henr: sunt suscepti, & Can-

tuar: collocati fuerunt in Wyzch: & London: apud Cornehul.

Et anno D. 1269°. & anno sequenti Joannes Digge emit
infulam vocatam Bynnewyzth in Cantuaria, & locum portæ
super Stonestrete ad opus fratrum Minorum, & tempore oportuno
transtulit fratres in illam.

Nomina archiepiscoporum Cantuar:

Pag. 185.

Augustinus fedit 16. annis. Vacatio nulla; quia vivens ordinavit Laurentium.

Laurentius fedit 5. annis. Vacatio nulla; quia Mellitus statim successit.

Mellitus 5. annis. Vacat: n.

Iustus 13. Vacat: n.

Honorius 18. Vacat: anno 1. mens: 6.

Deus dedit 10. annis. Vacat: 3. ann:

Theodorus 22. Vacat: an: 1.

Brightwaldus 37: mens: 6. diebus 14. Vacat: n.

Tatwinus 3. Vacat: n.

Nothelinus 5. annis Vacat: n.

Cuthbertus 17. Hic primus in eccl: sua sepultus, & omnes
successores præter Jambritum.

Bregwinus 3. ann: Vacat: n.

Jambertus 27. Vacat: n.

Adhelardus 13. Vacat: n.

Wulfredus 38. Vacat: n.

Fleogildus 3. mens: Vacat: 2. ann.

Eolnohetus 11. Vacat: n.

Æthelredus 18. Vacat: 2. ann.

Plesmundus 34. Vacat: n.

Aldehelmus 9. Vacat: n.

Wulfelinus 13. Vacat: n.

Odo 24. Vacat: n.

Dunstanus 27. Vacat: n.

Æthelgarus 1. mens: 3. Vacat: 1 ann:

Siricus 5. Vacat: n.

ejus matrimonio sibi copulaverat, qui magistratus regios in Angl: gerebat, cujus autoritate talia præsumebat.

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Pag. 182. vacat.

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Pag. 184:

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ANTIQUARIII COLLECTANEA

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Adhelardus 13. Vacat: n.
Wulfredus 38. Vacat: n.
Fleogildus 3. mens: Vacat: 2. ann:
Eolnohetus 11. Vacat: n.
Æthelredus 18. Vacat: 2. ann:
Plesmundus 34. Vacat: n.
Aldehelmus 9. Vacat: n.
Wulfelinus 13. Vacat: n.
Odo 24. Vacat: n.

18 27. Vacat: n.

ejus matrimonio sibi copulaverat, qui magistratus regios in Angl: gerebat, cujus autoritate talia præfumebat.

Erat autem in Colebrigia civitate fatelles regius, qui nec deum timebat, nec S. martyrem Oswinum reverebatur. Hunc jussit Odinellus rusticorum de Wilum possessiones invadere. Erant enim coloni S. martyri Oswini de Tinemuth, & non longe distabant à castello, ut vel sic eos compelleret venire ad ædificationem castelli.

Gervasius, abbas Westmonaster: Stephani, regis Angl: filius.

Steneleia villa.

Boldune villa.

Villa de Edenesburc.

Pag. 182. vacat.

Pag. 183. Henricus comes de Lancafter & de Leycester senescallus Angl:

Gul: de Brewoufe dominus honoris de Brembre & de Gower.

Aimer de Valaunce counte de Penbroke, dominus de Weins' & de Montinakes.

Ex registro Henrici Prioris a.

Secunda Combustio Cantuar: ecclesiæ anno D. 1174.

Initium ord: Prædicatorum anno D. 1200.

Intitium ord: Minorum anno D. 1210.

Transitus Dⁱ. Edwardi, filii Henr: 3. versus terram sanctam anno D. 1269.

Nativitas Gilberti, filii comitis Glovern: vii. Id. Maii anno D. 1291.

Obitus Gilberti, comitis Glovern: 8. Id. Julii anno D. 1295.

Obitus Petri Gaverston 13 Cal: Jul: anno D. 1312.

Obitus Gilberti, filii Gilberti, comitis Glovernæ 8. Cal: Jul: anno D. 1314.

✠ Cassatio ordinis templariorum in concilio Viennensi prid: Non: Maii anno D. 1312.

Obitus Thomæ, comitis Lancafter, 11. Cal: Apr: anno D. 1321.

Obitus Edmundi, comitis Arundel, 15 Cal: Decembr: anno D. 1326. Obitus Hugonis, filii Hugonis, Dispensar 8.

Cal: Decembr: eodem anno. Obitus Hug: Dispensar, comitis Wintoniæ, 8. Cal: Decembr: eodem anno.

Obitus R. de Mortuo Mari, comitis March: apud Westminster vigil: S. Andreae anno D. 1330.

Bellum navale apud Suyne in festo nativit: S. Joan: Bapt: anno D. 1340.

Bellum de Crescy 20°. Aug: anno D. 1346.

Pag. 184: *Obitus quorundum archiepiscoporum Cantuar:*

Obitus Dⁱ. Roberti Winchelsey, archiepiscopi Cant: apud Oteford 5. Id. Maii anno D. 1313.

a Cant: subintelligendum.

Ob:

Ob: Walteri Reynold, archiepiscopi Cant: apud Mortelak 16. Cal. Decembr. anno D. 1327.

Ob: Simonis Mepham apud Maghefeld 12. mens. Octobr: anno D. 1348.

Ob: J. de Offord Cantuar: eccl: electi, confirmati apud Totenhaule 20. Maii anno 1349.

Ob: Thomæ Bradwardine 26. Aug. anno D. 1349.

Ob: Simonis Ifelep 26. Apr. apud Maghefeld anno D. 1366.

Memorandum quod fratres Minores anno D. 1224. introierunt Angl: & benigne à rege Henr: sunt suscepti, & Can-

tuar: collocati fuerunt in Wyzch: & London: apud Cornehul.

Et anno D. 1269°. & anno sequenti Joannes Digge emit infulam vocatam Bynnewyzth in Cantuaria, & locum portæ super Stonestrete ad opus fratrum Minorum, & tempore oportuno transtulit fratres in illam.

Nomina archiepiscoporum Cantuar:

Pag. 185.

Augustinus fedit 16. annis. Vacatio nulla; quia vivens ordinavit Laurentium.

Laurentius fedit 5. annis. Vacatio nulla; quia Mellitus statim successit.

Mellitus 5. annis. Vacat: n.

Iustus 13. Vacat: n.

Honorius 18. Vacat: anno 1. mens: 6.

Deus dedit 10. annis. Vacat: 3. ann:

Theodorus 22. Vacat: an: 1.

Brightwaldus 37: mens: 6. diebus 14. Vacat: n.

Tatwinus 3. Vacat: n.

Nothelinus 5. annis Vacat: n.

Cuthbertus 17. Hic primus in eccl: sua sepultus, & omnes successores præter Jambritum.

Bregwinus 3. ann: Vacat: n.

Jambertus 27. Vacat: n.

Adhelardus 13. Vacat: n.

Wulfredus 38. Vacat: n.

Fleogildus 3. mens: Vacat: 2. ann.

Eolnohetus 11. Vacat: n.

Æthelredus 18. Vacat: 2. ann.

Plesmundus 34. Vacat: n.

Aldehelmus 9. Vacat: n.

Wulfelinus 13. Vacat: n.

Odo 24. Vacat: n.

Dunstanus 27. Vacat: n.

Æthelgarus 1. mens. 3. Vacat: 1 ann:

Siricus 5. Vacat: n.

Aluricus 11. Vacat: n.

Elphegus 6. mens. 8. Vacat: 1 ann:

Livingus 7. Vacat: n.

Egelnothus 18. Vacat: n.

Eatfinus 11. Vacat: n.

Robertus 2. Vacat: 2. ann:

Stigandus 17. Vacat: 2 ann: Iste primus in habitu clericali archiepisc: suscepit, & postea 3. de causis per cur: Ro: depositus: primo, quia exulante Roberto archiepisc: una cum episcop: Winton: suscepit. 2°. quia pallio Roberti usus est. 3°. quia pallium emit à quodam apostata, qui se gessit pro papa.

Pag. 186.

Lanfrancus 19. Vacat: 5. ann:

Anselmus 16. Vacat: 5.

Radulphus 8. mens: 6. Vacat: ann: 1. mens: 1. d: 16.

Gulielmus 13. mens: 9. Vacat: ann: 1. mens: 1. d: 14.

Theobaldus 22. mens: 4. Vacat: ann: 1. mens: 1. d: 16.

Thomas 8. mens: 6. d: 18. Vacat: 2. ann: mens: 5. d: 28.

Richardus 10. ann: mens: 13. d: 16. Vacat: ann. 1. mens: d: 30.

{ Baldewinus 5. ann: mens: 11. d: 5. Vacat: 2. ann: mens: 11. d: 4.

Hubertus 11. ann, mens: 8. d: 6. Vacat: ann: 1. mens: 11. d: 4.

Stephanus 21. ann: d: 23. Vacat: ann: 1. mens: 4. d: 23.

Richardus Magnus 2. ann: Vacat: ann: 1. ebdom: 18.

Edmundus 8. ann: Vacat: 3. ann: mens: 2. d: 3.

Bonifacius 26. ann: mens: 6. d: 18. Vacat: 2. ann: ebdom: 10. d: 3.

Robertus de Kilwarby circiter 6. ann: Vacat: 44. sept: d: 3.

Frater Joannes de Peccham 13. ann: sept: 45. d: 5. Vacat: ann: 1. mens: 9. d: 16.

Robertus de Winchelsey 18. ann: mens: 8. d: 17. Vacat: per 8. mens: & d: 19.

Walterus quondam Wigorn: fedit 13. ann: mens: 11. d: 3. Vacat: 6. mens. 3. sept: d: 1. usque 6. Cal: Ju: anno D. 1328.

Simon de Mepham 5. annis, mens: 4. d: 17. Vacat: 4. mens: d: 10. usque ad 11. d: Febr: anno D. 1333.

Joannes quondam Winton: episcopus 14. ann: mens: 6. 3. sept: d: 4. Vacat: 3. mens: & 11. d: usque ad 26. Novembr: anno D. 1348.

Joannes de Ufford electus Cantuar: fedit confirmatus 6. mens: & 6. diebus. Vacat: 2. mens: d: 3. usque ad 18. Jul: anno D. 1349.

Pag. 187:

Thomas Bredwardine fedit 5. sept: d: 4. Vacat: mens: 4. d: 2. usque ad 18. diem Decembris anno D. 1349.

Simon de Iselepe 16. ann: mens: 4. d: 13. usque ad 26. Apr: anno D. 1366. Vacat: menses 6 sept: 3. d: 4. videlicet à 6. Cal: Maii usque Nonas Septembr: anno supradicto.

Simon de Langham primo abbas Westmonaster: 2. episcopus

pus Eliensis, 3. archi: Cantuar: fedit 2. ann: sept: 3. usque ad 5. Cal: Decemb. anno D. 1368. Hic vero electus ab Urbano 5. in presbyterum Card: 10. Cal: Octobr: anno prædicto, & 5. Cal: Decembr: anno prædicto dimisit jurisdictionem: Cantuar: eccl: Sedes vacat 7. sept:

Gulielmus de Whitelesy, episcopus Wigorn: translatus ad Cantuar: per Urbanum 5. fedit 5. ann: 8. mens: diebus 14. qui obiit 8. Id: Jun: anno D. 1374. Vacat: 11. mens: 3. sept: d: 3. usque ad 4. No: Maii anno D. 1375.

Tunc venit Simon de Sudbyri, primo episcopus London, translatus per Gregorium 8. ad Cantuar: eccl: fedit 6. ann: 5. sept: 6. d: & 13. Junii, & anno Domini 1381. juxta turrim Londini per populum, contra dominos insurgentem, decapitatus fuit. Sedes vacat 6. mens: 2. sept: d: 5.

Gulielmus Courteney, filius comitis Devonix, primo episcopus Herefordensis, 2°. London: 3°. Cantuar: fedit 15. ann: 5. sept: d: 5. Vacavit sedes 7. sept: & d: 1.

Thomas Arundel, filius comitis Arundele, 1°. episcopus Eliensis, 2°. archiepiscopus Ebor: 3°. Cantuar: Sedit 18. ann: usque 11. Cal: Mart: anno D. 1413. Vacavit sedes anno prædicto usque ad 11. Cal: Mart:

Successit Henr: Chicheley, antea episcopus Meneven: 12. d: Mart: anno D. 1413.

Nomina Sanctorum quiescentium in Cantuar: ecclesia. Pag. 188.]

Martyres.	S. Alfricus.
Sanctus Ælphagus.	S. Athelgarus.
Sanctus Blasius.	S. Ciricus.
Sanctus Salvius.	S. Wulfredus.
Confessores.	S. Athelredus.
Sanctus Dunstanus.	S. Wulfelmus.
S. Odo.	S. Celnothus.
S. Wilfridus.	S. Fleogildus.
S. Anselmus.	S. Athelinus.
S. Audoënus.	S. Wulganius.
S. Cuthebertus.	S. Siburgis virgo.
S. Athelardus.	S. Lanfrancus.
S. Bregwinus.	Ediva regina.
S. Plegmundus.	

Edwardus 3. concessit Simoni Iselep, episcopo Cantuar: ut uniret prioratum de Dovor prior: eccl: Christi Cantuar: hac lege, ut nullus esset prior de Dovor, nisi ex numero monach: Cantuar:

Henricus 3. charta sua concessit, ut liceret episcopo Cantuar: testamentum condere.

E quodam

- E quodam registro, sive indice bibliotheca Cantuar:*
 Pag. 189. Tractatus Gilberti, episcopi London: super istud, "Sunt
 duæ olivæ."
 Ivo Carnoten: de veritate sacramentorum Christi & eccles:
 ¶ Albericus de computo lunæ.
 Libellus Bedæ de Arithmetica.
 Balduinus Cantuar: de sectis hæretic:
 Benedictus monachus de computo. Eiusdem libellus de
 augmento & detrimento lunæ.
 M. R. Pluto versifice de summo bono. Liber eiusdem,
 Unde malum.
 Idem de gradibus virtutum.
 Idem de virginitate.
 Idem de bono mortis.
 Idem de loco & tempore.
 * Liber regum Baldwini.
 Epitaphium S. Anselmi.
 Martinus de 4. virtutibus.
 Epistolæ Symmachi.
 Epistola Gualteri de Mauritania ad Hugonem.
 Omeliæ Hucarii Levitæ in diebus Dominicis & præcipuis.
 Historia Anglicana vetus. apud Talebotum.
 Sententia probi iudicis.
 Epistola Eucherii episcopi de situ Judeæ.
 Chronica Jordani episcopi Ravennaten: de rebus gestis Got-
 thorum.
 Itinerarium Antonini.
 Expositiones Oodonis super vet: testam:
 Suetonius 1^o. de gestis imper:
 Suetonius secundus.
 Chronica Eusebii Salamonis.
 Chronica Gervasii, monach: Cantuar:
 Historia Hibernica, autore Giraldo.
 Historia Radulphi de Diceto.
 Sermones Elmeri, Prioris Cantuar:
 Pag. 190. Triphonia ecclesiæ.
 Musica Salamonis.
 Joan: Damascenus ad Tegni Galeni.
 Aphorismi Joan: Damasceni.
 Isagoge Joan: Damasceni.
 Alexander Sophista de medicina omnium membrorum cor-
 poris humani.
 a * Genetiæ Cleopatræ ad Theodatam.
 Liber Aristarchi & Justi medic: tractans de virginibus.
 ¶ Liber Aluredi de custodiendis accipitribus.

a Sic, cum asterisco.

Liber Soratii medici ad Cleopatram reginam de mulieribus.

Liber Secundi Philosophi.

Cyprianus martyr de cœna nuptiali.

Gratianus de Urinis.

Arturus de Alkimia.

A

Elredus abbas de amicitia spirituali.

Dicta Aquilæ.

Ortographia Alex: Necham.

Chronographia Nicephori episcopi Constantinop: ad Adam
usque ad Freder: imper:

Pompeius de accentibus super Donatum.

Historia de lege & natura Saracenorum.

Odo Prior de moribus eccl:

Donatus de arte metrica.

Marbodius de ornamentis verborum.

a

Ars notoria.

Tractatus Odonis, abbatis de Bello, in libros regum.

Sermones Alex: Necham & concordantiæ.

Allegoriæ Isidori super Genesim.

Pomerius de vita activa & contemplativa.

Cassiodorus de eloquentia.

Regulæ Ciconii.

Joan: Saresbiriensis de statu curiæ Ro:

Expositiones Rabani de agno Paschali.

Athelardus de natural: quest: secundum Arabicos.

Anselmus de monte humilitatis.

Chronica Isidori, id est, floscula bibliorum.

Pag. 191.

Branketre villa in Estfax.

Pag. 192. vacat.

Mr. Talebote made this annotation in the front of Orosius Pag. 193.
historie, that he lent me, translated out of Latine in to Saxon
tunge: Rex Ælfrædus Orosium interpretatus est, & Boëtium,
& Bedam de historia ecclesiastica Anglorum.

Ælande yn Saxon an isle now in Englisch.

Flan in Saxon fagitta Latine.

Yer in Saxon vir Latine.

Ætheling in Saxon regius juvenis Latine.

Domarus ye scop speotelicoft.

Cealde frigidus.

u

Haten flu:

Hearge templum.

Tom. III.

Q

Owte

Pag. 189.

E quodam registro, sive indice bibliothecæ Cantuar:

Tractatus Gilberti, episcopi London: super istud, "Sunt duæ olivæ."

Ivo Carnoten: de veritate sacramentorum Christi & eccles:

¶ Albericus de computo lunæ.

Libellus Bedæ de Arithmetica.

Balduinus Cantuar: de sectis hæretic:

Benedictus monachus de computo. Eiusdem libellus de augmento & detrimento lunæ.

M. R. Pluto versificæ de summo bono. Liber eiusdem, Unde malum.

Idem de gradibus virtutum.

Idem de virginitate.

Idem de bono mortis.

Idem de loco & tempore.

* Liber regum Baldwini.

Epitaphium S. Anselmi.

Martinus de 4. virtutibus.

Epistolæ Symmachi.

Epistola Gualteri de Mauritania ad Hugonem.

Omeliæ Hucarii Levitæ in diebus Dominicis & præcipuis.

Historia Anglicana vetus. apud Talebotum.

Sententia probi iudicis.

Epistola Eucherii episcopi de situ Judeæ.

Chronica Jordani episcopi Ravennaten: de rebus gestis Gothorum.

Itinerarium Antonini.

Expositiones Odonis super vet: testam:

Suetonius 1^o. de gestis imper:

Suetonius secundus.

Chronica Eusebii Salamonis.

Chronica Gervasii, monach: Cantuar:

Historia Hibernica, autore Giraldo.

Historia Radulphi de Diceto.

Sermones Elmeri, Prioris Cantuar:

Pag. 190.

Triphonia ecclesiæ.

Musica Salamonis.

Joan: Damascenus ad Tegni Galeni

Aphorismi Joan: Damasceni.

Isagoge Joan: Damasceni

Alexander Sophista de

poris humani.

a * Genetiæ Cleop

Liber Aristarchi

☞ Liber Aluredi

Liber Soratii medici ad Cleopatram reginam de mulieribus.

Liber Secundi Philosophi.

Cyprianus martyr de coena nuptiali.

Gratianus de Urinis.

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usque ad Freder: imper:

Pompeius de accentibus super Donatum.

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Odo Prior de moribus eccl:

Donatus de arte metrica.

Marbodius de ornamentis verborum.

a

Ars notoria.

Tractatus Odonis, abbatis de Bello, in libros regum.

Sermones Alex: Necham & concordantiæ.

Allegoriæ Isidori super Genesim.

Pomerius de vita activa & contemplativa.

Cassiodorus de eloquentia.

Regulæ Ciconii.

Joan: Saresbiriensis de statu curiæ Ro:

Expositiones Rabani de agno Paschali.

Achelardus de natural: quest: secundum Arabicos.

Anselmus de monte humilitatis.

Chronica Isidori, id est, floscula bibliorum.

Pag. 191.

Branketre villa in Estfax.

Pag. 192. vacat.

Mr. Talebot made this annotation in the front of Orosius Pag. 191
historie, that he lent me, translated out of Latine in to Saxon
tongue: Rex Elfredus Orosium in ... tus est, & Boëtium,
& Bedam ...

Elfredus ...

Fin ...

Ver ...

ne.

Quia

Pag. 170.

Bacula abbas inter ceteros corpus Wilfridi syndone involvit.

Vixit Wilfridus in episcopatu annos 46.

Tatbertus fit præfectus Ripensis ecclesiæ.

Wilfridi corpus perductum ad Ripensem ecclesiam.

Nobiles quidam exules combusserunt cœnobium in Undalum, ubi Wilfridus obiit, excepta una domo, in qua Wilfridus obiit. Illam nullis ^a fomentis adjectis comburere poterunt.

Monasterium de Undalum erat magna sepi spinea ^b circumdata: quæ etiam conflagravit, sed crux lignea ibi posita, ubi Wilfridi corpus ligneo balneo collatum fuit, à circumlambentibus flammis intacta permansit.

Erat in Sacro vestiario Ripoduni liber Petri Blesensis de vita S. Wilfridi, dedicatus Galfredo archiepiscopo Ebor:

Ex libello de privilegiis ab Æthelstano rege Ripensi ecclesiæ concessis.

Athelstanus sanctuarium Riponensi ecclesiæ concessit, & terminos hinc inde ad unum miliare extra oppidum sanctuario designavit: quorum unus appellatus crux Athelstani.

Athelstanus dedit ecclesiæ Ripensi easdem libertates quas dedit ecclesiæ Beverlacensi.

Qui pacem sanctuarii intra ecclesiam Ripensem violaverit reus sit bonorum omnium & vitæ.

Ethelstanus venit cum omni exercitu ad ecclesiam S. Wilfridi in Ripon.

Voluerat Osbertus, vicecomes Ebor: vim tulisse libertati Ripensis ecclesiæ anno Dⁱ. 1106. sed Gerardus archiepiscopus rem regi detulit. Venerunt igitur à rege missi Robertus episcopus Lincoln: Radolphus Bassete, Galfridus Ridel, Radolphus Lemeschin, & Petrus de Valloniis, qui causam ventilarent, & tandem jura Wilfridi libera esse statuerunt.

Pag. 171.

Lagman, id est, legislator.

Habeant omnes pacem in festo Petri & Pentecostes eundo & redeundo ad ecclesiam Ripensem.

Ex vita Wilfridi, autore Petro Blesensi, quod opus Galfrido, archiepiscopo Ebor: dedic:

Construxit ecclesiam in Ripis ad honorem Petri.

Magnates, qui aderant in consecratione, terras plurimas in dotem eccl: contulerunt, scilicet Rible, & Hasmundesham, & Marchesiæ, & in regione Duninga.

Idem quoque vir dei quatuor evangelia, & bibliothecam, pluresque libros novi ac vet: testamenti, cum tabulis, tectis

^a *Reffius*, fomitibus. ^b *F.* circumdatum: quæ etiam.

auro puriss: & pretiosis gemmis, mirabili artificio fabrefactis, ad honorem Dei, & sui nominis memoriam, præsentavit.

Pag. 172. vacat.

*Ex revelatione Elisabethæ virginis sacra Sconaugiani
monasterii diœcesis Trevirensis.*

Pag. 173.

Ante hæc tempora jacuerunt martyres sine honore sub pedibus hominum & jumentorum secus muros urbis Coloniae. Accidit ut viri quidam ibidem manentes accederent ad locum martyrii, & aperirent multa monumenta sanctorum corporum, atque ea sublata inde transferrent ad loca religiosa, quæ erant in circuitu, sicut à Domino fuerat ordinatum.

Anno D. 1156. imperante Frederico, & Arnaldo secundo Coloniensi ecclesiæ præsidenti, inter ceteras una pretiosa martyr ibidem inventa est, in cujus sepultura titulus talis legabatur: "Sancta Verena, virgo & martyr." Et hæc inde translata ad Sconaugianum monasterium.

Cæsarius martyr una translatus cum Verena Sconagiam.

Cæsarius miles filius materteræ Verenæ virginis.

Verena Cæsarium ad martyrium exhortata est.

In tempore eodem, quo prædicti duo martyres inventi sunt, inter sepulchra virginum multa corpora Sanctorum, episcoporum, atque aliorum magnorum virorum: erantque in monumentis singulorum repositi lapides, habentes titulos sibi inscriptos, ex quibus dinoscebatur, qui aut unde fuissent. Horum præcipuos ac maxime notabiles transmisit ad me ex prædicta urbe præfatus abbas.

Pantalus, episcopus Basiliensis, socium se adjunxit virginibus Romam proficiscentibus, qui & postea cum eis martyrium tulit.

Pater beatæ Ursulæ rex Britannicæ Scotiæ Maurus nomine.

S. Ciriacus, pontifex Ro: una cum virginibus Coloniae occisus. Hic Ciriacus postea Anterus dictus.

Cordula martyr.

Mauricius, episcopus Lavicanus, erat avunculus duarum virginum, Babilæ & Julianæ.

Claudius Spoletanus diaconus, & Focatus ejus frater secuti sunt virgines, & una passi sunt.

S. Foillanus Lucensis episcopus.

S. Simplicius Ravennatensis episcopus.

Inscriptio.

Hic jacet in terris Etherius, qui vixit ann: 25.

Etherius rex sponsus Ursulæ reginæ.

Demetria mater Etherii, Agrippinus vero pater, Florentina soror ejusdem.

a Subintellige, reperta fuerunt,

Axpara

Axpara filia materteræ Etherii.

Etherius rex, qui erat manens in Britannia Anglica, admonitus fuit, ut Demetriam matrem curaret sacro ^a regenerandam fonte, id quod fecit.

Etherius, relicta Britannia, profectus est obviam Urfulæ uxori, una cum Demetria, & Florentina parvula sorore sua.

Clemens episcopus comes Etherii.

Albina & Emerentia sorores filiæ Aureliani comitis.

Adrianus filius cujusdam reguli comes Albinae & Emerentianæ.

Inscriptio.

Sancta Gerasina, quæ duxit virgines sacras, regina Siciliae.

Babila, Juliana, Aurea, & Victoria sorores ac comites Adriani, filiæ Gerasinae

Quintianus tyrannus, Gerasinae maritus, per Gerasinam ex lupo fit ovis.

Gerasina in Britannia orta, & erat soror S. Maurifii episcopi, & Dariæ matris S. Urfulæ.

Gerasina, relicto regno, filio, & duabus puellis cum 4. reliquis filiabus Britanniam petiit, ut Urfulam comitaretur, ^b aut potius ut se ducem itineri exhiberet.

Maximus & Africanus, duces Romani, videntes chorum virginum in justam ^c exauctum multitudinem, ne in religione Christiana evincerent, Julium, ducem Hunnorum, per literas admonet, ut turbam gladiis ^d è medio tollerent; id quod & Coloniae factum est.

Caput Verenæ olim sepultum in Eluinstat.

De Urfulæ sepulchro.

Non est levatum corpus ejus unquam super terram, nisi in diebus istis, & vere illic est, ubi servatur ejus superscriptio.

Verba Urfulæ ad Elifabetham.

Ego sum Urfula, & hæc quæ mecum stat soror Verena est filia patru mei cujusdam principis magni.

Aquilinus 4. post Martinum præfuit Colonienfi ecclesie, quo tempore undecim cecidere millia virginum.

Pag: 175.

Foillanus & Simplicius episcopi Aquilinum Coloniensem certiozem faciunt de adventu Urfulæ & virginum.

Verba Urfulæ.

Tyrannus Hunorum Julius admonuit, et, relicto Christo, sibi & suis jungeremur. Unde recusantes occidit. Ego autem ictu sagittæ in corde meo percussa sum.

Aquilinus solícite martyrum funera curavit, & corpora terræ traddidit. ^c

Paulo post venit Dematius, vir venerabilis, et tulit corpora

^a Regenerandum MS. ^b Ut MS. ^c Exauctam MS. ^d Tolerent MS. quædam,

quædam, quæ in loco quodam ad huc supererant, & sepe-
livit ea cum honore magno.

Pag. 176. vacat.

Ex libro cujusdam monachi S. Albani de vita S. Oswini.

Pag. 177.
Autor ope-
ris fuit ali-
quanto tem-
pore, ut ipse-
met testa-
tur, prior
de Wimun-
delham.

Ofricus, rex Deiorum, pater Oswini.

Oswinus propinquus Edwini, clariss: regis Northumbrorum.

Mortuo Edwino, rege Northanhumbr: successerunt ei 2.
reges, quorum unus filius patris sui Elfrici erat Ofricus no-
mine. Alter filius Ethelfridi, qui ante Edwinum regnaverat,
dictus Enfridus. Hii Northanhumbr: gentem, secundum quod
antiquitus erat, in duas provincias dividentes, Ofricus, Of-
wini pater, regis Deiorum, & Enfridus Berniciorum, sibi
gubernacula quasi successiones jure vendicarunt.

Oswinus adolescens, interfecto à Ceadwallo rege Ofrico,
exulavit per 10. annos apud occiduos Saxones.

Cedwalla tyrannice uno anno Northumbr: reg: gubernavit.

Oswaldus, Enfridi frater, ex Accha, sorore regis jam dicti
Edwini, progenitus, devicto Ceadwallæ exercitu apud Deni-
siburnam, non solum fratris Enfridi successor fuit in reg: Ber-
niciorum, sed quasi Edwino avunculo suo ab intestato succe-
dens, per novam annos utramque in unam Northanhumbr:
redigens, summa cum æquitate rexit.

Interfecto Oswaldo à Penda rege apud Maserfelde, successit
ei frater ejus nothus Oswi, juvenis 30. agens annum, regnum-
que per annos 28. laboriosissime rexit.

Oswinus, teste Beda, aspectu venustus, statura sublimis,
affatu jucundus, moribus civilis, & manu largus.

Oswinus regno Deiorum 7. annis max: rerum omnium af-
fluentia præfuit.

Aidanus pont: Lindisfar: familiariss: Oswino.

Divisio reg: Northumbr: causa odii inter Oswi & Oswinum.

S. Aidanus episcopus studebat conciliare animos Oswi & Oswini.
Pag. 178.

Exactis in regno 7. annis quiete, duos postremos inquietos
habuit. Nam Oswi omnibus modis agebat, ut, extincto Of-
wino, solus in Northanhumbr: regnaret.

Oswinus cum exercitu occurrit Oswio in Wilfaresdune, sed
postea volens declinare effusionem sanguinis, noctu, solo co-
mitatus Tondhere, Tylsii filio, in Gethlingum secessit ad
domum Hunwaldi ducis, cui prædictum vicum & multa alia
prædia donaverat, atque ab hoc fidum sibi autumaverat.

Hunwaldus Oswinum prodidit Oswio.

Oswius clam noctu Ethelwinum, domus suæ procuratorem,
ad Hunwaldi domum cum armata manu misit, qui eo veniens
Oswinum interfecit.

Tom. III.

P

Tilsius,

Tilfius, Tondheri pater, Oswinum, impotem juvenem, in domo sua nutrit & docuit.

Oswinus à latere perfossus lancea obiit anno reg: ejus nono, 13. Cal. Septembr: in loco, qui dicitur Gethlingum, anno D. 651^o.

Tondhere, Tilfii filius, obtulit se pro Oswino percutiendum, & postea cum rege suo occisus est. Sic Lilla, regis Edwini miles, sicarii dolum prævidens, sese mucroni fideliter opposuit, a dominum suum liberans, viriliter occubuit.

Regina Eanfleda, propinqua Oswini, postulavit à rege Oswi, ut donaret ibi locum monaster: construendo. Quo concesso, constructum est in Gethlingo monasterium, cui præfuit Trumhere jure abbatis, vir nat: Angl: sed ordinatus & edoctus à Scottis, qui & propinquus erat regis occisi. Qui vero postea sub rege Wulphero in provint: Merc: Lindisfarnorum & mediterraneum Anglorum episcopus effectus est.

Pag. 179. Corpus Oswini ab eis, qui truncaverant, delatum est ad ostium Tinæ flu: ibique in oratorio S. Mariæ sepulturæ traditum. In quo loco virorum illustrium mag: multitudo congregata erat, qui sub ordine regulari divino cultui serviebant. Qui quidem in tantam exereverat honoris eminentiam, ut si quis per infra jacentem provint: in fata concessisset, ad eundem locum pro reverent: & honore religiosæ gentis tumulandus deferretur.

Hynguar & Hubba hoc monaster: destruxerunt. Monachi metu persecut: fugerunt ad quandam ecclesiolam in fundo suo, quam S. Cuthebertus dedicaverat. Quo comperto, Dani ipsam eccl: & omnes qui in ea erant, igni succenderunt, & omne loci nobilis ædificium in campi planitiem redegerunt.

S. Aidanus episcopus non plus quam duodecim dies post occisionem regis Oswini, quem amabat, superfuit, id est, prid: Cal: Septembr: de seculo sublatus.

Ex libello de translatione S. Oswini.

Ostium Tinæ flu: locus ab incolis regionis ob eminentis rupis securitatem ab hostibus celebrius frequentatus.

Jacuit pene neglectum corpus Oswini regis usque ad tempora Tostii comitis, & Egelwini episcopi.

Erat autem Tostius ducis Cantix Godwini filius comes Northanhumbr: Sywardo comiti succedens, non testamenti beneficio sed S. Edwardi regis dono.

Eadmundo

Oswinus martyr apparuit in somnis ædituo veteris eccl: S. Mariæ de Tinemuth.

Juditha, uxor Tostii comitis, persuasit Egelwino, ut quæreret Oswini corpus.

a F. dominumque suum.

Inventio

Inventio corporis S. Oswini martyris anno ab ejus passione
414. anno D. 1065. quinto Id. Martii.

Anno eodem quo corpus S. Oswini translatum est, Thof- Pag. 180.
tius comes, Angl: reg: expulsus, apud Balduinum, Flandren-
sem comitem, cujus filiam sibi matrimonio copulaverat, exu-
lavit. Et sequenti anno Haroldi, regis Angl: & fratris sui,
gladio cum Norreganorum rege Haroldo in loco, qui tunc
Stanfordbrid, nunc vero Pons belli dicitur, occisus est.

}

Stene-
forde.
Pons
belli.

Thofstio comite præscripto, hereditas ejus ad fiscum devo-
luta est.

Gul: rex dedit comit: Northumbr: Rodberto de Mulbray,
viro stemmatum longa serie generoso, statura quidem pro-
cero, & militaris probitatis elegantia glorioso.

Rodbertus Mulbray cœpit Oswinum excolere, & eccl: in
qua ejus corpus requiescebat, quia infra ambitum ejus castri
de Tinemuth erat fundorum & prædiorum copia, donavit, & [Tinmouth
monachos de S. Albani monaster: assumptos inibi collocavit. monaster:
fundatum.]
Cujus tamen monaster: de Tinemuth initia, ut dicitur, comes
Thofstius jecerat à fundamentis.

Corpus Oswini translatum in novum monasterium de Tine-
muth anno D. 1110. 13. Cal. Septembr.

Insula Coquedi flu: ostiis præjacens distat 20. pass: mil. à
Tinemuth.

Novum castellum olim Monkecester dicebatur.

Rodbertus tribunus militum Gul: bastardi regis.

Nigellus de Albeneio unus ducum

Lelandus.

Gul. regis cum esset in partibus North-
umbr: Nigellus de Walte miles in eo-
dem comitatu propinquus & charus Ni-
gello Albeneio.

Nigellus duxit filiam & he-
redem Mulbreiorum, unde, re-
lictò Albeneii nomine, ille &
ejus progenies Molbreii dicti.

Leowricus puer regnante Stephano
piscator in monaster. S. Oswini inter piscandum Scardeburgæ
captus, quo tempore Ranulphus, comes Cestrensis, summo
mane superveniens, die quadam villam ipsam de Scardeburg
armata manu confregit, & rapinis vastavit, ac inter ceteros
captivos Leowricus Maltonam in vinculis ducitur &c. Ut
Leowricus ope S. Oswini liberatus sit à vinculis.

Ruelendus prior de Tinemuth.

Pag. 181.

Robertus de Gorham abbas S. Albani.

Faramannus institor novi castelli.

Potentum de Northumbr: potentiss: Odinellus de Umfram-
villa ad castelli sui refartienda tecta indebitis exactionibus vi-
cinos suos compellebat, & ^a in ceteros colonos maxime S.
martyris Oswini. Ausum autem tanti sceleris fovebat impu-
nitas, hinc quia Odinellus præpotens erat, hinc quia filiam

^a An inter ?

P 2

ejus

ejus matrimonio sibi copulaverat, qui magistratus regios in Angl: gerebat, cujus autoritate talia præfumebat.

Erat autem in Colebrigia civitate fatelles regius, qui nec deum timebat, nec S. martyrem Oswinum reverebatur. Hunc jussit Odinellus rusticorum de Wilum possessiones invadere. Erant enim coloni S. martyri Oswini de Tinemuth, & non longe distabant à castello, ut vel sic eos compelleret venire ad ædificationem castelli.

Gervasius, abbas Westmonaster: Stephani, regis Angl: filius.
Steneleia villa.

Boldune villa.

Villa de Edenesburc.

Pag. 182. vacat.

Pag. 183. Henricus comes de Lancafter & de Leycester senescallus Angl:

Gul: de Brewoufe dominus honoris de Brembre & de Gower.

Aimer de Valaunce counte de Penbroke, dominus de Weins' & de Montinakes.

Ex registro Henrici Prioris a.

Secunda Combuftio Cantuar: ecclesiæ anno D. 1174.

Initium ord: Prædicatorum anno D. 1200.

Intitium ord: Minorum anno D. 1210.

Transitus Dⁱ. Edwardi, filii Henr: 3. versus terram sanctam anno D. 1269.

Nativitas Gilberti, filii comitis Glovern: vii. Id. Maii anno D. 1291.

Obitus Gilberti, comitis Glovern: 8. Id. Julii anno D. 1295.

Obitus Petri Gaverston 13 Cal: Jul: anno D. 1312.

Obitus Gilberti, filii Gilberti, comitis Glovern: 8. Cal: Jul: anno D. 1314.

✠ Cassatio ordinis templariorum in concilio Viennensi prid: Non: Maii anno D. 1312.

Obitus Thomæ, comitis Lancafter, 11. Cal: Apr: anno D. 1321.

Obitus Edmundi, comitis Arundel, 15 Cal: Decembr: anno D. 1326. Obitus Hugonis, filii Hugonis, Dispenfar 8.

Cal: Decembr: eodem anno. Obitus Hug: Dispenfar, comitis Wintoniæ, 8. Cal: Decembr: eodem anno.

Obitus R. de Mortuo Mari, comitis March: apud Westminster vigil: S. Andreae anno D. 1330.

Bellum navale apud Suyne in festo nativit: S. Joan: Bapt: anno D. 1340.

Bellum de Crescy 20°. Aug: anno D. 1346.

Pag. 184: *Obitus quorundum archiepiscoporum Cantuar:*

Obitus Dⁱ. Roberti Winchelsey, archiepiscopi Cant: apud Oteford 5. Id. Maii anno D. 1313.

a Cant: subintelligendum.

Ob:

Ob: Walteri Reynold, archiepiscopi Cant: apud Mortelak
16. Cal. Decembr. anno D. 1327.

Ob: Simonis Mepham apud Maghefeld 12. mens. Octobr:
anno D. 1348.

Ob: J. de Offord Cantuar: eccl: electi, confirmati apud
Totenhaule 20. Maii anno 1349.

Ob: Thomæ Bradwardine 26. Aug. anno D. 1349.

Ob: Simonis Iselep 26. Apr. apud Maghefeld anno D. 1366.

Memorandum quod fratres Minores anno D. 1224. introi-
erunt Angl: & benigne à rege Henr: sunt suscepti, & Can-

tuar: collocati fuerunt in Wyzch: & London: apud Cornehul.

Et anno D. 1269°. & anno sequenti Joannes Digge emit
infulam vocatam Bynnewyzth in Cantuaria, & locum portæ
super Stonestrete ad opus fratrum Minorum, & tempore oportuno transtulit fratres in illam.

Nomina archiepiscoporum Cantuar:

Pag. 185.

Augustinus fedit 16. annis. Vacatio nulla; quia vivens ordinavit Laurentium.

Laurentius fedit 5. annis. Vacatio nulla; quia Mellitus statim successit.

Mellitus 5. annis. Vacat: n.

Justus 13. Vacat: n.

Honorius 18. Vacat: anno 1. mens: 6.

Deus dedit 10. annis. Vacat: 3. ann:

Theodorus 22. Vacat: an: 1.

Brightwaldus 37: mens: 6. diebus 14. Vacat: n.

Tatwinus 3. Vacat: n.

Nothelinus 5. annis Vacat: n.

Cuthbertus 17. Hic primus in eccl: sua sepultus, & omnes successores præter Jambrithum.

Bregwinus 3. ann: Vacat: n.

Jambertus 27. Vacat: n.

Adhelardus 13. Vacat: n.

Wulfredus 38. Vacat: n.

Fleogildus 3. mens: Vacat: 2. ann.

Eolnohetus 11. Vacat: n.

Æthelredus 18. Vacat: 2. ann.

Plesmundus 34. Vacat: n.

Aldehelmus 9. Vacat: n.

Wulfelinus 13. Vacat: n.

Odo 24. Vacat: n.

Dunstanus 27. Vacat: n.

Æthelgarus 1. mens. 3. Vacat: 1 ann:

Siricus 5. Vacat: n.

Aluricus 11. Vacat: n.

Elphegus 6. mens. 8. Vacat: 1 ann:

Livingus 7. Vacat: n.

Egelnothus 18. Vacat: n.

Eatfinus 11. Vacat: n.

Robertus 2. Vacat: 2. ann:

Stigandus 17. Vacat: 2 ann: Iste primus in habitu clericali archiepisc: suscepit, & postea 3. de causis per cur: Ro: depositus: primo, quia exulante Roberto archiepisc: una cum episcop: Winton: suscepit. 2°. quia pallio Roberti usus est. 3°. quia pallium emit à quodam apostata, qui se gessit pro papa.

Pag. 186.

Lanfrancus 19. Vacat: 5. ann:

Anselmus 16. Vacat: 5.

Radulphus 8. mens: 6. Vacat: ann: 1. mens: 1. d: 16.

Gulielmus 13. mens: 9. Vacat: ann: 1. mens: 1. d: 14.

Theobaldus 22. mens: 4. Vacat: ann: 1. mens: 1. d: 16.

Thomas 8. mens: 6. d: 18. Vacat: 2. ann: mens: 5. d: 28.

Richardus 10. ann: mens: 13. d: 16. Vacat: ann: 1. mens: d: 30.

{ Baldewinus 5. ann: mens: 11. d: 5. Vacat: 2. ann: mens: 11. d: 4.

Hubertus 11. ann: mens: 8. d: 6. Vacat: ann: 1. mens: 11. d: 4.

Stephanus 21. ann: d: 23. Vacat: ann: 1. mens: 4. d: 23.

Richardus Magnus 2. ann: Vacat: ann: 1. ebdom: 18.

Edmundus 8. ann: Vacat: 3. ann: mens: 2. d: 3.

Bonifacius 26. ann: mens: 6. d: 18. Vacat: 2. ann: ebdom: 10. d: 3.

Robertus de Kilwarby circiter 6. ann: Vacat: 44. sept: d: 3.

Frater Joannes de Peccham 13. ann: sept: 45. d: 5. Vacat: ann: 1. mens: 9. d: 16.

Robertus de Winchelsey 18. ann: mens: 8. d: 17. Vacat: per 8. mens: & d: 19.

Walterus quondam Wigorn: fedit 13. ann: mens: 11. d: 3. Vacat: 6. mens. 3. sept: d: 1. usque 6. Cal: Ju: anno D. 1328.

Simon de Mepham 5. annis, mens: 4. d: 17. Vacat: 4. mens: d: 10. usque ad 11. d: Febr: anno D. 1333.

Joannes quondam Winton: episcopus 14. ann: mens: 6. 3. sept: d: 4. Vacat: 3. mens: & 11. d: usque ad 26. Novembr: anno D. 1348.

Joannes de Ufford electus Cantuar: fedit confirmatus 6. mens: & 6. diebus. Vacat: 2. mens: d: 3. usque ad 18. Jul: anno D. 1349.

Pag. 187:

Thomas Bredwardine fedit 5. sept: d: 4. Vacat: mens: 4. d: 2. usque ad 18. diem Decembris anno D. 1349.

Simon de Iselepe 16. ann: mens: 4. d: 13. usque ad 26. Apr: anno D. 1366. Vacat: menses 6 sept: 3. d: 4. videlicet à 6. Cal: Maii usque Nonas Septembr: anno supradicto.

Simon de Langham primo abbas Westmonaster: 2. episcopus

pus Eliensis, 3. archi: Cantuar: fedit 2. ann: sept: 3. usque ad 5. Cal: Decemb. anno D. 1368. Hic vero electus ab Urbano 5. in presbyterum Card: 10. Cal: Octobr: anno prædicto, & 5. Cal: Decembr: anno prædicto dimisit jurisdictionem: Cantuar: eccl: Sedes vacat 7. sept:

Gulielmus de Whitelesey, episcopus Wigorn: translatus ad Cantuar: per Urbanum 5. fedit 5. ann: 8. mens: diebus 14. qui obiit 8. Id: Jun: anno D. 1374. Vacat: 11. mens: 3. sept: d: 3. usque ad 4. No: Maii anno D. 1375.

Tunc venit Simon de Sudbyri, primo episcopus London, translatus per Gregorium 8. ad Cantuar: eccl: fedit 6. ann: 5. sept: 6. d: & 13. Junii, & anno Domini 1381. juxta turrim Londini per populum, contra dominos insurgentem, decapitatus fuit. Sedes vacat 6. mens: 2. sept: d: 5.

Gulielmus Courteney, filius comitis Devonæ, primo episcopus Herefordensis, 2°. London: 3°. Cantuar: fedit 15. ann: 5. sept: d: 5. Vacavit sedes 7. sept: & d: 1.

Thomas Arundel, filius comitis Arundele, 1°. episcopus Eliensis, 2°. archiepiscopus Ebor: 3°. Cantuar: Sedit 18. ann: usque 11. Cal: Mart: anno D. 1413. Vacavit sedes anno prædicto usque ad 11. Cal: Mart:

Successit Henr: Chicheley, antea episcopus Meneven: 12. d: Mart: anno D. 1413.

Nomina Sanctorum requiescentium in Cantuar: ecclesia. Pag. 188.]

Martyres.	S. Alfricus.
Sanctus Ælphagus.	S. Athelgarus.
Sanctus Blasius.	S. Ciricus.
Sanctus Salvius.	S. Wulfredus.
Confessores.	S. Athelredus.
Sanctus Dunstanus.	S. Wulfelmus.
S. Odo.	S. Celnothus.
S. Wilfridus.	S. Fleogildus.
S. Anselmus.	S. Athelinus.
S. Audoënus.	S. Wulganius.
S. Cuthebertus.	S. Siburgis virgo.
S. Athelardus.	S. Lanfrancus.
S. Bregwinus.	Ediva regina.
S. Plegmundus.	

Edwardus 3. concessit Simoni Iselep, episcopo Cantuar: ut uniret prioratum de Dovor prior: eccl: Christi Cantuar: hac lege, ut nullus esset prior de Dovor, nisi ex numero monach: Cantuar:

Henricus 3. charta sua concessit, ut liceret episcopo Cantuar: testamentum condere.

E quodam

Pag. 189.

E quodam registro, sive indice bibliothecæ Cantuar:

Tractatus Gilberti, episcopi London: super istud, "Sunt duæ olivæ."

Ivo Carnoten: de veritate sacramentorum Christi & eccles:

¶ Albericus de computo lunæ.

Libellus Bedæ de Arithmetrica.

Balduinus Cantuar: de sectis hæretic:

Benedictus monachus de computo. Eiusdem libellus de augmento & detrimento lunæ.

M. R. Pluto versificæ de summo bono. Liber eiusdem, Unde malum.

Idem de gradibus virtutum.

Idem de virginitate.

Idem de bono mortis.

Idem de loco & tempore.

* Liber regum Baldwini.

Epitaphium S. Anselmi.

Martinus de 4. virtutibus.

Epistolæ Symmachi.

Epistola Gualteri de Mauritania ad Hugonem.

Omelix Hucarii Levitæ in diebus Dominicis & præcipuis.

Historia Anglicana vetus. apud Talebotum.

Sententia probi iudicis.

Epistola Eucherii episcopi de situ Judææ.

Chronica Jordani episcopi Ravennaten: de rebus gestis Gothorum.

Itinerarium Antonini.

Expositiones Odonis super vet: testam:

Suetonius 1^s. de gestis imper:

Suetonius secundus.

Chronica Eusebii Salamonis.

Chronica Gervasii, monach: Cantuar:

Historia Hibernica, autore Giraldo.

Historia Radulphi de Diceto.

Sermones Elmeri, Prioris Cantuar:

Pag. 190. Triphonia ecclesiæ.

Musica Salamonis.

Joan: Damascenus ad Tegni Galeni.

Aphorismi Joan: Damasceni.

Isagoge Joan: Damasceni.

Alexander Sophista de medicina omnium membrorum corporis humani.

^a * Genetiæ Cleopatrx ad Theodatam.

Liber Aristarchi & Justii medic: tractans de virginibus.

☞ Liber Aluredi de custodiendis accipitribus.

a Sic, cum asterisco.

Liber Soratii medici ad Cleopatram reginam de mulieribus.

Liber Secundi Philosophi.

Cyprianus martyr de cœna nuptiali.

Gratianus de Urinis.

Arturus de Alkimia.

A

Elredus abbas de amicitia spirituali.

Dicta Aquilæ.

Ortographia Alex: Necham.

Chronographia Nicephori episcopi Constantinop: ad Adam
usque ad Freder: imper:

Pompeius de accentibus super Donatum.

Historia de lege & natura Saracenorum.

Odo Prior de moribus eccl:

Donatus de arte metrica.

Marbodius de ornamentis verborum.

a

Ars notoria.

Tractatus Odonis, abbatis de Bello, in libros regum.

Sermones Alex: Necham & concordantiæ.

Allegoriæ Isidori super Genesim.

Pomerius de vita activa & contemplativa.

Cassiodorus de eloquentia.

Regulæ Ciconii.

Joan: Saresbiriensis de statu curiæ Ro:

Expositiones Rabani de agno Paschali.

Athelardus de natural: quest: secundum Arabicos.

Anselmus de monte humilitatis.

Chronica Isidori, id est, floscula bibliorum.

Pag. 191.

Branketre villa in Estfax.

Pag. 192. vacat.

Mr. Talebote made this annotation in the front of Orofius Pag. 193.
historie, that he lent me, translatid out of Latine in to Saxon
tunge: Rex Ælfredus Orofium interpretatus est, & Boëtium,
& Bedam de historia ecclesiastica Anglorum.

Ælande yn Saxon an isle now in Englisch.

Flan in Saxon fagitta Latine.

ÿer in Saxon vir Latine.

Ætheling in Saxon regius juvenis Latine.

Ðomerus re scop speotelicost.

Cealde frigidus.

u

Haten flu:

Hearge templum.

TOM. III.

Q

Qute

*Owte of an old Saxon Booke caullid of summe
the old Englifch Historie.*

Cæfar first faught with the Britans yn Kent.
Then he passid over the Tamise about Yealingaford.
And he faught after about Cyrenceafter, now caullid Ciceafter.
Virtgeorne.
Æglesthrep.

Hengeft fout with the Britons at Creacanford in Kent.

Talebotus hæc scripsit in margine.

Crea flu: intrat in Tamesim inter Dartford & Erith, sed pro-
pius Darteford. Ejus fons est ad Orpington. Super eam
sunt Sainct Mary Crey, Powles Crey, Northecrey, Bekkef-
ley, & Creaforde.

Ciffa cam to Kymenes ora. Heortforda. Pag. 195.

Andredeflea. Elige.

Mearecresburne. Biedanhearde.

Ælla and Ciffa got Andre-
desceafter. Ealdorman.

Serdicesfora. Beorhford. Talbot heere writte

Portesmutha. Burford.

Natanleaga. Axanminstre.

Cerdicesforde. Seccandune.

Cerdicesleage. Hreopandune.

Yhte ealande. Ottanforda.

Yhtgarabyrig. Saxones

Scaroburh, Anno D. 552. Kinric faught
alias ibidem with the Britons by Searoburh,
Scarbyrig. and tooke it.

Ceaulin faught with the
Britons at Beranbyrig. Talbot
here notid Banbyri.

Deorham.

r

Yneocæstra.

Gleauceafter.

Cyrenceafter.

Bapanceafter.

Yoodesbeorg. Heere notid
Talebot Woddebridg.

Dorkeceafter super Tamesim.

Æsceldune. Talbot writ
heere, Afschdune forest in
Southfax.

Bradanford prope Avon] in

Talebot.

Wilshire, nunc Bradford.

Eald fexe. Cant pare. Talbot, viri Cantii.

Sceppige.

Carrum.

Yest Yealas. Talebot, Corne-
walle.

Angel land.

Francland.

Hengesterdune. Talebot, quasi

Hengston.

Hamtune.

Hrofeceafter.

Tenet insula.

Sandpic.

Eoferwicceastre.

Scireburnan.

Yintanceastre.

Snotengaham.

th

Deodforda.

Readingum.

Basingun.

Meretun.

Meretun.
^w
 ʒiltune.
 Hreopedune super Trentam.
 Exanceastre.
 Ecbrighthesstane.
 Sealpuda. Selwood.
 *Hreopedune in Northumbre.
 Tinan flu:
 Eðandune. Talbot here noted Edington.
 Cyrenceaster.
 Fullanhamme.
 Cornpealum. Cornewal.
 Bunan. Bononia Gallia.
 Limene muðan
 Midletune.
 Apulre.
 Fearnhamme.
 Ælcumford.
 Cumpæder. Compater.
 Pedregan.
 Sefer flu: Sabrina.
 { ʒestreceastre on ʒirehalum.
 { Legecestre.
 Merefig flu. Merfey.
 Cisseceastre. Chichester.
 Ligenan flu: apud Ware. Talebote. Latine dici potest liquentia.
 ʒinburnan.
 Baddanbyrig prope ʒinburnan.
 Creacgelade.
 Temese flu: Tamesis.
 Oxnaforde.
 Heortforda.
 Mealdune on Eastfexe.
 ʒitham. Witham in Eastfex.
 Ligean flu:
 Ligreceaster. Leycester.
 Hocenorten. Hokenorton.
 *Hereforda. Hereford.
 Buccinga hamme.
 Bedaforda.
 Hamtune pro Northamtune.

Beardanigge. Bardeneŷ.
 Bremesbyrig.
 Teotenheal. Totenhau, nunc Tetnaul college, non procul à Woulnor hampton.
 Scergate.
 Bricge. Bridgnorth.
 Staefforda.
 Tamapeordige. Tameworth.
 ʒering picum. Warwic.
 Cyricbyrig.
 ʒeardbyrig.
 Rumcofan. Runcorn.
 Deoraby. Darby.
 Cingestune. Kingŷton.
 Hunbran ea. Humba flu:
 Ligeraceastre. Leircestre.
 Lindcylne. Lincolnŷhir.
 Snotinga hamme.
 Stanfordeac.
 Deoraby.
 Cumbrelande.
 Tame. oppidum.
 Bedanforda.
 Kirtlingtune.
 Denascire.
 Cridiantune.
 Abbandune.
 Seolefigge. infula.
 ʒiltuneshire.
 Sudhamtune.
 ʒiltuneshire.
 Portlande.
 Nipanminŷtre at Winceŷtre.
 ʒerham. Werham.
 Sceaŷtesbyrig.
 ʒecedport.
 Gypeŷpic.
 ʒigerna ceastre. Wiceŷtre.
 Buruh. Now Peterburugh.
 Bebbanburuh. Banburuh.
 Lindesige. Lindeŷey.
 Lundenbyryg.
 Bernette.
 Andeferan. Andover in Hamtuneshir.

* Pag. 196;
 opera Ælfledæ, principis Merciorum.

Pag. 198.

* Pag. 197.

	Defenanſhire. Devonſhire.	Suðſefexe.
	Norðpealun.	Hæſting.
	Ʒecedport.	Suðrige.
	Penriðſteort.	Ʒiltunſcire.
	Tamermuðan.	Cantpareburuh. Canterbury.
	Lydanforde.	Genesburuh. On Trentryver.
	Ordulfes mynſtre Tæfingſtok.	Ʒætlinga ſtræte.
	Frommuthan. The haven and	Bapan. Bathe.
	gulf at Pole.	Grenapic. Nunc Grenewich.
	Ʒitland. Veſtis.	Eadperde and Ælfrede. Sunnes
	Meopægan. Medwey flu:	to king Ethelrede.
	Legeceaſtre. Cheſtre.	Cnut. Canutus rex.
Monig.	Monige. Now Angleſey with	Æaldelmesbyrig.
	owt faile.	Fifburgum.
	Defeniſces Folces. Devon-	Coſham.
	ſhire people.	Cregelade.
	Peonno.	Ʒeringpic.
	Exanmuthan.	Scrobreton.
	Searbyrig. Saresbyri.	* Bregentford. Alias Brent-
Fig. 200.	Deodforda. Theodford.	ford ibidem.
	Norðpic. Norwich.	Medpege flu.
	Denemarc.	Ægelesford.
	Friðſtole.	Aſſandun.
	Bearrucſcire.	Olanege. Olney.
	Readingon.	Gleſtingabyrig.
Fig. 199.	Ʒealingaforda.	Dene mearce. Denmark.
	Æſcefdune.	Dene mearcon.
	Cynetan. Kenet flu.	Cyringceaſtre.
	Ʒinceaſtre leode.	Ðurcil. Turkillus.
	Scrobbeſbyrigſhire.	Rameſige. Rameſey.
	Ciltern hilles in Bukenham-	Elig byrig. Ely.
	ſhir.	Heoſeſhamme.
	Stane. Stanes on the Tamife.	Ʒihraceſtre.
	Grantabrycſhire.	Leominſtre. Limeſtre.
	Ʒildan Fennes. The wild	Bofanham in Southſax.
	fennes.	Æadulfefneſſe in Eſtſax.
	Deodford. Thetford.	Derentamuthan. Dertemuth.
	Oxenafordſcire.	Oſpig abbas of Ðornige.
	Buccinghamſhire.	Ʒulfnod abbat on Ʒeſt myn-
	Uſan flu:	ſtre.
	Bedeforda.	Abutan Penpid * ſteort. About
* Steorte.	Temefanforde. Talbote. 2.	Penwith ſtreate in Corne-
	paſſ: millibus ſupra S. Neotes.	wale.
	Brendon.	Hæſtingan. Haſtinges?
	Heortfordſcire.	Butſe carlars. Botemen or
	Huntadunſcire.	ſhipmen. Suð ge

Suð ge peorce. Southwark.

Hris. Rhesus.

Ðunres dæg. Thursday.

Cofantreo. Coventre.

Ʒincelcumbe.

Eoforwic. York.

f

Eoveshamme.

Gemot. Talebot inde Mootehaul.

Dic. Fossa.

Portaschið. Portaschith in Wales.

Cradoc Griffines funne.

The lorde Welles lande descendid to fyve doughters thus Pag. 201.
 married, to Willoughby, to Meres, to

.

Pag. 202. vacat.

Pag. 203, 204. aliquot Angliæ partium borealium descriptionem exhibent. Sed hanc nuper edidimus pag. 125. Vol. VII. Itinerarii Lelandi, quod vide.

Ex genealogia comitum Uerovicensium.

Pag. 205.

Dunwallo, rex Britan: genuit Bellinum, qui Gurwinte regem genuit.

Guthelin rex à Gurwinte tempore Alexandri Mag. He put the last syllabe of his name to Cair, and so namid the towne Cairline. But soone after his dethe the Saxons destroyed it.

Guiderius King ennemy to holy chirche reparid the towne of Warwik.

Gwair the consul of King Artures blode enlargid the town of Werwik, and named it Gaيرguer of his owne name.

Constantine of Britaine, graundfather onto King Arture, reedified the same towne, and named it Cairumber: but that endurid but a litle while.

Wareunde, king of the Merches, a Saxon, reedified Werwik destroyed by the Saxons. Weremund was the funne of Witleg, the funne of Wagon, the funne of Frithgate, alias Bealdag, the funne of Woden. And of this Wareunde Werwike berith the name.

Arthgal the first erle of Warwike in the dayes of king Arture, and was one of the rounde table.

Then was Morvide the nexte in succession, and Merthrude. This Erthgal tooke a bere in his armes, for that in Britisch foundith a bere in Englisch.

Ealfleda, doughter to king Ealfrede, alias Alurede, that toke his

his croune of Pape Leo at Rome anno D. 872. This Alurede buildid the universite of Oxforde. Elfeda was countes of the Merches. She restorid Warwik destroyed by the paganes.

Pag. 206.

Rohunde erle of Warwike father to Felice.

Gui was erle of Warwike by Felice his wife.

Ranburne was funne to Gui and erle of Werwike.

*The erles of Warwike after the conqueste of
William the bastard.*

Roger of Beaumont in Normandie had ii. sunnes, Roberte creatid erle of Leircestre, and Henry erle of Warwik. The afore said Roberte helde of the French king the counte of Melente.

This Henry, erle of Warwike, had to wives, Margarete, doughter and heire on to Turkilde, erle of Warwike.

This Henry made the priory of S. Sepulchres in Warwike.

Henry had by Margarete 2. sunnes, Roger and Henry, after erles of Warwike.

Roger, erle of Warwike, had by Gundrede his wife iii. sunnes. William, Walarane, and Henry, wherof the ii. firste were erles of Warwike.

This erle Roger enriched the priory of S. Sepulchres.

William counte of Warwike foundid the hospital of S. John the Baptiste of Werwik, and died with owt issue.

Then was Walerane, brother to William, erle of Warwike, and had a sunne caullid Henry.

This Henry had Thomas erle of Warwik, and Margery a doughter, that after was countes of Warwike.

Pag. 207.

Thomas, erle of Warwike, sun to Henry, had no issue by Helene his wife, doughter to the countes caullid Longa spata.

Margery, sifter to Thomas erle of Warwik, and doughter to erle Henry, was countes of Warwik. She had ii. housebandes, one John Marscalle, and after hym John de Placetis, and they bothe were erles of Warewike by the title of their wife.

Marshalle erle of Warwike.

Placet erle of Warwike.

William Mauduit was after erle of Warwike, and lorde of Hanflape.

This William Maunduit was funne and heire to Alice Mauduit, dowgter to Walerane erle of Warwike.

William Maunduit, lorde of Hanflape, and erle of Warwike, had by Ales countes Isabelle, after countes of Warwike.

Here

Here folowith the descent of the Beauchampes, emonge whom William lorde of Elmeley, husbände to Isabel Maunduit, was the first erle of Warwik of that name.

King William conqueror enriched many nobles of his kinne, emong whom Gualterus Beauchampe was one.

Walter Beauchampe had to wife the daughter and heire of Talbot, of whom he begot many funnes and doughters; wher of the eldest was William, caullid king of the weste parties, by cause the people ^a of times rebellyd.

William Beauchampe had to wife the daughter of the erle Pag. 208. of Melente, and had issue ¹ William by her.

This ¹ William had to his firste Wife the daughter of Syr William of Breons. And after he hade Maude of S. Hilarie, by whom he had Walter lorde of Elmeley by right of his wife.

This William had also on to his wife Isabelle, daughter and heire to Sir William Maunduit, erle of Warwik; of whom he begot many funnes and doughters, wher of his eldest, caullid William, was erle of Warwik by right of his mother, and one of his sisters was married to Barptoleme of Sudcley.

William Beauchampe, erle of Warwike, funne to William and Isabelle, had to wife Maude, daughter to Sir John Fitz Geoffrey, by whom he had many children, especially 2. funnes, Robert and Guy.

Robert dyed with owt issue.

Guido his brother was erle of Warwike, and had to Wife Alice, daughter to Sir Rafe of Tony, by whom he had issue John and Thomas. John lyith buried at S. Paulis in London before an image of our lady.

Thomas erle of Warwik had to wife Catarine, doughtter of the erle of Marche, be whom he had many childerne, wher of the eldest was Thomas. Thomas the father, husbände to Catarine, made the new chauncelle at S. Maries in Warwike.

Thomas the funne erle of Warwik had to wife one of the Pag. 209. daughters of the lorde Ferrares, by whom he had issue one Richard. This erle Thomas enrichid the college of Warwike with great giftes.

Richard, erle of Warwik, holding landes yn Fraunce and Normandie, had to his wife Elifabeth, daughter to Syr Thomas of Berkeley, by whom he had 3. doughters, Margarete, Elenor, and Elifabeth.

Elifabeth countes being deade, he tooke to wif the lady Elifabeth Spensar, of whom he begot a funne caullid Henry, and one doughtter namid Anne. This Richard foundid the new lady chapelle on the south side of our lady chirch at Warwik.

Henry the firste duke of Warwike. He dyed with oute issue.

Anne sister on to Henry succedid, which was married to Richard, the eldest sunne of the erle of Saresbyri, and he was erle of Warwik by his wife.

This Anne had ii. doughtters. The first was maried to the duke of Clarence. The secund to prince Edward that was slayn at Twekesbyry felde: and after to king Richard the third.

Margareta de Beauchampe was the firste daughter by the aforefayde Richarde erle of Warwike by his firste wife, daughter to Syr Thomas lorde of Berkeley. Which Margarete was maried to John Talbot erle of Shrobbesbyri, who had issue John Talbot vicounte Lisle, that was slayne in Normandie with his father.

Pag. 210. John Talbot vicounte Lisle, slayne with his father erle of Shrobbesbyri in Normandy, had to wife Johan, daughter and heire to Thomas Chedder, by whom he had issue Thomas and Elisabeth.

This Thomas vicounte Lisle was slayne at Wotton under egge in Glocestreshire, and lefte no issue.

Elizabeth John Talbote vicounte Lisle's daughter, was married to Syr Edward Gray vicounte Lisle, which had issue John and Elisabeth.

John Gray vicounte Lisle had to wife Morelle, daughter to Thomas duke of Northfolk, by whom he had issue.

Pag. 211, 212, 213. vacant.

Pag. 214.

[^a *Hippolitus Ovidianæ Phædra respondens.*

[Hæc epistola scripta fuit per Johannem Shepreve, quondam socium corporis Christi collegii in Oxon. impressa Oxoniæ per Josephum Barnes. Et hodie Ms. bib. eadem.]

Reddo tibi miseræ quam das mihi, Phædra, salutem,

Si dici possit res male sana salus.

Sic etenim salvere jubes, ut perdere quæras,

Utque simul perdi, te scelerata, velis.

Cum tua privigni tetigisset epistola dextram,

Promisit titulus quæ meliora forent.

Nomen, Phædra, tuum vidi, legique libenter.

Spes mihi de tanto nomine magna fuit.

Speravi te digna parens. Nam tu quoque semper

Dum recte faceres es mihi visa parens.

Speravi patre digna meo, qui te sibi junxit.

Solvendamque dedit te violante fidem.

Speravi patre digna tuo, qui Gnosia regna

Multiplici clarens nobilitate regit.

Denique speravi supremo digna tonante,

Quem pater ille fertur habere patrem.

^a A quam manu sint ista quæ sequuntur usque ad pag. 217. non liquet.
^b Hæc nota marginalis tota est à manu Burtoni, exceptis ultimis quinque vocibus, quas adposuit Antonius à Wood. ^c Sic.

Tot mihi nominibus speranti prospera fœdus
Imposuit casto nomine tectus amor.

Obstupui, fateor, corpus frigescere cœpit;
Diriguere pedes, intremuere manus.

Unde nephas ^a * * * * *
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^bCum tuam confidero erga amicos liberalitatem, Wallice Pag. 216.
charissime, non possum non gaudere, cum me talem socium
forte felici nactum fuisse comperio. nec immerito, cum,
juxta Ciceronis sententiam, nihil tam dulce est quam aliquem
habere amicum, cum quo sic omnia audeas loqui, ut tecum.
Nec aliter sane de te judicare, qui te fatis noverit saltem,
quisquam potest existimo

laudare alliænas.]

^c *Sententiæ ex antiquis scriptoribus.*

Pag. 217.

Horat. Venimus ad summum.

Hesiodus. Principium dimidium totius.

Tullius. Sus Minervam.

Pythag. Adversus solem ne loquitor.

Plutarch. Qui sese non habet, Samum cup.

Cicer. Præstat habere acerbos.

Terent. Quot homines tot sententiæ.

Virg. Non omnia possumus omnes.

^a Desunt reliqua. Et quidem pagina 215. nihil continet quam aliud exemplar, iidem imperfectum, eorundem carminum ab eodem calamo exaratum.
^b Eiusdem Sheprævi hoc etiam esse epistolium censeo, licet forsitan non sit acce emendatum. ^c Hæc verba addidi. Sententiæ autem istas (quarum plerisque in Autographo præfigitur asteriscus) ex optima notæ auctoribus ideo collegit Lelandus, quia in easdem commentarium Grammatico-Criticum scribere atque edere in animo habuerat. Eo nimirum modo quo & postea apophthegmata congefferunt alii multi viri eruditi, illaque pro virili explicuerunt.

- Socrat. Quæ supra nos nihil ad nos.
 Terent. Facile cum valemus recta consilia ægrotis damus.
 Hesiod. Neque nulli sis amicus, neque multis.
 Pythag. Amicorum omnia communia.
 Pythag. Amicitia æqualitas.
 Terent. Amicus amico.
 Plaut. Ubi amici, ibi opes.
 Animo ægrotanti medicus est oratio.
 Aristot. Conciliant homines mala.
 Felicitas multos habet amicos.
 Tull. Amicus certus in re incerta cernitur.
 Tull. Amicitias immortales esse oportet.
 Diogenes. Aureæ compedes.
 Juvenal. Plus aloës quam mellis habet.
 Horat. Omne tulit punctum qui miscuit utile dulci.
 Horat. Tuo te pede metire.
 Plinius. Ne futor ultra crepidam.
 Virg.—Labor omnia vincit
 Improbis—————
 Tull. Fortes fortuna adjuvat.
 Juvenal. Albæ gallinæ filius.
 Suidas. Contingit & malis venatio.
 Varro. Lux affulsit.
 Plato. Felicitas à deo.
 Plato. Ne Hercules quidem adversus duos.
 Zenodotus. Unus vir, nullus vir.
 Propert.—In magnis & voluisse
 Sat est.
 Aristot. Una hirundo non facit ver.
 Suidas. Quam curat testudo muscas.
 Menander. Corruptunt bonos mores colloquia prava.
 Zenodotus. Boni viri lachrymabiles.
 Bene natis turpe est male vivere.
 Homer. Ut nunc sunt homines.
 Horat.—Non cuivis hominum contingit adire
 Corinthum.
 Solon. Difficilia quæ pulchra.
 Hostium munera non munera.
 Cato. Frons occipitio prior.
 Plaut. Post folia cadunt arbores.
 Plaut. Flamma fumo est proxima.
 Suidas. Ne puero gladium.
 Alia res sceptrum, alia plectrum.
 Hieronimus. Satietas ferociam parit.
 Aristot. Bonus dux bonum reddit comitem.
 Domus amica domus optima.

- Homer. Unus multorum instar.
 Pittacus aut Solon. Magistratus virum indicat.
 Plutarc. Res publ. virum docet.
 Tull: Emere malo quam rogare.
 Tull: Dignus qui cum in tenebris mices.
 Lucianus. Simia semper est simia.
 Alia vita alia diæta.
 Terent: Omnium rerum vicissitudo est.
 Plin: Nemo omnibus horis sapit.
 Homer. Aspera vita, sed salubris.
 Horat: Corvum delusit hiantem.
 Terent. Spem pretio emere.
 Virg. Fuimus Troës.
 Synesius. Levissima res oratio.
 Tullius. Fontes ipsi sitiunt.
 Compendiaria res improbitas.
 Ne verba pro farina.
 Mars communis.
 Menippus. Nescis quid ferus vesper vehat.
 Lucianus. Euripus homo.
 A puro pura defluet aqua.
 Tertull: Tempus omnia revelat.
 Tryphon. Neque mel, neque apes.
 Sueton. Artem quævis alit terra.
 Mala ultro adsunt.
 Æschylus. Obedientiâ felicitatis mater.
 Pausanias. Adonidis horti.
 Rosam quæ præteriit ne quæras iterum.
 Homer. Jactantiæ comes invidia.
 Herodot: Præstat invidiosum esse.
 Plato. Bis ac ter quod pulchrum.
 Aristot. Nullus delectus.
 Aristot. Virtus simplex.
 Ne moveto lineam.
 Plutarc: Æqualitas haud parit bellum.
 Plato. Quæ non posuisti ne tollas.
 Juvenal. Dat veniam corvis, vexat censura columbas.
 Pythag. Ignem gladio ne fodito.
 Pythag. Cor ne edito.
 Socrates. Optimum condimentum fames.
 Seneca. Bis dat qui cito dat.
 Aufonius. Promus magis quam condus.
 Terent: Obsequium amicos, veritas odium parit.
 Athenæus. In vino veritas.
 Tullius. Libero lecto nihil jucundius.
 Terent. Vixit, dum vixit, bene.

- Athenæus. Vinum caret clavo.
 Terent. Aureos polliceri montes.
 Phocylides. Lis litem ferit.
 Terent. Dies adimit ægritudinem.
 Ufus est altera natura.
 Hostis domesticus.
 Lucianus. Fumum fugiens in ignem incidi.
 Tull. Jucundi acti labores.
 Quintil. Conscientia mille testes.
 Tull. Manum de tabula.
 Horat. Cautus enim metuit.
 Persius. Tecum habita.
 Terent. Ne quid nimis.
 Theocritus. Neque pessimus, neque primus.
 Lucianus. Ne supra pedum calceus.
 Persius. Messe tenus propria vive.
 Plutarc. Arcus tensus rumpitur.
 Plato. Ad pedem.
 Necessitas magistra.
 Livius. Ingens telum necessitas.
 Virtus gloriam parit.
 Tullius. Domi nobilis.
 Persius. Intus & in cute.
 Homerus. Grata novitas.
 Val: Max: Ne malorum memineris.
 Zenodotus. Lex & regio.
 Carpet citius aliquis quam imitabitur.
 Homer. Tollenda mali occasio.
 Seneca. Nunc tuum ferrum in igne est.
 Non semper erit æstas.
 Tull. Oderint dum metuant.
 Plutarc. Urit absque torre.
 Ira omnium tardissime fenescit.
 Theognis. E squilla non nascitur rosa.
 Macrob. Bonæ leges ex malis moribus.
 Mali corvi malum ovum.
 Zenodotus. Paupertas sapientiam sortita est.
 Horat. Virtus post nummos.
 Solon. Finem vitæ specta.
 Terent. Tanquam in speculo.
 Diogenianus. Ne magna loquaris.
 Suum cuique pulchrum.
 Plutarc. Te ipsum inspice.
 Homo homini deus.
 Plutarc. Gloria futuri.
 Tull. Largitio non habet fundum,

Terent.

Terent. Ut possumus, quando, ut volumus, non licet.

Homer. Quod adest boni consule.

Donatus. Sapiens divinat.

Aristot. Sapiens non eget.

Cicero. Tanquam de specula.

Plautus. Acetum habet in pectore.

Pudor in oculis.

Ubi timor ibi pudor.

Phœnice rarior.

Cicer. Summum jus summa injuria.

Terent. In portu navigare.

Virg. Quo ad vixero.

Tull. Sero sapiunt Phryges.

Ictus sapit.

Seneca. Sera in fundo parsimonia.

Plinius. Optimum aliena insania frui.

Aut bibat, aut abeat.

Quintil. Omnium horarum homo.

Plutarc. Æqualem tibi uxorem quære.

Sequitur ver hyemem

Epicharmus. Asinus asino pulcherrimus.

Sileni Alcibiadis.

Pithag. Arctum anulum ne gestato.

Ad huc cœlum volvitur.

Ovid. Spes servat adflictos.

Terent. Lupus in fabula.

Xenocrates. Tutum silentii præmium.

Terent. Quod scis nescis.

Suidas. Crambe bis posita mors.

Festina lente.

Cato. Sat cito fit fat bene.

Pedetentim.

Homer. Non statim decernendum.

Thucydi: Inscitia confidentiam parit.

Martial. Vendere fumos.

Testa collifa testæ.

Varro. Homo bulla.

Cicero. Vita mortalium brevis.

Repperit deus nocentem.

Ovidius. Longe regum manus.

Nes pina quidem vulnerabit bonos.

Homer. Vindicta tarda, sed gravis.

Felix qui nihil debet.

Magnis amoris modestia.

Veritas temporis filia.

Pag. 219.

Juvenal.

Juvenal. Probitas laudatur, & alget.
 Homo homini dæmonium.
 Dum spiro spero.
 Bene qui latuit bene vixit.
 Fumo pereat, qui fumum vendidit.
 Discite justitiam moniti.
 Ciconiæ pietas.
 Sicut gallina pullos.
 Res adversæ probant amicum.
 Rara avis in terris fides.
 Noli altum sapere.
 Virtute duce, comite fortuna.
 Nihil invita Minerva.
 Digito compeſce labellum.
 Dies revelabit omnia.
 Expertus metuit.
 [Me mea delectant.
 Mi mea sola placent.]

Pag. 220, 221. vacant.

Pag. 222:

Ex antiquiff: Dictionario Latino-Saxonico.

Humus, molde.	Avus, ealdafeder.
Pelagus, wideſæ.	Abavus, Thirddafeder.
Oceanus, garſecg.	Liberi, mabearne.
Caput, heafod.	Soboles, bearne.
Vertex, hnelle.	Familia, hipreden, oððer hired.
Cæſaries, fex.	Altor vel nutritor, fofterfeder.
Oculus, eage.	Alumnus, fofter child.
Pellis, felle.	Patruus, federa.
Vena, eaddre.	Amita, faðu.
Pulpa, lira.	Avunculus, eam.
Sura, ſperlira.	Propinquus, megð.
w	Confanguineus, ſibling.
Propheta, pitega.	Socer, ſpeor. Pag. 223.
Archiepiſcopus, ercebifcop:	Socrus, ſpeger.
Epifcopus, leodbifcop.	Nurus, ſnoru.
Regnum, rice.	Sceptrum, cýnegird.
Sacerdos, facerde.	Princeps, ealdorman.
Monachos, munuc, oððer anſtandende.	Dux, heretoga, oððer lateop.
Monacha, mýnecýau.	Comes, ealdorman, oððe gereva.
Cantrix, fangeſtre.	Clito, Æðeling.
Lectrix, redeftre.	Primas, heofodman.
Conjux, gæmecca.	Satrapa, þegen.
Pulcher, feger.	
Spetioſus vel decorus, plitig.	

Judex,

Judex, dema.	Incantator, galere.
Præpositus, gerefa.	Magus, dry.
Miles vel athleta, cempa.	Persecutor, ehtere.
Exercitus, here.	Diadema, cynhelme.
Populus, folc.	Indigena vel incola, inlendisc.
Edictum, geban.	Advena, utancumen.
Vulgus, ceorlfolc.	z
Dominus vel herus, hlaforde.	Peregrinus, eaþeodig.
Domina, hledige.	Colonus, tilia.
Cliens, incnith.	Agricola, æcermann.
Vernaculus, inbyrdling.	Aratrum, ful.
Servus, þeopa.	Doctor, lareop.
Pastor, hýrde.	Epistola, ærengþrit.
Puer, cnapa.	Pictor, mýtere.
Vir, per.	Pictura, metýng.
Juvenis, iungling.	Schedula, ýmele.
Consilium, ræd.	Scalpellum, greaf feax.
Consiliarius, rædbora.	Pædagogus, childerhýrde.
Sponsa, brýd.	Discipulus, leorning cnihte.
Concionator, gemotman.	Disciplina, lar.
Operarius, prita.	Miser, earming.
Rusticus, Æcerceorle.	Æger vel ægrotus, adlig.
Trapezita vel nummularius,	Leprosus, hreofrig.
mýneter.	Morbus, adl.
*Numisma, mýnet.	Vigilia, þecce.
Gigas, ente.	Pius, arfæst.
Tuba, býme.	Largus, cyrtig.
Tubicen, býmere.	Raptor, reafere.
Musa, a pipe.	Prudens, fnoter.
Fidicen, fiðeler,	Astutus, þætig.
Liticen, cruð.	Stultus, stunte.
Poëta, sceop, oððe leoð-	Sermo, fprec.
perhta.	Superbus, modig.
Mercator, manger.	Superbia, modignes.
Pyrata, picýng, oððe flote-	Humilis, eaðemod.
man.	Humilitas, eaðemodnes.
Remex vel nauta, reðera.	Nimbus, Scur.
Medicus, læce.	Nubes, polcn.
Medicina, læcedom.	Mane, merigen.
Arfura, bernet.	Hora, tid.
Sartor, seamere.	Ver, lencten.
Dispensator, dihtner.	Annus, gear.
Pincerna, býrle.	Frigus, cýle.
Pauper, þearfe.	r
Felix, gefelig.	Color, bleoh.
Augur, pigler.	Varius color, fah.

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* Page 224.

Creator,

Creator, scyppend.	* Lutrū, oter.
Volucris, fugel.	Fiber, beofor.
Corvus, hrevin.	Dama, da.
Ardea, hragra.	Hinnulus, hindecealf.
Pag. 226: Ciconia, storc.	Capreolus, rahdeor.
Merula, þroftle.	Caprea, ræge.
Alcedo, mæp.	Caper vel hircus, bucca.
Mergus, scealfra.	Capella, gat.
Cygnus, ylfytte.	Hœdus, ticcen.
Turdus, stearling.	Vitulus, cealf.
Coturnix, erfchenn.	Pecus vel jumentum, nýten.
Vespertilio, hreremus.	Rubeſa, a tadie. Pag. 227.
Graculus, hroc.	Stellio, flapýrm.
Parrax, wrenna.	Cimex, maðu.
Delphinus, merſþin.	Anetum, dille.
Ificius vel falmo, lex.	Sandix, pad.
Mugil, mecefiſc.	Taxus, ip.
Taricus, hæring.	Fagus, boctreop.
Mullus, heardra.	Ramnus, ^b fyrres.
Fannus, hreoche.	...
Rocea, ſcealga.	Pons, brigc.
Polypus, loppeſtre.	Mons, dune.
Muræna, merenædder.	Amnis, ea.
Lucius, hacod.	Vallis, dene.
Camelus, Olfend.	Torrents, burna.

Pag. 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236. vacant.

Pag. 237:

E bibliotheca Eliotæ.

- Abactores, theves that ſteale catelle.
 Abigeus, a ſtealer of catelle.
 Abiit oppidum in villas, the towne is tornid in to fermes.
 Abluvium, a floudde.
 * Abi, a great ryver in England caullid Humber.
 Aborigines, people whos beginninges be onknowen.
 Acta, water bankes, or ſtrondes.
 Æſtuo, to flow.
 Æſtuaria, places whither the ſe ebbith and flowith.
 Alata caſtra, Edenburgh, or the caſtelle of maidens.
 Albula, a river, the old name of Tyber.
 Albus flu: Humbre ryver in the north countre,
 Alga, a ſe weede.
 Alluo, to flow nygh to, or to waſch.
 Alluvies, abundaunce of water mixt with clay lying on the ground.

^a Sic, cum duobus punctis. ^b Sic, cum tribus punctis sub re.

Alluvium,

* Alluvium, a floude.
 Alnus, an alder tre.
 Ambrones, people in Fraunce.
 Amnicus, of the brooke.

Anglia, so caullid ab Anglis a people by Saxonie.
 Antermini, the inhabitants of the marches, or frontiers of
 a country.

Antistita, a priores or abbesse.
 Aphricus ventus, a southwinde.
 Apiceones, sheepe having smaull bodies and litle woull.
 Apocleti, men of the privie counsel.
 Apogæi, wyndes that rise out of the ground.
 Apogæum, an habitation under the ground.
 Aquæ calidæ, Bathe a citie in Englande.
 Aquariolum, a washing place.
 Aquilo, the north est wynde.
 Aquitania, Guien.
 Arcarius, a treasurer.
 Archigrammatæus, a chauncelar, or chief secretarie.
 Argestes, the southe west wynde.
 Arturus, a noble prince, but onrememberid of writers of Pag. 238.
 that tyme.

Arunca, a toun in Italie.
 Arx, a fortes or castelle stonding highe.
 Assula, a chippe or shingle.
 Ategia, a bouthe or house made up with bowes or trees.
 Aviarium, a thick wood with out way.
 Aurata, a fische caullid a gilte hedde.
 Autocthones, people which began in the counterie wher
 they do inhabite.

Axona, a countre in Fraunce caullid Desne.
 Baiæ, a citie in Campania a peace of Italiæ, wher of al
 bathes naturale be caullid Baiæ.
 Belerium, or Bolerium promontorium, S. Buriens yn
 Cornwale.

Boreas, the northeftern wynde.
 Bovillæ, a toun not far from Rome.
 Brigantes, people in the north parte of England.
 Britania.
 Gessoriacum, Calays sandes.
 Gildas historie losse.
 Bede ignorant in the antiquite of Britaine.
 A writen booke of a 20. leves founde in an holow stone,
 kyverid with a stone in digging for a foundation at Yvy
 chirch by Saresbyri.

for

Britania quasi Brytania, be cause it was fertile of mines of Metalle.

Olbion the olde name of Britaine, that foundith more happy or richer.

Bucentes, ftingging gnattes.

Buxetum, a place wher box trees growe.

Byrfa, an hyde of a beste.

Caballinus fons.

Cæsius, gray of colour, or blunket.

Cæstrum, a litle toure.

Calena, ^a Oxforde.

Callirhoe fons by Athenes.

Pag. 239. Calveta, baren downes or playnes.

Candoloccus, a fe gulle or Camose.

Cannetum, a place wher reades growith.

Cannitiæ, redid houfes.

Capo, a gurnarde.

Capreolus, a Roo.

Carex, fegge.

Carectum, a place wher fegge growith.

Chartumandua, a quene of the Brigantes in Britaine.

Cassiterus, tynne.

Castanetum, a place wher cheft nutte trees growith.

Catadromus, a place for horses to renne a race yn.

Catarrhactæ, great coursis of waters faullyng from high places.

Caturactonium, Cairlil in Cumbreland.

Caurus, a westerne winde.

Cavedium, a place having many porches like a market place.

Cautes, a ragged rokke, or hil ful of stons.

r

Celetes, renning horses.

Cellaria, a wyne cellar.

Celox, a swifte shippe caullid a brigantine.

Cento, a jack.

Centurio, to divide in to companies by hundredes.

Cheledonia, the westerne wynde.

Chomata, water bankes to kepe in ryvers that they ov er flow not.

Cimeliarchon, a jewel house.

Cimeliarchus, a master of the jewel house.

Circius, a souththern wynde.

Circumcelliones, taverne haunters.

^a *Haud secus sentiunt etiam alii. Sed non adeo recte, ut observavimus in Indice nostro primo ad Antonini Itin. per Brit.*

- Circumcolumnium, a place fet about with pillours.
 Citrea malus, an orange tre.
 Citreum, an orange.
 Claros, a citie in Grece.
 Clarus, a ryver rising in Alpibus going to Danow.
 Claustrum, a place wher any lyving thing is enclosed. Pag. 240.
 Clitorius, a fountaine in Grece.
 Coclides, wynding ftaires.
 Cohum, a thong or lingelle wher with the oxbow and the yowke ar bounden to gither.
 Conspicilium, a loope in a waulle.
 Convallis, a valley having hillis on booth sides.
 Convenæ, people assembled of dyvers cöunteries, dwelling yn one counterie or toun.
 Coracinus, of a crow.
 Corna, the name of a citie.
 Coryletum, a grove of hasilles.
 Covinum, a kinde of chariotes.
 Counium, a toun in Dorsetshir caullid Dorchester.
 Counos, the isle of Shepey in Kente.
 Crudaria, a vayne of sylver.
 Crypta, a voulte under the ground.
 Curiosus, master of the postes, as Stephanus sayith.
 Curio, a curate of a parische.
 Cydnus, a ryver in Cilicia.
 Dama, a falow deere.
 Deducere rivos, to turn the ryvers.
 Denaso, to cutte or pull of the nose.
 Deva, a ryver in Scotteland, caullid Dee : and the town caullid Dundee is also caullid Deva.
 Devana, a toun in the North parte of England caullid Dancafter.
 Dividiculum, the hed of a conduicte.
 Doliarium, a wyne cellar.
 Domnonii, the people of Devonshir.
^a Draconifer, a standar berer.
 Dromus, the place wher menne do runne horses, or try the suištenes of them.
 Ducere vallum, to make a trench.

^a Draconarius in Eliota, quas vidi, Editt. Atque ita Veget. de re mil. l. II. c. 7. Signiferi, inquit, qui signa portant, quos nunc Draconarios vocant. Fateor quidem Alex. ab Alexandro notare, omnes milites, qui draconis signum sequerentur, Draconarios appellatos fuisse. Minus tamen recte, ut cum ex Vegetio tum ex Ammiano Marcell. liquet. Firmatque vox Græca, δρακοντοφόρος, ut è Gloss. Græco-Lat. intelligimus. De draconibus vero ipsis paucula observavi in Diff. de Pavimento Stunsfeldiano, §. VII.

- Donum, a country in England caullyd Durham.
 Dynasta & dynastes, a lorde or prince of great poure.
 Eblana, the citie of Dubline in Ireland.
 Eboracum or Eburacum, the citie of York.
 Ebudes, isles a bout the se in England, wher the people
 do lyve by white mete and fisch. I suppose they be the isles
 Eliotes con-
 jecture. nigh Wales and the west country.
 Columel:
 Echi, litle narrow valleis or dales betwene two hilles.
 Edonus, an hille in Thrace, unde Edonii.
 Elis, a citie of Archadie.
 Elix, a water furrow.
 Embata, a shippe caullid a bark.
 Emissarium, a sluice.
 Eparchus, the president of a province.
 Episcopium, a bishops palace.
 Episthami, harbigers for the traines of princes.
 Equestris ordo, the state of gentilmen.
 Equiria, renning with horses.
 Erichinus, a fische caullid a rochete.
 Ervila, tares.
 Euripus, an arme of the se.
 notus
 Eurotonus, a north weste winde.
 Eurus, the easte wynd.
 Fala, a toure made of timber.
 Fafelus, a bote.
 Favonius, the south wynde.
 Ferraria, an yron mine.
 Ferramentarii, men that work yn yron.
 Figlina, a potters house.
 Filictum, a ferny ground.
 Fiftuca, an instrumēt to dryve piles with yn to the ground.
 Flamen, a preste emong the gentiles.
 Flaminica, the wife of the preste.
 Flaminia, the house of tharche preste.
 Fodina, a place wher a thing is diggid.
 Pag. 242:
 Fornax calcaria, a lyme kylle.
 Fornax lateraria, a brike kylle.
 Fretum, a narrow se.
 Gabalus, a galow tre or gybet.
 Galactophagus, an eater of milke.
 Galactopota, a drinkker of mylke.
 Gamarus, a lopstar or crevise of the se.
 Gerontocomion, an hospital for old men.
 Gerres, pilchardes.

Gigas,

Gigas, about ^a a 30. parte were founde the bones of a gigant of XIII. fote and x. inches of stature at Ivy chirch a 2. miles from Saresbyri.

Glandaria sylva, a wood having much masse.

Glans, masse groung on okes, beche, cheft nuttes, and other like.

Glaustus, alias Isatis, woade.

Gleffum, cryftal or berylle.

Grammateus, a chauncellar.

Grammatophylatium, a place where recordes be kepte.

Gymnasiarches, the chief master of the schole.

Halesius, a ryver by Ætna.

Hamatilis piscatus, fishing with an hooke, or anglinge.

Hericius, an irchen or hegge hog.

Herinatus, of an irchen.

Hibris, a wyld hogge engenderid bytwene a wyld bore and a tame fowe.

Hipparchus, capitaine of the horse men.

Hippocrene, a founteyn in Bœotia.

Hippomachia, tourneyng on horse bak.

Hippotoxata, an archer on horse bak.

Horda, a cow great with caulfe.

{ Horia, a fischer bote.

{ Horiola.

Hypogæum, a place under the ground.

Ichthyophagi, people that eat only fische.

Pag. 243.

Ichthyolion, a fische market.

Ichthyotrophia, a pond or stew wher yn fishes be fedde.

Ilex, the holy tre or holme.

Inquilino, to dwelle in a straunge place.

Inquilinus.

Interamna, a citie in Italy.

Irenarches & irenarcha, a justice of peace.

Ifca, a citie in Devonshire caullid Excester.

Ischalis, a toune in Somersetsshire caullid Ilchester.

a Hæc ita se habent in Eliote exemplaribus quæ vidi, viz. About xxx. years passed, I my selfe beyng with my father fyr Rycharde Elyot, at a monasterye of regular chanons, called Ivy church, two myles from the citee of Sarisbury, behelde the bones of a dead man founde depe in the ground where they digged stone, which beyng joyned together was in length xiiii. foote and x. ynches. whereof one of the teethe my father had, whyche was of the quantitee of a great walnutte. This have I writen because some men wil beleve nothyng that is out of the compasse of their owne knowlage. And yet some of them presume to have knowlage above any other, contemnyng all men but theim selves and fuche as they favour. Ideo autem ista inserere placuit, quoniam auctor magni erat nominis ob eruditionem, prudentiam, & experientiam, nec Bibliothecæ ejus impressiones primæ ubi-vis occurrunt.

Isthmus,

Isthmus, a narrow parte of the countrey wher ii. seas be but a smaule distance a funder.

Laccia, a chevyn.

Lachanopoles, a fellar of herbes.

Lachanopoleum, the herbe market.

Lagotrophia, a warden or park of hares.

Lambrus, a ryver that rennith into Po.

Lampetra, a lamprey.

Lanarius, a wolle man.

Laniena, the flesch shambles.

Lanio & lanius, a bocher.

Lanitium, the arte of making of clothe.

Lanificus, a worker of wolle.

Lapidicina, a quarrey of stons.

Latomia, a quarrey of stons.

Latomus, a mason.

Laver, an herbe grouyng in the water.

Lembus, a bark.

Lenunculus, a fisher's bote.

Leporarium, a place enclosed. wher be kept any bestes for pleasure of hunting.

Leucachanta, alba spina, white thorne.

Libanotis, Rosemary.

Libanotus, a wynd blouyng from the northeweste.

Pag. 244.

Lex plagaria, wher by men were whipped.

Libripens, a way house.

Libs, a wynde blouyng out of the south.

Limenarcha, a warden of the portes.

Limetanei agri, feeldes lying in the extreme marches of a country. [marches.

Limetanei milites, souldiours appointed to defende the

Linarius, a warker of linnen.

Lindum, a citie, which sum do suppose to be Lyncoln, sum Lynne.

Linternum, a town in Campania.

Linteræus, a ryver in Campania.

Lintearius, a linnen mercer.

Lintres, bootes of holow trees.

Lithologema, a hepe of stons.

Lombrix, a lampray.

Lucus, an high and thick wood.

Luentinum, Powes lande in wales.

Macheropios, a cutellar or bladesmith.

Magog, the sunne of Japheth.

Mariscus, a bulle rische.

Marodunum, Cairmerdine in Wales.

- Medianus, that which is in the mydle.
 Mediolanum, Manchester.
 Melis feu melius, a brok, gray, or badger.
 Mena, a hering, alec. A pilchard, alecula.
 Menus, a ryver yn Germania.
 Metropolitanus, a man borne in Metropoli.
 Metropolites, the bishop of the chief citie.
 Mevania, a citie yn Umbria wher Propertius was borne.
 Menevia, Sainte David in Wales.
 Misoginia, a hater of ^a women.
 Mona, of the Grekes caullid Monna, not the isle of Anglesey, but the isle of Man.
 Monostelon, where is but one piller. Pag. 159.
 Mons feratus, a counterie yn Italy.
 Monoxylon, a bote made of one peace of tymbre.
 Municipatim, town by towne.
 Municipium, a citie or toune incorporate having propre officers and lawes.
 Municeps, a citizen or burges.
 Muræna, a lamprey.
 Murænulæ, smaul chaynes.
 Musmones, shepe with hery wolle.
 Mutica spica, a corne without a berde.
 Migale, a ratte.
 Myra, a citie in Licia.
 Natrix, a water snake.
 Navarchus, master of the shippe.
 Neomagus, a city in England supposid to be Chester.
 Neustria, Normandie.
 Niceteria, rewardes for victorie.
 Nigris, a fountaine in Ethiope.
 Nomarcha, he that hath præeminence in administration of the law.
 Novum comum, a citie in Lumbardy.
 Oceanus Britannicus, the se next to Englande.
 Ochus, a ryver in Acarnania.
 Ochra, oker. [wal.
 Ocrinum promontorium, Sainct Michaels monte in Cornewall.
 Octopitarum promontorium, a promontorie in Wales caullyd Sainte David.
 Oenopola, a vintnar or taverner.
 Oenopolium, a wyne taverne.
 Oonæ, isles in the north Ocean, wher the inhabitants dyd lyve with egges.

a Ita etiam in Eliotæ quos videre contigit libris impressis. Pro women tamen in Autographo quispiam women marriage reposuit.

- Oppidatim, toune by toun.
 Oppidum, a waulid toun, city. oppidulum, a litle toune.
 Pag. 246. Orata, a fische caullid a gilte hedde.
 Orcas promontorium, the north end of Scotlande.
 Orcades.
 Ordoluci, Chivet hilles.
 Ornus, a wylde affche.
 Orrea, Newcastle.
 Offuaria, wher the bones of deade men be putte.
 Oxellum, Chester.
 Pagus, a village.
 Palufter, of the fenne.
 Paludatus, cledde in a cote armure.
 Pancratiastes, a man experte in al feates of activite.
 Pandana porta, a gate in Rome.
 Pandochium, an yn or commune logging.
 Pannicularius, a draper.
 Paradromis, a galery or walke.
 Parœcia, a parifche.
 Particulones, coheyres or comperterteners.
 Pecuarius, a breder of catelle.
 Pecuariam rem facere, to brede catelle.
 Peda & pedatura, the fteppe or token of a mannes foote.
 Pelargos, a ftorke.
 Peninfula, a place almost environid with the fe.
 Penulatus, clokyd.
 Percha, a perche.
 Perfugium, a place to renne to for focour.
 Pergula, a galery open on booth fydes.
 Peristylium, a place fet about with pillers.
 Petra, a grete rok on the land.
 Phagus, a beech tre.
 Phanum, a temple.
 Phafelus, a galion.
 Phileni, lovers of wyne.
 Pictes, a wrafteler.
 Pag. 247. Pilani, they that fight with dartes.
 Pinnæ, embatelments of a waulle.
 Piscina, a fische ponde.
 Piscinarius, he that nurichith fische.
 Pontica nux, a filbert.
 Pontones, whiry botes.
 Populetum, a place wher populer tres grow.
 Portiusculus, a pilode of a fhippe.
 Portuofus, ful of havens.
 Præfectus urbis.

- Præfectus provintiarum.
 Præfectus scriniorum & libellorum, master of the roulles.
 Præfectus ærarii.
 Procurfatores, fore ryders in batelle.
 Promontorium, a hed land.
 Promurale, a countermure.
 Propolis, a suburbe.
 Prothyrum, a porch, a fore the doore.
 Prytanis, the præfident of the counfel.
 Pseudothyrum, a false pofterne.
 Pugillatus, wraftelyng with collers.
 Pugnacula, a skirmouche.
 Purpurati, peeres of the reaulme.
 Pygmachus, a wrafteler.
 Pygmachia, wrafteling with collers.
 Pyra, a bone fyer.
 Pyratium, pyre.
 Pyrgobaris, a houfe buildid like a tour.
 Pyrgos, a toure.
 Pyrocorax, a crow with a redde bylle. a Cornifche chough.
 Querceus, }
 Quercius, } of an oke.
 Querneus, }
 Quernus, }
 Quercetum, a grove of okes.
 Quæftores parricidii, the coroners.
 Quæftores ærarii, officers of the receipte. Pag. 248.
 Quintana porta, a gate in a campe of warre, the chief gate
 next to that which was caulled Prætoria.
 Rage, a toune and castelle caullid Snotingham. ☞
 Randufcula porta, the brafen gate.
 Raia, a ray or skete fifche.
 Rates, properly peaces of tymber bounde to gither, wher
 on men lay stufte and convey it doune by ryvers.
 Ratiarius, a master of a shippe.
 Refluo, to flow.
 Refluxus, the fludde or tyde.
 Remulco, to draw a shippe with a fmaul bote.
 Restio, a roper.
 Retæ, trees growing on the bankes of ryvers.
 Retinaculum, a ftay to hold a thyng.
 Rhodonia, a garden of rofes.
 Rhombus, a byrte.
 Rituales, bookes wher yn be written the fourmes of cere-
 monies.
 Rorarii milites, lighte harnesid men to skirmouche.

- Rubellio, a rochet.
 Rupicapra, a wyldegote. Leyland. I take thys for a ro buk.
 Rutrum or rutum, a mattok.
 Rutupe or Rutupiæ, Sandwich haven in Kente.
 Rutupinum promontorium, a gore or elbow lying yn to
 the se aboute Sandewike.
 Sabrina, Severne, caullid of Ptoleme Sabriana æstuarium.
 Salaces, waters that rise out of quikke springes.
 Salicetum & faliētum, a place wher wylowes grow.
 Salopia, Shrewesbyri.
 Saltuosus, ful of woode.
 Saltuarius, a keeper of wood, or woodward.
 Sandaraca, yelow oker.
 Sarcinaria jumenta, pakke horses.
 Sarissa, a long spere.
 Pifces faxatiles.
 Saxetum, a rokky place.
 Scala, a payre of stayres.
 Scalpturatum, pavement made with stoness^a of dyvers co-
 lours joynid to gither.
 Scandulæ, shingle to cover houses with.
 Scapha, a boote.
 Scarus, a fische caullyd a gilte hed or Goldeney.
 Scæna, a skafold.
 Schedia, a thing made like a bridg with trees on the ryvers
 to cary stufte on.
 Schenoplocos, a roper.
 Sciotericon, a diale fet on a waulle.
 Sectarius vervex, the belle wether.
 Sericarius, a wever of fylke.
 Scitum, a decre or statute.
 Scutarius, a bukler or shild maker.
 Senticetum, a brery place.
 Sepia, a fische caullid a cuttelle.
 Sepum, talow.
 Sepatius, of talow.

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³²⁷
a Hac voce utitur Plin. N. H. XXXVI. 25. Romæ [pavimentum] scalptu-
 ratum in Jovis Capitolini æde primum factum est post tertium Punicum
 bellum initum. Ex Eliote interpretatione constat cum pavimentum scalptura-
 tum à tessellato non distinxisse. Alii etiam non distinguebant. Tessellatum
 nimirum à tessellis sive crustis parvulis, scalpturatum vero ab ipsis instrumentis
 vocabatur. Ad me quod attinet, existimo ea pavimenta proprie vocari scalptu-
 rata, que non tantum paullo elegantiora essent facta, verum etiam deorum,
 hominum, animaliumque figuris ornata; barbarica proinde item nominanda, sicut
 à Plinio ipso colligimus. Sed quale demum fuerit pavimentum scalpturatum è
 pavimenti Stunsfeldiani tabula nostra accuratissima longe facilius erui potest, quam
 è verbis ullis in medium à nobis hic loci proferendis.

Tama, the swelling in the legge with bloode cummyng down.

Taphiæ & Taphus, an isle by Grece.

{ ^a Taphius, a city in Ægypte.

{ Taphnii, the people of that citie.

Taphos in Greke, a sepulchre.

Taua, Tynmouth in Englande.

Telamones, images that bere up pillers or postes.

Tempe in Theffalia, pleasaunte places.

Terginus, a, num, of a bestes hyde.

Terminalis lapis, a mere stone.

Tefferarius, he that givith the watche worde.

Tetrarcha, the ruler of the fourth parte of a reaulme.

Thera, a citie by Athenes.

Toliapis, the isle of Tenet in Kente.

Toparcha, he that hath the rule of one place.

Tragopogus, a barbelle.

Trahax, a covetouse personage.

Transenna, a loope to looke oute at.

Trecæ, a citie in Champayne.

Treva, a citie in Alemaine caullid Hamburg.

Trigla, as Eliot supposith, a fore mullet.

Tuefis, the ryver caullid Twede, which devidith England from Scotteland. It is also the towne caullyd Berwike.

Tumultuarii militis, souldiers taken at a shifte with out muusters.

Vageni, a people dwelling emong the montaines caullid Alpes.

Valetudinarium, a place wher sik men ly.

Vallonia, the goddes of the vale.

Varar, Dunbar in Scottelande.

Vascularius, a potter.

Vectis, the isle of Wichgte.

Vedra, the ryver of Werê in Wales.

Venta, an haven in England caullyd Bristow.

Veredarius, a messenger by poste.

Veredus, a light horse or hunting nagge.

Veterinarius, he that lettith horses to hyer.

Vietor, a cowper.

Vindenii fluminis ostia, Dyrdaugh in Irelande.

Vinetum, a vineyard.

Viretum, a grene place.

Vitrinus, of glasse.

Urbicula, a litle cytie.

Vulnerarius, a chirurgian.

^a L. Taphnis.



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Utricularius, a bagge piper.
Uxella, Crokene welle in Devonshire,
Uxellum, Westchester.

Pag. 251, 252. vacat,

Pag. 253.

Guldeford.

Fizacer super 4^m. Sententiarum.
Vita S. Germani, soluta oratione.
Expositio Trivet super regulam Augustini.

Waverley.

Gulielmus Giffard, episcopus Wintoniensis, inchoavit cœnobium de Waverley; Nicolaus Heli, episcopus Wintoniensis, consummavit, ibidemque sepultus est.

Ex prologo cujusdam auctoris, qui egregium librum scripsit de vita S^{ci}. Thomæ:

Herebertus de Bosham, Joannes Carnotensis, Gulielmus Cantuariensis, Alanus abbas Teukesbiriensis scripsere vitam Sancti Thomæ, & ei familiaris in vita adhæserunt.

Liber Heraclidis de vitis patrum ad Laufum, præsidem palatii.

Sermones Odonis, abbatis de Bello. Liber desiderabatur.

Eulogium Joannis Cornubiensis de homine assumpto ad Alexandrum papam tertium.] liber nusquam ibi comparuit, nisi in indice.

Epistola Bedæ ad Veſteum de æquinoctio.

Liber Roberti, prioris Sanctæ Freſwidæ, de connubio Jacobi. Sed nec hic liber usquam elucet. Fortasse hic est Robertus Crikelandensis, qui collegit flores Plinii, quorum exemplar est Hartlandiæ.

Hida.

Vita Cuthberti. Lucanus. Alexander Necham, canonicus Cirencestræ, scripsit librum de laude sapientiæ, heroico carmine, qui sic incipit: "Gloria majestas." in quo subinde assurgit tantum non ad justam eloquentiam.

Ænigmata Simposii.

Septem primos versus in primo Lucani libro dicitur Seneca, vel avunculus, vel frater illius addidisse.

Sudwic.

Cœnobium de Sudwic olim sedem habebat in ipso castello de Portceſter.

Henricus Huntingdunensis.

Beda de die judicii.

Historia Bedæ Saxonice.

Monasterium S. Dionysii.

Quinquaginta Omelæ, autore Beda.

Letley.

Letley.

Rhetorica Ciceronis.

Bellus locus, fundatore Joanne rege.

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Edmerus monachus de vita Anselmi Cant. sic incipit :
 " Instituta vitæ." Erat in eodem libro vita Wilfridi episcopi,
 nescio, an ab eodem autore edita. Sic incipit ; " Anno igitur
 ab incarnatione."

Stephanus super Ecclesiasticum.

Stephanus super libros regum.

Stephanus super parabolas Salomonis.

Joannes abbas de Forda super cantica Cant:

Damascenus de gestis Barlaam & Josaphat.

Libellus Candidi Arriani.

Libellus Victorini rhetoris contra Candidum.

Tres libri Claudiani de statu animæ ad Sidonium Apollinarem.

Gislebertus super epistolas Pauli.

Marmor in ecclesia ab homicida vulneratum ferro.

Elizabeth

Prima uxor Richardi, ducis Cornubiæ & imperatoris, sepulta in choro.

Cor Ricardi ibidem sepultum marmore.

Christes chyrche Twynham.

Stephanus rex permisit canonicis regularibus, ut in locum irregularium succederent.

Leges aliquot regum Saxonice.

Ex altera parte Avona defluit in mare, ex altera Stowr.

Twynburne.

Manent murorum vestigia, & quatuor sacella reliquæ quatuor ecclesiarum parochialium.

Burne ex altera parte præterlabitur, ex altera Stowre, qui flu: fontes capitales habet non procul à Stowr towne.

Cuthburga, filia Kenredi, sepulta apud Twynburne.

Athelstanus rex ibidem in cryptis sepultus.

Ubi nunc est domus Decani olim fuit monasterium Vestalium,

Abbatibusbyri.

Orkus, œconomus Canuti regis, expulsis canonicis secularibus, introduxit monachos. Sepultus est ibidem cum Thola conjuge.

Paschasius Radbertus super lamentationes Hieremiæ.

Stephanus Cantuariensis super Esaiam,

Smaragdi diadema.

Pars veteris testamenti Saxonice.

Albinus de Trinitate ad Carolum Magnum.

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Prosper

Prosper de vita contemplativa & activa.

Shireburne.

Adam Berchingensis, monachus Sireburnensis, de divina & humana natura carmine, sed rithmico.

Idem super quatuor evangelia ad Joannem, canonicum soluta oratione.

Saresbirienfem.

Idem de ferie sex ætatum carmine rithmico, quod si in doctum incidisset seculum magnus in utroque scribendi genere evasisset.

Gulielmus (forfan Meldunensis) de vita Dunstani ad Henricum, abbatem Glasconiensem.

Claudius super Matthæum, scriptus literis Longobardicis.

Duo reges Sireburnæ sepulti olim ubi nunc fundamenta summi altaris.

Monachi Sireburnenses expulsis clericis supervenerunt.

Aldelmus de virginitate.

Liber variarum Cassiodori.

Vita Sancti Germani, carmine heroico, autore Eirico.

Vita Swithuni, carmine heroico.

Sedulii carmen Paschale.

Mons acutus, Britannice Brent cnolle, i. e. ranarum mons vel collis.

Mons acutus ex res nomen sumpsit. Cœnobium ibi fundavit comes Moritonius, qui sepultus est Bermundeseiæ.

Paschasius de septem sacramentis.

Forda ex fundatione Curteneiorum.

Ex quodam veteri libro.

Sis licet Anthenis Polyphemus, maximus Atlas,

Laurigeros de me noli sperare triumphos.

☞ Omeliæ Gileberti, episcopi Herefordensis.

Decem libri Clementis papæ de vera disputatione beati Petri contra falsitatem Simonis Magi apud Cæsaream.

Stephanus Cantuar: super Esaïam.

Stephanus Cantuar: super libros regum.

Notulæ Stephani Cant: super Pentateucum.

Pag. 256. Joannis, abbatis Fordensis, omeliæ centum & viginti.

Joannes Fordensis super Hieremiam. Floruit temporibus Joannis regis, cui fertur fuisse à confessionibus.

Antidotarius Nicolai in re medica.

Isidorus de viris illustribus.

Neunam.

Axus flu: præterlabitur, & in mare se exonerat apud Axmouth.

Dunkefwel.

Epistolæ Symmachi.

Exceter,

Exceter, in bibliotheca canonicorum.

Dialogus Barptolemæi, episcopi Exoniensis, contra Judæos, ad Baldewinum, episcopum Wigorniensem. Sic incipit: "Omnis fides catholica."

Lectioes Nicolai Torneacensis super Lucam.

{ Compendium medicinæ.
 { Compendium super libros Aphorismorum.
 { Expositio super eundem, autore Gilberto Anglico.

Chronica Ivonis Carnotensis.

Alcuini liber ad Guidonem comitem.

Itinerarium Antoni martyris de terra sancta, à quodam comite ejus scripta.

Beda super epistolas canonicas.

Beda de tabernaculo, vasis ejus, ac vestibus.

Apologia Rufini ad Anastasium papam.

Epistola Eutherii de situ Judææ.

Questiones Roberti Kilwardeby de conscientia.

Frater Richardus Ringestede Oxoniensis achademix super 29. capitula parabolarum Salomonis.

Wyclif de mandatis.

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Defensorium dotationis ecclesiæ Richardi Ullerstone Oxoniensis.

Wyford contra Wiclevum.

Beda super Apocalypsim.

Augustinus de adulterinis conjugiiis.

Novem libri epistolarum Sidonii Apollinaris.

Ejusdem Panegyrici multi carmine.

Rabanus super Leviticum.

Quodlibetum fratris Johannis Peccham.

Introductorium Baconis ad Clementem papam. Sic incipit: "Sanctissimo patri domino Clementi."

Bacon de aspectibus lunæ ad alias planetas.

Bacon de victoria Christi contra Antichristum. Sic incipit: "Nec sum propheta, nec filius prophetæ."

Bacon de copia vel inopia cujuscunque hominis ex nativitate ex horis solis in 12^m. signis. Hic liber excifus erat.

Exonia apud Prædicatores.

Kilwardeby super Sententias.

Shirwood super Sententias.

Lectura Holcot super Sententias.

Stephanus Cantuar: super Cantica Canticorum.

Concordia quatuor evangelistarum, autore Clemente Lantonense. Sic incipit: "Quæris qua fretus autoritate."

Totenes.

Historia evangelica.

Dart. flu: præterlabitur Totenesium.

Bukfest.

Bukfest.

Trivet super tragœdias Senecæ.

Triveti historia ab initio mundi usque ad nativitatem Christi
ad Hugonem de Engolisma, atchidiaconum Cantuar:

Lectura Blencot super quartum Sententiarum.

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Kilwardeby de conscientia & synderesi.

Quæstiones Joannis Sutton.

Quodlibeta Joannis Sutton.

Quæstiones Gaynesburg.

Questiones Gilberti Segrave.

Quolibeta ejusdem.

Universalia magistri Sharpe super libros Phisicorum.

Quæstiones Gulielmi Slade abbatis de Bukfest de anima.

Quæstiones ejusdem super 4^{or}. libros Sententiarum. Vixit
tempore Ricardi 2ⁱ.

Cœnobium de Bukfest olim incepit per fratres quos appel-
labant Gryfæos. deinde admisit Bernardinos.

Beda de nominibus regnorum.

Flores Moralium Gulielmi Slade.

Joannes abbas de Forda de contemptoribus mundi.

Stephanus Cantuar. de benedictionibus & maledictionibus
datis in monte Ebal.

Groftest super decem præcepta.

Plymton.

Ricardus Fizaker super parabolas Salomonis.] *Multipli-
catione audiendum.*

{ Omeliæ decem Cæsarii ad monachos.

{ Omeliæ octo Eusebii Emiffeni.

{ Sex libri beati Effrem ad monachos.

Alexfacus de Diis gentilibus.

Dietæ universales Isaac.

*Bukland.**Tavestoke.*

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Kilwardeby super libros Priorum.

Linconiensis super libros Posteriorum.

Eulogium Joannis Cornubiensis ad Alexandrum papam.

ConstantinusAphricanus, monachusCassinensis, de re medica.

S. Rumonus sepultus apud Tavestoke.

Ex vita Rumoni.

Rumonus genere fuit Scotus Hiberniensis.

Nemea

Nemea sylva in Cornubia plenissima olim ferarum.
S. Rumonus faciebat sibi oratorium in sylva Nemæa.
Falemutha.

¶
Nemea
sylva.

Ordulphus, dux Cornubiæ, transtulit Ossa Rumoni Tavestochiam.

Hartland, à multitudine cervorum sic dicta.

Liber de re medica. achephalos.

Roberti Crikeladensis, prioris Oxoniæ, libri septem de Floribus Plinii instar epitomatis.

S. Nectanus martyr Hartlandiæ sepultus.

Ex vita S. Nectani.

^e
Brochannus, regulus Walliæ, à quo Brocchannoc provincia nomen sumpsit, ex Gladwisa uxore viginti quatuor filios & filias genuit, quorum hæc sunt nomina : Nectanus, Joannes, Endelient, Menfre, Dilic, Tedda, Maben, Wencu, Wensent, Merewenna, Wenna, Juliana, Yse, Morwenna, Wymp, Wenheder, Cleder, Keri, Jona, Kananc, Kerhender, Adwen, Helie, Tamalanc. Omnes isti filii & filię postea fuerunt sancti martyres vel confessores in Devonia & Cornubia, vitam heremiticam agentes.

Barstaple.

Clyffe.

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Tarwnton.

Chronicon Ivonis.

Philaretus de pulsibus.

Theophilus de urinis.

Glastenbyri.

Citatur in veteri quodam codice liber Melchini, qui fuit ante Merlinum, ubi recitat ejusdem Melchini verba de cœmiterio sancto veteris ecclesiæ Glasconiensis.

Speculum Giraldi Cambrensis.

Præter historiam, quam de regibus scripsit Gulielmus Malmesb: vidi adjectos in fine veteris codicis tres libellos titulo novellæ historiæ, id est, temporum Matildis imperatricis, ab ipso Malmesb: scriptos.

TOM, III.

U

Exposi.

Expositiones super evangelia, autore Clemente Lantonense,
excerptæ ex patribus doctoribusque.

Cassianus contra Nestorium

Apologeticus Gregorii Nafanzeni interprete Rufino.

De unitate monachorum.

Altercatio inter ecclesiam & synagogam.

{ Liber epistolarum Fulberti.

{ Epistolæ Lanfranci.

Grammatica Euticis, liber olim S. Dunstani.

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Ex charta quadam rotunda de laudibus Arturii.

Meldunensis fecit mentionem Arturi.

Scriptor vitæ Gildaicæ facit mentionem Arturi.

Vita Paterni facit mentionem Arturi.

☞ Offa Arturi levata erant ex sacro cimiterio anno domini
M. centesimo octuagesimo nono per Henricum Sully, Glas-
conicæ abbatem.

Epitaphium Arturi.

Hic jacet Arturus, flos regum, gloria regni,

Quem morum probitas commendat laude perenni.

Ferrandus, diaconus Carthaginensis, ad Reginum comitem,
qualis esse debeat dux religiosus in actibus militaribus.

Vita S. Guthlaci, Beda (ut opinor) autore.

Carmina Hubaldi de calvitie.

Vita Wilfridi episcopi, autore Stephano presbytero, motore
ad tam sanctum opus Acca episcopo, & Tathberto abbate.

{ Omelia Bedæ in Benedicti abbatis.

{ Historia Girwicensis cœnobii, cum vita Benedicti & Ce-
olfridi abbatum.

☞ Vita Wilfridi carmine heroico, autore Odone archiepif-
cupo Dorubernenfi.

Didymus de spiritu sancto.

Topographia Hiberniæ, autore Giraldo Cambrensi.

Vita Merlini Sylvestris carmine, scriptore Galfredo Mone-
mutensi.

Historia Triveti de regibus.

Maurus de laude crucis, cum commendatione Albini car-
mine scripta.

Albinus de sacrario dei, quod est virgo Maria, quanquam
carmina rithmica in fine libri arguunt alterius esse quam Albini.

Ænigmata Simposii, Aldhelmi, Eusebii, Tautuni. Leyland,
Vide num legi possit, Tatwini?

Aldhelmus de virginitate, prosa & carmine.

Orosius Saxonice.

Robertus abbas in librum de benedictionibus Jacob &
Mosis ad Gutlandum monachum,

Rabanus

- Rabanus de computo.
 Dictionarium Latino-Saxonicum.
 Constantini Aphricani liber, cui titulus Pantecni.
 Quinque libri Egesippi historici.
 Historia persecutionis Aphricanæ, autore S. Victore episcopo.
 Cathegoriæ Aristotelis, interprete Augustino.
 Grammatica Smaragdi monachi.
 Grammatica Erkenberti Diaconi ad Theotmarum episcopum.
 Timæus Platonis, interprete Calchidio cum commentariis
 Joño dedicatis.
 Gulielmus Malmesbiriensis de antiquitate Glesconiensis.
 Vita Patricii,
 Vita Indracti,
 Vita Benigni,
 Vita Dunstani duobus libellis, } autore Gulielmo Malmes-
 Epistolæ Albini. } biriensis.
 Tamerworth portus Cornubiæ in vita S. Indracti.
 Ortographia Albini.
 Dialectica Albini.

Wellys.

- Architrenius Joannis Hawillensis cum commentariis.
 Beda de arte metrica ad Cuthbertum.
 Mythologia Alexandri Necham.
 Dantes translatus in carmen Latinum.
 Terentius pulcherrimus.
 Liber Ermeneuticon.
 Interpretationes Eucherii de nominibus Hebraicis.
 Ortographia Bedæ. Ibidem de numero juxta Latinos ac
 Græcos.
 Mythologicon libri quatuor Joannis Saresbiriensis.
 Rabanus de naturis rerum ad Ludovicum regem.
 Proterii, Alexandrini episcopi, de quæstione Paschali, li-
 bellus ad Leonem, Ro. episcopum.
 Isidorus de temporibus mundi. Pag. 263.
 Isidorus de natura rerum.
 Chronica Hermanni ab initio mundi ad annum domini
 CCCXLIX^m.
 Gulielmi, cantoris Malmesbiriæ, libri 4^{or}. de miraculis
 Divæ Mariæ.
 Chronica Gulielmi Neoburgi.
 Chronica Walteri de Gisburn à Gulielmo ad Edwardum
 primum.
 Liber Thomæ Bekingtoni de juri regis Angliæ ad regnum
 Franciæ.
 Dialogi Gregorii Saxonice.
 Sermones Alfrici Saxonice.

Sermones Leonis Papæ.

Chronica Martini pœnitentiarum.

Prognosticon Juliani, episcopi Toletani, de futuro seculo.

Dockyngton super Deuteronomium, Job, & Lucam.

Richardus Hampole super Pfalterium.] *Magna spiritualis suavitatis jucunditas.*

Henricus de Hestia super dominicam orationem.

Joannes Waldeby super orationem dominicam, salutationem ang. & symbolum.

Sermones Roberti Holcot de temporibus & sanctis.

Repyngton super evangelia dominicalia.

Utredus, monachus Dunelmensis, de officio sacerdotali & regali.] *Sicut ex duobus, spiritu scilicet & corpore.*

Rogeri Dymmok determinationes, Richardo 2^o. dedicatæ.

Wydford contra hæreses exortas tempore Richardi 2ⁱ. ad archiepiscopum Cantuar.

Determinatio magistri Sharpe de sacramento altaris.] *Multorum tam laicorum quam clericorum.*

Gulielmi Wydford Franciscani tres tractatus de dominio civili contra Wiclevum.

Nicolai Radclyf, monachi S. Albani, determinationes de Eucharistia.

Wallensis colloquium.] *Cum doctor, sive prædicator evangelicus.*

Hexameron Linconiensis.

Linconiensis de cometa.

Linconiensis super 4^{or}. evangelia.

Notingham super evangelia.

Herveus, Dolensis ecclesiæ monachus, super epistolas Pauli.

Gorham super Pfalterium, Marcum, Mathæum, Lucam, Joannem, super epistolas Canonicas, Apocalypsim, & Ecclesiasticum, super epistolas Pauli & actus Apostolorum.

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Joannis Chaundelarii, cancellarii Wellensis, Apologeticus de statu humanæ naturæ ad Thomam Bekingtonam, episcopum Bathon.

Ejusdem orationes de laude Baiarum & Fonticulorum civitatum.

Ejusdem 4^{or}. epistolæ de laude Thomæ Bekingtoni, episcopi Bathon:

Ejusdem aliquot opuscula, continentia laudes & celebria facta Gulielmi Wyham, episcopi Winton:

Scripsit (ut illa ferebant tempora) docte & carmine, & prosa. Floruit circa tempora Edwardi 4ⁱ.

Bathe.

Isagoge Joannicii.

Libellus Galeni ad Mæceratem.] *Tempora non conspi-*

rant. Nam Mæcenas obiit antequam Galenus floreret. Nisi dicat aliquis, multos fuisse Mæcenates.

Hiponosticon Laurentii Dunelmensis carmine de veteri & novo testamento.] *Principium rerum.*

Galenus de morbo & accidenti.

Liber de febribus, quem transtulit Constantinus monachus Cassinensis ex lingua Arabica.

Commentarii Cæsaris.

Malmesbyri.

Juvenus poëta.

Opera Fortunati carmine scripta.

Gulielmi Meldunensis Bibliothecarii libri 15^m. de serie 4^{or}. evangelistarum vario carminis genere.

Vita Paterni prosa, autore Fortunato.

Gulielmus Meldunensis super tenos Hieremiæ.] *Sape monuisti.*

Idem de vita Aldhelmi.

Vita Aldhelmi, autore Faritio abbate Abbendonensi. Patria Thuscus fuit, ut scribit Gulielmus Meldun:

Beda super Canticum Abacuc.

Bedæ allegorica expositio super Leviticum & Tobiam.

Claudii tres libri super Matthæum.

Sententiæ Xyfti, interprete Rufino, qui contendit, hunc fuisse Xystum pontificem Romanum.

Questiones Albinus super Genesim. parvus libellus.

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Dionysius, interprete Joanne Scoto.

Cassiodorus de anima.

Exameron Basilii.

Gregorius Nicenus de conditione hominis.

Roberti Crikelandensis, cog. Canuti, prioris S. Fredi-
widæ, libri quatuor, quibus titulus est, speculum fidei.] *Audi Israel.*

Albinus super Ecclesiasten.

Grossolanus, archiepiscopus Mediolanensis, de processione Spiritus sancti ad Alexium imperatorem.

Junilius ad Primasium papam.

Apuleii liber periermenias.

Grammatica Euticis.

Tertullianus.

Epistolæ Albinus.

*Ex libro antiquitatum Meldunensis cœnobii ad
verbum transcripta.*

Meildulphus vitam heremiticam ducens sub castello de Bladon, quod Saxonice dicitur Ingebðone castel. Fuit autem constructum a quodam rege Britanno nomine Dunwallo Moliuncius. Civitas quondam ibi fuerat, quæ penitus destructa fuit

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fuit ab alienigenis. Castellum se munitum custodivit, quod per multum tempus stetit sine habitatione propinqua. Regia enim habitatio & ejus manerium tam paganorum quam Christianorum non longe fuit à castello apud Kairdurberg, quod Saxonice dicitur Brohambergh, nunc vero Brokenberg. Prædictus heremita petiit à castellanis tugurium sibi fieri sub castello, & obtinuit. non enim ibi erat magna hominum frequentatio. Hic dum sibi necessaria deficerent, scholares sibi in disciplinatum adunavit, ut eorum liberalitate tenuitatem victus emendaret. Brevi enim tempore scholares in exiguum conventum coaluere. Horum consortio & exemplo S. Aldelmus ad plenum informatus artem dialecticam adjecit erudire. Unde hinc fugiens ad pedes Adriani philosophi, abbatis S. Augustini Cantuar: per aliquod tempus studuit, & sufficienter edoctus Meldunum repetiit. Qui postea cum fociis suis sub Maildulpho monacho attonsus est, vivente Maildulpho post tonsionem ejus annos XIII. Castellum prænotatum tunc fuit sub dominio Eleutherii, episcopi Wintoniensis, qui dominabatur in tota Westsaxonia. Mortuo Maildulpho prædictus episcopus dedit situm Malmesbiræ S. Aldelmo.

Æthelstanus rex sepultus Malmesbiræ.

Cicester, Cirencester, civitas passerum. The old trew name is Churneester, Ptolemæo Corinium.

Alexander Necham, canonicus & abbas Cirecestrensis, super Psalterium.] *De orto deliciarum paradisi.*

Anno D. 1215. Alexander Necham fuit abbas sextus Corinii, qua provincia (ut potui ex cœnobii annalibus colligere) ad triennium usus est. Sepultus est, ut canonici affirmant, Wigornæ in ipso monachorum claustro. Usus est familiaritate cujusdam episcopi Wigorn. Floruit regnantibus Richardo & Joanne.

Ailredi, abbatis Rivallensis, ad Ivonem liber de lectione evangelica, "Cum factus esset Jesus annorum duodecim."] *Petis à me.*

Odonis, abbatis Muremudensis, liber de analecticis ternarii.] *Quid dicendum sit.*

Beda super Efram.

Glossæ Galfredi Babionis super Matthæum.

Alexander Necham de laude divinæ sapientiæ carmine.] *Gloria majestas.*

Roberti Canuti Crikeladensis, prioris S. Frediswidæ, omeliæ quadraginta ad Remaldum, priorem de Grefebia.

Robertus Canutus de connubio patriarchæ Jacob.

Alexander Necham de laude gloriosæ virginis.

Idem de speculo speculationum.

Henricus

-primus

Henricus secundus induxit Canonicos regulares, expulsis secularibus.

Abbas dixit mihi, se repperisse inter ruinas moeniorum arcuatos lapides insculptos majusculis literis Romanis.

Gloceter.

Osberni, monachi Glocestrensis, Panormia instar vocabularii ad Hamelinum abbatem.] *Cum in nocte hyemali.* Fuit hic impense eruditus, ut facile est videre in reliquis ejus operibus quæ sunt in bibliotheca regia. Floruit sub Stephano & Henrico primo.

Zacharias Chrisopolitanus super evangelia.

Ailredi Rivallensis omeliæ triginta ad G, episcopum Londinensem.] *Tempus est fratres.*

Stephanus Cantuar: super Ecclesiasten.

Pag. 267:

Angelomi 4^{or}. libri super libros regum,

Trivet super Psalterium.] *Humana natura.*

Notulæ Stephani Cantuar: super Ecclesiasticum.] *Hoc nomen Ecclesiastes.*

Rabanus de naturis rerum.

Alexander Necham super Cantica Cantic.

Haymo super evangelia & epistolas Pauli.

Cassiodorus de anima.

Ockami dialogi inter magistrum & discipulum.] *In omnibus curiosus.*

Ockam super libros Sententiarum.] *Circa prologum quero.*

Sampsonis cantuar. omeliæ.] *Deponemus omnem malitiam.*

Sermones Cassiani.

Gervasius, presbyter Cicestrensis, super Malachiam de ordinis sacerdotalis instructione.] *Conditor itaque noster.*

Ejusdem aliquot omeliæ. Fuit hic Gervasius feliciter eruditus.

Fulgentius de Trinitate,

Faldwinus Fordensis abbas de sacramento altaris ad Bartholemæum, Exoniensem episcopum.] *Magnum & profundum.*

Fortunatus de vita Hilarii Pictavenfis.

Ofricus dux sepultus Glocestriæ, qui cœnobium virginum construxit, ubi nunc sunt monachi. Pars magna veteris ecclesiæ etiamnum restat.

Lantony.

Clemens prior tertius inter Lantonenses super evangelia. Hinc conjectura est floruisse illum tempore Richardi primi vel Joannis.

Hulpericus de compoto,

Terentius, vetus codex,

Opera

Opera Sidonii Apollinaris.
 Claudius super Matthæum.

Pag. 268.

Tewkesbiri.

Herebertus de Bosham de vita S. Thomæ Cant. cujus
 erat familiaris.

Odonis de Siritono sermones.
 Sermones Ysaac abbatis de Stella.
 Alfraganus de scientia astrorum.
 Gillebertus abbas super Cantica Cantic.] *Varii sunt adfectus.*

*Wrangon.**Wyceter, Wicciorum civitas, Cairanguent.*

Vita Egwini.
 Vita Ethelberti martyris.
 Sermones Okam.
 Rabanus de corpore & sanguine Christi.
 Senati, prioris Wigorn. epistolæ.] *Serenitatis vestra dignatio.*
 Vita Gregorii magni, autore Joanne Levita.
 Commentarii Duncaht, pontificis Hiberniensis, super libros
 Martiani Capellæ. opus eruditum.
 Theophilus de differentiis urinarum.
 Epistolæ Leonis.
 Cosmographia Ethici.
 Beda de arte metrica, & de tropis.
 Monachi Worcestriæ expulsis canonicis secularibus ab Ed-
 garo inducti sunt.

Oswaldus archi. Eboracensis,
 Joannes rex,
 Wolstanus, episcopus Wigorniensis, } Wigornia sepulti.

Perfore.

Elfrici grammatica Latino-Saxonica, decerpta ex Prisciano.
 Beda super parabolas Solomonis & Apocalypsim.
 Monachi ab Edgardo Perforæ inducti, expulsis monialibus.

Pag. 269.

Eovesham, ab Eoves, subulco Egwini, sic dicta.

Calchidius super Timæum Platonis.
 Liber Periermenias Apuleii.
 Adæ, Eoveshamensis abbatis, ad virgines de Godestoua.]
Sanctiss. & dilectissimis.
 Idem de miraculo Eucharistiæ ad Raynaldum.] *Diu jam*
satisque.

Ejusdem aliquot epistolæ. Vixit tempore S. Thomæ Cantuar:
 S. Wystanus, rex & martyr,
 S. Credanus abbas,
 S. Odulphus,
 Egwynus abbas,
 Historia Pauli de Casina.
 Fortunatus.

} sepulti apud Eovesham.

Wynche.

Wynchelescumbe.

Ailredi Rivallensis libri tres, quibus titulus, speculum charitatis.] *Cum in exordio.*

Ejusdem dialogus inter hominem & rationem.] *Quare tristes es.*

Ejusdem de amicitia libri tres.] *Ecce ego & tu.*

Ejusdem de institutione inclufarum ad sororem suam.

Omeliæ Joannis de abbatis villa, alias Abbevyle.

Hayles.

Bruern ex fundatione Basseti.

Egneisham ex fundatione Almeri, comitis Cornubiæ.

Pag. 170.

Prosper de vita contemplativa & activa.

Historia Huntingdunensis.

Gulielmus Meldunensis super trenos Hieremiæ.

Strateford.

Omnia fere opera Stephani Cantuar.

Marten abbay.

Waltham ex fundatione Haraldî.

Sententiæ Roberti Pulli, S. Romanæ ecclesiæ presbyteri Card.

Gualteri Magolonensis de floribus Psalterii.

Vocabularius Alex. Necham de singulis libris bibliothecæ.]

Post hæc de singulis libris bibliothecæ.

Floriloquium philosophorum Joannis Wallensis.] *Cum enim debeamus apes imitari.*

Stephanus Cantuar: super Ecclesiasten, Tobiam, Judith, libros Macchabæorum, Paralipomenon, Isaiam.

Aldelmus de virginitate.

Aldelmi,

Simphosii,

Eusebii,

Tautuni,

} ænigmata.

TOM. III.

X

Stephanus

Stephanus Cantuar: super duodecim prophetas.
 Expositio Gulielmi Parvi super Cantica cantic.
 Bethrammi liber de eo quod Christus natus est de virgine.

Coggeshawle ex fundatione Stephani regis.

Vita Davidis, regis Scotiæ, per Ailredum, abbatem Rival-
 lensem, ad Henricum secundum.] *Religiosus & pius rex David,*
 Stephanus Langton de pœnitentia sub persona Magdalenæ.]
Miserator & misericors.

Joannes Godard de triplici modo computandi ad R. ab-
 batem de Coggeshawle.] *Memini me ad suadelas.*

Pag. 271. Odo super 5. libros Moïsis.] *Operis subditi materia,* Fuit
 hic Odo theologus exacte eruditus.

Colchester.

Omnes fere Latini poëtæ.
 Historia Normannica, autore Dudone,
 Cosmographia Ethici.
 Paulus de Cassina historicus.

Byri. Bederycheworth.

Abbo Floriacensis de vita S. Edmundi marty: ad Dunsta-
 num, archi. Cantuar.

Simplicius super prædicamenta.

Passio Demetrii marty. ad Carolum mag. autore Anastasio,

Meditationes Alexandri Necham de mirabili conversione
 Magdalenæ.

Epistolæ Flacci Albinii sive Alcuini.

Monegaldus super epistolas Pauli.

the

Adelardi Bathoniensis liber de naturis rerum instar dia-
 logi. Vixit tempore Henrici.

Robertus Melundinensis, episcopus Herfordensis, super
 Sententias, sive de sacramentis veteris Testamenti, scripsit
 duo pulcherrima juxta ac doctissima volumina.] *Nonnullorum
 scribendi consuetudo.*

Trivet super libros Boëtii de consolatione philosophiæ.

Waleys super Psalterium.

Ryngsted super Proverbia Solomonis.

Kilwardby super Ezechielem.

Necham super Cantica.

Utredus, monachus Dunelmensis, de esu & abstinentia
 carniæ.

Idem de variatione professionis monachorum & aliorum.

Ex vetustiss: codice Sallustii.

Pag. 272.

Qui vultis vitæ finem modo nosse Jugurthæ,
 Tarpeiæ rupis pulsus ad ima ruit.

Aldelmus

Aldelmus de virginitate carmine.

Aldelmi ænigmata.

Leges Longobardorum.

Vitruvius de architectura.

^c
Fretulphi historia ab orbe condito
ad Christum.

Hovedeni historia incipiens à Beda.

Monachi flu: qui Burgum S. Edmundi
præterlabitur, Ulnothes ryver vocant.

Hely.

Liber variarum Cassiodori.

Questiones Bedæ super Genesim.

Aldelmus de virginitate prosa & carmine.

Vitruvius.

Itinerarium Antonini.

Paschasius Radbartus super Lamentationes Hieremiæ.

Andreas super Heptacum.

Andræe historica expositio super Esaiam, Hieremiam, &
Danielem.

Walden.

Beda super Cantica Cantic.

Berengaudus super Apocalypsin.

Chronicon Petri de Hannam ab Engisto ad annum do-
mini 1244^m.

Cœnobium S. Albani, Offa rege fundatore.

Pag. 273.

Alexander Necham super, "Quicumque vult."] *Caput a-
quila visum.*

Chirurgia Joannis de Baro.

Tractatus Luciani de febribus & de epidimiali morbo.

Oribasius.

Guarnerius Gregorianus.

Utredus Dunelmensis de substantialibus monachalis regulæ.]

Novitio inquirenti.

Liber Alex. Aphrodisæi ad Severum & Antoninum de fato,
& de eo quod est in nobis liberum.

Radulphi, Cantuar: archiepiscopi, omelia super, "Intravit
Jesus in quoddam castellum," quæ à plerisque creditur fuisse
Ancelmi prædecessoris ejus. Radulphus
ut memini
Gallus fuit.

Bacharius, vir eloquentiss: de reparatione lapsi ad Januarium.

Matthæi Parisiensis, monachi Sancti
Albani, pulcherrima historia furto sub-
lata.

Radulphus, monachus S. Al-
bani, scripsit vitam S. Albani &
Amphibali carmine heroïco.
De hoc Radulpho Joannes Fru-
mentarius, abbas S. Albani,
inter illustres viros mentio-
nem fecit.

Ex libro de gestis Offa regis.

Warmundus, rex occidentalium An-
glorum, pater Offæ Minoris, à quo
Warwyc nomen sumpsit.

☞ Tres Offæ, Major, Minor, & Uffa, alias Offa vulgo dictus. Vita S. Albani carmine non indocto scripta.

*Ex libro de gestis abbatum S. Albani, quem scripsit
Matthæus Parisiensis.*

Alfricus septimus abbas piscariam magnam ac profundam, quæ olim tutabatur aquilonarem partem veteris muri, quæ fossa carebat, redegit in aridam, ex cujus nomine Fischpole strete ad huc nomen obtinet. Emerat hanc abbas à rege, quia regii piscatores & ministri per hanc erant molesti monachis.

Wulfinus sextus abbas auxit mirum in modum ædificia in oppido S. Albani, construxitque ecclesias S. Petri, S. Michaëlis, & S. Stephani.

Eadfrithus abbas quintus construxit ecclesiolam in tumulo ubi S. Germanus prædicavit.

Pag. 274. Offa S. Albani à Danis tempore Ulnothi, abbatis quarti,

Leyland.

sublata in Daniam, sed postea recuperata.] Hic conjectura ducor, Matthæum Parisiensem, monachum S. Albani, scripsisse librum de gestis abbatum S. Albani. Scribit enim sic de ossibus S. Albani sublati in vita Ulnothi: “ Hujus Historialis eventus seriem ego frater Matthæus Parisiensis duxi
“ literis commendandam, ne iterum incuria vel vetustate ab
“ hominum memoria deleatur.”

Mortuo, Matthæo successio- nem abbatum alius monachus longo post tempore ad- jecit.

Alfricus abbas xi^{us}. Kyngesbyri, regale municipium Offæ quod adjacebat extremis partibus op. S. Albani, favore Ethelredī solo complanavit, præter unum propugnaculum, quod postea etiam dirutum est à Roberto abbate, permittente rege Stephano.

☞ Hic Alfricus abbas scripsit historiam S. Albani, quæ cantatur in ecclesiis. Frater uterinus erat Leofrici, archiepiscopi Cantuar. Floruit temporibus Ædelredi & Edmundi Irensyde.

Paulus 14^{us}. abbas S. Albani ecclesiam ex lateribus forma qua nunc est ædificavit, adjuvante Lanfranco Cantuar. Leyland. Liquido apparet, ecclesiam structam fuisse ex lateribus Verolamiensis muri.

Ex vita Roberti, abbatis 16ⁱ.

Nicolaus (quem alias vocat Brekespere) filius fuit cujusdam Roberti de Camera, qui tandem factus fuit monachus S. Albani. Et postea addit, Nicolai pater sepultus fuit in cap^o. S. Albani juxta Ricardum abbatem. Et alio loco: Nicolaus de viculo Abbatis Langley cog. Brekespere obtulit se Ricardo abbati, ut monachus fieret; sed repulsus Parisios adivit, & postea factus canonicus apud S. Rufum non procul à Valentia.

Hæc sunt à recentiori addita auctore.

Richardus de Walingfordiâ oriundus patre Gulielmo, arte fabro ferrario, postea abbas S. Albani, ubi postea doctiss. in mathesi composuit pulcherrimum horologium, & de apparatu ejusdem

eiusdem librum scripsit. Floruit tempore Ricardi 2ⁱ. tandemque in lepram incidit.

Ealredi vita abbatis 8ⁱ.

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Floruit tempore Edgari regis.

Ealredus abbas. Iste antiquas criptas subterraneas veteris civitatis, quæ Werlamcester dicebatur, perscrutatus, evertit omnia & implevit, ^d tracones vero & vias cum meatibus subterraneis, & solide per artificium arcuatis, quorum quidam subtus aquam Warlamix, quæ quondam maxima civitati fuit circumflua, transierunt, diruit, implevit, aut obturavit. Erant enim latibula latronum, ^a vespilionum, & meretricum. Fossata vero civitatis, & quasdam speluncas, ad quas, quasi ad refugia, redeuntes malefici, & fugitivi, à densis sylvis vicinis fugerunt, in quantum potuit explanavit. Tegulas vero integras, & lapides quos invenit, aptos ad ædificia seponens, ad fabricam ecclesiæ reservavit. Proposuit vero, si facultates suppetent, diruta veteri ecclesia, novam construere. Propter quod terram in profunditate evertit, ut lapideas structuras inveniret. Quod cum fecissent fossores, juxta ripam asseres quernos cum clavis infixis, pice navali delinitos (quales solent esse in carinis) invenerunt. Nec non & quædam navalia armamenta, utpote anchoras rubigine semirofas, & remos abiegnos, in certum & manifestum signum aquæ marinæ, quæ quondam Warlacestre vexit navigium, reppererunt. Quæ unda quo modo in parvum rivulum nunc contrahatur, & quo miraculo, historia de S. Albano evidenter explanat. ^c Conchilia vero & conchas, quales littus maris solet ^d educare vel projicere cum arenis æquoreis, quas insolito vestigio cives Verolamix properantes ad martyrium novi martyris quondam calcarunt, non sine admiratione invenerunt. Unde nomina

^{er}
locis, ubi talia ^e reperiunt, incolæ hæc videntes vel imposuerunt, vel retulerunt se à veteribus relata meminisse utpote Oisterhulle, Selleford, ^f Auterpole, Fischepole, nomen vivarii regis, ex reliquiis aquæ diminutæ. Specum quoque profundissimum, monte continuo circumseptum, cum spelunca subterranea, quam quondam draco ingens fecerat & inhabitavit, in loco qui Wormenhert dicitur, in quantum potuit, explanavit; vestigia tamen æterna serpentinx habitationis derelinquens. Iste autem Ealdredus, cum jam multam tam in lapidibus vel tegulis, quam materie lignea, ad fabricam ecclesiæ coacervasset quantitatem, matura nimis morte præventus imperfecto negotio, viam universæ carnis ingressus est.

^a Id est, fornices. Forte à trachea. Vide *Watfii gloss. ad finem Matt. Paris.*
^b Vespillonum al. ^c Conchilium vero conchas *MS.* ^d F. educere. ^e Repperunt in *Ed. Watfiana.* ^f Ancrepol al.

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Ex vita Eadmari, abbatis 9ⁱ.

Iste quæ prædecessor ejus viriliter in primis est profectus, non in tantum deo placuit & martyri, ut domum ipsius martyris ædificaret & consummaret, ^a simul factus ^b David." Acquisita tamen, tam in thesauris, quam in materie adunata, ad ecclesiam construendam, non dispersit, vel consumpsit. Istius abbatis tempore dum fossores muros & abscondita terræ rimarentur, in medio civitatis antiquæ cujusdam mag. palatii fundamenta diruerunt, & cum tantorum vestigia ædificiorum admirarentur, invenerunt in cujusdam muri concavo deposito quasi armariolo, cum quibusdam minoribus libris & rotulis, cujusdam codicis ignotum volumen quod parum fuerat ex tam longæva mora demolitum, cujus nec littera nec idioma alicui tunc invento cognitum præ antiquitate fuerat, venustæ tamen formæ & manifestæ litteræ fuerat, quarum epigrammata & tituli aureis litteris fulserunt redimiti. Afferes querni, ligamina serica pristinam in magna parte fortitudinem & decorem retinuerunt. De cujus libri notitia cum longe lateque fuerat diligenter inquisitum, tandem unum senem jam decrepitem invenerant, sacerdotem litteris bene eruditum nomine Unwonam, qui imbutus diversorum idiomatum linguis ac literis legit destincte scripta libri prænominati. Similiter quæ in aliis codicibus in eodem armariolo & in eodem habitaculo repertis legit indubitanter & exposuit expresse. Erat enim litera qualis scribi solebat, tempore quo cives Werlamecestriam inhabitabant, & idioma antiquorum Britonum, quo tunc temporis utebantur. Aliqua tamen in Latino, sed hiis non opus erat. In primo autem libro, scilicet majori, cujus prius fecimus mentionem, scriptam invenit historiam de S. Albano, Anglorum protomartyre, quam etiam diebus hodiernis recitat legendo. Cui perhibet egregius doctor Beda testimonium in nullis discrepando. In aliis vero libris passim inventis reperit lector prædictus invocationes & ritus idololatrarum civium Werlamcestrensiū, in quibus comperit quod specialiter Phœbum deum Solis invocaverunt & coluerunt; quod perpendi potest per historiam S. Albani, si eam sedulus lector intellegat. Secundario vero Mercurium, Woden Anglice appellatum, à quo quartus dies septimanæ intulatur, deum videlicet mercatorum; quia cives & compatriotæ, propter navigium civitatis & commodum loci situm, per unam diætam tantum à Londoniis distantem, fere omnes negotiatores & institores fuerunt. Abjectis igitur & combustis libris, in quibus commenta diaboli continebantur, solus ille liber, in quo historia S. Albani continebatur, pro thesauro reponebatur. Et sicut prædictus presbyter illam, antiquo

Unwonam:

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^a Similis in *Ed. Wats.* ^b Salomoni in *Ed. Wats.*

Anglico vel Britannico idiomate conscriptam, in quo peritus extitit, legerat, abbas iste Eadmarus per prudentioris fratrum in conventu fecit fideliter & diligenter exponi, & plenius in publico prædicando edoceri. Cum autem conscripta historia in Latino pluribus, ut jam dictum est, innotuisset, exemplar primitivum ac originale, quod mirum est dictu, irrestaurabiliter in pulverem subito redactum^a cecidit. Et cum abbas memoratus profundiora terræ, ubi civitatis Verolamii apparuerunt vestigia, diligenter perscrutaretur, & antiquos tabulatus lapideos cum tegulis & columnis inveniret, quæ ecclesiæ fabricandæ fuerant necessaria, sibi reservaret, quam proposuit S. martyri Albano fabricare, invenerunt fossores in fundamentis veterum ædificiorum, & concavitibus subterraneis, urceos & amphoras opere fictili & tornatili decenter compositos; vasa quoque vitrea, pulverem mortuorum continentia. Solebant enim antiquitus cadavera mortuorum comburere, unde funus quasi fumus dicebatur. Inventa sunt insuper fana semiruta, altaria subversa, & idola, & numismatum diversa genera, quibus utebantur antiqui cives Verolamii idololatræ. Quæ omnia ex præcepto abbatis sunt comminuta.

Pag. 278. vacat.

Ex antiqua tabula.

Pag. 279.

Offa Ethelredum, regem Cantia, interfecit prope villam Otteford. Leyland. Conjectura est Otteford ab Offa nomen traxisse.

Offendyke in finibus Walliæ opus Offæ regis.

Offekyrke in finibus Walliæ opus Offæ regis.

Offa S. Albani ab Offa levata.

Offa fundavit cœnobiũ in Bathonia.

Offa fuit Romæ.

Romescot pecunia per Offam concessa.

Dominabatur Offa in viginti tribus provinciis, quas shiras vocant, partim hæreditate, partim conquestu.

Ex quadam historiola è Gallica lingua in Latinam versa.

Amphibalus, filius cujusdam principis Cambriæ, Romam cum magno numero nobilium juvenum, inter quos erat Albanus, ad Dioclesianum missus.

Amphibalus doctissimus Latine & Græce à Zepherino papa Romæ ad fidem conversus.

Albanus tyro arma a Dioclesiano accepit.

Albanus septem annis cum Dioclesiano fuit.

Albanus à Dioclesiano in patriam remissus, factus est princeps militiæ & dominus Verolamii.

Albanus ab Asclepiodoto in carcerem detrusus.

^a Cecidit annullatum, Et cum &c, al.

Leyland.
Est ecclesia
super Avonam
super
mediterraneum
Offekyrche nomine.

Locus,

Locus, ubi nunc est monasterium S. Albani, olim Verolamiensibus locus fuit supplicii, à Saxonibus postea Holmhurst dictus.

Maximianus Herculeus in Britanniam missus, sub quo & Asclepiodoto passus est Sanctus Albanus.

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Nobile illud stratum, quod vulgo Watelyngstrete vocatur, inventum fuit anno domini M. D. XXXI^o. in veteri urbe Verolamensi, dum quidam harenam ad reficiendas publicas vias quæreret. Semita octodecim pedes lata, decem profunda. In fundamento semitæ strati erant filices maximi, quemadmodum & olim fortasse in superficie semitæ. Sed jam in summa parte semitæ nulli filices apparent. Est etiam semitæ facies jam cum reliquo æqualis campo. Arena, quæ illuc ante tot secula per carras deducta fuit, manet etiam num firmissima, & fulvo colore, perinde ac si ex arenariis ante aliquot menses effossa fuisset.

Inveni prope Watlingstrete in ruinis Verulamii canales (ut ego arbitror) aquæ ductus, ex coctis lateribus sed rotundis, quorum singuli singulis capitibus inserti erant. Lateres ita mihi visi sunt recentes ac si ante aliquot dies cocti fuissent.

Vidi etiam locum, nunc obductum fruticibus, ubi probabilis conjectura est, fuisse palatium Verulamii.

Caput S. Albani ornatum aurea corona, ^a habente nomen Offæ regis inventoris inscriptum.

Tomum claudit Lelandi Strena, ad Henricum Octavum, lingua vernacula. Sed opera dedita hîc loci omisimus, quoniam in lucem edidimus ad initium primi voluminis Itinerarii Lelandi.

^a Habentem MS.

Finis Tomi tertii Lelandi Coll.

De Rebus ANGLICANIS

OPUSCULA VARIA,

E Codicibus Manuscriptis descripta, et nunc
primum in Lucem edita.

ANNO 1770.

Tom. III.

Y

1871

1872

1873

1874

1875

1876

De JOCALIBUS Deputatis

Feretrum Beatissimi

REGIS EDWARDI

I N

Monasterio Westmonasteriensi.

Ex Rotulo Patent. de Anno 5^mo. HENRICI III^{ci},
N. 5. a Tergo ^a.

REX omnibus, &c. salutem; Cum aurum & lapides pretiosos & jocalia deputata casse, sive feretro in quo corpus beatissimi Edwardi regis disposuimus collocari, & quædam alia pretiosa monasterii nostri Westm. pro nostris & regni nostri imminentibus necessitatibus acceperimus, quarum partem jam vendidimus, partem obligavimus, & alia intendimus pro eisdem necessitatibus obligare, quæ omnia abbati prædicti monasterii restituere infra annum a festo Sancti Michaelis proximo computandi promissimus bona fide, nos ad hoc hæredes nostros & bona nostra specialiter obligando. Et ut de numero & quantitate ac valore, & æstimatione dictarum rerum certitudo plenior habeatur, res ipsas in numerum & quantitatem, valorem, & æstimationem ipsarum prout res ipsæ per fideles nostros æstimatæ sunt, præsentis scripto fecimus annotari. In primis,

^a Vide Rym. Fæd. Tom. I. p. 481: Pro abbate priore & conventu Westmonast: de jocalibus impignoratis pro regis necessitatibus. A. D. 1267. An. 51. H. 3. Pat. 51, H. 3. N. 57.

Unum firmaculum cum saphiro in medio, rubettis & perlis in circumferentiâ, ponderis quatuor solid. precij decem marcarum.

Unum firmaculum cum camanto in medio, ponderis sex solid. duor. denar. precij octo marcarum.

Unum firmaculum cum camanto in medio, ponderis quatuor solid. precij quadragint. sex solid. & octo denariorum.

Unum firmaculum cum parva chamah in medio, ponderis tres solid. & tres denar. precij quatuor marcarum. Item,

Firmaculum cum granata in medio, ponderis quinque solid. & octo denar. pretii quinque marcarum.

Unum firmaculum cum saphiro in medio, ponderis unius solid. novem denar. precij cent. solid. Item,

Firmaculum cum prasinis baleiis turpibus, ponderis quatuor solid. septem denar. pretij quadragint. solid.

Tres anuli cum smaragdinibus, viz.

Unus cum pulchra smaragdine pretij sexagint. libr.

Alius anulus pretij quadragint. solid.

Tertius anulus pretij unius marcæ.

Unus anulus cum rubettis pretij decem librar.

Unus anulus cum rubettis pretij cent. solid.

Unus anulus cum bales. a pretij quinque marc. Item,

Unus anulus cum bales. pretij quatuor marc.

Unus anulus cum bales. pretij tres marc.

Unus anulus cum bales. pretij quadragint. solid.

Unus anulus cum bales. pretij duo marc.

Unus anulus cum bales. pretij duo marc.

Unus anulus cum bales. pretij duo marc.

Unus anulus cum bales. pretij vigint. solid.

Unus anulus cum bales. pretij decem solid. Item,

Unus anulus cum rubettis pretij decem solid.

Unus anulus cum turpi rubett. pretij decem solid.

Unus anulus cum pulchro saphiro pretij vigint. marc.

Unus anulus cum saphiro pretij quindecim marc.

Unus anulus cum saphiro pretij decem marc.

Unus anulus cum saphiro pretij cent solid.

Unus anulus cum saphiro pretij quinque marc.

Unus anulus cum saphiro pretij sexagint. solid.

Unus anulus cum saphiro pretij sexagint. solid.

Unus anulus cum saphiro inciso pretij quatuor marc.

Unus anulus cum saphiro pretij quadragint. solid. Item,

a Carbunculus pretiosior, Gall. *Balais*. Hæc carbunculi species remissioris coloris est quam carbunculus proprie dictus — Vide Dufresne Glossar. in Voce. — *Balais of entail*. — Gemmæ seu lapides pretiosi incisi & insculpti a Fr. Gal. *Balay d'entail*, non quamvis gemmam, sed Rubini quamdam specimen denotat. Skinner in Lexic. Etymol. Angl. Vide Rym. Fœd. Tom. I. p. 730—878. — Tom. V. p. 69.

Anulus cum saphiro pretij tres marc.

Un. anul. cum saphir. inciso pretij duo marc. & dimidi.

Un. anul. cum granata et smaragdine in circumferentia, pretij quadragint. solid.

Duo baculi continentes vigint & duo anulos cum diversis lapidibus ponderis vigint. & un. solid. octo denar. pretij vigint. libr.

Unus bales. pulcherrimus sine auro, ponderis vigint. un. denar. pretij ducent. libr.

Unus bales. sine auro, ponderis octo denar. pretij quater vigint. mar.

Un. bales. sine auro, ponderis quinq; denar. & ob. pretij quadragint. marc.

Un. bales. sine auro, ponderis quinq; denar. & quadr. pretij quadragint. marc.

Un. bales. sine auro, ponderis tres denar. & ob. & quadr. pretij vigint. libr.

Un. bales. sine auro, ponderis duo denar. & ob. pretij vigint. marc.

Un. bales. sine auro, ponderis tres denar. pretij decem marc.

Un. bales. sine auro, ponderis quatuor denar. pretij centum solid.

Un. saphir. sine auro, ponderis vigint. un. denar. pretij vigint. marc.

Unus baculus continens septem anulos cum chamah ^b parvis, ponderis duo solid. & duo denar. pretij centum solid.

Unum pulchrum chamah cum imaginibus filiorum Jacobi in capsula aurea, cum rubettis & smaragdinibus in circumferentia, pretij quinquagint. marc.

Un. chamah cum tribus imaginibus in capsula aurea pretij decem libr.

Un. chamah imaginibus Mosys & serpentis in capsula aurea pretij decem marc.

Un. chamah, cum magno capite in capsula aurea pretij vigint. marc.

Un. chamah cum capite elevato in capsula aurea pretij cent. solid.

Un. chamah cum curru & equitibus in capsula aurea pretij centum solid.

Un. chamah cum imagine in medio in capsula aurea pretij sex marc.

Un. chamah cum imagine regis in capsula aurea pretij decem marc.

Un. chamah optimum cum duo. albis imaginibus in capsula aurea pretij sex marc.

Unum chamah cum imagine leonis in capsâ aurea pretij sex marcar.

Un. chamah cum duabus imaginibus & arbore una in capsâ aurea pretij sex marc.

Un. chamah cum capite elevato in capsâ aurea pretij cent. solid.

Un. chamah cum duobus capitibus in capsâ aurea pretij octo marc.

Unum chamah cum imagine Beatæ Mariæ in capsâ aurea pretij octo marc.

Un. chamah cum capite elevato in capsâ aurea pretij sex marc.

Un. chamah cum capite elevato in capsâ aurea pretij sexagint. solid.

Un. chamah cum capite duplicato in capsâ aurea pretij quatuor. marc.

Una magna perla ad modum chamah in capsâ aurea pretij vigint. libr.

Un. chamah cum aquila in capsâ aurea pretij quinq; marc.

Unum chamah eum duobus angelis in capsâ aurea pretij quinq; marc.

Un. chamah cum imagine alba in capsâ aurea pretij sexagint solid.

Un. chamah cum capite albo in capsâ aurea pretij sex marc.

Un. chamah cum capite bene crinato in capsâ aurea pretij sex marc.

Un. chamah album cum imagine mulieris cum puero & dracone in capsâ aurea pretij sex marc.

Un. chamah cum imagine & urna in capsâ aurea pretij quinq; marc.

Un. chamah cum capite duplicato in capsâ aurea pretij quatuor marc.

Un. chamah cum capite albo in capsâ aurea pretij vigint. solid.

Un. chamah cum capite elevato in capsâ aurea pretij sexagint. solid.

Un. chamah cum equo in capsâ aurea pretij quatuor marc.

Un. chamah cum capite albo in capsâ aurea pretij quinq; marc.

Un. chamah cum capite & leone apposito in capsâ aurea ad modum crucis pretij cent. solid.

Un. chamah cum capite albo barbato pretij quadragint. solid.

Un. chamah in capsâ aurea ad modum crucis cum bove pretij sexagint. solid.

Un. chamah parvum cum capite albo in capsâ aurea pretij duo. marc.

Un.

Un. chamah cum imagine alba cum majestate ex parte alia in capsa aurea pretij quinq; marc.

Un. chamah in capsa aurea ad modum targiæ pretij quatuor. marc.

Un. chamah cum majestate in capsa aurea pretij quatuor. marc.

Un. chamah cum capite in capsa aurea pretij quadragint. solid.

Un. chamah cum capite albo in capsa aurea ad modum crucis pretij quatuor. marc.

Un. chamah cum duobus capitibus albis in capsa aurea pretij quatuor. marc.

Un. chamah cum laticibus & curru in capsa aurea pretij quatuor. marc.

Un. chamah parvum cum imaginibus parvis in capsa aurea pretij quatuor. marc.

Un. chamah cum cane in capsa aurea pretij quatuor. marc.

Un. chamah cum capite barbato in capsa aurea pretij quatuor. marc.

Unum chamah cum capite in capsa aurea pretij quadragint. solid.

Un. chamah cum capite in capsa aurea pretij vigint. solid.

Unum chamah cum majestate in capsa aurea pretij duo. marc.

Un. chamah cristalinum cum capite in capsa aurea pretij duo. marc.

Un. chamah cum capite ruffo in capsa argentea pretij quatuor. marc.

Un. chamah cum capite bipertito crinato in capsa argentea pretij duo. marc.

Un. chamah parvum cum capite in capsa aurea pretij unius marc.

Unum chamah cum parvo capite albo in capsa aurea pretij duo. marc.

Un. chamah cum capite ruffo in capsa argentea pretij unius marc.

Unum chamah parvum in capsa aurea pretij decem solid.

Unum parvum chamah cum capite in capsa aurea pretij vigint. solid.

Unum chamah cum leone in capsa aurea pretij decem solid.

Unum chamah cum capite albo in capsa aurea pretij unius marcæ.

Unum chamah cum albo capite in capsa aurea pretij unius marc.

Unum chamah in uno annulo pontificali pretij septem marc.

Unum cincteum in capsa argentea pretij vigint. solid.

Unu

- Unum cinereum in capsula argentea pretij vigint. solid.
 Un. saphir. citrinus in capsula aurea pretij quinq; marc.
 Una amatista in capsula argentea pretij quadragint. solid.
 Un. prasina^c in capsula aurea pretij quadragint. solid.
 Una amatista in capsula aurea pretij unius marc.
 Un. amatista cum apparatu argenti ad modum crucis pretij quinque solid.
 Una capsula aurea ad modum crucis cum saphir. in medio pretij unius marcæ.
 Una parva capsula ad modum crucis cum saphiro in medio pretij decem solid.
 Una parva capsula aurea cum rubettis pretij decem solid.
 Una capsula aurea cum una perla in medio grossa & sex smaragdini- bus pretij decem marc.
 Una capsula aurea cum lapide precioso in medio pretij quatuor marc.
 Una capsula aurea cum lapide impregnato pretij quadragint. solid.
 Unum magnum capud cum corona aurea pretij vigint. libr.
 Tria capita oniclea nuda sine capsula pretij quindecem marc.
 Magni saphiri citrini nudi pretij decem libr.
 Quatuor saphiri & duo citrini, onicleum unum & duo panchij calcidonij pretij quinq; marc.
 Quinq; chamah sine capsula. Videlicet tres quorum quolibet pretij quinq; marc, & un. pretij quatuor marc. & un. pretij tres marc.
 Un. canis onicleus pretij quadragint. solid.
 Una phola oniclea & alia christalina precij unius marc.
 Aurum in diversis pechijs cum quibusdam lapidibus ponderis sexdecem solid. duo denar. pretij quindecem marc.
 In una chincia minuti saphiri & granatæ pretij unius marc.
 Item minuti baleisij in una chincia pretij vigint. solid.
 Minutæ prasinae in una chincia pretij quatuor marc.
 Albæ perlæ in una chincia pretij dimid. marc.
 Perlæ in una chincia pretij duo. solid.
 Lapidés diversi in una chincia pretij cent. solid.
 Decem cokillæ & unum album capud pretij quadragint. solid.
 Una amatista magna sine capsula pretij dimid. marc.
 Un. saphir. in capsula aurea cum cruce supposita pretij cent. solid.
 Una imago beati Edmundi regis cum corona & duobus grossis saphir. & un. bales. sito in corona & duobus prasinis, & aliis minutis lapidibus ponderis sex marc. decem solid. sex denar. pretij quater viginti & sex libr.

^c Lapidés pretiosi ex colore viridi albescentes.

Una imago aurea unius regis cum bales. in pectore, & aliis lapidibus minutis ponderis quinq; marc. duo solid. sex denar. pretij quadragint. & octo libr.

Una imago unius regis tenentis in manu dextra florem cum saphir. smaragdinibus in medio coronæ, & magna granata in & pectore, perlis & aliis minutis lapidibus tam in corona quam in corpore ponderis quinq; marc. quinq; solid. & decem denar. pretij quinquagint. duo libr.

Una imago regis aurea cum saphiris in pectore, & smaragdinibus & bales. in medio coronæ, & saphir. & garnatis in corona & circa corpus ponderis quinq; marc. novem solid. & octo denar. pretij quinquagint. novem libr. sex solid. & octo denar.

Quinq; angeli aurei ponderis trium marcar. quatuor solid. pretij trigint. libr.

Una imago beatæ Mariæ cum filio coronata per circuitum tam in coronis, quam in alijs membris cum rubettis, smaragdinibus, saphiris, & garnatis : ponderis septem marc. sexdecem denar. pretij ducent libr.

Una imago unius regis aurea tenentis feretrum in manu sua per circuitum bales. saphiris pulchris, & in corona cum rubettis & esmal. ponderis quinq; marc quinq; solid. duo denar. pretij cent & trium libr. Item,

Imago unius regis tenentis chamah cum duobus capitibus in una manu, in alia sceptrum cum bales. prasinis & perlis per circuitum ponderis septem marc. decem solid. & decem denar. pretij centum libr.

Una imago Sancti Petri tenentis in una manu ecclesiam, in alia claves, & calcantis Neronem cum saphiro grosso in pectore, & in circuitu cum prasinis perlis & saphir. ponderis novem marc. & quatuor solid. pretij cent. libr.

Una majestas aurea in capsâ lignea cum pulcherrima smaragdine in pectore per circuitum, cum smaragdinibus & perlis in corona, cum chamah prasinis & saphir. per circuitum ponderis decem marc. septem solid. sex denar. pretij ducent. libr.

Aurum in licis cum chamah, ponderis octo marc. octo solid. & quatuor denar. pretij centum & duodecem libr.

Unus saphirus pulcherrimus, ponderis quadragint. duo denar. pretij cent. marc.

Item alijs saphiris pretij decem marc.

Item unus saphirus pretij quinq; marc.

Item sex saphirus pretij decem libr.

Item octo chamah in capsis aureis cum smaragdinibus per circuitum, ponderis quatuor solid. sex denar. pretij vigint libr.

De Rebus Anglicanis Opuscula Varia.

Un. par bacinorum auri, ponderis quadragint. sex. solid. pretij trigint. & quatuor marc.

Una cuppa clara, ponderis septem marc. pretij cent. solid.

Duæ cuppæ veteres, ponderis septem marc. decem solid. pretij tanti.

Unum magnum chamah in capsâ aurea cum cathena aurea pretij ducent. libr. Item,

Unum chamah cum capite sine capsâ pretij octovigint. libr.

Testific. per dilectos & fideles nostros magistrum Thomam de Wymundam, thesaurarium nostrum in Anglia, Nicholaum de Leuknor, thesaur. Garderobæ nostræ, & Petrum de Winton, clericum ejusdem Garderobæ. In cujus rei testimonium præsens scriptum sigillo nostro & Reverendi Patris Domini O: Sancti Adr. diac. cardinal. apostolicæ sedis legati, duximus roborand. apud Stratford primo die Junij.

ORDI-

ORDINAUNCES by Margaret Countesse of Richmond and Derby, as to what Preparation is to be made against the Deliveraunce of a Queen, as also for the Christening of the Child of which she shall be delivered.

[From a Manuscript in the Harleian Library, N^o 6079].

HER Highnes Pleasure beinge understoode in what Chamber she will be delivered in, the same must be hanged with riche Clothe of Arras, Sydes, rowffe, Windowes and all, excepte One Windowe, which must be hanged so as she may have Light when it pleaseth her. Then must there be set a Royall Bedde, and the Flore layed all over and over with Carpets, and a Cupboard covered with the same Suyte that the Chamber is hanged withall. Also there must be ordayned a faier Pallet, and all Things appertayninge therunto, and a riche Sparker hanginge over the same. And that Daye that the Queene (in good Tyme) will take her Chamber, the Chappell where her Highnes will receive and heare Devine Service, must be well and worshipfully arrayed. Also the greate Chamber must be hanged with riche Arras, with a Clothe and Chaire of Estate, and Quishins thereto belonginge, the Place under and aboute the same beinge well encarped. Where the Queene (comminge from the Chappell with her Lords and Ladyes of Estate) may, either standinge or sittinge, at her Pleasure, receive Spices and Wyne. And the next Chamber betwixt the greate Chamber and the Queenes Chamber to be well and worshipfully hanged; which done, Two of the greatest Estates shall leade her to her Chamber, where they shall take their Leave of her. Then all the Ladyes and Gentilwomen to goe in with her, and none to come into the greate Chamber but Women; and Women to be made all Manner of Officers, as Butlers, Panters, Sewers, &c. and all Manner of Officers shall bringe them all neadfull Things unto the greate Chamber Dore, and the Women Officers shall receive it there of them.

The Furniture appertayninge to the Queenes Bedde.

Fyrst ij Paire of Sheets of Reines, every of them 4 Yards broade, and 5 Yards longe, 2 Head Sheets of like Reines, 3 Yards broade, and 4 Yards longe, 2 longe and 2 square Pillows of Fustian, stuffed with fine Downe, every of them with 2 Beeres of Reines, a Pane of Skarlet furred with

Ermyn, and embroudered with Crimfon Velute upon Velute, or riche Clothe of Golde; and a Head Sheete of like Clothe of Golde furred with Ermyn, a Kevertoure of fine Lawne of v Breadthes, and 6 Yardes longe, and an Head Sheete of 4 Breadthes, and 5 Yardes longe; a Mattres stuffed with Wolle, a Fetherbed, with a Bolster of Downe, a Sparver of Crimfon Sattin embroudered with Crownes of Golde, the Kinge and Queenes Arms, and other Device, lyned with double Tarteron, garnished with Frengs of Silke, blewe Ruffet, and Golde, with a rounde Bowlle of Golde, or Sylver and gylte, 4 Quishins of Crimfon Damaske Clothe of Golde, a rownde Mantell of Crimfon Velute plaine furred throwgheout with Ermyn, Backe for the Queene to weare aboute her in her Pallet. The Pallet at the Beddes Feete must be arraied, accordinge as the Bedde is, with Sheets and Panes, &c. excepte the Clothe of Golde of the Panes that longe to the Pallet to be of another Coloure then that of the Bedde. It must be forseene, that suche Estats as shall please the Kinge to appoint to goe to the Christninge, be placed neere to the Place where the Queene is delivered, to the ende, that anon after the Deliveraunce they may geve their readys Attendaunce upon the Childe to the Church.

How the Church shall be arraied againste the Christninge.

Note, that the whole Church where the Childe shall be christened must be hanged with riche Arras or Clothe of Golde in the best Manner, and in like Sorte shall the Auter be arayed also, and well carpetted throughout the whole Chauncell under Foote; also there must be longe and large Carpets layde under Foote at the Church Dore, and the Porche must be hanged and seeled with riche Clothe of Golde of Arras Worke. And on the one Side of the Church neere unto the Fonte there must be hanged a Traves, with Carpets and Quishins to the same, a faire Panne of Coles welle burnte before they come there for Smellinge, and sweete Perfumes to caste therin, Chafrons of Water, with Basons of Silver, and gilte, to washe the Childe, if Neade be; and to every of these Assaye must be made.

Then must the Fonte of Silver that is at Canterbury be sent for, or els a new Fonte made of Purpose, to be kepte in suche Place as shall please the Kinge, to serve to like Use hereafter. Or els his Highnes Pleasure wolde be knowne, whether he will have it done in a Fonte of Stone, as it hathe bene sometimes seene: but wherof soever the Fonte be, it must be covered all over the Böttome with softe Raynes laied

in divers Folds. And the Fonte must be set of a greate Heighte, that the People may see the Christeninge withoute preasinge to nighe the Fonte; and the same must be hanged all aboute with Clothe of Golde. Over the Fonte there must be hanged a greate and large Canape of Damaske, Satten, or Reynes, the Bordure beneathe Clothe of Golde, or well embroudered; or els a riche See of Golde, with a large and rich Valence, and underneathe the saide Canape there must be reserved a large Space for the Comminge to the Fonte of the Childe, and suche Ladyes and Estats as pleaseth the Kinge shall accompany the same therto. Also there must be ordained viii Peece of Bankelyns of Golde to hange aboute the Fonte. Also there must be provided a little Taper for the Childe to carye in his Hande up to the highe Auter after his Christendome. Note, that the Gossippes must be lodged nighe the Quenes Deliveraunce, that they (accompaignied with the Lordes abovefaide, bothe Spirituall and Temporall, and thother Estats) may be ready to attende upon the yonge Prince or Princeesse to the Christeninge.

When the Childe goeth to Church to be christened, a Dutchesse must beare the Childe, and a Dutchesse must beare the Crifure before it upon her Shoulder, on a Kerchewe of smalle Raines; and if it be a Prince, an Erle shall beare the Trayne of the Mantell, which must be of riche Clothe of Golde, with a longe Traine furred throughout with Ermyne; but if it be a Princeesse, then a Countesse shall beare the Traine. There must be borne before it to the Church 200 Torches, of which 24 shal be borne aboute the Childe with Esquiers; and when they come to Church they shall all stande aboute the Fonte in Order, and as neare therunto as they may conveniently. Then shall the Sergeante of the Kings or Quenes Pantry be readye at the Church with a faire Towell of Reynes about his Necke, and a Salte Seller in his Hande, with Salte therein, and that he be ready to take the Assaye of the Salte before it be hallowed, and the Treasorer of Howsholde to goe before him and present the Assaye. Also the Sergeant of the Every shal be ready in the Church, with Basonnes covered and uncovered, suche as the Case shall require, for the Byshoppes to washe in, and like Basonnes and Ewers for the Gossippes to washe in. Also the Sergeant of the Spicery and the Butler shall geve their Entendance at the Church with Spice and Wyne, for the Gossippes and other Estats to take when the Prince is christened. When the Prince or Princeesse is brought to the utter Porche of the Church, the Bishoppe shal be there ready to receive it, and to doe such Solempnities as therunto appertaineth.

taineth. After which Solempnities done and finished, there must be ready at the Church Dore a Canape, to be borne over the Childe by 4 Men of Worshipp, eyther Knights, or els Esquiers assigned therunto before. The Prince or Princesse being brought into the Church, it shal be forthwith borne into the Traves, where shal be Fire and Water (as aforesaid) ready for the Changinge of the Childe out of the Clothes, and makinge it ready unto Christendome. In the meane time the Gossippes (savage the Lady Godmother) and all suche Estats as shal please the Kinge, shal be neere therunto, shal place themselves within the Canape of the Fonte; so that when the Baptizor (which must be an Archbishoppe or a Bishoppe) with the Officers of the Church, doe come therunto, they may be there readye placed, and there must be assigned certaine worshipfull Knights and Esquiers to spreade and holde at large the saide Canape in good and seemely Order. And in the meane tyme, whilest the Childe is makinge ready, the Fonte must be hallowed by the Abbot of Westmester, or some one in his Steade; whiche done, the Childe shal be brought forthe of the Traves to be christened. As soone as the Christeninge is done, all thasoraide Torches shal be lighted, and the Childes Taper abovefaide, which the saide Childe shal beare up to the highe Auter in his Hande, and there offer the same, with suche a Somme of Money as shal please the Kinge to appointe; and then shal it be confirmed in the same Place. All which Solempnities accomplished, the Childe shal be brought downe from the highe Auter into the Traves againe, where it shal abide while the Gossippes and other Estats do take Spice and Wyne. Then shal the Gossippes geve their Giftes, which must be delivered to Erles, Barons, or Banneretts, which shal beare the same before the Childe to the Queenes Chamber Dore, and there shal delyver them to the Ladyes and Gentilwomen every Gifte before other, and the Gifte of greatest Estats hyndermoste. But herin the King's Pleasure must be knowne, whether he will have the Gifts caried prively or openly; and the hindermost Gifte aforesaid must be borne by the greatest Estate there present. But yf yt be a Princesse, the Gifts must in like Manner be borne of Ladyes, which shal beare them to the Queene. The Gifts given to the Erles in Manner aforesaid, and all Things accomplished in the Church with requisite Solempnitye, the Childe shal be borne Home againe in suche Sorte as it was carried to the Church, savage that the Torches must be lighted, and a Cloth of Estate borne over it; and the same Waye that it was brought to the Church shal it be carried

carried Home againe. Note, that the Parliament Chamber must be richely hangd, and seeled with a riche and statclye Bed therin, with Staiers up to the saide Bed, which Stayers must be covered with blewe Worsted, garnished with Rybands, and gylte Nayles; the Bed covered with a goodly Emperiall, the Curteynes and Traves of blewe Tarteron, Carpetts laied with the riche Araye for the Queene to be purified in. The Cupborde and Wyndowes in her Chamber covered with blewe Worsted, Bankers of red Worsted, a Traves of blewe Sarcenett, and another of blewe Tartaron.

The Childe broughte Home, and the Gifts presented and delivered to the Queene as aforefaide, the Childe must be borne into the Nurcery, where it shal be nourished with a Ladye Governesse of the Nowrce, and the drye Nowrce, and they shall have 3 Chambers, which shal be called the Rockesters, and they shall have their Othes geven them by the Chamberlaine. It must be seene that there be bothe Yeomen and Gromes to wayte upon the Chamber, Sewers, Panters, and all other Officers for the Monthe, and that Othes be ministred to every of them in most straitest Maner. Furthermore it must be seene that the Nowrces Meate and Drinke be assayed duringe the Tyme that she geveth Suck to the Childe, and that a Physicion do overseer her at every Meale, which shall see that she geveth the Childe seasonnable Meate and Drinke.

As touchinge suche Necessaries as belonge unto the Childe. First, he must have a riche Mantell of Clothe of Golde with a longe Traine, furred throughe out with Ermyn, to bear the Prince or Princeesse in to the Christeninge, and for other Necessaries 12 Yardes of Skarlette, 24 Yards of fyne Blankette, and 24 Elles of fyne Reynes, a Elle of Bauldkin of Gold lnyed with Buckeram, frenge by the Valence with Silke to hange over the Prynce by his Chimney, a Mantell of Skarlett furred with Mynivere, 2 Palletts of Canvas, 2 Mattresses, 2 Payr of Blanketts, 4 Payr of Sheets, 2 Tap-pets of red Worsted, 2 Quissins covered with Crymson Damaske, a Quissin of Lether, made like a carvinge Quissin for the Nowrce, a greate Potte of Lether for Water, a greate Chafer, and a Bafon of Lattyn, 2 greate Bafonnes of Pewter for the Lawndery in the Nowrcery, 8 large Carpetts to cover the Flores of the Chambers, &c. also a Traves of red double Tartaron, with a Celle to hange in the Chamber. It must be foreseene, that there be a little Cradell of Tree, of a Yarde and a Quarter longe, and 22 Inches broade, in a Frame faire set forthe by Painters Crafte; the Cradell shall have

have 4 Pomelles of Silver, and gilte, 2 like Pomells of the same Frame, fyve Buckells of Silver on eyther Side the Cradell without Tongs for the Swathing Band, whose Furniture of Beddinge and Lynne is above written ; 2 Panes of Skarlet, thone furred with Ermyn, and thother with Grey, and bothe bordured with Clothe of Golde, the one Crimfon, and the other Blewe ; 2 Head Sheets of like Clothe of Golde, furred accordinge to the Panes, a Sparner of lynnne Clothe for the same Cradell, a Baylle covered with Reynes, 2 Cradell Bannes of Crimfon Velute. Also there must be ordained a greate Cradell of Estate, contayninge in Length 5 Foote and an Halfe, and in Breadthe 2 Foote and an Halfe, covered with Crimfon Clothe of Golde, having a Case of Tree covered with Buckeram, a fayer riche Sparner of Crimfon Clothe of Golde lyned with red double Tartaron, and garnished with Frenges of Silke and Golde to hange over the same Cradell, and the Cradell must have fyve Stulpes of Silver, and gilte, whereof the Cradell shall have 3, scilz. one at the Heade, and 2 at the Feete, and the Cradell Case shall have other 2 like Pomells at the Head. The middelmofft Stulpe that standeth at the Heade of the Cradell shal be graven with the Kings Armes, and all thother Stulpes with other Armes, and the Grownde all aboute the Cradell must be well carpetted. And the Cradell must have 8 Buckells of Silver without Tongs on either Side thereof, a Mattresse, 2 Pillowes, with 4 Beeres of Reynes, a Payer of Fustians,

Pane

a *Paine* of Skarlette furred with Ermyns, bordured with blewe Velute upon Velute, Clothe of Golde or Tyssue, an Head Sheete of lyke Clothe of Golde furred with Ermyn, a Bayle covered with Reynes for the same Cradell, a Boole of Silver, and gilte for the abovesayde Sparner, 2 Swadel Bands, thone blewe Velute. and thother blewe Clothe of Golde, with all other necessary Furniture therunto appertayning, like as the Prince or Princeffe herselfe were lyinge therein.

A sorte

A sborte and a brief Memory by Licencc and Corvecccon of the First Progresse of our Souveraigne Lord King Henry the VII. after his noble Coronacon, Cristemas, and Parliament holden at his Palays of Westminster towards the North Parties.

[From a Manuscript in the Cottonian Library.]

THE King on the Day of March toke his Hors wele, and nobely accompanied at Seint Johns of London, and rode to Waltham; and from thens the High Way to Cambrige, wher his Grace was honorably receyvede both of the Univerfitie, and of the Towne. From thens he roode by Huntingdon, Stamford, and to Lincolne; and ther his Grace kepte right devoutly the holy Fest of Ester, and full like a Christine Prince hard his dyvyne Service in the Cathedrall Church, and in no prive Chapell. On Shere Thursday he had in the Bishops Hall 29 poore Men, to whom he humbly and cristenly for Christes Love, with his noble Hands did weshe ther Fete, and gave as great Almes, like as other his noble Progenitors, Kings of England, have been accuftumed aforetyme. Also on Good Friday, after all his Offerins and Observauncs of halowing of his Rings after Dyners, gave mervealous great Summes of Mony in Grotes to poore People, besides great Almes to poore Freres, Prisoners, and Lazares Howses of that Country; and on Shere Thursday, Good Friday, Ester Even, and Ester Day, the Bishop of that See did the dyvine Service, and everyche of the 3 Dayes folowing, the principallest Residencers ther being present, did ther divine Observaunce. The King himself kepte every Day thus, during both the High Masse and Even Songe in the saide Cathedrall Church, and that same Weke he remeved unto Notingham withoute any Bayting, bycause they died at Newark, &c. The Meir and his Brethren of Notingham in Scarlet Gounes on Horsbake, accompanied with 6 or 7, with other honest Men al on Horsbake, also receyvede the King a Myle by South of Trent, and bytwene both Briggs the Procession both of the Freres and of the Pariche Chirches receyved the King, and so proceded thorough the Towne to the Castell. From thens the King the next Weke folowing remevede towarde Yorke, at whos Removing th Erle of Derby, the Lorde Strannge, Sir William

Stanley, with others, toke ther Leve, and on Saterdag came unto Doncaster, wher he abode the Sondag, and harde Masse at the Freres of our Lady, and Even Song in the Parishe Chirche. On the Morne the King remeved to Pomfreyte, accompanied then and sone after with the Archebishop of York, the Bishop of Ely, Chancellor of England, the Bishop of Excester, Prive Seale; also th Erle of Lyncolln, th Erle of Oxenford, th Erle of Shrewsbury, th Erle of Ryvers, th Erle of Wiltshire, the Viscount Wellis, the Lorde Percy, whiche came to the King at Yorke, the Lorde Grey of Rythyn, the Lorde Grey, the Lorde Fitzwater, Stuarde of the King's Howse, the Lorde Powes, the Lorde Clifford, the Lorde Fitzhugh, the Lorde Scrop of Upsale, the Lorde Scrop of Bolton, the Lorde La Warre, Lorde Latymer, Lorde Dacre of Gilleland, the Lorde Hastings, and the Lorde Lumley; the Lorde Huffay, Chief Justice of the King's Bench: As also by the following Knights, Sir Richard Egecombe, Countroller of the King's House, Sir Thomas Burgh, Sir John Cheyny, Sir John Grey of Wilton, Sir George Nevell, Sir John Beauchamp, Sir Walter Hungreforde, Sir Robert Taylboys, Sir Robert Willoughby, Sir Edward Ponyngs, Sir Humfrey Stanley, Sir John Savage, Sir Davy Owen, Sir Charles of Somersett, Sir Thomas Gokefay, Sir Robert Poynez, Sir John Amelton, Sir Thomas Markenvile, Sir John Savile, Shireff of Yorkshire, Sir Henry Perpoynte, Sir John Babington, Sir Henry Wentworth, Sir Robert Stirley, Sir Thomas Tempeste, Sir Gervas of Clifton, Sir John Turburvile, Sir Edmund Benyngfelde, Sir John Agrisley, Sir Hugh Perfall, Sir Nicholl Langforde, Sir Raulf Bygod, Sir John Nevill of Leversege, Sir William Fitzwilliam, Sir Thomas Fitzwilliam, Sir John Everyngham, Sir Randolf Pigote, Sir Marmaduke Constable, Sir John Walton, Sir Robert Rider, Sir Edmonde Hastings, Sir John Constable of Holdrenesse, Sir Christofer Moresby, Sir Robert Dymok, Sir James Danby, Sir Richarde Hante, Sir John Risley, Sir William Say, and Sir William Tyler, whiche was sent unto the Castell of Midlem. By the Way in Barnefdale, a litill beyonde Robyn Haddezstou, th Er'e of Northumberland with right a great and noble Company mete and gave his Attendance upon the King; that is for to say, with 33 Knyghts of his Feedmen, beside Esquiers and Yeomen. Part of those Knyghts Names are ensuen. Sir Multon, Sir Tyme Lorde of Seint Johns, Sir William Geiston, Sir Robert Counstable, Sir Hugh Hastings, Sir William Evers, Sir John Piking, Sir Robert Plompton, Sir Pers of Medilton, Sir Christofer Warde, Sir William Malary, Sir Thomas Malyver,
Sir

Sir William Englishby, Sir James Strangways, Sir Rauf Babthorpe, Sir Thomas Normanvile, Sir Martyn of the See, Sir Robert Hilliart, Sir Rauf Crathorn, Sir William Bekwith, Sir Robert Utreyte, Sir Thomas Metham, Sir Richarde Cuonyers, Sir William Darcy, Sir Stephen Hamton, and Sir William A. Stapleston; and so proceded that same Mondaye to Pomfret, wher his Grace remaynede unto the Thursday next folowing. At whiche Day the King was accompanied with great Noblesse as abovesaide, and marvelous great Number of so short a Warnyng of Esquiers, Gentilmen, and Yomen in defencible Array; for in that Tyme ther wer certeyne Rebels aboute Rypon and Midlem, whiche understanding the Kings Myght, and nere Approaching, within 2 Dayes disperfede. At Tadcastell the King, richely besene in a Gowne of Cloth of Golde furred with Ermyn, toke his Courser; his Henshemen and Folowers also in Golde Smythes Work, wer richely besene. At the further Ende of the Brigge Foote, the Shrieffs of York wele accompanied, mette the King, and so procedede, bering ther white Roddes afor his Grace. Nere hand, 3 Myles oute of Yorke, the Maire of that Citie and his Brethern, with other great Number of Citizens al on Horsback, receyved the King, and Vavasour, Recorder of the same Citie, had the Speche in bidding the King welcome, and also recomaunded the Citie and the Inhabitaunts of the same to his good Grace. Half a Myle withoute the Gate of that Citie, the Processions of al the Orders of Freres receyved the King, and after theym the Prior of the Trinities with his Brethern, th Abbot of Seint Mary Abbey with his Covent the Chanoignes of Seint Leonardes, and then the general Procession of al the Parishe Chirches of the saide Citie, with mervellous great Number of Men, Women, and Children on Foote, whiche in rejoycing of his Comyng, *Cryen, King Henry, King Henry,* and saide, *Our Lorde preserve that swete and well saverde Face.* At the Gate of the Citie ther was ordeyned a Pajannt with dyvers Personages and Mynstrelsyez, and thereby stode a King coronede, whiche had his Speche that followeth, whos Name was Ebrancus.

E B R A N C U S.

O Reverende Right wis Regent of this Regalitie,
Whos primatyve Patron I apper to your Prefence,
Ebranc of Brytayn. I sittuate this Citie,
For a Place to my Pleasure of most Prehemynence.
Herunto I recoursede for moost Convenyence,
In conforting, that by Cours of lynyall Succession,
Myn Heires this my Cetic shuld have in Possession.

Of Right I was Regent and ruled this Region,
I subdued Fraunce, and lede in my Legeaunce.
To you Henry, I submitte my Citie, Kee, and Coronne,
To rule and redresse as your Due; and to Defence.
Never to this Citie to presume Pretence,
But holly I remytte it to your Governauce,
As a principal Parcell of your Enheritaunce.
Please it I beseeche you, for my Remembraunce,
Sith that I am a Primatyve of your Progenye,
Shew your Grace to this Citie, with suche Habundaunce,
As the Ruyn may recover into Prosperitie.
And also of your great Grace, gif not your Ye
Only to this Citie of Insufficiency,
But graciously consider ther Wille and Diligence.
It is knowen in Trough of great Experience,
For your Blod, this Citie made never Digression,
As recordeth by the great Hurte for Blode of your Excellence.
Wherefor the rather I pray for Compassion,
And to mynd how this Citie of olde and pure Affection,
Gladdeth and enjoyeth your Highnesse, and Comyng,
With hole Consente, knowing you ther Souveraigne and King.

At the hider Ende of House Brigge, ther was ordeyned
another Pajannt garnyshede with Shippes, and Botes in every
Side, in Tokenyng of the Kings Landing at Milforde Havyn,
and Salomon in his Habite Roiall crownede, hadde this
Speche as herafter foloweth.

S A L O M O N.

Moost prudent Prynce of provid Provision,
Ther premordiall Princes of this Principalitie,
Hath preparate your Reign, the vii by Succession,
Remytting this Reame, as right to your Roialtie.

Therof

Therof Kings comyng of your Confanguinitie,
Full Roial and right wise in Rule of ther Liegeaunce.

Sith God full of Glorie, eternal Sapience,
Did enfence me Salomon of his affluente Grace,
Wher thorough I am taken as Patorne of Prudence,
To discusse upon Conscience yche judicial Cause,
Revolvyng how with Sapience ye have spent your Space,
To the Tyme of this your Reign mysteriously,
Opteyning as moost worthy your Right, not rogesly.
Now reigne ye, rule ye now your Realme right wisely,
By politek Providence as God hath enduede.
To you Souveraigne in Sapience submytting me humbly,
Your sage sober Sothfastnesse hath so be shewede
In yche judicial Right this Realme to be renewede,
Ye be advised moost worthy by graciouse Affluence,
Submytting to your Souveraignetie my Septer of Sapience.
Befeeching you of bountevous Benevolence
This your Citie to supporte with Subsidie of your Grace,
Thies your noble Progenitors, recordeth the Assistance
Of this Citie, to the Assufferayn in yche Tyme and Place.
Proofs maketh Experience, now Souveraigne in your Space
Of purede Witt, to your Blood of great Antiquitie,
This your Citie is solacede to have your Soveraigntie.

Beyond the Brigge, at the Turnyng into Conyeux Strete,
ther was a Pajiant of the Assumption of our Lady, whiche
had a Speche as ensueth.

O U R L A D I E.

Henry, sith my Sone as thy Souveraigne hath the fothly
assigned
Of his Grace to be Governor of his People's Protection.
Full specially that thyn Heirs of Pytie bee declynede,
I pray thee sith thy People hath me muche in Affection,
My Sone and my Souveraigne, in whom is Election,
Singluly this City hath honorrede humbly,
And made me ther Meane withoute Objection,
In Hope of their Helpe to have it holly,
What I aske of his great Grace he graunteth it goodly,
As a Bone of al bountevous Benynge,
The his Knyght he hath chosén victoriously
To convok and conceede this thy Country condigne.
For this Citie is a Place of my Pleasing.
Than have thou no Drede nor no Doubting
Continuelly her in thy Reynyng,

I thee

I thee pray in this Space.
I shall shewe to my Sonne to fende thee his Grace.

In divers Places of the Citie was hanging oute of Tapestry, and other Clothes, and making of Galaries from on Side of the Strete over thwarte to that other. Some casting oute of Obles and Wafers, and some casting out of Comfets in great Quantitie, as it had been Haylestons, for Joye and Rejoycing of the King's Comyng. At the further Ende of Conyeux Strete was ordeyned another Stage with a Pageant, wherin King Davide stode armede and crowne, having a nakede Swerde in his Hand, and making the Speche as ensueth.

K. D A V I D.

Moost prepotent Prince of Power imperial,
Redoubtete in iche Region of Christes Affiance,
Your Actes victorious bith notede principall,
In Maner mor noble than Charles of Fraunce.
Sith God so disposith of his Providence,
Like as he gave me Might to devince Goly ^a.
I David submytte to you my Swerde of Victory.
When I reignede in Jude I know and testifie,
That Ebranc the Noble whiche subdued Fraunce,
In Memory of his Tryumphe, this Citie did edifie,
That the Name of his Nobley shulde have Contynuaunce.
In Wittenesse that this Citie withoute Variaunce
Was never devinced by Force ne Violence,
Wherfor I have chosn it for my Place; To your Prefence
Submitting it with that Force and Truth to your Excellence.
Beseeching your Highnesse the more for myn Instaunce,
To this your Enheritaunce take gracious Complacence.
Sith that it your Citie not filede with Dissaveaunce,
True and bolde to your Bloode, not dreding Perturbaunce,
Whiche causede moost this Citie to bee desolate,
Now Revivying in Comforte to atteigne your Astate.

From thens the King procedede to the Mynster, wher within the West Doore th Archebisshop, with the Dean and Proceffyon of the hole Quere of the same Mynster receyvede the King as accustemed, and so procedede up into the Quere byfor the high Auter, wher after the Orisons redde by th Archebisshop, the King offrede. And from thens the King went and offrede at Seint William's Shreyn, and than

^a i. e. Goliath.

turned into the Quere into the Deanes Stalle. Th Archebifshop standing in his Trone, beganne Te Deum, &c. whiche by them of the Quere was right melodiously fongen with Organ as accustumede, and after the Collect the King went into the Paleys, wher he loggede as longe as he was in that Citie. On the Satirday next folowinge, whiche was Seint Georges Even, the King harde his Evenfong in the Mynster Chirche, having a blew Mantell above his Sircote, and on his Hedde his Cap of Maintenance, for he was coronned on the Morn, having thAbite of the Garter above al other Robes of Estate. Th Erle of Oxinforde bare his Trayne. Also in the Morn the Trayne of the Mayntell of the Garter coverde the Trayne of the Mantell of Astate, and the Furre of the Astate sufficiently shewed the King kept his Estate. In the Bifshøps great Hall th Erle of Oxinforde gave Attendance upon the Coroun, havng also thAbet of the Garter above thHabite of his Estate, and Antony Browne served that Day. The Lorde Scrop of Bolton, bycause he was a Knyght of the Garter, in both his Habites served the King of Water. Item, Sir David Owen in his Habite kervede. Item, Sir Charles of Somersfett in his Habite was Copeberer. Item, th Archebifshop, whiche ministrede the Dyvine Service, sat on the King's Right Hande, in no other Array but as he dayly goeth in: And at that other Ende of the King's Borde that Day satt no Man.

Item, in the forsaide Hall were 6 Tables, that is to say, 2 in the Middes of the saide Hall, and in every isle 2. At the first Table, in the Myddes of the Hall, sat my Lorde Chancellor, my Lord Privy Seale, th'Abbot of Seynt Mary Abbey, th'Abbott of Founteyns, thArchebifshops Suffragan, with other Prelats, and the King's Chapeleyns. Item, at the 2d Table satt the Erles of Lincoln, of Shrewsbury, Ryvers, and of Wiltshire. Barones, Knyghts, and Esquiers for the Body, &c. Item, at the furst Table, on the right Isle of the forsaide Hall, satt the Lorde Scrope, Sir Thomas of Burgh, and Sir John Cheyne, Knyghts of the Garter, all on one Side, and byneith theym left a voide Space. And then other honest Personnes fulfilled and garnished that table. Item, at the 2d Table of that Isle, satt the Dean and his Bretheren, with the hole Quere of the Mynster. Item, at the furst Table of the 2d Isle next to the Walle, satt the Mair and his Brethren, with other Citizens in great Number. Item, at the 2d Table of that Isle, sat the Jugges, and byneith theym other honest Personnes. At the Kings Tables Ende ther was ordeynede a Stage for his Officers of Armes, whiche,

whiche, at the Tyme accustomed, cryed his Largesse 3 Tymes. *De treis haute, treis puissant, treis excellent Prince, le treis victorions Roy d'Angleter, & de Fraunce, & de Irland, & Souveraigne de la treis noble Order, larges, estfoves treis larges. De treis haute, treis puissante, treis excellent Prince, le treis Cristen Roy de Fraunce & d'Angleter, &c.* as above. Item, Sir John Turburvile, Knyght Marshall drewe the Surnap, and after Dynere was ther the voide. And then the King and the Lords did off ther Robes, excepte thAbite of the Garter, wherin the Knyghts of the same according to ther Statuts, roode to Evenfong, and on the Morne to the Masse of Requiem, whiche was songen by the Suffragan Mytrede, and after Masse, the King and the Knyghts of the Garter went to the Chapter-house, and ther helde his Chapter of the Garter. It is to be remembrede, that on Seynt Georges Day th'Abbot of Seint Mary Abbey redde the Gospell, th'Abbot Fountens the Pistill.—The Suffragan was Croyser, and bar thArchebifshops Crosse, and all were in Pontificalibus. This doone, I had Leve for to departe. At Wytsene Even, at whiche Tyme I came to the Kings Grace at Worcester, wher as I understande wer ordeyned certeyn Paiants, and Speeches like as ensuen, whiche his Grace at that Tyme harde not.

K. HENRY VI.

Welcome Nevew, welcome my Coufyn dere,
 Next of my Blood descended by Alyaunce,
 Chosen by Grace of God both fer and ner,
 To be myn Heir in Englande and in Fraunce,
 Ireland, Wales, with al the Apertenaunce
 Of the hole Tytle which I sumtyme had,
 All is thyn owne, wherefor I am right glad.

I am Henry the vith. sobre and sad,
 Thy great Uncle, sumtyme of England King.
 Full xxxix Yeres this Realme myself I had,
 And of the People had the Governyng.
 Slaine was I, Martir by great Tormenting,
 In Chartesey buried, translate unto Windesore,
 Ther logge I now, and arst ther was I bore.

Mek and mercifull was I evermore,
 From Crueltie refreynyng and from Vengeaunce,
 God hath me rewarded largely therfor.

And

And gentil Cofyn, sith thou hast this Chaunce
To be myn Heire, use wele my Governauce.
Pytie with Mercy, have alwey in thy Cure,
For by Meknesse thou shalt lengest endure.

Advertise wele what founde is in Scripture,
The Gospell seith, whofo right well it markes,
Mercifull Men of Mercy may bee sure.
For God himself this writeth, and seith al Clerks,
Preserved Mercy above all his Werks.
Now for his Sake, shewe it to Free and Bonde:
And he shall guyde thee both by See and Lande.

And here thou may dere Coufyn undrestande,
This poore Citie with humble Reverence
A poore Bill have put into myn Hande,
Becheching me of my Benevolence,
It to declare to thy Magnyficence,
Wherto I muste my pitefull Herte enbrace,
And this procede whose Luste is here in Place.

Humbly besechith your high and noble Grace,
Your poore Subjects, Liegmen, and Oratours,
Wher late befell a lamentable Case.
A Gentilman detected with Riottours,
Making Suggestion agenst you and youres,
Contryved falsely by Information,
Shewing so largely by his Confession,

That of your Grace he had graunted his Pardon
By great Charter of lif Goods and Landes,
Desiring Heder to come for his Devotion
To offer at our Lady wher that she standeth.
By Ignorance thus bee they brought in Bandes,
Beseching you moost mekely or ye passe,
Graciously pardon theym this Trespasse.

For greatly greven theym both mor and lasse
So many Men by oon to be deceyvede.
Your oune Citie that never pollutede was,
Is now defiled, for she hath hym receyvede,
Your saide Subgetts that al this hath perceyvede.
They encline theymsilfs, and to your Mercy calle,
Seing they have a Warnyng perpetuall.

And from this Tyme, after whatever befalle,
 They will entende to put theymslf in Devoure
 You for to please, both olde, yonge, great and smale,
 With al ther Service your High Grace to recover.
 And your saide Orators promysse to pray for ever
 For your noble Estats and Prosperitie
 Long to contynue in Joye and Felicitie.

And now swete Henry doo somewhat for me.
 I stod for VI. and now ye stande for VII.
 Favor thoos Folks that fele Adversitie ;
 God wille rewarde the therfor high in Heven.
 Now as myghty Lyon bere the even,
 Whos noble Angre in his cruell Rage,
 To prostrate People never wolde doo Damage.

That he may this with al his Counseill sage
 Here, I besече the Holy Trynitie,
 And the swete Moder, whiche in her tender Age
 Bare God and Man in pure Virginitie.
 And ye, both Seints of myn Affynitie,
 Ofwolde and Wolstan, right holy Confessors,
 Pray for my good Sone King Henry at al Houres.

Hevenly Fader, that art of Power moost !
 And thou his Sonne approvede unto Witte !
 O thou swete Spirite, named the Holy Goost,
 Thre Persones in on Godhede fuerly knytt,
 For King Henry the VII. I me submytt.
 Beseching you to graunte hym in the Place,
 Power, Wisdome, and al Foyfer of Grace.

O Hevenly Lord ! Celestiall God durable !
 Above al Kings having Preemynence,
 Both in and on and undefenerable !
 I the besече for thy Magnyficence,
 King Henry the VII. to kepe from all Offence.
 Graunt hym longe Liff in Virtue the to please,
 And al his Dayes for to reigne in Peace.

O Eternal God, that made al Thing of nought !
 Fader and Sonne, and Holy Goost ful preste !
 Beholde the Handemaide whiche they thre have wrought,
 And namely thou my Sone which soke my Breste,
 Henry the VII. preserve at my Requeste.

Englande

Englande my Dowre, so for to rule and guyde,
Therby to wyne the Blisse that ever shal abide.

O Henry ! moche art thou beholde to us
That thee have reysede by our oune Election.
Be thou therfor mercifull and graciouse ;
For Mercye pleaseth moost our Affection.
Folow King Henry, whiche is thy Protection,
As welle in Worke as in Sanguinitie.

And in this Worlde it wille rewarded bee right welle,
If thou serve God in Love and Drede.
Havyng Compassion of them that hath Nede,
Everlasting Joye shal be thy Mede
In Heven above wher al Seints dwelle.

Loquitur JANITOR ad Januam.

*Ecce advenit Dominator, Domine,
Et Regnum in manibus potestas & Imperium.
Venit desideratus cunctis gentibus.*
To whom this Citie both al and some
Speking by me, biddeth hertely welcome.
And as I crave, welcome I shall expresse,
Beseching your Grace to pardon my Simpleness.

Quis est ille qui venit, so great of Price ?
I thought Noe, whiche came late from the Flodde,
Or is it Jafon with the Golden Flece,
The noble Mount of Riches and of Good,
Manly of Dede, mercifull, meke of Mode ?
Or is it Julius with the Triumphe of Victorie,
To whom I say welcome most hertely ?

Welcome Abraham, which went from his Kynncrede,
Of al this Lande to take Possession.
Welcome Ysaac, that sumtyme shulde have be dedde,
And now is Heire to his Fader by Succession.
Welcome Jacob, opteynyng the Benefon,
Whiche many Yeres dwelled with his Ungle true,
Fleyng his Countrey from Drede of Esau.

Welcome Joseph, that was to Egipte sold.
Frely welcome oute of the depe Cesterne.
Welcome David, the myghty Lion bolde,
Chosen of God, this Realme to rule and governe.

Whiche in the Felde great Goly ^a did prosterne,
 And al his Enemyes overcome in Fight,
 God being Guyde that gave him Strength and Myght.

Welcome Scipio, the whiche toked Hanyball.
 Welcome Arture, the very Britain Kyng.
 Welcome Defence to England as a Walle.
 Cadwaladers Blodde lynyally descending,
 Longe hath bee towlde of fuch a Prince comyng.
 Wherfor Frenedes, if that I shal not lye,
 This same is the Fulfiller of the Profecye.

Whiche he is this mor pleyuely to expresse.
 Henry the vii. chofen by Grace and Chaunce
 For fingle Beautie and for high Prowesse,
 Now to be King of England and of Fraunce,
 And Prince of Wales with al thAppertenauce,
 Lord of Irelande moost famous of Renoune,
 Withal the Titill perteynyng to the Coronne.

And now welcome our noble Souveraigne Lorde,
 Better welcome was never Prince to us,
 We have desirede long God to recorde,
 To see your moost noble Persone graciouse.
 Welcome myghty Pereles and moost famous.
 Welcome comyng, byding, goeing, and always knowen.
 In Token whereof I yelde to you the Keyes,
 Now al this Citie feith welcome to your oune.

On Wittsonday the King went in Proceffion, and hard his
 dyvyne Service in the Cathedrall Chirche of the faide Citie,
 having no Robes of Estate upon hym, but a Gowne of Cloth
 of Golde of Tiffue lynede with blake Satine. The Bisshop
 of that See did the dyvyne Service in Pontificalibus, and in
 the Proceffion comynge towards the Quere agene, the
 Bisshop went into the Pulpitt, and made a bref and a fruet-
 full Sermonde. In Conclusion of the whiche he declarede the
 Popes Bulls touchyng the Kings and the Quenes Right, and
 the Confirmation of the same. Present ther, the Bishops
 of Ely and of Excester, the Duc of Bedeforde, the Marques
 of Dorset, th Erle of Lyncoln, th Erle of Oxinforde, the
 Vicount Welles, the Lorde Fitzwater, Sir William Stanley,
 called Lorde Chamberlayn, the Lorde Husey, chief Jugg
 of the Kings Benche, and great Number of Knyghts and

^a Goliath.

Esquiers,

Esquiers, and of other People. Byfor Dyner, in his Chamber, Sir Thomas Towneshende, Justice Knyght. And at the Tyme accustomed on that Day he had his Larges cried by his Officers of Armes, &c. On the Monday the King remevede, and roode to Herforde, wher a Myle and moore oute of the Town, and over long Brigge, the Meire of the

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Towne, with an vi Horse and above, mette the King, and receyved hym; and further nere the Towne, the Freres of the saide Citie gave ther Attendaunce in the Proceffyon, and after the Parishe Chirches as accustomed with great Multitude of People of the Countrey, whiche in rejoicing of the King's Comyng, cried, KING HENRY, KING HENRY, and holding up ther Handes, blessed and prayde God to preserve our King; and when he entred the Gate, ther was ordeyned a Pageant of Seint George, with a Speche as ensueth.

SAINT GEORGE,

Moost Cristen Prince, and Frende unto the Feith,
Supporter of Truth, Confounder of Wikkednesse,
As People of your Réalme holy reporteth and faith,
Welcome to this Citie withoute eny Feintnesse;
And thinke verely as ye see her in Likenesse,
That this Worme is discomfited by Goddes Ayde and myn.
So shall I be your Helpe, unto your Lives Fine,
To withstonde your Enemyes with the Help of that blessed
Virgin,
The whiche loveth you right wele I dar playnly it say.
Wherefor ye be right welcome, I pray God further you in
your Way.

At the Crosse in the Market Place was ordeyned another Pageant of a King and 2 Bisshops, the whiche sensede the King, and the King of that had this Speche as ensueth.

ETHELBERT REX.

Moost vertuouse Prince, and gracious in Governauce,
Not rigorous, but mercifull, as David in his Juggement.
The People of your Citie wolde ful fayne your Pleasaunce,
And prayde me as ther Patrone to informe you of ther
Entent.

My Name is King Ethelbert, that sumtyme was King of Kent,
Whiche in my yong Age loost myn erthly Liff,
And now am Protector of this Cathedrall and Citie present.

Wherefor

Wherfor I say welcome both of Man, Child, and Wiff.
 And that blessed Virgin that cessith our mortal Striff
 Abideth your Comyng. Her what I say to you.
 Wherfor I will not ye tary, but I pray God be with you.

At the Entre of the Minster was the 3d Pajaunt of our
 Lady, with many Virgins mervealous and richely besene,
 and our Lady had her Speche as hereafter ensueth.

OUR LADY.

In the best wise welcome myn oune true Knyght
 To my Chirche and Chapelins of our oune Foundation.
 Wherfor I thank you, and pray you both Day and Nyght
 For to kepe and defende from al fraudulent Imagination.
 For many Thyngs I thanke you, the Dedes sheweth Pro-
 bation,
 Unto my Lande and Honor you doth ever atteyne,
 Wherfor I thanke you of your good Supportation,
 Your Rewarde is behinde, it shall come certeyne,
 That is the Blisse of Hevyn wherin my Sone dooth reigne.
 That veraly I promysse you I have graunt afor,
 Now goo in and see my Chirche, I will tary you no more.

At the Entre within the Chirche Doore the Bisshop in
 Pontificalibus, with the Dean and the Quere, receyvede the
 King as in other Cathedrall Chirches accustomed; and on
 the Morne, as the King went in Proceffion, the Bisshop of
 that same See made a Sermonde, declaring the Popes Bulles
 touching the Kings and the Quenes Stile. Then the Friday
 next folowing, the King roode and remeved to Gloucester,
 wher 3 Myles withoute the Towne the Mair, with his Bre-
 thern and Shrifffes in Scarlet Gownes, and other People in
 great Nomber in Rede Gownes, and al on Horfebakks, wel-
 comed the King. Without the Gate betwyxte both Brigges
 the Proceffion of the Freres, and also the Proceffion of the
 Town of al the Parishe Chirches, receyvede the King; and
 in that Towne ther was no Pageant nor Speche ordeynede.
 Th'Abbot and his Monks receyved the King with Proceffion
 at th'Abbey Chirche Doore, wher the King abode Satirday
 and Sunday al Day, whiche was the Trinytie Sunday, and
 th'Abbot mitred longe the Highe Masse, and in Proceffion.
 The Bisshop of Worcester prechide, shewing the Popes
 Bulles touching as afor; and on Monday the King remeved
 to Bristow Warde, and lay at th'Abbey of Kings Woode;
 and on Tewfday dynyd at Acton with Sir Robert Poynes,
 Shryef

Shryef of Gloucestershire. Three Myles oute of Bristow, the Maire, the Shriffes, the Bailiffs with ther Brethern, and great Number of other Burgeses al on Horsebake, in whos Names Treymayle, Recorder of the same Towne, right conyngly welcomed the King. But the Mair of Bristow bar no Mase, nor the Shrif of that Towne bar no Rodde, unto the Tyme they came to a Gate of the Suburbs, wher beginneth ther Fraunches. And on a Causey Way within that Gate the Proceffion of the Freres receyved the King; and then at the Ende of the Causey Way the Proceffion of the Pariche Chirches receyved the King, and in th'Entre of the Towne Gate ther was ordeigned a Pageant with great Melodie and Singing. The whiche cessed, ther was a King had Speche as herafter ensuethe.

KING BREMMIUS.

Moost dere Cosine of England and Fraunce,
King Henry the VII. noble and victorious,
Seint Hider, by the holsome Purviaunce
Of Almyghty God moost mercifull and gracious,
To reforme Thyngs that be contrarious
Unto the Comen Wele, with a myghty Hande,
I am right gladd ye be welcome to this Lande.

Namely to this Towne, whiche I Bremmyus King
Whilom bildede, with her Walles olde,
And called it Bristow, in the Begynnyng,
For a Memoriall that Folke ne wolde
Oute of Remembraunce that Acte Race ne unfold.
And welcome to your Subjects her that with oon Accorde,
Thanking God highly for such a Souveraigne Lorde.

This Towne lefte I in great Prosperitie,
Havyng Riches and Welth many Folde;
The Merchaunt, the Artyficer, ev'ryche in his Degre,
Had great Plentye both of Silver and Golde,
And lified in Joye as they desire wolde,
At my departing; but I have been so long away,
That Bristow is fallen into Decaye.

Irrecuparable, withoute that a due Remedy
By you, ther herts Hope and Comfort in this Distresse,
Proveded bee, at your Leyser convenyently,
To your Navy and Cloth-making, wherby I gesse
The Wele of this Towne standeth in Sikernesse,

May



May be maynteigned, as they have bee
In Days hertofoer in Prosperitie.

Now farwell, dere Cofyn, my Leve I take
At you, that Wele of Bountie bee
To your faide Subjects for Maries Sake,
That bereth you ther Fidelitie.
In moost loving wife now graunte ye
Some Remedye herin, and he wille quit your Mede,
That never unrewarded leveh good Dede.

And from thens the King procedede into the Towne, and
at the High Crosse ther was a Pageant ful of Maydyn Childern
richely befene, and PRUDENTIA had the Speche as
ensueth.

PRUDENTIA.

Mooste noble Prynce our Souveraigne Liege Lorde,
To this poore Towne of Bristow that is youre,
Ye be hertely welcome God to recorde,
And to yur loving Subjects and Orators,
That hertely pray for your Grace at al Houres.
The good Fame of your Renoune so fer dooth sprede,
That al your faide Subjects both love you and drede.

For in quiet wife and pefable
Your Subjects ye kepe from Devifyon.
Ye gef not Credence too lightly
To feyned Tales that make myght Discention,
Wher Peas reigneth is al Perfection.
It kepeth Subjects, as they shulde bee,
From al Stryves in Quayete and Unytie.

Crist therfor that on Crosse diede,
Thoroughe the Mediation of Holy Seints all,
Save your moost High Noblesse, and bee your Guyde.
Confounde your Enemyes, make theym to you Thraull,
And strenketh with me Prudence in Especiall,
To withstonde the Things that bee contrarious ;
And to doo that may please God moost glorious.

From thens the Kyng procedede ad portam Sancti Johannis,
wher was another Pageant of many Mayden Childern
richely befene with Girdells, Beds, and *Onches*, wher JUSTICIA
had the Wordes that herafter ensueth.

JUSTICIA.

JUSTICIA.

Welcome moost excellent high and victorious.
Welcome delicate Rose of this your Brytaigne,
From al Myfaventures and Thing contrarious.
Preserved by dyvyne Power certeygn,
And so hider sentt. I will not fayne.
Welcome King of Englande and of Fraunce,
To this youre oune Towne. God fend you right good
Chance.

I am Justicia the Kinde and Nature
Of God that hath me made and ordeignede,
Over Realmes and over every Creature.
By me Justicia, is shedding of Bloode refreynyng,
And Gilte punysshed when it is compleynede.
I, Justice, defende Possessions,
And kepe People from Oppressions.

This is welle considerde by your noble Grace.
For ye have had alway on ye therunto
Minisshing Justice duly in every Place
Thorough this Region, wher ye ride or goo
Indifferently both to Frende and Foo.
God sende you therin good Perseveraunce,
As may bee to his Grace most singular Pleasaunce.

I have oftyme rede in Bokes olde,
That *omnia parent virtuti*,
The whiche maketh me more bolde
To eschewe you this Proffesse. By and by
Praying Almyghty God whiche is on high,
That from Vertue to Vertue ye may procede,
And in all your Journeys sende you right good Spede.

And then the King proceded towarde th Abbey of Seint
Austeyns, and by the Way ther was a Bakers Wiff cast oute
of a Wyndow a great Quantite of Whete, crying, Welcome
and good Look; and a litill furthermor ther was a Pageant
made, called *The Shipwrights Pageannt*, with praty Con-
ceyts pleyng in the same, withoute any Speche; and a litill
further ther was another Pageannte of an Olifaunte, with a
Castell on his Bakk, curiously wrought. The Resurrection
of our Lorde in the highest Tower of the same, with cer-
teyne Imagerye smytyng Bellis, and al went by Veights,
Tom. III. C c merveolously

merveolouſly wele done. Within Seint Auftains Chirche th Abbot and his Covent receyved the King with Proceſſion as accuſtumed. And on the Morne when the King had dynede, he roode on Pilgremage to Seint Annes in the Wodde. And on the Thursday nexte folowing, whiche was Corpus Chriſti Day, the King went in Proceſſion aboute the Great Grene, ther callede *The Sanctuary*, whither came al the Proceſſions of the Towne alſo; and the Biſhop of Worceſtre prechide in the Pulpit in the Midds of the forſaide Grene, in a great Audience of the Meyre, and the Subſtance of al the Burgeſſe of the Towne and ther Wiſſs, with muche other People of the Countrey. After Evenſonge the King ſent for the Mayre and Shrife, and Parte of the beſt Burges of the Towne, and demaunded theym the Cauſe of ther Povertie; and they ſhewde his Grace for the great Loſſe of Shippes and Goodes that they had looſt within 5 Yeres. The King comforted theym, that they ſhulde ſett on and make new Shippes, and to exerciſe ther Marchandiſe as they wer wonte for to doon. And his Grace ſhulde ſo helpe them by dyvers Means like as he ſhewde unto them, that the Meyre of the Towne towlde me they harde not this hundred Yeres of noo King ſo good a Comfort. Wherfor they thanked Almighty God, that hath ſent them ſoo good and graciouſe a Souveraigne Lord. And on the Morne the King departede to London warde.

Item, it is to be remembred, that in every Shire that the King our Souveraigne Lorde rode, the Shriſſs of the ſame Shire gave ther Attendaunce, and bare ther white Roddes. And in like wiſe the Nobles of that Countre viſitede the Kings Grace as he paſſed by. As touching the Gifts and Prefents whiche Cities, Townes, or Abbeyes gave the King's Grace, I am not certayned; but I underſtande ther wer dyvers both of Golde, Silver, Wyne, Bedes, and *Metens*. On the 5th Day of June, whiche was upon a Monday, the King came by Water from Shene, and landed at Weſtminſter Brigge. The Maire of London, with al his Brethern, and al the Crafts in London in great Multitude of Barges, garnyſhede with Banners, Penounces, Standers, and Penfells, mett with his Grace as far as Putnaine, and hertely welcomede hym home, and then went aboute ther Barges, and landede byfor the King. Every Craft ſtoode by them ſilfs alonge in a Rowe from the Brygg Ende thorough the Paleys to Seint Margaretts Chirche Yerde, wher th Abbot and Proceſſion of Weſtminſter receyvede the King, and gave hym his Septre, and the Proceſſion of Sent Stevens Chapell, whiche had receyvede hym in the Paleys byfor, departede.

Then

Then when the King had offrede in the Abbey, and Te Deum songen, the King went to his Paleys. On the Morne the Maire of London, with his Brethern, came offenes and visitede the Kings Grace. Sir Fitzwilliam, Recorder of London, in al ther Names made to the King a noble Proposition, in the Rejoicing of the Kings good Spede. After that, the King receyved in his great Chamber a great Ambassat from the King of Skotts Letters, to wit, the Lorde Boythvayle, th Abbot of Holy Roode House, Robert Lorde Kenedy, Maister Archeball, Secretary to the King of Scotts, John Rooffe, Esquier, and Counciller of the faide Kinge, Lyon King of Armes. Also Roos Herald and Unycorne Pursuyvant gave their Attendaunce, and came with the faide Ambassadours, with dyvers other Gentilmen and Servants, to

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the Number of iiij Hors, and the faide Secretary made a long Proposition in Latin, and they were loggede at Seint Johns at the Kings Coost. After at ther Departure they had great Gifts and Rewardes. And sone after the King departed from Westminster towarde the West Parties, and hunted, so to Wynchester, where on St. Eustachius' Day the Prince Arture was borne.

The Christening of Prince Arthur. His Majestys Progressse to Canterbury, and other Parts, and the Battle of Stoke.

[From the same Manuscript.]

ON St. Eustachius' Day, which was in the Year of our Lord M.CCCC.LXXXVI. the Dominical Letter A, and and the ijde Yere of the Reigne of our faide Souveraigne, the Prince Arturè was born at Winchester, whiche was the firste begotten Sone of our said Souveraigne Lorde King Henry the vrith, and cristened in Manner and Forme as ensueth, but not untill the Soneday next folowing, bycause th Erle of Oxynfordè was at that Tyme at Lanam in Suffolke, whiche shulde have ben on of the Godfaders, at the Font, and also that Season was al rayny. Incontynent after the Birth, *Te Deum* with Procession was songe in the Cathedral Chirche, and in all the Chyrches of that Citie; great and many Fiers made in the Streets, and Messengers sent to al the Astats and Cities of the Realme with that comfortable and good Tydyng, to whom were geven great Giftes. Over al *Te Deum Laudamus* songen, with Ringyng of Belles, and in the moest Parties, Fiers made in the Praying of God, and the Rejoyfing of every true Englisseman.

The Body of al the Cathedral Chyrche of Wynchester was hangede with Clothes of Arras, and in the Medell, beside the Font of the faide Chirche, was ordeyned and prepared a solempne Fonte in Manner and Forme as ensueth. Furst ther was ordeynede in Manner of a Stage of vij Steppes square or rounde like, an high Crosse coverede with rede Woistede, and up in the Myddest, a Poost made of Iron, to bere the Font of Silver gilte, whiche within fourth was wele dressede with fyne lynn Clothe; and nere the same on the West Side was a Steppe like a Blokk for the Bishep to stonde on, coverede also with red Say; and over the Font, of a good Height, a riche Canape, with a great gilte Bolle celid and fringed, without Curteyns. On the North Side was ordeynede a Travers hangede with Cloth of Arras, and upon the one Side therof within fourth another Travers of redde Sarsenet, wherof James Hide and Robert Brent had the Charge. Ther was Fyer without Fumygationes redy agenste the Prince's Comyng; and without, the Grefe of the faide Font was raylede with good Tymbre, and coverede as the Grefis wer, having ij Entres, on over the Este, and

another in the Weste, whiche were kept by v Yeomen of the Coronne, that is to say, Rake, Burle, Robert Walker, William Vaughan, and John Hoo. After the Lorde John Alkock Bishop of Worcestre had halowed the Fount, it was kepte by Sir David Owen and Sir Hugh Perfall, Knyghts for the Body, and Richarde Wodevile, Thomas Poyntz, John Crokker, and Thomas Brandon, Esquiers for the Body. On the Sondag, when the Chapell was come into the Priours great Hall, whiche was the Quenes great Chamber, the Tresourer of Householde toke the Assay of Salt to the Sargeannt of the Pantery, and delyverde it to th Erle of Essex, and a Towel withall, whiche the saide Yerle caste aboute his Nek. In like wise the Sergeant of the Chaunderye bare a Taper garnished with iiij wrethen Bowtes, and Bowles, and with Barnekolls and Pensells, with praty Imagery and Scripture, the whiche the Lorde Nevell, Sone and Heire of th Erle of Westmorlande, bare. Item, the Sergeaunt of the Eury delyvered to the saide Trezorere a Pere of gilt Basons, with a Towell fowlden upon theym, whiche were delyvered to the Lorde Strange, and as followeth.

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they proceeded towarde the Chirche. Furst ther were vi Torches borne upright ij and ij togeders by Henxmen, Squiers, Gentilmen, and Yomen of the Coronne, the Gouvernaunce of whom had Kuyfston, Gedding, *Pers* of Wreyton, and John Amyas. After theym the Chappell. After the Chapell ther wer withoute Order certen Knyghts and Esquiers. After them Kings of Armes, Heraldes and Pursuivants having their Cots on their Armes, and Sergeaunts of Armes, as been accustomed. Then th Erle of Derbye and the Lord Maltravers. After them the Basons; then the Taper; then the Salte of Golde covered; and then a riche Crefome, whiche was pinnyde on the right Brest of my Lady Anna, Sister of the Quene, hanging on her left Arme. Sir Richarde Gilforde, Knight, Constable, on the right Hand, and Sir John Turburvill, Knight Marshall, on the lefte Hande, bering ther Staves of Office. After theym my Lady Cecill, the Quenes eldest Sister, bare the Prince wrappede in a Mantell of Cremesyn Clothe of Golde furred with Ermyne, with a Trayne, whiche was borne by my Lady the Marquesse of Dorset, and Sir John Cheyny supportede the Midell of the same. The Lorde Edwarde Widevill, the Lorde La Warre, the Sonne and Heire of the Lorde Audeley, and Sir John of Aroundell, bare the Canapie. The Marques of Dorcett and th Erle of Lincolne gave Assistence to my Lady Cecill. At the Criten-
ing

ing was my Lady Margaret of Clarence, my Ladye Gray Rithyn, my Lady Strannge th Elder, my Lady La Warre, Maistres Fenys, my Lady Vaux, my Lady Darcy, Lady Maistresse, my Lady Bray, my Lady Dame Katyn Grey, my Lady Dame Elyonor Hant, my Lady Wodell, with dyvers other Gentilwomen. And thus proceeded thorough the Closter of th'Abbey, unto a litill doore beside the Weest Ende of the Chirche, in the South Parte of the faide Chirche, wher was ordeyned a riche and a large Clothe of Estate; for the Wether was to cowlde and to fowlle to have been at the West Ende of the Chirche. And the Queen Elizabeth was in the Chirche abyding the Comyng of the Prince. At whiche Tyme Tydings came that th Erle of Oxinforde was within a Myle. There was the Bischopp of Worcester, Lorde John Alkok, whiche cristende the Prince in Pontificalibus, and the Bischopp of Excestre, Lorde Pers Courtnay, and the Bishop of Saresbury, Lorde Thomas Langton, th Abbot of Hide, and the *Por* of the same Place; in like wise accompanyede, with many noble Doctores in riche Copes and grey *Amys*. Maister Robert Morton, the Maister of the Rowles, the Deane of Welles, Maister John Gonthorp, Doctor Fox the Kings Secretary, with many moo. Howbeit they taried iij Oures largely and more after the faide Erle of Oxinforde, and after that by the Kings Commandement proceeded, and th Erle of Derbye and the Lorde Maltravers weren Godfaders at the Fonnt, and Quene Elizabeth Godmoder. Incontinent after the Prince was put into the Fonnt, the Officers of Armes put on ther Coots, and all the Torchcs weren Light, and then entrede th Erle of Oxinforde. From the Font the Prince was had to his Travers, and above him a Cremesyn Cloth as byfore. From thens in faire Order was he borne to the High Auter, and leide therupon by hys Godmoder. After certeyn Ceremony, whan the Goospel was doon, *Veni Creator Spiritus* was begon, and solempnely songen by the Kings Chapell with Orgons, and *Te Deum* also. During whiche Season th Erle of Oxynforde toke the Prince in his right Arme, and the Bishop of Excester confermed hym; and the Bishop of Saresbury knytt the Bande of Lynene about his Nek. Then the Marquisse of Dorcer, th Erle of Lyncolln, and the Lorde Strannge, served Quene Elizabeth of Towel and Water, and Sir Roger Coton, and Maister West, servede the other Gosseps. Byseide the faide High Auter was ordeyned a Travers for the Prince, where Quene Elizabeth gave a riche Cuppe of Golde coverede, whiche was borne by Sir Davy Owen. Th' Erle of Oxynforde

forde gave a Pere of gilte Bafons, with a Sayer, whiche were borne by Sir William Stone; th Erle of Derbye gave a riche Salte of Golde coverede, whiche was borne by Sir Raynolde Bray: And the Lorde Maltravers gave a Cofer of Golde, whiche was borne by Sir Charles of Somersfett. From thens they proceedede to Seynt Swythens Shryne, and offrede, wher was another Travers. Then *Iste Confessor*, with an *Antyme of Seint Swythine*, was fongen, and Spices and Ipocras, with other swete Wynys, great Pleyntyte, Whiche doone, the Prince retournede, and was borne Home by my Ladye Cecill, accompanied as byfore, faving the Salt, the Bafons, and the Taper, and all the Torches brennyng. In the Entering of the Norferye wer the Kings Trumpets and Mynstrells pleyng on ther Instruments, and then was he borne to the King and the Quene, and had the Blessinge of Almyghty God, our Lady, and Seint George, and of his Fader and Moder. In the Chirche Yerde wer sett ij Pipes of Wyne, that every Man myght drynke ynow. Memorandum, that the Bishop wesshed at the Font with coverede Bafons.

AFTER that the Quene was purified and hole of an Agu that she had, the King and the Quene, my Lady the Kings Moder, and al the Court, remeved to Grenewiche, and ther they kepte the solempne Fest of Al Halowes, greatly accompanied with Estats and noble People as folowing. Furst, the Marquis of Dorcet, th' Erle of Lyncolln, th' Erle of Oxinforde, th' Erle of Derbye, th' Erle of Notingham, the Viscount Lisley, the Lorde Maltravers, the Lorde Strannge, the Lorde Dodeley, and many more great Lordes, Knyghts, and Esquiers, in great Number. That Day the King went in a Goune of Clothe of Golde furred, and in no Robes of Estate. Also the King gave his Larges to his Officers of Armes as accustomed, and they did ther Devoir therfor. Likewise the King kept his Cristemas at the same Place aforfaide, howbeit he was not accompanied with Lords, as he was at *Halballutyde*. The King kept ther non Astate in the Halle, but his Grace gave to his Officers of Armes on the 3 Dayes, as of olde he and other Kings have accustomed. And on New Yeres Day Thomas Lovell delyverde the King Larges in Boke; but that and al other Lordes and Ladies Gefts ben in our Register, as the Rewards of my Lady the Kings Moder, the Marquis of Dorcett, th' Erle of Derbye, &c. After Cristemas the mooste Reverende Fader in God the Lorde John Morten aforefaide was on a Sondag, the Day of Janyver, intronysed at Canterbury, greatly accom-

accompanied with Lords both Espirituels and Temporals, as it aperethe more at large in a Book made of the same Feste. As I understande, he by hys Journay towards his Inthronyzation, after his Licence of the King at Lambeth, and gretely accompanied, roode furst to Croydon, and from thens to Knowle, from thens to Maydeston, from thens to Charing, and from thens to Chartham, wher he lay the Saturday at Nyght; and on the Soneday, when he entrede Canntrbury, al the Belles of the Citie were rong; and he alight and went on his Fete. At the great Gate (Fourthe within) met hym the Proceffyon of Christe Chirche, and senfede hym. And whan he was entrede a litil within the West Door, ther was ordeynede a Stole with a riche Clothe of Silke, and Coushyns, wher he knelede a Tracte of While or Tyme, and lete falle many a Tere of his Yene; and after proceded to the High Auter. Then *Te Deum* was songe, and he and al the Prelats did on theym riche Coopes, and with Proceffion went and recountred the Pall sent from our Holy Fader the Pope, whiche was borne by the Bishop of Rochester. Then they retourned byfore the High Auter, wher the Bishop of Worcester red and declared the Popes Bulles, and made a great Proposition of the same, shewing the Vertue and the Betokenyng of the Pall. Whiche so delyvered to the saide Lorde of Canterbury, he sat in a Cheire, and all the Prelats that wer ther kyfte the saide Relique or Palle, and after, the Cheeke of the saide Archebishop. And in likewyse after them al the religiouse People of that House. This doon th Archebishop and al other Prelats went into the Vestery. The Bishop of Ely was Deken, and rede the Gospel. The Bishop of Rochester bar the Crosse, and redde th Epistell. The Bishop of Saresbury was Chanter, and beganne the Office of the Masse. As for al the Solempnytie of that Masse, and in that Feste, it is written in the other Boke, wherfor I passe over her. But it was the best orderde and served Feste that ever I sawe, or that myght be comparede to. And the Kings Servaunts and Officers of Armes that wer ther, on the Morne when they toke ther Leve were wele and worshipfully rewardede. Also ther was the Marquis of Dorcet, with 8 or 9 other Barons, besids Knyghts and Esquiers, whiche were in marvelous great Nomber, and al in his Lyverey of *Mustredevelles* ^a. And after Candell Masse, the King being at Shene, had a great Counsell of his Lords both Spirituels and Temporels. At whiche Tyme ther was

^a Sic Orig.

a great Ambassad of Fraunce. And at that Counseill was th Erle of Lyncolln, whiche incontynently after the saide Counseil departede the Land, and went into Flaunders to the Lorde Lovell, and accompanied hymself with the Kings Rebels and Enemyes, noysing in that Countrey, that th Erle of Warwik shulde be in Irelande, whiche himselfe knew, and daily spake with him at Shene afor his Departing. And in the Begynnyng of Lent, after his Arryvng in thos Parties, ther they dayly preparede them to the See; and in Conclusion so departed into Ireland, al thorough the narrow See. The King departede the 2d Weke of Lente, and roode into Essex, and so into Suffolke to Bery, and from thens kept his Ester at Norwiche in the Bissshops Paloys, and al the dyvyne Servyce was al that Season doon ther by the moost Reverende Fader in God the Archebissshop of Canterbury. On the Thursday the King did his Halmes, and the Observaunce of the Maundy, in the Hall of the Paloys. Also ther wer with the King at that Fest, the Reverende Fader in God the Lorde Fox Bisshop of Excester. Item, the Duc of Suffolke, th Erle of Oxynford, th Erle of Derbye, the Lorde Fitzwater, Stewarde of the Kings Howse, Sir Robert Willoughby, and a great Number of Knyghts and Esquiers, and in Substance al the Nobles of that Parties, for in that Tyme they had dayly Tydings of the preparing of his Rebelles and Enemyes, whiche then wer in Selande and Flawndres to the Seewarde, and (as was reportede) to lande in this Realme, in what Parte it was no certeynte. Wherfor the King, on the Monday in Ester Weke, rode to Walsingham, and ther with good Devotion did his Offering. And from thens fourth towards the Middes of his Realme, that is to say to Coventrye, whether dayly his true Servaunts and Subjects drewe towards his Grace, and rode by Cambrige, Huntyn-don, and Northampton; and on Seint Georges even came to Coventrye, wher he kept his Fest of Seint George. Ther th Archebissshop of Canterbury, the Bisshop of Wynchester, the Bisshop of Ely, the Bisshop of Lincoln, the Bisshop of Worcester, the Bisshop of Excester, and the Priour of Coventrye, al in Pontificalibus, radde and declarede the Popes Bulls, touching the Kings and the Quenes Right; and ther in the Quere, in the Bissshops Secte, by the Auctoritie of the same Bulls, cursed with Boke, Bell, and Candle, al thos that dyd any Thyng contrary to ther Right, and approving ther Tytles good. That Yere the King ordeyned the Duc of Suffolke to bee his Depute at Wyndesore, for the Fest there, whiche was accompanied with the Lorde Maltravers, the Lorde Dodely, and other. And when the

King had very Worde that his Enemyes and Rebelles wer landed in Irelande, the great Party of the Nobles of the South Parties, to ther great and importunat Charge, wer whith his Grace at his Citie of Coventrye lycensed dyvers of theym to goe to ther Countreyes, and prepare theymsilf, that they myght upon a Day sygned retorne unto his Grace for Aide and Strengeth of theymsilf, and of the hole Realme. And some Nobles wolde not departe from his Grace, but sent Parte of ther People into ther Countries for ther Releve, upon Warnyng as above is saide. Then the King hymself roode to Kenelworth to the Queen, and to my Lady the Kings Moder, whether within a shorte Whyle after came Tydyngs that his Enemyes were londede in the North Parties, besidesse Furnesse Felles. Incontynent the King assemblede his Counseill for the ordering of his Hooft, and the noble and coraygious Knyght th Erle of Oxenforde desired and besought the King to have the Conduyt of the Foward, whiche the King grauntede, and accompanied hym with many great coragious and lusty Knyghts; that is to say, th Erle of Shrewesbury, the Vicount Lisley, the Lorde Gray Rythyn, the Lorde Gray, the Lorde Hastings, the Lorde Ferres of Charteley, with great Number of other Baneretts, Bachelers, and Esquiers. The Lorde Powis, Sir Edward Wydwyle, whos Sole God pardon, Sir Charles of Somersett, Sir Richard Hant, with many other Galants of the Kings Howse wer the For Ryders, and also the Wyng of the Right Hand of the Fowarde; and Sir Richard Pole and others of the Lefte Hande. And when the King had thus preparat and ordeynede his Fowarde, he ordeynede by his Proclamations, for goode Rule of his Hooft, by the Advise of the Reverende Fader in God the Archebishop of Canterbury, the Bysshop of Wynchester, the Bishop of Excester, and of al other Temporall Lordes ther present, and of other his Councillers in Maner as en-fueth. The King our Souveraigne Lorde straytly charge and comaunde, that no Maner of Man, of whatsoever State, Degre, or Condition he bee, robe ne spoyle any Chyrche, ne take oute of the same any Ornament theron belonging, nor touche, ne sett Hande on the *Pixe* wherin the Blessed Sacrament is conteynede; nor yet robbe ne spoyle any Maner Man or Woman, upon Peyne of Deth. Also, that no Maner of Persones ne Persones, whatsoever they bee, make no Quarell to any Man, nor seafe, nor vex, ne troble any Man, by Body or Goodes, for any Offense, or by Color of any Offence hertofor doon or comyttede agenst the Roial Majestie of the King our saide Souveraigne Lorde, withoute his Auctoritie and especial Comaundement geven unto hym or theym

theym that so doon in that Behalfe, upon Peyne of Deth. Also, that no Maner of Persones ne Persones, whatsoever they bee, ravishe no religios Woman, nor Mannes Wiff, Doughter, Maydene, ne no Mannes ne Womans Servaunt, or take ne presume to take any Maner of Vytayll, Horsemet, nor Mannes Mete, withoute paying therfor the reasonable Pryce therof assifede by the Clerke of the Market, or other the Kings Officers therfor ordeynede, upon Peyne of Deth. Also, that no Maner of Persones ne Persones, whatsoever they bee, take uppon theym to logge theymsilfs, nor take no Maner of Logging ne Harbygage, but suche as shal be assignede unto hym or theym by the Kings Herbygeours, nor disloge no Man, nor chaunge no Logging after that he be assignede, without Advyse and Assent of the said Harbygeours, uppon Peine of Imprisonment, and to be punyshede at the Wille of our saide Souveraigne Lorde. Also, that no Maner of Man, whatsoever he bee, make no Quarell with any other Man, whatsoever he bee, for no Maner of Cause, olde ne newe; ne make no Maner of Fray within the Hoofte, ne withoute, upon Peyne of Imprisonment, and to bee punyshede according to ther Trespas and Defautes. And if ther happen any suche Quarell of Affray to be made by any evyll-disposede Personnes, that then no Maner of Man, for any Acquentaunce or Feliship that they bee of, take noo Parte with no suche Mysdooers in any suche Affrayes or Quarells, upon Peyne of Imprisonment, and to be punyshed at the Kings Wille. But that every Man endeavor hymself to take al suche Mysdooers, and brynge theym to the Marshalls Warde, to be punyshed according to ther Desertes. Also, that no Maner of Personne, whatsoever he bee, hurte, troble, bete, ne lette no Maner of Personne, Man, Woman, or Childe, bryngyng any Vitayle unto the Kings Hoofte, upon Payne of Imprisonment, and his Bodye to bee at the King's Wille. And over this, that every Man being of the Reteyne of our saide Souveraigne Lorde, at the furste Sounde or Blaste of the Trumpet to saddil hys Hors; at the 2d doo Brydell; and at the 3d be redy on Horsebake to wayte uppon his Highnesse, upon Peyne of Imprisonment. Also, that no Maner of Personne, whatsoever he bee, make no Skryes, Showtings, or Blowing of Horneffe in the Kings Hoofte, after the Wache bee sett, upon Peyne of Imprisonment, and his Bodye to be at the Kings Wille. Also, that no Vagabonde, nor other, folowe the Kings Hoste, but suche as bee reteynede, or have Maisters within the same, upon Peyne of Imprisonment, and to bee punyshede in Exemple for other; and that no coman Wooman folow the

Kings Hooſte, upon Payne of Imprifonment, and openly to be punyſhede in Example of al other. Alſo, whanſoever it ſhall pleaſe the King our Souveraigne Lorde to comaunde any of hys Officers of Armes to charge any Thing in his Name, by hys high Comaundement, or by the Comaundement of his Counſtable or Marshall, that it be obſerved and kept upon Payne of Imprifonment, and his Body to be punyſhed at the Kings Pleaſure.

From thens the King procedede to Coventrye, wher the Biſhop of Wyncheſter toke his Leave, and went to the Quene, and the Prince and the Subſtance of his Companie waytede upon the King under the Standerde of his Neveu th Erle of Devonſhir. From Coventrie the King remeved unto Leyceſter, wherby the Comaundement of the mooſte Reverende Fader in God th Archbiſhop of Canterbury, then Chancellor of England, the Kings Proclamations were put in Execuſion. And in eſpecial voydyng comen Women, and Vagabonds, for ther wer imprifonede great Number of both. Wherfor ther was more Reſte in the Kings Hooſte, and the better Rule. And on the Morow, whiche was on the Monday, the King leſte ther the forſaide Reverende Fader in God, and roode to Loughborough; and the faide Lorde Chancellois Folks were comyttede by his Neveu Robert Morton unto the Stander of th Erle of Oxinforde in the Fowarde. And at Loughborough the Stokks and Priſonnes wer reaſonably fylled with Harlatts and Vagabonnds. And after that were but fewe in the Hooſte, unto the Tyme the Felde was doon. On Tewſday the King remeved, and lay

al Nyght in the Felde, under a Wode callede Bonley Rice. And on the Wedneſday the Kings Marſhalls and Herbigers of his Hoſte did not ſo welle ther Diligence that Way; for when the King remeved, ther was no propre Grounde ap-
 poyntede wher the Kings Hooſte ſhulde logge that Nyght hen folowing, but it was a royal and a marvelouſe faire and a wele tempered Day. And the King with his Hooſte wandrede her and ther a great Eſpace of Tyme, and ſo came to a fayre longe Hille, wher the King fett his Folks in Array of Batell, that is to ſay, a Bow and a Bill at his Bak, and al the Fowarde were wele and warely loggede under the Hille to Notynham warde. And when the King hade ſene his People in this fayr Array, he roode to a Village 3 Myles a this Side Notingham on the Highway Syde, wher in a Gentilmannes Place his Grace logede. And in that Village,

and in a Bene Felde to Notingham warde, longede al his Batell;

Batell; whiche Evening wer taken certeyn Espies whiche noysede in the Contrey, that the King had ben fledde. And fame were hangede on the Asshe at Notyngham Brygge Ende. And on the Morowe, whiche was Corpus Christi Day, after the King had harde the dyvyne Servyce in the Pariche Chirche, and the Trumpetts hadde blowne to Horse, the King not letting his Hoste to understand his Entente, rode bakewarde to see, and also welcome the Lorde Strannge, whiche brought with hym a great Hoste, I now to have beten al the Kings Enemies, only of my Lorde his Faders th' Erle of Derbye Folks, and his. And al wer fayre embaytailed, whiche unknowne turnyng to the Hooft, causede many Folks for to marvaile. Also the King's Standerde and muche Cariage folowde after the King, unto the Tyme the King was advertysede by Garter King of Armes, whom the King comaunded to turne them al ageyn, whiche so dide theym al in Bataile, on the hef heder Side of the great Hille a this Side Notyngham, unto the Tyme the King came. That Nyght the Kings Hooft lay under the Ende of al that Hille towarde Notyngham to Lenton warde, and his Fowarde byfor hym to Notynham Bruge warde. And th Erle of Derbyes Host on the Kings lifte Hand to the Medowes besides Lenton. And that Evenyng ther was a great Skrye, at wiche Skrye ther fiede many Men; but it was great Joy to see how sone the King was redye, and his true Men in Array. And from thens on the Friday the King, understanding that his Enemyes and Rebelles drew towards Newarke warde, passyng by Southwelle, and the Furside of Trente, the King with his Hoste remevede thedarwards, and logged that Nyght beside a Village callede Ratcliff, 9 Miles oute of Newarke. That Evening ther was a great Skrye, whiche causede many Cowards to flee; but th Erle of Oxinforde, and al the Nobles in the Fowarde with hym, wer sone in a good Array, and in a fayr Bataile, and so was the King, and al the very Men that ther wer. And in this

^c
Estrye I harde of no Man of Worship that fledde, but Raskells. On the Morne, whiche was Satirday, the King erly arros, and harde 2 Masses, wherof the Lorde John Fox, Bishop of Excester, sange the Ton; and the King had 5 good and true Men of the Village of Ratecliff, whiche shewde his Grace the beste Way for to conduyt his Hooft to Newark, whiche knew welle the Countrey, and shewde wher wer Marres, and wher was the River of Trent, and wher wer Vilages or Grovys for Busshements, or strayt Weyes, that the King might conduyt his Hooft the better. Of whiche Guides the
King

King gave 2 to th Erle of Oxinforde to conduyt the Fowarde, and the Remanent reteyned at his Pleasure. And so in good Order and Array, before 9 of the Clok, beside a Village called Stook, a large Myle oute of Newwarke, his Fowarde recountrede his Enemyes and Rebels, wher by the Helpe of Almighty God he hadde the Victorye: And ther was taken the Lad that his Rebels callede King Edwarde, whos Name was indede Lambert, by a Vaylent—and a gentil Esquier of the King's Howse, called Robert Bellingham. And ther was slayne th' Erle of Lincoln John, and dyvers other Gentilmen, and the Vicount Lorde Lovell put to Flight. And ther wer slayne of Englishe, Duche, and

M

Irisshemen iiij, and that Day the King made 13 Baneretts, and Lij Knyghts, whos Names ensueth.

Theis bee the Names of the Baneretts.

Sir Gilbert Talbot
Sir John Cheyny
Sir William Stow

} Theis iij
wer made
byfor the
Batell.

And after the Batell wer made the same Day

Sir John of Aronndell
Sir Thomas Cokefay
Sir John Forstin
Sir Edmund Benyngfelde
Sir James Blount
Sir Richarde Crofte
Sir Humfrey Stanley
Sir Richarde De La Ver
Sir John Mortymer
Sir William Trouthbek

The Names of the Knyghts made at the same Bataill

Sir James Audeley
Sir Edwarde Norres
Sir Robert Clifford
Sir George Opton

Sir Robert Abroughton
Sir John Paston
Sir Henry Willoughby
Sir Richard Pole
Sir Richard Fitzlewes
Sir Edwarde Abrough
Sir George Lovell
Sir John Longvile
Sir Thomas Terell
Sir Roger Bellyngam
Sir William Carew
Sir William Trouthbek
Sir Thomas Pooll
Sir William Vampage
Sir James Harrington
Syr John Devenyshe

c

Sir John Sabarotts
Sir Thomas Lovell
Sir Humfrey Savage
Sir Antony Browne
Sir Thomas Grey
Sir Nicholas Vaux
Sir William Tyrwytt
Sir Amyas Pallet
Sir Rauff Langforth
Sir Henry Bould
Sir William Redmyll
Sir Thomas Blount

Sir

Sir Robert Cheyny	Syr Mores Barkley
Sir John Wyndan	Sir John Dygby
Sir John A. Musgrove	Sir Raf Shirley
Sir George Nevell	Sir William Litolton
Sir James Parker	Sir William Norres
Syr Edwarde Darell	Syr Thomas Hanfeide
Sir Edwarde Pykerynge	Sir Christofer Wroughton
Sir Thomas of Wolton	Syr Thomas Lyn
Syr William Sandes	Sir Mofes Aborough
Syr Robert Brandon	Syr Thomas Manyngton

*The Coronation of Lady Elizabeth, King Henry VIIIth's Wife,
in the 3d Year of his Raigne.*

[From the same Manuscript.]

THE Kyng our Souveraigne Lorde, the Thirde Yere of his moost noble Reigne at Warwik, the Monethe of September last passede, determynede the Coronation of Elizabeth his der Wiff, eldeste Doughter and Heire of the famous Prince of excellent Memorye King Edwarde the iiiijth, to be solempnysede at Westminster the Day of Seynt Katheryn then next ensuing; and thereupon directed his moost honorable Letters unto the Nobles of this his Realme, to give ther due Attendaunce upon the same; and directe also other Letters unto dyvers Nobles to prepare, and arredy theymsilf to be with his Grace at London at a certeyne Day to theym appointed therto, to be made Knyghts of the Bath, and so to reseve the honorable Order of Knyghthode in worshipping the said Coronation, whoos Names be expressed in Order herafter folowing.

VI Dayes before the sayde Coronation, ther was a Comyssyon made oute of the Channcery, To the high and myghty Prynce Duc of Bedeforde, great Stuarde of Englande for that Feste; and to dyvers other Estats, like as sheweth by the Copy folowing.

HENRY, &c. Carissimo Avunculo suo Jaspari Duci Bedefordie, ac carissimis consanguiniis suis Johi: comiti Oxonie, magno camarario nostro Anglie Thome comiti Derbye, & Willmo: comiti Notingham, nec non dilectis & fidelibus suis Johi: Radecliff de Fitzwater militi, Johi: Suliardé militi, un: Justic: nostr: ad placita coram nobis tenend: & Johi: Hawes un: Justic: nostr: de communi Bancho Saltm: Sciatis quod nos de industria & circumspectione vestris plenius confidentes, assignavimus vos conjunctim & divisim ad omnia & singula que ad officium Senescalli Anglie ad coronationem preclarissime consortis nostre Elizabeth Regine Anglie pertinent hac vice habend: faciend: & exercend: & ideo vobis mandamus qd: circa premissa diligenter intendatis & ea faciatis exequamini modo & forma debitis & antiquitus usitatis. Damus autem universis & singulis quorum interest in hac parte, tenore presentium firmiter

firmiter in mandatis qd: vobis in executione officii predicti intendentes fuerint auxiliantes consulentes & obediētes in omnibus prout decet. In cuius rei, &c. Teste me ipso apud Westm: ix^o die Novembr: anno regni nri: tcio:

Whiche Duc, with other, by Force of the saide Commission, satt the said Day in the Whitehall at Westminster, and lette make a Proclamation by an Officer of Armes, that al Maner of Men, what Estats or Degre they be, that helde any Lande by Service Royal, that is to say, to do any Servyce at the Coronation of the Quene, shulde come in and schew ther Clayme. And they shulde therupon be answerede, and have that wich Right and Law requirede.

The Kings Highnesse, for the Determynation and good Accomplissement of the said Coronation by hym as above determyned, the Saturday nexte byfore the Feste of Alhalowes beganne his Journey, and both he and the Quene remeved from Warwick towards London, and in his Way at Seint Albons kepte the Fest of Alhalowes. On Alsoules Day the Morne after, when he had harde dyvyne Service and dynede, his Grace remevede from thens to Barnet, and ther lay al Nyght. And on the Morne, as he was comyng to-

wards London, in Harnesses Park, the Mayre, Shryffs, and Aldremen, and dyvers Comens of London therto chofen oute of every Craft, met his Grace al on Horsbak ful wele and honorably besene in on Liverey, to attend upon his Highnesse, wher Sir William Horne, Maire, was dubbed Knyght, and bytwene Iseldon and London Sir John Percyvale was also dubbed Knight. Agenste the Comyng of the King into his Citie of London, al the Streys that his Grace shulde ride thorough with his Roiall Company, were clenfede, and of both Sids the Strete the Citizens of every Crafte that roode not, wer sett in Row, every Craft in due Order in ther Lyveres wel besene, from Bishops Gate unto Powles. And so at Afternone the King, as a comely and roiall Prince, apparailled accordingly, entred into his Citie wele and honorably accompanied, as was fitting to his Estate, with many great Lordes and other clenly horsed, and richely besene, and so came riding thorough the Citie to the Weste Doore of Powles, wher his Grace alightyde. To receyve hym into the Chyrche was the Quere of Powles in ther Habites and Copes. Ther was present the Bisshop of Canterbury, and many other Bishops and Prelats of the Chyrche to geve ther Attendaunce upon his Hyghnesse. And at his

Entre into the Chirche, his Grace was senfende with the great Senfer of Powles by an Angell commyng oute of the Roof. During whiche Tyme the Quere fange a solempne Antyme, and after *Te Deum Laudamus* for Joy of his late Victory and prosperous Comyng to his faide Citie. And in his so comyng thorough the Citie, al the Howses, Windowes, and Strets as he passed by wer hogely replenyshede with People in passing great Nomber, that made great Joye and Exaltation to beholde his most Royall Persone soo prosperously and princely comyng into his Citie after his late Triumphe and Victory agenste his Enemyes; and so to beholde the faire and goodly Sight of his so comyng. The Quenes Grace and my Lady the Kings Moder, with other dyvers Ladies and great Astats in ther Company, were secretly in an Hous—besids Seint Mary Spetell withoute Bishops Gate. And when the Sight was passede theyme, they went from theyns to Grenewiche to ther Bedds. After the Kings Highnesse was thus receyvede in Powles, and had offred at Places accustomed ther, he went into the Bishops Paloyes of London, and ther restede al Nyght. And on the Morne,

in

whiche was Sunday, he went a Proceffion in Powles, and harde the Sarmonds ther.

On the Fryday next byfor Seint Katheryns Day, the Quenes good Grace royally apparelled, and accompayned with my Lady the Kyngs Moder, and many other great Estats, both Lords and Ladyes richely besene, came forwarde to the Coronation. And at ther Commyng fourth from Grenewiche by Water, ther was attendyng uppon her ther, the Maire, Shrieffs, and Aldremen of the Citie, and dyvers and many worshipfull Comeners chosene oute of every Crafte, in ther Lyveres, in Barges freshely furnysshed with Baners and Stremers of Silk richely besene—with the Armes and Bagges of ther Crafts, and in especiall a Barge called *The Bachelers Barge*, garnysshed and apparellede, passing al other, wherin was ordeynede a great red Dragon spowting Flamys of Fyer into Temmys. Also many other gentilmanly Pajants wele and curiously devysed to do her Highnesse Sport and Pleasure with, Her Grace thus roially apparellede, and accompanied; and also furnysshed on every Behalf with Trumpetts, Clarions, and other Mynstrellyes apperteignyng and sitting to her Estate royall, came from Grenewyche aforfaide, and landed at Towr Warff, and so entred into the Towre, wher the Kyngs Hyghnesse welcomede her in fuche Maner and Forme as was to al th Astats and other ther being present, a very good Sight, and right joyous

joyous and comfortable to beholde. Ther the Gentilmen, called by the Kings moost honorable Letters to receyve the Order of Knyghhod, were created Knyghts of the Bath in Maner and Forme as the Picture therof made shewethe. Ther Names, with the Names of the Esquiers, Governors by the Kings Appoyntement to attende upon the Tyme of ther saide Creation, bee herafter written.

The Sone and Heir of th Erle of Devonshir	{	John Crokker		
		His Brother		
The Lord Dudley	{	Edward Blount	Edwarde Barkley	{
		Edward Bensted		{
				Wm. Wodall
				Tho. Troye
William Gasixyne	{	Thomas Totoft	Wm. Lucy	{
		Jamys Flemmyng		{
				W. Trevrye
				John Bell
Tho. Butteler	{	Tho. Laurence	Tho. Hungreforde	{
		John Langferth		{
				Rob. Knowles
				. . . Karleton
Guido Wolstan	{	Andeby		
		Alexander Oxton		
Ric. Penvery	{	John Foreson		
		William Watesley		
John Shelton	{	John Wharff		
		Pyers Brent		
Hugh Loterell	{	The Serjeaunt Porter		
		Tho. Penyngton		
Tho. Pultney	{	Will. Trussell		
		Henry Lisley		
Hugh Conwey	{		
		Otowell Butteler		
Nicholas Lisley	{	William Burges		
		Robert Gethyn		

The Satirday next byfor the Day of the Quenes Coronation, her Grace being at the Tower of London, after Dynere was rially appareld, having about her a Kyrtil of whithe Cloth of Golde of Damaske, and a Mantell of the same Suete furrede with Ermyns, fastened byfor her Brest with a great Lase curiously wrought of Golde and Silk, and riche Knoppes of Golde at the Ende tafelled. Her faire yelow

Hair hanging downe pleyne byhynd her Bak, with a Calle of Pipes over it. She had a Serkelet of Golde richely garnyshted with precious Stonys uppon her Hede; and so empareled departed from her Chamber of Aftate unto her Litter, my Lady Cecille her Sister beryng her Trayne, and many great Aftats, both Lordes and Ladies, with other Nobles in great Number, gevyng also ther Attendaunce uppon her Highnes. When she was dressed in her saide Litter, the tymbre Worke therof coverde with Cloth of Golde of Damaske, and large Pelowes of Downe covered with lik Clothe of Golde, laide aboute her moost Roiall Person to susteyne the same, her Grace so proceded from the Towre through the Citie of London to Westminster. At the Strets ther wiche she shulde passe by, wer clenly dressed and besene with Clothes of Tappestrye and Arras. And some Strets, as Cheepe, hangged with riche Clothes of golde Velvetts and Silks. Along the Strets, from the Tower to Powles, stode in Order al the Crafts of London in ther Liveryes. Also ther was a marvelous Sight of People, some in Howses and Wyndowes, and other in Strets, to beholde the Sight of the Quenes passing thorowgh in her Royall Apparell, accompanied and orderde as hereafter is shewde. In dyvers Parts of the Citie were ordeynede vele singing Childerne. Some arrayde like Angells, and others like Vyr-gyns, to singe swete Songes as her Grace passed by. Ther rode next byfor the Lytter, the Right High and Myghty Pfince the Duc of Bedeforde, Great Stuarde of England for the Tyme being of this Fest, and th Erle of Oxinforde Great Chamberlayn; and byfor theym th Erle of Derby, Lorde Stanley Constable of Englande, and th Erle of Nottingham Marshall of Englande. Next byfor theym was Garter King. The Maire of London and the ij Esquiers of Honor, that is to say, Nicholas Gaynysforde and Verney, welle horsede in Gownes of Cremesyne Velvet, having Mantells of Ermyne, roode next byfor theym with ij Latkies, *Bawdricks wife*, and on ther Hedes Hatts of rede Clothe of Golde Ermys, the Bekes forward. Byfor theym roode the Duc of Suffolk, and other great Aftats, having byfor theym Kynges of Armes, Heralds and Pourfuivaunts, whiche roode next byhynde the newe made Knyghts of the Bathe, riding in a Suett, in ther blewe Bachelor Gownes, in Order after ther Baynners. Next byfor the newe made Knyghts roode al oother Baneretts, Knyghts, and Esquiers, vele horsede, and richely besene, and some of theym on marvellous dooing Horses. On every Side, to make the Way
for

for the Presse of People, wer th Officers of the Marshall, many in Nomber, al in rede Gownes of a Liverye, with tippede Staves in ther Handes, who went on Foote. Over the Quenes Grace sitting in the Litter was borned *Cele* a Canapye, or a Pallé of Clothe of Golde, with Valaunes of the same, richely fringed, upon iiij gilte Stavys, always susteyned by iiij Knyghts of the Body, wherunto were assigned XII suche Knyghts, every to ease other by the Way, in Forme and Place as ensue:he.

Syr Richarde Pole Sir Edwarde Burgh Sir John Saynlowe Sir James Parkar	} Assignede to bere the Canapie from the Tower to the Begynnyng of Mark Lane.
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Sir Edwarde Ponynges Sir Antony Browne Sir William Stover Sir Robert Clifford	} From the Begynnyng of Mark Lane unto th'End thereof.
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Sir Davyd Owen Sir James Blont Sir Ric. Hault Sir Nicholas Vaux	} To bere from Mark Lane to Grashe Chirche.
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The forsaide Sir Richard Pole, with his iij Felowes, to ber agene the faide Canapie from Grashe Chirche to Seint Peters in Cornylle.

The forsaide Sir Edwarde Ponyngs, and his Feliship, from Seint Peters in Cornhill to the Standerde in the same.

The forsaide Sir David Owen, and his Felyship, from the Standerd in Cornhill to the Stokks.

And then the forsaide Sir Richard Pole, &c. to ber from the Stokks to the Great Coundite in Cheepe.

Sir Edward Ponyngs, &c. from the Great Coundit in Cheep to the Standerde in Cheepe.

Sir David Owen, &c. from the Standerde in Cheepe to the Coundit in the same.

Sir Ric. Pole, &c. from thens to Powelles Chirche Yerde.

Sir Edwarde Ponyngs, &c. from thens to Ludgate.

Sir David Owen, &c. from thens to the Coundit in Flete Stret.

And then Sir Richarde Poole, &c. from thens to Temple Barre.

Sir Edwarde Ponyngs, &c. from thens to the Stronde Crosse.

Sir

Sir David Owen, &c. from thens to the Bishop of Chesters Place.

Sir Ric. Poole, &c. from thens to Charing Crosse.

Sir Edward Poyngs, &c. from thens to the Mewes.

Sir David Owen, &c. from thens to Westminster.

Next following the Litter, byfore the Henchemen, was led by Sir Roger Cooton Knyght, Maister of the Quenes Horse, the Horse of Astate sadelde with a Womany's Sadell of rede Clothe of Golde Tissue, whiche after the Opynyon of dyvers Herauldes shulde have folowed next after the Henxmen. Then vi Henxmen riding in Sadells of the Sute of the Sadell of Astate, upon faire white Palfereys harnished with Clothe of Golde, garnysshed with white Roses, and Sonnes richely embroderde. Next theym folowed ij Chares coverde with riche Cloth of Gold, welle and clenly horsede. In the furst Chare satt my Lady of Bedeforde, and my Lady Cecill. In the ijde Chare satt the Duches of Suffolk, the Duches of Norfolck, and the Countes of Oxinforde. Then folowed vi Baronesse, the Lady Straunge, Lady Gray, Lady Lawar, Lady Ferres of Chartley, Lady Dudley, Lady Powes, uppon faire Palfereys in Gownes of Cremesyn Velvett, al in a Sute. Ther Horse Harnesse and the Sadells of the same Sute that the Henxmen's Horses wer of. After theym came ij other Chares richely coverede, and wele horsede, with the Remenaunt of the Quenes Ladies and Gentilwomen. After those Chares, the Gentilwomen of my Lady Bedford in a Sute, and next theym the Gentilwomen of my Lady Cecill in another Sute. And so folowing iche other, the Gentilwomen of every Astate that wayted upon the Quene came riding upon goodly Palferees wele and richely besene, with great Bedds and Cheynes of Golde aboute ther Neks in marveolous great Number. The Quene thus riolly commyng to Westminster had her Voyde, &c.

On the Morne, the Day of the Coronation, she was appareld in a Kirtill and a Mantell of Purple Velvett furred with Ermyns, with a Lace afor the Mantell. On her Hair, a Serkelett of Golde richely garnysshede with Perle and precious Stonys. And so apparelled, my Lady Cecill bering her Trayne, she remevede furthe of Westminster Hall, and ther stode under a Cloth of Astate unto the Tyme the Proceffion was orderde, from the whiche Place to the Pulpit in Westminster Chirche she wentt upon new Ray Clothe. At the Day from thens forth, the Bande of the v Ports bare the Canapie according to ther Privileges. And the Order of the Proceffion was as esueth.

Furst,

Furft, Efquiers proceded, and Knyghts folowed them. After theym went the new made Knyghts wele befene in dyvers Silks, every Man as hym beft likede after his Degre. After theym the Barons, and other Eftats in Order as they wer, the Heraldes on every Side the Proceffion, and Sergeants of Armes to make Rome. Then folowed Abbotts, and next theym Bifhops in Pontificalibus, to the Number of xv Bifhops, befide Abbotts, wherof the Bifhop of bare Seint Edwards Chales, the Bifhop of Norwiche bare the Patent, byfor whiche Prelats went the Monks of Westminster al in Albes, and the Kings Chapell folowing theym. Next to the Quene went al the other Bifhops, except the Bifhop of Wynchefter, and the Bifhop of Ely, whiche went on ether Hande the Quene under the Canapie to fufteyne her Grace. Then went th Archebifhop of Yorke. After him was Garter King of Armes; the Maire of London next byfor the Counstable and Marshall as befor reherfede. Next unto theym th Erle of Aronndell bering the Virge of Iverye, with a Dove in the Tople. After hym the Duc of Suffolke bering the Septre. Then th Erle of Oxinforde Great Chamberlayn, in his Parliament Roobees, having in his Hand the Staff of his Office. Then the Duc of Bedforde bar hedede in his Roobees of Aftate bering a riche Corowne of Golde. Then folowed the Quene apparelde as is afor reherfede; and next her my Lady Cecill, whiche bar her Trayne. Next her folowd the Ducheffe of Bedeforde, and another Ducheffe and Comteffe apparelled in Mantells and Sircoots of Scarlet, furred and powderde, the Ducheffes having on ther Heds Coronatts of Golde richely garnysfhed with Perle and precious Stones, and the Comteffe on her Hed Serkeletts of Golde in like wife garnysfhed, as dooth apper in the Bok of Picture therof made. But the more Pitie ther was fo Hoge a People inordynatly presing to cut the Ray Cloth, that the Quenes Grace gede upon, fo that in the Prefence certeyne Perfones wer flayne, and the Order of the Ladies folowing the Quene was broken and diftrobled.

The Quenes Grace thus comyng forth, when fhe came to the Entre of the West Dore of the Chirche of Westminster, ther was faide by the this Orifon, *Omnipotens femperterne Deus, &c.* That doon fhe procedede thorough the Quer unto the Pulpit, wherin was a Sege Royall dressed with Cloth of Golde, and Cusfhins accordingly. Th Archebifhop of Canterbury ther being present, and revefted as apperteyneth to the Celebration of the Maffe, receyved the Quene comyng from her Royall Sege with the Lordes bering
her

her Crowne, Septer, and Rodde, and the Bishops susteynyng

her as is abovefaide. The Grecis byfor the High Auter^s wer honorably dressed and arrayed with Carpetts and Cushions of Astate, wherupon the Quene lay prostrate afor the Archebishop, whiles he seide over her this Orison, *Deus qui solus habes, &c.* That doon she aros and kneled, and my Lady toke her Kerchef from her Hede, and th Archebysshop.opend her Brest, and anoynted her ij Tymes. Furst, in the former Parte of her Hede, and secondly, in her Breste afor, sayng thies Wordes, *In nomine Patris & Filii, &c. proficit tibi hec unctio,* with this Orison, *Omnipotens sempiterne Deus.* That doon the said Lady closed her Brest, and folowingly the faide Archebishop blessed her Ring, seing this Orison, *Creator,* and cast holy Water upon it. Then he put this same Ring on the iij Finger of the Quenes right Hande, saing theyes Wordes, *Accipe annulum,* and then he said, *Dominus vobiscum,* with this Collect, *Deus cuius, &c.* Then after the said Archebishop had blessed the Quenes Corone, seing, *Oremus Deus tuorum,* he sett the Crowne uppon her Hede, wherupon was a Coyff put by my seid Lady for the Conservacion of the holy Uncion, whiche is afterwarde to be delyverede unto the faide Archebishop, seing theyes Wordes, *Officium nostrum, &c.* Then he delyverede unto the Quene a Septer in her right Hande, and a Rodde in her left Hande, saing this Orison, *Omnipotens Domine.* The Quene thus crowned, was lede by the abovefaide Bishops up into the Sege of her Estate, al the Ladies folowing her. Whiles the Offratory was in playing at Organs, she was ledde crowned, from her Sege Roiall by the faide ij Bishops unto the High Auter, her Septer and Rodde of Golde borne byfor her as is aforfaide. Then th Archebishop turned his Face to the Quer warde, and after this the Quene was, as byfor, brought up ageyn to her Sege Royall of Astate, wher she satt stille, until *Agnus Dei* was begone, and after *Per omnia secula seculorum,* he turned hym to the Quene, blessing her with this Orison, *Omnipotens Deus carissime, &c.* wherunto the Quene answerde, *Amen.* In the Tyme of singing of *Agnus Dei,* the *Pax* was brought to the Quene by the Bishop of Worcester, whiche brought, when the Quene had kissed it, she descendid and came to the High Auter, and had a Towell holden byfor her by ij Bishops. And ther she lowly inclynyng herself to the Grounde, seide her *Confiteor,* the Prelats seing *Misereatur,* and th'Archebishop the Abfolucion, and then the Quene sumwhat areysyng herself, receyved the Blessed Sacrament. Thies Things reverently

rently accomplishe, the Quene returned to her Sette Roiall, and ther abode til the Masse was ended. The Masse doon, her Grace, accompanied with Prelats and Nobles, descended from her Sege Roiall of Astate, and went to the High Auter, and then the saide Archebisshop arrayde in Pontificalibus, as he saide Masse, with all the Mynisters of the Auter byfore hym, went byfor the Auter of the Shryne of Seint Edwarde the King, and after hym folowed al other Prelats and Lordes. Then the Quenes Grace comyng byfor the saide Auter of the Shryne, the saide Archebisshop toke the Crowne from her Hede, and sett upon the same Auter.

In the forsaide Chirche, on the right Side betwixt the Pulpit and the High Auter, was ordeyned a goodlye Stage coverede and well befene with Clothes of Arras, and wele latyzede, wherin was the Kings Grace, my Lady his Moder, and a goodly Sight of Ladies and Gentilwomen attending upon her, as my Lady Margaret Pole, Doughter to the Duc of Claraunce, and many other. When the dyvyne Service was thus solemply ended and al doon, the Retourne of the Quene to her Paloy, with all her goodly and royal Company, was after the Maner as ensueth.

Furst, Esquiers and Knyghts, then the Barons of the Exchequer, the Jugges and Officers of Armes. Then al th Abbotts and Bisshops in their Coppis or Robes of Parliament, al on the right Side. The Barons in ther Roobes, and th Erles in ther Roobes of Astate, savyng the Great Chamberlayn whiche was in his Parliament Roobes, wer al on the lefte Side. After theym went next the Prefence, the Duks and Garter, with the Maire of London, next byfor the Constable and Marshall. When the Quene was come into the Hall, she went thens unto the White Hall, and so to her Chambre. In the meane tyme the high and myghty Prince Duc of Bedeforde, in a Gowne of Clothe of Golde richely furrede, mounted on a goodly Courser richely trapped with a Trapper embroderde with red Roses, a Border of Golde Smythes Werk encompasshede with rede Dragons, a longe white Rodde in his Hande, a riche Cheyne aboute his Nek. Th' Erle of Derbye, Ro. Lorde Standely Constable of England also in a riche Gowne furred with Sables, a marveolous riche Cheyne of Golde many Fowlds aboute his Neke, mounted also his Courser richely trapped, and enarmed, that is to say, Quarterly Golde, in the furst Quarter a Lyon Gowls, having a Mannes Hede in a Bycokett of Silver, and in the ijde a Lyon of Sable. This Trapper was right

curiously wrought with the Nedell, for the Mannes Visage in the Bicokett shewde veryly wel favorede, and he had his Staff of Office in his Hande. Also th Erle of Notingham roode also on another Courser richely trapped in a Trapper of Cloth of Golde bordered with and his gilte Staff of his Office in his Hand. Thus theys iij great Estats roode aboute the Hall. In especiall th Erle Marshall had great Plenty of his Servaunts with tipped Staves to voyde the People, for the Preyse was so great. After that the Quene was returned, and had washede, th Archebishops of Canterbury saide Grace. Then Dame Katheryn Gray and Maistres Ditton wente undre the Table, wher the satt on ether Side the Quenes Fete al the Dyner Time. Th Archebishop of Canterbury satt at the Tables Ende on the right Hande. The Duches of Bedeforde, and my Lady Cecill the Quenes Sister, satt at the other Ende on the liste Hande. The Countesse of Oxinforde and the Countesse of Ryvers knelede on ether Side the Quene, and at certeyne Tymys helde a Kerchief byfor her Grace. At the Ende of the Hall on high byfor the Wyndow, ther was made a Stage for the Trumpetts and Mynstrells, whiche when the furste Course was sett forwarde, bygan to blowe. The Sergeaunts of Armes byfor theym, the Controller and Tresorer, and then the iij Estats on Horsbak afor reherfede. The Lorde Fitzwater, Sewer, in his Surcot, with Tabarde Sleves, a Hode about his Nek, and his Towell above all, servede the the Messes as ensueth, al borne by Knyghts,

Furft, a Warner byfor the	Kid reversed.
Course.	Perche in Jeloy depte.
Sheldes of Brawne in Armor.	Conys of high Grece.
Frumetye with Veneson,	Moten Roiall richely gar-
Bruet riche.	nysshed.
Hart powderd graunt Chars.	Valance baked.
Fesaut intramde Royall.	Custarde Royall.
Swan with Chawdron.	Tarte Poleyn.
Capons of high Goe.	Leyse Damask.
Lampervey in Galantine.	Fruitt Synoper.
Crane with Cretney.	Fruitt Formage.
Pik in Latymer Sawce.	A Soteltie, with Writing of
Heronufew with his Sique,	Balads, whiche as yet I
Carpe in Foile.	have not.

And in like Forme as many Dishes also coverde was servede to the Archebishop of Canterbury, savyng they were bore by

by Esquyers, or shulde have ben, and in Substanc wer. Also at the Table on the right Hande of the Hall next to the Walle beganne the Barons of the v Portes, and byneith theym the Benchers of the Channcery.

At the Table next the Walle on the lefte Hande next the Cupborde satt the Mare of London and his Brethern, and byneith theym satt other Marchaunts and Citezins.

At the Table on the right Side the Hall in the Myddes satt the Bishops and Abbotts al on eon Side, and on the other Side sat the Lordes Temperall; and byneith theym the Jugges, Barons of the Eschequer, Knyghts, and great Number of noble People. At the Table on the lifte Side satt the Duchesses, Countesses, Baronesses, Baneretts Wiffs, and Bachelers Wyffs, and other noble Gentilwomen, al on

oon Side, to the Number ^{xx} ner Hand of *iiij*. Also ther was made a goodly Stage oute of a Wyndow on the lift Side of the Hall, richely besene with Clothes of Arras, and wele latysede for the King, and the high and myghty Princeesse his Moder, that they might prively at ther Pleasur see that noble Feste and Service. At the right Ende of the Table ther was ordeyned a Stage for Kings of Armes, Heroulds and Purfuivaunts, whiche Kings of Armes stode corownede, and behelde the noble Service the wile that they cowde, having dyvers Straungers with theym. And when the Hall was honorably servede thorow, the Trumpetts blew to the *ijde* Course, whiche was accompanyede as the furst Course.

A Warner byfor the Course.	Snytes.
Joly Ypocras.	Quayles.
Mamane with Lozengs of Golde.	Larkes ingraylede.
Pekok in Hakell.	Creves de Endence.
Bittowre.	Venesone in Paste Royall.
Fesawnte.	Quince Baked.
Browes.	Marche Payne Royall.
Egrets in Beorwetye.	A colde Bake Mete flourishede.
Cokks.	Lethe Ciprus.
Partricche.	Lethe Rube.
Sturgyn freshe Fenell.	Fruter Augeo.
Plovers.	Fruter Mouniteyne.
Rabett Sowker.	Castells of Jely in Temple wife made.
Seyle in Fenyn entierly served richely.	A Soteltie.
Red Shankks.	

When as the high Borde was fervede, than Garter King of Armes, with other Kings of Armes, Herauldes, and Purfuivaunts, did ther Obeysaunce, and at the Prefence in the Name of al the Officers gave the Quene Thankings as foloweth, feiyng, "Right high and myghty Prince, moost noble and excellent Princesse, moost Christen Quene, and al our most drad and Souveraigne liege Ladye, We the Officers of Armes, and Servaunts to al Nobles, beseche Almyghty God to thank you for the great and habundaunt Largeffe whiche your Grace hathe geven us in the Honor of your most honorable and right wise Coronation, and to send your Grace to liff in Honor and Virtue." That doon she was criede as ensueth in v Places of the Hall by the saide Garter, *Largeffes iij Tymes.* "DE LA TRES HAULT, TRES PUISSAUNT, TRES EXCELLENT PRINCESSE, LA TRES NOBLE REIGNE D'ENGLETER, ET DE FRAUNCE, ET DAME D'IRLAND, *Largeffe.*" And at every ijde Crye as ensueth, *Largeffe* as afor. "DE LA TRES HAULT, TRES PUISSAUNT, TRES EXCELLENT PRINCESSE, LA TRES CRESTIEN REIGNE DE FRAUNCE, D'ENGLETER, ET DAME D'IRLANDE." That doon the Officers went to the Cupborde to th Erle of Aronndell, the great Botteler, and drank. Then playde divers Mynstrells bothe of the Kings and the Quenes Mynstrells, and after them the Mynstrells of other Aftats.

Then the Quene was fervede of Frute and Wafers. And then Sir John Turburvile, Knyght Marshall, drew the Surnap, and then the Torches hanging in the Hall wer lightede. And when the Quene was up and had washed, and Grace feide, she came into the Voyde. Then blew the Trumpetts, and the Maire of London, Sir William Horne, fervede the Quene of Ypocras, and after of the Spices, and toke the Coppe of Golde coverde for his Fee. And then the Quene departede with Godds Blessing, and to the Rejoyfing of many a trwe Englishe Mannes Hert.

On the Morow the King harde Masse in Seint Stephens Chapell, and the Quene, and my Lady the Kings Moder, also greatly and nobly accompanied, with Duchesses, Countesses, Vicountesses, Baroneffes, and other Ladies and Gentel-

xx

women to the Number of iij largly. The Quene kepte her Aftate in the Parlyament Chamber, and my Lady the Kings Moder satt on her right Hande, and my Lady of Bedeforde and my Lady Cecill satt at the Bordes Ende on the lefte Hande. At the Side Table in the same Chamber satt the Duchesse of Suffolk, the Duchesse of Norfolk, the Countesse
of

of Oxinforde, the Countesse of Wiltshir, the Countesse of Ryvers, the Countesse of Notingham, my Lady Margaret Pole, my Lady Stranngge, my Lady Gray, my Lady La Warre, my Lady Dudely, my Lady Mountjoy, and many other Ladies, whos Names I have in Order. As Dame Katryn Grey, Dame Katryn Vaux, Dame Elizabeth Gilforde, Dame Elizabeth Wynkfyld, and Dame Elyfabeth Longvyll. At the other Side Table satt the Lady Ferres of Chartley, my Lady Bray, and dyvers other Ladyes and Gentilwomen. And Geynfford drue the Surnap, and made the Quene the hole Astate, and my Lady the Kings Moder half Astate, and *Terffe* also. And after Dyners the Quene and the Ladyes dawnfede, and on the Morne she remeved to Grenewiche for the great Befynesse of the Parlyament, ells the Fests had dured lenger. Amen.

Thies bee the Names of the Astats, Lordes, Ladyes, and Knights, that wer at the Coronation of Quene Elizabeth, eldest Dowghter of the full noble Memory of King Edward the iijth.

Th Archebishop of Canterbury, then Chancellor of England	Th Abbot of Glowcester
Th Archebishop of Yorke	Th Abbot of Peterborough
The Bishop of Wynchester	Th Abbot of Cisteter
The Bishop of London	Th Abbot of Colchester
The Bishop of Norwiche	Th Abbot of Malmesbury
The Bishop of Chichester	Th Abbot of Wynchcombe
The Bishop of Ely	Th Abbot of Selby
The Bishop of Rochester	Th Abbot of Evesham
The Bishop of Seyntcas	Th Abbot of Waltham
The Bishop of Harforde	Th Abbot of Holme, or of Seint Benet
The Bishop of Lyncoln	Th Abbot of Thorney
The Bishop of Worcester	Th Abbot of Barmesey was mytred, though he wer no
The Bishop of Seynt Davys	Lorde of the Parliament
The Bishop of Saresbury	
The Bishop of Landaff	Lordes Temperell.

Th Abbotts.

Th Abbot of Westminster	The Duc of Bedeforde
Th Abbot of Seint Austeyns of Canterbury	The Duc of Suffolk
Th Abbot of Abenden	Th Erle of Aronndell
Th Abbot of Seynt Albens	Th Erle of Oxinforde
Th Abbot of Reding	Th Erle of Northumbreland
	Th Erle of Shrewesbury
	Th Erle of Essex
	Th Erle of Wiltshyre

Th

Th Erle of Ryvers	The Duchesse of Norfolk
Th Erle of Huntyngdon	The Countesse of Oxinforde
Th Erle of Derby	The Countesse of Wiltshire
Th Erle of Notingham	The Countesse of Ryvers
Th Erle of Devonshir	The Countesse of Notingham
Th Erle of Urmonde	
The Lorde Edmonde of Suffolk	The Names of the Baronesses.
The Vicounte Wellys	The Lady Strannge
The Vicounte Lisley	The Lady Grey
The Lorde Strange	The Lady La Warre
Th Erle of Devonshyre Sone and Heire	The Lady Audeley
The Lorde Gray	The Lady Hastyngs
The Lorde Burgaveny	The Lady Ferres
The Lorde Dudeley	The Lady Mountjoy
The Lorde La Warre	
The Lorde Audeley	And at that Tyme the Substance of al th Erles of the Realme wer Wedowers or Bachelers, that is to say,
The Lorde Fitzwater	
The Lorde Powes	
The Lorde Hastings	
The Lorde Dynham, Treasurer	Th Erle of Aronndell, Wedower
The Lorde Dawbeney	Th Erle of Notingham, Wedower
The Lorde Storton	Th Erle of Westmerlande, Wedower
The Lorde Cobham	Th Erle of Essex, Bachelor
The Lorde Beauchampe of Powyk	Th Erle of Wilshire, Bachelor
The Lorde Grey of Wilton	Th Erle of Huntingdon, Wedower
The Lord Dacre of the North	Th Erle of Urmunde, Wedower
Sir William Stanley the Lorde Chamberlayne	The Viscount Lysley, Wedower
The Lorde Fitzwaren	
The Lorde Morley	
The Lorde Beauchamp of Seint Amand	
The Lorde Berners	The Names of the Baneretts.
	Sir John Cheyny
The Names of the Ladyes.	Sir Thomas ABrough
My Lady the Kings Moder	Sir Ric. Tunstall
The Duchesse of Bedeforde	Sir Thomas Montgomery
The Quenes Sifter my Lady Cecill	Syr Gilbert Talbott
The Duches of Suffolk	Sir John Aronndell
	Sir Edwarde Stanley

Sir William Stover
Syr Thomas Cokefey
Sir John Fortfue
Sir Edmonde Benyngfelde
Sir James Blount
Sir Ric. Crofte
Sir Ric. Delaber
Syr John Mortymer
Sir Walter Harbert
Sir James Terell
Sir Hugh Hastings
Sir Thomas Malyverey
Sir John Savage
Sir William Evers
Sir John Everingham
Sir James Harington
Sir John Grey of Wilton
Sir James Stranges
Sir Thomas Grey
Sir Rauff Hastings
Sir Edmonde Mountforde
Sir John Constable of Holdre-
nesse
Sir John Melton
Syr John Savell

The Names of the Knyghts
Bachelers.

Sir Robert Willoughby
Sir Cristofer Willoughby
Sir William Willoughby
Sir Henry Willoughby
Sir Ris ap Thomas
Sir John Morgen
Sir Davy Owen
Sir Charles of Somerfett
Sir Edwarde Ponyngs
Sir John Clyfforde
Sir Walter Hungerforde
Sir John Turburvyle
Sir Edwarde Aborough
Syr Hugh Perfall
Sir Ric. Egecombe
Sir Richard Clifford

Syr John Fogge
Sir William Hant
Sir Thomas Milbourne
Sir William Norres
Sir John Risley
Sir John Alwyn
Sir Robert Poyntes
Sir Roger Lukenore
Sir Henry Heydon
Sir Raynolde Braye
Sir John Verney
Sir James Audeley
Sir George Nevell
Sir Robert Clyfforde
Sir George Opton
Sir Robert of Browghton
Sir John Paston
Sir Richard Pole
Sir Ric. Fitzlowys
Syr Gregory Lovell
Sir John Longvyll
Sir Thomas Terell
Sir Roger Bellingham
Sir William Carew
Sir William Vampage
Sir John Devenyshe
Sir John Sabacots
Sir Thomas Lovell
Syr Humfrey Savage
Sir John Beron
Syr Thomas Bourfer of Led-
Sir John Bourfer
Sir Thomas Bourfer of Bar-
nesse
Syr Roger Dymmok
Sir William Tyrwitt
Sir Antony Browne
Sir John Wynkfelde
Sir Gilbert Debynham
Sir Richard Hant
Sir Thomas Grey
Sir Nicholas Vaux
Sir Henry Roofe
Sir Amyas Pawlett
Sir William Redmyll

Sir

Sir Thomas Blount	Sir William Lury
Sir Robert Cheyny	Sir Thomas Hungreforde
Sir James Parker	Sir Guydo Wolston
Sir Edwarde Derell	Syr Thomas Pomery
Sir Thomas	Sir Roger Kuyfton
Sir Morres Barkley	Sir John Norbery
Syr John Digby	Sir Tho. Vaughan ap Reg
Syr Thomas	Sir Davy William ap Morgon
Sir John Wroughton	Sir James Ratecliffs
Sir Thomas Lynne	Sir Raff Shelton
Sir Mores ABarow	Sir Hugh Loterell
Sir Thomas Barow	Sir Thomas Poulteney
Sir Ric. Sabkylde	Sir Hugh Conway
Sir Henry Ferres	Sir Nicholas Lisley
Sir John Doon	Sir William Pyrton
Sir William Sandys	Sir James Lawrence
Sir John Deveres	Sir Thomas Fitzwilliam
Syr John Seynlow	Sir Robert Walton
Sir William Brandon	Sir Ric.
Sir Thomas Cornwall	Sir Edmonde Mountforde
Sir Roger Corbett	Syr William of Hylton
Sir John Harley	Sir John Slyveld
Sir William Knevett	Sir Bartholomew de Ryvers
Sir Ric.	Syr Robert Ratecliff
Sir Henry Wentworth	Sir Henry Boulde
Sir William Sayy	Syr Wylliam Yonge
Sir Robert Medelton	Sir William, cheff Jugge
Sir John Nevell of Lyverfage	Sir Thomas Bryan
Sir Marmaduc Counstable	Sir William Hody
Sir William Malory	Syr Guy Fayrefax
Sir Robert Plomton	Syr John
Sir John Manyngam	Sir Roger Towneshende
Sir Olyver Manyngam	Sir Thomas Twhayts
Sir Robert	Sir William Horne, Maire of London
Sir James Lawrence	Sir William Fitzwilliam, Re- corder of London
Sir Randolf Pygott	Syr Hugh Bryce
Sir Roger Coton	Sir Edmond Shawe
Sir Thomas Bowles	Sir Nicholas Bilfdon
Sir Alexander Baynam	Sir Henry Collett
Sir Gervys of Clifton	Sir Thomas Browne
Sir Edmonde Cornwall	Sir William Capell
Sir Thomas Manyngton	Sir John Senkell
Sir William Gafton	Sir John Perfevall
Syr Thomas Butteler	
Syr Edwarde Barkley	

Syr William Parker
Sir Ric. Yorke

Dame Lysley

Ladyes.

Dame Gaston
Dame Katheryn Grey
Dame Katheryn Vaux
Dame Anne Wynkfelde
Dame Johanna Gilforde
Dame Elizabeth Lovell
Dame Elizabeth Brandon
Dame Elizabeth Longville
Dame Margaret Cotton
Dame . . . Blount
Dame Blount
Dame Clifford

Gentilwomen.

Maistres Fenys
Maistres Seint John
Maistres Verney
Maistres Zouche
Maistres Denton
Maistresse Geynsforde
Maistresse Crowmer
Maistresse Margery
Maistres Crofte
Maistres Breton
Maistres Scrope
Maistresse Ovedale

The Feast of Christmas, in the Third Year of Henry VII.

[From the same Manuscript.]

THE Kyng our Souveraigne Lorde, the same Yere of his noble Reigne, incontynently after the Parliament removed from Westminster unto the Maner of Grenewiche, wher he kepte his Cristemasse ful honorably as ensueth. Furst, on Cristemasse Even our saide Souveraigne Lorde the King went to the Masse of the Vygill in a riche Gowne of Purple Velwett furred with Sables, nobly accompanied with dyvers great Estats, as shal be shewde hereafter. And in like wise to Evensonge, savyng he had his Officers of Armes ly or hym. The Reverend Fader in God the Lorde John Fox did the dyvynе Servyce that Evensonge, and on the Morow also. The King sat at Dynner on Cristemasse Day in the great Chambre nexte the l. Galary, and the Quene and my Lady the Kings Moder with the Ladies in the Quenes Chamber.

On Newe Yeres Day the King, being in a riche Gowne, dynede in his Chamber, and gave to his Officers of Armes vi l. of his Largesse, wher he was cryed in his Style accustomed. Also the Quene gave to the same Officers xl s. and she was cryed in her Style. At the same time my Lady the Kyngs Moder gave xx s. and she was cryed Largesse iij Tymes. *De hault, puisfaunt, et excellent Princeesse, la mer du Roy notre Souveraigne, Countesse de Richemonde et de Derby, Largesse.* Item, the Duc of Bedeforde gave xl s. and he was cryed, *Largesse de hault et puisfaunt Prince, frere et uncle des Roys, Duc de Bedeforde, et Counte de Penbroke, Largesse.* Item, my Lady his Wiff gave xliij s. iiij d. and she was cryed, *Largesse de hault et puisfaunt Princeesse, Duchesse de Bedeforde et de Bokingham, Countesse de Penbrok, Stafford, Harford, et de Northampton, et Dame de Breknok, Largesse.* Item, the Reverende Fader in God the Lorde John Fox, Bisshop of Excester, Privy Seale, gave xx s. Item, th Erle of Aronndell gave x s. and he was cryed, *Largesse de noble et puisfaunt Seigneur le Counte d'Arroundell, et Seigneur de Maltravers.* Item, th Erle of Oxinforde gave xx s. and he was cryede, *Largesse de noble et puisfaunt le Counte d'Oxinforde, Marquis de Develyn, Vicounte Bulbik, et Seigneur de Scales, Grande Chaumbrelayn, et Admirall d'Angleter, Largesse.* Item, my Lady his Wyff xx s. and she was cryed, *Largesse de noble et puisfaunt Dame la Countesse d'Oxin.*

d'Oxinforde, Marquise de Develyn, Vicountesse de Bulbik, et Dame de Scales. Item, th Erle of Derbye gave xx s. and he was cried, *Largesse de noble et puisfaunt Seigneur le Beaufer de Roy notre Souveraigne, Counte de Derbye, Seigneur de Stanley et de Man, Counstable d'Engleter, Largesse.* Item, th Erle of Devonshire gave xlii s. iij d. and he was cried, *Largesse de noble et puisfaunt Seigneur le Count de Devonsbir, et Seigneur de Conton, Largesse.* Item, my Lorde Wells gave for him and my Lady his Wiff xx s. and he was cried, *Largesse de noble et puisfaunt Seigneur, Uncle de Roy notre Souveraigne, le Counte de Wellys, Largesse.* Also, *Largesse de noble Princesse la Seur, de la Reyne nostre Souveraigne Dame, et Countesse de Wellys.* Item, Sir William Stanley, the Kings Chambrelayn, gave x s. and he was cried, *Largesse de noble Seigneur le Chambrelayn de Roy notre Souveraigne, Largesse.* Item, th Erle of Urmond gave xx s. and he was cried, *Largesse de noble et puisfaunt Seigneur le Counte de Urmonde, Seigneur de Rocheforde, Chambrelayne de la Reyne notre Souveraigne Dame, Largesse.* Item, the Lorde Stranngge gave x s. Item, the Tresorowr gave vi s. viij d. and the Countroller gave a Corone, wherfor they wer cried, *Largesse des nobles Officiers le Trezouror et le Countroller de tres noble l'Ostell de Roy notre Souveraigne, Largesse.* Item the Secretary gave vi s. viij d. but he was not cried; for it is not the Custume to crye any Man of the Chirche, nor of any lower Degre than a Vicount, withoute it be the Stewarde or the Chamberlayne. All other Barons, Baneretts, Knyghts, and Esquiers, with ther Wiffs, wer wont to bee cryede in generall. Thys Cristemasse ther wer many Lords moo in the Court, some comyng and some going, whiche gave no Rewards to the Officers of Arms. And on Newres Day at Nyght ther was a goodly Disgyfyng, and also this Cristmas ther wer many and dyvers Playes.

On the xiith Even the King went to the Evensong in his Surcoot outward, with Tabert Sleves, the Cappe of Astate on his Hede, and the Hode aboute his Showlders, in Doctors wise. And that Nyght ther was no Lorde in Roobes, saving the King. That Felte Lorde John Morton, Archebishop of Canterbury, dide the dyvnye Service. And on the Morowe, at Matens Tyme, al other Astats and Barons had ther Surcots outward, with ther Hodys; and in the Procession Tyme they were all in their Roobes of Astate. The King and the Quene wer coronned. And my Lady the Kings Moder had on a riche Coronall. The Duc of Bedeforde bare the Cappe of Astate next byfor the King, and th Erle of Oxinforde, Great Chambrelayn of England, bar the

Kings Trayne. Th Erle of Derbye and th Erle of Nottingham went next byfor the Cappe of Aftate, whiche was on the right Hand a litile byfor the Swerde. Next byfor the Countable was Garter King of Armes, and on his lift Hand the Kings Secretary, and the Trefowrer of Englande. Byfor them the Trefowrer and Countroller of the Kings House. Byfor them all other Officers of Armes, Heralds, and Pourfuivaunts, and byfor them Carvers and Cupeberers in ther Roobes. The Gentilmen Ushers gave ther Attendaunce on the Chamberlayn. The Duc of Suffolk folowed next unto the King, and accompanied the Lorde Dawbeney, one of the Embassators of Fraunce. The Bishop of Excester accompanied the Prothonatory of Sandovill, and al other Erls and Vicounts folowed them. Then came the Quene, coronned, and my Lady the Kings Moder in like Mantell and Surcott as the Quene, with a riche Corownall on her Hede, and walking aside the Quenes half Trayne, Master Fowler bar over his right Arme the Trayne of my Lady the Kings Moder. Then folowde the Countes of Oxinford, and the Countesse of Ryvers, with riche Circaletts on ther Hedes, folowde by al other Ladyes and Gentilwomen; after whom came Barons, Banarets, and Gentilwomen. And when the High Masse was doon, the King went to his Chamber, and from thens to the Hall, and ther keptt his Estate in Maner as ensueth. He was corownede with a riche Corowne of Golde sett with ful many riche precious Storaes, and seated under a merveolous riche Cloth of Aftate, having th Archebishop of Canterbury on his right Hande, and the Quene also coronned under a Clothe of Estate hanging sumwhat lower than the Kings, on his lift Hande. And al these iij Estats wer served coverde. The Erle of Oxinforde, Great Chamberlayn of England, waytede on the Kings Coronne, and th Erle of Urmonde, the Quenes Chamberlayn, knelede betwenè the Quene and my Lady the Kings Moder, wayting on the Quenes Coronne. Sir David Owen was Kerver that Day, and Sir Charles Cupeberer, both being in ther Robes. Sir William Vampage, who was Sewer, was in no Roobes, but in a Gowne of Rossset Damask. Sir John Furtzen waytede upon the Cupborde in a Gowne of Cremesyn Velwet, with a riche Coler aboute his Nek. After the secunde Cours, when the Mynstrells hade pleyde, th Officers of Armes descendede from ther Stage, and Garter gave the King Thankings for his Largesse, and besought the Kings Highnesse to owe Thankings to the Quene for her Largesse. That doon the Largesse both of the King and of
the

the Quene was cryede, and Edwarde Beauchampe, one of the Kings Marshalls, drwe the Surnape, and made the King and the Quene both hole Aftats, to my Lady the Kings Moder halt Aftate, and the same to th Archebishop of Canterbury.

At the Table in the Medell of the Hall sat the Deane and thoos of the Kings Chapell, whiche incontynently after the Kings furst Course fange a Carall.

The Duc of Bedeforde beganne the Table on the right Side of the Hall, and next unto hym was the Lorde Daueney, an Ambassator of the French Kings. Below hym sat the Duc of Suffolk, and then the Protonathory of Sandavill, another Ambassator of the French Kings. Then th Erle of Aronndell, and agenst thym satt th Erle of Notingham, th Erle of Huntingdon, the Vicounte Wells, and the Vicount Lisley, with al other Barons and Knyghts ensuyng in Order to th Ende of that Table.

At the Table on the lifte Side of the Hall beganne my Lady Cecill the Quenes Sister, and next unto her the Countesse of Oxinford, then the Countesse of Ryvers, the Lady Strange, &c. with Ladyes and Gentilwomen al on oon Side.

The Feasts of Easter and Seint George.

[From the same Manuscript.]

IN the iijde Yere of the Kings Reigne he solempnyfed the Fest of Ester at Wyndesore, and companyede with the Quene, and my Lady the Kings Moder, th Erle of Derbye, th Erle of Effex, the Lorde Edmunde of Suffolke, the Lorde Nevill, the Lorde Morley, the Lorde Latymer, and the Lorde Berners, and gave his Largeffe to his Officers of Armes. The Reverende Fader in God the Bisshop of Excester did the dyvyne Servyce, and as touching his Maundy and other Almesse, as of olde Tyme accustomed. After in the same Week, the King roode unto Hampton to see the vi Galyes that wer ther at ons, and ther the King fested the Patrons, and the Capitayns, and they presented his Grace with swete Wynys, Sugurys, Spices, and many other goodly Thyngs.

Hys Grace kept his dyvyne Servyce the Day of Seint George in his oune Chapell above the Castell, bycause he had differrede the Feste to the Sonday then next folowing. At the furst Evensonge of Seint George's Even, the King, nor non other Lorde of the Garter ther present, ware no Gowne of the Lyverye, but other Gownes of Silke under ther Mantellys. And ther was upon the right Side of the King, th Erle of Oxynforde, and the Lorde Dawbeney; and on the lifte Side, th Erle of Derby, and the Lorde Dynham; and thus the King kepte the Quere. On the Morne the King was at Matens, and the Quene, and my Lady the Kings Moder, wer in Gownys of the Garter the same as the Kyng and the Lordes wer in, and at *Te Deum* and *Benedictus* were sensede next after the King, and byfor the Knyghts, but noon kiffede the Gospell, nor *Pax*, save the King and the Quene. The Erle of Oxynforde bare the Trayne of the Kings Mantell that Seaton. The King and the Quene, and my Lady the Kings Moder also, went a Processyon about the Cloyster, and the King both dynede and sowed in his oune corner glafid Chambre, and the forsaide iij Lordes satt at his Borde. On the Morne the Kyng and the Lords harde ther Masse of *Requiem* in his oune Chapell, and offerd. And so did the Quene, and my Lady the Kings Moder.

On the Sonday next folowing, the King kept a great and a noble Feste at Wyndesore aforsaide, in Maner and Forme as ensuethe. Furst, on Seint Georges Even ther wer assembled

sembled great Number of Estats of this Realme, and in especiall of the Kings Counseill, as th' Archebishops of Canterbury, th' Archebishop of Yorke, the Bishop of Lincoln, the Bishop of Exester, and the Chieff Jugg of the Kings Benche; for al that Season arryved many Ambassators of dyvers Countreys, as of the King of Romayns, and his Sonne the Duc; also from the King of Scotts, and from the Duc of Bretayne; for whiche great Maters the King differred the Chapitre unto Afternoone, and commaunde the Lorde Dynham, and Sir Thomas of Breugh, to enstalle, in his Name, th Erle of Shrewsbury. The Reverende Fader in God the Bishop of Wynchester, Prelate of the Order, and also the Lord Widvile (whose Soule God pardon) were present at his Charge, and thens was a solempne Masse of our Ladye songen by theym of the College; wherfor the saide Erle gave to the Singers of the Quere a great Rewarde. At After Noone the King, accompanyede with his Brethern of the Garter in ther Mantells, and in the Gownes of ther Lyverye of the last Yer, roode from the Quadraunt on Hakneyes to the College, and went to ther Chapter, and helde ther Chapter a great Tract of Tyme, and from thens went to Evenfonge. The Quene and my Lady the Kings Moder were in like Gowne of the Lyverye riding in a riche Chare, coverde with rich Cloth of Golde, vi Coursers in that same Chare harnest with that same Clothe of Golde; also XXI Ladyes and Gentilwomen folowing the Quene, cledde al in Cremesyne Velwett Gownes, and riding upon white Palfereys, ther Sadells of Cloth of Golde, the Harnesse of Golde Smythes Werk, with white Roses demy Trapper wise, Sir Roger Cooton, Maister of the Quenes Hors, riding upon a Courser trapped with Golde Smythes Werk, leding the Quenes Hors of Estate in his Hande, with a Sadell of Cloth of Golde, and therupon iij Coronnes of Silver gilt, with Sambres of that same Cloth of Golde, hanging unto the Knees of the Hors of bothe Sides. The Hors harnest in Golde Smythes Werke demy trapper wise. And at that Evenfonge the King and the Knyghts of the Garter wer fensede, and nither the Quene nor my Lady the Kings Moder. That Evening the King fastede, and therfor the Voyde was incontynent after he came into the Great Chamber. After that, the Knyghts fowped al on oon Side, and satt after ther Estats. On the Morne all the Knyghts of the Garter reasembled in the Lyverey of the Newe Yer; that is to say, of white Clothe with Garters, al on Horfbak, with rich Horfe Harnesse. The Kings Corser was trapped with a Trapper of Seint George, of white Clothe

Clothe of Golde, and the Lorde Berners bar the Kings Swerde, his Corser trappede with a riche Trapper of Seint Edwardes Armes. Thus in Order, and as ner after ther Stalls as they myght, they roode downe to the Chapell, and so straite to the Chapter, and then to Matens. The Quene and my Lady the Kings Moder, in like Astate as byfor, came to Matens, and bode the Masse; but they had nither Sensing nor *Pax*, nor they offrede not. Also they came to the ijde Evensonge. And when Matens wer doon, the King and the Lords went the next Way to the Denes Place to Brekfast, and from thens to the Chapiter agene, and after to Procession, and to the High Masse, and after to Dyner; and the King kept his Astate in the Hall in Maner and Forme as ensueth.

The Day of the Feste the King kepte his Estate in the Hall, the Bishop of Winchester on his right Hande. That Day non other Estate sat at the Kings Table. Ther was in the Hall iij Tables. At the Table on the right Hande satt all the Knyghts of the Garter that wer present, al on oon Side, and after ther Estats; that is to say, furst the Duc of Suffolke, th Erle of Aronndell, th Erle of Oxynforde, th Erle of Derbye, th Erle of Shrewesbury, the Lorde Dynham, the Lorde Wodevile, the Lorde Dawbeny, and Sir Thomas Borough. A litill byneith them satt, on both Sides the Table, the Dean, the Chanoignes, and the Por Knyghts of the Colledge, in ther Mantells, and byneith theym the resideu of that Quere. Item, at the Borde in the medell of the Hall satt the Lorde Boithvaile, Embassator of the King of Scotts, and the Lorde Edmonde of Suffolk, the Lorde Gray, the Lorde Morley, the Lorde Latymer, the Lorde Delawarre, and the Lorde Berners: And a litill byneith theym satt the Kings Chapell. At the Table on the lifte Side of the Hall satt the President of Kufshemborough, with other Ambassadors of the King of Romayns, and his Sonne the yonge Duc. Also afor genste theym, the Lorde Malpartens, Ambassator of the Duc of Bretayne, and the Lorde Houssey, Chiff Justice of the Kings Benche: And al that Side satt furnysfhede with Knyghts and Esquiers. That Day the Hall was merveously orderde and servede. Knyghts of the Garter servede the King of Water, Sir Davy Owen kerved, Sir Charles of Somerfett was Cupberer, Sir William Vampage Sewer, and Edwarde Beauchampe, Marshall, drew the Surnape. Incontynent, after the King hath washede, the Knyghts of the Garter served the King of the Voyde, and other Gentillmen the Prelate, and then wer served Knyghts of the Garter. From thens the King and the Lordes went to the
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Kings Chamber, and after a Tract of Tyme toke ther Horfe, and roode to the Colledge, and after theym the Quene, and my Lady the Kings Moder, with Ladies and Gentilmen richely befene: as afor is reherfede. And the King and his Brethren of the Garter entred the Chapter House, and with theym the Prelate of the Order, the Dean, and Maister Olyver Kyng, then Regefter, and Garter King of Armes, and noo moo. The Black Rode kept the Door withoute fourth. And when the King, with the other of the Order of the Garter, had helde ther Chapitre, they went unto Evenfong, and after Evenfonge roode up ageyne.—The Quene and my Lady the Kings Moder folowede as afor. And then the King fouped in his great Chambre, the Prelate at his Borde, and the Remenaunt at a fide Table in the Prefence. After Souper was had, the iijde Voyde was brought in by Knyghts and other the Kings Servaunts, and delyverde to the Knyghts of the Garter; and then the King went to his Chamber. All this Felt was accomplifhede by Daylight, the Ordinaunces wer fo well kept.—The Names of Parte of the Ladies and Gentilwomen that awaytede on the Quene and my Lady the Kings Moder at this Felt: My Lady Anne Sifter unto the Quenes Grace, the Countefse of Ryvers, the Lady Margaret of Clarens, Wife of Sir Ric. Poole, Dame Katheryn Grey, my Lady Bray, My Lady Longevile, Maiftresse Pafton, Maiftresse, Maiftresse Seynt John, Maiftresse Nufant, Maiftres Blount, Maiftres Crofte, Maiftres Scrope, Maiftres Lacy, and Maiftres On the Morne the Monday, the King and the Knyghts of the Garter toke Aleve in the Quadrant of the Quene, and then toke ther Hakneyes, fome in Gounes of Blak Cloth and fome in Gounes of Velvet, and fo roode to the Colledge Doore, wher they did on ther Mantells, and fo procedede to the Chapter, and after that to the Maffe of Requiem. Byfor the Offering of Mony, the Duc of Suffolk and the Erle of Aronndell offerde the Swerde of the Lorde William late Erle of Aronndell, th Erle of Oxynforde, and th Erle of Derbye his Helme and Crefte, th Erle of Shrewsbury and the Lorde Dynham the Swerde of the Lorde Dodeley, the Lorde Dawbeney, and the Lorde Wodvile his Helme and Crefte; whiche Swerds and Helmys wer delyverde to the forfaid Lords by Garter King of Armes. And then the King offerde, and after him every Knyght, after his Eftate; and when Maffe was doon, and *de profundis* faide, the Felt was accomplifhede.

The Song at this Feste fongen.

England now rejoyffe, for joyous may thou bee,
 To see thy King so flowring in Dygnitie.
 O moost noble King, thy Fame doth spring prosprede,
 Henry the VII. our Souveraigne. In yche Region
 Al Englande hath Cause thy Grace to love and drede :
 Seing Ambassattors seche for Proteccion,
 For Aide, Helpe, Socor, whiche lieth in thyn Elecion.
 Englund now rejoyffe, for joyous may thou bee,
 To see thy Kyng so flowring in Dignitie.
 This Realme, a Seafon stode in great jeopardie
 When that noble Prince disceased, King Edwarde,
 Which in his Dayes gate honor ful noblye.
 After his Disceasse nygh hand al was marred.
 Eche Region this Londe dispised, Myschief when they harde
 Wherfor now rejoyse, for joyoufe may thou bee,
 To see thy King so flowring in Dignitie.
 Fraunce, Spayne, Scotlande, and Bretayne, Flawnders also,
 Thre of them present keping thy noble Feste
 Of Seynt George in Wyndesfor, Ambassattors comyng moo,
 Yche of them in Honor, bothe the mor and the leste,
 Seching thy Grace, to have thy noble beheste.
 Wherfor now rejoyffe, for joyous may thou bee,
 To see thy King so flowring in Dignitie.
 O knyghtly Order, clothed in Robes with Garter :
 The Quenes Grace thy Moder, in the same.
 The Nobles of thy Realme, riche in Aray, after ;
 Lords, Knyghts, and Ladies, unto thy great fame.
 Now shall all Ambassattors knowe thy noble Name
 By thy Feste Royall. Now joyous may thou bee,
 To see thy King so flowring in Dignitie.
 Here this Day Seint George, the Patron of this Place,
 Honowred with the Garter, Chief of Chevalrye.
 Chaplayns, Chapell singing, Proceffion keping Space,
 With Archebishops and Bishops, besene noble ;
 Much People present to see Thee, King Henry.
 Wherfor, now Seint George, all we pray to thee,
 To kepe our Souveraigne in His Dygnitie.

The Feast of Witsontide, &c.

[From the same Manuscript.]

IN the iijde Yer of his Regne, his Grace, the Quene, and my Lady the Kings Moder, kept the Feste of Witsontid at Windesore, accompanied with the Erle of Derby. The Reverend Fader in Gode the Bishop of Excestre, Privey Seall, did the Divyn Service. Also ther was the Lorde Broke Stuarde of the Kings House, the Lord Daubeney, Sir Richard Egecombe Conterouller of the Kings House, Sir Raynold Bray, Sir Thomas Lovell, Sir Gilbert Talbot, with many mor ouder Knights and Esquires. After that, all the Sommer following, his Grace huntid and sported hym merely, and slew his Gresse in the Parke of Wodstok, and in the Foreste of Whichewod; and that Somer was the King of Scotts slaine by his Sone, and outhere his Adherents, bysides Sterlin, and divers Scottes came to the King for Releve. Also that Yer Sir Eduart Wideville, a noble and a coragious Knight, was slaine in Bretaine, by Frenchmen. And incontinent after that same Tyme deide the Duke of Britayne, for whos Dethe that Contre hade grete Loffe. The King, the Quene, and the Kings Modre, well accompaynyed with many ouder Knights and Esquires and noble Companye, kept his all Hallowtide at Windesore; that is to say, with the Lorde Richard Fox, Bischope of Excetre and Prive Seall, whiche dide the Divin Service, th Erle of Oxonforde, th Erle of Shrewsbury, th Erle of Essex, th Erle of Urmonde, the Quenys Chamberlayn, the Lorde Edmund of Suthfolk, the Lorde Fitzwaren, the Lord Latymer, the Lord Dacre of the Northe, the Lorde de Fitzwaultier, the Lorde Saye, the Lorde Barneis, the Lorde Broke Stiwarde of the Kings House, the Lorde Bothville a Scotisheman, Sir Gilbert Talbot, Sir Edduard Bourgh, Sir Davy Owen, Sir Richard Gilforde Vichamberlayn, Sir Thomas Louvell, Sir Reynolde Bray, Sir James Parker, Sir Edduard Darell, Sir Richard Haulte, Sir William Sondis, Sir Roger Cotton, Sir Thomas Leighton, Sir John Fortescu, Sir George Nevyl, the Bast. &c. From Windesore the King, the Quene, and the Houfholde remeid to Westminster, the grettest Counseille, that was many Yers withoute the Name of Parliament. Ther wer at that Season many Enbassatours; that is for to say, from Fraunce the Lorde Charbonell, and the Prothonotoire of Sandevill, from the King of Romans the Lorde Mal-

pertus, a Briton, and Maister Piers le puissant; also Enbafatours from the King of Spayne. At the breking up of the Counseille, ther entrid into this Reaulme a Cubiculer of the Popes, whice broght to the Kyng a Suerde and a Cappe, whiche for Honor of the Pope was honourably receiyvid by the Kings Commaundement, in Manner as ensueth: Furste the King sente an Officer of Armes to the See Side, to cause thos religious Places of Canterbury and outhere Townes by the Way, to make hym goode Chiere, and well to entret him. After that, his Highnes sent certaine Knightes to met hym as fer as Rochester. After them the Reverentz Faders in Gode the Bishope of Durame, the Bishope of Excester, the Bishope of Rochester, th Erle of Shrewsbury, th Erle of Wiltshire, the Lorde Morley, the Lorde Hastings, and the Prior of Lantony, with many mor Lordes and Knightes (whos Names I have not) receiyved hym at Blaketh, and after theme the Bishope of Winchester and th Erle of Arundell met hym at Saint Georges in Southwerke, wher the Cappe was sette upon the Pointe of the Suerde. And so the faide Cubiculer riding betwen the Bishope of Winchester and th Erle of Arundell openly bar the said Swerde thorowe Southwerke, and on London Brigge, wher he was also receyved, and wellcomed by the Maire of London and his Brethern. As he procedede thens thorow the Cite to Poulles, stode all the Craftes in ther Clothings, and at the West Ende of Poulles he was receyved by the Metropolitan and divers outhere Bishopes in Pontificalibus, and with the Proceffion, and so proceded to the High Autar, and from thens it was borne into the Revestry. In the Morne that same Day, the King remeved from Westminster to the Bishopes Pales, with the Quene and my Lady the Kings Moulder. That Day ther was so greet a Miste upon Thames, that ther was no Man cowde telle of a grete Season in what Place in Thames the King was. When the King was comen into his Travers, the Cape was brought oute of the Revestry, to byfore the High Auter, by the said Cubiculer, accompayned with the Bishope of Winchester and th Erle of Arundell, and many outhere Nobles bothe Espirituel and Temporell. Then the King came forth of his Travers, wher the faide Cubiculer presentit the King a Letter from the Pope, clost with Corde and Lede, that was rede by the Reverent Fader in God the Lord John Morton Archebshope of Canterbury, then Chancellor of England. That doon the faide Cubiculer holding the said Suerde and Cape, made a noble Proposicion; to which the faide Lord Chancellor answered

swerde full clerclly and nobly. Present the Ambassatours of Fraunce, Ambassatours of the King of Romains, of the Kings of Castille, of Bretaine, and of Flanders, with divers outhr Straungiers, as Scottis, Esterlinges, and outhr. That finished, the King and all those Estates went a Proceffion, and the Cape was borne on the Pomel of the Swerde by the faide Cubiculer. When Proceffion was done, during all the Masse, it was set on the High Auter. The Messe doone, the Archebishope sang certain Orisons over the King, who came from his Travers byfore the High Auter, to the highest Stepe nexte the Auter. Whiche Oraisons and Benediccions done, the Archebishope, in ordre after the Booke whiche was brought frome Rome, gerdit the Suerde aboute the King, and sett the Cape on his Hede: And so the King returned to his Travers whilles *Te Deum* was a singing, and the Colet rede; and it was taken of again, and, as before, borne by the said Cubiculer to the Bishopes Palles, and there deliverit to the Chamberlain. That Day the King made a grete Feste, and kept open Housholde, and bycause the Palays was so littil for such a Feste, the said Cubiculer dynnyt on the Downs Place, accompagnied with divers Bishopis and Lordes, as the Lorde of Saint Johns, and outhres. Incontinent after, the King sente his Ambassatours into divers Parties; that is to saie, Maister Christofer Urfwike, Deian of Yorke, and Sir John Don, Knight, into Fraunce, and with them Yorke the Heralde Doctor Sauvage; Sir Richard Nanfant and Richemond King of Armes into Portingal; also with the Garter for the King of Portingal Doctor Wanfworth and Sir John Rifeley Knight, and Carlill Heralde, to the King of Romans: Sir Richard Eggecombe Knight and Falcon the Pourfuivant into Bretaine. That Yer he kepte his Christmas at Shene, and the Quene also, accompagnied with my Lade the Kings Moulder, the Ladi Anne the Quenes Sister, Elizabeth of Boukingham, the Lady Margaret of Clarence, the Lady Rivieres, the Lady Bray, the Lady Eggremonde, the Lady Gelfort, the Lady Longville, the Lady Nanfant, Maistres Verney, Maistres St. John, Maistres Ferres, Maistres Paston, Maistres Blount, Maistres Scrope, Maistres Turbeville, and oulder mor. The Reverent Fader in God the Lorde Richard Fox Bishop of Excester dide the Divin Service, bothe Christmas Day and the xii Day. The King was accompagnied with th Erle of Derby, th Erle of Effex, th Erle of Urmond, the Lord Daubeney, the Lorde Latimer, the Lorde Edmunde of Suffolke, the Lord Powis, the Lord Chamberlain, the Lorde

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Saie, Sir John Sauvage, Sir Davy Owen, Sir Richard Polle, Sir Richard Hault, Sir Reignolde Bray, Sir Thomas Lovell, Sir George Nevvill, Sir Edward Stanley, Sir Richard Gilfort, Sir Edward Darell, Sir James Parker, and Sir Richard Croftes.

The Feast of Easter, &c. in his Fourth Year.

THE King kept his Ester at Hertford, whier at that Season the Reverend Fader in God the Lord Ric. Foxe dide the Divine Service, and on Saint Georges Day also in the Morne he songe the Mas of *Requiem*. Of the Brethern of the Garter ther was ther present th' Erll of Derby, the Lord Scrope, and Sir Richard Tunstall. This Season ther came into this Londe a greate Ambassade from the King of Romains; that is to say, Don Ladron de Guavers, the Vicomte of Piverfalle, a Doctore called Mester Lewys, and Mester Piers le puissant, and also anoder Ambassade in thair Compagnye, that came from the King of Portyngall. Wherefore the King sent for the Lorde John Morton, then Archebishope of Canterbury and Chancelier of Englande, for to have his Counseill and Advis. Also ther had ben an Ambassatour of the King of Naples, as long as the King had leyn at Hertford, and at that Season thier was the Quene, the Lady the Kings Moder, th Erle of Derby, th Erle of Essex, th Erle of Ormond, Sir Richard Gilford, Sir Raynold Bray, Sir Thomas Lovell, Sir Charles Somersfett, Sir Richard Haulte, Sir John Rysley the Kings Aumener, the Kinges Secretary, and the Lorde Bothewell, a Scottisheman. The same Ester the King of Denmarcks Oncle, called Yonker Garrard, was sworne the Kinges Servaunt. On Saint Vitalis Day, the xxviiiith Day of Appril, was slayne th Erle of Northumberlonde, besides Thurske, near Blackmor Egge. Tydingis heroff being brought to the King he sone answerde all the abovesaide Ambassatours, and on the xxiith Day of May departed from Hertforde towards the Northe, and lay that Nyght at Dunstable, accompagnyed with the Bishop of Excester, Privey Seall, and outhere, as is reherfed in the Book of the Kyngys Gystys.

At the Kings Returne he established, in the Northe Parties, th Erle of Surrey, Sir Richard Tunstall, and Sir Henry Wentworthe. The same Yer the King kept his Whytfontid at Notingham, accompagnyed with th Erle of Oxonford, and th Erle of Northumberlonde, and frome thens remeved to Windefore, and their hontid and sported hym. On this Season the Flemmyngis holding the Frenshe Partie, and on especial

especial thoos of Brugges, with the Assistance of the Lord Guardis, had beseged Dixemve on Flaundres. The Lord Dawbeney, the Kinges Lieutenant of Calais, and the Lord Morley, with divers ouldir noble Knightes and Esquiers of the Garnyson, and of the Crewe of Calais, and of the Englishe Marche in thoos Parties, rescued Dixemve, and brake the Sege. And thier ware slayne the Substance of al those whiche had beseged it, as well the Lord Guardes Servaunts, as the Garnyson of Scottes, whiche lay at Ostenguen, with the Substance of the Bruggelingis. Of the Englishe Partie, ther was slayn that gentill yong Knight the Lorde Mörley, and many Noblemen hurt, as Sir James Tyrell fore wounded in the Legge with a Quarell, and a gentill and a couragious Esquier called Robert Bellyngam, the whiche foughte in his Cotte of Armes fast gerdid with his Swerd upon his Harnois. And thier was wonnen moche Artillerye, wherof moche was brente with the Gounne Pouldre. Also it is not to be forgotten, but to by had in Remembrance, the goode Courage of an Englysche Yoman called John Person, whiche was somtymes a Baker of Coventre. Whiche John Person, after that a Gounne had borne away his Foote by the Small of the Legge, yet that notwithstanding, what setting and what kneling, shotte after many of his Arows, and when the Frenchemen fledde, and his Felowers ware in the Chase, he cried to one of his Felowes, and saide, "Have thow these "vi Arowes that I have lefte, and folow thow the Chase, "for I may not." The whiche John Person died within few Dayes after, on whose Soule Gode have Mercy. From thens the faide Lorde Daubeney, by Apointment, toke Hostengs, and so with moche Honour turned to Calais to refresche the hurt People. The Lorde Guerdes, hering of this Rescuffe, assembled a greate Power, and recouerd Hostings, from thens leid the Sege to Newport, whier he lay well viij Dayes, and whith Ordonnance bette Parte of the Walles. On Mydsomer Day he made a great Assault in ij or iij Places, but he was rebouted, and losse many of his

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People, as it was saide mor then xiiij. And thenne the faide Lorde Guerdes departed to Brugges ward, and thier was slayn a Bastard of Bourbon, and the Lord Pyennes, a Lord of Pyguardye.

The Names of the Nobles being with the Lorde Daubeney at Dixemve. In primis, Sir Humfrey Talbot, Marshall of Calais, Sir Gilbert Talbot, Sir James Terell, Lieutenant off Gynes, Sir Waultier Hungerford, Sir Gilbert Debnam, Baneret, Sir Henry Wilougby, Sir Edward of Borough, Sir Edward

Edward Pyninger, Anthony Browne, Nycholas Tempeste, Robert of Bellyngam, Danet, Loveles.

This Yer the Feste of Saint George was deferred unto the xixth Day of July, and thenne it was honnourably kept be the Erle of Arundell, then Lieutenant. At that same Tyme, on the Saterdag Evene of the Feste, ther was enstalled by the Lord Scrop, and by the Lord Dynham, the Vicounte Wellis, and Sir John Sauvage, Beneret; the whiche v Knightes kept ful well, and honnourably in all Thinges apperteyning to the said noble Feste. On the Morne after the Feste, at the Mas of *Requiem*, ther ware offred the Swerdes, Helmes, and Crestes of the Erle of Northumberland, and of Sir Edward Wideville. During this Season the King went an Hunting in Enville Chase.

A littell before oure Lady Day, thier came Ambassatours oute of Fraunce; that is to say, the Abbot of Saint Matelens, Sir William Zaintes, Lord of Mareny, and Bailly of Senlys, and Norroie King of Armes of Frenshemen, whiche ware sone anwerde, and Sir John Ryseley, and Mester Estephene Fryon ware sent with theym into Fraunce in Ambassade. And thenne the Kinge roode into Wiltshire an Hunting, and slew his Gres in iij Places in that Shire. Also he was at Ramsbury with the Bishoppe of Salesbury. He furst hunted in the Forest of Savernacke, the ijd in the goode Parke of Fastarn, the iijd in Blackamor Forest, and so retournede to Windesore, and thens remeved to Westmynster. Sone after thier came Ambassatours of the King of Romanis, and also oute of Flourens, and alsoo Ambassatours out of Bretaygne. The Parlement was countynued into the xvith Day of Octobre, and that Day the Lordes entred the Parlement House withoute any Mas, or ouder Solempnitie. At the whiche Season the King kepit a Chappitre of the Gartier at Westmynster, whier the King of Romans was choysen Knyght of the Gartier. The King remembring on his first begoten Sone, that he was not yet created Prince, ne yet doubyd Knight, wherfore he determined on Saint Andrewes Evene then nexte folowing, bothe to dobe hym Knyght, and also to procede to his Creation, and thier upon directed his Letters Mysoyves for the Sonnes and Heires of divers of the Greate Estates of this Royaulme. The onder Nobles that had their Londes in their Hondes, had Pryve Sealles also to geve their Atendance.

The Queene taketh her Chamber, with the Ceremonies thereof.

UPON All Halow Even the Quene tooke her Chamber at Westmynster, gretly acompagnyed with Ladies and Gentilwomen; that is to say, the Lady the Kings Moder, the Duchesse of Northfolk, and many oulder, havynge before her the greate Parte of the Nobles of this Royalme present at this Parlement. She was ledde by th Erle of Oxinford and th' Erle of Derby. The Reverent Fader in God the Bishop of Excester song the Mafs in Pontificalibus, and after *Agnus Dei*. Then the Quene was led as before. Th Erles of Shrewsbury and of Kente hylde the Towell, when the Quene toke hir Rightes, and the Torches ware holden by Knightes. And after Mafs, accompanied as before, when she was comen into her greate Chambre she stode under hir Clothe of Estate. Then their was ordeyned a Voide of Espices, and swet Wyn. That doone, my Lorde the Quenes Chamberlain, in very goode Woordes, desired, in the Quenes Name, the Peuple thier present to pray God to sende hir the goode Oure. And so she departed to her inner Chambre, which was hanged and seyded with riche Clothe of blew Arras, with Flourdelissis of Golde, without any oulder Clothe of Arras of Ymagerye, which is not convenient aboute Wymen in suche Cas. In that Chambre was a riche Bedde and a Palliet, the whiche Palliet had a marweillous riche Canope of Gold, with Velvet, paly of divers Couleurs, garnished with rede Roses, enbrodured with ij riche Pannes of Ermyns, covered with Raynes of Lande. Also ther was a riche Autar well furnyshed with Reliques, and a riche Cupborde well and richely garnished. Then she recomanded her to the goode Praiers of the Lordes, and my Lorde her Chamberlaine drew the Travers. From thens forthe no Maner of Officier came within the Chambre, but Ladies and Gentilwomen, after the olde Coustume. Within a littell Season after, thier came a great Ambassade oute of Francke, among the whiche ther was a Kynsman of the Quenes called Francois Monsieur de Luxenburg, the Prior of Saint Matelens, and Sir William de Zaintes, Bailly of Senlis, and Monjoie, King of Armes of Frenshemen, whiche desired to se the Quene, and so they dide, and in her awne Chambre. Ther was with her hir Moder Quene Elisabeth, and my Lady the Kings Moder; but ther entred no mor then ben affore reherfed, savynge my Lord the Quenes Chamberlain, and Garter Principal King of Armes.

The Creation of Arthur Prince of Wales, in the King's Fifth Year.

ON the 21st Day of November was my Lorde Prince receiuyd in Maner as ensueth, by Watter, when he came to his Creacion. Furst, frome Ashehurst to Shene, whier he lay, and on the Wensday, the 26th Day of Novembre, the Yer of our Lorde a Thousand four Hundreth

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IIII and IX. and the vth Yer of the Reigne of King Henry the VIIth. Furst, the Kings Barge was ryally prepared. And at Shene, in the Mornyng after Mas and Brekfaste thier, he entred the faide Barge. By the Way, betwene Murtelake and Chelfeth, ware ordeyned certain Barges bothe of Lordes Espirituell and Temporell, whiche Lordes in their owne Persons entred the Princes Barge, and none of their Seruants with theym; that is to say, the Bishoppe of Winchester, the Bishoppe of Ely, the Bishoppe of Salesbury, the Bishoppe of Duresme, with other. Also th Erle of Aronndell, th Erle of Oxenforde, th Erle of Derby, th Erle of Shrewsbury, th Erle of Essex, th Erle of Kente, th Erle of Huntingdon, and divers other Lordes, Knightes, and Esquiers, Kinges of Armes, Heraldes and Poursuivaunts, Trompetts and Mynstrelles. At Chelchethe mette with his Grace, the Maire of London, with all the Craftes in their Barges, empareilled with Banyeres, and Penons royally befene. When he came before Lambeth, ther met hym the Ambassatours of Spayne, and with theyme many Marchauntes of their Nacion in Ship Bottes, shutting Gownnes in greate Nombre, and after, casting Apples as it had bene in fighting on the See with Targes, all in Rejoyshyng of the Princes Comyng. When he landed at the Kinges Brigge, all the wourshipfulist Craftes of London stode in Ordre on bothe Sides, from the Brigge to the Kings Benche in Westmynster Halle, wher abode the Maire and the Aldermen, and so forth. The Prince proceded to the Kinges Prefence, whiche was in the Great Chambré of the Bricke Toure. On the xxixth Day of Novembre, when the King went to Dinar, my Lord Prince held the Towelle, the Lord Stourton bar the Watter, th Erle of Northumberlond toke the Effaye, the Lord Maltravers and the Lorde Gray Ruthyn hilde the Bassyn, and the Remenant waited on the Sewer, and bare Dishes; that is to say, Thomas West, Son and Heire to the Lord Lawar, John Saint John, Henry Vernon, John Hastings, William Griffith, William Tyndalle, Nicholas Montgomery,
William

William Uvedall, Matthew Browne, Thomas Darcy, Thomas Cheyney, Edmund Gorges, Waultier Denis, William Scotte, and John Gyfe. Then their Esquiers, Gouvernours, that was appointed by my Lorde the Kings Chamberlain; that is to say, to awaite upon the Prince, Thomas Brandon, and Thomas of Brereton.

On the Erle of Northumberland	{ James Hide John Parker
On the Lord Maltravers	{ John Baret Henry Uvedall
On the Lord Gray Ruthyn	{ John Griffith John Stanshow
On the Lord Stourton	{ David Beaupre Edward Benstede
On Sir Thomas West	{ Richard Fisher Thomas Mortemer
On Sir John Saint John	{ Nicholas Awdeby Thomas Digby
On Sir Henry Vernon	{ John Fortescu Christofer Longdale
On Sir John Hastings	{ Richard Wrotlesley Thomas Thorp
On Sir William Griffith	{ John Leighton Stephen Dyngley
On Sir William Tyndalle	{ John Carleton Thomas Ferres
On Sir Nicholas Montgomery	{ James Cayle William Mendam
On Sir William Uvedall	{ John Knolles John Almer
On Sir Matthew Browne	{ John Lakyn John Nell
On Sir Thomas Darcy	{ William Paris Thomas Gardener
On Sir Thomas Cheyney	{ James Metcalf John Warffe
On Sir Edmund Gorges	{ Robert Githyn Alexandre Oxten

On Sir Waultier Denis	{ James Conyers Hugh Denis
On Sir William Scotte	{ John Sigefmont Thomas Winter
On Sir John Gyfe	{ Henry Hamps John Wiltow

When it was Nyght the Prince's Bayne was prepared in the Kinges Clofet. And in the Entre betwene the Parlement Chambre and the Chapelle was the Baynes of th Erle of Northumberland, and the Lord Maltravers, and the Lord Gray Ruthyn. All the Remenant ware in the Parlement Chambre in Ordre as above written. The King in his Person gave them the Advertisment of th Ordre of Knyght-hode. At that same Season wer all thos of the Kings Chappell redyng the Sauter for the good Spede of the Quen, wiche then traveled. And anon, upon ix of the Clock that same Nyght, she was delivered of a Princess, wiche was cristened on Seint Andrus Day in Westmynster Chirche. On the Morn, when the Prince had herd his Mass, he was, with al his forsaide Compeny, princely conveid thorough Seint Stephens Chappell to the nether End of the Steiers, toward the Vicars Logyng, wher he tooke his Hors. The Remenant in the Pales at the Ster Chambre Steir Foot toke ther Hors, and th Erle of Essex bore the Princes Swerd and Spores. And soo thei roode aboute the Standard in the Pales into Westmynster Hall, the Prince foremost, and the oder folowyng in Ordre after ther Baynes: and before the Kings Benche thei alighted of ther Horses, and so proceded into the Whitt Hall, and stode along bi the Side Table. In Tyme the Kyng came. And when the King was comyn, the Marquis of Barkeley and th Erle of Arundell led the Prince to the Presence, and th Erle of Oxonford, Great Chamberleyn of Englund, toke of th Erle of Essex the Swerd and the Spores, and then presented the right Spore to the King. The Kyng commaunded the Marques of Barkeley to sett hit on the Princes ryght Hele, as lykenwyse did th Erle of Arundell on the lyfft Hele the toder Spore. Then the Kyng gard on his Swerde, and dubbed hym Knyght, and after al his Compenye in Ordre, commaunding oder Lordis and Knyghtis to present them, and to sett on ther Spores. When the Kyng had dubbed al thos Knyghtys, he createde a Pursuivant for the Prynce, and named hym Walyngford. And when the Prince had offred his Swerd and Torget and his Spores, he went effter to the Kyngis Clofett,
and

and put upon hym his Robes of Astate. From thens he was led into the Parlement Chambre to the Kyngis Prefence, by rhe Marques of Barkeley. Th Erle of Arundell and th Erle of Derby bere his Cape and Cornall upon the golden Rode, and the Ring of Gold: And th Erle of Shrewsbury bere the Swerd the Pomell upward. And ther he was creat as acustumed. Thos Lordes that led hym, or bere any of the Appartenans to his Creacion, wer in ther Robes, and oder nott, havyng Officers of Armes next before them. Then the King departed, and the Prince that Day kept his Astate under the Clothe of Astate in the same Parlement Chambre. At the Bords Ende satt the Marques of Barkeley, th Erles of Aronndell, of Derby, and of Shrewesbury. All the oder new mad Knyghtis sat along the on Side the Chambre. And the Prince licensed them to ett ther Mett. After the Mynstrells had pleyd, the Officers of Armes came to the Prefence of the Prince, and Garter Kyng of Armes gave hym Thankyngs in the Name of al the Office for his Largefs, wyche was xx^{ti} li. delyvered by the Handes of Sir Thomas Lovell, Knyght, and Trezorer of the Kings Chambre. After that, the Princes Largefs was cryed, the Largefs of the oder new made Knyghtys was also cryed. And after Dyners Sir William Uvedall was chofyn, and gave the Kyng Thankyngs in the Name of al his Compeny.

The Christening of the Princeffe.

ON the Morn of Seynt Andreas Day the forsaide new born Princefs was cristened in Maner as ensfeweth. The riche Font of Canterbury and Westmynster Chirche wer prepayred as of old Tyme ben accustumed for Kyngs Chyldren, wythe a riche rounde Canape, with a grett gilt Boll. This forsaide Princeffe was brought from the Qwenes Chambre into the Whitt Hall, born by my Lady Marquise of Barkeley. And to her gave Assistance th Erles of Arundell and of Shreuesbury, my Ladye Anne the Qwenes Sister bere next byfore her the Crysome, with a marvelous riche Crofs Lace, and byfore her the Vicount Wellis bere a riche Salt of Gold garnysed wythe precyous Stones. And before hym th' Erle of Essex bere a Taper, with certeyn Boughts floreshed, and on Lyght, to the Cherche ward. Before hym was th Erle of Kent, wiche bere a Peyre of gilt Bafyns, and before hym the Constable, and Mareschall of England, with the Staves of ther Office. Byfore whom wer the Officers of Armes on every Side the Chappell, savyng Garter, wiche went next byfore the Grett Constable. Before the Chappell
wer

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wer vi Torchcs on Lyght borne by Knyghts, Esquiers, and oder Gentilmen and Yemen of the Crowne. When the said Princeſſe was brought to the Porche of Weſtmynſter Cherche, wich Porche was rialy beſen, and had a riche Celyng of Brodry Werke, the Lord John Alcocke, Biſhoppe of Ely, was ther redie in Pontificalibus, wiche criſtened the Princeſſe. Alſoo ther was in his Abite of Biſhopp, the Lord John Morton, Archebiſhopp of Canterbury, and Chaunceler of England, wiche was Godfader, and the high and excellent Princeſſ my Ladye the Kyngs Moder, and the Duchefs of Norffolke, Doughter of the good Talbot Erl of Shreueſbury, wiche wer Godmoders, and ſoo ſhe was named Margaret after my Ladie the Kings Moder. My Ladie of Bokyngham bere the Trayne, and the Lord Strange gave her Aſſiſtence, holdyng the Mydys of the Trayne. The Canape was borne by iiij noble Knyghtis Baneretts ; that ys to fey, Sir John Savage, Sir Gilbert Talbot, Sir Edward Stanley, and Sir James Blount. After folowyd a great Numbre of Ladyes and Gentilwemen. After that ſhe was criſtened, and brought bifore the High Auter, the Lord Thomas Roderam, Archebiſhopp of Yeorke, beyng in Pontificalibus, confermed her, and the Ladie Marqueſe of Barkeley was ther as Godmoder. Then weſhed the Goſſibes, and went to the Cloſet, and ther they had Spices and Wyn ; and alſoo all oder Nobles, Ladies, and Gentyllwemen, and others alſoo. As ſon as ſhe was put into the Font, all the Torchcs wer light, and the Taper alſo, and the Officers of Armes put on ther Cotys of Armes. Thus with al thes Lightes, turning to the Kings Pales ageyne, th Erle of Kent ber ſtyll the Baſyns, and th Erle of Eſſex the Taper brennyng. Next after them the Viſcount Liſle ber ij Flageyns gilt, and a Holy Water ſtoke wythe a Spryngell of Gold garnyſhed with precyous Stones, wyche her Godfader gave her. The Lord Lawarre ber a Salt of Gold garnyſhed with preſious Stonys, wyche the Lady Marqueſe gave her. The ber a Cope of wyche the Duchefs of Norfolk gave her, and the Vicount Wellis bere a Cheſt of Silver and gilt, full of Gold, wiche my Ladie the Kings Moder gave her. And thus in Ordre, wythe Nois of Trompettis, ſhe returned with Cryſtis Bleſſyng. Amen.

The King, the Qwen, and my Ladie the Kings Moder, byganne Cryſmas at Weſtmynſter, and at that Season ther wer the Meazellis ſoo ſtrong, and in eſpeciall amongis the Ladies and the Gentilwemen, that ſum deid of that Sikenefs,

as the Ladie Nevill, Doughter of William Paston; wherfor on Seint Johns Day the Qwen was prively cherched or purified. On Seynt Thomas Day the King, the Qwene, with the Court, by Water, remeved to Grenwich. On Cristmas Day the Bishoppe of Excester did the Dyvyne Servyce, and was accompeyned with th Erll of Northumberland, th Erll of Derby, th Erll of Essex, th Erll of Urmond, and th Erll of Angwyshe, wiche that Day sat at the Bord End with the Bishoppe and ij oder Erlls. Item, ther was the Lord Edmonde of Suffolke, the Vicount Lisle, the Lord Zouche, the Lord Latymer, the Lord Dynham Trezorer of England, the Lord Dawbeney Lieutenant of Cales, Sir William Stanley the Kyngs Chamberleyn. Alsoo the wer a great Ambafad of Fraunce; that ys to sey, Franchois Monf. de Luxembourg Vicount of Geneve, the General of thordre of the Trenite of Fraunce, wiche on Seynt Johns Day dyned at the Kings Boorde. Item, to the Numbre of a XL^{ti} Knyghtis, or ther about, as Sir Thomas Bourser, Sir Davy Owen, Sir Ric. Corbet, Sir John Rifeley, Sir Reynold Bray, Sir Thomas Lovell, Sir John Don, Sir William Knyvett, Sir William Vampage, Sir Richart Hant, Sir Edward Wyngfeld, Sir William Hofey, Sir John Savage, Sir John Fortescu, Sir Water Hungerford, Sir Water Herbert, Sir George Nevell, Sir Thomas Cokelay, Sir Edward Darell, Sir Richard Gilford, Sir Richard Nanfant, Sir Gilbert Debenham, Sir Roger Cotton, Sir John Musgrave, Sir William Parker, and oder: and Esquiers for the Bodie, Edward Blont, Davy Philipp,

Kyffton.

Harry Pudsey, John Croker, and Nycholas Ruyston. The King in all this Fest wer noo Robes of Astate, but oder Gownes of riche Clothis of Gold, and in especiall, Gowns whiche was wrought by the Ladyes in the Stoolle, and richely furred wythe Sabuls. On New Yers Day the Kyng rewarded his Officers of Armez, as he ys yerly accustomed. Item, the Qwen gave them Forty Shillings. Item, my Ladye the Kings Moder twenty Shillings. Item, the Reverent Fader in God the Bishoppe of Excester Twenty Shillings. Item, th Erll of Derby Twenty Shillings. Item, th Erll of Essex 1 Noble. Item, the Erll of Urmond 2 Nobles. Item, the King's Chamberleyn Three Shillings. Item, the Lord Daubeny XL^{ti} S. And as of old accustomed, Garter King of Armes desired and besaut the King to ow them Thankyngs, and after cryed ther Largefs. On the XII Day the Ambassatours of Spayne dyned at the Kings Borde, and the Officers of Armes had ther Largefs, as the wer accustomed. This Cristmas I saw no Disgyfyngs, and but

but right few Pleyes ; but ther was an Abbot of Misrule that made much Sport, and did right well his Office. On the Morne the King roode to Waltham Forest a Hunting, and soon after with his Court came to Westmynster, and ther had his Consell ordeyned for such Matters and Tydings, as he had by Officers of Arms out of Fraunce, of Bretaynye, and Scotland, and oder his Maters ageynst the Parlements. Soon aughter returned the Bayly of Seyn Lys out of Fraunce. And on Candell Mafs Day, the King, the Qwen, my Ladye the Kings Moder, with the Substance of al the Lordes Temporell present at the Parlement, and grett Part alsoo of the Esprituell Lordis, wenten a Proceffion from the Chapell into the Hall, and soo into Westmynster Hall ; wiche Hallis and alsoo al the Kyngs Chambres wer that Day as richely beseen and hanged as ever I saw them. The riche Bed called Hewdykes Bed was hanged in the Kyngs Chambre. Th Erll of Oxynford, grett Chamberleyn of England, ber the Kyngs Taper, th Erll of Urmond, the Qwenys Chamberleyn, ber the Qwenys Taper, Sir William Knevett bere my Ladye the Kyngs Moders Taper, the Lord Lisle bere the Kyngs Swerd, the Lords Constable and Mareschall ber ther Staves of Office in Gownys of Clothe of Gold. Garter and Lion of Scotland Kyngs of Armes in ther Cootys weten next before them. The Archebishoppe of Yeorc accompeyned the Popes Cubiculer. Th' Erll of Shreuesbury accompeyned the Popes Collectour, and the Ambassatours of Fraunce. The Bishoppe of Ely and Sir Ric. Nanfant accompayned the Ambassatours of Castyll. Byfore them wer oder Bishoppes, as the Bishoppe of Norwiche the Lord Trezorer, and the Lord Stevard of the Kyngs Hous. Before them the Officers of Armes, as Heraudys, Sergentys at Armes, and Pursuivaunts, on every Side the Proceffyon. The Kyng was that Day in a riche Gowne of Purple, pirlid wythe Gold, furred wythe Sabuls. The Bishoppe of Excester, Prive Seall, dyd the Dyvyne Serwyce in Pontificalibus. Al thes Strangers dyned in the Court that Day, but not in Presence. At Nyght the King, the Qwene, and my Ladye the Kyngs Moder came into the Whitehall, and ther had a Pley, and after a Voyde, greatly acompened wythe th Erlls of Oxonford, Northumberland, Derby, and many oder Lords, Knyghts, Esquires, but no Strayngers. Anon affter, the Bayly of Sayn Lys returned, and the Ambassatours of Fraunce had soon ther Answer, wer right gretefully and largely rewarded, and well conduyt to the Sea Syde, by the Kyngs Amoner and Sir John Ryseley, Knyght. Soon after the Kyng sent a great Ambassad into Fraunce ; that ys to say, the Lord Prive Seall Bishopp of Exeter, th Erll of Urmond

Urmond the Qwenys Chamberleyn, and the Prior of Crystis Cherche of Canterbury. And on them wayted Yeorc the Herauld. The Abbott of Abyndon, and Harry Swan, and oder wer attaynt of Trefon in that Parlement, and Edward Franke, Harry Davy Tailleur of London, and
. wer beheded at the Tourhill. After Mydlent enfewyng, ther came to the Kyng, dyvers and many Ambassatours; that ys to say, a Legatt from the Pope, Ambassatours from the Kyng of Romyans. A grett and a solempe Ambassad from the Duchesse of Bretaynye; this ys to say, the Chanceler of Bretaynye, the Capeteyn of
William Gwillemet Seneschall of Gyngham, with oder. Item, oder Ambassatours from the Marefchall of Bretagne. Item, oder Ambassatours from the Town of Bruges. Item, Officers of Armes from the Kyng of Scottys. And al the aboveseyd Ambassatours the Kyng herd, and alsoo delyvered at Westmynster, in the Pashecyon Weke; and retourned to Shene ageyne, wher his Houshold lay.

THE FYANCELLS of *Margaret, eldest Daughter of King Henry VIIth to James King of Scotland: Together with her Departure from England, Journey into Scotland, her Reception and Marriage there, and the great Feasts held on that Account.*

Written by John Younge, Somerses Herald, who attended the said Princess on her Journey.

[From a Manuscript late in the Possession of John Anstis, Esquire, Garter King at Arms.]

ON St. Pauls Day in January in the Year of our Lord God 1502, in the Kings Royal Manor of Richmond, wer the Fyancells of the right Highe and Mighty and right Excellent Prince and Princess *James King of Scotts* and *Margaret* eldest Daughter of our Sovereigne Lord Henry the Seventh, by the Grace of God King of England and of Fraunce, and Lord of Ireland, as ensueth.

After long and deliberate Communication and Conclufioun had, accorded, and concluded betwene the Two Kings, theyr Councells, Ambassadours, and Commissioners, King Henry sent for the Substance of the Lords, both Spiritual and Temporall, that were neare to London, to be present at the said intended Solempnitye.

On St. Pauls Day aforesaide the King and Queen with their noble Children, except the Prince, heard High Masse, and after that a notable Sermon made by the Reverend Fader the Lorde Richard Fitz James, Bishop of Chichester, at wiche Tyme the saide King and Queen wer accompayned with

The Duke of York, the Kings Second Son,
 The Lady Mary, the Kings Second Daughter,
 The Popes Orator,
 Don Peter de Yaule, Embassador of Spayne,
 The Archbushop of Glasco }
 The Earle Bothwell } Ambassadors and Commiffi-
 The Elect of Murray . . . } oners of Scotland, with many
 The Embassador of Venice, called Messire Francisco de }
 Capello, Knight, } other Knights and Esquiers,
 A Gent. of the French Kings, called L'Esquier Poland,
 The Popes Collector, with diverse other Strangiers.

Lords

Lords Spirituall of this Realme.

The Lord Henry Den, Archbishop of Canterbury,
The Lord Thomas Savage, Archbishop of Yorke,
The Lord Rich. Fox, Bushop of Winchester,
The Lord John Arundell, Bushop of Chester,
The Lord Rich. Fitz James, Bishop of Rochester,
The Lord Rich. Nikk, Bishop of Norwiche.

Lords Temporall.

The Duke of Buckingham Edward,
The Marquis of Dorset Thomas,
The Earle of Arundell Thomas,
The Earle of Northumberland Henry,
The Earle of Derby Thomas, High Constable
of England,
The Earle of Surrey Thomas, Trezerer of Eng-
land
The Earle of Effex Henry,
The Earle of Ormond Thomas,
The Lord Maltravers,
The Lo. Strange,
The Lo. William of Devonshire,
The Lo. Howard,
The Lo. Dawbeney, the Kings Chamberlyn,
The Lo. Brooke, Steward of the Kings House,
The Lord of Bergavenny,
The Lo. Mountjoy,
The Lo. Dacre of the North,
The Lo. William of Suffolke,
The Lo. Lawarre,
Sir Thomas Stanly.

Ladyes.

The Lady Mary, the Kings Daughter,
The Duchesse of Norfolke,
The Lady Katheren the Q. Sister,
The Lady Marques of Dorset,
The Countes of Effex,
The Vicountesse Lisle,
The Lady Herberd,
The Lady Grey of Wilton,
The Lady Ann Percye,

The Lady Katherin Gourdon,
 The Lady of Burgavenny,
 The Lady Stourton,
 The Lady Dawbeney,
 The Lady Fitz Walter,
 The Lady Bray,
 The Lady Verney,
 The Lady Guildford,
 The Lady Capell,
 The Lady Petche.

Banneretts and Knights.

Sir Edward Stanley,
 Sir Richard Guilford,
 Sir Thomas Lovell,
 Sir Richard Lews,
 Sir David Owen,
 Sir Walter Hungerford,
 Sir John Wingfeild,
 Sir Thomas Brandon,
 Sir William Tyler,
 Sir Edward Hungerford,
 Sir John Longford,
 Sir Gyles a Bruges,
 Sir Edward Stanhop,
 Sir John Digby,
 Sir John Petche,
 Sir William Vampage,
 Sir Rauf Verney,
 Sir William Seymour,
 Sir Robert Litton,
 Sir John Hufe,
 Sir Rowland Veilevyle,
 Sir William Rede,
 Sir Richard Cholmeley,
 Sir Rich. Andeborough,
 Sir Henry Roos,
 Sir Robert Clifford,
 Sir Richard Carew,
 Sir John Rifeley,

Thus accompanied they proceeded from the Chappell to the Queenes great Chamber; and there the Earle of Surrey well and right fadly, with very good Maner, declared the Cause of that Assembly to all the Lords there present. That
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don Mr. Doctor Routhall, the Kings Secretary, read openly the Commicion of the foresaid Ambassatours. That finished a Chanon of Glasco, Mr. David Coningham, read the Popes Bulls of Dispensation for Consanguinity; or of any Affynity; or any Nonage. Then the Archbushop of Glasco asked the King, Whither his Grace knew any Impidiment on his Part, other then there was depensed withall? And of the Queene in likewise? After that of the Princeesse. When all Three answered that on their Behalfe there was none. Then the King's Grace demanded of them in likewise on their Behalfe, and for their Sovereigne Lord. And over that demanded of the Elect of Murrey, Whither it was the very Will and Mind of the King of Scotts, and full Entent, That the sayd Earle Bothwel should in his Name, assure the said Princeesse? Which he assured to be true. Then the Archbushop of Glasco demanded and spered the sayd Princeesse, Whither shee were content without Compulsion, and of her free Will? Then she answered, If it please my Lord and Father the King, and my Lady my Mother the Queene. Then the King shewed her, that it was his Will and Pleasure: And then shee had the Kinges and the Queenes Blessings. Then the Archbushop of Glasco red the Wordes of the Fyancells, furst to the Earle of Bothwel, after to the said Princeesse, as ensuyth:

I PATRICKE EARLE OF BOTHWEL, Procurator of the right Excellent, right High and mighty Prince JAMES BY THE GRACE OF GOD KING OF SCOTLAND, my Sovereigne Lord, having sufficient Authority, Power, and Commandment to contract Matrimony PER VERBA DE PRESENTI, in the Name of and for my said Sovereigne Lord, with thee MARGARET, the First begotten Daughter of the right Excellent, right High and mighty Prince and Princeesse Henry by the Grace of God King of England, and Elizabeth Queene of the same, as by the Procuratory of my said Sovereigne Lord, att this present Tyme openly read and published, more playnly appeares, by virtue of the same Procuratory, and as Procurator of my said Sovereigne Lord James King of Scotland, and in his Name and Behalfe, and by his speciall Comandement, contract Matrimony with thee Margaret, and take thee into and for the Wieffe and Spous of my said Sovereigne Lord James King of Scotland, and all uthir, for thee, as Procurator forsaid, forsakest, in duryng his and thyne Lyves naturall, and thereto as Procurator forsaid, I plight, and gives thee his Faythe and Truthe, by Power and Autoritie foresaid committed and given to mee.

I MAR-

I MARGARET, the First begotten Daughter of the right Excellent, right High and mighty Prince and Princeffe Henry by the Grace of God King of England, and Elizabeth Queene of the same, wittandly and of deliberate Mind, haveing 12 Yeares compleat in Age in the Moneth of November last be past, contract Matrimony with the right Excellent, right High and mighty Prince JAMES KING OF SCOTLAND, the Person of whome Patricke Earle of Bothwel is Procurator; and takes the said JAMES King of Scotland unto and for my Husband and Spouse, and all other for him forsake, during his and mine Lives naturall; and thereto I plight and gives to him, in your Person as Procurator asforaide, my Faith and Trewth.

That don, the Trompetters standing on the Leds at the Chamber End, blew upp, and the lowd Noife of Minstrells played, in the best and most joyfullest Manner.

The King went to his owne Chamber to Dynner, and had the said Archbushop of Glasco and the Earle of Bothwel att the upper End of his Table. The Elect of Murrey, the Bushop of Winchester, the Earles of Arondell and of Surrey att the other End of his Table.

Incontinently after the Fiancells were finished, the Queene tooke her Daughter the Q. of Scotts by the Hand, and dyned both at one Messe covered.

All the other Ambassadors, with the Archbushops of Canterbury and Yorke, in the Councell Chamber.

Att Afternoone the same Daye, there were the right notable Jufts in Hosting Harneys along the Tylt, by

The Marquis of Dorset

The Earle of Essex

The Lo. William of Devonshire

Sir John Petche

Sir John Nevill

Guilliam de La Ryver

Sir Rowland Veilvyle

John Carr

Charles Brandon

Reyne de Shezells

} On the one Part,

} On the other Side.

Which ran soo verelie well, that it was a great Pleasure to have seen them.

The Duke of Buckingham richly besein, his Horfe first trapped with a rich demy Trapper embrowdered with Castells, after changed his Horfe, and took another with richer Trapper of Blew and Crymson Velvet, with Garters and other his Badges of Needle Worke, and accompanied the

the said noble Justees, and made right goodly Gambades. And in his ryding Sadell, when all the other had justed, brake Three Speares on the Ground.

Then they went to Sopper, after wich was a notable Bankett.

On the Morne after that the King and the Qweene had foped, the Qween of Scotts came into the Queenes great Chamber and by the Voyce of the principall Officer of Armes there present gave Thankings to all those Noblemen, that had taken Paines and Charge to Just for her Sake, which full well and notable had accomplished the fame.

Rayne de Shezells and Charles Brandon had right well justed; John Carr better, and the Lo. William of Devonshire best: Wherefore the foresaid Queene of Scotts, by the Advice of the Ladyes of the Court, gave them Praise with Thankings.

Incontinent after the Pryfes were given, there was in the Hall a goodly Pageant, curiously wrought with Fenestrallis, having many Lights brenning in the same, in Manner of a Lantron, out of wich sortod divers Sortes of Morisks. Also a very goodly Disguising of Six Gentlemen and Six Gentlewomen, which danced divers Dances.

After which there was a notable Banquet or Voyde.

Item, the Earle Bothwel sent to the Officers of Armes, the Gowne of Cloth of Gold, that hee were when hee was fyanced in the Name of his Sovereigne Lord, and a C. Crownes.

On the Thursday after, there were Justs. First, Charles Brandon and Tremayle ran XIII Courfes. Charles broke ij Speares well, and Two better; and Tremayle broke Two Speares well, besides Atteynts.

After that Sir Rowland Veilvyle and Sir John Peatch ran with foe great square Speares, that it was wonder that any Horse might breake them, and att their First Course Sir John Petch brake his Speare.

Then Sir Royland sent for Two other greate Speares. And in the meane tyme Raine de Shazells and Tremaile ran other XIII Courfes. Raine brake Two Speares above the Charnell, and Tremaile brake on him iij Speares, and gave good Atteynts.

After the Two other great Speares were comen, which were of XII Inches of Compas largely, the foresayd Knights ran togeders. And at that ij Course Sir John Petch brake that great Speare in 3 Pieces, and bruifid the uper Part of the Gardebras of Sir Rowland, which was the best broken
Speare

Speare (both Horses standing, and the Knights well sitting) that I have seen.

Att Night there was a notable Soper.

After the sayd Soper, the King sent his Presents to the Archbushop of Glasco; that is to say, A Cubbord of

A Cupp of Gold covered,

Six great standing Potts of Silver pounced,

XXIII great Bowles of Silver, with their Covers,

A Bafon and a Ewer of Silver,

A Chafoir of Silver.

And another like Cubbard of great Valewe to the Earle of Bothwel.

Item, hee gave to the Elect of Murrey a standing Cupp of Gold, covered, and 1000 Crownes of Gold of the Solaille, in a goodly Bagg of Crymson Velvet, well garnished:

Item, his Grace gave Lyon King of Armes of Scotland, a Purse with a C. Crowns of Gold, and a Gowne of fyne Sattin.

Item, his Grace gave to diverse other Gentlemen of that Company, Gownes of Velvett, in full honourable Manner.

The Departure from England, &c.

TO the Exaltation of Noblesse shal be reherfed in thys littyll Treatys the Honor of the right noble Departinge owte of the Realme of Inglaund, of the right high and mighty, and the right excellent Princesse Margaret, by the Grace of God, Quene of Scotland. Also to th' Entent to comfort the Herts of Age for to here it, and to gyffe Couraige to the Yong to do thereafter in such Case to come: For sens the Hour of the said Departing, to the End of her Voyage, shal be written the Names of the Noblesse, after thyr Dignityz, Aftats, and Degrees, that in this conveying were ordeined. The Gentylls after thyr Byrth, and the Meaner after thyr Place, and so of the others that shal be, to th' Entent that Ichon in his Right may be worshiped: For such valiant Spyritys desire after ther Deservyng, to have thereof Lawe, since all ther Thoughts have ben to doe Things to the Pleasure of the King, and to the Honor of her Majesty. Wherfor of ther Gestys and Maners during the sayd Voyage, togeder with those of them that apon the Marchers of the Lordschips shal be founden, as well Spiritualls as Temporalls, thorough the said Realme of Inglaund, till the Comyng of the Intryng of the Realme of Scotland, and since after, of the Nobles Dyds that to the sayd Realme shal be doon, and of the Mettyngs in suche Forme ye shall knowe, unto the extreame Conclusion of the vary noble Mariage betwix the King of the Scotts and the sayd Quene. In Hop that the same bee concluded, made, and solempnized, to the Lawde of God, and of the two Realmes, and bee to the Pleasur of all Christyns.

The Yeaere of the Incarnation of our Lord God a Thousand Feyve hundreth and Three, the Twenty-seventh Day of Juyn, was transported out of his Manayr of Richemont, the right high, ryght myghty, and right excellent and most Chrystyn Prynce, Henry by the Grace of God, King of Inglaund and of Fraunce, Lord of Irlaund, the Seavynth of his Name, and in the xviiiith Yere of his Reyne, towards Coliweston, a Place of the right high and myghty Princesse my Lady his Mother, accompanied of the right excellent Princesse the sayd Margaret Quene of the Scotts, his first begotyn Daughter. And hee beeing att Coliweston the 8th Day of the Monneth of Jully followyng, gaffe hyr Licence, and made her to bee convayed vary noblely out of his sayd Realme; as more playnly shal be here folowynge remembred, toward the right high and mighty and right

excellent Prince Jamys, by the Grace of God, Kyng of Scotys, in following the good Luffe, fraternall Dilleccion, and Intelligence of Maryage betwix hym and the faide Quene.— The Holly Ghost, by his Grace, wyl maynteyn them in long Prosperitie.

First, in the said Conveying, was ordonned by the Kyng, for Principall, th' Erle of Surrey, Tresorer of Inglaund, varey nobely arayed, and all his Trayne. And also many Nobles, Lords, Knyghts, and Squyers in his Company, togeder with my Lady his Wyffe, accompaned of many Ladys and Gentyllwomen varey nobely arayed. Off the wich it was a fayre Syght, to the grette Joy of all Nobleffe, there to bee, to th' Ende of the Performatyon of the said Maryage, and after the said Mariage made and accomplished, they returned.

With the said Quene was deputed Sir Rawff Vernell, hyr the wich well and nobely excersed his Office in the sayd Voyage, accompayned of my Lady his Wyffe, of many Gentyllmen, Gentyllswomen, and others abidyng in Scotland, by the Space folowyng the good Plaifure of the Kyng.

Also for the Conveyng of the sayd Quene throowt Inglaund, ther was apoynted many grette Lords, Nobles, Knyghts, Ladyes, Squyers, Gentyllswomen, and oders, for to convay hyr fro Place to Place. Sum fourther thenne others, as they war ordonned by the Kyng, and sens to retorne ageyn.

In lykewys of the Nobles of the Countre, Governors of Townes, other Officers of the Lordschyps, Mayers, Sheryffes, Aldermen, Burgesses, and Citoyens of the goods Townes, thorough the witch she should passe, to make her all Honor and Reverence.

And after all this, of her Highness's Voyage thorough the Realme of Scotlaund, and of that witch shal be doon for the Recepcyon of her, schal be reherfed in lykewys.

From the sayd Coleweston departed the sayd Quene vary nobly accompaned, in fayre Order and Aray, of the sayd Lordes, Knights, Ladys, and others abouff sayd. Ther was in that Fellyship the Lords Marquis of Dorset, the Lord of Derby, Constable of Inglaund, and the Earl of Effex; the which conveyd her by the Space of one Mylle, and after they toke Licence in kissing her. And with them returned many Noblemen to the sayd Coleweston.

After was ordonned to convey her from the sayd Place unto Yorke, the Earle of Kent, the Lords of Strange, of Hastyngs, and of Willougby, varey nobly arayd and accompanyd

panyd of their Folks in Liveray and on Horses, richely in Apparayll ; of the wich Lords was a fayre Syght in all the Intryngs of good Townes. The sayd Lord of Halstyns did marveyllously weell an Horseback in steryng of his Horse.

Also ther was to convey her from the sayd Place unto York, the Reverend Father in God my Lord the Bisshop of Norwych, well accompayned and honnestly arayd.

In likewys there was in the Qwenys Company the Reverend Father in God my Lord the Bishop of Morrey, Embassador of the King of Scotts, well and honestly arayd, the wich thorough all the Voyage accompanied the sayd Quene.

The Qwene was richly drest, mounted upon a faire Palfrey, and before her rode Sir Davy Owen, during all the sayd Voyage, richly appoynted. Thre Fotemen wer allwayes by hyr varey honestly appoynted, and had in their Jaketts browdered Portecollis.

After her was conveyd in Hand by a Gentleman, one Palfrey vary richly drest, till that Sir Thomas Worteley came to hyr, the wich was ordonned Master of hyr Hors, and who from hensforth fullfilled the Office abouff sayde.

Next after was conveyd by two Fotemen arayd as the others, one varey riche Lytere borne by two faire Coursers varey nobly drest. In the wich Litere the sayd Qwene was borne in the Intryng of the goods Townes, or otherways to her good Playfur.

Then came the Ladyes mounted upon fayre Pallefrays. Many Sqyers before them, and non others. Of the wich was a fair Sight, and nobly they were besene.

Following came a Char richly drest, with sixe fayre Horsys leyd and conveyd by thre Men, in the wich were iiij Ladyes, lastinge the sayd Voyage.

After that, came others Gentylls Women of the sayd Ladyes, mounted upon Pallefrays well appoynted.

Among the sayd Lords and the Qwene, was in Order Johannes and his Compayne, the Menstrells of Musick, the Trompetts in disployed Banneres, in all the Departyngs of the Townes, and in the Intryng of that sam, playing on their Instruments to the Tym that she was past owt. The Officers of Armes in their Cotts, and the Sergants of Armes with their Masses, were continually with her, lasting the sayd Voyage.

After thym came the Master of the Horsys of the sayd Quene, with others Gentilmen ordonned to make Space, that more playnly the sayd Quene and her Compagney might bee better sene. And this was contynewyng the seyde Voyage.

As to such Company as rode behind the Ladies, it was was fayr for to se. Soe well mounted and honestly drest. Each one of the same in the Liverays of their Maisters, soe as they were had in Differences.

During the sayd Veyage, in the Morning departed the Caryage and the Sommers. Those of the sayd Quene covired with Covuryng whyt and grene, and the Armes of Scotlaund and of Inglaund halff perted with red Rosys and Portcollys crowned. And those of other Lords covired in Iykewyte, and upon the Covuryng their Armes. The wich Thyng was a fayr Syght, for varry noble was the Convayng.

From the feid Place of Colweston, the Quene touke hyr Way ryght to Grantham. Halfe Way before hyr came Sir Robert Dymock, Knight, Sheriff of the County of Lincoln, honestly accompayned of xxx Horses well arayd of his Liveray, and salved the Quene, holdyng a whyt Rod in his Haund, the wich hee bered before hyr, lastyng the sayd County of Lyncoln, as the other Sheriffs did here afterward in their Counties.

About foure Myles from Grauntham, the Alderman, accompanied with the Burgesses and Inhabitants of Grantham

in fayre Order, receyved hyr to the Number of ^{xx}iiij Horses honnestly appoynted, and conveyed her to the next Towne.

Without the sayd Towne, was in Processyon in fayr Order the Colledge of the sayd Place, and the Freres Mendicants, the wich received hyr in synging Laudes. And att the sayd Place lightyd of his Horse my Lord the Bishop of Norwich; the wich gaff her the Crossys for to kyffe. And thus was doon continually, lastyng the said Veyage thorough the Reyme of Inglaund, in all the Places wher she cam.

This doon she was brought with the sayd Compayne in fayr Aray to hyr Lodgyngs, that was with a Gentyman called Mr. Hioll.

Through all the goode Townes and Villages wher she past, all the Bells wer rong dayly. And by the Way cam the Habitants of the Countrey for to see the noble Company, bryngyng grette Vessells full of Drynk, and gyffing the same to them that Nedde had of it, saying, that if better they had had, better they should have brought.

The next Day after being Sounday, the 9th Day of the sayd Monneth of Jully, she abode all the Day in the sayd Towne of Grauntham.

The xth Day of the sayd Monneth, the sayd Quene departed from Grauntham, hyr Company in fayr Order, and the

the sayd Alderman, and wyth hym the Bourgeses and Habitants, conveyed hyr by the Space of 3 Mylles, and then tooke ther Lycence.

A Mille from Grauntham was femled the Compagny of Sheryf of the Countie of Lincoln, well drest, all on Horsebak to the Number of xxx Horsys, the wich wer presented by the sayd Sir Robert Dymock to the sayd Quene, for to do hyr Service, and conveyde hyr to Newerke.

To the wich Place, sche was receyved att thre Mylles from the Towne by the Bally, his Company ther abydyng together; also by Mr. William Perpoynt, Scheriff of Nothynhamshyre, having in his Fellowship Sir John Marcant, Sir John Duneham, Sir William Beron, Knights, and other Gentylnen and Squyers, accompayned of ther Folks well honnestly drest of ther Liverays, and horsed, to the Number of two hundreth Horsys, the wich convayd hyr tyll she was owt of the sayd Countie. And owt of the sayd Towne cam before hyr the Colledge, arayde rychly in Processyon.

Thys don, she entered within the said Towne in fayre Aray, so that yt was a fayr Thyng for to se the People togeder in the Stretts and Windowes of the Houfys; and she was lodged at the Hert.

The xiith Day of the sayd Monneth the sayd Quene departed from Newerke, hyr noble Trayne befor hyr from better to better rychly drest; and the sayd Bally, Bourges, and Habitaunts conveyed her out of their Franchises, and ther they toke ther Leve.

Thenn she toke her Way to Tuxford, at the wich Place cam to hyr the Vicarr and other Church Folks, revested according to the precedent Custume. For that Tym the Bishop of Morrey gaff her the Crosse for to kyffe, and so she was convayd to her Lodgyng att the Signe of the Crowne.

And ther was many honest Personnes, next Neybours of the said Place, all on Horseback, honnestly drest, for to se the sayd Quene, wyth many other Personages a Foot in grett Number; lykewys the next Morning att hyr departyng.

The xiith Day of the sayd Monneth departyd the sayd Quene from the sayd Place in the Manere precedente, and drew hyr Way ryght to Sirowsby (a Manayr of the Reverend Father in God my Lord the Archbyshop of Yorke) to her Bedd.

Thre Mylle from the sayd Place cam before hyr Sir Thomas Wortely before named, varey honnestly drest, and compayned of his Folks in his Liveray, well horsed, to the Number of xxv Horsys.

Also

Also ther cam Sir Gervays Clyfton, honnefly drest, and accompayned of his Folks arayd of hys Devyse, well mounted.

The xiiiiith Day of the said Monneth, she departed from the sayd Place accompayned as befor : And half a Myll thens cam befor hyr, Sir William Conyars, Scheryff of Yorkshire, very well drest, compayned of Sir William Skarguill, also well arayd. His Hois Harnays full of Campanes of Silver, and gylt. And ther was in ther Company many Gentylnen and oders, to the Nombre of 60 Horsys, well horsed, and honestly arayd, Ichon in the Liverays of their sayd Masters.

A Mylle from the sayd Place, the Sheryff of Nothynhamshyre toke hys Leve, and others of hys Felowshyp, and returned ageyn.

From thens she drew to Doncastre. And halfe Way came Sir Edward Savage, and with hym Sir Rauf Ryder, well appoynted, and the Folks of ther Liverays, to the Number of 60 Horsys, well mounted.

Without the said Doncastre was the Mayor, Aldermen, and Bowrgesses on Foot, the wich refayved the sayd Quene. Thys doon, in fayr Aray she entred within the said Towne, according to the precedent Custome, and was lodged in the Freres Carmes.

The xiiiith Day of the Monneth the Quene departed from the sayd Place, right noble accompaned, and the sayd Mayor, Aldermen, and Bourgeses were att the End of the Towne, without gowyng any fourther.

After that she drew to her Lodgyng at Pontfret, and feyve Mylle from thence cam to hyr Sir John Melton, well arayd, and with him eight Men well horsyd makyng Gambads. Also xiiii Horse well appoynted of his Liveray.

Fore Mylle nyer to the sayd Place cam Sir William Gaskyn, having in hys Company many Gentylnen of his Hous, and others, to the Number of 100 Horsys well apoynted of his Liveray.

Att two Mylle nyer to the sayd Place Sir John Savyll mett hyr, to the Number of xii Horsys well appoynted.

Item, many other noble Sqyers, and Gentilmen of Yorkshyre, well mounted and appoynted, and their Servants also cam to hyr.

Att the Intryng of the sayd Pontfret was the Mayor alone on Horback, with the Baylys, Bourges, and Habitants all a Foot, who refayved the sayd Quene as the other Precedents.

And ther was the College of the said Place, togeder with the Freres Jacobyns in Processyon, honnefly revested. This don,

don, after the Custome before, she entred within the sayd Towne in fayre Ordre. The wich Thing was very fayre for to se with muche People of the sayd Towne, and of the Contre thereabout.

In the Midds of the sayd Towne wer the Religyous of the Trinite revested, and the Offring hyr the Crosse for to kifs was done by the sayd Bisshop in such Manner as before.

And so shee past thorough the sayd Town, and thorough the Castell, to the Abbay. Wher th' Abbot in Pontificalls, and all the Convent att the Porte of the Church, revested, resayved her. The wiche kissed the Crosse, and entred within the sayd Church, where she maid her Prayers, and after went to her Lodginge within the sam Place for that Night.

The 15th Day of the sayd Monneth the Quene departed from Pontfret in faire Company, as at other Tymes before, the Mayor, Aldermen, Bourgeses, and Habitants conveying of her. And from thens she went to Dynner to Tadcaster.

Att the Partyng after Dynner cam to hyr my Lörd Latymer, and my Lady his Wyff, vary well apoynted, compayned of many Gentylnen and Gentylnwomen, to the Nombre of L Horses. Hys Folke arayd in his Liveray.

Out of the sayd Tadcaster cam the two Shriffs of the City of Yorke wellcomyng the Quene into ther Fraunchyses, in Company of many Officers of the Towne, and others, Bourges and Habitants well honnestly apoynted, and horst,

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to the Nombre of IIII Horsys. And two Mylle from the sayd Tadcaster cam to hyr the Lord Scroupp of Bolton, and the Lord Scroop of Upsal, his Sone, in Company of many Gentylnen well appoynted, and ther Folks, to the Nombre of xx Horsys of ther Liverays, well horfyd.

Fore Mylle from the sayd Towne mett the sayd Quene the Lady Conyars, nobly drest, and in hyr Company many Gentyllwomen and others honestly appoynted, to the Nombre of 60 Horsys.

Att two Mylle fro the sayd Cite cam toward the sayd Quene my Lord the Earle of Northumberland, well horst upon a fayr Corser, with a Foot Cloth to the Grounde of Cramfyn Velvett, all borded of Orfavery; his Armes vary rich in many Places uppon his Saddle and Harnays, his Sterrops gylt, hymselfe arayd of a Gowne of the said Cramfyn. At the Opnyngs of the Slyves and the Coller, a grètt Bordeur of Stones. His Boutts of Velvett blak, his Spours gylt, and in many Places he maid Gambads, plaisant for
to

to fee. Allwayes ny to him wer two Footemen. Ther Jackets of that sam as before to hys Devyses.

Before hym hee had 3 Hensmen rychly drest, and mounted upon fayr Horsys, their short Jakets of Orfavery, and the Harnays of the sayd Horsys of the same. After them rode the Maister of his Horse, arayd of his Liveray of Velvyt, monted upon a gentyll Horse, and Campanes of Silver and gylt, and held in his Haund an other fayr Corser. Of all Thyngs hys Harnays apoyntted as before is sayd.

Wyth hym in hys Company war many noble Knights; that is to weytt, Sir John Haftyngs, Sir John Penyn-ton, Sir Lancelot Thirlekeld, Sir Thomas Curwen, Sir John Normanville, Syre Robert of Aske, all Knyghts arayd of hys sayd Liveray of Velvet, with some Goldsmyth Marke, and grett Chaymes, and war well mounted. Some of ther Horse Harnes war full of Campanes, Sum of Gold and Silver, and the others of Sylver.

Also ther was hys Officer of Armes, named Northumberland Harault, arayd of his said Liveray of Velvet, berring hys Cotte, sens the mettyng tyll to hys Departyng, thorough all the Entryng and Yssue of good Townes and Citez.

Also other Gentylnen in such wys arayd of hys said Liveray. Same in Velvet, others in Damaske and Chamlett, and others in Cloth, well monted, to the Nombre of Thre hundreth Horsys.

A Mylle owte of the said Cite, the said Quene apoynted hyr in hyr Horse Litere, rychely besene, her Ladies and Gentilwomen ryght freshly arayd. All the Nobles, Lordes, Knyghts, Gentylnen, and others of her Company, wer apoynted in so good Manere and so ryche, that it was a goodly Sight for to beholde.

At the Entryng of the Soubarbes war the iiij Ordres of Mendicants in Processyon before hyr.

In the Stat as before, in fayr Ordre, she entred in the sayd Cite, Trompetts, Mynstrells, Sakebowtts, and High Wods retentyssynge, that was fayr for to here. Cottis of Armes open, ryche Masses in Haunds, Horsys of Desyr, and noble Herts delibered.

Within the sayd Cite ny to the Gatt my Lord Mayr, Syr John Guillott, Knyght, companyd of the Aldermen, all on Horseback and honnestly arayd in Gownys of Scarlatte, the sayd Mayr in Sattin Cramfyn, and good Channes and on ther Neks, relayved the said Quene varey mykely. And after, they rod before Hyr to the Mother Church, the sayd Mayre beryng hys Masse. Ny to them wer within the Streytt, on

Foote

Foote, and in good Ordre, the honnest Bourges and Habitaunts of the said Cite honnestly besene in ther best Aray. All the Wyndowes wer so full of Nobles, Ladyes, Gentywomen, Damfells, Bourgesys, and others, in so grett Multitude, that it was a fayr Sight for to se.

Thus it contynewd the Space of Too Houres, er she was conveyd to the Mother Church: Wher was the Reverend Fathers in God my Lord the Archbyshop of York, the Byshop of Durham, th Abbot of Saunte Marie, and the Soufragan in Pontificalls, with the Colledge togeder, revested of riche Coppes. Ny to the Founte was notably apoynted the Place wher the Crosse was; the wich shee kissed. And after, she went to the Hert of the Church, to make hyr Offrynge.

That doon, she was conveyd thorough the said Company to the Pallays, wher she was lodged: And so every Man withdrew him to hys Lodginge, to refresh: But it was grett Melodie for to here the Bells ryng thorough the Cite.

The next Day, that was Sondag XVith Day of the said Monneth, the said Quene remayned in the said Towne of York. At Ten of the Clok that Day she was conveyd to the Church, with the sayd Archbyshop, the Byshops of Durham, Morrey, aud Norrwysche, the Prelates before mentioned, and other honourable Folks of the Church, my Lord of Surrey, the Lord hyr Chammerlayn, and other Nobles, Knyghts, Squyers, and Gentywomen, and the said Mayre, Aldermen, and Scheryffes, to the Number of Two hundreth and more: With hyr wer Ladies and Gentywomen of hyr Company, and Straungers, to the Nombre of xl. And so was shee conveyd to the Church. It was a fair Syght for to see the Company so rychly apoynted.

Thus nobly was she conveyd into her Travers, wher before her was an Awter drest of many ryches and noble Jewells, and an hygh Awter in lykewyse. And ther she heard Masse in the mean tyme that the said Archbyshop maid hymselfe redy.

After the sayd Masse, begonne the Processyon generall, varey fayr. Ther war fyrst, the Crossys and the Colleges, vested of varey rych Copys. After them came the Souffragan, Subdyacon, the Abbot of Saunte Mary, Dyacon, the Crosse borne before the Archbyshop, and with him the Byshop of Durham, all in Pontificalls.

After them cam the following Lords rychly apoynted, the Lord Wylleby, Lord Scroup and hys Son, the Lord Latymer, the Lords Haftyngs, th Erle of Kent and hys Son, the Lord Straunge, th Erle of Northumberland, the Byshops of

Morray and of Norrwych, the Lord Maire, th' Erle of Surrey, the Lord Chamberlayn, the Officers of Armes, and the Sergeants.

Then cam the Quene rychly arayde in a Gowne of Cloth of Gold, a ryche Coller of precyouses Stones, and a Gyrdle wrought of fin Gold haunting don to the Yerth. The Countesse of Surrey bare her Trayne, a Gentleman Huyscher helpyng her. After hyr cam the Ladyes and Gentywomen as before, varey rychly drest in goodly Gownys, grett Collers, grett Chaynes, Gyrdles of Gold, and other Richeffes.

After hyr followed the Nobles, Knyghts, Gentylnen, and Squyers, in fayr Aray, honnestly apoynted, having grett Chaynes upon them. The said Church was so full of honnestly Personnes, Ladyes, and Gentywomen of the said Towne, and many other People, in so grett Nombre, that it would be impossible for them to be nombred. But so good Ordre there was, that none Cry, ne Noyse was maid.

The Erle of Northumberland was arayd of a varey ryche Gowne of Cloth of Gold. Hys Thre Gentylnen of Honor wer drest with longe Jakets full of Orfavery, very rychly wrought with hys Devyses, as wer likewys hys Folks.

After the Proceffyon doon, begonne the Hygh Masse by the said Archbyshop, the wich was stalled, as the Custome is to do. In Company of hym wer the said Abbot and Souffragan, with others honorable Personnes of the Church, and they sange the Servyce of the said Masse, in the Chappelle of my said Lord of Northumberlaund, with much Solemnity.

At the Hour of the Offretory, the said Quene was brought to the Offrynge in the Prefence of the said Prelats, Lords, and others, Knyghts, Squyers, and Gentylnen. And whenne sche had offred she retourned agayn. Then every Man went agayn in hys Place as before, and the said Erle of Surrey gaffe to hyr hyr Offryng.

The Masse doon, the Quene was by the said Company precedente, in fayr Aray and Ordre, brought ageyn to the Pallays. And within the grett Chammer, was presented before hyr my Lady the Countesse of Northumberlaund, well accompanyd of many Knyghts and Gentylnen, Ladyes and Gentywomen, the Quene kyssyng hyr in the Welcomyng. And as soon as sche was com in hyr Chammer, she begonne to dynne. Trompetts and other Instruments rang to the Auncyenne Manere, lastyng the said Dynner.

The said Archbyshop held open Hows, in makyng good Cher to all comyng togeder. My Lord the Mayre and the

Scheryffs did so, as I raporte me to them that was ther present.

The xviiiith Day of the said Monneth, the said Qwene departed from the said Cite of Yorke in varey fayre Company and Ordre rychely apoynted, the said Archbyschop and Byschopps before said, the said Lord the Maire, Scheryffs, Aldermen attending on hyr. The Streyetts and the Wyndowes wer so full of People that it was a fayr Thyng for to se.

Without the said Cité the said Lord Mayre and hys Company toke Licence, and fourther more dyd the Lords, the Byschop of Norwych, of Kent, of Straunge, Haftyns, and Willeby. And many others mor Knyghts and Gentylnen went with them ageyn.

This doon, she tooke hyr Way to Newbrough; at the Priore of the wich Place shewas receyved by the said Prior and Religyous, honnestly revested, with the Crosse at the Gatt of the Church.

The xviiiith Day of the Monneth the said Quene departed fro the said Newbrough, to Allerton; and at the Intrynge of the said Place, sche was receyved by the Vicayr and Folks of the Church with the Freres Carmelits in Proceffyon, and the Byschop Morray did as before. From that Place she was conveyd, as Custome was, to the Manayr of the said Bisschop of Durham.

The xixth Day of the said Monneth the Qwene departed from Allerton, in fayr Aray and noble Companyd; and Syr James Straungwysch, Knyght, Sheryff of the said Lordschyp for the said Byschop, mett hyr welle accompanyd.

After sche drew to Darneton, to hyr Bed. And Thre Mylle from the said Place cam to hyr the Lord Lomley and hys Son, accompanyd of many Gentylnen and others, well apoynted. Ther Folks arayd with their Liveray, and well monted, to

the Nombre of ^{xx}iiij Horsys.

At the Village of Hexham she was mett by Sir Rawf Bowes and Syre William Aylton, well appointed, with a fayr Company arayd in their Liverays, to the Nombre of xl Horsys, well apoynted and well horst.

In the said Place of Hexham was the said Queen receyved with the Abbasse and Religyouses, with the Crosse without the Gatt. And the Byschop of Durham gaffe hyr the sayd Crosse for to kisse.

At Two Mylle ny to the said Towne of Darneton, mett the Qwene, Syr William Boummer, Sheriff of the Lordship of Durham. In Company with hym was Syr William Ewers, and many other Folks of Honor of that Contre, in fayr Or-

dre, well appoynted of Liverays, and horst; to the Nombre of Six score Horfys.

By the said Company was sche conveyde to Darnton. And at the Gatt of the Church of the said Place, war revested the Vicayr and Folks of the Church, wer doing as sche had done on the Dayes before, sche was led to the Manayer of the said Byschop of Durham, for that Nyght.

The xxth Day of the said Monneth the Quene departed from Darnton in fayr Aray, and with the precedente Company went to the Town of Durham. A Mylle out of the said Towne, cam before hyr Syr Richard Stanley and my Lady his Wyffe, accompanyd of Gentlemen and Gentlewomen varey well appoynted, hys Folks arayd in hys Livery, to the Nombre of L. Horfys, well mounted.

Then the Quene prepared hyrselke to enter into the said Towne, and every ychon in lyk wys, in fayr Aray, and rychely, after the Manere acostomed. In specyall th Erle of Northumberlaund ware on a goodly Gowne of Tynfill, fourred with Hermynes. He was mounted upon a fayr Courser, hys Harnays of Goldfmyth Waike, and thorough that sam was sawen small Bells that maid a mellodyous Noyse, without sparing Gambads. Hys Gentylnen of Honor and hys Company wer well appoynted.

At the Intryng of the said Towne, and within, in the Streytts and in the Wyndowes was so innumerable People, that it was a fayr Thing for to se. And in fayr Ordre she was conveyd to the Church, the Officers of Armes, Sergeants of Armes, Trompetts, and Mynstrells going before her.

At the Gatt of the Church was my Lord the Byschop of the sayd Place, and my Lord the Prior, revested in Pontificalls, with the Convent all revested of ryches Copps, in Processyon, with the Crossys. And ther was apoynted a Place for to kisse them.

Then the sayd Processyon departed in Ordre, and all the Noblesse in lyke wys, to the Church, in whiche ny to the Fount was a ryche Awter, adorned of ryches Jewells and precyowfes Relikes, the wiche the said Bisshop delivered to the said Quene to kifs. And by the Erle of Surrey was gyffyn hyr Offrynge. After this sche was noble conveyd to the Castell, wher her Lodging was prepared and drest honnestly. And every ychon retourned agayn to hys Repayre.

The xxist, xxiiid, and xxiiiiid Days of the said Monneth sche sejournd in the said Place of Durham, wher sche was well cherysht, and hyr Costs borne by the said Byschop; who on the xxiiiiid Day held holle Hall, and dowble Dynner, and dowble Soupper to all Commers worthy for to be ther.

ther. And in the said Hall was sett all the Noblesse, as well Spiritualls as Temporalls, grett and small, the wich was welcome; for this was hys Day of Installacyon.

The **xxiiii**th Day of the said Monneth the Qwene departed from Durham, acompayned of hyr noble Company, as she had beene in the Dayes past, in fayr Manere and good Ordre, for to com to the Towne of the New Castell. Thre Mylle fore thens came to her the Prior of Tynemouth, well apoynted, and in hys Company xxx Horsys. Hys Folks in hys Liveray. And ther was in lyk wys Syr Rawff Harbotell Knyght, richly apoynted, well mounted, and hys Folks in hys Liveray to the Nombre of xl Horsys.

At the Intrynge of the said Towne of New Castell, the Qwene apoynted hyr, and intred in noble Astat. Ich Lord and others tuke newe Horsys rychly apoynted, in special th' Erle of Northumberland, as in the Manere of the Entryng of York, and hys Folks in lyke wys.

Upon the Bryge cam in Processyon rychly revested the Colledge of the said Towne, and with them the Freres Carmelets and Jacobins with the Crossys, the wich war gyffen to the sayd Qwene to kyffe, as before, by the Archbyschop.

After them was the Mayr of the said Towne, acompayned of the Scheryffes and Aldermen, well apoynted, on Foot. The wich receyved the said Qwene honorably: And after the Receyvyng the said Mayr monted on Horseback, beryng his Masse before hyr.

At the Bryge End, upon the Gatt, war many Children, revested of Surpeliz, syngyng mellodiously Hymnes, and playing on Instruments of many Sortes.

Within the said Towne, by Ordre, the Bourges and Habitaunts war honnestly apoynted. The Streytts were hanged, and the Wyndow Loupps, Topps, and Schipps war so full of People, Gentylnen and Gentylnwomen, in so grett Nombre that it was a Playfur for to se. But they maid non Sound of Artyllery and Ordinance.

In such Statt and fayr Aray was the said Qwene brought and conveyd to the Freres Austyns, wher she was lodged, and honestly receyved by thos revested with the Crosse, in the Manere as it is reherfed before. And when she was brought to hyr Lodgyng every Men drew hym to hys awn.

The next Day after, being the **xxv**th Day of the said Monneth, Saunt Jamys Day, she abode all the Day in the said Town, and was at the Church Masse, varey nobly acompayned.

That sam Day, at Even, th' Erle of Northumbrelaund made, to many Lords, Knights, and others, a goodely Bauncket, which lasted to Mydnyght, for Cause of the Games,
Daunces,

Daunces, Sports, and Songs, with Force of Ypocras, Succres, and other Metts of many delicyoufes Maners.

To the said New Castell cam the Lord Dacre of the North, acompayned of many Gentylnen, honestly apoynted, and hys Folks arayd in his Liveray.

The xxvith Day of the said Monneth the said Qwene departed from the said Place, after the Custome precedent, varey richly and in fayr Aray. And the sayd Mayr conveyd hyr out of the said Towne, and after tuke Lyve of hyr.

Haff a Mylle owt of the said Towne was Syr Humfrey Lyfle and the Prior of Bryngburn, well apoynted and well horst, to the Nombre of xx Horfys. Their Folks arayd of their Liveray. And a Mylle from the said Towne was in Ordre the Scheryffe of Northumberlaund, Syr Rawff Evers, in Company of many other Gentylnen, varey well appoynted, their Folks clothed in their Liveray, well monted. And with them wer many honests Folks of the Countre, with Spers and Bowes, in jackets, to the Nombre of Two hondreth Horfys.

With the sam fayr Company was the said Qwene conveyd to Morpath, and by the Towne passed in fayr Ordre, wher ther was much People; and so she went to the Abbay, where sche was well receyved by th Abbot and Religyous re-vested, at the Gatt of the Church, with the Crosse. And after the Receyvyng she was conveyd to her Lodgyngs in the said Place for that sam Nyght.

The xxvijth Day of the said Monneth the Qwene departed from Morpath, after the Custom before, to goo to Alnewyk, a Place of th Erle of Northumbelaund. And in Half of the Way cam before hyr, Maister Henry Gray Esquier, well appointed. In hys Company many other Gentilmen, and hys Folks well monted and arayd in hys Liveray, to the Nombre of a Hundreth Horfys.

Two Mylle from the sayd Place, the said Erle cam and mett hyr, well acompayned, and brought hyr thorough hys Park, wher she kylde a Buk with her Bow. After which she was conveyde to the said Castell, where sche and hyr Company was welcomed by the said Lorde, the wich maid hyr varey good Chere.

The next Day, the xxvijth Day of the said Monneth, she was all the holl Day in the said Castell, and by the Lord well cheryst, and hyr Company.

The xxixth Day of the sayd Monneth the said Qwene departed from Alnewyk, for to go for Barrwyk, and at Half of the Way, named Belleford, she bayted. For Syr Thomas Darcy,

Darcy, Capittayne of the said Barrwicke, had maid rady hyr Dynner at the said Place very well and honnestly.

For that the said Maister Henry Grays abouffe named is Sheryffe of Elliaund Shyre and Northumberland Shyre, he bore his Rod before the said Qwene, fens the Entryng of the said Lordschips, to Barrwyk.

Betwyx Alnewyk and Barrwyk cam to the Qwene Maister Rawff Wodryngton, having in hys Company many Gentylen well apoynted. His Folks arayd in Liveray, well horsed, to the Number of an hundreth Horsys.

At the Comyng ny to Barrwyk was shot Ordonnounce, the wiche was fayr for to here. And ny to the sayd Place the Qwene drest hyr. And Ichon in fair Aray, went the on after the other in fayr Ordre.

At the Entryng of the Bryge was the said Capitaine well apoynted, and in hys Company hys Gentylen and Men of Armes, who receyved the said Qwene into the said Place.

At the tother End of the Bryge toward the Gatt, was the Maister Marshall compayned of hys Company, Ichon bearing a Staffe in hys Haund.

After hym was the Colledge revested with the Crosse, the wiche was gyffen hyr for to kyffe by th Archbisshop as before.

At the Gatt of the said Towne was the Maister Porter, with the Gard and Soyars ^a of the said Place, in a Row well apoynted. Ichon of those had an Hallebarde or other Staffe in his Haund, as the others. And upon the said Gatt war the Mynstraylls of the sayd Capitayn, playng of their Instruments.

In the Midds of the said Town was the Maistre Chamberlayn, and the Mayre, acompayned of the Bourges and Habitaunts of the said Place, in fayre Ordre, and well apoynted.

In such fayr Ordre and Company she was conveyd and brought to the Castell, wher she was receyved by the Lady D'arcy honnestly accompayned.

The xxx and xxxith Days of the said Monneth, the Qwene tarried at Barrwyk, where she had grett Chere of the said Cappitayne of Barrwyk, and hyr Company in lykewys. That sam Day was by the said Cappiteyne, to the Pleasur of the said Qwene, gyffen Corfes of Chasse within the said Town, with other Sports of Bayrs and of Doggs togeder.

The First Day of August the Qwene departed fro Barwick for to go to Lambertoukerke in varrey fair Company, and well apoynted.

^a So the Original.

First, of the said Archbyschops and Bischops, th Erles of Surrey and of Northumberlaund, the Lord Dacres, the Lord Scroop and hys Son, the Lord Gray, the Lord Latemer, the Lord Chamberlain, Maister Polle, and other Nobles and Knyghts. The young Gentylnen wer well apoynted at their Devises, and ther was foomuch of Cloth of Gold, as of other ryche Rayments. Their Horsys fryfks in Harnays of the Selve: And apon thos Orfavery, sum others had Campanes gylt, the others Campanes of Sylver. Gambads at Plafur, that it was a fayr Thyng for to se.

The sayd Erle of Northumberlaund was varey well mounted, hys Horfe rychly apoynted, hys Harnays of Gold in Brodeux, hymselfe in a Jakette betten of Gold, well wrought in Goldsmith Werke, and Brodery, and in a Cloke of Purple borded of Cloth of Gold. Hys Hensmen apoynted as before mentioned. Incontinently before hym rode the Maister of his Horfe, conveying the sam thre Hensmen arayd in Jaketts all of Orfavery and Brodery, and ther Harnays of their Horsys in such wys of Orfavery and Brodery, full of small Bells that maid a grett Noyse. After thos cam a Gentylman ledyng in hys Haund a Corser covered to the Grownde of a varey rych Trapure betten of Gold of Orfavery and Brodery in Oraunge. And ichon of the sam a gren Tre in the Manere of a Pyne, and maid the said Lord Pannades, and they weyited varey honestly.

After cam the said Qwene varey rychly arayde and enorned with Gold and precyous Stones, setting in hyr Lytere rychly apoynted. Her Fotemen alwayes ny to hyr well apoynted. Hyr Pallefrey folowyng after hyr well apoynted, led by Syre Thomas Worteley, Maister of hyr Horfe. After hyr, Ladyes and Gentylnen varey nobly and richly apoynted, and monted apon fayre Pallefreys, and their Harnays ryche in Appareyll.

After cam hyr Char rychly apoynted, fournyfched of Ladyes and Gentylwomen well apoynted, and after that, sum other Gentylwomen on Horfebak honorably apoynted.

The sayd Cappitayne of Barrwyk, and my Lady hys Wyffe, acompayned of many Gentylnen and Gentylwomen rychly arayd, and clothed of a Liveray, went with the said Qwene to Edenburghe.

Before the said Qwene war by Ordre, Johannes and hys Company, and Henry Glascebery and hys Company, the Trompetts, Officers of Armes, and Sergeants of Masse, so that at the Departyng owt of the said Barrwyk, and at hyr Bedward at Lambertoukerke, it was a Joy for to see and here.

In such Stat and Aray the said Qwene cam out of Barrwyk. Ichon by Ordre, the Lordes and Nobles three and thre togeder, to the said Lambertoukerke, and the Company behind well apoynted and in fayr Aray, that it was estimed that ther war of the Parte of the said Qwene xvij C. or two M. Horsys all well apoynted.

At the Comyng ny to Lambertoukerke, ther was for to receyve hyr of the Parte of the Kinge of Scotts, the Ryght Reverend Father in God my Lord the Archbisshop of Glasco, and the Counte, both well acompayned with many Lordes, Knyghts, Gentylnen, and Squyers, honestly apoynted, with Jaketts alonly of Velvet, of Damaske, and of Chamlett, and war all a Foot in Ordre, with grett Multitude of People apoynted, and mounted after the Manere of the Countre, of Jakets. Sum had theyr Armes armed apou theyr Jackets. My Lord the Bisshop of Morrey strongly did his Devor at the Semlyng of the two Partes. And ther war fyve Trompets or Claryons of the said Kinge, that blew at the Comyng of the said Qwene. The wiche Mellodye was good to here and to se.

Before the said Scottysmen passed the Lords, Knyghts, and Gentlemen, makyng Gambaudes to the grett Gcwre. And when the Qwene was come, the said Byschop of Morrey, the said Archbishop, and the said Counte avaunced toward hyr, and they knellyng downe to the Grownde, mayd the Receyvinge. Ther war in Presence, th Arch Bisshop of York, the Bisshop of Durham, and th Erle of Surrey. After thys, sche was brought to the Pavyllon ordonned for Recreacyon, and ny to that sam, sche was helped downe, and kyssed of the sayd Lordes, and by them she was brought to the Pavyllon, wher no body entred, except the Lordes and Ladyes: And within the sam was a Lady of the Countre clothed with Scarlatte, with Gentylwomen apoynted after ther Gyse, who had brought sum new Fruytts.

Ny to that sam Pavyllon war other thre. The one for the Pannetry, the tother for the Boutry, the tother for the Kytchin; and ther ichon delibered hymselfe to make good Chere and Drynk. For ther was Plante of Bred and Wyne, that ichon was countente.

After the Receyvynge doon, ichon putte hymselfe ageyn in Ordre, and the Qwene monted on Horsebak. The said Lord of Northumberlaund maid his Devor at the Departynge, of Gambads and Lepps, as did likewise the Lord Scrop the Father, and many others that retorned ageyn, in takynge ther Congie. And of the Companie abydyng, the Qwene was conveyed to hyr Lodgyng at Fast Castell, wher

to see. Allwayes ny to him wer two Fote^men. Ther Jackets of that sam as before to hys Devyses.

Before hym hee had 3 Hensmen rychly drest, and mounted upon fayr Horsys, their short Jakets of Orfavery, and the Harnays of the sayd Horsys of the same. After them rode the Maister of his Horfe, arayd of his Liveray of Velvyt, monted upon a gentyll Horfe, and Campanes of Silver and gylt, and held in his Haund an other fayr Corfer. Of all Thyngs hys Harnays apoyntted as before is sayd.

Wyth hym in hys Company war many noble Knights; that is to weytt, Sir John Hastyngs, Sir John Penynton, Sir Lancelot Thirlekeld, Sir Thomas Curwen, Sir John Normanville, Syre Robert of Aske, all Knyghts arayd of hys sayd Liveray of Velvet, with some Goldsmyth Marke, and grett Chaymes, and war well mounted. Some of ther Horfe Harnes war full of Campanes, Sum of Gold and Silver, and the others of Sylver.

Also ther was hys Officer of Armes, named Northumberland Harault, arayd of his said Liveray of Velvet, berring hys Cotte, fens the mettyng tyll to hys Departyng, thorough all the Entryng and Yssue of good Townes and Citez.

Also other Gentylnen in such wys arayd of hys said Liveray. Same in Velvet, others in Damaske and Chamlett, and others in Cloth, well monted, to the Nombre of Thre hundreth Horsys.

A Mylle owte of the said Cite, the said Quene apoynted hyr in hyr Horfe Litere, rychely besene, her Ladies and Gentilwomen ryght freshly arayd. All the Nobles, Lordes, Knyghts, Gentylnen, and others of her Company, wer apoynted in so good Manere and so ryche, that it was a goodly Sight for to beholde.

At the Entryng of the Soubarbes war the iiij Ordres of Mendicants in Processyon before hyr.

In the Stat as before, in fayr Ordre, she entred in the sayd Cite, Trompetts, Mynstrells, Sakebowtts, and High Wods retentyssyng, that was fayr for to here. Cottis of Armes open, ryche Masses in Haunds, Horsys of Desyr, and noble Herts delibered.

Within the sayd Cite ny to the Gatt my Lord Mayr, Syr John Guillott, Knyght, companyd of the Aldermen, all on Horseback and honnestly arayd in Gownys of Scarlatte, the sayd Mayr in Sattin Cramsyn, and good Channes and on ther Neks, refayved the said Quene varey mykely. And after, they rod before Hyr to the Mother Church, the sayd Mayre beryng hys Masse. Ny to them wer within the Streytt, on

Foote

Foote, and in good Ordre, the honnest Bourges and Habitaunts of the said Cite honnestly befene in ther best Aray. All the Wyndowes wer so full of Nobles, Ladyes, Gentyll-women, Damsells, Bourgesys, and others, in so grett Multitude, that it was a fayr Sight for to se.

Thus it contynewd the Space of Too Houres, er she was conveyd to the Mother Church: Wher was the Reverend Fathers in God my Lord the Archbyschop of York, the Byschop of Durham, th Abbot of Saunte Marie, and the Soufragan in Pontificalls, with the Colledge togeder, revested of riche Coppes. Ny to the Founte was notably apoynted the Place wher the Crosse was; the wich shee kissed. And after, she went to the Hert of the Church, to make hyr Offrynge.

That doon, she was conveyd thorough the said Company to the Pallays, wher she was lodged: And so every Man withdrew him to hys Lodginge, to refresh: But it was grett Melodie for to here the Bells ryngge thorough the Cite.

The next Day, that was Sondag XVith Day of the said Monneth, the said Quene remayned in the said Towne of York. At Ten of the Clok that Day she was conveyed to the Church, with the sayd Archbyschop, the Byschops of Durham, Morrey, aud Norrwysche, the Prelates before mentioned, and other honourable Folks of the Church, my Lord of Surrey, the Lord hyr Chammerlayn, and other Nobles, Knyghts, Squyers, and Gentyllmen, and the said Mayre, Aldermen, and Scheryffes, to the Number of Two hundreth and more: With hyr wer Ladies and Gentyllwomen of hyr Company, and Straungers, to the Nombre of xl. And so was shee conveyed to the Church. It was a fair Syght for to see the Company so rychly apoynted.

Thus nobly was she conveyd into her Travers, wher before her was an Awter drest of many ryches and noble Jewells, and an hygh Awter in lykewyse. And ther she heard Masse in the mean tyme that the said Archbyschop maid hymselfe redy.

After the sayd Masse, begonne the Processyon generall, varey fayr. Ther war fyrst, the Crosseys and the Colleges, vested of varey rych Copys. After them came the Souffragan, Subdyacon, the Abbot of Saunte Mary, Dyacon, the Crosse borne before the Archbyschop, and with him the Byschop of Durham, all in Pontificalls.

After them cam the following Lords rychly apoynted, the Lord Wylleby, Lord Scroup and hys Son, the Lord Latymer, the Lords Hastyngs, th Erle of Kent and hys Son, the Lord Straunge, th Erle of Northumberland, the Byschops of

Morray and of Norrwyche, the Lord Maire, th' Erle of Surrey, the Lord Chamberlayn, the Officers of Armes, and the Sergents.

Then cam the Quene rychly arayde in a Gowne of Cloth of Gold, a ryche Coller of precyouse Stones, and a Gyrdle wrought of fin Gold hauntyng don to the Yerth. The Countesse of Surrey bare her Trayne, a Gentleman Huyscher helpyng her. After hyr cam the Ladyes and Gentywomen as before, varey rychly drest in goodly Gownys, grett Collers, grett Chaynnes, Gyrdles of Gold, and other Richeffes.

After hyr followed the Nobles, Knyghts, Gentylnen, and Squyers, in fayr Aray, honnestly apoynted, having grett Chaynnes upon them. The said Church was so full of honnesty Personnes, Ladyes, and Gentywomen of the said Towne, and many other People, in so grett Nombre, that it would be impossible for them to be nombred. But so good Ordre there was, that none Cry, ne Noyse was maid.

The Erle of Northumberland was arayd of a varey ryche Gowne of Cloth of Gold. Hys Thre Gentylnen of Honor wer drest with longe Jakets full of Orfavery, very rychly wrought with hys Devyses, as wer likewys hys Folks.

After the Proceffyon doon, begonne the Hygh Masse by the said Archbyshop, the wich was stalled, as the Custome is to do. In Company of hym wer the said Abbot and Souffragan, with others honorable Personnes of the Church, and they fange the Servyce of the said Masse, in the Chappelle of my said Lord of Northumberlaund, with much Solemnity.

At the Hour of the Offretory, the said Quene was brought to the Offryng in the Presence of the said Prelats, Lords, and others, Knyghts, Squyers, and Gentylnen. And whenne sche had offred she returned agayn. Then every Man went agayn in hys Place as before, and the said Erle of Surrey gaffe to hyr hyr Offryng.

The Masse doon, the Quene was by the said Company precedente, in fayr Aray and Ordre, brought ageyn to the Pallays. And within the grett Chammer, was presented before hyr my Lady the Countesse of Northumberlaund, well accompanyd of many Knyghts and Gentylnen, Ladyes and Gentywomen, the Quene kyssyng hyr in the Welcomyng. And as soon as sche was com in hyr Chammer, she begonne to dynne. Trompetts and other Instruments rang to the Auncyenne Manere, lastyng the said Dynner.

The said Archbyshop held open Hows, in makyng good Cher to all comyng togeder. My Lord the Mayre and the

Scheryffs did so, as I raporte me to them that was ther present.

The xviiiith Day of the said Monneth, the said Qwene departed from the said Cite of Yorke in varey fayre Company and Ordre rychely apoynted, the said Archbyschop and Byschopps before said, the said Lord the Maire, Scheryffs, Aldermen attending on hyr. The Streyetts and the Wyndowes wer so full of People that it was a fayr Thyng for to fe.

Without the said Cité the said Lord Mayre and hys Company toke Licence, and fourther more dyd the Lords, the Byschop of Norwych, of Kent, of Straunge, Hastyns, and Willeby. And many others mor Knyghts and Gentylnen went with them ageyn.

This doon, she tooke hyr Way to Newbrough; at the Priore of the wich Place shewas receyved by the said Prior and Religyous, honnestly revested, with the Crosse at the Gatt of the Church.

The xviiiith Day of the Monneth the said Quene departed fro the said Newbrough, to Allerton; and at the Intrynge of the said Place, sche was receyved by the Vicayr and Folks of the Church with the Freres Carmelits in Proceffyon, and the Byschop Morray did as before. From that Place she was conveyd, as Custome was, to the Manayr of the said Bisschop of Durham.

The xixth Day of the said Monneth the Qwene departed from Allerton, in fayr Aray and noble Companyd; and Syr James Straungwysch, Knyght, Sheryff of the said Lordschyp for the said Byschop, mett hyr welle accompanyd.

After sche drew to Darneton, to hyr Bed. And Thre Mylle from the said Place cam to hyr the Lord Lomley and hys Son, accompanyd of many Gentylnen and others, well apoynted. Ther Folks arayd with their Liveray, and well monted, to

the Nombre of ^{xx}iiij Horsys.

At the Village of Hexham she was mett by Sir Rawf Bowes and Syre William Aylton, well appointed, with a fayr Company arayd in their Liverays, to the Nombre of xl Horsys, well apoynted and well horst.

In the said Place of Hexham was the said Queen receyved with the Abbasse and Religyouses, with the Crosse without the Gatt. And the Byschop of Durham gaffe hyr the sayd Crosse for to kisse.

At Two Mylle ny to the said Towne of Darneton, mett the Qwene, Syr William Boummer, Sheriff of the Lordship of Durham. In Company with hym was Syr William Ewers, and many other Folks of Honor of that Contre, in fayr Or-

dre, well appoynted of Liverays, and horst ; to the Nombre of Six score Horfys.

By the said Company was sचे conveyde to Darnton. And at the Gatt of the Church of the said Place, war revested the Vicayr and Folks of the Church, wer doing as sचे had done on the Dayes before, sचे was led to the Manayer of the said Byschop of Durham, for that Nyght.

The xxth Day of the said Monneth the Quene departed from Darnton in fayr Aray, and with the precedente Company went to the Town of Durham. A Mylle out of the said Towne, cam before hyr Syr Richard Stanley and my Lady his Wyffe, accompanyd of Gentlemen and Gentlewomen varey well appoynted, hys Folks arayd in hys Livery, to the Nombre of L. Horfys, well mounted.

Then the Quene prepared hyrselke to enter into the said Towne, and every ychon in lyk wys, in fayr Aray, and rychely, after the Manere acostomed. In specyall th Erle of Northumberlaund ware on a goodly Gowne of Tynfill, fourred with Hermynes. He was mounted upon a fayr Courser, hys Harnays of Goldsmyth Waike, and thorough that sam was sawen small Bells that maid a mellodyous Noyse, without sparing Gambads. Hys Gentylnen of Honor and hys Company wer well appoynted.

At the Intryng of the said Towne, and within, in the Streytts and in the Wyndowes was so innumerable People, that it was a fayr Thing for to se. And in fayr Ordre she was conveyd to the Church, the Officers of Armes, Sergeants of Armes, Trompetts, and Mynstrells going before her.

At the Gatt of the Church was my Lord the Byschop of the sayd Place, and my Lord the Prior, revested in Pontificalls, with the Convent all revested of ryches Copps, in Processyon, with the Crossys. And ther was apoynted a Place for to kisse them.

Then the sayd Processyon departed in Ordre, and all the Noblesse in lyke wys, to the Church, in whiche ny to the Fount was a ryche Awter, adorned of ryches Jewells and precyowfes Relikes, the wich the said Bisshop delivered to the said Quene to kifs. And by the Erle of Surrey was gyffyn hyr Offrynge. After this sचे was noble conveyd to the Castell, wher her Lodging was prepared and drest honnestly. And every ychon retourned agayn to hys Repayre.

The xxist, xxiid, and xxiiid Days of the said Monneth sचे sejournd in the said Place of Durham, wher sचे was well cherysht, and hyr Cofts borne by the said Byschop; who on the xxiiid Day held holle Hall, and dowble Dynner, and dowble Soupper to all Commers worthy for to be ther.

ther. And in the said Hall was sett all the Noblesse, as well Spiritualls as Temporalls, grett and small, the wich was welcome; for this was hys Day of Installacyon.

The xxiiiiith Day of the said Monneth the Qwene departed from Durham, acompayned of hyr noble Company, as she had beene in the Dayes past, in fayr Manere and good Ordre, for to com to the Towne of the New Castell. Thre Mylle fore thens came to her the Prior of Tynemouth, well apoynted, and in hys Company xxx Horsys. Hys Folks in hys Liveray. And ther was in lyk wys Syr Rawff Harbotell Knight, richly apoynted, well mounted, and hys Folks in hys Liveray to the Nombre of xl Horsys.

At the Intrynge of the said Towne of New Castell, the Qwene apoynted hyr, and intred in noble Astat. Ich Lord and others tuke newe Horsys rychly apoynted, in special th' Erle of Northumberland, as in the Manere of the Entryng of York, and hys Folks in lyke wys.

Upon the Bryge cam in Proceffyon rychly revested the College of the said Towne, and with them the Freres Carmelets and Jacobins with the Crossys, the wich war gyffen to the sayd Qwene to kyffe, as before, by the Archbyschop.

After them was the Mayr of the said Towne, acompayned of the Scheryffes and Aldermen, well apoynted, on Foot. The wich receyved the said Qwene honorably: And after the Receyvynge the said Mayr monted on Horseback, beryng his Masse before hyr.

At the Bryge End, upon the Gatt, war many Children, revested of Surpeliz, syngyng mellodiously Hymnes, and playing on Instruments of many Sortes.

Within the said Towne, by Ordre, the Bourges and Habitaunts war honnestly apoynted. The Streytts were hanged, and the Wyndow Loupps, Topps, and Schipps war so full of People, Gentylnen and Gentylnen, in so grett Nombre that it was a Playfur for to se. But they maid non Sound of Artyllery and Ordinance.

In such Statt and fayr Aray was the said Qwene brought and conveyd to the Freres Austyns, wher she was lodged, and honestly receyved by thos revested with the Crosse, in the Manere as it is reherfed before. And when she was brought to hyr Lodgyng every Men drew hym to hys awn.

The next Day after, being the xxvth Day of the said Monneth, Saunt Jamys Day, she abode all the Day in the said Town, and was at the Church Masse, varey nobly acompayned.

That sam Day, at Even, th' Erle of Northumbrelaund made, to many Lords, Knights, and others, a goodely Bauncket, which lasted to Mydnyght, for Cause of the Games,
Daunces,

Daunces, Sports, and Songs, with Force of Ypocras, Succres, and other Metts of many delicyoufes Maners.

To the said New Castell cam the Lord Dacre of the North, acompayned of many Gentylnen, honestly apoynted, and hys Folks arayd in his Liveray.

The xxvith Day of the said Monneth the said Qwene departed from the said Place, after the Custome precedent, varey richly and in fayr Aray. And the sayd Mayr conveyd hyr out of the said Towne, and after tuke Lyve of hyr.

Haff a Mylle owt of the said Towne was Syr Humfrey Lyfle and the Prior of Bryngburn, well apoynted and well horst, to the Nombre of xx Horsys. Their Folks arayd of their Liveray. And a Mylle from the said Towne was in Ordre the Scheryffe of Northumberlaund, Syr Rawff Evers, in Company of many other Gentylnen, varey well appoynted, their Folks clothed in their Liveray, well monted. And with them wer many honests Folks of the Countre, with Spers and Bowes, in jackets, to the Nombre of Two hondreth Horsys.

With the sam fayr Company was the said Qwene conveyd to Morpath, and by the Towne passed in fayr Ordre, wher ther was much People; and so she went to the Abbay, where sche was well receyved by th Abbot and Religyous re-vested, at the Gatt of the Church, with the Crosse. And after the Receyvyng she was conveyd to her Lodgyngs in the said Place for that sam Nyght.

The xxvijth Day of the said Monneth the Qwene departed from Morpath, after the Custom before, to goo to Alnewyk, a Place of th Erle of Northumbelaund. And in Half of the Way cam before hyr, Maister Henry Gray Esquier, well appointed. In hys Company many other Gentilmen, and hys Folks well monted and arayd in hys Liveray, to the Nombre of a Hundreth Horsys.

Two Mylle from the sayd Place, the said Erle cam and mett hyr, well acompayned, and brought hyr thorough hys Park, wher she kylde a Buk with her Bow. After which she was conveyde to the said Castell, where sche and hyr Company was welcomed by the said Lorde, the wich maid hyr varey good Chere.

The next Day, the xxviiijth Day of the said Monneth, she was all the holl Day in the said Castell, and by the Lord well cheryft, and hyr Company.

The xxixth Day of the sayd Monneth the said Qwene departed from Alnewyk, for to go for Barrwyk, and at Half of the Way, named Belleford, she bayted. For Syr Thomas Darcy,

Darcy, Capittayne of the said Barrwicke, had maid rady hyr Dynner at the said Place very well and honnestly.

For that the said Maister Henry Grays abouffe named is Sheryffe of Ellaund Shyre and Northumberland Shyre, he bore his Rod before the said Qwene, sens the Entryng of the said Lordschips, to Barrwyk.

Betwyx Alnewyk and Barrwyk cam to the Qwene Maister Rawff Wodryngton, having in hys Company many Gentylnen well appoynted. His Folks arayd in Liveray, well horfed, to the Number of an hundreth Horsys.

At the Comyng ny to Barrwyk was shot Ordonnounce, the wiche was fayr for to here. And ny to the sayd Place the Qwene drest hyr. And Ichon in fair Aray, went the on after the other in fayr Ordre.

At the Entryng of the Bryge was the said Capitaine well apoynted, and in hys Company hys Gentylnen and Men of Armes, who receyved the said Qwene into the said Place.

At the tother End of the Bryge toward the Gatt, was the Maister Marshall compayned of hys Company, Ichon bearing a Staffe in hys Haund.

After hym was the Colledge revested with the Crosse, the wiche was gyffen hyr for to kyffe by th Archbisshop as before.

At the Gatt of the said Towne was the Maister Porter, with the Gard and Soyars^a of the said Place, in a Row well apoynted. Ichon of those had an Hallebarde or other Staffe in his Haund, as the others. And upon the said Gatt war the Mynstraylls of the sayd Capitayn, playnge of their Instruments.

In the Midds of the said Town was the Maistre Chamberlayn, and the Mayre, acompayned of the Bourges and Habitaunts of the said Place, in fayre Ordre, and well apoynted.

In such fayr Ordre and Company she was conveyd and brought to the Castell, wher she was receyved by the Lady D'arcy honnestly acompayned.

The xxx and xxxiith Days of the said Monneth, the Qwene tarried at Barrwyk, wher she had grett Chere of the said Cappitayne of Barrwyk, and hyr Company in lykewys. That sam Day was by the said Cappiteyne, to the Pleasur of the said Qwene, gyffen Corfes of Chasse within the said Town, with other Sports of Bayrs and of Doggs togeder.

The First Day of August the Qwene departed fro Barwick for to go to Lambertoukerke in varrey fair Company, and well appoynted.

^a So the Original.

First, of the said Archbyschops and Bischops, th Erles of Surrey and of Northumberlaund, the Lord Dacres, the Lord Scroop and hys Son, the Lord Gray, the Lord Latermer, the Lord Chamberlain, Maister Polle, and other Nobles and Knyghts. The young Gentylnen wer well apoynted at their Devises, and ther was founmuch of Cloth of Gold, as of other ryche Rayments. Their Horsys frysk in Harnays of the Selfe: And upon thos Orfavery, sum others had Campanes gilt, the others Campanes of Sylver. Gambads at Plafur, that it was a fayr Thyng for to se.

The sayd Erle of Northumberlaund was varey well mounted, hys Horfe rychly appoynted, hys Harnays of Gold in Brodeux, hymselfe in a Jakette betten of Gold, well wrought in Goldsmith Werke, and Brodery, and in a Cloke of Purple borded of Cloth of Gold. Hys Hensmen appoynted as before mentioned. Incontinently before hym rode the Maister of his Horfe, conveying the sam thre Hensmen arayd in Jaketts all of Orfavery and Brodery, and ther Harnays of their Horsys in such wys of Orfavery and Brodery, full of small Bells that maid a grett Noyse. After thos cam a Gentylman ledyng in hys Haund a Corser covered to the Grownde of a varey rych Trapure betten of Gold of Orfavery and Brodery in Oraunge. And ichon of the sam a gren Tre in the Manere of a Pyne, and maid the said Lord Pannades, and they weyited varey honestly.

After cam the said Qwene varey rychly arayde and enorned with Gold and precyous Stones, setting in hyr Lytere rychly apoynted. Her Fotemen alwayes ny to hyr well apoynted. Hyr Pallefrey folowyng after hyr well apoynted, led by Syre Thomas Worteley, Maister of hyr Horfe. After hyr, Ladyes and Gentylnen varey nobly and richly apoynted, and monted upon fayre Pallefreys, and their Harnays ryche in Appareyll.

After cam hyr Char rychly apoynted, fournyfched of Ladyes and Gentylwomen well apoynted, and after that, sum other Gentylwomen on Horfebak honorably apoynted.

The sayd Cappitayne of Barrwyk, and my Lady hys Wyffe, acompayned of many Gentylnen and Gentylwomen rychly arayd, and clothed of a Liveray, went with the said Qwene to Edenburghe.

Before the said Qwene war by Ordre, Johannes and hys Company, and Henry Glascebery and hys Company, the Trompetts, Officers of Armes, and Sergeants of Masse, so that at the Departyng owt of the said Barrwyk, and at hyr Bedward at Lambertoukerke, it was a Joy for to see and here.

In such Stat and Aray the said Qwene cam out of Barrwyk. Ichon by Ordre, the Lordes and Nobles three and thre togeder, to the said Lambertoukerke, and the Company behind well apoynted and in fayr Aray, that it was estimed that ther war of the Parte of the said Qwene xvij C. or two M. Horsys all well apoynted.

At the Comyng ny to Lambertoukerke, ther was for to receyve hyr of the Parte of the Kinge of Scotts, the Ryght Reverend Father in God my Lord the Archbisshop of Glasco, and the Counte, both well acompayned with many Lordes, Knyghts, Gentylnen, and Squyers, honestly apoynted, with Jaketts alonly of Velvet, of Damaske, and of Chamlett, and war all a Foot in Ordre, with grett Multitude of People apoynted, and mounted after the Manere of the Countre, of Jakets. Sum had theyr Armes armed apon theyr Jackets. My Lord the Bisshop of Morrey strongly did his Devor at the Semlyng of the two Partes. And ther war fyve Trompets or Claryons of the said Kinge, that blew at the Comyng of the said Qwene. The wiche Mellodye was good to here and to se.

Before the said Scottysmen passed the Lords, Knyghts, and Gentlemen, makyng Gambaudes to the grett Gcwre. And when the Qwene was come, the said Byschop of Morrey, the said Archbishop, and the said Counte avaunced toward hyr, and they knellyng downe to the Grownde, mayd the Receyvinge. Ther war in Presence, th Arch Bisshop of York, the Bisshop of Durham, and th Erle of Surrey. After thys, sche was brought to the Pavyllon ordonned for Recreacyon, and ny to that sam, sche was helped downe, and kyssed of the sayd Lordes, and by them she was brought to the Pavyllon, wher no body entred, except the Lordes and Ladyes: And within the sam was a Lady of the Countre clothed with Scarlatte, with Gentylwomen apoynted after ther Gyse, who had brought sum new Fruytts.

Ny to that sam Pavyllon war other thre. The one for the Pannetry, the tother for the Boutry, the tother for the Kytchin; and ther ichon delibered hymselfe to make good Chere and Drynk. For ther was Plante of Bred and Wyne, that ichon was countente.

After the Receyvynge doon, ichon putte hymselfe ageyn in Ordre, and the Qwene monted on Horsbak. The said Lord of Northumberlaund maid his Devor at the Departynge, of Gambads and Lepps, as did likewise the Lord Scrop the Father, and many others that retorned ageyn, in takynge ther Congie. And of the Companie abydyng, the Qwene was conveyed to hyr Lodgyng at Fast Castell, wher

she was welcomd by the Lord of the said Place, and of the Ladie, Sufter of the said Byschop of Morrey.

The Company was lodged in the Abbay of Codyngham, and in the Towne, wher was ordonned Mett and Drynke for them, and also Liveray for ther Horsys, of Hay and Otts, ychon to hys Quantyte.

The Number of the Scotts at the Mettynge of the said Qwene war by Estimacyon a thousand Personnes, wherof ther myght be v C. Horsys of the thousand, of grett Prece and well apoynted. And of the Company passyng thorough with hyr to the Reyme of Scotland, war in Nombre betwixt v and vi C. well horsed and apoynted.

The ijd Day of the said Monneth the sayd Qwene departed from the said Fast Castle nobly appoynted and acompayned. And at the Departyng, they schott much Ordonnounce, and had varey good Chere, and foe that every Man was content.

The said Qwene, acompayned as before, drew her Way toward Hadington. And in passyng before Donbare, they schott Ordonnaunce for the Luffe of hyr. Shee was lodged for that sam Nyght in the Abbay of the Nonnes ny to Hadington, and hyr Company at the said Place. Wher in lyk wys was ordonned Provyfyon at the Gray Freres, as well for the Company as for the Horsys, as on the Day before.

And thorough the Countre in sum Places war made by Force, Wayes for the Cariage and th grett Quantyte of Peoplesembled for to se the said Qwene, bringing with them Plaunte of Drynke, for ychon that wold have of it, in payng therefore.

The iijd Day of the said Monneth the Quene departed from the said Abbay wher sche and her Company had grett Chere, and in fayr Aray and Ordre past thorough the said Towne of Hadington, wher sche was sen of the People in grett Myrthe. And from that sche passed to hyr Lodynge to Acquik.

Half a Mylle ny to the said Towne sche apoynted hyr rychly, and hyr Ladyes and Lordes, and others of hyr Company did the same, and in fayr Ordre entred into the Castell, wher cam before hyr without the Gatt the Lord of the said Place called the Counte of Morton, honnestly apoynted and acompayned of many Gentylnen in presentyng hyr the Kees of the said Castell. And she was wellcomed as Lady and Maistresse.

Betwyxt the two Gatts was the Lady Morton acompayned of Gentylnen and Ladyes. The wiche kneeled downe, and the said Qwene toke hyr up, and kyssed hyr, and so she was

was conveyd to hyr Chammer within the said Castell, the wiche was well ordonned and a strong Place.

After that sche was come and well apoynted, and also hyr Lordes, Ladyes, Knyghts, Gentylnen and Gentylwomen, the Kyng cam arayd of a Jakette of Cramfyn Velvet borded with Cloth of Gold. Hys Lewre behinde hys Bake, hys Beerde somthyng long, acompayned of the Right Reverend Father in God my Lord th Arch Bisshop of Saunte Andrews, Brother of the said Kyng, and Chaunceller of Scotlande, the Bisshop of Castenate, the Erls of Huntley, Argyle, and Lennox, and the Lord Hambleton, Cousin of the said Kyng, with many others, Lordes, Knyghtes, and Gentylnen, to the Nombre of LX Horsys.

The King was conveyd to the Qwenes Chamber, wher she mett hym at her grett Chamber Dore, right honorable acompayned. At the Mettyng he and she maid grett Reverences the one to the tother, his Hed being bare, and they kyssed togeder, and in lyk wys kyssed the Ladyes, and others also. And he in especiall welcomed th Erle of Surrey varey hertly.

Then the Quene and he went asyd and commoned togeder by long Space. She held good Manere, and he bare heded during the Tym, and many Courteysyes passed. Incontinēt was the Bord sett and served. They wasched their Haunds in humble Reverences, and after, sett them downe togeder, wher many good Devyses war reherfed.

After the Soupper they wasched ageyn, with the Reverences, Mynstrells begonne to blowe, wher daunced the Qwene, acompayned of my Lady of Surrey. This doon, the Kyng tuke Licence of hyr, for yt was latte, and he went to hys Bed at Edinborg varey well countent of so fayr Metting, and that hee had found the fayr Company togader.

At the Castell and Abbay of Newbottell, halfe a Mille thens, was ordonned Mett and Drynke by the Space of foure Dayes that she was ther, with Liveray of Horsys, as in the Places befor said.

The iiijth Day of the said Monneth the Qwene abode at the said Castell, the wiche had grett Fest. Att foure of the Clok, after Dynner, the Archbyschopes of Yorke and of Glasco, the Byshop of Durham, the Erle of Surrey, and th Erle Bothwell, acompayned of many others, Lordes, Knights, and Gentylnen, went to mett the Kyng, the wiche was commyng for to se the Qwene ageyn, and to comforte hyr of sum Losse that she had had the Nyght before, by Fortune of Fyer, of her Pallefreys.

The Kynge flynge as the Bird that fyks hyr Pray, tuke other Waye, and cam prively to the said Castell, and entred within the Chammer with a small Company, wher he founde the Qwene playinge at the Cardes. At the Entrynge, the Qwene avaunced hyr toward hym in receyvinge hym varey gladly, and of Good Wyll kyssyng hym, and after he gaffe Salut to the Ladyes and Company presente.

In Commonynge togeder, cam the sam Lordes here abouffe named, to whom the Kynge did Reverence, his Bonnett in hys Haund, in specyall to the Arch Byschop of York, and to the Byschop of Durham, in welcomynge them. After som Wordes reherfed betwyx them, the Mynstrells begonne to play a basse Daunce, the wiche was daunced by the said Qwene and the Countesse of Surrey.

After thys doon, thay playde a Rownde, the wiche was daunced by the Lorde Gray ledynge the said Qwene, acompayned of many Lordes, Ladyes, and Gentylwoemen. After was brought Wyn and Bred to the Kynge, the wiche tuke the Bred, and thereof served the said Qwene. Lykwys the Coupp of wiche he fyrst served hyr. And after all, the Company presente draunke also.

Incountynent the Kynge begonne before hyr to play of the Clarycordes, and after of the Lute, wiche pleasyd hyr varey much, and she had grett Plaifur to here hym.

Apon the said Clarycorde Sir Edward Stannely playd a Ballade, and sange therwith, wiche the Kynge commended right muche. And incountynent hee called a Gentylman of hys that colde synge well, and mayd them synge togeder, the wiche accorded varey well.

Afterward the said Sir Edward Stannely and two of hys Servaunts sange a Ballade or two, wherof the Kynge gave hym good Thauanke.

After all thysse Thyngs fullfyllled, the Kynge tuke Licence of the Qwene, and kyssed hyr, and also of all hyr noble Company, and went to hys Horse, on whom he did lepe, without puttynge the Fowt within the Sterrop. And the said Horse was a right fayr Courser, and incontynent the King spurred, follow who myght. He was arayd of a Jakette of blak Velvett borded of the Selfe, and the Lists of the said Bordeur wer of cramfyn Veluyt, fourred with whytt.

The Erle of Surrey, acompayned of many Lordes, Knyghts, and others, folowed after, the wiche when the Kinge knew, he torned schortly, barre heded, and cam toward th' Erle. And they rode a lityll togeder in Spekyng, and after th' Erle tuke Licence of hym, and returned ageyn.

The

The vth Day of the Monneth, at the Hour of Soupper, the Kynge cam to the said Castell, acompayned of the Byſchop of Caſtanatz, and of the Lord Roos, with other Lordes, Knyghts, and Gentylnen withoutt grett Nombre, and at Entrynge grett Reverences of Custom. The Qwene, wiche knowe hys Commynge, well acompayned, maid haſt toward hym in varey humble Courtaſy. And the one kyſſed the other, and after drew them aſyd for to commune, and after ſhe playd upon the Claricordys, and after of the Lute, hee beinge apon his Kne allwayes barr heded.

The Tables war then dreſt and ſerved, and they waiſched ther Haundes. The Kynge ſatt in the Chayre, and the Qwene abouffe hym, on hys ryght Haund. For becauſe the Stole of the Qwene was not for hyr Eaſe, he gaffe hyr the ſaid Chayre. After, he cauſed the Erle of Surrey and the Counteſſe to ſitt with hym.

After the ſayd Soupper was doon, they communed togeder laſtyng the Playing of a Ballade of the Mynſtrells of Muſyke, and then the King tuke Licence, in kyſſyng hys Lady, and of all the Company. Without the ſaid Place was preſented hym by the ſaid Erle of Surrey the Horſe that the Kynge ſent hym, welle apoynted of a Trapure, of Damaske whytt and grene, to the Grownde, with grett Hangyng Boutons of Sylke, the Harnays of the Bridle, of Velvett of the Selſe Colour. After the Syght, hee made hym to be redyn before hym, and then departed to Edenburgh, as the Dayes before. The Kyng was that Day apoynted of a Gowne of tane Velvett fourred with blak Bougye, a fyne Cherth bourded with ſin Gold abouff, he beinge alwayes mere, and his Beerde ſomethynge longe.

The vith Day of the ſayd Monneth that was the Sondag, the Qwene was conveyd in fayr Ordre, and Company of her Lordes, Knyghts, Ladyes, Gentylnen, and Gentylnen to Maſſe, unto the Chappelle of the ſaid Caſtell. Ther ſche was acompayned of the Lady of the ſaid Place, in a Gowne of Cloth of Gold eged with Letyces, Ermynes, and hyr Gentylnen arayde after the Gyſe of the Countrey. And ther was a Sermon of one of the Obſervance.

After the Maſſe ſhe was conveyd ageyn into hyr Chammer in the Manere before ſaid, wher ſhe ſatt at Dinner, and beneath the Table, at the loweſt Place, the ſaid Lady of the ſaid Place, and the Counteſſe of Surrey with hyr. An other Table was full of Ladies, and laſtyng the ſaid Dinner they blew Trompetts, Mynſtrells, and Sakeboutts.

After the Dinner, incontynent the Mynſtrells of the Chammer begon to play, and then daunced the Qwene and the

the Countesse of Surrey, the Vicountesse Lille, and the Daughter of the said Place. And thys doon, they past the Tyme at Games, and in commonyng.

The sam Day at the Houre of Soupper, cam the Kinge, as the Custome precedente, acompayned of the Lords of the Day precedente, and others, to the Nombre of XL Horsys, he being mounted upon a Mewlle. When he entred within the Chammer of the said Qwene, that knewe of his commyng, they kyssed togeder without sparing Cortasy, and to the Ladyes gaffe Salutes. And after, they went asyd in commonyng, to the Tyme that all Thyngs war rady for the Soupper.

Incontynent they wasched their Haunds, and satt in the Manere before, allwayes served of the Gentylnen of the Qwene. Ther soupped with them the Byschop of Morrey, the Erle and Countesse of Surrey, the Lady of the said Place, and the Lady Nevill.

After Soupper the Minstrells played, and the Qwene daunced, and after the Kynge tuke Licence, and went to Edenborough. He had on a demy Gowne of blak Velvett fourred with Marten, and the Remanent of his Arayment all black.

The viiith Day of the Monneth in the Morninge, the Kynge sent to the Qwene new Pallefrays, all appoynted after their Guise. And at the Hour acoustumed, she departed from the said Dacquick nobly acompayned, and in fayr Aray and Ordre, as before is many Tymes said: The Qwene was placed in her Litere, varey rychly enorned, and had on a ryche Gowne of Cloth of Gold, with a Purfill of black Velvet, and a rich Coller of Perle and Stone.

The Lords, as well Spiritualls as Temporalls, Knyghts, and Gentylnen, wer varey rychely appoynted, the most Parte in Gownes of cramsyn Velvett. The Lord Grays Hors was huffed, the said Huffle maid by Cantons of cramsyn Velvett. Those of others wer of Thred of Gold broched, and others had Ermynes, abouff all fawen of Orfavery. The other yong Gentylnen wer apointed after the Manere of the Yshew of Barrwyk.

After the Quene was conveyd hyr Pallefrey of Honnor by Syr Thomas Worteley. Also hyr Ladyes and Gentylwomen war so varey rychely apoynted and monted, that it was a fayr Syght. After them cam the Char, and after that other Gentylwomen. The Company was in fayr Ordre, as at other Tymes before.

A Mylle from Dacquick the Kynge sent to the Qwene, by a Gentylman, a grett tame Hart for to have a Corse; bot because the Kynge was ny, the Erle of Surrey answerd, that
 2 the

the said Hert should be brought ageyn toward the Kyng, that they myght both be at the said Course, and so it was doon.

Half of the Way, the Kyng cam to mett hyr monted upon a Bay Horse, rennyng as he wolde renne after the Hayre, acompayned of many Gentylmeu. The said Horse was trapped in a demy Trappure of Cloth of Gold. Upon the Neck was a Frange of Thred of Gold. The Sadle and the Harnays wer of that sam, except the Harnayes of the Hed, that was of Sylver, and gylt. Grett Boutons with Lupps of Thred of Gold, as well to the said Trappure, as to the Brydle. Hys Sterrops gylt.

The Kyng ware a Jakett lyke to the Trappure. The Lyttes of the said Bordeur wer of Pourple Velvett fourred with fyne blak Bougy, his Doublet of Violet Sattin, his Hoffys of Scarlatt, hys Schert bounde abouffe of fyn Pierrery and Perles, hys Spourrys gylt and long. At the Commyng towards the Qwene he maid hyr varey humble Obeyssance in lepyng downe of hys Horse, and kyssed hyr in hyr Litere. This doon, he monted ageyn, and ychon being put in Ordre as before, a Gentylman Husscher bare the Swerde before hym. The said Swerde covered with a Scabard of Pourple Velvett, wich was written upon with Perles, *God my Deffende*. The lyke on the Pommell, and the Crosse, with the Chap also.

After hym cam th Archbyfchop of Glasco, the Bishop of Morrey, and the Erle Bothwell, acompayned of many Gentylmen, and honnest Personnes. The said Erle bare the Swerde at the Entreng of the Towne of Edenbourgh, and had on a long Gowne of blak Velvett fourred with Marten.

The Kyng beyng allwayes ny to the Qwene in devysing with her, ther cam a Gentylman that brought hym a Courser, his Harnays of Cloth of Gold, and of cramfyn Velvett interlassed all about of whytt and red. Upon the Horse was a Page in a Jakett of blew Damaske, upon the wiche Horse the Kyng monted, without puttyng the Foot within the Sterrop, in the Presence of them all. After he caused the said Gentylman to monte behinde hym, for to assay iff his Courser wolde berr byhynd or not.

Bot because that he was not drest, he cam downe of his said Horse, and monted upon the Pallefroy of the said Qwene, and the saide Qwene behinde hym, and so rode thorow the said Towne of Edenburgh.

Ny thereby was in Ordre the Lord Hamylton, Cozyn of the saide Kyng, with many other Lords, Knyghts, and Gentylmen, to the Nombre of two hundreth Horsys well apoynted.

apoynted. Sum in Jaketts of Cloth of Golde, of Velvett; and of Damaske, figured of Golde, and of many Colours. In lyke wys others wer in Jakets of Chamlett, and many of thos wore varey good Chaynnes.

And by hym rode the Master of hys Horfe, named Companes Gascon, varey well appoynted, conveying feyve yong Gentylnen of Honor, arayd of Jaketts half parted of Cloth of Gold figured, and of blew Velvett, monted upon Courfers, and others honnestly appoynted.

The Company abouffe said wer commaunded by the Kynge, that they schould not goe before, bot only in the Company of the sayd Qwene, that it might be seen that shee was well acompayned, and rychly.

Halfe a Mylle ny to that, within a Medewe, was a Pavillon, wherof cam owt a Knyght on Horfbak, armed at all Peces, havng hys Lady Paramour that barre his Horne. And by Avantur, ther cam an other also armed, that cam to hym, and robbed from hym hys sayd Lady, and at the absenting blew the said Horne, wherby the said Knyght understude hym, and tourned after hym, and said to hym, wherfor hast thou this doon? He answerd hym, what will you say therto?—I say, that I will pryve upon thee, that thou hast doon Owtrage to me. The tother demaunded hym if he was armed? He said ye, well then, said th'other, preve the a Man, and doo thy Devoir.

In such Manere they departed, and went to take their Sperys, and renne without stryking of the same. After the Course they retourned with their Swerdes in their Haunds, and maid a varey fayr Torney: And the Caller caused the Swerd for to fall of the Defender. Notwithstanding, the Caller caused to gyffe hym ageyn his Swerd, and begon ageyn the said Torney of more fayre Manere; and they did well ther Devor, tyll that the Kynge cam hymselfe, the Qwene behynd hym, crying Paix, and caused them for to be departed. After this the King called them before hym, and demaunded them the Cause of ther Difference. The Caller sayd, Syre, he hath taken from me my Lady Paramour, whereof I was infurte of hyr by Faith. The Defender answered, Syre, I schall defend me ageynst hym upon thys Cas: Then sayd the Kynge to the sayd Defender, brynge youre Friends, and ye schall be appoynted a Day for to agre you. Wheroff they thaunked hym, and so every Men departed them for to drawe toward the said Towne. The Names of thos war Sir Patryk Hamilton, Brother of the said Lord abouffe said, and Patryk Synklar, Esquyre; and ther was com grett Multitude of People for to se thys.

Half

Half a Mylle from thens was the said Hert, the wich the Kynge caused to be losed, and put a Greyhound after hym that maid a fayr Course; bot the said Hert wanne the Towne, and went to hys Repayre.

Ther war many honest People of the Town, and of the Countre aboute, honnettly arayd all on Horsbak, and so by Ordre the King and the Qwene entred within the said Towne. At the Entryng of that same cam in Proceffyon the Grey Freres, with the Crosse and sum Relicks, the wich was presented by the Warden to the Kynge for to kysse, bot he wold not before the Qwene; and he had hys Hed barre during the Ceremonies.

The Mynstrells, Johannes, and hys Company, and the Trompetts, war as well of the one Syd as of the other; bot thos of Scotlaund had no new Baneres: And did the Devor at the said Entryng Officers of Armes of Inglaund; and non at Scotlaund. Sergents of Masses. &c. ychon, by Ordre.

A lityll more fourther cam also in Proceffyon the Jacobins, revested the most Chyft and Principall of them, with many Relicks; wherof some of thos war by the Prior gyffen to kysse, in lyke wys; wherof the K. did as before.

At the Entryng of the said Towne was maid a Yatt of Wood painted, with Two Towrells, and a Windowe in the Midds. In the wich Towrells was, at the Windowes, revested Angells syngyng joyously for the Comynge of so noble a Lady; and at the sayd middle Windowe was in lyk wys an Angell presenting the Kees to the said Qwene.

Within the Towne ny to the said Yatt came in Proceffyon the College of the Perysche of Seint Gilles, rychly revested, with the Arme of that Seint; the wiche was presented to the Kynge for to kysse; wherof he did as before, and began to syng *Te Deum Laudamus*.

In the Mydds of the Towne was a Crosse, new painted, and ny to that same a Fontayne, castyng forth of Wyn, and ychon drank that wold.

Ny to that Crosse was a Scarfawst maid, wher was represented Paris and the Thre Deessys, with Mercure, that gaffe hym th Apyll of Gold, for to gyffe to the most fayre of the Thre, wiche he gave to Venus.

In the Scarfawst was represented also the Salutacion of Gabriell to the Virgyne, in sayinge *Ave gratia*, and sens after, the Sollempnizacion of the varey Maryage betwix the said Vierge and Joseph.

More fourther was of new maid One other Yatt, apon the wiche was in Sieges the iiij Vertuz. Theys is to weytt, Justice, holdyng in hyr right Haunde a Swerde all naked,

and in the t'other a Pair of Ballaunces, and she had under hyr Feet the Kyng Nero: *Force*, armed, holdyng in hyr Haund a Shafte, and under hyr Feete was Holofernes, all armed: *Temperance*, holdyng in hyr Haund a Bitt of an Horfe, and under hyr Feete was Epicurus: *Prudence*, holdyng in hyr Haunde a Syerge, and under hyr Sardenapalus. With thos war Tabretts that playd merrily, whill the noble Company past thorough. Under was a Licorne and a Greyhound, that held a Difference of one Chardon floryfched, and a Red Rose entrelaffed.

Then the noble Company passed out of the said Towne, to the Church of the Holy Crosse; out of wich cam the Archbifchop of Saunt Andrew, Brother to the said Kyng, his Crosse borne before hym, acompanied of the Reverend Fathers in God the Byschop of Aberdeen Lord Privy Seal of Scotland, the Byschops of Orkney, Cathness, Ross, Dunblane, and Dunkeld, and many Abbotts, all in their Pontificalls, with the Religious and Chanoynes richly revested, preceded by theyr Crosse. The said Archbyschop then gave the King a Relik for to kysse, bot he dyd as hee had doon before.

After thys doon, ychon lept off hys Horfe, and in fayr Ordre went after the Processyon to the Church, and in the Entryng of that sam the Kyng and the Qwene light downe, and after he take the said Qwene by the Body, doynge humble Reverence, and led hyr to the grett Awter, wher was a Place ordonned for them to knele apon two Cuschyons of Cloth of Gold, the Lord Chammerlayn of the said Qwene excersyng hys Office as before.

Bot the Kyng wold never knell downe furst, bot both togeder: And by the said Archbyschop was giffen hym to kysse a rich Crosse, wheroff he did as before, without Offrynge; and at the Entring of the said Quere, the Chappelle of the said Kinge, and others, begon *Te Deum*, &c. *

After all Reverences doon at the Church, in Ordre as before, the King transported himself to the Pallais, thorough the Clostre, holdyng allwayes the Qwene by the Body, and hys Hed barre, tyll he had brought hyr within her Chamber.

In the said Church war the Lordes the Erle of Hontely, the Erle of Errol Constable of Scotland, the Erle Mariscall of Scotland, the Erle of Argyle Steward of the Hows, the Erle of Lennox Chammerlayne in the Absence of the Conte of Cathness, the Erle of Minster, and the Erle Morton, acompanied of many Lordes, Knyghts, and Gentylnen, well arayd.

arayd. The wich maid Reverence to the Qwene, and she to them.

The Kynge went from thens to the grett Chammer, wher was many Ladies of grett Name, Wyffes to divers of the sayd Lordes, and others, acompayned of many Gentylnen and Gentylnwomen, arayd varey nobly after ther Gyse. At the Entryng the sayd Chambre, the Kyng let go the Qwene till she had kyssed all the sayd Ladies and ther Company; and the Byschop of Morrey went with her, sewinge her the Names of them. After she had kyssed them all, the Kyng kyssed her for hyr Labor: And so take hyr ageyn, with low Cortesay and barr Hed, and brought hyr to hyr Second Chammer, and kyssed her ageyn; taking his Leve right humble he drew toward hys Lodgyng for them appoynted.

The Towne of Edenbourgh was in many Places haunged with Tappissery, the Howses and Wyndowes war full of Lordes, Ladyes, Gentylnwomen, and Gentylnen, and in the Streytts war soe grett Multitude of People without Nombre, that it was a fayr Thyng to se. The wich People war varey glad of the Commyng of the sayd Qwene: And in the Churches of the sayd Towne Bells range for Myrthe.

The sam Day the Kynge souped in hys Chammer, acompayned of many of the Parte of the sayd Qwene within hyr awn. And after that, the Kynge went to see hyr, and daunced some basse Daunces. Thys doon, the Kynge toke hys Leve, and bad her goode Nyght joyously, and after the same to ychon also.

The viiith Day of the sayd Monneth every Man apoynted hymselfe rychly, for the Honor of the noble Maryage. Betwyx viii and ix oth Clock everychon was rady, nobly apperyld; and the Ladyes abouffe sayd came rychly arayd, sum in Gownys of Cloth of Gold, the others of Cremsyn Velvet and Blak. Others of Satyn and of Tynsell, of Damaske, and of Chamlet of many Colours, Hoods, Chaynnes and Collers upon ther Neks, acompayned of ther Gentylnwomen arayd honnestly after ther Gyse, for to hold Company to the sayd Qwene.

After cam the Byschop of Morrey, to fetch the my Lordes th Archbyschop of York and the Byschop of Durham; the wiche war varey honnestly arayd in ther Estat; as also the Erle of Surrey, who was rychely arayde in a longe Gowne of Clothe of Gold, with his ryche Coller of the Gartere, acompayned of many Lordes, as the Lords Gray, Latemer, Dacres, and Scrop, honourably arayd; with many noble Knyghts, as Syr Richard Poulle, Knyght of the Garter,
O o 2 rychly

rychly arayd in his Coller, Syr Davy Owen, waring a varey riche Channe, Syr William Conyars, arayd in a Gowne of Clothe of Gold, Syr Thomas Darcy in another, with riches Chaynnes, Syr John Hufe, and many other Knyghts and Gentylnen rychly and honnestly arayd and in lyk wys waring goods Chainnes.

In that Mannere the said Lords war brought by the said Byschop of Morrey to the Kynge, the wiche was within his grett Chammer, apou hys Feet; and at the Commyng of the said Lordes maid Reverence to every Man, hys Bonnet allway in hys Haunde. The Kynge then caused them to sitt apou a Form before hym, agenst hymselfe, and desyred them to couer ther Heds. The said Archbyschop was placed at the Right Haund, and the Erle of Surrey at the Lefte Haund. The Kynge sat in a Chayre of Cramfyn Velvett, the Pannells of that sam gylte, under hys Cloth of Astat, of Blew Velvet figured of Gold.

He was acompayned on his Right Haund by the Right Reverend Father in God the Archbishop of Saunt Andrew, hys Brother, and by all the Prelats, as on the Day precedent, as likewise by the Prior of Saunt John, and many notables Personnes, as wel Ecclesiastiks as Seculers, all setting. On the Lefte Syde war the Lordes and Erles before named, with others grett Lordes, noble Knyghts, and Gentylnen, of the Two Partes. So that it was a noble Thyng to se the the sayd Chammer so nobly fournyshed. Ther war also the Officers of Armes of Inglaund in their Cotts, and non of Scotlaund for that sam Hour.

After Scylence maid, and everychon sat in Ordre, the Doctor Raulins, Doctor in Divynite, began the Preposicyon, who well and wisely, and with good Maner, demeanyd him in hys Utteraunce of the same, and at every Worde requysitt made honorable Reverence. Thys doon, the Kyng comaunded Maister Doctor Moreched, hys Secretary, to gyffe short Answar. The wiche Thyng he did varey reverently, in bryeff Conclusyon.

After thos Preposicyons doon, every Man dyd Reverence to the Kyng, as did the said Kyng lyke wys to them in his drawynge into hys awn Chammer. And then the said Archbyschop hys Brother, and the Byschop of Abberdeen conveyed the beforesaid Lords and Company ageyn to the Lodgyng of the Qwene.

A lytyll after, the Qwene was by the said Lords and Company brought from her Chammer to the Church, crowned with a varey ryche Cronne of Gold garnished with Pierrery and Perles. Sche was led on the Right Hand by th Archbyschop

byſchop of York, and on the Left Hand by the Erle of Surrey. Hyr Trayne was born by the Conteſſe of Surrey, a Gentyلمان Huſcher helpyng hyr. The ſaid Qwene was nobly acompeyned with her Ladyes rychly arayd ; that is to weytt, the ſaid Conteſſe of Surrey arayd in a rych Robbe, of Cloth of Gold ; the Two Ladyes Nevill, the Lady Lille, the Lady Stanneley, and the Lady Guilleford, in riche Apparell ; and all the others followynge had ryche Collers and Channes apon ther neks ; and good Juells. It was ordonned by the ſaid Erle of Surrey, That Two of the gretteſt Ladyes of Ingland goinge togeders ſhold take with thaim Two of the gretteſt Ladyes of Scotland, and ſo all Foure to go togeder on a Row : And ſo ſewingly alwais Two of the beſt Ladyes and Gentylwomen of Ingland and Two of Scotland to goe togeder as before, wher they had rome ſo to do : And thus they dede dayly.

Thus the ſayde Qwene was conveyde to the ſayde Church, and placed neere to the Font ; Maiftreſſe Denton, hyr Maiftreſſe, being allwayes ny hyr ; and all hyr noble Company ſtanding in Ordre on the Left Syd of the Church. Incontynent cam the Right Reverend Father in God my Lord th Archbyſchop of Glaſco, acompayned with the Prelats, all in Pontificalls, and other notables Folks of the Church.

Then the Kyng was brought by a varey fayre Company, conſiſting of hys ſaid Brother and of the Lordes abouffe ſaid, hys Steward, Chammerlayn, the Conſtable, and the Marifchall, with all their Staffs of their Offices, and other Nobles, Knyghts, Squyers, and Gentylmen, richely and honneſtly arayd and with good Chaynnes. The Lord of Hamylton barre his Swerde before hym. His Officers of Armes war in their Cottis, and all his Nobles ſtode in Ordre on the Right Syd of the Church.

Then the Kyng commyn neere to the Qwene, maid Reverence, and ſhe to hym varey humbly. The Kyng was in a Gowne of Whit Damaske, figured with Gold and lynned with Sarfenet. He had on a Jakette with Slyffs of Cramſyn Satyn, the Liſts of Blak Velvett, under that ſam a Dowblet of Cloth of Gold, and a Payre of Scarlatte Hofys. Hys Shurt broded with Thred of Gold, hys Bonnet Blak, with a ryche Balay, and hys Swerd about hym.

The Qwene was arayd in a rich Robbe, lyke Hymſelfe, borded of Cramſyn Velvet, and lyned of the ſelf. Sche had a varey riche Coller of Gold, of Pyerrery and Perles, round her Neck, and the Cronne apon hyr Hed : Her Hayre hangyng. Betwyx the ſaid Cronne and the Hayres was a varey
riche

riche Coyfe hangyng downe behynde the whole Length of the Body.

Then the noble Maryage was performed by the said Arch Byschop of Glasco ; and th' Arch Byschop of York, in Presence of all, red the Bulles of our Holly Father the Pope of Rom, consentynge thereto.

Thys doon, the Trompetts blew for Joy ; and the King, being bareheaded and holdyng her by the Ryght Haund, was conveyd through the said Company to the Hygh Awter. Before the wich was drest a Place for them Two to knell apou ryches Cuschyns of Cloth of Gold. But this the Kyng wold never doe, previously paying her the most grett Humilitie and Reverence, as possible might be. After ther Oraysons doon, and lastyng the Letany, wich was songe and said by the Arch Byschop, the Kynge withdrew himself to his Travers, of Blew and Red fraunged, wich stod on the Left Syde, and ther fettet himself in a ryche Chayre. In such wys, the Qwene into her awne Travers of Black, wich was on the Right Side, and satt downe in a ryche Chayre also. The Letany ended, the sayd Arch Byschop beganne the Masse ; and so they retourned into the Place wher they war before, abydyng there during the Tyme of the Masse.

At the Gospell they maid their Offryng, and before the Saunt Canon she was anoynted. After wich the Kynge gaffe hyr the Septre in hyr Haund. Then was songen *Te Deum Laudamus*, &c. and two Prelatts helde the Cloth apou them duryng the Remanent of the Masse. That and all the Ceremonyes accomplyshed, ther was brought by the Lordes, Bred and Wyn in ryche Potts and ryche Cupps.

After the Collacyon, ychon was putt in Ordre according to his Birth. And the Kynge lydyng the Qwene, as before, conveyd hyr to hyr Chammer, and then departed frō her, and went to hys Awne, where he helded Astat Royal for that Day.

At Dynner the Qwene was served before the Kyng, with all th' Onner that myght be doon, the Officers of Armes, and the Sergants at Armes, proceeding before the Meys. On that Day Syr John Villars was Sewar, Syr Davye Owen Kerver, and Syr Edward Stanneley Cupbarrer ; and with hyr dynned the said Archbyschop of Glasco. The Chammer in wich she dined was rychly drest, and the Cloth of Astat wher she satt, was of Clothe of Golde varey riche.

At the furst Course, sche was served of a wyld Borres Hed gylt, within a fayr Platter, then with a fayr Pece of Brane, and in the thyrd Place with a Gambon, wich wer followed
by

by divers other Dyshys, to the Nombre of xii, of many Sortes, in fayre and ryche Vesselle.

After this the Kyng was served in Vesselle gylt as the Qwene. Hys Panneters wer my Lord the Son of the Erle of Bothwells Brother, and my Lord Grayes Son; and his Cupberrer was the Lord of Hamylton. Th Archbyschops of Saunt Andrew and of York, the Byschop of Durham, and the Erle of Surrey dyned with hym. The Chammer was haunged of red and of blew, and in it was a Cyll of a State of Cloth of Gold; bot the King was not under for that sam Day. Ther wer also in the sam Chammer a riche Bed of Astat, and a riche Dreffor after the Guyse of the Countre, and the Lord Grays the Father served the King with Water for to wash, and the Erle of Hunteley berred the Towaylle.

At the second Service, the Qwene was served very honorably of XL or L Meys. The Kyng was likewys served of many Vyaunds; after wich the Officers of Armes presented themselves for to crye LARGESSE. Whereupon the King comaunded Marchemont, Pryncipall Herauld—Goo ye, Cry toward the Qwene fyrst, that is to weytt, LARGESSE, *To the high and mighty Princesse Margarete, by the Grace of God, Qwene of Scotlaund, and fyrst Daughter engendred of the varey hygh and varey mighty Prince Henry the vijth, by that sam selfe Grace, Kyng of Inglaund.* In the Largesse of the Gyft of the Kyng ther wer XL Crounes of lyght Gold. And because there was noe more then three Cottis of Armes of Inglaund, the Kyng wold not suffer more thenne thre of his awne.

The sam was cryed thre Tymes in the Kings Chammer, in the grett Chammer, that is ny, and in the Halle of the Kyng and of the Qwene; but he would not have his Largesse cryed, ne intituled, saying, that it souffysed to cry hers.

In the grett Chammer, ther satt the Ladyes of the sayd Qwene, togeder the other Ladyes of the Countrey. At the next Bord satt my Lord the Qwenes Chammerlayn, acompayned of many Nobles and Knyghts. In the thyrd satt other Ladyes and Gentywomen. And the iiijth was filled with Gentylnen, varey well served. The Hangyng of this Chamer represented the Ystory of Troy Towne, and in the Glassys Wyndowes wer the Armes of Scotland and of Inglaund byperted, with the Differences before sayd, to which, a Chardon, and a Rosse interlassed thorough a Crowne was added.

The Kings grett Chammer had one Table, wher was satt hys Chammerlayn, the grett Sqyer, and many others, well served,

ferved, the wich Chammer was haunged about with the Story of Hercules, togeder with other Yflorys.

In the Kings Hall war thre Rowes of Tables, and one abouff in the Front, wher was fatt the Prelatts, and conseqwantly the grett Lordes, Nobles, Knyghts, Squyers, Gentylnen, and other honorable Personnes, at double Dynner. This sam Chammer was haunged of th Ystory of the old Troy. Six grett Syerges of Wax wer haunged in the same Halle for to lyght at Even, and there was a riche Dreffor, and welle served.

In the Hall wher the Qwene's Company wer fatt in lyke as in the other, and wich was haunged of the History of Hercules, wer old Syerges, for to lyght at Even, a ryche Dreffor, good Chere, and good Wyn.

The Trompetts as well of the Kyng as of the Qwene, theyr Mynstrells of many Sortes, and Johannes and his Company dyd th eir Devoir for that Day, as well in the Mornynge, as at the Dynnar, and after at the Soupper, and also on the Dayes followyng.

After Dynnar the Mynstrells played, and the Kyng and the Qwene, the Ladyes, Knyghts, Gentylnen, and Gentylnwomen daunced; also some good bodys maid Games of Passe Passe, and dyd varey well.

At the Hour of Even Songe, the Kyng acompayned of hys Noblesse, and those of the Qwene, but without hyr, war conveyd to the Church, wher the Abbot of the Place did the Service. When they retourned agayn, they wer served as at the Dinner, bott the Qwene the furst, and the Personnages abouffe sayd ageyn held ther Places. The King, before that he satt down, sent hys Gowne of Marriage to the Officers of Armes of Englaunde, and put on another of blak Velvet, long and fourred of Martens, the wich Robbe Somersfet Herauld acompayned of his Companions, bore the next Day in Court, and for the wich they thanked the Kyng.

After the Soupper, the Nyght approached, therefor ychon withdrew hym to his Lodgyng for to take hys Rest, and the Kinge had the Qwene aparte, and they went togeder. God by his Grace will hold them in long Prosperitye. At Even grett Numbre of Fyers wer maid thorough the Towne of Edenbowrgh.

The ixth Day of the Monneth everie Lord, Knyght, Ladye, and Gentylnwoman cam to the Pallais. Toward X^{ea} of the Clok, the Kyng went his Way to Masse in the grett Church, acompayned of his Lordes and Nobles as the Day before; and was arayd of a riche Robbe of Cloth of Gold fourred of fyne blak Bougye, his Doublett of cramsyn Satyn,
blak

blak Hofys couved abouff, of Cloth of Gold, a blak Bonnet, a Saunt George of Gold, apou the Dragon a Ruby, a cram-fyn Hat, a Payre of gold Beads haungyng to his Gyrdle, to the Nombre of xiiij more or lesse, and a Dagar before hym. The Lord of Honteleý bar the Swerde before him, an Hussher of his Chammer bore his Train, hys Maister d'Hostell, his Chamberlayn, his Constable, the Marshall, and the Officers of Armes and the Trumpets went before him after the Custome of the Countre.

The Masse being doon by hys Chappelle, and one of the Religyous, he retourned ageyn. Duryng the Masse the Erle of Surrey and his Company cam to convey him, for the wich Kindnesse he at the Retornyng tuke him by the Armes, tyll he cam into his Chamber.

Hys Dinnar was brought and served in Silver Vessels by the Officers and Personnaiges in fuche Manere as the Day before. After Dynnar a young Man, an Italyen, played before the King on a Corde varey well. Ny to him at the Windows wer my Lord of York, the Erle of Surrey, the Archbyfchop of Saunt Andrew, the Byschop of Durham, and many other Lords. The Ládyes, acompayned of Lordes and Knyghts, wer at the Windows toward the Qwenes Quarters. And after the Game was doon, they begon to daunce. Touchyng the Qwene I say nothinge, for that sam Day I saw her not, bot I underitond that sche was in good Helth and Mere.

As for the Soupper, notwithstanding it was Fastyng Day, Baunketts of many Metts war not forgotten; after wich every Man drew to his Lodgyng. That Even the Qwene delivered hyr Robbe of Maryage to the Officers of Scotland, the wich the next Day followyng Marchmont Herawld barred in Cowrt in Escharpe, he and hys Companyons thaunking the King and Qwene therfor. But on the Morow she gaffe them the Somme of xl Nobles for Largeffe, and they brought ageyn the said Robbe into the Warderobe of the sayd Qwene, as she desyred in hyr Recompenfing.

The xth Day of the sayd Moneth, being Saunt Lawrens Day, the Qwene was led to the Hyghe Churche, acompayned of hyr noble Trayn, and of the Ládyes of the Countre honnestly appoynted. The said Qwene was varey well delibered, and arayd of a riche Robbe of Cloth of Gold, with a ryche Coller, and was put within hyr Courtayne, of red, blew, and grene. Before hyr was prepared an Awter rychely enorned with vary ryches Ymaiges.

After hyr cam the Kynge, varey honnestly acompayned of hys Lords, varey noble arrayed as in the Dayes before. The

Officers of Armes, the Sergents at Maces, and the Trompetts wer in fayr Ordre, the Lord Hontelely berryng the Swerde. The Kyng was arayd of a Gowne of cramsyn figured Velvett fourred of Yenetts, a Dowblett of blak Satyn, Hofys of Scarlatte, the Bonnett of the Day before, and hys Beerde kyted of Shers. Whan he was arrived within hys Cortyne, he maid humble Reverence to the Qwene, and so sche did in lyke wys to hym. Incontynent the Masse begon to be synged by one of the Religyous of the Place, and by the Syngers. At the Offring the King and Qwene both offred togeder.

The Masse doon, the Kyng, for the Luffe of the present Qwene and hyr Ladyes, did make xli Knyghts. After the Othe sworne and taken, the Erle Bothwell chauffed them the gylt Spourreys, and the Kyng gaffe them the Stroke of his Swerde, wich was born before hym. This doon, he fayed to the Qwene, and Lady—These are your Knyghts, and taking hyr by the Haund, led hyr to the Doore of hyr Chammer, when they war well and honnestly served, as was also all the Felischyp with Plenty of Ypocras.

After the Dynnar begon, Jousts war apoynted in the basse Courte before the Wyndowes. The Place was without Barreres, and only the Tyllt. The Challengers war my Lord of Kylmars, and my Lord Treithoun. Ther Aids wer Syr Alexandre Seytoun, the Maister of Mewgumery, Syr Patryk Hamylton, and Syr John of Treytom, to all the Comers duryng the Jousts.

The Deffenders for that Day wer my Lord of Hamilton, Cofin of the Kyng, dressed in red Satyn, my Lord Roos, Syre Davy Hume, William of Cokbwrn of Langtown, Patryck Synklars, in Jackets borded of blak Velvett, and Henry Brws. Ychon of them tuke a Corse of a Spere, and a Swerde with the Poynte broken, sum brak Speres, the others not. At the Wyndowes was the Kyng acompayned of th Archebyschops of Saunt Andrew and York, and of the Byshop of Durham, and of other Prelatts, the said Wyndows being well apoynted. The Qwene was at the Windowes of hyr grett Chammer, acompayned of hyr Ladyes, and of the others of the Reyme, with my Lord hyr chyf Chamberlaine. The said Wyndowes wer arayd in like wise, and more rychly. Ageynst them was a Scarfawld, wheron was my Lord of Surrey, and the Erle Bothwell only; my Lord Morley the Constable, the Officers of Armes, and many other Officers and Trompetts stood by the Feild.

After the Courtes and Tornay, the Kyng and the Qwene went to Soupper, the wiche war varey well served, accord-
ing

ing to the Custome of the Dayes before, and after that they daunced, and then every Men went to hys Lodgyng.

The sam Day my Lord Archbysshop of Yorke, the Byschop of Durham, and many others tuked Licence of the Kinge and of the Qwene, and departed the next Morning.

The xiith Day of the sayd Monneth the King, as accustomed, went to the Church accompanied by his noble Company, in Manere as before, and was vested in a long Gowne of blak Velvett fourred of Mertes, a Rebras Doublett of blak Satin, and blak Hofys. After the Messe doon, he was layd ageyne to hys Chammer, wher he was served as before. The Lord of Hamilton bar the Swerd.

The Qwene was not that Day at the Masse, bot kept hyr Chammer. After Dinnar they daunced togeder, and past the Tym merveillously in Mirthe and Gladnesse. The sam Day war sum Jousts, as the Day before, performed by six Persons, the wiche brake many Speares, at theyr Plaifur. Also two other Persons fawght, the one agenst the tother on Fowt, armed with halfe Spers, and Swerds.

The Kyng was at the Wyndowes, and with hym the Erle of Surrey, and many others, Prelatts and Lordes. All doon, the Kyng went to hys Soupper, and with hym the said Erle of Surrey, and many others. The Qwene was in lyk wys at the Wyndowes of hyr Lodgyng, acompayned of the Ladyes of the Countre, and others of hyr Company.

After Soupper, the Kyng and the Qwene being togeder in hyr grett Chamber, John English and hys Companyons playd, and then ichon went his Way.

That Day Syre Richard Poulle, Syr Davy Owen, John Huse, Syre Edward Stanneley, and many others, tuke theyr Conge of the King, and of the Qwene, and went theyr Way.

The xiith Day of the said Monneth, at the Hour accustomed, the Ladies of the Countrey cam toward the Qwene, as the Dayes before, and the Kyng went to the Church nobly acompayned, after the Manere of the precedent Dayes, and was arayd in a long Gowne of sandysch Velvett fourred of Mertes. The Masse doon, he was brought ageyn to hys Chammer, and served of hys Dinnar, after the Custome before said.

After Dynnar Jousts wer ageyn maid by Fore of them who jousted before, and they brak sum Speyres in the Presence of the Kyng and the Qwene, who war at the Wyndowes; and thys doon, they went to their Souper.

The xiiith Day of the said Monneth, being Sondag, the Qwene was led to the Churche acompayned by the Prelats, the Erle of Surrey, the Lord Chamberlayne, and the Ladyes

rychely

P p 2



rychely arayd. She was arayed in a Gowne of Porple figured Velvett, brothed of Thred of Gold fottred with Ermynes, a grett Rebras beneath, and had on a ryche Coller of Pyerrery, and a ryche Gyrdle. The Lady Surrey bar her Trayn, affisted by Syre John Hume.

After hyr cam the Kyng, in the Manere of the Dayes before said, arayd in a Gowne of Cloth of Gold, rychly fourred of Mertes, a Doublett of cramsyn Satyn fawted, and within doubled of Cloth of Gold. To hys Bonnett hung a ryche Bagge, and hys Churte was borderd of fyne Pierrery and Pearles. When he arryved at his Cortyne, he maid an humble Cortaisy to the Qwene, as she also did to hym.

At the Offrynge wer assembled three noble Lords to be maid Erles in the Qwenes Prefence, and when the Masse was done, they wer presented to the King by Marchmont, Herawld. Fyrst, they promysed to hold ther Othes, and then the Kinge gyrdled them with the Swerd abouffe their Schoulder, and gaffe them their Lordschips to them and to their Heires.

Then Merchemont, Herauld, togeder with his Companions, cryed Largesse in the self Place, and fyrst LARGESSE.

Jamys Darene, Lord of Hamylton, Baron, Banerett, and Lord of Parlement.

2dly. LARGESSE. *William Conte de Montros, Lord of Granne, Baron, Banerett, and Lord of Parlement.*

3dly. LARGESSE. *Cuthberd Conte de Glencarne, Lord de Kylmarres, Baron, Banerett, and Lord of Parlement.*

After this doone, the Kyng tuke the Qwene, and layd hyr to the Company, but for Cause that it renned, she passed thorough the Kings Chamber for to go in hyr awne, and all the Ladyes war served. The Erle of Surrey and other Lords dynned with him. After Dynnar, a Moralite was played by the said Master Inglishe and hys Companyons, in the Prefence of the Kyng and Qwene, and then Daunces war daunced.

At the Hour custumed the Kyng and the Company before-said went to Even Song, and sum Knights, to the Nombre of xxvi, should have been maid bot for that ; that the Qwene was not there, they wer put off to the next Day for the Luffe of hyr.

The Even Song sayd, the King was brought ageyn into his Chambre, and was served at the Soupper. And that doon, every Man went his Way.

*The Christening of a Prince or Princes; and the Dressing of
the Nourfery of a Prince or Princes.*

[From a MS. formerly in the Library of John Anstis, Garter, and now in the Possession of Joseph Edmondson, Esq; Mowbray Herald Extraordinary.]

FIRST, to shew such Things that must be had for the Princes Boddy; that is to say, ij Payre of Sheetes of Reines, eyther of iiij Breades and v Yards longe; ij Head Sheets, of like raines, of iiij Breads and iiij Yards longe; ij shorte Pillowes of Fustyen, stoufyd with Downe, every each with Beeres of Raines; and One Pane of Scarlett, foryd with Ermynes and borderyd with Crimsonn Velvete uppon Velvete; and Cloath of Gould foryd in likewise; the Coverture of fyne Lawne, of iiij Breads and 5 Yards longe.

For the Couche at the Beades Feete.

Item, a Fether Bedde, with Boulster, of Downe, One Matres stofed with Wolle, ij Yards longe, and iiij short Pillowes, every each with ij Beeres of Raines; One Payre of Fusten, of vi Breads and 5 Yards longe; ij Payre of Shettes, of Raines, of iiij Breads and v Yards longe; ij Head Sheetes, of Raines, iiij Breads and iiij Yards longe; One Payre of Scarlett, foryd with Armys, broderid with Velvete uppon Velvete Cloathe of Gould; 1 Head Shette, of like Cloath of Gould, furryd with Armys; 1 Coverture, of fyne Lawne, of v Yards broade and vi Yards longe; 1 Head Sheete, of the same Lawne, of iiij Yards broade and v Yards longe; 1 Spener, of Crimson Satten, enbroyderyd with Crownes of Gould, the Queenes Armes, and other Devises, and lynyed with dowble Terteron, and garnished with Frynge of Silke, Blewe Russett and Gould, with a Roundebout above of Silver gylte, iiij Quiffines covered with Crynson Damaske Cloath of Gould; 1 round Mantle, Velvete playne, foryd throught with fyne Armys Backes, for the Queene to weare about her in her Covits, and all other Things nefesary to the same.

The litell Cradell.

Item, a litell Cradell of Tre, on a Forme, inbroderyd and paynted with fyne Goulde, and devised; a Yard and q.ter longe, and in Breade xii Inches; iiij Pomelles of Silver and gylte; ij like Pomelles for the same Frame; v Bokells of Silver

Silver on eyther Side the Cradle, without Tonges, for the Swadle Bands ; ij Matres and ij Pillowes for the same Cradle ; ij Panes of Scarlett, the One foryd with Ermyns and the other with Grey, both brodered with Cloath of Gould, the One of Crymson and the other of Blewe ; the Head Sheetes of like Cloath of Gould forryd, ordayned to the Paines ; a Sparner of Lynen Cloath for the same Cradle ; a Travars of Read Terteron ; ij Cradellbands of Crymson Velvete, and a Baile covered in Raynes for the same Cradell.

For the Cradell of Estate.

Item, for the Cradell of Estate, that in Lenght v Foote, and in Breadth ij Foote and Halfe, coveryd with Crymson Cloath of Goulde, with iiij Pomelles of Silver and gylte, with the King and the Queenes Armes ; also ij like Pomelles for the Frame of the same Cradell to be Silver andgilte ; also viij Bucles without Tonges on every Side the sayd Cradell ; j Mattresse for the same Cradell ; also ij Pillowes, with iiij Bewers of Rames ; 1 Payre of Fustienes, and One Payre of Scarlett, foryd with Ermyns and broderyd with Blewe Velvett uppon Velvete Cloath of Gould of Tissue ; One Head Sheete of like Cloath of Gould, forryd with Ermyns ; One Sparner of Crymson Damaske Cloath of Gould, lyned with Read double Terteron, garnished with Frynge of Silke and Gould ; 1 Baylle, coveryd with Raines for the Cradell ; 1 Cros of Tre, covered with a Bole above of Silver and gylte, for the sayd Sperner ; and ij Swadelbands, the One of Blew Velvett and the other of Blewe Cloath of Gould, and all Necessarys for the sayd Cradell.

The Aray to beare the younge Prince or Princes to the Christening.

Item, a Mantell of rich Crymson Cloath of Gould, with a longe Traynge, foryd with Ermyns, to beare the said Prince in or Princesses to the Christening.—Item, for other Tymes, to have for the sayd Childe xxiiii Yards of fyne Blankett, xii Yards of Scarlett, and xliiii of fynne Raynnes, for diverse Things necessary for the same ; ij Coussines, covered in Crymson Damaske.—Item, a Coussine of Leather, made like a Karmynger Couffin, for the Nurse.

Item, a Chafer and a Bafonne of Plate, and ij great Bafonnes of Pewter, for the Launder in the Nursery ; and viii large Carpetts, to cover the Flowre of the Chamber, and all other Necessaryes.

The Manner of bringinge of Kynge Henrie the VIIth's Corps frome Richmonde, where he departed to God the 21st Day of Aprill, the xxiiijth Yeare of his Raigne, unto St. Powles Church in London: And also of his Conveyance frome thence to the Abbie of Westminster; where he, a Prince most Royall, was solemnly enterred, which was the Tenth Day of May, the First Yeare of the Raigne of Kynge Henry the Eight, 1485.

[From a Manuscript in the Harleian Library, N^o 3504.]

FIRST there came rydinge throughe the Cittie of London the Swerdebearer of London, and the Vice-Chamberleyne of the same, with Twoe of the Masters of the Brugelowse, to sett the Crafts in their Order and Arraye. Then came Rydinge the Kyngs Messengers, twoe and twoe, with their Boxes on their Breests. Then the Kyngs Trumpeters; and after them the Kyngs still Minstrells. Then the Florentines, the Venetians, the Portingalls, the Spaniards, the Frenchmen, the Esterlings, the Gentlemen Ushers, the Kyngs Chapleyns havinge no Dignitye. The Squyers for the Boddie. The Aldermen of London. The Shreves, havinge in their Hands Twoe Whyte Roddes. Then came there rydinge Twoe Herauds of Armes, in Twoe Cote-Armurs; and after them came rydinge a noble Knyght, Mourner, upon a goodlie Courser, trapped with Black Velvet, bearinge the Kyngs Stonderd, whose Name is Sir Edward Darrell; after whome came Knights. Then came the Chapleyns of Dignitie, as Deanes and suche other. Then the Kyng's Counsell, and Knights of the Garter beinge no Lords. Then the Chiefe Justice of the Common Place, and the Chiefe Baron of the Kyngs Exchequer: Then the Chiefe Justice of the Kings Bench, and the Master of the Rolles. Then came the Crowched Fryers on Foote, and all the Foure Orders of Fryers followinge, singinge. Then the Chanons of all the Places in London, in like wisse singinge. Then the Kyngs Chappell, in their Surpleses and Grey Ameses, singinge. Then came rydinge all the Temporall Lords and Barrons, on the Left Hand; and all Abbotts and Bishopps, on the Right Hand. Then rode Sir Davie Owen, bearinge an Helmet of Steele, crowned with a rich Crowne of Golde. Then rode Sir Edward Howard, the Second Sonne of the Erle of Surrey, Treasurer of England, armed complete, with the Kyngs Harnes, his Face discovered, bearinge in his Hand the Kings Battel Axe, the Heade downewarde, restinge on his Foote.

Foote. Then followed him a Knyght called Sir Thomas Fyes, bearinge a riche Armour, embrodered with the Armes of England. Then came the Maior of London ymediately before the Charett, bearinge his Mace in his Hand. Then came the Charett wherein the Kyngs Corps lay. Upon the which lay a Picture resemlinge his Person crowned and richly apparreled in his Parliament Roobe, bearinge in his Right Hand a Scepter, and in his Left Hand a Ball of Golde, over whome there was hanginge a riche Cloth of Golde pitched upon Fowre Staves, which were sett at the Fowre Corners of the saide Charett, wich Charett was drawn with Seaven great Courfers, trapped in Black Velvett, with the Armes of England on everie Courfer set on bothe Sydes, and on every Side of everie Courfer, a Knight goinge on Foote, bearing a Banner in his Hand; and at everie Corner of the saide Charett a Baron goinge on Foote, bearing a Banner, in like Manner; wich iiij^{or} Banners were the Kyngs *Avowries*; whereof the First was of the Trinitie, the Second of our Ladie, the Third of St. George, the Fourth of And in the saide Charett there were sittinge Twoe Gentlemen Ushers of the Kyngs Chamber, One at the Heade of the Kyng and the other at the Feete, mourninge. Then followed the saide Charett the Duke of Buckingham, the Earle of Arondell, the Earle of Northumberland, the Earle of Shrewsberie, the Earle of Surrey, the Earle of Essex, and other, to the Number of Nyne, beinge Knyghts of the Garter, in a Range one after another, as they were in Degree. Then followed them ix of the Kyngs Henchemen, ridinge on goodlie Courfers, trapped in Black Velvett, of the wich the three foremost did beare three Capps of Maintenances, wich three Popes had sent the Kyng duringe the Tyme of his Raigne. The next three Henchmen did beare three riche Swordes the Points downward, the seventh bare a Target of the Armes of England, otherwise called a Sheild crowned, the eight bare an Helmet with a Lyon of Golde upon it. The ixth bare a Speare covered with Black Velvett. Then followed the Master of the Horses called Sir Thomas Brandon, leadinge in his Hande a goodlie Courfer trapped with Black Velvett, richely embrodered with the Armes of England; whome followed the Lord Darcy, beinge Captayn of the Garde. After whome came the Garde, and many other Gentlemen. Then the worshipfull Men of the Crafts of London, which were appointed by their Fellowship to fet in the saide Corps. Then Lords Servaunts followed, beinge a great Number.

Thus

Thus and in this Manner was the said Corps of Kynge Henry the VIIth brought throughe the Cittie of London, with Torches innumerable, unto the West Dore of St. Powles, where the Bishops of London, revested and mytred, received the said Corps; which, after they had encensed it, was taken out of the Charett, the said Picture lying upon it, and borne by XII Persons of the Garde, because of the great Waight thereof. The Duke of Buckingham with the said Earles goinge by, and puttinge their Hands unto it. Over the which Corpes was borne a goodlie riche Canopie of Cloth of Golde by Fower Barrons, frome the Tyme that it was taken out of the Charet unto the Tyme that the said Corps was brought before the Highe Altar, where was sett a goodlie curious Light of Nine Branches; under the which Light this Corps was sett, there havinge a solempne Dirige; in the which my Lo. of London was Executor Officii, and Attendant upon him the Abbott of St. Albones and the Abbott of Readinge, revested and mytred. This done, the Lords departed frome Powles, and went unto the Bishops Palice; the said Corps beinge watched with divers Knights and Herauds appointed thereunto. And on the Morrowe when the Lords were come unto the Herse againe, there were songe Three solempne Masses; of the which Three Masses the Deane of Powles sange the First of our Ladie, the Bishop of Lincoln sange the Second of the Trinitie, and the Bishop of London sange the Third of Requiem. After the which Masses done the Bishop of Rochester made a notable Sermon; which done everie Man departed unto their Dynner. And at their Returne made, which was before One of the Clock, the said Corps was solempnly borne throughe the Church of St. Powle to the West Dore, with the foresaid Canape borne over it, goinge before it the whole Queire of Powles and also the Kyngs Chappell, whome followed the Bishop of London, being revested and mytred, and the said Duke and Earles followinge; where the said Corps was againe laide into the Charet, and appointed in like Manner as is aforesaid. Which done everie Man in like Order as is afore expressed, accompanied the said Corps, which was frome thence conveyed throughe Fleete Streete unto Charinge Crosse, where the Abbott of Westminster, th' Abbott of St. Albones, th Abbott of Readinge, and th' Abbott of Winchombe, all iiij^{or} Abbots, revested and mytred, with the whole Convent of th' Abbey of Westminster, in Albes and Coops, received the said Corps, and there encensed it. Which done they with Procession solempnly conveyed it unto the West Doore of the said Abbey of Westminster: Where the Archebishop of Canterbury and

Foote. Then followed him a Knyght called Sir Thomas Fyes, bearinge a riche Armour, embrodered with the Armes of England. Then came the Maior of London ymediately before the Charett, bearinge his Mace in his Hand. Then came the Charett wherein the Kyngs Corps lay. Upon the which lay a Picture resemlinge his Person crowned and richly apparreled in his Parliament Roobe, bearinge in his Right Hand a Scepter, and in his Left Hand a Ball of Golde, over whome there was hanginge a riche Cloth of Golde pitched upon Fowre Staves, which were sett at the Fowre Corners of the saide Charett, wich Charett was drawn with Seaven great Courfers, trapped in Black Velvett, with the Armes of England on everie Courfer set on bothe Sydes, and on every Side of everie Courfer, a Knight goinge on Foote, bearing a Banner in his Hand; and at everie Corner of the saide Charett a Baron goinge on Foote, bearing a Banner, in like Manner; wich iiij^{or} Banners were the Kyngs *Avowries*; whereof the First was of the Trinitie, the Second of our Ladie, the Third of St. George, the Fourth of And in the saide Charett there were sittinge Twoe Gentlemen Ushers of the Kyngs Chamber, One at the Heade of the Kyng and the other at the Feete, mourninge. Then followed the saide Charett the Duke of Buckingham, the Earle of Arondell, the Earle of Northumberland, the Earle of Shrewsberie, the Earle of Surrey, the Earle of Essex, and other, to the Number of Nyne, beinge Knyghts of the Garter, in a Range one after another, as they were in Degree. Then followed them ix of the Kyngs Henchemen, ridinge on goodlie Courfers, trapped in Black Velvett, of the wich the three foremost did beare three Capps of Maintenances, wich three Popes had sent the Kyng duringe the Tyme of his Raigne. The next three Henchmen did beare three riche Swordes the Points downward, the seaventh bare a Target of the Armes of England, otherwise called a Sheild crowned, the eight bare an Helmet with a Lyon of Golde upon it. The ixth bare a Speare covered with Black Velvett. Then followed the Master of the Horses called Sir Thomas Brandon, leadinge in his Hande a goodlie Courfer trapped with Black Velvett, richely embrodered with the Armes of England; whome followed the Lord Darcy, beinge Captayn of the Garde. After whome came the Garde, and many other Gentlemen. Then the worshipfull Men of the Crafts of London, which were appointed by their Fellowship to fet in the saide Corps. Then Lords Servaunts followed, beinge a great Number.

Thus

Thus and in this Manner was the said Corps of Kyng Henry the VIIIth brought throughe the Cittie of London, with Torches innumerable, unto the West Dore of St. Powles, where the Bifschop of London, revefted and mytred, received the said Corps; which, after they had encensed it, was taken out of the Charett, the said Picture lying upon it, and borne by XII Perfons of the Garde, because of the great Waight thereof. The Duke of Buckingham with the said Earles goinge by, and puttinge their Hands unto it. Over the which Corpes was borne a goodlie riche Canopie of Cloth of Golde by Fower Barrons, frome the Tyme that it was taken out of the Charet unto the Tyme that the said Corps was brought before the Highe Alter, where was sett a goodlie curious Light of Nine Branches; under the which Light this Corps was sett, there havinge a solempne Dirige; in the which my Lo. of London was Executor Officii, and Attendant upon him the Abbott of St. Albones and the Abbott of Readinge, revefted and mytred. This done, the Lords departed from Powles, and went unto the Bishops Palice; the said Corps beinge watched with divers Knights and Herauds appointed thereunto. And on the Morrowe when the Lords were come unto the Herse againe, there were songe Three solempne Masses; of the which Three Masses the Deane of Powles fange the First of our Ladie, the Bifschop of Lincoln fange the Second of the Trinitie, and the Bifschop of London fange the Third of Requiem. After the which Masses done the Bifschop of Rochester made a notable Sermon; which done everie Man departed unto their Dynner. And at their Returne made, which was before One of the Clock, the said Corps was solempnly borne throughe the Church of St. Powle to the West Dore, with the foresaid Canape borne over it, goinge before it the whole Queire of Powles and also the Kyngs Chappell, whome followed the Bishop of London, beinge revefted and mytred, and the said Duke and Earles followinge; where the said Corps was againe laide into the Charet, and appointed in like Manner as is aforesaid. Which done everie Man in like Order as is afore expressed, accompanied the said Corps, which was frome thence conveyed throughe Fleete Streete unto Charinge Crosse, where the Abbott of Westminster, th' Abbott of St. Albones, th' Abbott of Readinge, and th' Abbott of Winchombe, all iiij^{or} Abbotts, revefted and mytred, with the whole Convent of th' Abbey of Westminster, in Albes and Coops, received the said Corps, and there encensed it. Which done they with Proceffion solempnly conveyed it unto the West Doore of the said Abbey of Westminster: Where the Archebishop of Canterbury and

the Archeb. of Yorke, reuested and mytred, solempnly received the Corps, and in like Manner incensed it; which after was conveyed out of the said Charet into the Abbey, in like Manner as it was conveyed into Powles. Where was sett the most costly and curious Light possibly to be made by Mans Hand, which was of xiii principal Stonderds, richly decked with Banners, and all other Things convenient to the same. Here he had his Dirige solempnly, th' Archbishopp of Canterbury beinge Execut. Officii, upon whom was attendinge the Number of xviii Bishops and Abbotts, reuested and mytred, duringe the Tyme of the said Dirige. At the which Dirige the Bishopp of Norwiche redd the First Lesson, the Bishopp of Lincoln the Second Lesson, the Archebishop of Canterbury the Third Lesson. And after the said Dirige done, the saide Duke and Earles with the other Lords departed unto the Kings Palice; except certen Knights, which were appointed to watch the Corps, in like as they did at Powles. And on the Morrowe the said Duke and Earles, with the other Lords, beinge in the Church before Six of the Clock, there were Three Solempne Masses, songe in their dewe Order. Of the which Masses the Abbott of Westminster sange the First of our Ladie, which was done before Seaven of the Clock, and incontinate the Bishop of Winchester sange the Second of the Trinitie, th Abbott of St. Albones beinge his Deacon, and th Abbott of Readinge beinge his Subdeacon: Which done th Archeb. of Canterbury, beinge accompanied with the Number of xviii Bishops and Abbotts, reuested and mytred, came unto the Alter, to singe the solempn Masse of Requiem. To whome was Deacon the Bishop of Lincoln, and Subdeacon the Bishop of Norwiche. And when the said Bishops and Abbotts had brought him to the Altar, they went into the Queire, and there stayed unto the Offeringe Tyme, except the Deacon and Subdeacon, which gave their Attendance. And at the Offeringe Tyme the said Bishop and Abbotts came againe to the Alter, and gave their dewe Attendance upon the Archeb. of Canterbury, comminge frome the Alter unto the Second Step of the said Alter, where he received the Offeringe in this Manner followinge.

First there came Twoe Herauds in their Cotearmours unto the Duke of Buckingham, beinge Chiefe Mourner, kneelinge at the West End of the Herse, goinge before him, frome the Herse unto the Place where the Archeb. stood to take the Offeringe; where he, representinge the Kyngs Person, offered a Testament of Golde: Which done the said Herauds conveyed him againe to the Place he came frome. Then the said Herauds came in like Manner unto the Earle of Arondell
and

and unto the Earle of Northumberland, and conveyed them unto a Knight which stood before the Herse, holdinge the Kyngs Cotearmour. Of whom the said Herauds received the said Cotearmour, and delivered it to the said Two Earles; which solempnly bearinge the said Cotearmour betwene them offered it up unto the said Archeb. with great Reverence; the which he received and delivered unto a Bishop, which delivered it over unto an Heraude standinge even by them on the South Side of the Church; which done the said Herauds conveyed the Two Earles againe unto their Places. Then the said Herauds came in likewise unto the Earle of Shrewsberie and unto the Earle of Surrey, and conveyed them unto a Knight which stood before the said Herse, holdinge the Kyngs Sheild crowned; of whome the said Herauds received the said Shielde, and delivered it unto the said Earles; which solempnly bearinge it betwene them, offered it in lyke Manner unto the Archebishop; the which he received and delivered it to a Bishop, by whome it was delivered unto an Heraude, there standinge on the South Syde beneath the other Herauds which helde the Cote-armour: And then the said Herauds conveyed the said Earles againe unto their Places. After this they went unto the Earle of Essex and to the Earle of Kent, and conveyed them unto a Knight holdinge a goodlie riche Sworde before the Herse, which the said Herauds received of the said Knyght and delivered unto the said Earles: And soe they holdinge the said Sworde betwene them, offered it up unto the Archebishop in like Manner; which was also delivered unto an other Heraude standinge in Order beneath the other Two Herauds which helde the Cotearmour and the Shielde. Which done the said Herauds convey'd the said Two Earles into their owne Places. And then the said Two Herauds came unto the Earle of Derby and unto the Earle of Arran, otherwise called the Scottishe Lorde, which in like Manner conveyed them unto a Knight holdinge the Kings Helmet crowned, to whome was made like Deliverie; which they offered in like Manner, and was delivered to another Heraude, and they conveyed unto their owne Places againe. After this there came ryding the Second Son of th Earle of Surrey, called Sir Edward Howarde, armed in complete Harnes (his Helmet except) upon a goodlie Courser, trapped in Black Velvet, with the Armes of England embrothered upon the same, which rode unto the Railes of the said Herse, where he did alight; whome the said Herauds incontinent received; whose Horse was ymediatly delivered unto a Servant of the Abbotts of Westminster. And the said Knight going be-

twene the Earle of Essex and the Earle of Kent was presented unto the Archebishop: Which done, the said Knight was conveyed by Twoe Monkes of the said Abbey into the Revestrie, where he was unarmed, and the said Two Earles again conveyed into their owne Places. And after the said Knight came in a Black Gowne, and offered amonge the other Knights. This done the said Two Heralds came againe unto the Duke of Buck. goinge before him to the Archebishop, where he offered againe for himselfe. After whome the other Earles offered in their Order. Then came the Bishops and Abbots, and offered in their Order; the Bishops goinge unto the Alter, and there makinge their Offeringe, and the Abbots goinge unto the Archeb. kissinge his Hande, and takinge his Blessinge. After whome came the Lords and Barrons, makinge their Offeringe everie Man in Degree. And in the meane while Twoe Heralds came againe unto the said Duke of Buck. and to the Earles, and conveyed them into the Revestrie, where they did receive certen Pales, which everie of them did bringe solempnly betwene their Hands, and comminge in Order one before another, as they were in Degree, unto the said Herse, they kissed their said Pales, and delivered them unto the said Heraldes, which laide them uppon the Kyngs Corps, in this Manner: The Palle which was first offered by the Duke of Buck, was laid on length on the said Corps, and the Residewe were laid acrosse, as thick as they might lie. Which Pales were offered in the Manner aforesaid, in Token of their Homage which they of Dutie ought to doe unto the Kinge. And after the saide Lords and Barrons had made their Offeringe, then followed the Chapleins of Dignitie and the Grey *Amezes* of the Kinges Chappell, whome followed Knights and Gentlemen, everie Man in his Degree. After the which Offeringe and the said Masse ended, a Knight called Edmond Carewe came unto the Second Stepp of the Highe Alter, bearinge in his Hand the Kings great Banner, which he offered up unto the Archebishop, and Sir Edward Darrece his Standerd. Which done, the Bishop of London made a noble Sermon. And after the said Sermon ended, incontinente the Archebishops, Bishops, and Abbots went unto the Herse. At whose Coomminge the Pales and the iiij Banners of the Kings Avowries were carried away by Twoe Monks. Which done, the Picture was taken from the Herse, and borne unto St. Edwards Shrine, the Kyngs Chappell singinge this Anthem, *Circum dederunt me genitus mortis*. And then the said Corps was incensed, and all the Royal Ornaments taken frome the said Corps, soe that everie Man might

might see the said Corps cofferd in a Coffin of Bordes, which was covered over with Black Velvett, havinge a Crosse of Whyte Satten from the one End of the said Coffyn unto the other; within the which Coffyn the verie Corps of the Kynge lay enclosed in Lead. Upon the which Lead was written, in great Lettres chased, *Hic jacet Rex Henricus Septimus.* And soe the said Corps was laid into the Vaught with great Reverence by the noble Queen Elizabeth his Wyfe; whome incontinent all the Archebishops, Bishops, and Abbotts settinge their Crosses upon the said Corps assolled, in most solempn Manner sayinge this Collett (*Absolvimus*). Which done the said Archebishop did cast Earth uppon the said Corps. And then my Lord Treasurer and my Lord Steward did breake their Staves, and did cast them into the Vaught; and the other Hed Officers did cast their Staves in, all whole. Which done the Vaught was closed, and a goodlie riche Pall of Clothe of Golde laide upon the saide Herse. And incontinent all the Herauds did of their Cotearmour, and did hange them uppon the Rayles of the Herse; cryinge lamentably in French, *The noble King Henry the Seaventh is deade.* And as soone as they had so done, everie Heraud putt on his Cotearmour againe, and cryed with a loude Voyce, *Vive le noble Roy Henry le VIIIth*; which is to say in Englishe Tonge, God send the noble Kynge Henry the Eight longe Lyfe. *Amen.*

The Proceſſion of King Edward the VIth from the Tower to his Pallace at Weſtminſter, and the Solempnitie of his Coronation.

[From a Manuſcript formerly belonging to William Le Neve Norroy.]

ON Saturday, being the Nynth Day of February, about One of the Clocke in the Afternoone, the Kings Royall Maieſty proceeded from the Tower, through his City of London, in moſt Roiall and goodly wiſe towards his Pallace of Weſtminſter, in the which was made divers and goodly Provision for the Receipt of his moſt Royall Perſon, as hereafter ſhall be declared.

First, The Streets through all the Way where the King ſhould paſſe were well gravelled in every Place thereof, and railed on the one Side from Grace Church Street to the Little Conduit in Cheap, to the Intent that the Horſes ſhould not ſlide on the Pavement, nor the People be hurt by the ſaid Horſes in the high Streets. Within theſe Rails ſtood the Crafts along in their Order, to the Little Conduit aforeſaid, where ſtood the Aldermen. On the other Side of the Streets, in many Places, ſtood Priests and Clerkes with their Croſſes and Cenſors, and in their beſt Ornaments, to ſenſe the King; and by all the Way where the King ſhould paſſe, on either Side, were the Windows and Waies goodly garniſhed with Cloaths of Tapeſtry, Arras, Cloath of Gold, and Cloath of Silver, with Quiſhions of the ſame garniſhed with Streamers and Banners as richly as might be deviſed. In many Places were ordeyned goodly Pagents and Deviſes, and therein goodly Melody and eloquent Speeches of noble Hiſtoryes treating, to the joyfull Welcoming and Reſpect of ſo noble a King, as hereafter more plainly ſhall be declared.

THE ORDER OF THE PROCEEDING AS FOLLOWETH.

Inprimis. The Kings Meſſengers two and two.

Gentlemen two and two.

Strangers, Ambaſſadors Servants, two and two.

Trumpetters cloathed all in red Damaske, two and two.

Chaplaines without Dignity.

Gentlemen and Noblemens Sonns upon ſturing Horſes.

The Barons after their Eſtates.

Biſhopps.

Earles

Earles Sonns.

Marquifes Sonns.

Dukes younger Sonns.

Earles.

Marquifes.

Dukes.

The Comptroller of the Househould, and the Secretary of Venice.

The Treasoror of the King's House, and one of the Ambassadors of the Protestants.

Sir William Peters, Secretary, with another Ambassador of the Protestants.

The Kings Amner, with another Ambassador of the Protestants.

Sir William Paget, Secretary, with Duke Philip of Almen.

The Lord Admiral, with one of the Scottish Ambassadors.

The Lord Privy Seale, with another of the Scottish Ambassadors.

The Lord Great Master, with Poley Baron de la Grade de France.

The Lord Chancellor, with the French King's Ambassadors.

The Archbishop of Canterbury, with the Emperor's Ambassadors.

Sir Percevall Hart, Knyght Harbenger, bearing the Kings Majestys Cloake and Hatt.

Two Gentlemen Ushers, viz. $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{John Norrys} \\ \text{and} \\ \text{William Rainsford} \end{array} \right.$

Representing the two Estates of Normandy and Guyon, cloathed in Robes of Scarlet furred with Myæver, and Capps of Estate on their Heads, carrying about them in Bawdrick wife, two Mantles of Scarlet Velvet.

Garter in the King's Coate of Armes on the right Hand, and the Mayor of London carrying a Mace on the left.

Serjeants of Armes, with their Maces, going on either Side the Way.

The Sworde borne by the Constable of England, for that Time, viz. the Lord Marquis of Dorset.

On the Marquis's right Hand, the Earle of Warwick, Lord Great Chamberlayn of England.

And on the left Hand, the Earle of Arundell, Lord Chamberlayne, supplying the Roome, as Earl Marshall, in the Lew of the Lord Protector.

A little before the King on the left Hand, the Duke of Somerset, Lord Protector.

The King's Royall Majesty walking a little before his Canape, because the People might the better see his Grace, his Highness being richly apparelled with a rich Gowne of Cloath of Silver, all over embroiderd with Damaske Gold; with a Girdle of white Velvett wrought with Venice Silver, garnished with precious Stones, as Rubies and Diamonds, with true Lovers Knotts of Pearles, a Dublet of white Velvet accordingly to the same, embroidered with Venice Silver, garnished with like precious Stones and Pearles, a white Velvet Capp, garnished with like Stones and Pearles, and a Pair of Buskins with white Velvet. On his Horse was a Caparison of crimson Satten, embroidered with Pearles and Damask Gold.

His Highness's Footemen in their rich Coates, going aboute his Grace on either Side the Canopie.

The Canopie borne by six Knights, with certain Assitants to them.

Sir Anthony Browne, Master of the Horse, leading a goodly Courfier of Honor very richly trapped.

Nyne Henchmen on nyne goodly Horses with Saddles of Estate, riding beare headed, every of them apparelled in Cassackes parted in the Middest, one halfe Cloath of Golde, the other Cloath of Silver, and their Horses trapped with like Trappers of the same.

Sir Francis Bryant, Master of the Henchmen, riding alone.

Gentlemen and Groomes of the Privy Chamber riding two and two.

The Pensioners and Men of Armes with their Polle Axes, going on either Side the Way, on Foote, from the Beginning of the two Estates of Normandy and Guyon, and so continuing till the Gentlemen of the Privy Chamber.

Next after the Gentlemen and Grooms of the Privy Chamber, the Captain of the Guard riding alone.

The Guard, five on a Rancke, on Foote, with their Holberts in their Hands.

All the Noblemen and Gentlemens Servants going in Order after the Degrees and Estates of their Masters, on Foote.

Memorandum, that on either Side the Way, from the Beginning of the Trayne to the Pensioners, Officers of Armes did give Order, and Gentlemen, with other Tipstaves, made Roome by all the Way; and thus in goodly Order proceeded.

By

By the Time the Kings Highnes was entred into Marke Lane, there was a very great Peale of Ordinance fhott at the Tower.

At Fane Church Street was ordeyned a Scaffold richly hunge with Cloath of Arras, and therein divers Singing Men and Children, finging and playing on the Regalls as the Kings Highnes came by.

AT THE CONDUIT IN CORNHIL

Was ordeyned a goodly Pagent, hanged and garnished with rich Arras, whereon was put a proper Conduite, which ran with faire sweete Wyne. On the same Pageant were divers Instruments and goodly Singing; and Two Children richly apparelled pronounced to the Kings Highnes these Speeches following.

THE FIRST SPEECH.

Hayle noble Edward our King and Sovereigne !
Hayle the chief Comfort of your Comonalty !
Hayle redolent Rose, whose Sweetnes to retayne,
Is unto us all such great Comodity,
That earthly Joy to us none more can be.
Blessed therefore be our Lord Omnipotent,
Which hath to us so noble a King sent.

Hayle comly King ! the Cause of all our Myrth !
Hayle flourishing Flower in your Royall Estate !
Whose princely Prefence our Harts doth upstart,
For that God hath made us so fortunate,
As with Grace your Highnes to illuminate,
And may he grant unto us our Hearts Request,
Which is Health to your Highnes, Peace and Rest.

THE SECOND SPEECH.

O noble Edward ! the Sixth of that Name,
Whom God hath provided for our great Comfort
To reigne in this Realme of excellent Fame,
The only Cause of Unity and Concord.
Thanks be therefore unto our heavenly Lord,
Which doth not fayle his Servants in Distresse,
As here doth appeare in your noble Highnesse.

THE SONGE.

<i>King Edward, King Edward,</i>	<i>King Edward the Sixth</i>
<i>God save King Edward,</i>	<i>To have the Sword,</i>
<i>God save King Edward,</i>	<i>His Subjects to defend,</i>
<i>And longe to continue,</i>	<i>His Enemies to put downe,</i>
<i>In Grace and Vertue,</i>	<i>According to Right, in every</i>
<i>Unto God's Pleasure,</i>	<i>Towne.</i>
<i>His Commons to rejoice.</i>	<i>Good Lord! in Heaven to Thee</i>
<i>Whom we ought to honor,</i>	<i>we sing,</i>
<i>To love, and to dread,</i>	<i>Grant our noble King to reigne</i>
<i>As our most noble King</i>	<i>and springe,</i>
<i>And Sovereigne Lord,</i>	<i>From Age to Age, like Solomon</i>
<i>Next under God of England</i>	<i>the Sage,</i>
<i>And Ireland the Supream</i>	<i>Whom God preserve in Peace</i>
<i>Head,</i>	<i>and Warre,</i>
<i>Whom God hath chosen,</i>	<i>And safely keep him from all</i>
<i>By his Mercy so good,</i>	<i>Danger.</i>

Then they proceeded in goodly Order to Cheapside.

AT THE GREAT CONDUITE IN CHEAP were ordeyned these Things following.

First, Before the Entry of the foresaid Conduit stood two Persons resembling Valentine and wild Urson, the one cloathed with Mosse and Iye Leaves, having in his Hand a great Clubb of Yew Tree for his Weapon, the other armed as a Knight, and they pronounced their Speeches.

At the End of the same Conduit there was placed a Cocke ^a garnished with Roses, Juli-flowers, and other Kinde of Flowers, upon the which there was a sumptuous Fountain, and upon the Top thereof a Crowne Emperiall of Gold, garnished as it stood, with rich Pearle and Stones. Under the same were certaine Springs, out of which came Plenty of Wine, Red, and Claret, descending through Pipes into the Street amongst divers Sorts of People, who, by the Space of fix Howres, with great Diligence fetched it away. Nigh unto the same Fountaine did stand foure Children very richly adorned, representing Grace, Nature, Fortune, and Charity, who, the one after the other, pronounced these Speeches following.

^a So in the Original.

GRACE.

*Wee Ladys all, by one Consent, sundry Ghostly Gifts,
Heavenly and Divine, to the King, as now wee doe
Present unto thy Highnes.
As I Grace, first, at my Coming,
Indue thee with lively Faith and morall Cuning.*

NATURE.

*And I, Nature, with Strength and Faireness, for to be
loved and dreaded of every Weight.*

FORTUNE.

*And I Fortune, with Prosperity and Riches, to defend and
give thee Right long to enjoy and hold thy true Right. In
vertuous Life with Honour to proceed, that all the Sceptures
thou may sway.*

CHARITIE.

*God give unto thee a Crowne of Glory, and the Scepter of
Piety, with a Sword mighty of Victory, a Mantle of Pru-
dence to cloath thee, a Shield of Faith to defend thee, with a
Helme of Health to thine Encrease, and gird thee with a
Girdle of Love and perfect Peace.*

At a certain Distance from thence, as it were about the
outer Parts of the Conduit, stood eight richly apparelled
other like Ladyes, representing Sapience, and the seven
Liberal Sciences, which declared certaine goodly Speeches.

And at the End of the said Conduit towards Cheap, there
was a double Scaffold one above the other, which was hung
with Cloath of Gold and Silke, besides rich Arras. There
was also devised under the uper Scaffold, an Element or Hea-
ven, with the Sunn, Starrs and Clowdes very naturally. From
this Clowde there spread abroad another lesser Cloud of white
Sarsennet, fringed with Silke powdered with Starrs and
Beames of Gold, out of the which there descended a Phenix
downe to the neither Scaffold, where settling herselfe upon
a Mount, there spread forth Roses white and red, Julli-
flowers and Hoithorne Bowes. After that the said Phenix
was there a little, there approached a Lyon of Gold crown-
ed, makeing Semblance of Amyty unto the Bird, moving

his Head fundry Tymes, between the which Familiarity, as it seemed, there came forth a young Lyon that had a Crowne Emperiall brought from Heaven above, as by two Angells, wich they sett upon his Head. Then the old Lyon and the Phenix vanished away, leaving the young Lyon, being crowned, alone. Then the aforefayde Ladies spoke these Speaches followinge.

S A P I E N C E.

Lo I, chief Prince, Dame Sapience, shew unto you Sentences of Scripture, Kings that be most excellent, reigne by me, and most Joye endure. For through my Help and busy Care, their Glory encreaseth, and high Renowne. Having of Wisdome full Possession. For by the Sentence of prudent Solomon, Mercy and Right preserveth every King, and cleaves with Faith observed above Reason. It keepeth his Throne from all Perill of Falling, and maketh it strong. So I conclude, that hereby a King is preserved in long Prosperity. Therefore we, the Seven Sciences Liberal, do offer our Service to your Grace Potential.

G R A M M E R.

I, Grammer, with the Silver Key, unlocke the Doore to Science every Way.

L O G I C K E.

And I, Logick, directly discusse all Things uprightly.

A R I T H M E T I C K.

And I, Arithmetick, through Exercise in Numbering, make Men wise.

R H E T H O R I C K E.

And I, Rhetorick, ordained to beautify Speeches, am much polittique.

G E O M A T R I E.

I, Geomaty, ordained for Measuring, and as necessary for Building.

M U S I C K E.

MUSICKE.

Yet I, pleasant Musicke, for King's Pastime am most liked.

ASTRONAMIE.

I, prudent Astronomy, describe of Plannetts the Mistry.

*Therefore noble King of high Magnificence, behold yendor
Clowde of your Graces Benignity, with the Sunn, the Starrs,
and the Moon descending thence. It doth signify by the Vertue
of the Lyon, that you are descended lynally, through God's
Provision and his Divine Power, to succeed Henry the VIII.
to England's great Succour.*

*For the Phenix bright,
That downe taketh her Flight
From the Clowdes above,
Is for to behold
That Lyon of Gold,
That long was her Love.*

*To have your Highnes crowned,
Her most deerly beloved,
And then to assend upright.
From whence she came above,
Unto Christ her speciall Love,
Whear is no Darknes, but all
Light.*

*And also for to see
Your Kingly Majesty
Prosperously to reigne,
From the Throne Celestiall,
With Diadem Imperiall
She is come thither againe.*

*The noble King your Father
Of late is fled up thither
To Joy in God allway.
As the most Christian King
That on the Earth was living,
His Ransome for to pay.*

Also there was upon the nether Scaffold a sumptuous Throne, whereupon satt a Childe apparelled with rich Cloath of Gold, with a Robe of crymson Satten, representing the King's Majesty. The which Throne was upholden with foure other Children, one representing

*Regallity having a Regall ^a in his Hand,
Justice having a Sword,
Truth having a Book, and
Mercy having a little Curtane,*

} Who speak these
Speeches or Words
following.

^a i. e. A Scepter, not the ancient musickal Instrument called a Regal.

REGALLITY.

REGALLITY.

Rule and governe prudently.

JUSTICE.

And do Justice condignely.

MERCY.

But mix with Mercy

TRUTH.

*That the Truth may stand surely, and your Throne shall
endure permanently.*

Towards the Cheap, beside the Throne, was represented the Golden Fleece kept by two Bulles and a Serpent, casting out of their Mouthes flaming Fire, according to the Story of Jason. Also there were six Children richly appalled, which plaid upon the Regalles, and sang, with great Melody, divers goodly Songes.

Then they proceeded in goodly Order to the *Standard in Cheap*, which was hanged richly round about with Cloath of Tyshew and Arras. Upon the uper Part were Trümpetts blowing melodiously, wheare should have been pronounced fundry Speeches. They then proceeded to the *Crosse in Cheap*, which was very well painted and gilded.

A little beyond the Crosse, the Maior of London, with his Brethren the Aldermen, attendant upon the King's Highnes in their seemely Apparell, received his Grace with a Proposition pronounced by Mr. Masbroke, Recorder, and Mr. Chamberlayn of London. And there they presented his Highness with a Purse, having a thousand Markes of Gold in it, the which his Grace received, and gave them Thanks. And then he proceeded to the *Little Conduit in Cheap*.

The same was hanged with Cloath of Arras garnished with the Target of Seint George, the King's Armes, six great Streamers, twenty small Banners, and twenty-four Targets. At the Topp of the said Conduit in a Tower stood the Waytes playing. Where there was an old Man setting in a Chaire appalled with a Gowne of Cloath of Gold, and a Crowne Emperiall upon his Head, who had in his right Hand a Scepter of Gold, and in his left a Ball with a Crosse, representing the State of King Edward the Confessor.

Confessor. Before him there lay a Lyon of Gold, which moved his Head by Vices. At the Foote of the same Conduit there was sett a Stage, whereupon was Seint George on Horfebacke in compleat Harnes, with his Page in Harnes also, holding his Speare and Shield, and a faire Maiden holding a Lamb in a String. Nigh unto whom also there was a Child appointed in rich Apparell, to have pronounced an Oration in Latyne, and Seint George should have made a Speech in English as hereafter followeth.

SEINT GEORGE.

Most Royall King of England, Edward the Sixtb. It is thy Lott at this Time, of Duty to be crowned, by the Ordinance of God long before prefixed that thou wast gotten and borne in this World. Wherefore you Men of England, to God are greatly bound, to praise, honour, lawde, and worship him above all, that hath given unto you such a noble and puissant King.

*I am George of England, under God the true Guide to
ancient Kings of the same, most loveing and kind,
As it is manifestly knowne to all and every.
For to accomplish their Honours I ever inclined;
And now good King it is my faithfull Minde
Thee to honour and magnifye now as thou sbalt understand,
Under God thee to defend ever ready at thy Hand,
Goe now good King to be crowned with Honour and Joye,
As thy foresaid Ancestors have been in like Manner.
If thy Enemies would thee at any Time hurt or annoye,
I shall in the Field for thy Defence set forth my Banner.
And deliver thee from Hurt, Damage, or any Danger
Against thy Foes which shall stirre Debate or Striffe.
And thus fairewell good King Edward, God send thee longe
Life.*

This Speech in English, with the other in Latine, should have been pronounced, but for Lacke of Time it could not be done, his Grace made such Speed. Howbeit there was a Song, the Ditty wherof was thus.

*Sing up Heart, sing up Heart, sing no more down,
But Joy in King Edward that weareth the Crowne.*

A BALLET OF THE KINGS MAJESTY.

*King Edward up springeth from Puerilitie,
And towards us bringeth Joy and Tranquillity ;
Our Hearts may be light, and merry oure Cheere,
He shall be of such Might that all the World may him feare.
Sing up Heart, &c.*

*His Father, late our Sovereigne, each Day and also Houre,
That in Joy he might reigne, like a Prince in high Power,
By Sea and Land, hath provided for him eke,
That never King of England had ever the like.
Sing up Heart, &c.*

*Hee hath gotten already Bullen that goodly Towne,
And biddeth sing speedily vp and downe,
When he waxeth Weight, and to Manhood doth spring,
He shall be without Fail of foure Realmes the King.
Sing up Heart, &c.*

*Yee Children of England, for the Honor of the same,
Take Bow and Shaft in Hand, learn Shewtage to frame,
That you another Day may so do your Parts,
As to serve your King as well with Hands as with Hearts.
Sing up Heart, &c.*

*Yee Children that are towards, sing up and downe,
And never play the Cowards to him that weareth the Crown,
But alway bee you sure his Pleasure to fulfill,
Then shall you keep right sure, the Honour of England still.
Sing up Heart, &c.*

When the King came almost to St. Georges Church in Powles Churchyard, there was a Rope as great as a Cable of a Ship, stretched in length from the Battlements of Powles Steple, and with a great Anker at one End, fastened a little before Mr. Dean of Powles Houfe Gate. And when his Majesty approached neere the same, there came a Man, a Sranger, being a Native of Arragon, lying on the same Rope, his Head forward, casting his Armes and his Leggs abroad, running on his Breast on the said Rope from the said Battlements to the Ground, as it had been an Arrow out of a Bow, and stayed on the Ground. Then he came to the Kings Majesty, and kyst his Foot, and so after certaine Words to his Highnes, departed from him again, and went upwards upon the

the said Rope till he was come over the Midst of the said Churchyard, where he having a Rope about him, played certaine Misteryes on the said Rope, as tumbling and casting one Legg from another. Then tooke he the said Rope, and tyed it to the Cabell, and tyed himselfe by the Right Legg a little beneath the Wrist of the Foot, and hung by the one Legg a certaine Space, and after recovered himselfe up again with the said Rope, and unknet the Knot, and came downe again, which staid the King's Majesty with all the Trayne a good Space of Time.

The Proceffion then proceeded in goodly Order to the *Great Conduit* in Fleetstreet, which was hanged about with Arras, and divers Streamers spread thereon. Upon the said Conduit was also made a Stage, whereon sat a Childe in very rich Apparell, which represented *Truth*, and was accompanied with Two other Children before him in Red, representing *Faith* and *Justice*, whose Names were before them written in their Places. As the Kings Grace passed by, *Truth* saluted him with these Words following.

TRUTH.

*I ancient Truth, which long Time was suppressed
With Heathen Rites and detestable Idolatrye,
Have in thy Realme been in great Part refreshed
By God's Servant my Defender King Henry ;
Who moe then once tendering God's Glory,
Hath made me free, whom Abuses kept bound,
And hath therefore God's Mercy allways found.*

*Wherefore if you will me likewise embrace,
As did your Father, most loving King Edward ;
Then shall the God of Truth give you his Grace
To bring your Devices luckely forward.
Then shall England, committed to your Grace,
Rejoyce in God, which hath given her Nation,
After old David, A young King Solomon.*

As soone as the Kings Grace was past, there were let runn Two Hogsheds of Wine to the People, take who would.

The Company then proceeded in goodly Order to *Temple Barr*. The Gate was paynted, and fashioned with Battlements and Buttresses of divers Colours, richly hanged with Cloth of Arras, garnished with Fourteen Standards of Flaggs, with Eight French Trumpetters, blowing their Trumpetts after the Fashion of their Country. Besides them wer a

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Paire of Regalls and Children finging to the fame. The Company then proceeded in goodly Order untill they came to Westminster, to his Graces Pallace, whereat all the Noblemen lighted, and stood in Order as they had conducted his Highness. And at the Hall Doore he tooke his Leave of the Ambassadors, giving them Thanks for their Paynes; and so proceeded in goodly Order unto his Chamber, where all Things were prepared for him according as apperteyned to his Estate and Highness. Then Commaundement was given to all Noblemen, to be at Westminster the next Day by Seven of the Clocke in the Morninge, in their best Array, to give their Attendaunce upon the Coronation.

Preparations made ready against the same Coronation.

First. The great Hall of Westminster was newly paynted and glased, well strowed with Rushes and hung about with very rich Cloath of Arras; and at the uper End of the same above the Staires was well encarpited. The said Staires with the Railes and Barriers were covered with Red Sae, and over the Kings Majesty's was a very rich Cloath of Estate.

Secondly. Upon the Right Hand of the said Hall was a Cubbard, of the Height of the Rankes, garnished with Plate of Gold, Silver, and precious Stones, as richly as might be devised: And every Officer was placed in his Place there accordingly.

Sunday the 20th Day of February, being Shrouf Sunday, was the Day of the King's Coronation, Anno Domini 1546.

The Kings Royall Majesty, being accompanied with my Lord Protector, and certaine other of his Councill and Privy Chamber, with two Barges full of Noblemen, about Nyne of the Clocke in the Morninge, landed at the Privy Staires; where were the Pentioners, apparelled all in Red Damaske, with their Pole Axes in their Hands, and the Guard in their rich Coates, likewise with their Holbards, standing on either Side by all the Way where his Grace should passe. His Highness, with all the Nobility proceeding before him, was conducted through the Whitehall unto the Chamber of the Court of th Augmentation, which was richly hung with Cloath of Arras and Cloath of Estate. There the Kings Royal Majesty put on his Apparell, viz. A Robe of Crimson Velvet with a long Trayne, furred with powdered Ermynes throughout. A Surcoat of the same, furred with Mynever
pure,

pure, the Coller, Skirts, and Sleevehands garnished with Ribbons of Gold, with Two Taberds, Foure Fingers broad, with a Hood, likewise powdred, which were called his Parliament Robes, wearing on his Head a Capp of Blue Velvett. Then all the Nobility, as Dukes, Marquises, Earles, and Barons put on their Robes of Estate, and came unto the Kings Majesty's outward Chamber, and tooke Order for the Proceeding into the Hall. The Ambassadors, accompanied with divers Noblemen, going before his Highness, as here en-
fueth.

First, The Ground from the Kings Seat Royall in Westminster Hall, unto the Mounte whereon was the Throne in Westminster Church, was spread with Rave Cloath by the King's Amner; which Cloath was brought from the King's Great Wardrobe.

And the great Pallace was all alonge rayled on either Side the Way from Westminster Hall unto the said Pallace Gate.

The Order of the Proceeding from Westminster Hall to the Church.

First, All Gentlemen two and two.

Esquires two and two.

Knights two and two.

The Aldermen of London.

The French and Latin Secretaries.

The Serjeant Porter alone.

The Three Crosses.

The Quier of Westminster, in their best Copes.

The Subdean of the Kings Chappell, and the Quire of the same.

The Bishopps, in Pontificalibus.

Sir Edward North, Chancellor of the Augmentation, and the Secretary.

Sir Ralph Sadler, Master of the Kings Great Wardrobe, with

Sir John Gage, Comptroller of the Kings Household, }
and One of the Scottish Ambassadors. }

The Treasurer Sir Thomas Cheyny, Lord Warden, }
with another of the Scottish Ambassadors. }

Sir William Peter Secretary, and the Ambassador of France.

Sir William Paget Secretary, with the Emperor's Ambassador.

Garter in the King's Coate, and the Maior of London }
with his Mace. }

{ The Earle of Rutland, bearing Sir Edward's Spurres,
{ and with him

{ The Earle of Derby, bearing Curtana, in the Middest, and

{ The Lord St. John Lord Great Master, bearing the other Sword on the Right Hand.

{ The Lord Russell Lord Privy Seale, bearing the other Sword on the Left.

{ The Earle of Southampton, bearing the Sword in the Scabbard.

{ The Earl of Arundell, as High Marshall, with the Marshall's Rodd, in the Lew of the Lord Protector, on his Left Hand.

{ The Duke of Somerset Lord Protector, bearing the Crowne.

{ The Duke of Suffolke, bearing the Crosse on his Right Hand.

{ The Marquis of Dorset, bearing the Scepter on his Left.

The Kings Royall Majesty, under a goodly Canope, } borne by the Barons of the Cinque Ports; his Highnes } assisted by the Earle of Shrewsbury on his Right Hand, } and by the Bishop of Durham on his Left. }

The Earl of Warwick Lord Great Chamberlain of England, bearing the Kings Trayne, assisted by the Marquis of Northampton and Seymour of Sudley. }

The Gentlemen of the Privy Chamber.

The Nobles in their Robes of Estate, with Capps of Estate and Coronalls on their Heads after their Degree, and the greatest Estate going next to the Kings Person. }

The Pentioners.

The Captain of the Guard.

The Guard.

Noblemen's Servants, after the Degrees and States of their Lords, following the Trayne, in goodly Order to the Cathedral Church of Westminster. }

At the Cathedrall Church in Westminster, before rehearsed, Preparacions were made in this Manner.

Imprimis, The Quier was very richly hung with Cloath of Arras, and well strowed with Rushes, and the Places between the High Alter and the Chaire also.

Then was there made and ordeyned a Mouting Scaffold, with Staires up to the same and downe to the Alter, on the which there was a Throne of Seaven Staires, whereof Foure of the upermost were covered with fine Bawdkin, and the other Staires covered with Blanketts.

Upon the Middest of the Throne there was sett a great White Chaire, covered with Bawdkin Damaske and Gold, with Two Quoshons. Whereof One was Blacke Velvett embroidered

broidered with Gold very richly, and the other of Cloath of Tisnew. The said Chaire had Two Pillers, at the Backe whereof there stood Two Lyons of Gold, and in the Middlest a Turret with a Flower de Luce of Gold. The said Place was guarded with Foure Gentlemen Uthers, Dayly Wayters, viz.

William Rantford	} {	Richard Greenaway
John Norrys		Richard Blunt.

Besides divers other Gentlemen Uthers to assist them.

Thus the Kings Majesty between Ten and Eleven o'Clock was conducted to his Throne to King Edward's Chair, as aforesaid, wherein after his Grace had reposed a little Time, he was removed by his said Lords into another Chair, garnished with Cloath of Tisnew, wherein he sitting, the Foure Gentlemen Uthers carried his Grace unto the Four Parts of the Mount, that he might be seen of the People. The Archbishop of Canterbury standing besides the King, did declare unto the People in all the aforesaid Parts the Kings Majesty free Election, with these Words following.

Sirs, here I present King Edward rightfull and undoubted Inheritor by the Lawes of God and Man to the Crown and Royal Dignity of this Realme, whereupon yee shall understand that this Day is prefixed and appointed by all the Peers of this Realme for his Consecration, Enunction, and Coronation. Will you serve at this Time, and give your good Wills and Assent to the same Consecration, Enunction, and Coronation? Whereunto the People answered all in One Voice, *Yea, yea, yea, God save King Edward.* Then his Grace was brought unto the said Throne again, and immediately was conveyed in the said Chaire by the Gentlemen Uthers, before the High Alter, upon the which his Grace offered up his Pall of Bawdkyn and Twenty Shillings. Verifying the Words of Scripture, wherein it is written, *Thou shalt not appeare voide before the Lord God.* A little after he returned to his Chaire, the Quoshion of Velvet was laid before the Alter, upon the which his Grace laid prostrate whilest certaine Orisons were said over him.

The Archbishop of Canterbury then declared certaine Oathes unto him to be by him kept: The which Oathes he, being led unto the High Alter, upon the Sacrament which was laid on the said Alter, in the Sight of the People, solemnly swore to observe and keepe.

Then the Archbishop kneeling and the King lying groveling before the said Alter, the Archbishop began *Veni Creator Spiritus*, saying certaine other Orisons over him. Then the Quier and the Organs fung and plaid the same.

That

That done Two Bishops began the Letany.

After which, and certaine Orisons ended, the King did rise, and was sett in his Chaire, and after he had somewhat rested himselfe, he went again unto the High Alter, and being on the Left Hand thereof, he was there unarraied and unclothed by his Great Chamberlaine.

His Highnes was then apparelled in a Coate of Crimfon Satten, open and buttoned before and behind, on the Shoulders and the Elbowes, with a Coyfe of Gold on his Head.

During the Space of his said apparelling, the Earle of Southampton Lord Chamberlaine in Three Parts of the aforefaid Mount declared unto the People a goodly, large, and ample Pardon for all Manner of Offences, except certaine Persons and Conditions contained in the same, not worthy to be pardoned. Which done and ended the King was brought againe to his said Chaire, and laid downe on the Quoshions aforefaid before the Alter, and there having a Pall holden over him by Sir Anthony Denney and Sir William Herbert, he was annoynted by the aforefaid Archbishop with Holy Oyle, saying unto him certaine Words with divers Orisons as therunto apperteyned.

After the Kings Enonction the said Archbishop dried every Place of the same with Cotton and Lynnen Cloath, and laced againe the Kings Coate and Shurt, puting on the Kings Hands a Paire of Lynnen Gloves and on his Head a Lynnen Coyfe, delivered him by the Lord Great Chamberlaine.

His Majesty was conveyed againe into his Travers and cloathed with rich Robes, and brought againe unto the Alter, whereat he offered up his Sword that he was girt withall, which afterwards was redeemed againe for an hundred Shillings.

The Kings Ornaments and Regalles were then hallowed.

The Kings Majesty satt downe againe in his Chaire before the High Alter, and the Archbishop of Canterbury and my Lord Protector, with great Reverence, brought him Three Crownes, viz. One King Edwards Crowne, the other the Emperiall Crowne of this Realme of England, the Third a very rich Crowne which was purposely made for his Grace.

These Crownes were sett upon the Kings Head one after another, and between the putting on of every Crowne the Trumpetts blewe.

Immediately after the Quier with the Organs did sing *Te Deum*, and in the mean Season the same was singing, there was a Ringe of Gold sett upon the Kings Grace's marrying Finger.

Sir

Sir Anthony Auger, Master of the Jewell House, then brought the King's Braceletts of Gold and precious Stones.

Divers other Things were also given unto his Grace, as the Earle of Shrewsbury delivered unto the King his Scepter.

The Archbishop of Canterbury delivered unto the King St. Edwards Staffe.

The Earle of Rutland the Spurres.

The Duke of Suffolke the Ball of Gold.

The Earle of Oxford the Regall of Gold.

The King, thus sitting in the Chaire apparelled in his Royal Robes, having his Crowne Emperiall on his Head, his Scepter in his Right Hand, and the Ball in his Left Hand, was againe conveyed to his Throne and into St. Edwards Chaire.

Then the Lord Protector made his Homage thus :

I. N. become your Leigeman of Truth, Life, and Lymme, and of earthly Worship, and Faith and Truth, I shall beare unto you against all Manner of Folks, as I am bound by my Allegiance, and by the Laws and Statutes of this Realme.

So God help me and all Hallowes.

The Archbishop then kneeled down, and he made his Homage, viz.

I. A. shall be faithfull and true, and Truth and Faith beare un to you our Sovereigne Lord, and to your Heires Kings of England, and I shall doe and truly ucknowledge the Service of the Lands which I clayme to hold of you as in the Right of your Church, as God shall help and all Saints.

And then they kyssed the King's Cheeke.

The Nobility of the Realme as well of Spirituall as of Temporall followed, and kneeled downe, and every of them kyssed the Kings Left Cheeke.

Because that Time would not serve for every of them to declare their Homage particularly, they kneeled down all together, and my Lord Protector declared their Homage in general unto his Majesty, and they held up their Hands and assented unto the same. And with a loud Voyce cried altogether, *God save King Edward.*

The Earle of Shrewesbury all this Time assisted the King to hold the Scepter.

This done the Office of the Masse was began by the Archbishop of Canterbury. And at the Time of the Gospell the Bishop of Winchester brought the Booke to the King's Majesty, who kissed it.

At the Time of the Offering the King was brought downe and made his Offering, viz. An Oble of Bread laid upon the Patten of St. Edwards Challys, a Cruitt of Wyne, and á Pound

Pound of Gold, and bowing his Head the Archbishop said a Prayer over him.

His Majesty was then againe conducted to his said Siege Royall, and there satt till *Agnus Dei*.

Then the Pax was brought to his Highnes, who kyssed it.

After which the Kings Majesty was conducted downe to the said Alter, and the Archbishop of Canterbury tooke off the Crowne from his Head and sett it on the said Alter.

Then his Highnes was conveyed unto the Travers afore-said, and there the Great Chamberlane received of him all his Regalles, and delivered them to the Dean of Westminster to be laid upon the said high Alter,

His Majesty was then uncladd of his Apparell, and had given unto him by the Lord Great Chamberlane, assisted as before, other Royall Apparell, as a Surcote of Purple Velvet furred with Ermys, &c. a rich Crowne was also sett upon his Head, and a goodly Canope was borne over him by the Barons of the Cinque Ports.

And soe was his Highnes conveyed in goodly Order with all his Trayne, in like Manner to his Coming, in all Things, saving the Procession, unto Westminster Hall to Dynner; where he went to the Place appointed for his Highnes in the Augmentation Court, and there rested himself until the Hall was placed, and his Royall Service was come in. The Order whereof was in this Manner.

The Order of the First Course.

First, Came in riding upon two goodly Coursers the Marquis of Dorset, as Constable of England for that Time, with his Staffe of Silver, and with him the Earle of Arundell supplying the Place of Earl Marshall, and having in his Hand the Marshalls Rodde. Both of them were clad and apparelled with Garments of rich Cloath of Gold, and their Horses were trapped to the Foote of the same.

The Earle of Suffex, Sewer.

The Marquis of Northampton directed the said Service, and gave the Assaie.

Then after the said Service was brought in for the King's Majesties Board only. The Earle of Oxford and the Earle of Huntingdon brought Water for the King's Highnes, and the Earle of Huntingdon tooke the Assaie as Ewer. The Earle of Rutland bore the Towell, and there went before the Basons of Water, divers Serjeants at Armes with their Maces.

The Kings Majesty then washed.

That

That done, the Duke of Somersset and the Archbishop of Canterbury washed.

Afterwards the King went to his Seat Royall under the Cloath of Estate to Dynner, the Earle of Shrewsbury standing by his Grace as Assistant on the right Hand, and the Bishop of Duresme on the left.

On the right Hand of the same Table sat the Duke of Somersset Lord Protector, and the Archbishop of Canterbury, and the three Swords were holden before his Majesty all Dinner Tyme.

The first Cupp which the King's Majesty drank of, was brought him by Sir Giles Alington, which he had for his Fee, he holding the Lands of Argentine by that Service.

At the Table in the Middest of the Hall were placed the Ambassadors, Bishoppes, Knights, Justices, and Esquires.

At the Table in the Hall were placed the Barons of the Cinque Ports, Chancellors, and Clerkes of the Chancery.

At the Table on the left Hand of the said Hall were placed the Maier of London, with his Brethren the Aldermen; and other notable Persons, Commoners, and others.

In convenient Time came the Second Course in like Manner.

At the End of the same Service there came in Riding in compleate Harneyes, armed at all Peeces with the Kings Harnys, Sir Dymoke upon a Courser richly trapped with Cloath of Gold, holding in his Hande a Mace, and on either Side of him a Page, one holding his Spear, and the other his Target, then Yorke went before him, and brought him to the uper End of the Hall.

After he had made Obeysance to the Kings Highness in bowing his Head, he turned him a little aside, and with a loud Voice declared these Words following.

If there be any Manner of Man, of what Estate, Degree, or Condition however he be, that will say and maintaine, that our Sovereigne Lord Edward the Sixth, this Day here present, is not the rightfull and undoubtfull Heire to the Empereal Crown of this Realme of England, and that of Right he ought not to be crowned King, I say he lyeth like a false Traytor, and that I am ready the same to maintaine with him whilst the Breath is in my Body, either now as at this Time, or any Time hereafter, whensoever it shall please the Kings Highness to appoint; and hereupon I cast my Gage.

He then cast his Gantlet from him, which no Man would take up.

TOM. III.

T t

After

After the which, Yorke took it up, and gave it him againe. He then proceeded to another Place, and did on this Manner in three severall Places of the said Hall. Then he came up to the uper Part of the said Hall, and the Kings Majesty dranke to him, and sent him the Cupp, which Cupp he had for his Fee, and likewise the Horfe and Trapper, with all the Harneys which he did weare. He then returned to the Place from whence he came. After he was gone came in Garter, with the rest of the Officers of Armes, and made three severall Obeysances, and at the uper End before the Kings Majesty, with a loud Voyce proclaymed his Stile in Manner following.

De serenissimo, potentissimo, et invictissimo Principe ac victoriosissimo Rege Edwardo Sexto, Dei Gratia, Angliæ, Franciæ, et Hiberniæ Rege, Fidei Defensore, et in terra sub Christo Ecclesiæ Anglicanæ et Hibernicæ capite, ac supremo Domino nobilissimi et strenuissimi Ordinis Guarterii.

De tres hault, tres puissant, et tres excellent Prince, et le tres Chretien Roi Edward le Sixieme, par la Grace de Dieu; Roy de France, d'Angleterre, et d'Irland, Defendor de la Foy, et en la terre soubz Dieu, de l'Eglise d'Angleterre et d'Irland supreme Chese, et Sovereigne de la tres noble Order de Jarritiere.

Of the most high, most puissant, most excellent Prince and victorious King Edward, by the Grace of God, King of England, France, and Ireland, Defender of the Faith, and in Earth of the Church of England supreme Head, and Sovereigne of the most noble Order of the Garter.

LARGESS, LARGESS, LARGESS.

Then they returning with Reverence, did so in like Manner in two other Places of the said Hall, viz. in the Middest, and at the nether End. And then they returned to Dynner to the Stage prepared for them at the upper End of the Hall.

When the Kings Majesty had dyned, Wafers and Hipocras were brought to the Kings Highness. And the Table was taken up, and the Surnape drawn.

Then Water was brought to the Kings Highness.

After his Grace had washed, then washed the Duke of Somersett, Lord Protector, and the Archbishop of Canterbury.

When the Surnape was withdrawen, the Kings Majesty arose, and stood in the Middest of the Traverse, with the Duke of Somersett, Lord Protector, and all the Nobility in Order about him, according to their Estates and Degrees.

There

There was then brought unto his Highness a goodly Voyde of Sweetmeats and Confections.

The Maior of London brought a standing Cupp of Gold to the Kings Majesty, and after that he had drunke, his Highness gave him the said Cupp.

That being done, it was ordeyned that there should be made a certain Number of Knights, instead of the Bath, because the Time was so short, that they could not be made of the Bathe, according to the Ceremonies thereunto apperteyning.

It was also at the same Time ordeyned by the Kings Royal Majesty, with the Advice of his most noble Councill, that they should be made by his Highness being crowned in State, of the Bathe as aforesaid, and so Sir William Paget, Secretary, did reade their Names, and they were called by Garter Principal King at Armes to receive the same, as hereafter followeth.

Knights nominated of the Bath.

Duke of Suffolke	Sir Wemond Carew
The Earle of Harforde	The Earle of Oxford
The Lord Maltravers	The Earle of Ormounde
The Lord Strange	The Lord Talbott
The Lord Lisley	The Lord Herbert
The Lord Cromwell	The Lord Charles Brandon
The Lord Scroope's Sonne and Heire	The Lord Hastings
Sir Francis Russell	The Lord Windfors Sonne and Heire
Sir Anthony Browne	Sir Richard Deavereaux
Sir John Gates	Sir Henry Seymor
Sir Alexander Umpton of Ox- fordshire	Sir Anthony Cook of Essex
Sir Valentine Knightley	Sir George Norton
Sir George Vernoune of the Picke	Sir Robert Lytton
Sir Thomas Hasselyn	Sir John Port of
Sir Edmund Mollena	Sir Christopher Barker Garter
Sir William Balthorpe	Sir James Hales
Sir Thomas Novell	Sir Thomas Bryknall
Sir John Hole	Sir Angell Marran
Sir Henry Terrill	Sir John Catt of Essex
	Sir William Scar
	Sir William Snath

And because they were nominated of the Bathe, and made with so great Royalty, they were commanded to pay the Dutyes

Dutyes of Monys every of them after their Degrees and Estates, double the same of those of other Knights.

After the Kings Majesty had made all these Knights as aforesaid, his Highness withdrew him to the Chamber, of the Court of Augmentations before reherfed, where he shifted himself.

All the Nobility likewise shifted them out of their Robes, and came in goodly Order through the Hall, and in the Pallace tooke their Horse, and so rid in Order, divers Noblemen before the Kings Majesty, and some behinde, according to their Estates and Degrees, and thus conveyed his Highness to his Royall Pallace of Westminster, where there was such most great Feasting and Royall Cheere, as apperteyned thereunto.

Thus ended the Royall Ceremony, on the Sunday the Day of the Kings Coronation, in great Royalty, with great Joy and Comfort to all his Nobility, and his loving Subjects in generall.

On the Morrow, being Munday the 21st Day of February, there were holden Royall Justes by the six Challengers here under written against all Comers.

The Names of the Six Challengers.

The Lord Seymour of Sudley, and Admiral of England.
Sir Richard Devereaux, Sonne and Heire to the Lord Ferris.

Sir Anthony Kingstone.

Sir Peter Carew.

Francis Knowles.

Mr. Shilley.

The Names of the Defenders.

The Marquis of Northampton

The Lord Herbert

The Lord Clynton

The Earle of Huntington

The Lord William Howard

The Lord Fitzwalter

Sir Morris Barkley

Sir Thomas Pafton

Sir Thomas Speake

Sir Humfrey Ratliffe

George Howarde

Henry Nevell

. Gresfame

William Edercare

Clement Passon

. Seagrave

Walter Bonham

John Norton

Bagnold, Sater, Diggby, Hareton, Little, Palmer, and

Goodman.

At

At One of the Clock in the Afternoone began the said Justes, and the Kings Royall Majesty, with my Lord Protector, and other Noblemen, were present in his Highnes's Gallary to see the same, which was right nobly done as hereafter followeth.

The foresaid Challengers came against every one of these Defenders, Six Corfes. And as many as would of the said Defenders had two Courses every one of them besides, for their Ladyes Sake. And so they parted fourth that Day with great Vallantnes, and so nobly behaved themselves on either Party, that Thankes be to God, there was neither of them nor of their Horses hurt. And they brake many Speares so readily, that it was to their great Honour. And they had the Praises of all the People there assembled, as they were well worthy of.

At Night they returned in goodly Order as they came to my Lord Admiral's House, where they had a goodly Supper prepared for them, with great Feasts and Knowledge.

CARTA FUNDATIONIS HOSPITALIS SANCTÆ ET INDIVIDUÆ TRINITATIS IN CLOUNE, IN COMITATU SALOP. De Anno v^o. Jacobi Regis.

JACOBUS, Dei gratia, Angliæ, Scotiæ, Franciæ, & Hiberniæ rex, fidei defensor, &c. omnibus ad quos presentes litteræ pervenerint salutem. Cum præcharissimus confanguineus et consiliarius noster Henricus comes Northampton, dominus de Marnehill, dominus Gardianus quinque portuum & prænobilis ordinis Garterij miles, sumptibus & expensis suis proprijs construxit & edificavit super quandam parcelam terræ suæ continen. per estimationem acras terræ ad minus, infra villam sive Burgum de Cloune, in comitatu nostro Salop. [Quodquidem dominium de Cloune dictus comes modo tenet de nobis in capite per servicium militare] quoddam edificium sive cenobium de maheremio, calce, & lapidibus firmiter constructum, & aptam habitationem pro tresdecem honestis, devotis, veteribus, et impotentibus viris pauperibus, non habentibus unde se aliter sustineant in victu & vestitu, & hujusmodi que ad vivendum sunt necessaria, & pie ac devote habet plenam intentionem & propositum [licentia nostra regia prius in ea parte habita & obtenta] faciendi & constituendi dictum cenobium sive structuram, aptam & convenientem hospitaalem pro tresdecim honestis, impotentibus & pauperibus viris, ibidem imperpetuum futuris temporibus relevandis & sustinendis de facultatibus & rebus ipsius comitis, & ibidem, Deo omnipotenti humani generis creatori & redemptori deservituris, & dictam hospitaalem & pauperes in eodem commorantes, cum terris, tenementis, redditibus, & hereditamentis competentibus & sufficientibus ad sustentationem eorundem pauperum de tempore in tempus, deinceps ibidem degenciam dotandi, modo & forma prout in hijs litteris nostris patentibus hic postea mentionantur. Nos igitur tam pio & devoto instituto proposito dicti comitis gratiose faventes, illudque promovere magnopere cupientes, de gratia nostra speciali ac ex certa scientia & mero motu nostris volumus, & pro nobis heredibus & successoribus nostris concedimus præfato comiti, & heredibus suis, quod prædictum edificium sive cenobium sic noviter constructum, sit, & erit imperpetuum deinceps, hospitaalem pauperum, in Cloune in dicto comitatu nostro Salop, [licet de nobis tenetur in capite per servicium militare] pro sustentatione, relevamine, & manutentione tresdecim pauperum & indigentium virorum ibidem imperpetuum inveniend: & sustinend: sumptibus & expensis ipsius comitis, juxta ordinationes & constitutiones dicti comitis in ea parte fiendas & constituendas,

&

& quod dicta hospitalis vocabitur imperpetuum, et nos illas per presentes vocamus, HOSPITALIS SANCTÆ & INDIVIDUÆ TRINITATIS IN CLOUNE, EX FUNDATIONE HENRICI HOWARD COMITIS NORTHAMPTON. Et hospitalem illam per nomen HOSPITALIS SANCTÆ & INDIVIDUÆ TRINITATIS IN CLOUNE, EX FUNDATIONE HENRICI HOWARD COMITIS NORTHAMPTON erigimus, creamus, nominamus, fundamus, & stabilimus firmiter per præsentem. Et quod hospitalis illa sit, & erit, & esse possit, de uno paupere viro custode, & duodecim alijs viris pauperibus, secundum formam & effectum harum nostrarum litterarum patencium eligend: & nominand. Et quod de cetero imperpetuum sit, & erit, *unus custos* dictæ hospitalis sanctæ & individuæ Trinitatis in Cloune ex fundatione Henrici Howard Comitum Northampton, ac terrarum, tenementorum, reddituum, reventionum, & hereditamentorum, bonorum & catallorum ejusdem hospitalis, qui erit & vocabitur, *Custos Hospitalis Sanctæ & Individuæ Trinitatis in Cloune, ex fundatione Henrici Howard Comitum Northampton.* Quodque de cetero, perpetuis futuris temporibus, sint & erunt in eadem hospitali *duodecim pauperes & egeni viri provectæ ætatis* ibidem sustentand: manutenend: & relevand: per prædictum Henricum comitem Northampton hæredes & assignatos suos, qui scilicet vocabuntur, *Pauperes Hospitalis Sanctæ & Individuæ Trinitatis in Cloune, ex fundatione Henrici Howard Comitum Northampton.* Et ad munus & officium custodis dictæ hospitalis bene & fideliter exercend: & exequend. NOS, ex electione, nominatione, & appunctuatione dicti comitis Northampton, & ad humilem petitionem ejusdem comitis, elegimus, nominavimus, assignavimus, & constituimus, ac per presentes eligimus, nominamus, assignamus, & constituimus dilectum nobis Hugonem Evans clericum, fore, & esse primum & modernum custodem dictæ hospitalis, & terrarum, tenementorum, reddituum, possessionum, reventionum, bonorum, & catallorum, ejusdem hospitalis, in eodem officio continuatur. Et mansur: durante vita sua naturali, nisi interim per prædictum comitem pro quacunque causa quæ sibi videbitur expedire, vel per hæredes, vel assignatos dicti comitis, post mortem dicti comitis, pro aliquo vel aliquibus tali vel talibus delicto, vel delictis, defalto, vel defaultis, causa, vel causis per eundem custodem perpetrandum, fiendum, vel omittendum, pro quo, qua, vel quibus, per constitutiones sive ordinationes dicti comitis in ea parte fiend: & ordinand: vel eorum aliquam, vel aliquas, amoveri vel removeri debeat, amovebitur, vel removebitur. Et ulterius nos ex electione, nominatione, & appunctuatione dicti comitis, elegimus, nominavimus,

minavimus, assignavimus, & constituimus, ac per presentes elegimus, nominamus, assignamus, & constituimus, dilectos nobis *Radulphum Pendlebury, Johannem Jones, Willmum Lloyd, Ricardum Langford, Willmum Chapman, Robertum Norgrove, Johannem ap Howell, Edmundum Munford, Thomam Rickas, Johannem ap John, Ricardum Ambler, & Ricardum Laurence,* fore, & esse primos & modernos duodecim pauperes ejusdem hospitalis, ibidem remansur: sustinend: & relevand: durans: vitis suis naturalibus, secundum constitutiones & ordinationes dicti comitis, in ea parte fiend: & ordinand: nisi ipsi vel eorum aliqui vel aliquis, per prædictum comitem pro quacunque causa quæ sibi videbitur expedire, vel per hæredes, vel assignatos prædicti comitis, post mortem dicti comitis, pro aliquo vel aliquibus tali vel talibus delicto, vel defalto, delictis, vel defaltis, causa vel causis per ipsos respective perpetrand: fiend: vel omittend: pro qua vel quibus per constitutiones sive ordinationes dicti comitis in ea parte fiend: & ordinand: vel eorum aliquem vel aliquos respective amoveri vel removeri debeant, vel debeat, amovebuntur, vel removebuntur, vel eorum aliquis amovebitur vel removebitur. Volumus tamen & concedimus per presentes, quod si aliquis unus vel aliqui plures prædictarum personarum superius per presentes nominat: fore custodem vel pauperem dictæ hospitalis defunctus, vel defuncti fuerint tempore confectionis harum litterarum nostrarum patentium. Quod tunc in illo casu, prædictus comes eliget, nominabit, & perficiet unum alium, vel plures alios, in locum sive locos hujusmodi personæ vel personarum sic defunct: vel defunctarum prout casus acciderit, & ipse vel ipsi sic electus, nominatus, & prefectus, erit, & remanebit custos, & unus vel plures pauperum dictæ hospitalis, prout casus acciderit, secundum constitutiones & ordinationes predictas in tam amplis modo & forma, & non aliter, ac si in hijs litteris nostris patentibus electus, nominatus, & prefectus fuisset, vel electi, nominati, & prefecti fuissent. Et ut hec pia & charitativa intentio dicti comitis Northampton meliorem capiet effectum, ac ut terræ tenementa, bona, catalla, & hereditamenta, ad manutationem hospitalis predictæ, ac predicti custodis, & pauperum in eadem hospitali de tempore in tempus relevand: & sustentand: melius dari, concedi, perquiri, & possideri possit, volumus, ac pro nobis heredibus & successoribus nostris, de consimilibus gratia nostra specialia certa scientia & mero motu nostris, concedimus, ordinamus, & constituimus, quod idem custos & pauperes hospitalis predictæ, & successores sui sint, & erint, de ceteris imperpetuum, unum corpus corporatum, & politicum, de se, in re, facto, & nomine, per nomen CUSTODIS & PAUPERUM

PAUPERUM HOSPITALIS SANCTE & INDIVIDUE TRINITATIS IN CLOUNE, EX FUNDATIONE HENRICI HOWARD COMITIS NORTHAMPTON. Et ipsos custodes & pauperes & successores suos, per nomen custodis & pauperum Hospitalis Sancte & Individue Trinitatis in Cloune, ex fundatione Henrici Howard Comitum Northampton incorporamus, & unum corpus corporatum, & politicum, per idem nomen imperpetuum duraturum, realiter, & ad plenum, pro nobis heredibus & successoribus nostris erigimus, facimus, creamus, ordinamus, constituimus, & stabilimus firmiter per presentes. Quodque per idem nomen custodis & pauperum Hospitalis Sancte & Individue Trinitatis in Cloune, ex fundatione Henrici Howard Comitum Northampton, perpetuis futuris temporibus, vocabuntur, appellabuntur, & nominabuntur. Et quod per idem nomen habeant successionem perpetuam. Et quod ipsi per nomen custodis & pauperum Hospitalis Sancte & Individue Trinitatis in Cloune, ex fundatione Henrici Howard Comitum Northampton, sint, & erint perpetuis futuris temporibus, personæ habiles, & in lege capaces ad perquirendum, recipiendum, habendum, & possidendum, tam maneria, terras, tenementa, prata, pascuas, pasturas, redditus, reventiones, remaner: & alia hereditamenta sibi & successoribus suis imperpetuum, tam de nobis heredibus & successoribus nostris, quam de prefato comite heredibus & assignatis suis, seu de aliqua alia persona quacunque, seu de aliquibus alijs personis quibuscunque, quicquid etiam bona, & catalla, ad sustentationem, manutentionem, et relevamen hospitalis predictæ, ac predicti custodis & pauperum ibidem detempore in tempus degentium, & sustentand.

Volumus etiam ac per presentes, pro nobis heredibus & successoribus nostris, concedimus predictis custodi & pauperibus Hospitalis Sanctæ & Individuæ Trinitatis in Cloune, ex fundatione Henrici comitis Northampton, quod ipsi & successores sui imperpetuum, habeant commune sigillum pro causis & negotiis suis, concernentibus hospitem predictam de tempore in tempus, deserviturum & quod bene liceat & licebit eisdem custodi & pauperibus & successoribus suis, sigillum illud, ad libitum suum, de tempore in tempus frangere, mutare, & de novo facere, prout eis melius fieri & fore violebitur. Et quod predictus custos & pauperes & successores sui, per nomen custodis & pauperum Hospitalis Sanctæ & Individuæ Trinitatis in Cloune, ex fundatione Henrici Howard comitis Northampton, implacitare & imp'acitari, prosequi, defendere & defendi, respondere & responderi possint, & valeant, in quibuscunque & singulis causis, querelis, sectis, & actionibus quibuscunque cujuscunque naturæ, seu

generis fuerint, in quibuscunque curiis, locis, & placeis nostris, heredum & successorum nostrorum, ac in curiis, locis, & placeis aliorum quorumcunque, ac coram quibuscunque iudicibus, justiciarijs, & commissionariis nostris, heredum & successorum nostrorum, & aliorum quorumcunque, infra hoc Regnum Angliæ, & alibi, & ad ea omnia & singula alia quæcunque facien', agend' & exequend' per nomen predictum, in tam amplis modo & forma, prout aliæ personæ ligei nostri, personæ habiles & in lege capaces, infra regnum nostrum Angliæ faciunt & facere valeant, aut possint, in curijs locis & placeis predictis, & coram iudicibus, justiciariis, & commissionariis prædictis. Volumus etiam, ac de uberiore gratia nostra speciali, ac ex certa scientia & mero motu nostris, pro nobis heredibus & successoribus nostris concedimus, & ordinamus, quod quandocunque contigerit custodem hospitalis predictæ, pro tempore existente, aut aliquem vel aliquos duodecim pauperum hospitalis predictæ pro tempore existente, ab hac vita decedere, vel ab officio vel loco suo vel officijs & locis suis amoveri vel discedere; quod tunc, & toties, bene liceat & licebit predicto Henrico comiti Northampton & heredibus & assignatis suis, existentibus domino vel dominis dicti domini sive manerij de Cloune predicto, infra sex menses proximas post mortem, amotionem, sive decessum hujusmodi custodis, vel pauperum, sic decedend: vel amot: decedentium vel amotorum, unam idoneam & sufficientem personam, in locum & officium hujusmodi custodis sic amot: sive decedend: & unum vel plures prout casus acciderit, in locum vel locos hujusmodi pauperis vel pauperum sic decedend: vel amoti vel decedentium vel amotorum contingen: eligere & preficere. Que quidem persona sic electa & prefecta in officio custodis hospitalis predictæ, in loco & officio suo, continuabit durante vita sua naturali, nisi ipse per predictum comitem pro quacunque causa que sibi videbitur expedire, vel per predict: heredes vel assignatos dicti comitis, post mortem dicti comitis, pro aliquo vel aliquibus tali vel talibus delicto vel delictis, defalto vel defaultis, per ipsum custodem perpetrandis, omittendis vel fiendis pro quo vel quibus per constitutiones sive ordinationes dicti comitis in ea parte fiend: & ordinand: vel eorum aliquam vel aliquas amoveri vel removeri debeat, amovebitur, vel removebitur. Et hujusmodi persona vel personæ sic elect: & prefect: in loco pauperis vel pauperum ibidem ad tunc nuper decedend: vel amot: existent. decedentium vel amotorum, existentium respective, continuabit: & continuabunt, in loco vel locis pauperis vel pauperum hospitalis predictæ, durante vita naturali hujusmodi personæ vel personarum sic elect: & prefect: respective, nisi ipse vel ipsi

ipsi per predictum comitem pro quacunque causa que sibi videbitur expedire, vel per heredes vel assignatos dicti comitis, post mortem dicti comitis, pro aliquo vel aliquibus tali vel talibus delicto vel delictis, defalto vel defaultis, causa vel causis, per ipsos respective perpetrand: omittend: vel fiend: pro qua vel quibus per constitutiones vel ordinationes dicti comitis in ea parte fiend: & ordinand: vel eorum aliquam vel aliquas amoveri vel removeri debeant vel eorum aliquis amoveri seu removeri debeat, amovebuntur vel removebuntur vel eorum aliquis amovebitur vel removebitur. Et hoc toties quoties casus sic acciderit vel requisiverit, tam de modernis custode & pauperibus, quam de custodibus & pauperibus ibidem futuris temporibus existere contingen. Et si predictus comes heredes & assignati sui predicti infra predictas sex menses proximas post mortem sive intentionem hujusmodi custodis vel pauperis sic decedend: vel amot: noti elegerit vel prefecerit, vel non elegerint, vel prefecerint unam idoneam & sufficientem personam in locum & officium hujusmodi custodis sic amot: sive decedend: & alium vel alios honestos impotentes & pauperes viros in loco vel locis hujusmodi pauperis sic decedend: vel amot: secundum ordines & constitutiones dicti comitis in ea parte fiend: & ordinand: quod tunc & toties, illa vice tantummodo, bene liceat & licebit justiciariis ad assisas in dicto comitatu Salop: capiend: assignat: pro tempore existentibus, unam idoneam & sufficientem personam in locum & officium hujusmodi custodis sic amot: sive decedend: & unum vel plures pauperes viros in locum vel locos hujusmodi pauperis vel pauperum sic decedend: vel amot: secundum ordines & constitutiones dicti comitis in ea parte fiend: & ordinand: eligere & preficere. Que quidem persona sic electa in loco & officio hujusmodi custodis, in loco & officio suo continuabit, durante vita sua naturali, nisi ipse per predictum comitem pro quacunque causa que sibi videbitur expedire vel per heredes vel assignatos dicti comitis, post mortem dicti comitis, pro aliquo vel aliquibus tali vel talibus delicto vel delictis, defalto vel defaultis suo vel suis, per ipsum custodem perpetrandum sive fiendum, pro qua, quo, vel pro quibus, per constitutiones & ordinationes dicti comitis predicti, vel eorum aliquam vel aliquas amoveri vel removeri debeat, amovebitur, vel removebitur, & hujusmodi persona & personæ, pauper & pauperes sic elect: & prefect: in locum vel locos pauperis vel pauperum ibidem ad tunc nuper existen: deceden: vel amot: respective, continuabit & continuabunt, in loco vel locis suo vel suis, durante vita naturali hujusmodi personæ & personarum sic elect: & prefect: respective, nisi ipse vel ipsi per predictum comitem

pro quacunque causa que sibi videbitur expedire vel per heredes & assignatos dicti comitis, post mortem dicti comitis, pro aliquo vel aliquibus tali vel talibus, delicto vel delictis, defaulto vel defaultis, causa vel causis, per ipsos respective perpetrando: fiendo: vel omittendo: pro quo, qua, vel quibus, per constitutiones & ordinationes dicti comitis in ea parte fiendo: & ordinando: vel eorum aliquam vel aliquas, amoveri vel removeri debeant, vel eorum aliquis amoveri vel removeri debeat, amovebuntur vel removebuntur, vel eorum aliquis amovebitur vel removebitur. Volumus etiam ac per presentes concedimus pro nobis heredibus & successoribus nostris, quod predictus Henricus comes Northampton de tempore in tempus ad omnia tempora durante vita sua, faciat & facere & constituere valeat & possit, tot, tanta, talia, & hujusmodi bona, idonea, & salubria statuta, jura, ordinationes, & constitutiones in scriptis, concernentes divinum servitium de die in diem in predicto: hospitibus: in honorem Sanctæ Trinitatis celebrando: ac gubernationem, electionem, expulsiionem, punitionem, & directionem predicti custodis & pauperum ibidem pro tempore existentium: & eorum cujuslibet, nec non stipendia, salaria, libertates, jocalia, & alia necessaria & requisita, quo ad victum & vestitum pro eisdem custode & pauperibus & eorum successoribus, & aliis quorumcunque qui in dicta hospitali pro tempore existente fuerint, ac ordinationem, preservationem, & dispositionem terrarum, tenementorum, & hereditamentorum, bonorum, & catallorum ejusdem hospitalis, & predicti custodis, & pauperum ad sustentationem & manutentionem ejusdem hospitalis, & eorundem custodis, & pauperum & successorum suorum dandorum: concedendum: aut assignandum: sive eorum aliquod vel aliqua quovismodo tangentes: vel concernentes: quot, quanta, qualia, & que, predicto comiti bona utilia idonea aut salubria videbuntur, eademque omnia & singula, sive eorum aliquod vel aliqua, revocare, mutare, determinare, alterare, vel nova facere, prout ei de tempore in tempus melius videbitur expedire.

Que quidem statuta, jura, ordinationes, & constitutiones sic ut prefertur fiendo: vel constituendo: volumus & concedimus, ac per presentes pro nobis heredibus & successoribus nostris, firmiter percipimus & mandamus inviolabiliter observari, teneri, & performari de tempore in tempus in futurum. Ita tamen quod ejusmodi statuta, jura, ordinationes, & constitutiones, sic ut prefertur fiendo: constituendo: vel ordinando: aut eorum aliquod vel aliqua non sint contraria vel repugnantia legibus aut statutis hujus regni nostri Angliæ.— Et ulterius de ampliori gratia nostra speciali, ac ex certa scientia & mero motu nostris, volumus, ac per presentes pro
nobis

nobis heredibus & successoribus nostris, damus & concedimus prefato custodi & pauperibus predicti Hospitalis Sancte & Individue Trinitatis in Cloune, ex fundatione Henrici Howard Comitis Northampton, & successoribus suis, plenam, licitam, absolutam, liberamque licentiam, facultatem, potestatem, & auctoritatem, perquirendi, recipiendi, obtinendi, gaudendi, possidendi, & habendi eis & successoribus suis imperpetuum, ad perpetuam sustentationem & manutentionem hospitalis predictæ, tam de nobis heredibus & successoribus nostris, quam de prefato Comite Northampton, heredibus, executoribus, & assignatis suis, & de quibuscunque alijs personis, & quacunque alia persona, maneria, messuagia, terras, tenementa rectorias, decimas, redditus, & alia hereditamenta quecunque, infra regnum Angliæ, que in toto non excedunt clarum annum valorem ducentarum librarum legalis monete Anglie, & que non tenentur de nobis heredibus vel successoribus nostris, imediate in capite, nec per servicium militare: & perquirendi, recipiendi, obtinendi, gaudendi, possidendi, & habendi de prefato Comite Northampton, predictam hospitalem & edificium sive cenobium, ac omnia domos, & edificia, ibidem nuper constructa, pro manutentione & habitatione predicti custodis & pauperum, ac solum, fundum, & terram ejusdem hospitalis & domus, & edificii ac curtilagia, gardinos, hortos, & terras, eadem hospitali prope adjacentes, non excedentes in toto quinque acras, licet de nobis tenentur in capite per servicium militare, vel aliter per servicium militare, vel aliter per quecunque vel quodcunque aliud sive alia servicium, sive servicia, statutum de terris & tenementis ad manum mortuam non ponend: aut aliquo alio statuto, actu, ordinatione, sive provisione, aut aliqua alia re, causa, vel materia quacunque, in aliquo non obstante. Damus etiam, ac pro nobis heredibus & successoribus nostris concedimus tam prefato Comiti Northampton, heredibus, executoribus, & assignatis suis, quin etiam omnibus & singulis & quibuscunque alijs personis, specialem licentiam, & liberam, plenam, & absolutam facultatem, potestatem, & auctoritatem, quod ipsi & eorum quilibet, maneria, messuagia, terras, tenementa, redditus cujuscunque generis sive speciei, rectorias, decimas, & alia hereditamenta infra hoc regnum Anglie, non excedentes clarum anualem valorem ducentarum librarum in toto, & que non tenentur de nobis heredibus vel successoribus nostris imediate in capite, aut per servicium militare, & predictam hospitalem & edificium sive cenobium, domos, edificia, curtilagia, hortos, gardinos, & terram adjacentem eadem hospitali, & eisdem domibus & edificijs, non excedentem quinque

que acras in toto, licet de nobis tenetur in capite per servicium militare, seu aliter per servicium militare, vel aliter per quecunque vel quodcunque aliud vel alia servicium sive servicia, prefato custodi & pauperibus hospitalis predictæ & successoribus suis imperpetuum dare, concedere, legare, vendere, barganizare, & alienare possint & possit sive aliquo breve, de ad quod dampnum, aut aliqua inquisitione in hac parte habenda, seu facienda, statutum de terris & tenementis ad manum mortuam non ponendis, aut aliquo alio statuto, actu, ordinatione, provisione, seu restrictione, aut aliqua re, causa, vel materia quacunque, in aliquo non obstante. Et volumus ac per presentes percipimus & ordinamus quod omnia proficua, redditus, exitus, & reventiones omnium & singulorum hujusmodi maneriorum, messuagiorum, terrarum, tenementorum, reddituum, rectoriarum, decimarum, & hereditamentorum, imperpetuum deinceps ad perpetuam sustentationem sive manutentionem predicti hospitalis custod: & pauperum dand: assignand: & concedend: convertantur, disponantur, & expenduntur ad sustentationem custodis & pauperum hospitalis predicti: pro tempore existente, & officiariorum, & ministrorum ejusdem pro tempore existente juxta ordinationes & statuta ipsius comitis Northampton, heredum vel assignatorum suorum, & aliorum per ipsos in forma predicta, constituenda, & assignanda, facienda, nec non ad sustentationem, emendationem, & reparationem hospitalis, messuagiorum, domorum, terrarum, & possessionum predictorum juxta ordinationes & statuta in ea parte, ut perfertur constituend: ordinand: & fiend: & non aliter, nec ad aliquos alios usus aut intentiones. Et quod nec hujusmodi manerij, messuagiorum, domorum, terrarum, tenementorum, reddituum, rectoriarum, & hereditamentorum, cum pertinentibus, nec bona aut catalla eorundem custodis, & pauperum per predictum custodem & pauperes vendantur, alienantur, dimittantur, assignentur, aut disponentur, nisi secundum constitutiones & ordinationes predicti comitis, aut heredum, executorum, vel assignorum suorum in ea parte, ut perfertur fiend: ordinand: aut constituend. Et ulterius volumus, ac per presentes concedimus prefato custodi & pauperibus hospitalis predicti: quod habeant & habebunt has litteras patentes sub magno sigillo nostro Angliæ debit: fact: & sigillat: absque fine, seu feodo magno, vel parvo nobis in hanapio nostro seu alibi ad usum nostrum proinde quoquomodo reddend: solvend: seu faciend. Eo quod expressa mentio de vero valore annuo, aut de certitudine premissorum vel alicujus inde parcelli, aut de alijs donis seu concessionibus per nos vel per aliquem progenitorum sive predecessorum nostrorum

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nuper regni vel regnorum Anglie, prefato comiti vel custodi vel pauperibus hospitalis predictæ vel eorum alicui vel aliquibus ante hac fact: in presentibus minime existit, aut aliquo statuto, actu, ordinatione, provisione sive restrictione, inde in contrarium factum edit: ordinat: sive provisione, aut aliqua alia re, causa, vel materia quacunque, in aliquo non obstante.—In cujus rei testimonium has litteras nostras fieri fecimus patentes. Teste me ipso apud Westm: xiiij^o die Maij, anno regni nostri Anglie, Francie, & Hibernie, quinto & Scocie quadragesimo.

Per Breve de Privato Sigillo, &c.

Coppin.

CARTA CONFIRMATORIA de Anno xv^o R. Jacobi.

JACOBUS, Dei gratiâ, Anglie, Scocie, Francie, & Hibernie rex, fidei defensor, &c. omnibus ad quos presentes litteræ pervenerint, salutem. Cum nos per litteras nostras patentes sub magno sigillo nostro Anglie, sigillatas gerend: dat: apud Westm: tertio die mensis Maij, anno regni nostri Anglie, Francie, & Hibernie, quinto & Scocie quadragesimo, ad humilem requisitionem precharissimi, consanguinei, & consiliar: nostri Henrici nuper comitis Northampton, domini de Marnehill, Gardiani quinque portuum, & prehonorabilis ordinis Garterij militis, pia & devota institutione, & proposito dicti comitis gratiosè faventes, illudque promovere magnopere cupientes, de gratia nostra speciali ac ex certa scientia, & mero motu nostris voluerimus, & pro nobis heredibus & successoribus nostris concesserimus prefato comiti, & heredibus suis, quod edificium sive cenobium sumptibus, & expensis suis proprijs infra villam sive Burgum de Cloune, in comitatu nostro Salop: tunc noviter instruct: esset, & foret imperpetuum deinceps, hospitale pauperum in Cloune, in dicto comitatu nostro Salop: licet de nobis tenebatur in capite per servitium militare, pro sustentatione, relevamine, & manutentione tresdecim pauperum & indigentium virorum ibidem imperpetuum, inveniend: & sustinend: sumptibus & expensis ipsius comitis, juxta ordinationes & constitutiones dicti comitis in ea parte, fiend: & constituend. Et quod dicta hospital: vocaretur imperpetuum, & nos illas per easdem litteras nostras patentes vocaver:—Hospital: Sancte & Individue Trinitatis in Cloune, ex fundatione Henrici Howard Comitis Northampton, & Hospital: ill: Sancte & Individue Trinitatis in Cloune, ex fundatione Henrici Howard Comitis Northampton, creaverimus, creaverimus,

rimus, nominaverimus, fundaverimus, & stabiliveravimus per easdem litteras nostras patentes. Et quod hospitalis esset & foret, & esse potuerit de uno paupere viro custode, & duodecim aliis viris pauperibus secundum formam, et effectum predictarum litterarum patent: eligend: & nominand. Et quod de cetero imperpetuum esset & foret unus custos dictæ Hospitalis Sancte & Individue Trinitatis in Cloune, ex fundatione Henrici Howard Comitis Northampton, ac terr: tement: reddit: revencon: & hereditament: bonorum & catallorum ejusdem hospitalis, qui foret & vocaretur Custos Hospitalis Sancte & Individue Trinitatis in Cloune, ex fundatione Henrici Howard Comitis Northampton. Quodque de cetero perpetuis temporibus futuris essent, & forent in eadem hospitali duodecim pauper: & egeni viri provectæ etatis ibidem sustentand: manutend: & relevand: per predictum Henricum comitem Northampton, heredes & assignatos suos, qui sil: vocarentur pauperes Hospitalis Sancte & Individue Trinitatis in Cloune, ex fundatione Henrici Howard Comitis Northampton, & ad manus & officium custodis dictæ hospitalis bene & fideliter, exercend: & exequend: prout per easdem litteras patentes plenius liquet & apparet. Cumque etiam per easdem litteras nostras patentes voluerimus, & concesserimus pro nobis heredibus & successoribus nostris, quod predict: Henr: Comes Northampton de tempore in tempus ad omnia tempora durante vita sua fac: & facere & constituere valeret, & posset, tot, tanta, talia, & hujusmodi bona, idonea, & salubria statuta, jura, ordinationes, & constitutiones in script: concernen: divinum servicium de die in diem in predicta hospitali, in honorem Sancte Trinitatis, celebrand: ac gubernationem, electionem, expulsionem, punitionem, & directionem predicti custodis, & pauperum ibidem pro tempore existen: & eorum cujuslibet. Nec non stipend: salar: libertates, jocalia, & alia necessaria & requisit: quoad victum & vestitum pro eisdem custodi, & pauper: & eorum successorum, & aliorum quorumcunque, qui in dicta hospitali pro tempore existente forent, ac ordinationem & presentationem terrarum, tenementorum, & hereditamentorum, bonorum, & catallorum ejusdem hospitalis, & eorundem custodis, & pauperum & successorum suorum dand: concedend: aut assignand: sive eorum aliquod vel aliqua quovismodo, tangen: vel concernen: quot, quanta, qualia, & que predicto comiti bona, utilia, idonea, & salubria viderentur. Eademque omnia & singula sive eorum aliquod vel aliqua, revocare, mutare, determinare, augmentare, alterare, & de novo facere, prout & de tempore in tempus melius videretur expedire. Que quidem statuta nostra, ordinationes, & constitutiones, sic ut perfertur

perfertur fiend: vel constituend: voluerimus & concefferimus, ac pro nobis heredibus & fuccefforibus nostris firmiter percipimus, & mandaverimus inviolabiter observari, teneri, & performari de tempore in tempus in futuro. Ita tamen quod ejusmodi statuta, jura, ordinationes, & constitutiones, sic ut perfertur fiend: & constituend: vel ordinand: aut eorum aliquod vel aliqua non essent contraria vel repugnan: legibus aut statutis hujus regni nostri Anglie, prout per easdem litteras patentes (inter alia) plenius liquet & apparet. Cumque prefatus Henricus Comes Northampton ante confectioem aliquorum statutorum, actorum, sive ordinationum pro gubernatione ejusdem hospitalis, secundum potestatem & aucthoritatem ei, ut perfertur dat: & concess: obijt.—Sciatis igitur, quod nos ejusdem hospitalis complement: & consumacionem, & bonum regimen: ejusdem, ac pauper: ibidem mantend: gratiose affectantes, nec non ad humilem petitionem Johannis Griffith, ar: exec: ultime voluntatis & testamenti prefati Henrici Comitis Northampton, de gratia nostra speciali, ac ex certa scientia & mero motu nostris volumus, ac per presentes pro nobis heredibus & fuccefforibus nostris damus & concedimus predilectis & perquam fidelibus consanguineis consiliar: nostris Thome Comiti Suff: Thesaurar: nostro Anglie, Edwardo Comiti Wigorn: Custodi Privati Sigilli nostri, Thome Comiti Arundell & Surr: & predilecto nostro Willo: Domino Howard, ac dilect: & fidelibus nostris Carolo Howard Militi, & predicto Johanni Griffith, aut aliquibus tribus aut plur: eorum plenam potestatem & aucthoritatem de tempore in tempus, & ad alia omnia tempora durant: vitis suis natural: aut triu: vel plur: eorum condend: faciend: instituent: & constituend: juxta sanas eorum vel eorum trium vel plurimorum discretiones tot tanta talia, & hujusmodi bona idonea & salubria statuta, jura, ordinationes, & constitutiones in scriptis concernen: divinum servitium de die in diem in predicta hospitale, in honore Sancte Trinitatis celebrand: ac gubernationem, electionem, expulsionem, punitionem, & directionem predicti custodis, & pauperum ibidem pro tempore existentibus, & eorum cujuslibet. Nec non stipend: salar: libertates, jocal: & alia necessaria & requisita, quoad victum & vestitum pro eisdem custod: & pauper: & eorum fucceffori: & aliis quibuscunque, qui in dicta hospitale pro tempore existen: fuer: ac pro ordinatione & preservatione terrarum, tenementorum, & hereditamentorum, bonorum, & catallorum ejusdem hospitalis, & ad predicti custodis, & pauperum sustentationem & mantentionem ejusdem hospitalis, & eorum custod: & pauper: & fuccefforum suorum dand: concedend: aut assignand: sive eor: aliquod vel aliqua, quovismodo tan-

gen: vel concernen: quot quanta qualia, & que predictis Thome Comiti Suff: Edwardo Comiti Wigorn: Thome Comiti Arundell & Surry, Willelmo Domino Howard, Carolo Howard Militi, & Johanni Griffith, aut eorum tribus vel pluribus eorum bona utilia idonea, aut salubria videbuntur: eademque omnia & singula sive eorum aliquod vel aliqua revocare, mutare, determinare, augmentare, alterare, & de novo facere prout eis aut tribus vel pluribus eorum de tempore in tempus melius videbuntur expedire. Que quidem statuta, jura, ordinationes, & constitutiones, sic ut perfertur fiend: & constituend: volumus & concedimus, ac per presentes pro nobis heredibus & successoribus nostris firmiter percipimus, & mandamus inviolabiliter observari, teneri, & performari de tempore in tempus in futuro. Ita tamen quod hujusmodi statuta, jura, ordinationes, & constitutiones, sic ut perfertur fiend: & constituend: vel ordinand: aut eorum aliquod vel aliqua non sint contrar: vel repugnand: legibus & statutis hujus regni nostri Anglie. Eo quod expressa mentio de vero valore annuo, aut de certitudine premissorum vel eorum alicujus, aut de alijs donis sive concessione per nos seu aliquem progenitorum sive predecessorum nostrorum, prefato Thome Comiti Suff: Edwardo Comiti Wigorn: Thome Comiti Arundell & Surry, Willo: Domino Howard, Carolo Howard Militi, & Johanni Griffith, ante hec tempora fact: in presentibus minime fact: existit, aut aliquo statuto, actu, ordinatione, provisione, proclamatione, sive restrictione in contrarium inde antehac habit fact: edit: ordinat: sive provisione, aut aliqua alia re, causa, uel materia quacunque in aliquo non obstante. In cujus rei testimonium has litteras nostras fieri fecimus patentes.—Teste me ipso apud Westm: xxvj^{to} die Feb: anno regni nostri Anglie, Francie, & Hibernie quinto decimo, & Scocie ij^o.

Per Breve de Privato Sigillo.

Younge.

STATUTES,

STATUTES, CONSTITUTIONES, ORDERS, and ORDINANCES devised and made by us whose Names are here under written, by Virtue and Authoritie of his Majesties Letters Pattentes under the Great Seale of England, beareing Date at Westminster the Sixe and Twentith Day of February, in the Fiftenth Yeare of his Highnes Raigne, to us in that Behalfe grannted, for the good Government of the Hospitall of the Holye and Undevided Trinitie in Clune, in the Countye of Salop, of the Foundation of the Right Honourable Henry Howard, Earle of Northampton, Baron of Marnehill, Lord Keeper of the Privie Seale, Constable of the Castle of Dovor, Lord Warden of the Cinque Portes, Knight of the most honorable Order of the Garter, Chanceller of the Universitie of Cambridge, and One of the King's Majesties most honorable Privie Councill; and for the Direction of the Warden and Poore Men of the sayd Hospitall; and for the well Disposinge of the Lands, Rectories, Tithes, Revenues, and Goods thereof.

CHAPTER I.

Of the Number of those that are to be mayntayned, and to belonge to the said Hospitall.

IMPRIMIS, Wee doe ordaine and establishe that in the said Hospitall there shal be for ever one Warden and Twelve Poore Men, who shall wholly give themselves to the Service of God, and to praye for the Peace, Tranquillity, and Concorde of all Christendome, and specially for the Kinge's Majestie, his Haires, and Successors, the Statte of the Realme, and all the Branches and Members of that honourable House, from which the Founder discended: And that there shall be belonging to this Hospital One Poore Woman, to attende and looke to the Poore Men in Tyme of their Sickeness; and One Barbour: And that the Warden and Poore Men now alreadye placed in the Hospital shall abyde and continue in the said Hospitall, and injoye such Chambers and Romes every of them respectively as they now have for Terme of every of their Lives, together with such Stipends, Wages, Furniture, and all other Allowances as are hereafter to every of them lymitted and appoynted; every one of them well and honestly behaveinge hymselfe accordinge to the Orders and Constitutions followinge.

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CHAPTER II.

Of the Warden, his Election, Qualitie, Office, and Stipende.

Wee doe ordaine, that after the Death or Removall of the Warden of the Hospitall for the Tyme beinge, that the Honourable Sir Robert Howard, Knighte, being Sonne to the Right Honourable Thomas now Earle of Suffolke, and Assigne of the saide late Earle of Northampton, deceased, and Lord of the Lordshipe or Manor of Clune aforesaid, and his Hayres and Assignes for ever, beinge Lord or Lordes of the Lordshippe or Mannor of Clune aforesaid, shall, within the Tyme lyMITTED by his Majesties Letters Pattentes after such Death or Removall, elect One other Warden in his Place, by Writtinge under his Hand and Seale; which said Warden for the Tyme beinge shall be a Man of honest Life and Conversation, religious, grave, and discrete, frugall, provident, and fitte to governe the Poore Men, and to manage the Afayres of the sayd Hospitall, and shall be able to writte and read perfectly and distinctly, and to cast Accomptes, a single, unmarried Man, and of the Age of Forty Yeres at the least; and if, after his Election and placeinge in this House, he shall mary, then his Place to be voyd *ipso facto*.

Wee alsoe ordayne and appoynt, that the Warden for the Tyme beinge shall receive the yearely Revenues and Rentes which belonge unto the Hospitall, at such Tymes and Tearmes of the Yeare as the same shall growe due and payable, and detayne the same in his Handes, to defraye from Tyme to Tyme all Expence of the House, savinge soe much thereof as ys hereafter appointed to be yearely put into the Treasury. And we doe also ordayne, that the Warden shall from Tyme to Tyme have the Nomination and Appoyntment of the Curate of Knighton, which is an Impropriation belonginge to the Hospitall; and that the sayd Curate for the Tyme beinge shall have an yearely Stipende of Tenn Poundes for servinge the Cure allowed unto hym, forth of the Revenues of this Hospitall; and shall likewise upon Expiration or other Determination of the Lease now in beinge of the Rectorye of Churchstocke, one other Ympropriation belonginge to the said Hospitall, have the Nomination and Appoyntmente of the Curate there; who shall alsoe have, when the sayd Rectorye doth come into the Possession of the Warden and Poore Men, the like yearely Stipend of Tenne Poundes for servinge that Cure allowed unto hym, forth of the Revenues of this Hospitall. And wee doe hereby
further

further ordayne and appoynt, that the Warden for the Tyme beyng shall out of the yearely Rentes and Revenues of the Hospitall, every Monnth (reckoninge but Eight and Twentye Dayes to the Monnth) uppon the Saturday after Evening Prayer, paye in the Hall of the sayd Hospitall, as is now accostomed, before hande unto every One of the Poore Men Thirteene Shillings and Four Pence, for his Stipende and Allowance for the Month ensewing: And the sayd Warden for the Tyme beinge shall once every Yeare buye soe much stronge Clothe or Kersey, of one sad Couller, as shall serve to make every One of the Poore Men a Gowne, to wear on the Weeke Days; and he shall make his Provision of Cloth at the best Season of the Yeare, when and where he maye have it best chepe; and with readie Money, and not upon Trust: And he shall bestowe Fifteene Shillings and Six Pence in the Price of eache Gowne: And yearely uppon Sainte Mathyas Daye (which was the Founder's Byrth Day) deliver unto each Poore Man his Gowne, readye made. And shall also every Fourth Yeare buye Sixe and Thirtie Yardes of good durable Blewe Broad Cloth, of London Measure, of Eight Shillings and Six Pence the Yarde, to make every One of they Poore Men a Liverye Gowne, to be worne only uppon Sundayes and Fastivall Dayes, and Fiftie Yardes of Blew Bayes, at Two Shillings Foure Pence the Yarde, to line the sayd Gownes, which is Three Yardes of Cloth and Foore Yardes and Halfe a Quarter of Bayes for eache Gowne; whereof he shall also make his Provision at the beste Hande, in such Sorte as wee have before prescribed unto hym for the ordinarye Gownes: And he shall bestowe Forty Fowre Shillings in the Price of eache of these Liverye Gownes; and shall every Fourthe Yeare, uppon Trinitye Sundaye, deliver unto eache Poore Man his Gowne, ready made, of the same Fashion that their now Liverryes be of, with a new Cognizance, beinge a White Lyon ymbrothered sette, on the Sleeve, of the Price of Five Shillings, which is included in the sayd former Some of Fortye Foure Shillings. At which Tyme he shall alsoe buye every One of the Poore Men a Liverye Hatte, of the Price of Fowre Sillings, all of One Fashion; and uppon Delivery of the newe he shall deliver to the Poore Men, to their owne Uses, their old Liverye Gownes and Hatts that had served for the Fowre Yeares precedent: And the sayd Warden for the Tyme beinge shall yearely at the Wood Sales make Provision of Thirtye Loades of Fyre Wood, for hymselfe and the Almesmen; and see the same layed and piled severally in the Woode Yarde, every Almesman's Proportion

portion by it selfe, to the End they maie all knowe theire owne, and better husbände theire Store. And the sayd Warden shall also buye from Tyme to Tyme all such Lincen as shall be used for Table Clothes, and all Pewter, Brasse, and other Ymplements of Houshold to be used and ymplied in the sayd Hospitall, for the Dressing of his owne and the Poore Mens Meate upon the Feastivall Dayes, wherein they are by the Founder appointed to dyne and suppe together in the common Hall: And shall take Care that they sayd Househould Stuffe of the Hospitall be safely kept, and not abused in the Weareinge; And specially that there come noe Detriment to the House by Occation of Fier. The Warden shall alsoe from Tyme to Tyme take Carre of the Poore Men that shall be sicke, and see that the Woman appoynted for that Purposse doe give due Attenddance upon them in Tyme of theire Sicknes. He shall have speciall Care that the Gates of the Hospitall be shutte and opened at the Tymes appoynted, and that they Keyes as sone as the Gate be shutte be every Nighte brought unto hym. He shall give the Oath by the Statutes hereafter prescribed to the Poore Men from Tyme to Tyme elected and placed in the sayd Hospitall. He shall paye the Curate of Knighton and likewise the Curate of Churstocke when the present Lease ys expired; the Subwarden of the Hospitall, the Poore Woman appoynted to attend the Sicke, and the Barboure, theire Wagis Halfe yearely, at the Feastes of All Saynts and of the Apostles Phyllip and Jacob. He shall kepe the Keyes of all the Lodginges voyde by Death or Removevall of any of the Poore Men, and see that as well the ordinarye Gownes of the Partye so deceased or removed, as the Bedsteedes, Mattes, and Rugges belonginge to that Chamber be safely kepte, and delivered to his Successor after his Admission: And he shall from Tyme to Tyme see well and sufficiently repayred and mayntained in good Reparations the Hospitall House, and the Walles environinge the same, and the Gardenes and Orchardes; and that there be not soe much as one Stone missinge upon the said Hospitall, or in or upon the same Walles, by the Space of one Monnth together, and not in the meane tyme amended. And we doe ordayne for that Purposse there shal be at all Tymes One Thowsande of Slate Stone, readye dressed and holed, and a Quarter of Lime, and another Quarter of Haire and Sande, lyinge in Heapes in the storre House, or in such other Place within the Hospitall, as the Warden shall thinke fittest to laye the same. And the Warden shall alsoe take presente Order that the voyde Spottes or Peices of Grounde belonginge to the Hospitall, and lyinge without

without the Walles to the South-east thereof, beinge firſte ſtrongly fenced in with a Ditch and quicke ſetted, ſhal be well planted with Elmes, Okes, and Aſhes, for Defence of the ſayd Hoſpitall from Wyndes and Weather; and ſee that the ſayd Ditch be from Tyme to Tyme well kepte and maynetayned, and they Trees therein preſerved and renewed, as often as Neede ſhall requier; and likewise the waſt Ground betwene the Trees ſoe huſbanded and kepte from Weedes and Buſhes, as the ſame maie yeald ſome Manner of Profitte to hymſelfe and they Company. And that every One of the Poore Men doe from Tyme to Tyme make, keepe, and maynetayne fayre and handſome the Quickeſette Hedges aboute his ſeverall Grounds: And he ſhall alſo ſee that the Poore Men doe performe, obſerve, fullfill, and keepe all ſuch Lawes, Statutes, and Conſtitutiones as are by us preſcribed and ſette downe, and inſlicte upon the Offenderes ſuch Punishmentes as to his Place and Office appertayneth.

The Warden for the Tyme beinge ſhall keepe a Leedger Booke, wherein he ſhall enter and regeiſter the Admiſſion of of every Member of this Hoſpitall, with the Dayes and Yeares of their ſeverall Admittances; and upon their Deaths or other Removeinges he ſhall make an Entrye. Likewise when the ſame doth happen he ſhall alſoe keepe another Booke, wherein he ſhall regiſter all Licences of Abſence to be grannted to any of the Poore Men, the Daye of his goeing forth and of his Returne; and of all Offences and Convictions of any of them which ſhall offende in any of the Faults by theſe Statutes puniſhable, and what Cenſures and Punishmentes have been inſlicted upon them for the ſame. He ſhall alſoe keepe one other Booke, wherein he ſhall enter the Inventories of all the Braſſe, Pewter, Lynen, and other moveable Goodes whatſoever of the Hoſpitall's, as they now are and ſhall be from Tyme to Tyme renewed. He ſhall alſoe once every Yeare make up a true, perfect, and exact Accompt of all ſuch Summes of Moneyes as he hath received for the ſaid Hoſpitall, and ſhall therein ſette downe what remayneth in Supers, and is unpaide of the Revenues of the ſayd Hoſpitall, and by whom; together with all ſuch Summes of Moneyes as he hath diſburſed and paide for the ſervice of the ſayd Hoſpitall, and what remains at that Tyme in his Handes. Which ſayd Accomptes ſo to be made of all his Receiptes and Diſburſementes for one whole Yeare, which ſhal be accompted to beginne alwayes at the Feaſtes of the Annunciation of our bleſſed Lady the Virgine Marye, he ſhall yearely render and give, fayrely ingroſſed in Parchmente, upon

upon the Mundaye next after Trinitie Sundaye, to the Parson of Hopesaye, the Vicar of Clune, and the Vicar and Bayliffes of Byshopps Castle, for the Time beinge, or any Five of them, that shall be there readie to take the sayd Accomptes, in the Comone Hall of the sayd Hospitall. Where the Warden shall upon that Daye provide for them a convenient Dinner, whereof the Twelve Poore Men shall have the Reversion, and eat it together in the Kitchine; and shall alsoe paie for their Horfe Meate: All which whole Charge shall not exceede the Somme of Thirtye Shillinges: And the Warden shall alsoe yearely upon that Day bestowe upon each of them that shall be there present to take the sayd Accomptes, for their Paines and Travell in that Behalfe, One Payre of Gloves, of the Price of Two Shillinges Sixe Pence the Paire. And after the sayd Accompte is thus rendered and given up unto they sayd Parsones soe appoynted as aforesaid to take it, the sayd Parson of Hopesaye, the Vicare of Clune, and the Vicare and Bayliffes of Byshopps Castle, for the Tyme being, shall and maie eyther joyntly by themselves or solye by any One of them, to be named and appoynted by the other Three, examine and trye by all Meanes the Truth of his sayd Accompte. And the same upon Examination and Tryall appearinge iuste and true, the said Parson or Parsons that tooke the sayd Accompte and the Warden of the Hospitall shall set their Handes unto the same. In the makeinge and rendering of which Accompte wee doe likewise order and appoynte, that the Warden shall shewe forth unto such Parson or Parsons as shall take his Accomptes, as well those Three Bookes which he is before by us enjoyned to keepe, as all Vouches and Aquittances for such Somes of Money as he hath paide eyther to the Poore Men, for their Monnthly Stipendes, or for Wages, Lyveryes, Fyrringe, Reparations, or that hath been expended in Lawe Suites, within that Tyme of that Accompte. And the Overplus of the sayd Revenues, more then the Warden shall have necessarye Cause to retayne in his Handes, to pay hymselfe and the Poore Men thiere Monnthly Stipends, and to make Provision before hand of Cloth or Fyreing, shall be yearely put into the Treasure-house, together with the Accompte so taken for that Yeare, and subscribed as aforesayd.

Wee doe alsoe ordayne, that the Warden for the Tyme beinge shall from tyme to tyme see that all the Evidences and other Writtinges touchinge or concerninge the Possessions of this Hospitall be put in severall Boxes, and laide up safely in the Treasure House in the Cheste provided, and sette there

there for that Purpose, that they be not eatten with Myse, rotted, consumed, or defaced with Weather, or by any other Meanes. And he shalle not put the Commen Seal toe any Lease, Grannte, or other Wrytinge whatsoever concerninge the Estate of the Hospitall, without the Previtie and Allowance of John Griffits the Founder's Executor dureing his naturall Life, and after his Decease of the Parson of Hopesaye, the Vicare of Clune, and the Vicar and Bayliffes of Byshopp's Castle for the Tyme beinge, or three of them, and the Assente of Sixe of the Poore Men at the least. And the Warden shall alwayes resyde in the sayd Hospitall, except yt be at such Tymes as he shall be necessaryely occasioned to goe abroade about the Affayres of the Hospitall, or to make Provision of Cloth, Fyrynge, and other Necessaryes for the House and Company, or that uppon urgent Occation of his owne, he shall be lysensed for some smale Tyme to be absente by the said John Griffits dureing his Life, or by the Parson of Hopesaye, the Vicar of Clune, and the Vicar and Baylyffs of Bishopp's Castle for the Tyme beinge, or by two of them at the least, so he be not absent above twenty Dayes in one Yeaere, to the End that he may have a continuall Eye unto the sayd Governemente and Demeanours of the Poore Men, which he shall from tyme to tyme, in a good and discrete Manner, with all Indifferencye and Equytye, see performed and done.

And the Warden, for the due executing of his sayde Offyce, besydes his Lodginge, Orchard, and Gardenes, shall have yearly allowed hym for Fyryng fowre Loads of Wood, to be provided and taken as we have hereafter ordayned, and shall also have one yearly Stipende of Twentye Poundes, to be taken by hymselfe by Thirtie Shillings Nine Pence Farthinge Monnthly, reconing Eight and Twenty Dayes to the Monnth, at such Dayes as wee have before appoynted the Poore Men to be paid their Stipendes, and to be upon his yearly Accomptes allowed and deducted forth of the yearly Rentes and Revenues of the Hospitall; and Fortye Shillings every Second Yeaere to buye hym a Gowne to weare upon the Weeke Days, which shall contayne three Yardes of London Measure, of marble coloured Cloth of Eight Shillings Sixe Pence the Yarde, and foure Yardes of Bayes, at Two Shillings Sixe Pence the Yarde, to lyne it with; yt shall be always made against Sainte Mathyas Day, and of that Fashion the Warden hys Gowne is now of. And the Warden shall alsoe have every fowrthe Yeaere Three Poundes to buye hym a Liverye Gowne of a good sad marble Coloure Cloth, of Thirteene Shillings and Fowre Pence the Yarde,

lyned throughe with Bayes, and the Founder's Cognizance sett one the Sleeve to weare upon the Sondays and Feastyvall Dayes onelye, which shall lykewise contayne the same Quantity of Cloth and Bayes that we have before appoynted for the other Gownes to be made always against Trinity Sunday, which shall be likewise of the same Fashion the Warden hys Lyverye is now off, which Liveryes, together with the other Gowne allowed unto hym for the Weeke Dayes, if he eyther dye or be removed within the Tyme before lymitted unto hym, to have newe, he shall leave for his Successor, together with all suche Furniture of Beddinge and Household Stuffe as shall be eyther in his Lodginge, or in his Custody, of the Founder's Provision, at the Tyme of his Deathe or Removevall.

And because the Warden's Place ys of greate Charge and Truste, and therefore requireth good Caution to be given, wee doe ordayne, that every such Parson as hereafter shall be chosen to be Warden of this Hospitall, before such Tyme as he shall be admitted or allowed to exercise the same Place, shall, with Two sufficient Suerties, become bounde to the Bayliffe of Bischopp's Castle for the Tyme beinge, in the Somme of Two hundred Poundes of lawfull Money of Englande, with Condition that he shall from tyme to tyme truely and justly make accompte, and answere for all such Moneys and other Things as he shall receive for the sayd Hospitall; and in case he dye, that then his Haires, Executors, or Administrators, or his Suerties, or their Haires, Executors, or Administrators, shall well and truely accompte unto the sayd Bayliffe of Byshopp's Castle for the Tyme beinge for all and every such Somme and Sommes of Money, and other Things whatsoever by hym the sayd Warden received, and not in his Life Tyme by hym accompted or answered for as aforesayd. And shall well and truely paie, or cause to be payde unto his Successors the Warden of the said Hospitall, all such Arrerages whatsoever as shall be due upon the sayd Accompts. And also to leave in the Hospitall at his Death or Removevall, as well all such Goodes and Ymplementes of Household, which be or should be in his Custody, of the Founder's Provision, as his Gownes for his Successor; which sayd Bonde, soe taken as aforesayd, we doe ordayne and appoynte shall be layd up in the Treasure House amonge the Evidences of the Hospitall at the Admission of the Warden.

And the better to secure from tyme to tyme, as well all such Moneys and Goodes of the Hospitalls as shall be in the Handes, Custody, and Charge of the Warden at the Tyme of
his

his Death or Removevall, as the Warden, his Executor, and Suerties are to be Sureties of all Indemnities that maie happen by reason of their Bondes, and that nothing be imbecelled or removed in the Tyme of Vacancy of the Plase, wee doe further order and appoynte, that ymediatlye uppon the Death or Removevall of any Warden of this Hospitall, that the Vicar of Clune for the Tyme beinge shall, in the Presence of the Subwarden and the other Poore Men, locke up safe the Doores of his Lodginges in the Hospitall, and keepe the Keyes thereof, and all other Keyes in his Custody, untill another Warden be elected and placed in his Rome, to whom he shall at his Admission deliver the sayd Keyes, and the Money that shall be then found in his sayd Lodginge, together with the Goodes belonginge to the House appeareinge by the Booke of Inventorye: And what other Thinges ther shall be then there of the Decedent his owne proper Goodes, he shall see the same delivered to such Parson or Parsons to whome the same in Right shall belonge.

CHAPTER III.

Of the Poore Men, their Election, what Kinde of Parsons they ought to be, and the Allowance they are to have.

Wee doe alsoe ordayne, that the Poore Men be from tyme to tyme by the sayd Sir Robert Howard, and his Hayres and Assignes for ever, beinge Lord or Lordes of the Lordshippe or Maner of Clune aforesayd, within the Tyme lymitted by his Majesties sayd *Letters Pattentes*, taken, chossen, and placed in this Hospitall forthe of the Poore Inhabytanse of the Lordshipps of Clune and Bishopp's Castle. And for that the Lordshippe of Clune ys very greate and spacious, and that the Hospitall was builte and specially intended by the Founder for the Reliefe of the Poore of that Lordshippe, we doe therefore ordayne and appoynte, that Nyne of the Twelve Poore Men to be mayntayned in the sayd Hospitall shall be for ever chossen out of the said Lordshippe of Clune, if it maye affourde soe many Parsons capable, and in all Poyntes qualified according to the Founder's Institutiones, and the other Three forthe of the Lordshippe of Byschopp's Castle. And when any of the Poore Men now placed in the Hospitall, or hereafter to be elected, shall channce to dye or be removed, that then within Sixe Monthes after every such Death or Removevall, there shall be such others of the Poore Inhabytantes of the Lordshipps of Clune and Byschopp's Castle aforesayd from tyme

to tyme chossen in their Steades and Places by the sayd Sir Robert Howard, and his Hayres and Assignes, beinge Lord or Lordes of the sayd Lordshippes of Clune, as by these Constitutions are eligible.

And we doe further ordayne and declare, that every Poore Man to be chosen a Member of this Hospitall shall be an Inhabytant within the Lordshippe of Clune or Bishopp's Castle, and such a one as hath dwelte in one of these Lordshippes by the Space of Five Yeares at least next before his Election, and a single unmarried Man of the Age of Sixe and Fiftye Yeares at the leaste at the Tyme of his Election; and if he shall after marye, then his Place to be voyde *ipso facto*. And likewise that he be a Man that ys decayed, and become Poore by causuall Meanes, and hath alwayes lyved in honest Name. But if he be growne Poore through his owne Disorder, or be indebted, or a common Beger, a Drunkeard, Whorehaunter, Haunter of Tavernes, or of Alehouses, and uncleane Parson, infected with any foule Disease, or any that is blynde, or so impotent, as he is not able at the Tyme of his Admission to come to Prayers dayly to the Chappell, and also to travell to the Parishes Church on the Sondayes and Holy Dayes, and to performe all other Duties and Services enjoyned by Statuts to every Brother of this Hospitall; if he be an Ideot, or not able to saye without Booke the Lordes Prayer, the Crede, and the Tenne Commandements, or hath eyther in Landes Fee or Annuitie above the cleare Value of Twenty Shillinges, or in Goodes and Chattells exceedinge the true Value of Twentye Markes at the most, then he shall not be chossen, nor maye be a Member of this Hospitall. And if at any Tyme yt shall happen uppon a Voydauce by Death or Removevall of any of the Poore Men, that the sayd Lordshippes of Clune and Bishopp's Castle, as it shall fall to their Turnes for Nomination, cannot at that Tyme affoarde a Parson, quallified accordinge to the Founder's Institution and Intention explyned by these Orders, to succede in the Place soe voyde, then we doe ordayne in that Case, and as often as yt shall soe happen, that the sayd Sir Robert Howard, and his Hayres and Assignes, beinge Lord or Lordes of the said Lordshippe of Clune, shall make Choyse of some Poore Man that is so qualified forth of such of the Poore Inhabytantes of the Parishes of Knighton, in the County of Radner, and Churchstocke, in the Countye of Monntgomery, out of which aryseth and ys to come the greatest Parte of the Revenues belonging to the Hospitall, *viz.* One forth of Knighton, and One forth of Churchstocke (*alternis vicibus*) firste beginninge

ninge at Knighton uppon Notice thereof firste geven in those Churches by the Warden of the Hospitall, and such Certificate from the Inhabytantes of those Parishes, as is hereafter by us prescribed. And we doe further ordayne, that every one of the Poore Men, before his Admission into the Hospitall, shall enter into Bonde in the Somme of Tenne Poundes to the Bayliffe of Byshopp's Castle for the Tyme beinge, conditioned to leave in the Hospitall at his Death for his Successor, as well the Furniture of his Chamber that is of the Founder's Provision, as his Liverye, Hatte, and Gowne, and to keep them from tyme to tyme duering his Liffe fayre and cleane, reasonable Wearinge excepted. And likewise that all his owne proper Goodes, which at his Death shall be in the sayd Hospitall, shall be lefte and remayne in the Costedye of the Warden of the Hospitall for the Tyme beinge, and not from thence be hade or taken, untill his Funerall Charge and perticuler Debtes by hym oweinge in Clune for Meate, Drinke, and Attendance in Tyme of his Sickenes be furst satisfied and payd, to avoyde the Charge and Infamy that maye otherwise fall uppon the House.

Ther shall noe Grannte or Promise be made to any Parson or Parsons of any Poore Man's Place in this Hospitall in Reversion; and if any Parson shall be founde faultie in seekeing, procureinge, or obtayneing any such Place contrarye to these Ordinances, he shall be (*ipso facto*) disabled, and become uncapable to have any Place in the sayd Hospitall dureinge his Life.

And if it shall happen that any Poore Man, after his Admission into this Hospitall, shall have any Land defended, or otherwise given or come unto hym, of the cleare yearlie Value of Fyve Poundes or more, in which he shall have any Freehold for Tearme of his owne Life, or shall have any Goodes or Chattels given unto hym that shall be worth or amounte to the Somme of One hundred Markes, or more, that every such Parson haveinge such Meanes to mayntayne himselfe withall, shall not keepe nor hold Place in the Hospitall, which was appoynted for the Reliefe of those which wanted, but shall loose his sayd Place, and some such other Parson, as is before-mentioned, shall be chossen in his Stead.

And wee further ordayne, that they Poore Men shall be continually resident in the Hospitall, and that they shall not at any Tyme goe into the Towne, or elsewhere, without speciall Leave of the Warden, or Subwarden in his Absence, to be grannted unto them only when they have in the Cause of Buifness, which maye not be in Tymes appoynted for Prayers,

Prayers, nor after the Howers appoynted for locking in of the Gates at Night, nor upon the Sundayes, nor upon any Dayes wherin the Leetes, or any Courtes or Lawes Dayes be kept in Clune; and when any is so lycensed, he shall not goe to the Alehouse under Pretence to dyne or suppe there, nor rune at all upon the Score for Meate, Drinke, or other Victualls, eyther in the Alehouse, or elsewhere, to the Scandall and Dishonour of the Founder, that for Prevention thereof hath appoynted that every Poore Man should have One Monntnes Paye beforehandé, to the End he maie make his Provision the better for that Time, and spend the Allowance he gives hym within the Hospitall. Provided alwayes, that if any of the Poore Men have any urgent or necessary Occasion to goe abroad for a certayne Tyme, upon Notice thereof to the Vicar of Clune, and the Warden of the Hospitall for the Tyme beinge, they maie, if they shall hold yt foe convenient, give Lycence unto the sayd Poore Man to be absente for such Tyme as his sayd Buissness shall requier, so he be not absent above Seven Dayes in One Yeare.

And we doe hereby further lymitte and appoynte, that every one of the Poore Men shall over and besides his Lodginge and Garden receive of the Warden of the Hospitall yearely One Stipende of Eight Poundes Thirtine Shillinges Fowre Pense, to be paid unto hym monnthly, reckenninge Eight and Twentye Dayes to the Monnth, by Thirtene Shillinges Fowre Pense every Monnth in the Common Hall of the Hospitall, upon the Saterdag after Eveninge Prayer, and yearely upon Sainte Mathyas Day, whych was the Founder's Byrth Day, a Gowne ready made of stronge Cloth or Kerseye of a sadde Colour, to weare upon the Weeke Dayes, of the Price of Fiftene Shillinges and Six Pence, and shall have delivered unto hym at the Hospitall yearely at Bartholmew Tyde for Fyeringe Two Loade of Wood; and shall alsoe every Fourth Yeare upon Trinitie Sunday have delivered unto hym to weare such a Lyvery Gowne of blew Cloth lined with Bayes, with the Founder's Cognizance on the Sleeve, to ware upon Sundayes and Festivall Dayes, as every one of the Poore Men now have, of the Price of Fowrty 4 Shillinges, together with a Livery Hatte, of the Price of Fowre Shillinges; of which sayd Livery Gownes to be at every Fourth Yeares Ende delivered unto them by the Warden to their owne Use as aforesayd, we doe ordayne and appoynte, that every one of the Poore Men (the sayd Gownes beinge all first dyed into some fadder Colour) shall make them Suites of Apparell of one and the same

same Fashion to weare uppon Sondayes, and Holy Dayes. And shall likewise at every Yeares End, when they receive their new ordinarye Gownes, make them Apparell with the old, that they maie goe cleane and decent, and not sell their Gownes awaye, nor converte them to any other Use. And for the avoydinge of Idlenes, and better Mayntenance of themselves, yt shall be lawfull for any of the Poore Men, privatly in his Chamber, to use any maniall Trade that he has Skill of, or to exercise hymselfe in any other handye Labour, so the same be not offensive or noysome to the Warden and the Rest of the Brethren.

C H A P T E R IV.

The Office of the Subwarden.

4. Wee doe ordayne, that One of the Twelve Poore Men, of the best Discretion and Behaviour, and beinge able to reade and write (if it maie be) be, uppon the Death or Removevall of Richard Langford the now Subwarden, elected yearly by the Warden, and the more Parte of the Poore Men, to be Subwarden, who shall, under the Warden, oversee all Parsons in doinge of their Duties, and shall at noe Tyme be absent. When the Warden of the Hospitall is absent, he shall dulye open and shutte at the Howres appointed the Gates of the Hospitall, and to that Ende he shall receive of the Warden the Keyes every Morninge between the Feasts of the Anunniation of Our Blessed Lady the Virgin Marye, and the Feast of Sainte Michaell the Archangell, at Five of the Clocke, and shall then open the Gatts. And after the Ringinge or Towlinge of the Bell, to give Warninge to such as be abroad, he shall shutt and locke them againe dureing that Tyme at 8 of the Clocke in the Eveninge. And from the Feasts of Saynt Mychaell until the Feast of the Anunniation, he shall open the Gates at Eight of the Clocke in the Morninge, and soe shutte and locke them as aforesaid at Five of the Clock at Night, and carrye the Keyes every Night as sone as the Gatts be locked to the Warden, if he be at home. And he shall at noe Tyme, before nor after the Howers hereby appoynted for opening and shutting of the Gattes, open the same, unless yt be uppon speciall Oc-casion, and by Direction of the Warden. He shall alsoe every Daye, after the Towlinge of the Bell to Morneinge and Evening Prayer to be sayd in the Chappell, shutt and locke the Gattes, and not open the same while the Warden and Poore Men be at their Devotions. He shall keepe the
Liverye

Liverye Gownes and Hattes in the Presses made and sette in the Chappell for that Purpose, and deliver them every Sunday and Holye Daye in the Morneinge at Eight of the Clocke to the Rest of the Brethren, and receive them againe at Night brushed and foulded by them handfomly, and lay them up in the sayd Presses againe. He shall also keepe the Keyes of the Chappell, and see that it be kepte sweete and cleane, and that the Bookes be not defaced, nor any Stranger admitted into the Chappell, but when eyther the Warden or hymselfe be present. And see also that the Seates provided for the Warden and Poore Men in the Parische Church be likewise kepte sweete and cleane. And he shall every Morninge and Eveninge, the Howers appoynted to say Prayer in the Chappell, ringe or toule the Bell Twice to give Sommons to the Poore Men to come to Prayer; he shall duely observe all Absences from the Parische Church, and from Prayers in the Chappell, Misfedemeanors in any of they Bretherne, and present them every Saterdag at Night after Prayer in Writinge (if he can) to the Warden, that ech one maie reseave the Punishment by the Statute to be inflicted, according to the Qualitie of theire severall Offences. He shall see that noe Dogges be kept in the Hospitall House to anoye and disquiette the Company. And we doe further order, that he shall doe and execute, in the Absence of the Warden, whatsoever by these Statutes in that Behalfe ys required to be done and performed by the sayd Warden. And we doe ordayne, lymitte, and appoynte that the sayd Subwarden shall receive for his Wagis, over and besydes his Stipende of Eight Poundes Thirteene Shillinges and Fower Pence as a Poore Man, a yearely Stipende of Fortye Shillinges, to be payd Halfe yearely.

We doe ordayne, if at any Tyme yt shall happen that the Warden and Subwarden be both Sicke at one Tyme, or so impotente and weaker, that neyther of them ys able to performe the Dueties incident to their Plases, and by these Statutes requiered of them, that the Poore Man that is eldest in Senioritie by Admission, if he be able and sufficient to performe that Office, if not, then the eldest in Senioritie which shal be able, by the Appoyntement of the Warden of the Hospitall shall, during the Tyme of their Sickenes and Impotencye, doe and execute all such Things as by the Statutes in that Behalfe are required to be done and performed by them, or eyther of them.

CHAPTER V.

Of the Nomination for Election of the Warden and Poore Men.

We do alsoe ordayne, that as often as any Place in this Hospitall shall happen at any Tyme hereafter to become voyde, eyther by Death or Removevall of the Warden, or of any of the Poore Men, that the Warden for the Tyme beinge, or Subwarden in his Absence, shall give publique Notice thereof in the Parish Churches of Clune and Byshopp's Castle the next Sondag after the Decease, Departure, Removeval of that Partye soe dead or removed, to the End the Steward of the Lordshippe of Clune for the Tyme beyng, Mr. Edward Powell the Founder's old Servant dureinge his Life, the Parson of Hopesaye, the Vicar, Bayliffes, and Churchwardens of Clune, and the Bayliffe, Vicar, and Churchwardens of Byshopp's Castle for the Tyme beinge, and the Fee Farmers of the Parsonages of Clune and Byshopp's Castle (if they be Inhabitants within these Lordshippes) and the Warden of the Hospitall for the Tyme beinge maye that Sondag Seavenight, after all or soe manye of them as cann attende this Worke of Charitie, meete together in the said Parishe Church of Clune after Eveninge Prayer, to the Ende, and after Examination first taken of the Poor Inhabitants of that Lordshipe (to whose Turn the Place shall then fall) sincerely and surely, without perticuler Respekte, Rewarde, Meede, or Affection, nominate Two such of the sayd Poore Inhabytantes, as in their Consciencs they thynke to stande in most Neede of the Releife and Charitye of the Founder, and otherwise to be fittest for the Place, and best to answere the Qualities required by the Founder in his Almefmen, and make Certificate therof in Writinge under their Handes, or the more Parte of them, unto Sir Robert Howard, or his Hayres or Assignes, being Lord or Lordes of the said Lordshippe of Clune, within Three Weekes after the Avoydance of the sayd Place, that he or they maye within Sixe Mounthes after the Avoydance of the sayd Place (according to the Power given to hym and them by his Majesties said *Letters Pattentes*) make Choyce of One of the sayd Two Parsons soe nominated to succede in the sayd Rome then voyde, and give Warrant to the Warden of the Hospitall to receave and admitte hym a Member of the House. And we ordayne, that the sayd Certificat shal be from tyme to tyme made and subscribed as aforesayd, and delivered to the Warden of the Hospitall for the Tyme being; and if the Warden be then

dead, then unto the Subwarden, to be conveyed and sent by him at the Charge of the House to the sayd Sir Robart Howard, or his Assignes, being Lord or Lordes of the sayd Lordshippe of Clune.

The Forme of the Certificate to be made uppon the Death
or Removevall of any of the Poore Men.

Whereas there ys a Place now voyde in the Hospitall of the Holy and Undevided Trinitie in Clune, of the Foundation of Henry Howard Earle of Northampton, by the Death or Removevall of J. M. late one of the Almefmen there, which is One of the Nine Places limited by the Statute of the House to the Lordshippe of Clune, or of the Three Places lymitted to the Lordshippe of Bishoppe Castle, we whose Names are here underwritten, according to the Form to us by Statute prescribed, meette togeather in the Parish Church of Clune uppon Sunday the _____ of this Monnth, and after Viewe and Examination taken of all the Poore Inhabytentes that are by the Founder's Institution capable of Places in this Hospitall, we have nominated these Two, whose Names are here underwritten; wee know them both to be of honest Life, and Parsons in all Poyntes qualified accordinge to the Founder's Institution, and meete to recieve that honourable Relief and Charitie that his Lordshippe provided for them: And therefore humbly praye your Honour to give present Order that One of them maye be admitted into the Place now voyd.—Clune the _____ Day of

A. W. aged	and an Inhabitant in Clune	Yeares.
B. K. aged	and an Inhabitant in Clune	Yeares.

And if the sayd Parsons soe by Statute appoynted as aforesaid to nominate, shall at any Tyme neglect to nominate and certifie, within Three Weeckes, the Names of such Parsons as are eligible forth of the Inhabytantes of the Lordshippes of Clune and Bishoppes Castle, as it shall falle to their Turnes, or that the sayd Lordshippe of Clune and Bishoppes Castle cannot at that Tyme affoarde a Parson qualified as ys aforesayd, wee doe ordayne, that then and so often as it shall soe happen that the sayd Sir Robart Howard, or his Hayres or Assignes, beinge Lord or Lordes of the Lordshippe of Clune, shall make Choyce and Place in the Rome soe voyde, One of the Poore Inhabytantes of the Parish of
Knighton

Knighton or Churchstoke, uppon such Certificate as is before ordayne to be made for the Poore Men to be nominated out of Clune and Bishop's Castle, under the Hands of the Warden of the Hospitall, the Curat for the Tyme beinge of that Parish whereof the Partie is to be nominated, and the Churchwardens, that he is of honest Life and Conversation, of the Age of Sixe and Fiftie Yeares at least, and hath bene an Dweller in that Parishes for Fyve Years nexte before, and ys otherwise in all Poynts eligible by these Constitutions as aforesayde.

We doe further ordayne, that if the sayd Sir Robart Howard, or his Hayres and Assignes, beinge Lord or Lordes of the sayd Lordshippe or Manner of Clune, shall not from tyme to tyme, according to the Power given and graunted unto hym and them in that Behalfe by his Majesties sayd *Letters Pattentes*, within Sixe Mounthes after the Death or Removeall of the Warden, or any One or more of the Poore Men, chose and place in each of their Places or Office soe dead or removed, One other meete and sufficient Man soe qualified as aforesayd, accordinge to these Orders and Constitutions, that then and as often as it shall soe happen that the Justices of Assise appoynted or assigned in the sayd Countie of Sallop for the Tyme beinge, shall for that Turn only chose and place in each of his or their Places then voyd as aforesaid, One meete and sufficient Man qualified as afore-
said.

C H A P T E R VI.

Of the Poore Woman that is to attende and looke to the Poore Men in Tyme of their Sickenes.

We doe ordayne, that the Warden of the Hospitall shall from tyme to tyme, for the adinge and comfortinge of such as shall be Sicke, or soe Impotente and Weake, that they shalle not be able to help themselves, make Choyse of some poore honest sober Woman, that shall attende and loke unto those that be Sicke and Weake, and shall washe the Table Clothes used upon the Festivall Dayes, and scower and keepe cleane the Vessells, and doe such other Worke about the House as the Warden shall appoynte her, who, besydes the Rewardes to be given her by such sicke Parsons as she shall from tyme to tyme attende, shall have yearely a Stipende paid unto her by the Warden of Fortye Shillinges at the said Feastes of the Apostles Phyllip and Jacob, and All Saintes, by even Portions.

dead, then unto the Subwarden, to be conveyed and sent by him at the Charge of the House to the sayd Sir Robart Howard, or his Assignes, being Lord or Lordes of the sayd Lordshippe of Clune.

The Forme of the Certificate to be made uppon the Death or Removevall of any of the Poore Men.

Whereas there ys a Place now voyde in the Hospitall of the Holy and Undevided Trinitie in Clune, of the Foundation of Henry Howard Earle of Northampton, by the Death or Removevall of J. M. late one of the Almefmen there, which is One of the Nine Places limited by the Statute of the House to the Lordshippe of Clune, or of the Three Places lymitted to the Lordshippe of Bishoppe Castle, we whose Names are here underwritten, according to the Form to us by Statute prescribed, meette togeather in the Parish Church of Clune uppon Sunday the _____ of this Monnth, and after Viewe and Examination taken of all the Poore Inhabytentes that are by the Founder's Institution capable of Places in this Hospitall, we have nominated these Two, whose Names are here underwritten; wee know them both to be of honest Life, and Parsons in all Poyntes qualified accordinge to the Founder's Institution, and meete to recieve that honourable Relief and Charitie that his Lordshippe provided for them: And therefore humbly praye your Honour to give present Order that One of them maye be admitted into the Place now voyd.—Clune the _____ Day of

A. W. aged	and an Inhabitant in Clune	Yeares.
B. K. aged	and an Inhabitant in Clune	Yeares.

And if the sayd Parsons soe by Statute appoynted as afore-said to nominate, shall at any Tyme neglect to nominate and certifie, within Three Weeckes, the Names of such Parsons as are eligible forth of the Inhabytantes of the Lordshippes of Clune and Bishoppes Castle, as it shall falle to their Turnes, or that the sayd Lordshippe of Clune and Bishoppes Castle cannot at that Tyme affoarde a Parson qualified as ys aforesayd, wee doe ordayne, that then and so often as it shall soe happen that the sayd Sir Robart Howard, or his Hayres or Assignes, beinge Lord or Lordes of the Lordshippe of Clune, shall make Choyce and Place in the Rome soe voyde, One of the Poore Inhabytantes of the Parish of
Knighton

Knighton or Churchstoke, uppon such Certificate as is before ordayne to be made for the Poore Men to be nominated out of Clune and Bishop's Castle, under the Hands of the Warden of the Hospitall, the Curat for the Tyme beinge of that Parish whereof the Partie is to be nominated, and the Churchwardens, that he is of honest Life and Conversation, of the Age of Sixe and Fiftie Yeares at least, and hath bene an Dweller in that Parishes for Fyve Years nexte before, and ys otherwise in all Poynts eligible by these Constitutions as afore sayde.

We doe further ordayne, that if the sayd Sir Robart Howard, or his Hayres and Assignes, beinge Lord or Lordes of the sayd Lordshippe or Manner of Clune, shall not from tyme to tyme, according to the Power given and graunted unto hym and them in that Behalfe by his Majesties sayd *Letters Pattentes*, within Sixe Mounthes after the Death or Removeall of the Warden, or any One or more of the Poore Men, chose and place in each of their Places or Office soe dead or removed, One other meete and sufficient Man soe qualified as afore sayd, accordinge to these Orders and Constitutions, that then and as often as it shall soe happen that the Justices of Assise appoynted or assigned in the sayd Countie of Sallop for the Tyme beinge, shall for that Turn only chose and place in each of his or their Places then voyd as afore said, One meete and sufficient Man qualified as afore said.

C H A P T E R VI.

Of the Poore Woman that is to attende and looke to the Poore Men in Tyme of their Sickenes.

We doe ordayne, that the Warden of the Hospitall shall from tyme to tyme, for the adinge and comfortinge of such as shall be Sicke, or soe Impotente and Weake, that they shalle not be able to help themselves, make Choyse of some poore honest sober Woman, that shall attende and loke unto those that be Sicke and Weake, and shall washe the Table Clothes used upon the Feestivall Dayes, and scower and keepe cleane the Vessells, and doe such other Worke about the House as the Warden shall appoynte her, who, besydes the Rewardes to be given her by such sicke Parsons as she shall from tyme to tyme attende, shall have yearely a Stipende paid unto her by the Warden of Fortye Shillinges at the said Feastes of the Apostles Phyllip and Jacob, and All Saintes, by even Portions.

CHAPTER VII.

Of the Barbour.

That the Poore Men maye be the better kepte cleane from Vermyn, and goe more desently, we doe likewise ordayne, that the Warden shall from tyme to tyme make Choyse of some honest Man that hath bene brought up in the Trade to be Barbour to the Company, who shall Fowre Tymes every Yeare, viz. against Christmas, Easter, Trinitie Sundaye, and Mychaelmas, come to the sayd Hospitall, and trymmé them in the Hall, for the which he shall have One Yeares Stipende of Thirtene Shillinges and Fowre Pence, to be payd unto hym by the Warden at the Feastes of the Apostles Phillipe and Jacob, and All Saynts, by even Portions.

CHAPTER VIII.

Of Daily Prayers, and other Exercises of Piety to be used in the Hospitall.

We doe ordayne, that the Warden and Poore Men shall every Day, Three Tymes at the least, viz. as sone as they are made ready in the Morneinge, presently after Dinner, and ymedyatly before they make themselves unready at Nyght, devoutly kneelinge upon their Knees in their Chambers, say the Lord's Prayer, the Creede, and this Prayer following, of Thankesgiving to the Glorious and Sacred Trinity.

With my whole Harte, with my Mouth and Soule, I confesse, I praise, I gloryfie Thee, O Heavenly Father, unbegotten! O Eternall Sonne, only begotten! O Holy Ghost the Comforter, proceedinge from the Father and the Sonne! Glory be to the Father that created me, Glory be to the Son that redeemed me, Glory be to the Holy Ghoste that sanctified me, Glory be to the Holy and Undevided Trinitie, Three Parsohs, and One onlye God, whose Workes are inseperable, whose Power is equall, Dominione is perpetuall, to Thee belongeth all Glory, Prayse, and Honour, both now and ever. *Amen.*

We also ordayne, that the Warden, and all the Poore Men that are able to travell soe farre, shall, every Sunday and Holy Daye, resorte orderlye by Two and Two, in their Lyvery Gownes, to the Parishe Church of Clunge, to hear
• Morneinge

Morneinge and Eveninge Prayer, and sitt in the Seates belonginge to the Hospitall in Seniorytie, as the Warden shall shall appoynte, where they shall reverently and devoutly behave themselves, and remaine all the Tyme of Prayers, and then returne again together by Two and Two to the Hospitall.

Wee likewise ordayne, that the Warden, and in his Absence the Subwarden, shall on all Dayes (being Workeing Days) say Publique Prayer in the Chappell of the Hospital Morneing and Evening, viz. at Nyne of the Clocke in the Forenoon, and Three in the Afternoone, together with the Founder's Prayer to the Trinitie, and the Prayer of Thanksgiveinge to God for the Founder.

Wee give Thee most hartie and humble Thanks and Prayse, O Almighty and most Mercifull Father, for all thy gracious Blessinges bestowed upon us, for our Creation, Redemption, Sanctification, and continual Preservation; and as by Duty we are bounde, wee magnifie and praise thy most Holy Name for these Benefittes and Blessings wherby wee are mayntayned, which wee by thy gracious Goodnesse doe receive from our most noble Founder Henry Howard Earle of Northampton, who, in his Life Tyme, beinge a most obedient, dutiefull, devoute, and religious Worshipper of Thee, O! Most Holy, Blessed, Glorious, and Undevided Trinitie, of those worldly Blessinges which Thou gavest hym, did most liberally and frely give and dedicate this our Habitation and Sustenance only to Thee, and for the Glorie, Praise, and Honour of thy most Blessed Name; direct us, O Lord, with thy Holy Grace, that wee with Harte, Mouth, and Soule, accordinge to our noble Founder's Will and Institution, maie confesse, praise, and glorifie thy most Holy Name all the Dayes of our Life; and grant, that after this Life ended, we may enjoy those unspeakeable Joyes of Heaven, purchas'd by the most pretious Deathe and Passion of our Blessed Lord and Saviour, thy deare Sonne Jesu Christe, for all them that truly and stedfastly believe in Hym. Wee alsoe praye Thee, most deare Father, to bleesse the Holy Chatholyque Church, and to inspire it continuallye with thy Spirit of Truth and Concorde. Bleesse our most gracious Sovereigne Lord Kinge James, and all his Royal Issue. Bleesse all the Nobilitie, and speciallye, as we are bound, we pray

- Thee bleesse the Right Noble Lord Thomas Earle of Arundell and Surrey, the Honourable Sir Robart Howard, the Lord of this Manor, and all others that are descended from their and our Founder's Honourable Family. Bleesse alsoe

all

all the Commons of this Realme, give them and us, we beseech Thee, an Hart to love and dread Thee, and diligently to live after thy Commandementes, that our Harts and Tonges maie speake of thy Prayes, and oure Soules maye glorifie thie Name for ever and ever. *Amen.*

And wee doe appoynt, that the Warden shalle have the uppermost Seate or Pew on the right Syde of the Chappell, alone to hymselfe, wherein he shall from tyme to tyme reade Morneinge and Evening Prayers, and the Subwarden shall always sitte in the uppermost Seat over againste yt; savinge at such Tymes as the Warden shal be absente, and that the Subwarden is to say Prayers; which Office we do appointe and ordayne to be from tyme to tyme performed in the Warden's owne Seate. And all they other Poore Men shall sitt in the Seates in Senioritie, according to their severall Admissions into the Hospitall, and as they shall be appoynted by the Warden. And the Poore Men shall at all other Tymes, but in Tyme of Publique Prayers, or when they are at their Private Meditations, or doe otherwise ymploye themselves in doeinge some Worke of Profitt, not offensive to the Rest of the Bretherne, in their Chambers, or about the House, or their Gardens, give themselves to Readinge (if they can) of some good Books, or otherwise spende the Tyme in godly Conference, to better one another in Knowledge and Pietie.

C H A P T E R IX.

Of the Lodginge for the Warden and Poore Men.

We doe ordayne, that the Warden for the Tyme being shall have all those Romes below Stayers between the Chappell and the Gatte, and likewise the private Use to hymselfe of the Common Hall and the Kitchen at all other Tymes of the Yeare, but upon the Feastivall Dayes, or when any Publique Service of the House ys to be performed there, and every Poore Man, according to his Senioritye and Admission into the House, by the Appoyntemente of the Warden, shall have a Chamber by hymselfe aloane; and toward the furnishinge of their sayd Chambers every one shall have, at the Charge of the Hospitall, a Bedstede, a Matte, a Rugge, and a Table, which the Warden shall deliver unto them upon their Admission, by Note in Writtinge indented, that upon the Death or Removal of any of them, he maie see that the sayd Goods be left in the House for those that doe succede
in

in their Places. The Warden and all the Poore Men shall go to Bede, or to their Chambers, at or before Nyne of the Clocke at Night, and shall rise in the Summer Tyme at or before Seaven in the Morninge, and in the Winter at or before Eight, in case they be well: And for preventing of Sicknefs or Infection, every one shall continually keepe his Chamber cleane, sweet, and handsome, and shall speciallye at all Tymes have great Care to see that there come noe Danger to the Hospitall-house by reason of any Fyer or Candles, which shall be burninge in his Chamber, or which he shall carry thither, or to any other Place in the sayd House; and every one of them shall likewise carefully keepe and see use the Furniture delivered unto hym, as yt be not purloyned, nor any waye misused or abused, and shall be readye to shewe yt at all Tymes to the Warden, when he shall demand the same; and noe Stranger whatsoever, nor any other that ys not of the Societie, shal be permitted to lodge or lye in the said Hospital, or suffered to come into the House after the Howres wherein the Gates are appoynted to be shutt, unlesse the sayd John Griffith shall be at any Tyme pleased to lye there, to look to the Government of the House, and to see how the Warden and Poore Men doe demeane themselves, and perform their Duties in their severall Places; at which Tyme the sayd John Griffith and his Servants shall keepe the Hower appoynted for openinge and shuttinge of the Gates, and neyther goe in nor goe out of the Hospitall at any unseasonable Tymes, and shall see that his Servants doe behave themselves civillie and orderlye, and give noe Offence to the Warden, nor any of the Poore Men.

CHAPTER X.

Of the Mounthly Provision of Victualls to be made by the Poore Men, and the Festivall Days.

Whereas the Founder, to prevent Disorder in his Almesmen, and to take away the Occasion of Resorte to the Alehouses, hath appoynted that everye Poore Man shall from tyme to tyme have One Months Paie beforehand, we doe therefore order, that every Poore Man shal Mounthly, upon Receipt of his Wages, make his Provision of Victualls therewith for the Month to come, and spende the same in his own Lodginge, and not abroad in the Towne, or elsewhere. And we doe further order and appoynte, that the Warden and Poore Men shall, accordinge to the Founder's Institution upon these Feastivalles Dayes hereafter named,
dine

dine and suppe altogeather in the Common Hall of the Hospitall, and that their Meate shall be upon those Dayes dressed in their own Kitchen: That ys to say, upon all Saynts Daye, Christmas Daye, New Yeares Daye, Twelwe Daye, Candlemas Daye, Saint Mathyas Daye, being the Founder's Byrthe Daye, the Annunciation of our Lady, Easter Daye, Assention Day, Whit Sundaye, Trinitie Sunday, Mydsommer Daye, and Mychaelmas Daye. And that the Warden shall from tyme to tyme make the Provision of Diette for those Meales, and to defray the Charge thereof, he shall have over and above his former Allowance for hymselfe for every of those Dayes Twenty Pence, and for every one of the Poore Men Twelve Pence, to be taken and allowed unto hym upon his yearly Accompts out of the Revenues of the House; and if any one of the Bretherne, beinge in Health, shall be absent any one of the sayd Feastivall Dayes, eyther from Dinner or Supper, he shall, besydes the Loose of his Meale, forfeit Twelve Pence, to be taken out of his next Monethes Paie.—But if any of the Poore Men be Sicke upon any of those Dayes, in that Case the Warden shall give him his Allowance of Six Pence in Money for every Meal, or Meate to be sent hym out of the Hall at the Election of the sayd Sick Parson; at which Meales wee doe alsoe appoynte, that the Warden shall fitte at the upper Ende of the Table placed and sett in the Hall for that Purpose, that he maie see how the Poore Men doe demeane themselves at their Meat. And the Subwarden shall always fitte highest and next to the Warden on that Side next the Walle, and all the other Poore Men in Senioritye, accordinge to their Admission into the House, as the Warden shall think fitte to place them, and that the Gattes of the Hospitall be upon those Dayes locked up and kept shutte dureinge the Tyme that the Warden and Poore Men be eyther at Dinner or Supper; and that after their Meate is sette upon the Table, and the Company placed as ys aforesayd, the Warden shall both before and after Meales, with his Heade uncovered, in a reverent Manner, and with an audible and distincte Voyce, say Grace, and give Thanks to Almighty God for his Bleefinges, and for their Refressions, and for rayseing up of the Founder of this Hospitall, in such Tearmes as ys hereafter by us prescribed, at the Saying whereof all the Poore Men shall stande up with their Heads uncovered, and attentively with Reverence listen and harken what ys sayde.

Grace

Grace before Meat.

We yeald Thee hartye and humble Thankes, most mercifull and gracious Father, for all these thy Benefitts and Blessings that wee are now to recieve of thy Bountye and Goodnes, through our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christe. *Amen.*

We yealde Thee alsoe, most mightye and ever livinge God, all possible Thankes for our noble Founder Henry Howard Earle of Northampton, by whose Charitie we are here sustayned and nurished, besefching Thee, that we rightly usinge these thy Guiftes to the Honor of thy Holy Name, the Advancement of thy Glory, and the Salvation of our owne Soules, maie be in the Ende made Partakers of thy Heavenly Kingdome, by the only Merittes and Mediation of thy deare Sonne our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christe. *Amen.*

Grace after Meate.

We yeald Thee hartye and humble Thankes, most mercifull and gracious Father, for these thy Benefittes and Blessings that we have at this Tyme recieved of thy Bountye and Goodnes, through our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ. *Amen.*

We yeald Thee also, most mightie and ever liveing God, &c. *as before Meate.*

And the Warden and Poore Men shall not at the Tyme of their Meales, nor at any other Tyme, use any idle Scurrill, Scoffeinge, Jestinge, or unbeseeminge Talke or Behaviour, but shall in all Things quietly, soberly, civillie, and modestly demeane themselves, and after Dynner is done, and Grace sayd, they shall, before they betake themselves to any other Busines, every one resort to his own Chamber, and there devoutly kneelling upon their Knees say the Lord's Prayer, the Creed, and the Founder's Prayer to the Trinity.

C H A P T E R XI.

Of Yearly Provision to be made of Fyer Wood.

We ordayne and appoynte, that the Warden shall be yearely allowed Fowre Poundes Thirteen Shillings Four Pence, to make Provision of Thirtie Loades of Wood, to be bought at such Tymes and Seasons of the Year, as he maie buy the same beast cheap, and to pay for Caryage thereof to the Hospitall, there to be parted and delyvered upon Bartholmew Eve in this Manner. That ys to say, Foure Load for his owne Fyreinge, and Two Loade apece for every Poore Man, and Two Loads to be layd asyde in common to be used for dresseing their Meat uppon the Feastivall Dayes, and after such Partition made, the Warden shall see the same laid and pyled severally in the Woode Yarde, every Poore Mans his Proportion of Wood by itselfe, to the Ende they maie all knowe their owne, and better husbände their Store.

C H A P T E R XII.

Of the Warden and Poore Men, their Gardens.

Wee ordayne, that the Warden, in that Portion of Grounde allotted unto hym for his Orcharde and Garden, and soe likewise every Poore Man in his Garden Plotte, shall from tyme to tyme plant such Fruites, and sowe such Seeds of any Sorte, as the Nature of the Soyle shall produce, and maie be of most Benefitt unto them, and shall alsoe keep the Pertition of Quickset betwene each Garden, and others well and handsome, and supplie the same as any shall decaye; and that each Poore Man's Profitt arysinge out of this Garden may be the more, every one of them to save other Labourers Wages, and to keep hymselfe from Idleness, shall digge, sowe, weed, and dresse his Garden, plote hymselfe, if he have Strength and Abilitie of Body to doe yt; and that the Fruites and other Profitts to be yearely made of all the sayd severall Gardens may be the better kept and preserved, and the sayd Hospitall at all Tymes in more Safetie, wee doe alsoe appoynt and ordayne, that the Dore that goeth forth of the Hospitall into the sayd Gardens, and to the common Privie, shal be alwayes kept shutt, and that every one of the Poore Men shall have a Key thereof, that they maie at all Tymes, as often as they have Cause to goe thither, locke the sayd Dore after them, and when they
come

come forth : Which if they shall neglect to doe, he or they
foe offendinge shall, for every Tyme he leaveth open the sayd
Dore in the Day Tyme, be punished Six Pence, if it be in
the Night Two Shillings, to be by the Warden defaulted
out of his next Mounthes Paie.

C H A P T E R XIII.

*Of the honest Conversation and orderly Demeanours which is
required in the Members of this House, and the Punish-
mentes which are to be inflicted uppon such as are Delin-
quents.*

Unworthye are they to be maynetayned by the Cha-
ritie and good Workes of others, who live a disorderly Life ;
for the avoydinge whereof we ordayne, that the Warden
and Poore Men of this Hospitall shall in their Lives and
Conversations behave themselves religiously, honestly, quietly,
and soberly, and shall specially devote themselves to the
Service of God, and that they Poore Men shall live loveingly
together, as Bretherne ought to doe, and shall help and
cherishe one another in Sickenefs and in Health. They
shall give all due Respekte and Reverence, and be obedient
to the Warden of the Hospitall for the Tyme beinge, and
in his Absence to the Subwarden, and to be ready at all
Tymes to doe such Workes and other Thinges, eyther for
the publique Good of the House, or their own private about
their Gardens or elsewhere, as the Warden or Subwarden in
his Absence shall appoynt, which by these Lawes and Sta-
tutes they are to performe, or which, upon the present
Occasion offered, ys fittinge and necessarye for them to doe.

And seeinge it is in vayne to make Lawes, unless there
be Punishment ordayned against the Offenders, we will,
that if any Member of this Hospitall be guiltie of Athisme,
Heresie, or Blasphemys, or shall committ any Offence, which
by the Laws of this Kingdome ys punishable, by Looße of
Life or Member, or shall commit Adultery or Fornication,
or shall draw any Manner of Weapon within the Hospitall
to strike any Person with the same, or shall doe, or offer
any notable or enormous Injury or Disgrace to the Warden
of the Hospitall, or shall rayse or stir up any Mutinies or
Factions in the said Hospitall, or shall willingly committ
any Offence, or doe any Fac̄te, by which Damage, Scandall,
or Infamy shall growe unto the sayd Hospitall, or shall
procure, perswade, or counsell any of the said Offences or
Crymes to be committed ; that then in every such Case,

uppon Proffe thereof made before the Parson of Hopesay, the Vicar of Clune, and the Vicar and Baylyffe of Bishops Castle, and the Warden of the Hospitall for the Tyme beinge, or any Three of them, whereof the Warden of the Hospitall to be alwayes One, eyther by the Partye, Delinquent's owne Confession, or by the Natoryousnes of the Fact, or by Two sufficient Witneses, or by any other lawfull Wayes or Meanes, the Offenders shall be expelled out of this Hospitall for ever.

And if any of the Poore Men doe eyther lie out of his Chamber within the Hospitall at Night, unless he be absent by lawful Lycence, or at any Time lodge or receive any Parson into his Chamber after the Howers lymitted for shutting in of the Gattes, and in Tyme of Prayer, unless it be in Tyme of Sickenes, that some are willinge to attende and watche for the Ease of the Partye, and those alsoe of such a Condition as maie draw noe Scandall upon the Societie, and to be permitted so to doe by Allowance and Leave of the Warden—Or if any of the Poore Men shall throwe any Chamber Pote or Filthe, or the Sweepings of his Chamber into the Square Court, or any of the Gardens, or shall keep Dogges in the House, or any other noysome Thyng to disquiete the Warden, or the other Poore Men, or shal be a Swearer, a Gamester, a Drunkeard, a Haunter of Tavernes or Alehouses, or shall rune uppon the Score in any Alehouse, or goe at any Tyme without Leave into the Town of Clune, or be a Taker of Tobacco, a Brauller, a Scoulder, or Quarreller, a contentious Parson, or Sower of Discorde, or one that doth misbehave or unreverently demeane hymself, eyther in the Parish Church, or in the Chappell, or shall be absent from Prayers at the Howres and Tymes lymitted without lawfull Licence, or shall neglecte his private Devotions at the Tymes likewise appoynted; or if any of the Poore Men shall fliche or steale any of the Neighboures Wood, or any Wood from any one of the other Poore Men, or any of the Fruites of their Gardens, or be a Tearer or Breaker of Hedgges abroad, or shall refuse, in case he be able to doe such Worke aboute the Hospitall, as the Warden of the Hospitall for the Tyme beinge shall appoynte hym as aforesayd, and shall be for the same Crymes and Contempes, or any of them, convicted before the Warden of the Hospital for the Tyme beinge, by all or any of the Wayes or Means aforesaid; that then the said Partye soe offendinge shall, for the Furst Tyme, have a solemn Admonition given hym by the Warden, who shall declare unto hym the Greivousnes
of

of his Fa^{ct}e, and reprove hym for committinge of it, and warne hym for doeing the same againe, or the like. And for the Second Offence he shall forfeite Two Shillinges; for the Third Offence Three Shillinges Fower Pence; for the Fourth Sixe Shillinges Eight Pence; for the Fifte Tenn Shillinges; for the Sixt his whole Monethes Pay: And if any such Parson shall offende the Seventh Tyme in the same Offence, or any other of the Offences before-mentioned, and be thereof convicted before the Parson of Hopesaye, the Vicar of Clune, and the Vicar and Bayliffe of Byshoppe Castle, and the Warden of the Hospitall for the Tyme beinge, or any Three of them, whereof the Warden of the Hospitall to be alwayes one, he shall be amoved and put out of the Hospitall, and remayne ever after a Parson uncapable and disabled to be a Member thereof.

Wee doe alsoe ordayne, that if any Varience or Controversie happen or arise between the Poore Men amonge themselves, that the same shall be indifferently hearde and determined by the Warden for the Tyme being; and if the Warden finde eyther Partye obstinate and unwillingly declyninge from his Order and Ende, he shall then acquaint the Parson of Hopesaye, the Vicar of Clune, and the Vicar and Bayliffe of Bishops Castle for the Tyme beinge therewith, that he and they togeather, or any Three of them, whereof the Warden for the Time being to be One, maie take such further Course therein as they shall thinke fitte: And if any of them shall doe the conterarye, he shall loose and forfeit for the First Offence One Monthes Paie, for the Second Two Monthes Pay, for the Third Three Monthes Paie, and for the Fowrth he shall be absolutely expelled the House for ever.

We doe alsoe ordayne, that if any of the Poore Men shall loose any Key or Locke appertaineinge to there Chamber, or to the Door that goeth out of the Hospitall into the Gardens, or otherwise decay any Doore, Ymplement, or Furniture, that doth or shall belong unto the Hospitall, by Willfullnes or Negligence, that the Warden shall cause the Partie so offending to make Redresse for every such Offence, or otherwise to stave so much of the yearly Stipende of every such Offender, as maie suffice for the yemediate and spedie Redresse or Amendement thereof.

We doe ordayne, that if any Almes be at any Tyme given by any well disposed Parson or Parsons to the Poore Men in common (without begginge or askinge) that the same shall be equallie divided betwene them by the Warden of the Hospitall. And if any of the Poore Men shall begge or aske any Almes of any, to the Dishonour of the Founder, that

that hath so well provided for hym, that he shall be punished for the First Offence One Monthes Paie, for the Second Fortye Shillings, and after the Thirde Offence be expelled absolutely.

C H A P T E R X I V .

Of the Weekly Corrections of such as shall offende againste thesse Ordinances.

For the better Orderinge and Government of the Poore Men, and to the ende the Misdemeanours and Wronges committed and done by any of them maie be from tyme to tyme heard and punished accordinge to these Ordinances, that by One Man's Censure the Residue may be admonished and terrified, We doe ordayne, that the Warden of the Hospitall shall every Week upon the Saturdaye presently after Evening Prayer, before the Gattes of the Hospitall be opened, repair to the common Hall, and give Sommons to the Poore Men to attende hym there, untill they be by hym dismissed; and the sayd Warden shall then call to the Subwarden for his Presentmentes for that Weeke, and shall demaunde if any there present had any Wronge or Grievance offered unto hym by any Member of the House, or if any of them knowe or can informe hym whether any Member of this Hospitall have committed any Thinge which by these Statutes are prohibited or commanded; or if any Wronge or Trespasse hath bene done to the Hospitall by any Member of the House, or by any other, and by whom; and the said Warden shall will them to declare the Peticulers thereof, if any such Thinge be, remembring them that they are so bound to doe by their Oathes.—And if any Member of the said Hospitall shall be accused or charged to have transgressed against any these our Ordinances, or to have cosened, deceived, or wronged any other of the Members of the House, or any Stranger, then in every such Case the Warden shall examine the Partie soe charged thereof; and if upon his Examination he confesse the same, or that it be testified against him, then the said Warden shall inflict upon the said Offender such Censure as by these Statutes are appoynted to be ymposed by him in that Behalfe. And if the Offence be such as deserve Expulsion, or any grievous Censure or Punishment which the said Warden alone ys not to inflict, he shall then acquaint the Parson of Hopesaye, the Vicar of Clune, and the Vicar and Bayliffe of Byshoppes Castle therewith, that they and he togeather, or any Three of them, whereof
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the Warden to be One, maie take such Order therein as they shall thinke meete. And the sayd Warden shall also then enquier, whether any Member of the House be sicke, and how he ys looked unto, what his Difease is—And if it be infectious, the Warden, and in his Absence the Subwarden, shall take Order that the Party be kept and looked unto, in such Manner as that the Residue of the Company be not infected by hym. And if any of the Poore Men doe not weekely appeare, and give his Attendance uppon the Warden as aforesayd (having noe lawfull Impediment to the contrary) he shall forfeit Twelve Pence for every such Default: And the Warden shall from tyme to tyme register in the Book before by us appointed, to be by hym kept for this Purpose, all Convictions and Admonitions, which shall be given to the Offenders; and the Penalties or Somes of Money, which shall be forfeited in the Case aforesayd, shall be defaulted out of the Offender's Stipende or Allowance, at the Paie Days next happeninge after the sayd Offences and Convictions; and the sayd Forfeitures shall be yearely reserved by the Warden in his Hands, untill the Tyme before appointed unto hym to make his Accomptes, at which Tyme he shall produce his sayd Booke of Convictions, and deliver up the Money to be put into the Treasury of the said Hospitall.

And wee doe further ordayne, that if it shall happen that the Warden of the Hospitall do eyther neglect the Duties, which by these Statutes he ys enjoyned to doe, or otherwise misdemeane hymselfe in the Execution of his Place, or doe any thinge to the Hurte or Prejudice of this Hospitall, or committ any Crime or Offence worthy of Punishmente; that then, uppon Complaynte and Prooffe thereof made, the Parson of Hopesaye, the Vicar of Clune, and the Vicar and Bayliffe of Byshopps Castle for the Tyme being, or any Three of them, shall and will from tyme to tyme inflict such Punishment upon hym, eyther by Admonission, or by moderate Fyne to be sett upon hym, and to be defalked out of hys yearly Salarye or Stipende, to be put into the Treasury as aforesayd, or by Expulsion of hym out of his Place according to his Demerittes; and as the said Parson of Hopesaye, the Vicar of Clune, and the Vicar and Bayliffe of Byshopps Castle, or any Three of them, shall thinke fytt, and hold to be consonant to Justice and Equitie.

CHAPTER XV.

Of the Treasure House, and keeping the Evidences.

Whereas there is a speciall Room with a stronge Loocke and Three Keyes of severall Wardes allowed for keeping the Evidences of the Lands, Possessions, and Treasure of the Hospitall, and for other Things of Moment beinge not of dayly Use, wherein there is already placed and sette by our Appointment One stronge large Chest bounde with Irone, with Three Locks and Keys, we doe ordayne, that the Parson of Hopesaye for the Tyme beinge shall alwayes keep One of the Keyes of the sayd Treasure House Door, and One of the Keys likewise of the Chest; and that the Vicar of Clune for the Tyme beinge shall keepe One other of the Keys, as well of the Treasure House Door, as of the Chest; and the Warden of the Hospitall shall keepe the other Two Keyes, and in the Vacancie of the Place of the Warden, the Subwarden for the Tyme beinge; and when and as often as yt shall happen eyther of the sayd Churches of Hopesaye or Clune to be voyd and without Incombentes, that dureinge the Vacancye of that Church soe voyde, the Vicar of Byhoppes Castle for the Time beinge shall have from tyme to tyme the Costodye of those Two Keyes; and so likewise in Cafes of Sickenes, or necessary Absence of any of the sayd Parsons at any Tyme from his Benefittes, that eache one of them shall supply what the other, by reason of Infirmitie or Absence, cannot performe: In which Chest shal be kepte the Letters Pattentes touching the Foundation and Donation of the Hospitall, and likewise the Letter Pattentes graunted to us to make Statutes, the Common Seale, One Coppy of these Ordinances, and such Stocke of Money as shall be yearly remayneinge after all Allowances reserved for Reparations, and other necessary Disbursements; and all other Evidences whatsoever sorted in severall Boxes, and subscribed what Possessions the same concerne.

Wee doe further ordayne, that noe Evidence be at any Tyme taken from thence, but upon special Occasion, and then also not to be longer kept from thence then necessary Occasion for the Use thereof shall requier; there shall alsoe remayne in the said Chest a Paper Booke, wherein shall be entered the Parcels of all Evidences from tyme to tyme taken forth, the Day and Yeare when and to whom, and whose Handes it is to be delivered to, and for how long Tyme, as
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is presupposed ; and the Daye also and Yeare shal be entered when and by whom such Parcell of Evidence is delivered in againe.

C H A P T E R XVI.

How the Impropriations shal be demissed.

Seeinge the only Meaines of relieving and mayntayninge the Members of this Hospitall ys to be devised and raysed out of the Fee Farmes Rentes of the Parsonages of Clune and Byshoppes Castle, and forth of the Gleebe Tythes and yearly Profits aryssing and growinge of the Rectoryes and Parsonages of Knighton and Churchstocke aforesayd, which are demisable, it is requisitte that their should be great Care and Heede taken in letting thereof for the best Profitte and Advantage of the Hospitall ; wee therefore ordayne, that no Lease or other Graunte shall be made therof by the Warden and Poore Men of eyther of the said Parsonages of Knighton and Churchstocke, without the Consent and Approbation of the said Jhon Griffith dureinge his Life, and after his Decease, of the Parson of Hopesaye, the Vicar of Clune, and the Vicar and Bayliffe of Byshoppes Castle for the Tyme beinge, or Three of them at the least ; and that noe Lease hereafter to be made of the sayd Parsonages of Knighton shall exceed the Number of One and twentye Years from the makeinge thereof, nor without the Reseruation of such yearly Rent as is now paid for the same, viz. the yearely Rent of Forty-fyre Pounds per Annum, or more, which shall continue payable dureinge the whole Tearme and Continuance of the Lease, and payable Halfe yearely at or within the sayd Hospitall, at the Feastes now accustomed ; and that in every such Lease soe to be made, there shall be contayned one Condition and Provisoe, that if the Tenant, his Executors or Assignes, shall not well and truely satisfie and paie, or lawfully tender unto the sayd Warden and Poore Men of the sayd Hospitall and their Successors, at or within the sayd Hospitall, the yearely Rent or Rentes by such Lease reserved, within Twentye Dayes after the Daye or Tyme lymitted for Paymente thereof, without any Demande to be made ; that then yt shall be lawfull to and for the sayd Warden and Poore Men and their Successors, to re-enter and make voyde the sayd Lease : And that in and by the said Lease the Lessee shall covenant for hymself and his Assignes at his and their own proper Costes and Charge sufficiently to repayre, mayntayne, and keep yearely the Chauncells of

the Churches of Knighton aforefayd, and of Stowe, in the fayd Countye of Salope, and all the Buildings and Houfes, and all Hedges, Fences, and Ditches in and uppon any of the Gleebe Lands belonginge or appertayninge to the fayd Rectorye, or any Part, Parcell, or Member thereof, and so to leave the fayd Premises in the Ende of the Tearme sufficiently repaired: And the Lessee shall further covenante at all Times yearely dureinge the Tearme, well and truly to paie and discharge all Synodes, Proxes, Pentions, Portions, Taxes, Tenthes, Subsidies, Lownes, Payements, and Rents, and all other Duties and Certenties whatsoever, ordinarye or extraordinarye, goeing out or to be paid for the same (the Curat his Wages of Tenn Poundes per Annum for serveinge the Cure of Knighton only excepted) which we will and ordayne, that the Warden of the Hospitall shall from tyme to tyme paye Halfe-yearly to the fayd Curat for the Tyme beinge, by even Portions forth of the Rents as he shall receive the same: And yt shall be further provided and conditioned by every such Lease soe to be made of the Premisses, that the Lessee, his Executors nor Assignes, shall not alien the same, nor any Parte thereof, nor demisse the same, nor any Parte thereof, longer then for One Yeare, without Lycence first had in Writtinge of the fayd Warden, and the greater Parte of the Poore Men, with the Consent of the fayd Jhon Griffith dureinge his Liffe, and after his Decease, of the Parson of Hopesaye, the Vicar of Clune, and the Vicar and Bayliffe of Byshoppe's Castle, or Three of them at least in that Behalfe, unless it be where they dispose of the same by their last Will and Testament: And as touching the Rectory of Churchstocke, which is now in Lease, by Graunt thereof made by the late Queene Elizabeth, for the Tearme of Twenty Yeares yet to come and unexpired, and whereuppon there is reserved the yearelye Rent of Sixteene Poundes Three Shillings Fowre Pence, and noe more, and Fye Poundes Sixe Shillings Eighte Pence to the Curate for his Stipende; wee doe ordayne and appoynt, that upon the Expiration of the fayd Tearme, or uppon Surrender, Forfeiture, or other Determination whatsoever of the fayd Lease, the fayd Rectorye of Churchstoke shall first happen to come to the Handes and Possession of the Warden and Poore Men, that same shall be demissed in such Manner for the Tearme and under the same or like Conditions that we have before lymmitted and appoynted for the Leassinge of the Rectorye of Knighton; and that there shall be reserved uppon the Lease soe to be from tyme to tyme made or graunted of the fayd Rectory and Parsonage of Churchstocke (accordinge to the

the Founder's Intention) the yearely Rente of Fowrefcowre and Tenne Poundes, or more, whereof the Curate for the Tyme being shall have yearely for his Stypende Tenne Poundes paid unto hym Halfe-yearely by the Warden, at the Feastes or Dayes limited to the Warden for Payment of the sayd Rente: And wee doe alsoe ordayne and appoynte, that all such Money as shall be rayfed or made, eyther by Increase of Rentes or Fynes upon the sayd Leases, together with the Overplus of the present yearely Revenues thereof (if any shall be) all necessary Charges beinge deducted, shall be from tyme to tyme layd up in the Treasure House, and be preserved and kept there for any extraordinary Occasion, as to defraye Charges of Reprations, and of Law Suites: And to the End that yt maie appeare, that all such States as at any Time shall be graunted of the Premisses, be and are demised and letten to the best Benefitte and Advantage of the Hospitall; we doe ordayne, that when any such Lease is propounded for and before the same is sealed, that the Warden shall upon the Daye by us before appoynted for takeinge his yearely Accompt, present the same fayrely ingrossed in Parchment unto the Parson of Hopesaye, the Vicar of Clune, and the Vicar and Baylife of Byshopps Castle, or such of them as shall be then there to take his Accomptes, to the Ende the sayd Lease maie be there publyquely sealed in their Presence, and that the sayd Fine and Overplus (if any be) of that Yeares Revenues, maie be then layd up as aforesaid in the Treasure House, together with all such Money as shall be saved by Vacations of Places, eyther of the Warden, or of any of the Poore Men, betweene the Death of the one, and placing of the other.

C H A P T E R XVII.

Of the Stocke in Money appoynted by the Founder in his Will to be lefte to this Hospitall.

Whereas the Founder of this Hospitall hath alsoe erected One other Hospitall in East Greenwich, in the Countye of Kent, for the Mayntenance of One Warden and Twenty Poore Men; and likewise a Third Hospitall at Rysinge, in the County of Northfolke, for the Mayntenance of a Governess, and Twelve other Poore Women; and by his last Will and Testament hath willed, that after the sayd Three Hospitalls were buylt and endowed, that some Stocke should be put into the same, and for that Purpose there was by us accordingly assigned the Some of Fowre hundred

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Poundes,

Poundes, whereof One hundred for the Stock of this Hospitall, Two hundred for the Hospitall at Greenwich, and One hundred Poundes for the other at Ryfeinge. Which sayd Stockes, if they should have been put into the severall Treasure Houses of the sayd Hospitalls to lye dead and not employed, would have bene a great Losse, besides the Daunger that myght happen by Casualtie, wee did therefore, by special Statut by us heretofore made, for the Government of the sayd Hospitall at Greenwich, assign and appoynt that the sayd Jhon Griffith, the Founder's Executor, forth of such Money as he had then remaininge in his Hands towards the Performance of his Maister's Will, and of such Things as he appoynted to be performed, should with the sayd Fowre hundred Poundes purchasse Lands of Inheritance of the clear yearly Value of Twenty Poundes, to the end the Rentes, Issues, and Profettes thereof should be used and employed as hereafter in these Presentes is expressed, and not otherwise; that is to say, that the Some of Ten Poundes hereof yearly should be and remayne to the Use of that Hospitall at Greenwich, and Five Poundes yearly to this Hospitall, and the other Fyve Pounds to the Hospitall at Ryfinge, as in and by the said Statutes more at large appeareth. Which sayd Landes of the sayd Value of Twenty Poundes the sayd Jhon Griffith hath sithence accordingly purchafed and assigned to the sayd Warden and Poore Men of the said Hospitall in Greenwich, in such Sorte as in and by the said Statute he is enjoyed; wee doe therefore order and appoynt that the said Some of Five Poundes, assigned as aforesaid to the Use of this Hospitall, be yearly paid in One entire Payment at the Feastes of All Saintes by the Warden of the Hospitall of Greenwich, upon Demaund thereof, to the Warden of this Hospitall, to be by hym from tyme to tyme employed as Parte and Parcell of the Révenues of this House.

C H A P T E R XVIII.

Of the Visitor.

Wee doe further ordayne, that the Byshoppe of Hereford for the Tyme beinge, by hymselfe or his special Commissary, have Authority to visitt the Hospitall, and all the Parsones in the same, Once in every Three Years, and oftner if Need shall requier, and to see the Statutes and Ordinances observed; and also to performe (accordinge to these Statutes and Ordinances) whatsoever by his Inquisition he shall finde to be amisse in the Government of the sayd Hospitall and the

the Parsons of the same. And at every such Visitation the Byshoppe shall specially require the Parson of Hopefaye, the Vicar of Clune, and the Vicar and Bayliffe of Byshoppe Castle for the Tyme beinge, to geve their Attendance there upon hym or his Commissary. And the sayd Byshoppe or his Commissary shall not take of the Hospitall towards his Charges in Visittinge above One Payre of Gloves, of the Price of Tenn Shillings.

CHAPTER XIX.

Of Readinge the Statutes.

Wee doe ordayne, that there shall be Two fayre Liedger Bookes, wherin these Statutes shall be written, the One of which shall be layde up, as is before appoynted, in the Chest in the Treasure House, amongst the Charters of greatest Importe, and the other shall remaine in the Custody of the Warden of the Hospitall for the Tyme beinge; which sayd Booke he shall yearly bringe into the Hall uppon the Daye lymitted unto hym to passe his Accomptes, to the end that One of the Parsons so nominated as aforesayd to take they same maie then and there in his and their Poore Mens Presence publicquely reade the Statutes; that they thereby may be the better instructed to examine the State of the House, and all Misdemeanours in the Warden and Poore Men, and how to redresse and punishe the same accordingly. And wee doe further ordayne, that the Warden of the Hospitall for the Tyme beinge shall Fowre Tymès every Yeare, at the Fowre usuall Feasts of the Yeare; viz. the Nativity of our Lord God, the Annunciation of our blessed Lady the Virgine Mary, the Nativity of Saint Jhon Baptist, and Saynt Mychaell the Archangell, or within Fowre Dayes after every of the sayd Feasts, openly and distinctly read in the Common Hall of the Hospitall these Ordinances and Statutes. At which Tymès he shall admonishe all the Poore Men to be present, and to give attentive Care at the Readinge thereof, to the ende they may be fresh in their Memoryes, whereby they may be more carefull and mindfull to observe them. And if any of the Poore Men doe obstinately refuse to be present at the Readinge of the Statutes as aforesayd, havinge Notice thereof, and noe lawfull Impedimente to the contrary why he could not be present, he shall for the First Offence forfeite One Mounth Paie, and for the Second Three Mounthes Paye, and for the Thyrd be for ever expelled the House.

C H A P.

CHAPTER XX.

Of the Oath, which the Warden and Poore Men are to take.

Wee doe ordayne, that the Warden now already placed in the Hospitall, and his Successors for ever after their Election, and before they be admitted to execute the Place, shall before the sayd Jhon Griffith dureing his Life, or before the Parson of Hopesaye, and the Vicar of Clune and Byshopps Castle for the Tyme beinge, or One of them, take the Oath hereafter enfewinge.

The Forme of the Oath.

I A. B. doe fware, that I will to the uttermost of my Power from henceforth, soe longe as I remaine Warden of this Hospitall, well, and truly, and faithfully, by God's holy Assistance, observe, obey, performe, and fullfill all and every the Statutes, Lawes, and Ordinances of the same, which on my Part and in my Place are required to be performed. And I shall not hereafter at any Tyme willfully procure or give Assent unto any Endamage, Hurt, or Endammaginge of the said Hospitall, in any the Lands, Possessions, and Hereditamentes, or in any the moveable Goodes therof: But to my best Power and Skill shall sett forward the good Estate, Commoditie, and Well-fare therof, whiles I live.

So helpe me God and Christ Jesus.

Wee alsoe ordayne, that every One of the Poore Men now already placed in the Hospitall, and every One of the Poore Men that shall be elected unto any Place in the sayd Hospitall, shall from Tyme to Tyme for ever hereafter, before his Admission, *mutatis mutandis*, take the presedent Oath, before the Warden of the Hospitall for the Tyme beinge, in the Common Hall of the Hospitall, and in the Presence of the Poore Men, or the more Parte of them; with this Difference (instead of Warden) so longe as he shall be a Member of this Hospitall.

C H A P T E R XXI.

· Lastly, notwithstanding these foresayd Rules and Ordinances Wee doe reserve to ourselves Power and Aurhorytie, accordinge to his Majesties sayd Letters Pattentes, at all Tyme and Tymes dureinge our naturall Lives, to adde, to take away, to declare forvett, and change all or any of the foresayd Rules and Ordinances, and with the same to dispen-
pence, and new Statut to ordayne, as to us^h shall seem convenient.

E. Wrofsler.

Arundell Suffolk.

John Griffith.

The Consecration of the Chapel of Wyke-Champfleur, in the Parish of Brewton, in Somersetsbire. By Arthur Lake, Lord Bishop of Bath and Wells, July 18, 1624.

IN Dei nomine, Amen. Per presens publicum instrumentum cuilibet evidenter appareat, & sit notum. Quod die dominico, viz. decimo octavo die mensis Julij, Anno Domini juxta computationem Ecclesiæ Anglicanæ millesimo sexcentesimo vicesimo quarto regnique illustrissimi in Christo principis, ac Domini nostri Jacobi, Dei gratiâ, Angliæ, Franciæ, & Hiberniæ Regis, Fidei Defensoris, &c. vicesimo secundo, & Scotiæ quinquagesimo septimo, inter horam octavam & nonam ante meridianam ejusdem diei, in presentia mei Willielmi Woodhowse, Artium Magistri, Notarii Publici, Reverendus Pater, ac Dominus Arthurus, Providentia Divina, Bathoniensis & Wellensis episcopus, immediatè eum sequente discreto viro Henrico Southworh armigero, Domino manerij de Weeke Champflour, alias Wyke Chaumflore, comitatu Somersetenſe, ac diocesis nostræ predictæ, eumque concomitantibus venerabilibus viris Timotheo Revett, Sacræ Theologiæ Professore, Archidiaconatus Bathoniensis Archidiacono, Roberto Gorge Milite, Hugone Halfwell, & Edwardo Byſſe seniore Armigeris, cum multis aliis generosis & discretis personis, ab hospitio dicti Henrici Southworth sito & scituato in villâ de Weeke Champflower predicta, ad capellam sive oratorium per eundem Henricum in dicta villa noviter erectam, & ampliata, more solenni progrediebatur. In cujus capellæ introitu sive porticu gradus paulisper sistenti, a dicto Henrico Southworth, cum qua decuit reverentiâ, supplicatus est in hæc verba.

Reverend Father in God, whereas auntiently and Time out Mind in this Place there hath been a Chappell provided for Celebration and Observation of Divine Service, appointed for the Inhabitants of the Hamlett or Village of Weeke Champflower, alias Wyke Chaumflore, to repair unto, and to serve God in, which, by reason of the Ruines and the great Decays thereof, I have pulled downe and wholly re-edifyed, and built anew, as now it is; and have also provided Ornaments necessary (according to the Rites of our Church) to be used for the Solemnization of Divine Service, to the setting forth of God's Glory therein; my humble Suite and Desire to your good Lordshipp now is, that you will be pleased, out of your religious Care, to consecrate this Place, with all the Ornaments thereof,

thereof, being such as I have provided only for the Solemnization of Divine Service in this Place.

A quo hujusmodi responsum accepit.

If this be your Desire, you must first make an Oblation of the Place unto God, and devote it wholly to his Service.

Ad quod sic replicavit dictus Henricus:

I am right willing so to doe, and for that End and Purpose only have I built it. And here (O Lord!) out of my temporall Goods, which Thou of thy great and infinite Mercy hast given mee, I (in greatest Humility of Heart) humbly offer this Place, with the Ornaments which I have provided therefore, to be consecrated soly and wholly to thy Service. And therefore I divest myselfe of all or any Right which heretofore I have had in them. And in your Lordship I invest the Church totally and perpetually, with the Right and Possession of them.

Cui Dominus episcopus.

Seeing you have set out this Place for God's Service, and are desirous it shall be thereunto consecrated, I will, in God's Name, take Possession of it for his Service.

Et sic fatus, genua flectens, personas presentes, ut secum simul orarent, rogavit, collectam repetens.

Prevent us, O Lord, in all our Doings, with Thy most gracious Favour, and further us with Thy continual Helpe, that in all our Works begunn, continued, and ended in Thee, wee may glorify Thy Holy Name, and finally by Thy Mercy obtaine everlasting Life, through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

Quâ finitâ, semel erigens, ostium capellæ (quod antea clausum erat) aperuit, solusq; intrans, & post se claudens ostium, sic locutus est.

Peace be to this Howse.

In quâ, cum paululum temporis permansisset, revertens, ostium rursus aperuit, & multitudinem extrastantem, ut intraret verbis invitavit hîsce.

You may now, in God's Name, enter into God's Howse, that wee may goe on to consecrate it to his Service.

Simulque inter intrandum versiculum septimum Psalmi vicesimi quarti repetiit.

Lift up your Heads, O yee Gates, and bee yee lift up yee everlasting Doores! and the King of Glory shall come in.

TOM. III.

C c c

Sequente

Sequente autem multitudine (modo & formâ pręcitatis) intra cancellos dictę capellę progrediens, in sellâ ibi factis commode posita confedit, & dictum Henricum Southworth iussit ornamenta cęteraque ad usum dictę capellę a se parata & seposita, sibi exhibere. Qui primũ exhibuit mensam solemnizando sacro sancto cęnę Dominicę sacramento dedicatam, cui manum imponens dictus Reverendus Pater dixit.

What is consecrated to God, let no Man profane.

Tunc obtulit dictus Henricus dicto Reverendo Patri reliqua ornamenta, & libros in catalogo indenturę donationis per eundem Henricum dicto Reverendo Patri postea tradidit. Specificata quorum singula cum acciperet dictus pater, in mensam predictam deposuit, & manum singulis sic depositis imponens, verba consecrationis prefatę pronunciavit, nempe,

What is consecrated to God, let no Man profane.

Quibus peractis, dictus Reverendus Pater conciunculam habuit de consecratione templorum & rerum sacrarum, in qua exposuit verba Apostoli in hunc fere modum.

That Things were consecrated to God by the } *Word
and
Prayer.*

And touching the Word there can be no Question; for in the Law, Levit. Chap. 29. God commandeth to reverence his Sanctuary, and in the Prophets calleth the Temple his Howse of Prayer. In the Gospell, John, Chap. 2. Christ alledgeth the Place of the Prophett, and according to it reformes the Temple: The Apostle biddeth the Hebrews not to forsake τὴν ἐκκλησίαν, we render it Assemblies, but it is meeting in a Synagogue. Both he and St. James, writing to the Hebrews, give the Name of a Synagogue to the Place of Divine Worship; but writing to the Gentiles, St. Paul, 1 Cor. 11. contradistinguisheth Ecclesiam to private Howses. In the Aets these Places are called ἁγίαρχαί. Add hereunto the Practice from the Beginning of the World continued in all Ages, following the Imperiall Constitutions and Canons of the Church, prescribing the Fabricke of such Places. There can be no Question then of the first Part of Sanctification God's Word and Will.

But what wee doe according to God's Ordinance, wee must pray, that in doing of it wee may have God's Blessing, that our Hope may be as well exercised, as our Faith is assured. Let us then come to the second Part of Consecration, humble and hearty Prayers unto God.

Deinde

Deinde dictus Reverendus Pater genua flectens publicè legit precationis formulam quæ sequitur.

Most glorious, most mercifull God and Father, Thou wert in this Place, and wee were not aware, therefore hath Thy Sanctuary been polluted. This hath been neglected as a prophane Howse. Thou hast stirred up the Spirit of Thy Servant; hee recalleth to Mind how reverend this Place was; his Heart Thou hast moved to delight in these sacred Stones; it grieved him to see them in the Dust. Therefore hath he offered willingly; he hath prepared it decently for Thy Service. Bee mercifull, wee beseech Thee, O Lord, to the by-past Neglect, and lay not that Prophanation to our Charge. By Thy Grace repaire the Ruines of his Spirituall Temple, that by his Gifts hath repaired this Materiall. Multiply Thy Blessings upon him and his, both in this Life, and that which is to come. And as for this Howse, wee beseech Thee, O mercifull Father, to returne to it againe upon the Arke of thy Strength, our Saviour Jesus Christ. And let that Thy gracious Presence be testefyed therein unto us by the powerfull Operations of the Holy Ghost. Blessed Spirit, revive the Divine Oracle, and Altar in this Place: Let Thy Word read here be a Light to our Feet, and a Lanterne to our Steps; and let the Liturgie that shall be said here be a Sacrifice of a sweet Smell, acceptable unto Thee. Let all that begg penitently Favour here, have Remission of their Sinns; and let them receive all expedient Blessings, by devoutly begging them here. Let all that come into this Howse in the Multitude of Thy Mercyes and in Thy Feare, worshipp in this Holy Place, have a comfortable Experience, that this is nothing els but the Howse of God, and this is the Gate of Heaven. Blessè, Lord, by mee, whom Thou hast appointed to blessè in Thy Name; and let the Words which I have prayed be neare unto Thee, O Lord our God, Day and Night, that Thou mayst hallow this Place, and Thine Eyes and Thy Heart be there continually, even for the meritorious Intercession of our Blessed Saviour; to whom with Thee, and the Holy Ghost, be all Honour and Glory, World without End. Amen.

Quâ finitâ, semel erigens, & in sella rursum confidens sic fatus est.

How reverend now is this Place? Surely it is nothing els but the Howse of God; it is the Gate of Heaven. Wherefore whosoever henceforward approacheth this Place, let him put off his Shooes, that is, his earthly Cogitations and Affections, assuring himselfe, that the Ground whereupon he treadeth is Holy Ground.

Postea schedulam a me notario publico predicto in manus suas venerabiles porrectam, sententiam consecrationis capellæ predictæ continentem subscripsit, & subscriptam mihi prefato notario publico tradidit, ut publicè legeretur, & ut inter monumenta in archivis suis custodienda reponeretur. Indeq; & de predicta, acta conficerentur in perpetuam rei memoriam mandavit & postulavit. Cujus quidem sententiæ tenor sequitur, & est talis.

In Dei nomine, Amen. Cum nobis supplicatum sit & declaratum ex parte discreti, & in Christo dilecti Henrici Southworth de Wells, comitatu Somerssetense, armigeri, Domini manerij de Weeke Champflower, alias Wyke Chaumflore, in comitatu predicto. Quod ab antiquo, & a tempore cujus contrarij memoria hominis non existit, fuerit ecclesia sive capella in villa sive hamletta de Weeke predicta, ad quam inhabitantes infra dictam hamlettam seu villam de Weeke Champflower, alias Wyke Chaumflore, per totum tempus predictum accesserint, & ibidem sacris publice interfuerint, & Deo infervierint. Et quod domus sua infra villam, sive hamlettam de Weeke Champflower, alias Wyke Chaumflore predictam, una cum habitationibus villanorum, tenentium suorum in dicta villa habitantium, adeò longè distet ab ecclesia parochiali de Brewton, dioecesic nostræ Bathoniensis & Wellensis, ac comitatu Somerssetense predicto, ut ad sacras preces, & verbi divini predicationem, secundum leges hujus inclyti regni Angliæ in dictâ ecclesiâ audiendas, & sacro sanctum cœnæ Dominicæ sacramentum dicti villani commode, presertim tempore hyemali, propter viarum incommoditatem & locorum distantiam, accedere non possint. Et quod capella predicta per aliquod tempus collapsa penitus, & destructa, nunc curâ & sumptibus dicti Henrici Southworth, armigeri, constructa, de novo reædificata, & ampliata fuerit. Et propterea cum supplicatum sit, ut nos capellam per eundem Henricum jam noviter (ut prædicitur) constructam, reædificatam, & ampliata in dictâ villâ de Weeke predicta, consecrare velimus, in qua dictus Henricus, & inhabitantes existentes pro tempore possint divinis officiis pro more antiquo interesse, & sacramenta recipere: Nos petitioni dicti Henrici annuentes, & deferre volentes, hanc capellam jam noviter constructam, reædificatam, & ampliata divino cultui & divinorum celebrationi, ac tam ad sacramenta & sacramentalia in eadem ministranda, quam ad divinas preces Deo fundendas, & verbum Dei purè & sincerè proponendum, & predicandum, & de mortuos inhumando & sepeliendo, ac cætera omnia sacra & divina perficienda quæ de jure divino, ac etiam legibus, sanctionibus, & constitutionibus Ecclesiæ Anglicanæ,

Anglicanæ, in hac parte requisita sunt & necessaria, in Dei honorem & pro salute animarum, & usu omnium in eadem villâ five hamlettâ de Weeke predictâ habitantium, (quantum in nobis est, & de jure, legibus, & statutis hujus inclyti regni Angliæ possumus, & nobis licet) consecramus, & per nomen Capellæ Sanctæ & Individuæ Trinitatis de Weeke Champflower, alias Wyke Chaumflore, diocesis Bathoniensis & Wellensis, ac comitatus Somersetensis predicti dedicamus, & sic dedicatam, consecratam, & assignatam esse, & in futuris temporibus perpetuis remanere debere, palam & publicè pronunciamus & declaramus, & per nomen predictum perpetuis futuris temporibus nominandam & appellandam fore, decernimus, & sic per presentes nominamus, in nomine Patris, Filii, & Spiritus Sancti: Salvis semper juribus ecclesiæ parochialis de Brewton predictæ, & curati ibidem quorum dignitati, libertati, consuetudinibus, redditibus, commoditatibusve quibuscunq; hac nostra consecratione hujus capellæ five oratorii, in nullo præjudicare vel derogare intendimus.

In cujus rei testimonium, sigillum nostrum episcopale (quo in similibus utimur) & manu nostra præsentibus apposuimus, die dominico existente, decimo octavo die mensis Julij, die, viz. consecrationis capellæ predictæ, anno regni domini nostri Jacobi, Dei gratia, Angliæ, Franciæ, & Hiberniæ Regis, Fidei Defensoris, &c. vicesimo secundo, & Scotiæ, quinquagesimo septimo, anno Domini millesimo sexcentesimo vicesimo quarto, & consecrationis nostræ anno octavo.

Hâc lecta, Reverendus Pater predictus verba in hunc ferè sensu protulit.

Seeing wee have now dedicated this Howse unto God's Service, wee cannot doe better, then while we are here assembled, to put it to that Use, and present as it were a first Fruit of Divine Service, in Hope that it will be continued by the Meanes of those who have desired the Consecration.

Quibus dictis, recitatæ sunt preces publicæ, cum psalmis, capitibus, epistolâ, & evangelio, presenti consecrationi congruentibus, dicto Reverendo Patre ministrante, Richardo Hadlie, & Thoma Woodyeate, artium magistris capellanis ejus presentibus & assistentibus, & pro collectâ recitabatur hæc precatio.

O incomparable Deity and most glorious Majesty! Thou dwellest in Light which no Man can attaine unto. Thou fillest Heaven and Earth, yet dost Thou vouchsafe to grace these earthly Mansions with Thy sacred Presence; here art Thou pleased to entertaine a Communion with us sinfull Men. Wee beseech

beseech Thee, O Lord, so to cloath all that shall doe Thee Service in this Place with Holynesse beseeching Thy Howse, that their Devotion may be alwayse acceptable unto Thee. Let not the Entercourse be ever intercepted of Thy Grace descending upon them, and their Sacrifice ascending unto Thee. And after they have religiously testified their Royall Priesthood here on Earth, let them have the Honour to sacrifice before Thy Throne, Laud, Honour, and Glory to Thee for ever in Heaven. Amen.

Finitis precibus, Reverendus Pater suggestum conscendens, concionem habuit, quæ ea quæ ad negotium quod tunc præ manibus habebat pertinerent, abundi explicavit, versum tricimum cap: decimi noni Levitici interpretans.

Ye shall keepe my Sabbaths, and reverence my Sanctuary, I am the Lord.

Finita concione, dictus Reverendus Pater ad sacram mentis accedens, sacro sanctum cœnæ Dominicæ sacramentum, secundum formam in Ecclesia Anglicana usitatam, summa cum gravitate & sanctimonia, solemnizavit.

Posteaq; ad cœmeterium sive locum sepulturæ cum toto suo comitatu, modo superius descripto, deductus est, ubi postquam circum totius loci ambitum, processu satis decoro, obambulasset, consedit, & post repetitionem petitionum & responsionum superius recitarum (mutatis tantummodo mutandis) & oblationem per prefatum Henricum Southworth indenturæ donationis & schedulæ annexæ, nomina ornamentorum superius oblatores & consecratorum (ut prædicitur) continentis & specificantis, dictus Reverendus Pater orationunculam habuit de usu & consecratione cœmeteriorum. Quam cum finivisset, mandavit magistro Woodyeate capellano predicto, ut legeret vicesimum tertium caput Genesew, quod cum sonora & intensa voce legisset, dictus Reverendus Pater alteram precationis formulam in scriptis conceptam, & a me notario publico prefato in manus ejus venerabilis traditam, legit, & statim populum, cum usitate benedictione & divini nominis invocatione, dimisit, cujus precationis formula talis erat.

*Blessed Saviour, Thou hast redeemed as well our Bodyes as our Soules. Thou hast knitt even this our mortall Part as inseperably unto Thee, as Thyselfe art knitt inseperably unto the Nature of Man. To assure, to testify this, Thou dost in Baptisme make our Bodyes Temples of Thy Holy Spirit, and in the Eucharist dost feed them also with the Food of everlasting Life; yet art Thou pleased, that in Conformity unto Thee, for
a while*

a while our Soules shall lay aside these earthly Tabernacles, and that which was made of Dust shall be turned into Dust againe, and rest in the Grave, but rest in Peace, and rest in Hope, because the Reliques of Thy Servants Mortality are always accompanied with the Pledges of Immortality, and are not only Bodyes of Men, but of Thy Saints also. We beseech Thee for this Parcel of Ground now sett apart to be a sacred Dortor, that it may be a Monument to the Living, and remember them, that they have no Abiding-place in this World, and a Muniment to the Dead to keep their Resting-place from being prophaned by irreligious Use. Let the Nearness of this Place to Thy Howse, in Witness of the Dead's Communion with the Living, and the common Condition of Thy Church, prepare us to come with more Reverence before Thee; and let the Piety, which we learne in Thy Howse, preserve us from ever violating this Place. Finally, grant that this may be a Place of comfortable Repose to all that shall sleep therein, and that they may wait in Hope till the Time of their Change shall come. The Time when that which is sowne here in Corruption shall be raised in Incorruption, that which is sowne in Dishonour shall be raised again in Glory, that which is sowne in Weakness shall be raised in Power, that which is sowne a natural Body shall be raised a spirituall Body. In the meane time grant, that all wee which live may have our Conversation in Heaven, and thence looke for our Saviour the Lord Jesus Christ, who shall change our vile Bodyes, and make them conformable to his glorious Body, according to the Working whereby he is able to subdue all Things to himself. To whom, with the Father and the Holy Ghost, for these and all other his Mercies, we render, as wee are most bounden, all humble and hearty Thanks this Day and evermore. Amen.

Ultimò schedulam sententiam consecrationis dicti cœmiterii continentem subscripsit: subscriptam publicè legit, mihiq; prefato notario publico tradidit, ut inter registra in archivis suis reponeretur in perpetuam rei memoriam. Cujus etiam sententiæ tenor sequitur, & est talis.

In Dei nomine, Amen. Nos Arthurus, Providentiâ Divinâ, Bathoniensis & Wellensis episcopus, piæ & honestæ petitioni discreti, et Christo dilecti Henrici Southworth de Well: comitat: Somerset: armigeri, Domini manerii de Weeke Champflower, alias Wyke Chaumflore, in dicto comitatu deferre volentes, hanc terræ parcellam quinquaginta unum pedes plus minus ab oriente ad occidentem in longitudine, & quadraginta octo pedes plus minus a septentrione ad austrum in latitudine continentem, commodè & decenter circumseptam,

a pristinis & aliis quibuscunq; usibus communibus & prophanis separandam fore decernimus, juxta petitionem in hac parte factam. Ac eandem terræ parcelam in cœmeterium sive locum sepulturæ corporum demortuorum in villa de Weeke Champflower, alias Wyke Chaumflore, comitatu Somersetenſe predicti: (quantum in nobis est & legibus, statutis, & canonibus hujus inclyti regni Angliæ possumus, atq; nobis licet) autoritate nostra episcopali dedicamus & consecramus, & in usum tantummodo predictum, habendam, & tenendam novumque cœmeterium Capellæ Sanctæ & Individuæ Trinitatis de Wyke Champflower, alias Wyke Chaumflore, comitatus Somersetenſis predicti deinceps in perpetuum nuncupandam & appellandam fore, eidemque capellæ annectandam fore decernimus, & ad omnem juris effectum volumus, in nomine Patris, Filii, & Spiritus Sancti, salvis semper juribus ecclesiæ parochialis de Brewton, diocesis nostræ Bathoniensis & Wellensis, ac comitatus predicti & curati ibidem, quorum dignitati, libertati, consuetudinibus, redditibus, commoditatibusve quibuscunq; hac nostra consecratione hujus cœmeterii in nullo præjudicare intendimus, vel derogare. In cujus rei testimonium, sigillum nostrum episcopale (quo in similibus utimur) & manum nostram præsentibus apposuimus, die dominico existente decimo octavo die Julii die, viz. consecrationis capellæ cœmeterii predictæ anno regni Domini nostri Jacobi, Dei gratiâ, Angliæ, Franciæ, & Hiberniæ Regis, Fidei Defensoris, &c. vicesimo secundo, & Scotiæ quinquagesimo septimo, anno Domini millesimo sexcentesimo vicesimo quarto, & consecrationis nostræ anno octavo.

Acta fuerunt hæc omnia & singula, prout supra scribuntur & recitantur, sub annis Domini regniq; regis mense, die, & loco respectivè prædictis.

Et

Et Nos ARTHURUS, Providentia Divina, BATHONIENSIS & WELLENSIS EPISCOPUS antedictus, in majorem fidem & testimonium præmissorum omnium & singulorum, huic præsentis instrumento subscripsimus, illudq; sigilli nostri episcopalis appenditione, communiri fecimus.

ARTHUR, BATHONIENSIS

&

WELLENSIS.

Et Ego WILLIELMUS WOODHOUSE, dioceseas Wigorniensis, autoritate sufficienti notorius publicus antedictus, qui petitionibus predictis, & responsionibus ac schedularum sive sententiarum respectivè predictarum lecturæ, concioni, divinis precibus & precationibus superius recitatis, cæterisq; præmissis omnibus & singulis dum sic (ut permittemur) sub annis Domini, regniq; illustrissimi principis Domini nostri Jacobi, die, mense, & loco predictis agebantur, & fiebant, presens personalitè interfui. Ea; omnia & singula modo & forma prout specificè recitantur, fieri, & haberi, vidi, scivi, & audivi. Ideo hoc præsens publicum instrumentum exinde confeci, & in hanc publicam & authenticam formam redegi sub signo, nomine, & cognomine meis, in fidem & testimonium præmissorum omnium & singulorum, rogatus ad hoc specialiter, & requisitus.

The Petition of the Town of Cambridge to be made a City,

[From a MS. in the Archives of Saint John's College,
Cambridge.]

To the King's most Excellent Majesty.

The humble Petition of your Majesty's loyal and faithful
Subjects the Maior, Bayliffs, and Burgessees of the
Town of Cambridge.

Most humbly Shewing,

THAT whereas they are a very antient Corporation,
and hold the Town of your Majesty in Fee Farme,
and do enjoy divers Hereditaments, Franchises, Liberties,
and Jurisdictions, by virtue of divers Charters and Letters
Patents to them granted by your Majesty, and divers of your
most noble Progenitors, Kings and Queens of this Realme;
and whereas in former antient Times Cambridge was One of
the 28 principall Cities of England, and lately hath been
exceedingly graced by your Highnesse's Access.

May it please your most Excellent Majesty, for more dig-
nifying of the University and this Corporation, that the
University of Cambridge, and the Corporation of the Town
of Cambridge, may be ranked and setled in equall Degree
with the University of Oxford, and the City of Oxford,
and to that End to vouchsafe to renew the Charters of the
said Town, and thereby incorporate them to be a City by
the Name of the Maior, Aldermen, and Citizens of the City
of Cambridge, with expresse Declaration, that there shall be
such Officers from time to time within the same City and
Corporation, and with such Liberties, Privileges, Franchises,
and Jurisdictions, and in such Sort, as the Right Honourable
the Lord Chancellor of England, now High Steward of the
said Town, and the Lord Treasurer of England, now Chan-
cellor of the University of Cambridge, and the Honourable
your Majesties Attorney Generall, shall think meet: Unto
whome may it please your Majesty to refer the Consideration
thereof, with a Saving to the University of Cambridge of
all their Liberties, Jurisdictions, Preeminences, and Immu-
nities whatsoever.

And your said humble Petitioners shall be bound to pray
to Almighty God for Preservation of your Majesty
in Health, and long Life, with Encrease of all Royall
Renown.

Letter

*Letter to King James from the University of Cambridge, in
Opposition to the Petition of the Town of Cambridge.*

[From the Manuscript Collection of the Rev. Mr. Baker,
late of Saint John's College, Cambridge.]

Beatissime Regum J A C O B E,

P I E T A T I S vestræ culpa factum est, quæ prius ad academi-
am nostram tam splendide accessit, si nunc in aulam
vestram, eandemque quæ nobis ultro prior alluxit pietatem,
supplex academia nostra seipsam recipiat. Quam illi auda-
ciam ignoscet profecto Clementia vestra, postquam intellex-
erit, eam non tam suâmet ambitione adductam, quam adac-
tam potius ambitu alieno, eo audaciæ procupisse.

Ardent quidem musæ nostræ omnes, pia conspiciendi
principis sui libidine, sed iis non tam vehementes animorum
impetus sunt, ut pudicitia suæ immemores, inter nobilium
lares, ambitiosulæ volitarent, nisi huc eas, non nostra sed
aliena pro nobis male sedula ambitio inique rapuisset: Quo-
rum animis (quæ magni profecto magis sunt, quam utiles)
liceat nobis bonâ vestrâ cum venia (Clementissime Domine)
humilitate nostra mederi, nec enim majoris fortunæ capaces
nobis esse videmur, qui minorem, non sine perpetuâ lite
exercemus.

Quærunt illi sibi nobisque civium libertatem, majoremque
urbis, quam etiam nunc habent, prætorem, novam denique
purpuram & ensigenilum; ac nos quidem purpuram iis haud
invidemus, sed ensen metuimus: Prætorem quem habent,
facile sustinemus, sed in majore aliquo, non tam illis hono-
rem, quam nobis dominium parari, non sine causâ veremur.
Postremo, in hac civium libertate, academiæ servitutem, vel
maxime extimescimus. Sæpius enim edocti sumus, pristinis
eorum delitigandi studiis, quantâ ferociâ publicam nostram
paupertatem procularent, si quando nostris opibus, amicos
sibi cœmerent, qui academiæ pacem vexarent.

Oramus itaque quam humillime majestatem vestram, ne
nobis nolentibus, ita velit benefacere, ut nostri honoris nos
semper deinceps pœniteat, neve splendidis his insidiis perire
nos sinat, litiumq; immortalia secula pro beneficio nobis lar-
giatur. Nos togati homines, nobis pacem a te petimus omnes,
non aliis superbiam: Et qui sub te libertatem jam habemus,
haud magnopere quærimus civitatem.

Perlustrant illi omnia antiquorum suorum codicum archiva,
everrant oculis, cujusq; chartæ pulverem & sordes, tandemq;

Cantabrigiam nostram aliquoties civitatem scholarium dictam reperiant, fororiamq; nobis civitatem crepent. Nos autem, eorum culpâ & prodicione amissum hoc decus, aut etiamnum a nobis (qui reipub: literariæ cives sumus) retentum arbitramur. Nec enim eorum hæc civitas dicta est, sed nostra; nec vero negotiatorum sed literarum. Quoniam itaq; cives sumus, liceat nobis libere Dominum nostrum affari. Non est sane, a quo tua majestas parietibus nostris primo alluxit, quod a te novum aliquem honorem inepte cuperemus. Quid alia mœnia, quam præsidium tuum? Aliam libertatem, quam tuum imperium peteremus? Postremo cum tuus nos ensis publice defendat, quid a prætoris ense, domestica nobis vulnera accerferemus. Tu nobis solus libertas es, tu nobis Mœnia, tu & præsidium & dulce decus nostrum: Cujus summa majestas tanta literarum scientia perillustrata est, ut vestra ultima quidem laus sit, esse inter nos primus, meritoq; in omnibus (quam quod in regno tuo sis maximus) major meliorq; habearis; quinetiam & hæc ipsa in te scientia, eo divinissimo sacrarum rerum usu perreligiose animatur, ut non gratissima nobis ignorantia, in regi nostro, ipsius scientia magis imperet, an ejusdem scientiæ, religio magis dominetur, securi nesciamus.

Nos itaq; pedibus literatissimi, piissimiq; principis scientiæ religionisq; causam advolvimus; nos pietatem majorum tuorum verè regiam, pietati tuæ (rex inclyte) omnium majorum tuorum majori perauxie commendamus, petimusq; non ut novis honoribus fulgeamus, sed ut fruamur antiquis; neve vicinorum ambitione, quæ nostris opibus alitur, nos ipsi aliquando obruamur & conculcemur: Faxit Deus opt: max: ut serenissima tua majestas, pietatem & literas (quod studiofissime facit) ita semper colat, ut hæc, inter homines nunquam te mori sinant, illa vero, te inter cœlites vita & laudibus æternis, excipiat. Datæ e senatu nostro frequenti 4^{to} non: Feb. 1616.

This Petition was first offered to the Earle of Suffolk, Chancellor, and by him transmitted to the University for their Approbation or Dissent, by a Letter dated October 12, An. 1616.

Inter Archiva Coll. Jo.

His Majesty's Answer to the University.

[From the same Collection.]

JACOBUS REX.

JACOBUS, Dei gratia, Magnæ Britanniæ, Franciæ, et Hiberniæ Rex, Fidei Defensor, &c. Academiæ Cantabr. communi, salutem. Si jus civitatis impetret à nobis Cantabrigia, veremini, ne æmulæ urbis potentia crescente, miniatur academiæ securitas. Sat erat apud nos, metus vestri indicium fecisse, nec enim tam vobis convenit academiæ periculum deprecari, quam nobis sponte nostrâ, quicquid in speciem, illi noxium sit, avertere.

Glorietur urbs illa, se à majoribus nostris olim electam doctrinarum sedem, ingeniorum officinam, sapientiæ palæstram: quicquid his titulis addi potest, minus est. Non honestatur plebeiâ civitatis appellatione, musarum domicilium, vel sane literatorum dicatur civitas, vel quod in villa nomine vile est, incolarum tegatur celebritate. Hæc ejus sint privilegia, dignitatem academiæ comiter observare, cujus frequentia, facta est, seipsa major; affluentes bonarum artium studiosos amice excipere, quorum concursu ditata est; literarum denique honori ancillari, unde hæc illi nata est fælicitas. Hæc artes quibus crevit tenendæ, non aucupanda titularum novitas, incerti eventus. Faceffat popularis vocabuli fastus, unde certa oriatur æmulationis necessitas, quæ eo turpior urbi est futura, quo majori erga academiæ est obstricta reverentiâ. Nolumus sacrum illud musarum asylum, minaci prætoris ense temerari, nec strepere tetrica edicta, ubi septem geminus vestri chori auditur concentus. Satis est in vetere purpurâ invidiæ; nova pompa, tam illi futura est supervacua, quam vobis suspecta. In nostra solius tutelâ est, post Deum opt. max. alma scientiarum mater: nostro fovebitur sceptrò, indefessa ejus fœcunditas non abortiet ad prætorii gladii terriculum. Nullum honoris titulum Cantabrigiæ indulgemus, qui cum academiæ sollicitudine conjunctus sit. Valete. Dat. è palatio nostro Westmonasterii, Quarto Kalend. Martii, Anno Dom. Millesimo Sexcentesimo Decimo Sexto. Concordat cum Originali: ita Testor,
Joh. Scot. Notar. Pub.

*The Marriage of Queene Mary unto Phillip Prince of Spayne,
Son of Charles the 5th, Emperour, in the Cathedrall Church
of Winchester, on Wensday 20th of July 1554.*

FIRST, the said Church was richly hanged with Arras and Cloth of Gold; and in the Middle of the said Church, from the West Dore unto the Roode, was a Scaffold erected of Timber, at the End whereof was also raised a Mount covered all with redd Saye, and underneth the Roode Lofte were erected Two Traverfes, One for the Queen on the Right Hand, and the other for the Prince on the Left Hand; which Places served very well for the Purpose. The Quire was also richly hanged with Cloth of Gould, and on each Side of the Alter were other Two rich Traverfes as aforesaid for the Queen's Majesty and the Prince.

The Queene made her Entrye into the Cittie of Winchester, very richly in Apparell, on Satterday the 21st of July, and was lodged in the Bishopps Pallace. And Prince Philippe made his Entrye into the said Cittie on Munday after, being the 23 Julie, at whose Entrie the Mayor delivered to him the Keyes of the Cittie, which he received, and delivered them backe againe, being lodged at the Deanes House.

On Wednesday the 25. of July, being St. James's Day, the Prince, richly appareled in Cloth of Gould imbroydered, accompanied with a great Number of the Nobles of Spaine, in such Sorte as the like hath not bene seene, proceeded to the Church, and entred in at the West Dore, and passed to his Traverse all the Way on Foote: and to the Church he had noe Sword borne before him.

Then came the Queene's Majestie, accompanied with a great Number of the Nobilitie of the Realme, the Sword being borne before her by the Earl of Darby, and a great Number of Ladyes and Gentlewomen very richly appareled. Her Majesties Trayne was borne by the Marquefs of Winchester, assisted by Sir John Gage her Lo. Chamberlaine. And soe she proceeded to the Church, the Kings and Heraulds of Armes in their Coats going before her from her Lodging on Foote to the Church, where entring at the West Dore, she passed on till she came to her Traverse. Then the Bishop of Winchester, Lo. Chancelor of England, which did the Divine Service, assisted by the Bishops of London, Duresme, Chechester, Lincolne, and Elye, all with their Crosiers borne before them, came oute of the Quire to the Mounte.

Then

Then came the Regent Figerda, whose Name was and presented to the Prince a solempne Oration, with a Patent sent from the Emperour to the Prince, of the Surrender of the Kingdom of Naples, freely given to him and his Heires, as by the said Patent was declared, which Patent was fayre sealed, and inclosed in a Cover of Silver guilte.

This done, the Lo. Chamberlayne made a goodly Oration to the People, which was in Effect as followeth: Whereas the Emperor, by his Embassadors heere in England, hath concluded and contracted a Marriage betweene the Queenes Majestie and his chiefe Jewell and Sone and Heire Phillipe, Prince of Spayne, heere present, the Articles wherof are not unknowne to the whole Realme, and confirmed by Acte of Parliament, soe that there needeth noe further Rehearfal of that Matter, &c. and so likewise declared, that the Queene's Highnes had sent the Earle of Bedford and the Lo. Fitzwalter Ambassadors to the Realme of Spayne, for the Performance of the said Contract, which they have heere brought with the Consent of the whole Realme of Spayne for the full Conclusion of the same, as may appeare by this Instrument in Parchment, sealed with a Great Seale, conteyning, by Estimacion, 12 Leaves.

Then the Lo. Chamberlayne delivered openly for the Solemnification of this high Marriage, how that the Emperor had given his Sonne the Kingdome of Naples; so that whereas it was thought the Queenes Majestie should marrye but with a Prince, now it was manifested, that she should marrye with a King, and so proceeded to the Espoufall, and with a loud Voyce said, If there be any Person that knoweth any lawfull Impedymment betwene these Two Parties, that they should not goe together according to the Contract concluded betwene both Realmes, that then they should come forth, and they should be heard, or els to proceede to the Celebration of the Mariage, which was pronounced in English and Latine; and when it came to the Guifte of the Queene, it was asked, who should give her? then the Marquis of Winchester, the E. of Derby, Bedford, and Pembroke gave her Highnes in the Name of the whole Realme.

Then all the People gave a great Shoute, praying God to send them Joye; and the Ringe being laid upon the Booke to be hallowed, the Prince layd also uppon the sayd Booke 3 Handfull of fyne Gould, which the Lady Margaret seeing, opened the Queenes Purse, and the Queene smilingly put up in the said Purse. And when they had inclosed their Hands, ymediately the Sword was advanced before the King by the Earl of Pembroke.

This



De Rebus Anglicanis Opuscula Varia.

This done, the Trumpetts founded, and they both returned Hand in Hand, the Sworde beinge borne before them to their Traverfes in the Quire, the Queene going alwayes on the Right Hand, and their remayned untill Mase was don, at which Tyme Wyne and Sopes were hallowed, and delivered unto them booth, and ymediately after Garter King of Armes, with the other Kings and Heraulds, published and proclaimed their Styles in Latine, Frenche, and English, and so they returned to the Bishop's Place both under One Canopie, borne by 7 Knights, the Queene on the Right Hand, and their Swords borne before them. And so they proceeded to the Hall, where they both dyned under One Cloth of Estate.

Copied out of a Book of Presidents (collected by Ralph Brooke, Yorke Herauld) now remayning with Sir Edw. Dering. Examined this 28th of February 1634, by us,

William Le Neve, Norroy.

Edward Whitley.

FINIS TOMI TERTIÆ.

[The page contains extremely faint and illegible text, likely bleed-through from the reverse side of the document. The text is scattered across the page and cannot be transcribed accurately.]

De Jensen 66



De Rebus Anglicanis Opuscula Varia.

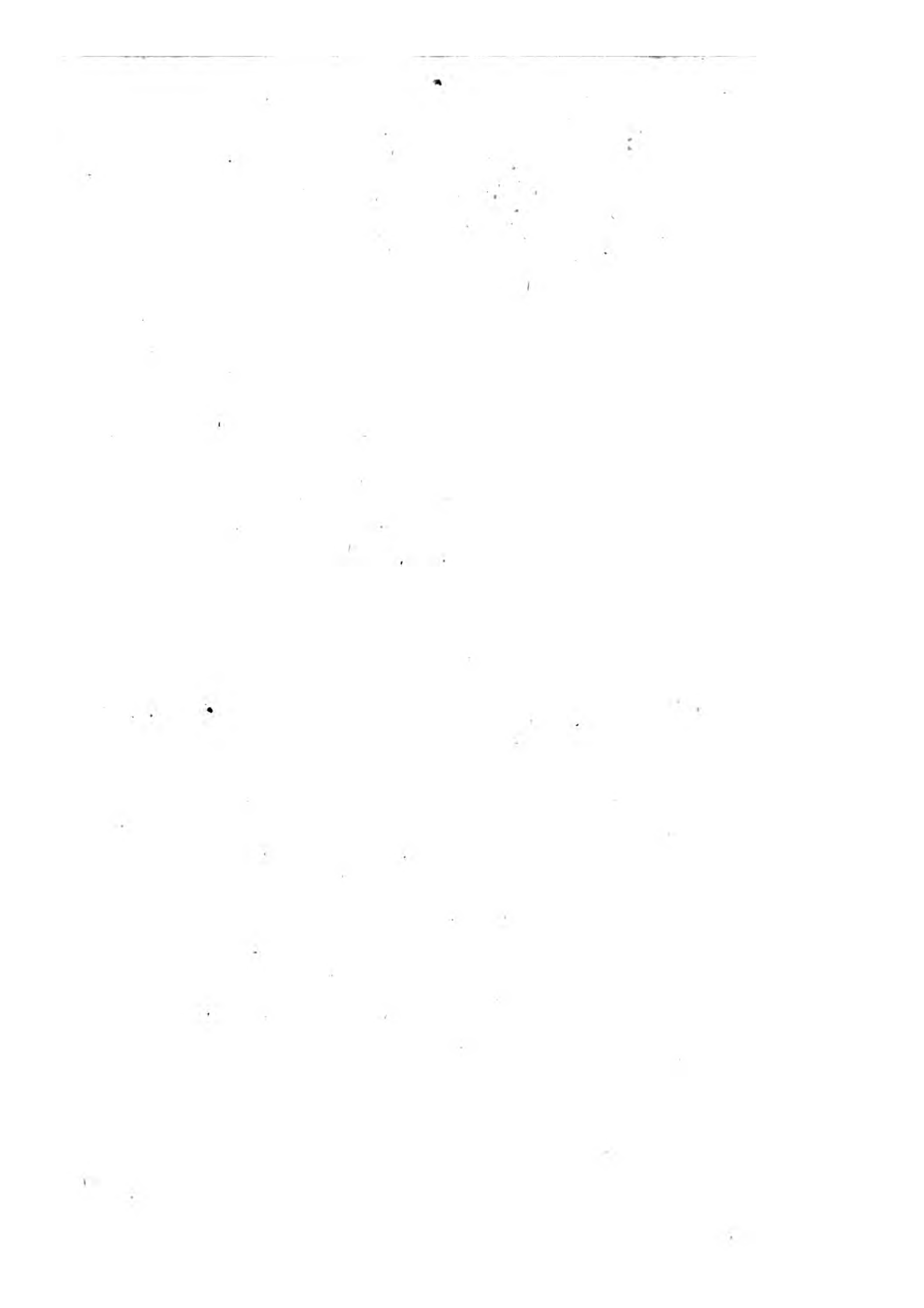
This done, the Trumpetts sounded, and they both returned Hand in Hand, the Sworde beinge borne before them to their Traverfes in the Quire, the Queene going alwayes on the Right Hand, and their remayned untill Mase was don, at which Tyme Wyne and Sopes were hallowed, and delivered unto them booth, and ymediately after Garter King of Armes, with the other Kings and Heraulds, published and proclaimed their Styles in Latine, Frenche, and English, and so they returned to the Bishop's Place both under One Canopie, borne by 7 Knights, the Queene on the Right Hand, and their Swords borne before them. And so they proceeded to the Hall, where they both dyned under One Cloth of Estate.

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