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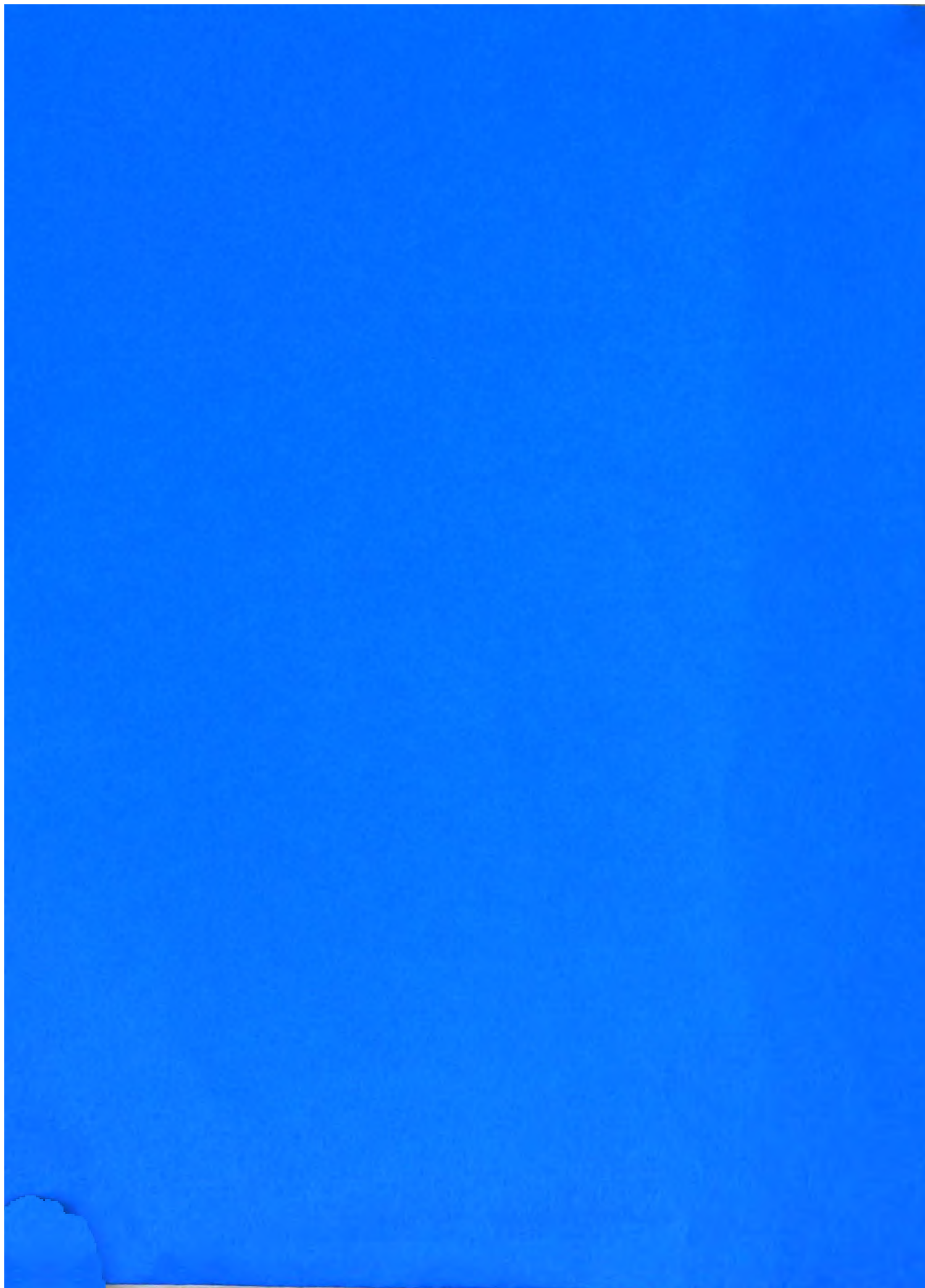
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64  
C L I F T O N,

A

P O E M.

In Imitation of SPENSER.

*Tantum inter densas umbrosa Cacumina Fagos  
Assidue veniebat: ibi hæc incondita solus  
Montibus et Sylvis studio jaëtabat inani.*

VIRG.

————— *Such rustic Lays  
As Foes may slight,—but partial Friends will praise.*

SHENSTONE.

B R I S T O L:

Printed by G. R O U T H, in the MAIDEN-TAVERN.

M, DCC, LXXV.



**To**

**Lady Draper**

**This Poem is**

**Inscribed,**

**With the greatest Respect,**

**by**

**The AUTHOR.**

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# P R E F A C E.

**I**T is the lot of many to be able to amuse themselves without possessing the power of transferring their amusement to those around them.—I, perhaps, may be one of the number :—For I must acknowledge, that however ineffectual the following Poem may be to afford pleasure to others, it has been the source of much delight to myself ;—and in weaving the thoughts of it into verse, I found a charm which has often lengthened my morning's ride and my evening's walk.

I love and admire the place, which I mean to celebrate, with a real enthusiasm !—and as I have, at different times, contemplated those objects which compose its beauty, the ideas of them, which are written on the following pages, arose in my mind, almost, in the very form wherein they are now presented to the public eye.

That

That some will object to the manner in which this Poem is written, I am well aware.—That I mingle with the servile herd of imitators I acknowledge;—and that I imitate SPENSER whose works are now but seldom read.—The quaintness of his expression, the obsolescence of his terms and the frequent recurrence of his rhymes are very general objections to one of the finest poets who ever lived.—But I should pay very little attention to any objections which might be made to his Stanza if I had but one ray of his genius to illuminate it.—I am only afraid, that having adopted the one without being in possession of the other, I may be giving a false idea of my original;—and that they who are accustomed to the correct and polished verse of these days may, from my imperfect imitation, be discouraged from looking into that mine of poetry, that fruitful garden of imagination,—the Fairy Queen of Spenser.

—But I do not mean to enter into a defence of this great Poet.—I only wish to apologize for myself by assuring my readers that this Poem was casual, and written without the least premeditation.—That a thought occurred to me in a pensive walk; and occurred to me in the Stanza of Spenser.—At other times, successive thoughts arose in my mind,—and the  
form



form of the first gave shape to all the rest.—At length, in a vacant hour, I collected the scattered materials together, gave them some order and arrangement,—and I now offer them to the candour and indulgence of those who reside in, or may occasionally visit, the favourite Village which is the object of my sincere but imperfect praise.

---That in some parts I might have improved the verification,---and that in others I might have given greater accuracy to expression, I do not deny.-----But the labour of correction and the flow of the heart have not much to do with each other ;---and the latter governed through the whole of this little performance.---I have, therefore, suffered it to retain its first natural dress, and I leave it, with all its imperfections, to the hearts of its readers.

—My thoughts have never strayed into Rhyme but to gild the shade of retirement, to heighten the pleasures of a pensive mind,—or to please those who were resolved to be pleased.—My muse never ventured to unfold herself before to the public view :--her flight has been in the valley, and her sport in the shade ;—and to the valley and the shade she hastens away, and will never sing to the world again.

—If I were vain enough to wish for reputation, or so ignorant as to suppose that this composition deserved it, the locality of the subject would render all expectations or desires of that nature fruitless and ineffectual.—But I shall be more than contented, if this circumstance, which precludes the hopes of fame, secures me from the lash of censure.—Though, if my verse should, perchance, happen to please and make any half-hour pass away more agreeably than it would, otherwise, have done,—I shall give an importance to this little poetical progress, which, as it had not any claim to expect, I did not imagine it would ever be its lot to receive.

But after all, however I may fail in attaining the higher flights of Poetry;—however the nice ear and the correct taste may be offended in this Poem,—the thoughts of it, I trust, cannot be condemned.—My muse, though weak her wing, is amiable in her designs.—She does not make the tear to start from the eye of innocence, she does not encrimson the cheek of modesty with a blush,—she plants not a thorn on any pillow, nor gives a pang to any bosom.—She takes an humble flight,—she sings a moral and an applausive strain,—and her language is the language of the heart.

CLIFTON,

*C L I F T O N,*

*A P O E M,*

In Imitation of SPENSER.

I.

**H**O W varied are the wanderings of the Muse!  
Amid the bloody fields of doubtful fight  
She, fearless, the advent'rous ways pursues.  
Now, with more lofty wing, she takes her flight  
Far, far beyond the stretch of human fight!  
Then to the roaring billows of the sea  
She tunes her notes;—and now she takes delight,  
'Mid rural Swains, to deck the village tree  
With ever-blooming wreaths of sweetest Poësie!

## II.

Times yet to come shall dwell upon his name;\*  
 To him immortal praises do belong,  
 Who gave to *Windfor's* woods eternal fame,  
 And made the Thames to murmur in his song!  
 Nor would I do his gentle spirit wrong †  
 Who hail'd on *Grongar* Hill the rising sun,  
 And tun'd his reed the *Cambrian* Vales among.  
 He ‡ too, of late, the Muses' wreath has won,  
 Who sung, in pleasing strains, the *Hill of Farringdon*.

## III.

Thy beauties, *Clifton*, I will strive to sing!  
 For thee, thou lovely scene, I tune my lay!  
 For thee, my poor, forsaken Lyre I string,  
 And at the Muses' shrine my vows I pay.  
 Ye sacred virgins, wheresoe'er ye stray,  
 On *Pindus* Hill,---or, by the favourite stream  
 Of *Helicon*, your airy flight delay;  
 Hear me, and bless my fond poetic dream,  
 And give my daring Verse the Beauties of my Theme!

How

\* Mr. Pope.

† Mr. Dyer.

‡ Mr. Pye.

## IV.

How great the scenes which do mine eyes affail !  
 Whate'er rich Nature, in her lavish mood,  
 Could give to deck the hill or dress the vale,  
 The craggy rock or the meand'ring flood,  
 On *Clifton*, she, kind Goddess, has bestow'd ;  
 From where the *Cambrian* mountains meet the sky,  
 To the tall Tower which long has boldly stood  
 With anxious joy to fill the sailor's eye,  
 When *Dund'ry's* welcome peak he hap'ly doth espy.

## V.

The Muse, distracted, checks her dubious flight,  
 Nor knows she where to guide her trembling wing !  
 Till *Bristol*, 'rising to the astonish'd sight,  
 Claims the first tribute of the strain I sing.---  
 I who ne'er drank of *Heliconian* spring,  
 Or cropt one flower that on its border grows ;  
 Will she accept my humble offering,  
 Within whose walls the tide of commerce flows,  
 And bears encrease of Wealth with every wind that blows ?

## VI. BRITANNIA

## VI.

BRITANNIA smiles to view her swelling store,  
 And bids her golden streams for ever glide :  
 While VENUS, queen of beauty, now no more  
 From her dejected daughters turns aside ;  
 They joyful revel all in beauty's pride,  
 And boast the Paphian grace, the magic Eye,  
 From whence young CUPID doth his arrows guide ;  
 Those arrows, wing'd with many a bitter sigh,  
 Which to the heart do give a pleasing misery.

## VII.

But 'mid the blooming band, aright to chuse  
 And cull the fairest forms I do despair !—  
 But SPROWLE appears! —and now the faithful Muse,  
 Of every vernal floweret, doth prepare  
 An odorous garland for her flowing hair.  
 But tho' adorn'd with every native grace,  
 Her polish'd mind an higher form doth wear,  
 And Reason, pleas'd her mental charms to trace,  
 Improves the rosy bloom of her enchanting face.

VIII. And

## VIII.

And STONHOUSE too, whose earliest age I knew:—  
 I saw the bud fair opening to the day!  
 With joy mine eye beheld it as it grew;  
 And now th' enraptur'd Muse doth well essay  
 Its pride of full-bloom beauty to display.  
 Delighted Nature owns her favourite flower,  
 And Virtue will preserve it from decay:  
 For when the rough winds blow and storms do lower,  
 She'll bear it far from harm to her own sacred bower.

## IX.

Grace of my measure,—of my verse the pride!  
 To thee I could attune my humble strain,  
 'Till the bright Sun his golden head doth hide  
 Deep in the bosom of the western main!  
 But *Clifton's* green-rob'd DRYADS would complain  
 That I so soon from their lov'd haunts should stray;  
 That, won by thine, I do their charms disdain,  
 And, pleas'd to bask in beauty's sunny ray,  
 Forget the promis'd fame of my devoted lay!

X. But

## X.

But, sure, I'm borne to some enchanted ground,  
 Where dazzling spars in twifted columns rife,  
 And bear a splendid roof:—while, all around,  
 Unnumber'd beauties meet my ravish'd eyes,  
 And bind my senses in a sweet surprize.  
 Dispos'd in just array, the glittering ore,  
 With sparkling minerals of a thousand dyes,  
 And speckled shells, delighted, I explore,  
 Cull'd from the secret caves and from the distant shore.

## XI.

O GOLDNEY!—highly blest and happy they  
 Who could, like thee, their leisure hours employ!  
 Could pass, like thee, their inoffensive day,  
 Foes to the hurry of tumultuous joy,  
 And seek those pleasures which do never cloy!  
 Th' enchanting grot, by thy fond labours dress'd,  
 Old time shall totter e'er he dare destroy.  
 Oh may thy gentle shade in quiet rest,  
 And the green, grassy turf lie lightly on thy breast!

XII. Again



## XII.

Again I spread the wing, and take my way  
 To where the column bears a CHATHAM'S name :  
 But its hard base shall moulder and decay  
 Ere dark oblivion will obscure his fame.  
 Oh could I blow the trumpet's loud acclaim !  
 But mine's a shepherd's reed, and doth disown  
 The power to sing the Patriot's noble aim :  
 It only cheers the flocks upon the Down,  
 Nor mingles with the song that tells of bright renown.

## XIII.

But ah !—this tomb proclaims the honour'd dead !  
 I read the warriors names and sad deplore  
 The valiant heroes who for Britain bled,  
 For Britain conquer'd :—but they are no more,  
 And 'round their graves the Indian billows roar.  
 The Chief his valiant soldiers fame reveres,  
 And, while they sleep upon a distant shore,  
 To them the sculptur'd monument he rears,  
 And calls the virtuous Muse to shed her sacred tears.

## XIV.

DRAPER!—thou honour to the human race!  
 If I, alas, could raise my feeble strain,  
 Thy well-earn'd triumphs I would gladly trace,  
 Won from the prowess of insulting *Spain*,  
 When Victory crown'd thee on *Manilla's* plain.  
 Oh long may time thy living glories save!  
 And when pale fate doth cut thy thread in twain,  
 All will lament the generous and the brave,  
 And weeping honour hang her ensigns o'er thy grave.

## XV.

But I must leave the battle's bloody strife  
 To tell the virtues of thy feeling breast:  
 To tell that, in the charities of life,  
 By blessing others thou thyself art blest;  
 Of husbands, fathers, and of friends the best!  
 Her too I sing, who, from the northern shore,  
 In every native grace and beauty drest,  
 With tender triumph, you to Britain bore.—  
 Long may ye happy be;—I humbly do implore!

XVI. Bright

## XVI.

Bright PHŒBUS now attains his highest power,  
 And nature droops beneath the parching ray :  
 His searching beams inflame my secret bower :  
 I to the higher hill must take my way,  
 Where the gales cool the fervor of the day.  
 Arise ye soft winds from the distant seas,  
 Where o'er the rolling waves ye fondly play !  
 They rise ;—and now the kind, refreshing breeze  
 Sweeps gently o'er the hill and whispers in the trees.

## XVII.

Nor sunny heat I feel,—nor rising gale,  
 When as on *Avon's* winding wave I view  
 A fleet, engulf'd in rocks, unfurl the sail,  
 And to the stormy main their way pursue.  
 I see the hurries of the busy crew ;  
 I hear the dashings of the parting oar.  
 Adieu, ye jolly mariners, adieu !  
 May prosperous breezes blow and waft you o'er  
 The dangers of the deep,---and to the distant shore !

## XVIII.

I leave the amazing scene and skirt the plain,  
 And look o'er meads and groves, o'r hill and dale,  
 To where the virtuous SOUTHWELL'S fair domain  
 Rises, in awful beauty, from the vale.  
 But here I rest,—for here my powers would fail  
 To tell the charms that do each sense surprize :  
 My bark o'er *Severn's* flood doth fear to fail  
 To *Cambria's* shores, where hills on hills arise,  
 And lift their tall, blue heads and mingle with the skies.

## XIX.

But now, fatigu'd with her excursive flight,  
 So bold a flight she never took before,  
 The Muse must rest ;—or much would she delight  
 Fair *Henb'ry's* beauteous vallies to explore,  
 And Nature, on her verdant throne, adore  
 With tuneful note and humble offering ;  
 But ah !—her fluttering pinions wexen fore,  
 That she must leave the hill and seek the spring,  
 And take th' enliv'ning draught and plume the flagging wing.

## XX.

O Health thou fairest offspring of the sky !  
 Oh let thy balmy streams for ever flow,  
 To give new brightness to the languid eye,  
 And make fresh roses on the cheek to glow !  
 Their virtues sav'd AURELIA from the blow  
 Of threat'ning fate ;—and banish'd all her pain.  
 —Thus ISRAEL's thirsty sons forgot their woe,  
 When, 'mid the horrors of the desert plain,  
 The Prophet gave the word,—and rivers flow'd amain.

## XXI.

Avaunt, ye grievly fiends !—ye baleful train !  
 That spread your black wings o'er the healing wave !  
 Begone !—and in your noisome dens remain ;  
 Nor stop the hand of health who strives to save  
 The young and blooming from an early grave !  
 Ye smile, and, pointing to your destin'd prey,  
 The powerful arts of medicine ye brave.  
 Ah DELIA !—in the morning of thy day,  
 Struck by their deadly shafts, you hasten to decay.

XXII. Where's

## XXII.

Where's thy enchanting grace, thy vernal bloom,  
 And all the glories of thy sparkling eye?—  
 What,—dost thou hurry to the silent tomb?  
 And must FLIRTILLA, then, prepare to die?—  
 Oh, the sad end of human vanity!  
 In pleasure's airy dance you did delight,  
 And rosy Health from your embrace did fly:  
 Soon must those eyes, which us'd to shine so bright,  
 Be dimm'd by sable clouds of everlasting night.

## XXIII.

False are the gay delights of human life!  
 They're but the Heralds of approaching woe!  
 How oft is peace the harbinger of strife:—  
 And 'neath the fragrant rose the thorn doth grow.  
 The gentle Robin's song that oft doth cheer  
 The pensive musings of the lonely swain,  
 Marks the sad progress of the gliding year.  
 Thy notes, sweet bird, while they salute the plain,  
 Tell winter's bleak approach and all its dreary train.!

XXIV. Pleasure's

## XXIV.

Pleasure's the bane of every good below ;  
 Foe to fair nature and the child of art ;  
 That, in sweet guise, doth work us mickle woe,  
 And steals so softly to the youthful heart :  
 Nor solid joys it gives, but bitter smart.  
 Oh!—from her dwelling turn your longing eye,  
 Ye blooming train, and from her paths depart !  
 For midst her bowers do poisonous adders lie,  
 And want, and pale disease, and grinning infamy.

## XXV.

Go, FLAVIA, join the Dance, and join the song !  
 To wondering eyes thy glowing charms display !  
 In joyous sports the festive nights prolong ;  
 In airy laughter, pass the hasty day :---  
 Life's made for pleasure,---snatch it while you may !  
 Its nimble, fluttering hours will soon be o'er,  
 Go curl thine auburn locks e'er they be grey !  
 Enjoy each soft delight, e'er Charon's oar  
 Shall row thy fleeting ghost to the eternal shore.

XXVI. Thus

XXVI.

Thus sings the Syren with enchanting sound,  
 And FLAVIA the delusive call obeys :  
 She joins the dance, she treads the idle round  
 Of airy pleasure through each winding maze,  
 And to the gazer's eye her charms displays.  
 ---May reason teach thee, e'er it be too late,  
 That while the sweet song fooths thee, it betrays !  
 O FLAVIA ! shun the false alluring bait,  
 Or mourn, mistaken maid, a miserable fate.

XXVII.

Ye guardian spirits !—from your silver bowers,  
 Oh, led by swift-wing'd pity, quick descend :  
 Or from your beds of ever blooming flowers,  
 Arise,—and to these rocks your pinions bend !  
 The virtuous LAURA calls you to befriend  
 Her fading form, that bows to taste the wave ;  
 From the grim tyrant's arm her life defend !  
 —Alas !—'tis all in vain :—ye cannot save  
 The dear,—the lovely maid from an untimely grave.

XXVIII. She



## XXVIII.

She died!—I saw her on the fable bier!—  
 The shroud's pale trappings did her limbs adorn  
 I gaz'd,——and soon the death-bell smote mine ear,  
 And lowering clouds deform'd the rising morn.  
 Oh hapless fate, that ever I was born!  
 —Around my lyre the baleful wreaths I twine,  
 And strike its mournful notes sad and forlorn.  
 O LAURA, the fair tomb that doth enshrine  
 Thy dear, thy sacred dust,—will soon inherit mine!

## XXIX.

Oh lead me where the gloomy Cypress grows,  
 Or the black yews the dismal Valley shade ;  
 Where nor the Violet sweet or fragrant Rose  
 E'er gave their odours to the dreary glade !  
 There, when the glowing day begins to fade,  
 Woo'd by my sorrows, I'll in silence go ;  
 And, on some craggy rock or hillock laid,  
 While from my eyes the briny rivers flow,  
 To hoarse echoes tell my grievous tale of woe.

D

There

## XXX.

There will I tell that LAURA is no more :  
 That, in the pride of youth and beauty's bloom,  
 Death, from my arms, the lovely victim tore,  
 And gave her sacred relics to the tomb !  
 E'en 'mid the horrors of the charnel's gloom,  
 I now could wander where my LAURA lies :  
 There weep my fate which still prolongs the doom,  
 That would for ever dry my streaming eyes,  
 And waft my soul to where she dwells above the skies.



## XXXI.

Here cease the warblings of my simple lyre !  
 Here must I check the fond, presumptuous strain,  
 And quench the flame of impotent desire :  
 My breathless LAURA shall not preach in vain.  
 While in this desert world I do remain,  
 I'll bow to heaven and its decrees adore ;  
 Nor shall I e'er attune my voice again.  
 Oh, then, farewell my Lyre !—Thy strains are o'er :  
 Farewell ! for I shall strike thy sounding strings no more !

F I N I S.

The first part of the document discusses the importance of maintaining accurate records of all transactions. It emphasizes that every entry, no matter how small, should be recorded to ensure the integrity of the financial data. This includes not only sales and purchases but also expenses and income. The document provides a detailed list of items that should be tracked, such as inventory levels, accounts payable, and accounts receivable. It also outlines the procedures for recording these transactions, including the use of double-entry bookkeeping to ensure that the books are balanced.

The second part of the document focuses on the analysis of the financial data. It explains how to calculate key financial ratios and metrics, such as the gross profit margin, operating profit margin, and return on investment. These metrics are used to evaluate the company's performance and identify areas for improvement. The document also discusses the importance of comparing the company's performance to industry benchmarks and providing a clear explanation of any variances.

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